

SUBSTITUTED PYRAZOLES AS p38 KINASE INHIBITORSCross-Reference to Related Applications

- 5           This application is related to U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/047,570 filed May 22, 1997 and U.S. Application Serial No. 09/083,670 filed May 22, 1998.

10   Field of the Invention

          This invention relates to a novel group of pyrazole compounds, compositions and methods for treating p38 kinase mediated disorders.

15   Background of the Invention

- Mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAP) is a family of proline-directed serine/threonine kinases that activate their substrates by dual phosphorylation. The kinases are activated by a variety of signals including nutritional and osmotic stress, UV light, growth factors, endotoxin and inflammatory cytokines. The p38 MAP kinase group is a MAP family of various isoforms, including p38 $\alpha$ , p38 $\beta$  and p38 $\gamma$ , and is responsible for phosphorylating and activating transcription factors (e.g. ATF2, CHOP and MEF2C) as well as other kinases (e.g. MAPKAP-2 and MAPKAP-3). The p38 isoforms are activated by bacterial lipopolysaccharide, physical and chemical stress and by pro-inflammatory cytokines, including tumor necrosis factor (TNF- $\alpha$ ) and interleukin-1 (IL-1). The products of the p38 phosphorylation mediate the production of inflammatory cytokines, including TNF and IL-1, and cyclooxygenase-2.

- TNF- $\alpha$  is a cytokine produced primarily by activated monocytes and macrophages. Excessive or unregulated TNF production has been implicated in mediating a number of diseases. Recent studies indicate that TNF has a

causative role in the pathogenesis of rheumatoid arthritis. Additional studies demonstrate that inhibition of TNF has broad application in the treatment of inflammation, inflammatory bowel disease, multiple sclerosis and asthma.

TNF has also been implicated in viral infections, such as HIV, influenza virus, and herpes virus including herpes simplex virus type-1 (HSV-1), herpes simplex virus type-2 (HSV-2), cytomegalovirus (CMV), varicella-zoster virus (VZV), Epstein-Barr virus, human herpesvirus-6 (HHV-6), human herpesvirus-7 (HHV-7), human herpesvirus-8 (HHV-8), pseudorabies and rhinotracheitis, among others.

IL-8 is another pro-inflammatory cytokine, which is produced by mononuclear cells, fibroblasts, endothelial cells, and keratinocytes, and is associated with conditions including inflammation.

IL-1 is produced by activated monocytes and macrophages and is involved in the inflammatory response. IL-1 plays a role in many pathophysiological responses including rheumatoid arthritis, fever and reduction of bone resorption.

TNF, IL-1 and IL-8 affect a wide variety of cells and tissues and are important inflammatory mediators of a wide variety of disease states and conditions. The inhibition of these cytokines by inhibition of the p38 kinase is of benefit in controlling, reducing and alleviating many of these disease states.

Various pyrazoles have previously been described. U.S. Patent No. 4,000,281, to Beiler and Binon, describes 4,5-aryl/heteroaryl substituted pyrazoles with antiviral activity against both RNA and DNA viruses such as myxoviruses, adenoviruses, rhinoviruses, and various viruses of the herpes group. WO 92/19615, published November 12, 1992, describes pyrazoles as novel fungicides. U. S. Patent No. 3,984,431, to Cueremy and Renault, describes derivatives of pyrazole-5-acetic acid



as having anti-inflammatory activity. Specifically, [1-isobutyl-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]acetic acid is described. U. S. Patent No. 3,245,093 to Hinsgen et al, describes a process for preparing pyrazoles. WO 83/00330, published February 3, 1983, describes a new process for the preparation of diphenyl-3,4-methyl-5-pyrazole derivatives. WO 95/06036, published March 2, 1995, describes a process for preparing pyrazole derivatives. US patent 5,589,439, to T. Goto, et al., describes tetrazole derivatives and their use as herbicides. EP 515,041 describes pyrimidyl substituted pyrazole derivatives as novel agricultural fungicides. Japanese Patent 4,145,081 describes pyrazolecarboxylic acid derivatives as herbicides. Japanese Patent 5,345,772 describes novel pyrazole derivatives as inhibiting acetylcholinesterase.

Pyrazoles have been described for use in the treatment of inflammation. Japanese Patent 5,017,470 describes synthesis of pyrazole derivatives as anti-inflammatory, anti-rheumatic, anti-bacterial and anti-viral drugs. EP 115640, published Dec 30, 1983, describes 4-imidazolyl-pyrazole derivatives as inhibitors of thromboxane synthesis. 3-(4-Isopropyl-1-methylcyclohex-1-yl)-4-(imidazol-1-yl)-1H-pyrazole is specifically described. WO 97/01551, published Jan 16, 1997, describes pyrazole compounds as adenosine antagonists. 4-(3-Oxo-2,3-dihydropyridazin-6-yl)-3-phenylpyrazole is specifically described. U.S. Patent No. 5,134,142, to Matsuo et al. describes 1,5-diaryl pyrazoles as having anti-inflammatory activity.

U.S. Patent No. 5,559,137 to Adams et al, describes novel pyrazoles (1,3,4,-substituted) as inhibitors of cytokines used in the treatment of cytokine diseases. Specifically, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(4-methylsulfinylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5H-pyrazole is described. WO 96/03385, published February 8, 1996,

describes 3,4-substituted pyrazoles, as having anti-

inflammatory activity. Specifically, 3-methylsulfonylphenyl-4-aryl-pyrazoles and 3-

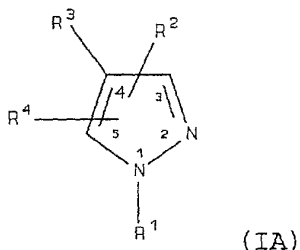
5 aminosulfonylphenyl-4-aryl-pyrazoles are described.

Laszlo et al., Bioorg. Med. Chem. Letters, 8 (1998) 2689-2694, describes certain furans, pyrroles and pyrazolones, particularly 3-pyridyl-2,5-diaryl-pyrroles, as inhibitors of p38 kinase.

10 The invention's pyrazolyl compounds are found to show usefulness as p38 kinase inhibitors.

#### Description of the Invention

15 A class of substituted pyrazolyl compounds useful in treating p38 mediated disorders is defined by Formula IA:



wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocycliloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,

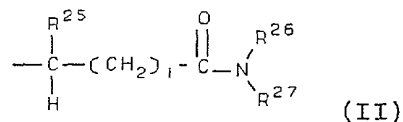
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alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino,  
 alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl,  
 arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,  
 alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,  
 5 heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,  
 alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,  
 heterocyclylloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,  
 aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclylloxycarbonylarylene,  
 10 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,  
 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,  
 arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,  
 alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,  
 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,  
 15 arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and  
 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

$R^1$  has the formula



wherein:

20  $i$  is an integer from 0 to 9;

$R^{25}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,  
 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,  
 aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,  
 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and  
 25 heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

$R^{26}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,  
 alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

$R^{27}$  is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,  
 30 aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,  
 cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,  
 cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,  
 alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,

alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,  
 aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene,  
 aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,  
 5 alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,  
 alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 alkoxyarylaminoalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene,  
 10 arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,  
 aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene,  
 arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,  
 15 alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,  
 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,  
 cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,  
 aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,  
 arylthioalkylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,  
 20 alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein  
 said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,  
 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,  
 alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,  
 25 alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,  
 arylthioalkylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups  
 are optionally substituted with one or more radicals  
 independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,  
 alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or  
 30  $R^{27}$  is  $-CHR^{28}R^{29}$  wherein  $R^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{29}$   
 is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,  
 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and  
 aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and  
 35 heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one  
 or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and

nitro; or

- $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and
- $R^2$  is selected from hydrido, halogen, mercapto, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylheterocyclyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aminoalkylthio, alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkoxy, heterocycliloxy, alkylthio, cyanoalkylthio, alkenylthio, alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylthio, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,

alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino,  
 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino,  
 alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy,  
 5 alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylsulfonyl,  
 aralkythio, heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy,  
 cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,  
 alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; wherein  
 the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and  
 10 cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one  
 or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto,  
 amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,  
 aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl,  
 amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,  
 15 haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,  
 alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,  
 alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,  
 arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -heterocyclyl- $R^{201}$ ,  $R^{200}$ -aryl- $R^{201}$ , or  $R^{200}$ -  
 20 cycloalkyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

$R^{200}$  is selected from:

- $(CR^{202}R^{203})_y^-$ ;
- $C(O)-$ ;
- $C(O)-(CH_2)_y^-$ ;
- 25 -  $C(O)-O-(CH_2)_y^-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-C(O)-$ ;
- $O-(CH_2)_y-C(O)-$ ;
- $NR^{202}-$ ;
- $NR^{202}-(CH_2)_y^-$ ;
- 30 -  $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z^-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z^-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-C(O)-(CH_2)_z^-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-C(O)-NR^{203}-(CH_2)_z^-$ ;
- 35 -  $S(O)_x-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y^-$ ;
- $(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-S(O)_x^-$ ;

-S(O)<sub>x</sub>-(CR<sup>202</sup>R<sup>203</sup>)<sub>y</sub>-O-;

-S(O)<sub>x</sub>-(CR<sup>202</sup>R<sup>203</sup>)<sub>y</sub>-C(O)-;

-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-;

-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-O-;

5 -S-;

-O-;

or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from  
the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy,  
10 carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl,  
cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,  
aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,  
hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,  
haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,  
15 alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl,  
alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,  
alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl,  
alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,  
aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,  
20 alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl,  
alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,  
aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino,  
alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene,  
alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino,  
25 aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, or  
alkylsulfonylamino; and

R<sup>202</sup> and R<sup>203</sup> are independently selected from hydrido,  
alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

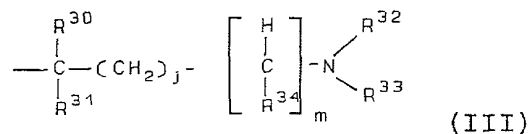
y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6  
30 wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and

z is 0, 1 or 2; or

R<sup>2</sup> is -NHCR<sup>204</sup>R<sup>205</sup> wherein R<sup>204</sup> is alkylaminoalkylene,  
and R<sup>205</sup> is aryl; or

R<sup>2</sup> is -C(NR<sup>206</sup>)R<sup>207</sup> wherein R<sup>206</sup> is selected from  
35 hydrogen and hydroxy, and R<sup>207</sup> is selected from alkyl,  
aryl and aralkyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:



wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

5 m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

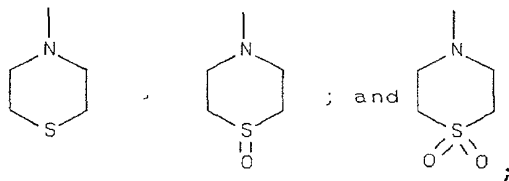
10 R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

15 R<sup>33</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(O)R<sup>35</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>35</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>36</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>37</sup>R<sup>38</sup>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>39</sup>R<sup>40</sup>, wherein R<sup>35</sup>, R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup>, R<sup>38</sup>, R<sup>39</sup> and R<sup>40</sup> are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

20 R<sup>34</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

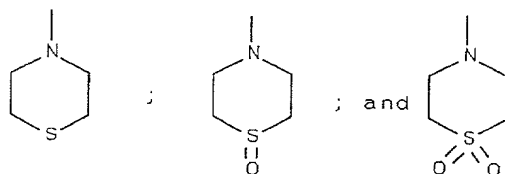
R<sup>2</sup> is -CR<sup>41</sup>R<sup>42</sup> wherein R<sup>41</sup> is aryl, and R<sup>42</sup> is hydroxy; and

25 R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,





wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



- 5 groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, 10 aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloaryl amino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, 15 aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxy carbonyl, aryloxy carbonyl, heterocyclyl oxy carbonyl, alkoxy carbonylamino, alkoxyaryl amino, alkoxyaralkyl amino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, 20 aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylheterocyclylalkylamino, alkoxy carbonyl heterocyclylamino, nitro, 25 alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, haloalkylsulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup> wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or aralkyl; and 30 R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein

R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxy carbonyl, aryloxy carbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided R<sup>3</sup> is not 2-pyridinyl when R<sup>4</sup> is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and

further provided R<sup>2</sup> is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R<sup>4</sup> is hydrido; and

further provided that R<sup>4</sup> is not methylsulfonylphenyl or aminosulfonylphenyl; and

further provided that R<sup>1</sup> is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

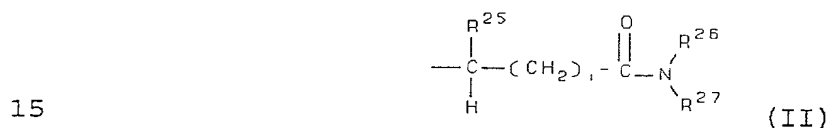
a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

In a subclass of interest, R<sup>2</sup> is as defined above, and

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocycliloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,

alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino,  
 alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl,  
 arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,  
 alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,  
 5 heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,  
 alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,  
 heterocyclylloxycarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene,  
 arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene,  
 10 alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,  
 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,  
 arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and  
 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R<sup>1</sup> has the formula



wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,  
 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,  
 20 aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,  
 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and  
 heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

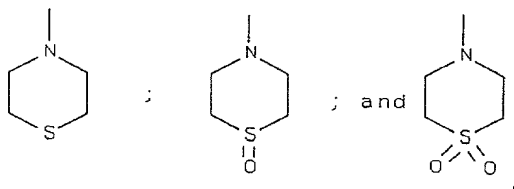
R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,  
 alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,  
 25 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,  
 aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,  
 cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,  
 cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,  
 30 alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,  
 alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,  
 aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene,

aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,  
 5 alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 alkoxyarylaminoalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene,  
 arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,  
 aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene,  
 10 arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,  
 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,  
 cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,  
 15 aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,  
 arylthioalkylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,  
 alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein  
 said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,  
 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,  
 20 alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,  
 alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,  
 arylthioalkylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups  
 are optionally substituted with one or more radicals  
 25 independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,  
 alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or  
 $R^{27}$  is  $-CHR^{28}R^{29}$  wherein  $R^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{29}$   
 is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,  
 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,  
 30 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and  
 aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and  
 heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one  
 or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and  
 nitro; or  
 35  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which  
 they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said

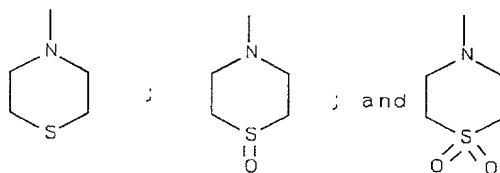
heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclalkylene, alkylheterocyclalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

$R^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



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wherein the  $R^3$  pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino,

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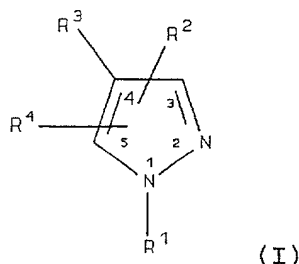
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preferably do not include those substituted pyrazoles disclosed in WO98/52940 published on November 26, 1998.

A subclass of compounds useful in treating p38 mediated disorders is defined by Formula I:

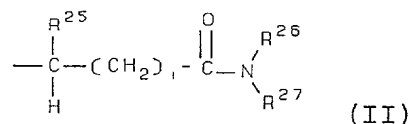


wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,

heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,  
 arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,  
 alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,  
 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,  
 5 arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and  
 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

$R^1$  has the formula



wherein:

10  $i$  is an integer from 0 to 9;

$R^{25}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,  
 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,  
 aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,  
 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and  
 15 heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

$R^{26}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,  
 alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

$R^{27}$  is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,  
 20 aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,  
 cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,  
 cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,  
 alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,  
 alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,  
 25 aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene,  
 aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,  
 30 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,  
 alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene,  
 arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene,

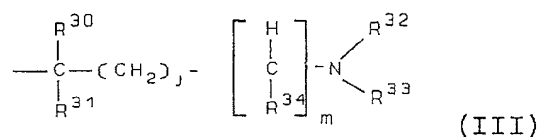


arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,  
aryloxy carbonylarylene, alkylaryloxy carbonylarylene,  
arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,  
alkoxycarbonyl heterocyclylarylene,  
5 alkoxycarbonylalkoxyarylene,  
heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,  
cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,  
aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,  
arylthioalkylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,  
10 alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein  
said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,  
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,  
alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
aryloxy carbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,  
15 alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,  
arylthioalkylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups  
are optionally substituted with one or more radicals  
independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,  
alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or  
20  $R^{27}$  is  $-CHR^{28}R^{29}$  wherein  $R^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{29}$   
is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,  
heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,  
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and  
aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and  
25 heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one  
or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and  
nitro; or  
 $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which  
they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said  
30 heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more  
radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl,  
heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,  
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,  
alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,  
35 alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and  
alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,

heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

- 5           R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, 10 aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocycliloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, 15 carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; 20 wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, 25 epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:



wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

5 m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

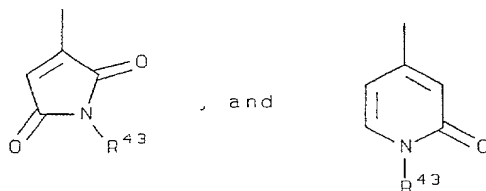
10 R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

15 R<sup>33</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(O)R<sup>35</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>35</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>36</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>37</sup>R<sup>38</sup>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>39</sup>R<sup>40</sup>, wherein R<sup>35</sup>, R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup>, R<sup>38</sup>, R<sup>39</sup> and R<sup>40</sup> are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

20 R<sup>34</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> is -CR<sup>41</sup>R<sup>42</sup> wherein R<sup>41</sup> is aryl, and R<sup>42</sup> is hydroxy; and

25 R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl,



(V)

wherein the R<sup>3</sup> pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfanyl, arylsulfanyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclylloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino, aminosulfanyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup> wherein R<sup>44</sup> is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>45</sup> is alkyl or aralkyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided R<sup>3</sup> is not 2-pyridinyl when R<sup>4</sup> is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; further provided R<sup>2</sup> is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R<sup>4</sup> is hydrido; and further provided R<sup>4</sup> is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

10       Compounds of Formula I and/or IA would be useful for, but not limited to, the treatment of any disorder or disease state in a human, or other mammal, which is excacerbated or caused by excessive or unregulated TNF or p38 kinase production by such mammal. Accordingly, the  
15       present invention provides a method of treating a cytokine-mediated disease which comprises administering an effective cytokine-interfering amount of a compound of Formula I and/or IA or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

20       Compounds of Formula I and/or IA would be useful for, but not limited to, the treatment of inflammation in a subject, as an analgesic in the treatment of pain including but not limited to neuropathic pain, and for use as antipyretics for the treatment of fever.

25       Compounds of the invention would be useful to treat arthritis, including but not limited to, rheumatoid arthritis, spondyloarthropathies, gouty arthritis, osteoarthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus and juvenile arthritis, osteoarthritis, gouty arthritis and other  
30       arthritic conditions. Such compounds would be useful for the treatment of pulmonary disorders or lung inflammation, including adult respiratory distress syndrome, pulmonary sarcoisosis, asthma, silicosis, and chronic pulmonary inflammatory disease. The compounds  
35       are also useful for the treatment of viral and bacterial infections, including sepsis, septic shock, gram negative

sepsis, malaria, meningitis, cachexia secondary to infection or malignancy, cachexia secondary to acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), AIDS, ARC (AIDS related complex), pneumonia, and herpesvirus. The compounds are also useful for the treatment of bone resorption diseases, such as osteoporosis, endotoxic shock, toxic shock syndrome, reperfusion injury, autoimmune disease including graft vs. host reaction and allograft rejections, cardiovascular diseases including atherosclerosis, myocardial infarction, thrombosis, congestive heart failure, and cardiac reperfusion injury, renal reperfusion injury, liver disease and nephritis, and myalgias due to infection.

The compounds are also useful for the treatment of influenza, multiple sclerosis, leukemia, lymphoma, diabetes, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), neuroinflammation, ischemia including stroke and brain ischemia, brain trauma, brain edema, skin-related conditions such as psoriasis, eczema, burns, dermatitis, keloid formation, scar tissue formation, and angiogenic disorders. Compounds of the invention also would be useful to treat gastrointestinal conditions such as inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, gastritis, irritable bowel syndrome and ulcerative colitis. The compounds would also be useful in the treatment of ophthalmic diseases, such as retinitis, retinopathies, uveitis, ocular photophobia, and of acute injury to the eye tissue. Compounds of the invention also would be useful for treatment of angiogenesis, including neoplasia; metastasis; ophthalmological conditions such as corneal graft rejection, ocular neovascularization, retinal neovascularization including neovascularization following injury or infection, diabetic retinopathy, retrolental fibroplasia and neovascular glaucoma; ulcerative diseases such as gastric ulcer; pathological, but non-malignant, conditions such as hemangiomas,

including invantile hemaginomas, angiofibroma of the nasopharynx and avascular necrosis of bone; diabetic nephropathy and cardiomyopathy; and disorders of the female reproductive system such as endometriosis. The compounds of the invention may also be useful for preventing the production of cyclooxygenase-2.

Compounds of the invention would be useful for the prevention or treatment of benign and malignant tumors/neoplasia including cancer, such as colorectal cancer, brain cancer, bone cancer, epithelial cell-derived neoplasia (epithelial carcinoma) such as basal cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, gastrointestinal cancer such as lip cancer, mouth cancer, esophageal cancer, small bowel cancer and stomach cancer, colon cancer, liver cancer, bladder cancer, pancreas cancer, ovarian cancer, cervical cancer, lung cancer, breast cancer and skin cancer, such as squamus cell and basal cell cancers, prostate cancer, renal cell carcimoma, and other known cancers that affect epithelial cells throughout the body.

The compounds of the invention also would be useful for the treatment of certain central nervous system disorders such as Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease.

Besides being useful for human treatment, these compounds are also useful for veterinary treatment of companion animals, exotic animals and farm animals, including mammals, rodents, and the like. More preferred animals include horses, dogs, and cats.

The present compounds may also be used in co-therapies, partially or completely, in place of other conventional anti-inflammatories, such as together with steroids, cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors, DMARD's, immunosuppressive agents, NSAIDs, 5-lipoxygenase inhibitors, LTB<sub>4</sub> antagonists and LTA<sub>4</sub> hydrolase inhibitors.

As used herein, the term "TNF mediated disorder"

refers to any and all disorders and disease states in which TNF plays a role, either by control of TNF itself, or by TNF causing another monokine to be released, such as but not limited to IL-1, IL-6 or IL-8. A disease state in which, for instance, IL-1 is a major component, and whose production or action, is exacerbated or secreted in response to TNF, would therefore be considered a disorder mediated by TNF.

As used herein, the term "p38 mediated disorder" refers to any and all disorders and disease states in which p38 plays a role, either by control of p38 itself, or by p38 causing another factor to be released, such as but not limited to IL-1, IL-6 or IL-8. A disease state in which, for instance, IL-1 is a major component, and whose production or action, is exacerbated or secreted in response to p38, would therefore be considered a disorder mediated by p38.

As TNF- $\beta$  has close structural homology with TNF- $\alpha$  (also known as cachectin) and since each induces similar biologic responses and binds to the same cellular receptor, the synthesis of both TNF- $\alpha$  and TNF- $\beta$  are inhibited by the compounds of the present invention and thus are herein referred to collectively as "TNF" unless specifically delineated otherwise.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower mercaptoalkyl, lower alkylthioalkylene, amino, lower alkylamino, lower arylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylene, and lower heterocyclylalkylene; or

R<sup>1</sup> has the formula





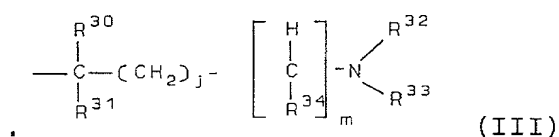
- aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower  
alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene,  
lower alkoxy carbonylphenylene, lower  
phenoxy carbonylphenylene, lower  
5 alkylphenoxy carbonylphenylene, lower  
phenylcarbonylphenylene, lower  
alkylphenylcarbonylphenylene, lower  
alkoxy carbonyl heterocyclylphenylene, lower  
alkoxy carbonyl alkoxyphenylene, lower  
10 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylphenylene, lower  
alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, lower  
alkylthiophenylene, lower phenylalkylthiophenylene, lower  
heterocyclylthiophenylene, lower  
phenylthioalkylphenylene, lower  
15 phenylsulfonylaminoalkylene, lower  
alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower  
alkylaminosulfonylphenylene; wherein said lower alkyl,  
lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and  
naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower  
20 heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclylphenylene,  
lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, lower  
phenylaminocarbonylalkylene, lower  
phenoxy carbonylphenylene, lower phenylcarbonylphenylene,  
lower alkylthiophenylene, lower  
25 heterocyclylthiophenylene, lower  
phenylthioalkylphenylene, and lower  
alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted  
with one or more radicals independently selected from  
lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, keto,  
30 amino, nitro, and cyano; or  
R<sup>27</sup> is -CHR<sup>46</sup>R<sup>47</sup> wherein R<sup>46</sup> is lower alkoxy carbonyl,  
and R<sup>47</sup> is selected from lower phenylalkyl, lower  
phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower  
alkylheterocyclylalkylene, lower alkoxy carbonylalkylene,  
35 lower alkylthioalkylene, and lower  
phenylalkylthioalkylene; wherein said phenylalkyl and

heterocyclcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl and nitro; or

- 5  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, heterocyclcyl, heterocyclcylalkylene, lower
- 10 alkylheterocyclcylalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkylphenoxyalkylene, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxy carbonyl, lower phenylalkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino and lower alkoxy carbonylamino; wherein said aryl selected from
- 15 phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclcylalkylene and lower phenoxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, lower alkyl and lower alkoxy; and
- 20  $R^2$  is selected from hydrido, halogen, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclcyl, lower alkylheterocyclcyl, lower heterocyclcylalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkynylamino, phenylamino, lower heterocyclcylamino, lower
- 25 heterocyclcylalkylamino, lower phenylalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy carbonylalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxy carbonyl, lower
- 30 heterocyclcylcarbonyl, lower alkoxy carbonylheterocyclcyl, lower alkoxy carbonylheterocyclcylcarbonyl, alkoxy carbonylalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxy carbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclcylsulfonyl, lower heterocyclcylloxy, and lower
- 35 heterocyclcylthio; wherein the aryl, heterocyclcyl, heterocyclcylalkyl, cycloalkyl, and cycloalkenyl groups

are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, phenyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower epoxyalkyl, carboxy, lower alkoxy, lower aryloxy, lower phenylalkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower amino(hydroxyalkyl), lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxy carbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower phenylalkylsulfonyl, and phenylsulfonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:



wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and

m is 0;

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>33</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(O)R<sup>35</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>35</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>36</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>37</sup>R<sup>38</sup>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>39</sup>R<sup>40</sup>;

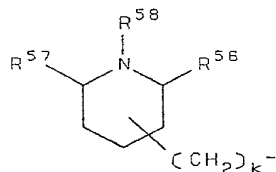
wherein R<sup>35</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, arylcycloalkyl, cycloalkenylalkylene,

heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, arylarylene, arylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyarylene,

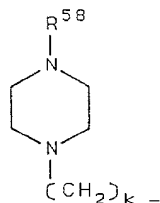
- aryloxyalkylene, aralkoxyalkylene, cycloalkyloxyalkylene, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,
- 5 aralkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl, arylcarbonyloxyalkylarylene, and alkylthioalkylene; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene, arylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyalkylene, cycloalkoxyalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and
- 10 alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or
- $R^{35}$  is  $\text{CHR}^{48}\text{R}^{49}$  wherein  $R^{48}$  is arylsulfonylamino or
- 15 alkylarylsulfonylamino, and  $R^{49}$  is selected from aralkyl, amino, alkylamino, and aralkylamino; or
- $R^{35}$  is  $-\text{NR}^{50}\text{R}^{51}$  wherein  $R^{50}$  is alkyl, and  $R^{51}$  is aryl; and
- wherein  $R^{36}$  is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl,
- 20 heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkenylarylene, arylarylene, aralkyl, aralkenyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyarylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylaminoarylene, alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl,
- 25 arylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, alkylaminoarylene, alkylamino, alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and
- 30 alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and
- wherein  $R^{37}$  is selected from hydrogen and alkyl; and
- 35 wherein  $R^{38}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, alkylarylene,

arylcycloalkyl, arylarylene, cycloalkylalkylene,  
 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,  
 aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,  
 aryloxyarylene, arylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl,  
 5 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,  
 alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene,  
 alkylaminoaralkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,  
 alkylthioarylene, alkylsulfonylaralkyl, and  
 aminosulfonylaralkyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl,  
 10 aralkyl, and heterocyclylalkylene groups are optionally  
 substituted with one or more radicals independently  
 selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy,  
 haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or  
 $R^{38}$  is  $-CR^{52}R^{53}$  wherein  $R^{52}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{53}$   
 15 is alkylthioalkylene; or  
 $R^{37}$  and  $R^{38}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which  
 they are attached form a heterocycle; and  
 $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  have the same definition as  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  in  
 claim 1; or  
 20  $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy;  
 or

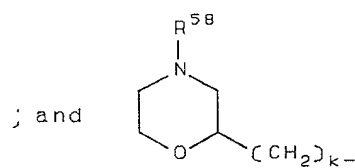
$R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of



(VI)



(VII)



(VIII)

25 wherein  
 k is an integer from 0 to 3; and  
 $R^{56}$  is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and  
 $R^{57}$  is hydrogen or lower alkyl; or  
 $R^{56}$  and  $R^{57}$  form a lower alkylene bridge; and

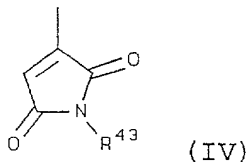
$R^{58}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, aralkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,  $-C(O)R^{59}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{60}$ , and  $-C(O)NHR^{61}$ ;

5        wherein  $R^{59}$  is selected from alkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, aralkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are  
10       optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

       wherein  $R^{60}$  is selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl, alkoxyarylene, alkylamino, alkylaminoarylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, and arylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl, heterocyclyl, and aralkyl groups are optionally  
15       substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

       wherein  $R^{61}$  is selected from alkyl, aryl, alkylarylene, and alkoxyarylene; wherein said aryl group  
25       is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, hydroxy, haloalkyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

$R^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, and  
30



wherein  $R^{43}$  is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower aminoalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl, lower alkenoxyalkyl and lower aryloxyalkyl; and

wherein the  $R^3$  pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, halo, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower phenylalkenyl, lower phenylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower alkylsulfinyl, cyano, lower alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonylamino, lower haloalkyl, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkylamino, lower alkenylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower aminoalkyl, arylamino, lower aralkylamino, nitro, halosulfonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyphenylalkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower hydroxyalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower phenylalkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkoxyphenylalkylamino, hydrazinyl, lower alkylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; and

$R^4$  is selected from hydrido, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, and 5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl; wherein the lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, aryl and 5-10 membered heterocyclyl groups of  $R^4$  are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, lower aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower heterocyclyl, lower haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, lower alkylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.



A class of compounds of particular interest consists of these compounds of Formula I wherein

- $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl, ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl, thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino, methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and methylthiomethyl; and
- $R^2$  is selected from hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, phenyl, biphenyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, pyridinyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-n-propylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, N-phenylamino, piperadinylamino, N-benzylamino, N-

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl, ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl, thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino, methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and methylthiomethyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, phenyl, biphenyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, pyridinyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-n-propylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, N-phenylamino, piperadinylamino, N-benzylamino, N-

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propargylamino, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, N,N-dimethylaminoethylamino, N,N-dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethoxycarbonyl, 1,1-dimethylethoxycarbonylaminoethylamino, 1,1-dimethylethoxycarbonylaminoethylaminopropylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1-dimethylethoxycarbonylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, benzyl, carboxy, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, dimethylamino, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, and 1,1-dimethylethylcarbonyl; or

$R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

$R^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and purinyl; wherein  $R^3$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, aminosulfonyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, trichloromethyl, dichloromethyl, chloromethyl, hydroxy, fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl, chlorophenylmethyl, chlorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, chlorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy,

methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino, 5 diphenylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, cyclopropylamino, nitro, chlorosulfonyl, amino, methylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, N,N-dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, 10 hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, 15 methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylmethylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl; and  $R^4$  is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, 20 cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl, 25 isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl, pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl, dihydrofuryl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl 30 groups of  $R^4$  are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, 35 fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Another class of compounds of particular interest  
5 consists of these compounds of Formula I wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl, hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or morpholinylethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl,  
10 phenyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, N,N-dimethylamino, N-phenylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, and piperazinylamino; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals  
15 independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, and trifluoromethyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro,  
20 bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl,  
25 pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of R<sup>4</sup> are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro,  
30 bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

35

A class of compounds of specific interest consists

of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido or methyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl or ethyl;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or  
 5 quinolinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one  
 or more radicals independently selected from fluoro,  
 bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl,  
 benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy,  
 dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl,  
 10 amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl;

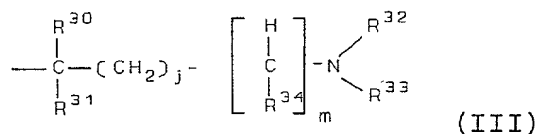
R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl which is optionally  
 substituted with one or more radicals independently  
 selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl,  
 ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy,  
 15 trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or  
 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer  
 thereof.

Still another class of compounds of particular  
 20 interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl,  
 isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, fluoromethyl,  
 difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl,  
 dichloromethyl, trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl,  
 25 heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl,  
 dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl,  
 dichloroethyl, dichloropropyl, ethenyl, propenyl,  
 ethynyl, propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, piperidinyl,  
 piperazinyl, morpholinyl, benzyl, phenylethyl,  
 30 morpholinylmethyl, morpholinylethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl,  
 piperazinylmethyl, piperidinylmethyl, pyridinylmethyl,  
 thienylmethyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, amino,  
 methylamino, dimethylamino, phenylamino,  
 methylaminomethyl, dimethylaminomethyl, methylaminoethyl,  
 35 dimethylaminoethyl, ethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl,  
 cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl,

hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, mercaptomethyl, and methylthiomethyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:



5           wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and

m is 0; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl;

10           R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower heterocyclalkyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkyl, lower phenylaminoalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylalkylene, lower phenylcarbonylalkylene, and  
15 lower heterocyclcarbonylaminoalkylene;

R<sup>33</sup> is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, -C(O)R<sup>35</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>35</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>36</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>37</sup>R<sup>38</sup>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>39</sup>R<sup>40</sup>;

          wherein R<sup>35</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected  
20 from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocycl, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylcycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenylalkylene, lower heterocyclalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocycl, phenylphenylene, lower phenylheterocycl, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy,  
25 lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower phenylalkoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkyloxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower heterocyclcarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, lower  
30 alkylcarbonyloxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower phenylalkoxycarbonylheterocycl, lower

alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl, lower phenylcarbonyloxyalkylphenylene, and lower alkylthioalkylene; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, lower cycloalkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and lower alkylcarbonylheterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

$R^{35}$  is  $CHR^{48}R^{49}$  wherein  $R^{48}$  is phenylsulfonylamino or lower alkylphenylsulfonylamino, and  $R^{49}$  is selected from lower phenylalkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, and lower phenylalkylamino; or

$R^{35}$  is  $-NR^{50}R^{51}$  wherein  $R^{50}$  is lower alkyl, and  $R^{51}$  is aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl; and wherein  $R^{36}$  is selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkenylphenylene, phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower phenylalkenyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, carboxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxycarbonylphenylene, lower alkylcarbonylaminophenylene, lower alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, lower phenylcarbonylaminoalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower phenylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylaminoheterocyclyl, and lower



alkylsulfonylphenylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein  $R^{37}$  is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

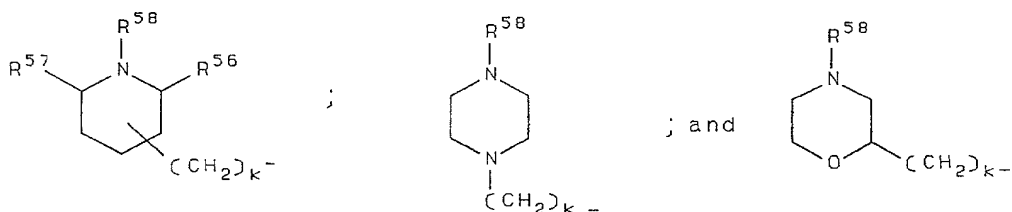
wherein  $R^{38}$  is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylcycloalkyl, phenylphenylene, lower cycloalkylalkylene, lower heterocyclalkylene, lower alkylheterocyclalkylene, lower phenylalkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower phenoxyphenylene, phenylcarbonyl, lower alkoxy carbonyl, lower alkoxy carbonylalkylene, lower alkoxy carbonylphenylene, lower alkylcarbonylcarbonylalkylene, lower alkylaminoalkylene, lower alkylaminophenylalkyl, lower alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, lower alkylthiophenylene, lower alkylsulfonylphenylalkyl, and lower aminosulfonylphenylalkyl; wherein said aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, and lower heterocyclalkylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

$R^{38}$  is  $-CR^{52}R^{53}$  wherein  $R_{52}$  is lower alkoxy carbonyl, and  $R_{53}$  is lower alkylthioalkylene; or

$R^{37}$  and  $R^{38}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring heterocycle;

$R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  have the same definition as  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  in claim 2; or

$R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of



(VI)

(VII)

(VIII)

wherein

k is an integer from 0 to 2; and

5  $\text{R}^{56}$  is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and

$\text{R}^{57}$  is hydrogen or lower alkyl; and

10  $\text{R}^{58}$  is selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower phenylalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower heterocyclalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylsulfonyl, lower phenylalkylsulfonyl, lower phenylsulfonyl,  $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{59}$ ,  $-\text{SO}_2\text{R}^{60}$ , and  $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NHR}^{61}$ ;

15 wherein  $\text{R}^{59}$  is selected from lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, lower phenylalkoxy, lower alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower alkoxyphenylalkyl; wherein said  
 20 aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino,  
 25 nitro, and cyano; and

wherein  $\text{R}^{60}$  is selected from lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower phenylalkyl, lower

heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower alkoxyphenylene, lower  
alkylamino, lower alkylaminophenylene, lower  
alkylsulfonylphenylene, and lower  
phenylsulfonylheterocyclyl; wherein said aryl selected  
5 from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower heterocyclyl,  
and lower phenylalkyl groups are optionally substituted  
with one or more radicals independently selected from  
lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower  
alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano;  
10 and

wherein R<sup>61</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, aryl  
selected from phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl, lower  
alkylphenylene, and lower alkoxyphenylene; wherein said  
aryl group is optionally substituted with one or more  
15 radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo,  
hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy,  
keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

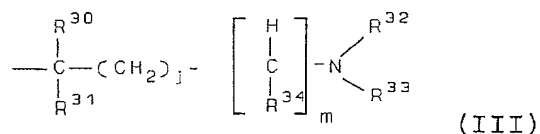
R<sup>3</sup> is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and  
purinyl; wherein R<sup>3</sup> is optionally substituted with one or  
20 more radicals independently selected from methylthio,  
methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo,  
aminosulfonyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl,  
isobutyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl,  
aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl,  
25 difluoromethyl, fluoromethyl, trichloromethyl,  
dichloromethyl, chloromethyl, hydroxy,  
fluorophenylmethyl, fluorophenylethyl,  
chlorophenylmethyl, chlorophenylethyl,  
fluorophenylethenyl, chlorophenylethenyl,  
30 fluorophenylpyrazolyl, chlorophenylpyrazolyl, carboxy,  
methoxy, ethoxy, propyloxy, n-butoxy, methylamino,  
ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, 2-  
methylbutylamino, propargylamino, aminomethyl,  
aminoethyl, N-methyl-N-phenylamino, phenylamino,  
35 diphenylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino,  
cyclopropylamino, nitro, chlorosulfonyl, amino,

methylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino,  
 ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, N,N-  
 dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino,  
 hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylethylamino,  
 5 morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino,  
 piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,  
 phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, phenylmethylamino,  
 fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino,  
 methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl,  
 10 methoxyphenylmethylamino, hydrazinyl, 1-methyl-  
 hydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or  
 amino, and  $R^{63}$  is methyl, ethyl or phenylmethyl; and  
 $R^4$  is selected from hydrido, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl,  
 cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopropylenyl, cyclobutenyl,  
 15 cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl,  
 biphenyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl,  
 piperidinyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, isothiazolyl,  
 isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolyl,  
 isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, benzimidazolyl, furyl,  
 20 pyrazinyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydropyridinyl,  
 dihydrofuryl, tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuryl,  
 benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein  
 the cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl  
 groups of  $R^4$  are optionally substituted with one or more  
 25 radicals independently selected from methylthio,  
 methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo,  
 methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, isobutyl, ethynyl,  
 methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl,  
 fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, amino, cyano, nitro,  
 30 dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or  
 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer  
 thereof.

Still another class of compounds of particular  
 35 interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein  
 $R^1$  is hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propargyl,

hydroxyethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl or morpholinylethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:



5           wherein:

j is 0, 1 or 2; and

m is 0; and

R<sup>30</sup> is hydrogen; and

R<sup>31</sup> is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

10          R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen and lower alkyl; and

R<sup>33</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, -C(O)R<sup>35</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>35</sup>,  
-SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>36</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>37</sup>R<sup>38</sup>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>39</sup>R<sup>40</sup>;

wherein R<sup>35</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower  
cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower

15          alkylphenylene, lower alkoxy, lower alkenoxy, lower  
alkoxyalkylene, lower phenoxyalkylene, and lower  
phenylalkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl and lower  
phenoxyalkylene groups are optionally substituted with  
one or more radicals independently selected from lower  
20          alkyl, halo, and lower haloalkyl; and

wherein R<sup>36</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl,  
lower heterocyclyl, lower alkylphenylene,  
phenylphenylene, lower phenylalkyl, lower  
alkylheterocyclyl, lower heterocyclylheterocyclyl, lower

25          alkoxyphenylene, and lower alkylamino; wherein said  
phenyl and lower heterocyclyl groups are optionally  
substituted with one or more radicals independently  
selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower  
haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino,  
30          nitro, and cyano; and

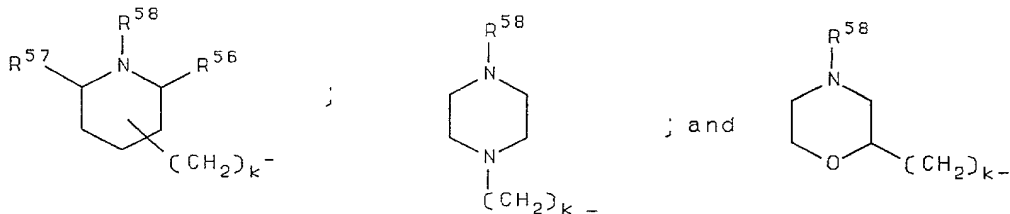
wherein R<sup>37</sup> is hydrogen; and

wherein R<sup>38</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, phenyl, and

lower alkylphenylene;

wherein  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  have the same definition as  $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  in claim 2; or

$R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of



(VI)

(VII)

(VIII)

wherein

$k$  is an integer from 0 or 1; and

$R^{56}$  is hydrogen; and

10  $R^{57}$  is hydrogen; and

$R^{58}$  is selected from  $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{59}$  and  $-\text{SO}_2\text{R}^{60}$ ;

15 wherein  $R^{59}$  is selected from lower alkyl, lower cycloalkyl, phenyl, lower alkylphenylene, and lower alkoxyalkylene; wherein said phenyl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from lower alkyl, halo, hydroxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, lower haloalkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; and

wherein  $R^{60}$  is selected from lower alkyl; and

20  $R^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or quinolinyl; wherein  $R^3$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and

25  $R^4$  is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein the

cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl and heterocyclyl groups of  $R^4$  are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Still another class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula I wherein  $R^1$  is hydrido or methyl; and

$R^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl or quinolinyl; wherein  $R^3$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, bromo, methyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, benzyl, phenethyl, acetyl, hydroxyl, methoxy, dimethylamino, benzylamino, phenethylamino, aminomethyl, amino, hydroxy, and methylcarbonyl; and

$R^4$  is selected from phenyl which is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the compounds of Formula I and/or 1A satisfy one or more of the following conditions:

$R^1$  is hydrido or lower alkyl; more preferably,  $R^1$  is hydrido or methyl; and still more preferably,  $R^1$  is hydrido;

$R^2$  is hydrido or lower alkyl; more preferably,  $R^2$  is hydrido or methyl; and still more preferably,  $R^2$  is hydrido;

R<sup>2</sup> comprises a piperidinyl, piperazinyl or cyclohexyl moiety;

R<sup>3</sup> is substituted or unsubstituted pyridinyl; and preferably, the pyridinyl is a 4-pyridinyl; or

5 R<sup>4</sup> is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl; and preferably, R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl substituted with halo.

In addition, where R<sup>3</sup> is substituted pyrimidinyl, preferably at least one R<sup>3</sup> substituent is attached to the carbon atom positioned between two nitrogen atoms of the  
10 pyrimidinyl ring.

A family of specific compounds of particular interest within Formula I and/or 1A consists of compounds, tautomers and pharmaceutically-acceptable  
15 salts thereof as follows:

4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
20 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4-[5-methyl-3-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4-[5-methyl-3-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
25 4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4-[5-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
30 4-[3-methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4-[5-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
35 4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;



- 4- [3-methyl-5- [2- (phenylmethoxy) phenyl] -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 2- [3-methyl-4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol;  
 3- [3-methyl-4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol;  
 5 1-hydroxy-4- (3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridinium;  
 5- (4-fluorophenyl) -N, N-dimethyl-4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-amine;  
 5- (4-fluorophenyl) -N-phenyl-4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-amine;  
 10 4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [5- (3-methylphenyl) -3- (trifluoromethyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-5-yl]pyridine;  
 15 4- (5-cyclohexyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [5- (3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [5- (3-methylphenyl) -3-propyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methyl]pyridine;  
 20 4- [3,5-bis (3-methylphenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [4-methyl-2- (2-trifluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [3- (2-chlorophenyl) -5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [5-methyl-3- (2,4-dimethylphenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 25 4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [3- (3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl) -5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 30 4- [3- (3,5-dimethylphenyl) -5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [3- (3,5-dimethoxyphenyl) -5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [5-methyl-3- (3-nitrophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 35 N,N-dimethyl-4- [5-methyl-4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]benzenamine;

- 4- [3- (2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-yl) -5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [3- (4-bromophenyl) -5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [3- (2-fluorophenyl) -5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 5 4- [3- (3-fluorophenyl) -5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [3-methyl-5- [3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl] -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- (3-ethyl-4-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 4- [5- (3-methoxyphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 10 4- [3-ethyl-5- (3-methylphenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [5- (3,4-difluorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [5- (3-ethoxyphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 15 4- [3-methyl-5- [4- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl] -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [3-methyl-5- (3-thienyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [5- (2,4-dichlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 20 4- [5- (3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 ethyl 3- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazole-5-propanoate;  
 4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 25 5- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;  
 5- [3-methyl-5- (3-methylphenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;  
 5- [3-methyl-5- (2-methylphenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;  
 30 5- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;  
 5- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;  
 35 5- [5- (4-methoxyphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;

- 5- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- 4- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- 5 4- [5- (3-methylphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- 4- [5- (2-methylphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- 4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- 10 4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- 4- [5- (4-methoxyphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- 15 5- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-methoxypyridine;
- 2-methoxy-5- [3-methyl-5- (3-methylphenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 2-methoxy-5- [5- (4-methoxyphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 20 4- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-methoxypyridine;
- 2-methoxy-4- [3-methyl-5- (3-methylphenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 25 2-methoxy-4- [3-methyl-5- (2-methylphenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-methoxypyridine;
- 4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-methoxypyridine;
- 30 2-methoxy-4- [3-methyl-5- (4-methylphenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 5- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;
- 35 4- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;

- 4- [5- (3-methylphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-  
ol;  
4- [5- (2-methylphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-  
ol;  
5 4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-  
ol;  
4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-  
ol;  
4- [5- (4-methoxyphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-  
10 2-ol;  
5- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
2-methanamine;  
4- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
2-methanamine;  
15 4- [5- (3-methylphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
2-methanamine;  
4- [5- (2-methylphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
2-methanamine;  
4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
20 2-methanamine;  
4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
2-methanamine;  
4- [5- (4-methoxyphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
2-methanamine;  
25 5- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
2-carboxamide;  
4- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
2-carboxamide;  
4- [5- (3-methylphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
30 2-carboxamide;  
4- [5- (2-methylphenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
2-carboxamide;  
4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
2-carboxamide;  
35 4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-  
2-carboxamide;

- 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;  
 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 5 4-[5-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[5-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 10 4-[5-(benzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[5-(3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 15 4-[5-(1-cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[5-(1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 20 4-[5-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-(5-cyclohexyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 4-[5-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 25 4-[5-(3-methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[5-(3-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[5-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 30 2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-2-carboxylate;  
 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-2-carboxamide;  
 35 1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-2-

- yl]ethanone;  
 N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2-yl)pyridin-2-amine;  
 3-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 5 3-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-3-carboxylate;  
 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-3-carboxamide;  
 10 1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-3-yl]ethanone;  
 3-bromo-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2-yl)pyridin-3-amine;  
 15 2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;  
 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;  
 2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;  
 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;  
 20 N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;  
 4-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;  
 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;  
 25 4-(3-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;  
 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(2-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;  
 4-(2-furyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;  
 4-(3-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;  
 4-(3-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;  
 30 4-(5-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;  
 4-(5-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;  
 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(5-thiazolyl)-1H-pyrazole;  
 3-methyl-4-(5-oxazolyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 35 2-methyl-4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-(1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;



- pyrazol-3-amine monohydrate;  
 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-  
 1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;  
 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-  
 5 yl]piperazine trihydrochloride;  
 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-  
 methylpiperazine;  
 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-  
 1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;  
 10 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-  
 yl]piperazine trihydrochloride;  
 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-  
 yl]piperazine;  
 N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[2-(phenylmethyl)amino]-4-  
 15 pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine,  
 trihydrochloride;  
 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-  
 (phenylmethyl)piperazine;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-  
 20 yl]pyrimidine, dihydrochloride;  
 1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-  
 pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate;  
 N-[5-[4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-  
 1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride monohydrate;  
 25 1,1-dimethylethyl [2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-  
 pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]ethyl]carbamate;  
 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2-  
 hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-  
 piperazinecarboxylate;  
 30 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-  
 pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;  
 1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-  
 pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate;  
 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-  
 35 ethylpiperazine;  
 N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-



- 1,2-ethanediamine;
- 4-[3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 4-[3-(3-ethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 5 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-ethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 4-[3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 10 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- 15 5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
- 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
- 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone;
- 20 1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone;
- Ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate;
- 25 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid;
- 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;
- 4-[3-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine
- 30 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
- 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-methanol;
- 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine;
- 35 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-

- 1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;  
 4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-  
 5 yl]pyridine;  
 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-  
 yl]pyridine;  
 4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-  
 yl]pyridine;  
 10 4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-  
 yl]pyridine;  
 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-  
 yl]pyridine;  
 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-  
 15 yl]pyridine;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;  
 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-  
 20 ethanol;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-  
 pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol;  
 4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-  
 25 yl]pyridine;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-  
 pyridinecarbonitrile;  
 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-  
 yl]ethyl]morpholine;  
 30 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl- $\alpha$ -phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-  
 pyrazole-5-methanol;  
 N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-  
 morpholineethanamine;  
 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone  
 35 hydrazone;  
 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-

- 2-pyridinamine;  
 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-pyridinamine;  
 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-pyridinamine;  
 5 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide;  
 Methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate;  
 10 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyridinecarboxamide;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylic acid;  
 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 15 4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 20 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine; 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine;  
 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 25 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 30 4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 4-[3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[1-methyl-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 35 4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine;

- 4- [3- (4-bromophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4- [3- (3,4-difluorophenyl) -1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4- [3- (4-bromophenyl) -1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
5 (E) -4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2- (2-phenyleth-  
enyl)pyridine;  
(S) -4- [3- (4-chlorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -N- (2-methylbut-  
yl) - 2-pyridinamine;  
4- [3- (4-chlorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -N- [(4-methoxy-  
10 phenyl)methyl] - 2-pyridinamine;  
N- [4- [3- (4-chlorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-pyridinyl] -  
2-pyridinemethanamine;  
N- [4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-pyridinyl] -  
2-pyridinemethanamine;  
15 2-fluoro-4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4- [3- (4-iodophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4- [3- (4-iodophenyl) -1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4- [1-methyl-3- [4- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl] -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]  
pyridine;  
20 N- [1- (4-fluorophenyl) ethyl] -4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-pyridinamine;  
N- [(3-fluorophenyl)methyl] -4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-pyridinamine;  
4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2- (1-  
25 methylhydrazino)pyridine;  
2-fluoro-4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
4- [3- (3,4-difluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-fluoropyridine;  
30 4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -3-methylpyridine;  
4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -3-methylpyridine;  
4- [3- (3,4-difluorophenyl) -1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-fluoropyridine;  
35 3- (4-fluorophenyl) -N,N-dimethyl-4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;

- 2- [2- (4-fluorophenyl) ethyl] -4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl] pyridine;  
 4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -N- [1- (phenylmethyl) -4-piperidinyl] -2-pyridinamine;  
 5 N' - [4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-pyridinyl] -N,N-dimethyl-1,2-ethanediamine;  
 2,4-bis [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] pyridine;  
 N- [4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-pyridinyl] -4-morpholineethanamine;  
 10 3- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;  
 4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -N- [2- (1H-imidazol-1-yl) ethyl] -2-pyridinamine;  
 4- [2- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-1-yl] ethyl] morpholine;  
 15 (E) -3- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- [2- [2- (4-fluorophenyl) ethenyl] -4-pyridinyl] -1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;  
 3- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl) -N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;  
 20 3- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- [2- [2- (4-fluorophenyl) ethyl] -4-pyridinyl] -1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;  
 4- [1- [2- (dimethylamino) ethyl] -3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -N,N-dimethyl-2-pyridinamine;  
 4- [1- [2- (dimethylamino) ethyl] -3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -N- [(4-fluorophenyl) methyl] -2-pyridinamine;  
 25 3- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- [2- [2- (4-fluorophenyl) ethyl] -4-pyridinyl] -N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;  
 N- [(4-fluorophenyl) methyl] -4- [3 (or 5) - (4-fluorophenyl) -1- [2- (4-morpholinyl) ethyl] -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-pyridinamine;  
 30 4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -N-4-piperidinyl-2-pyridinamine;  
 N,N-diethyl-3- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;  
 35 4- [1- [2- (diethylamino) ethyl] -3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -N- [(4-fluorophenyl) methyl] -2-pyridinamine;

- 2-[[4-[3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethanol;  
 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethanol;  
 5 3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-propanol;  
 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[4-(fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;  
 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[4-(fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;  
 10 N,N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine;  
 N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;  
 15 N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-morpholinepropanamine;  
 N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine;  
 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;  
 20 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[4-(fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;  
 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[4-(fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol;  
 25 4-[3-[(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]quinoline;  
 N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]glycine methyl ester;  
 N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]glycine;  
 30 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 4,4'-(1H-pyrazole-3,4-diyl)bis[pyridine];  
 35 4-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-

- piperidinamine;  
 2-Chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone  
 5 hydrazone;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine;  
 10 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine;  
 N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine;  
 15 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine;  
 N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide;  
 Ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl] carbamate;  
 20 4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;  
 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;  
 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;  
 25 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-cyclopropylpiperazine;  
 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine, dihydrate;  
 methyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate,  
 30 monohydrate;  
 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-γ-oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, dihydrate;  
 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-γ-oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, monosodium salt dihydrate;  
 35 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-

- (methylsulfonyl)piperazine, monohydrate;  
 1- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1- (2-propynyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine, trihydrochloride monohydrate;  
 4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -5- (1H-imidazol-4-yl) -1- (4-methoxyphenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 5 4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -N-2-propynyl-2-pyrimidinamine;  
 N- (2-fluorophenyl) -4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-pyrimidinamine;  
 10 4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -N- (2-methoxyphenyl) -2-pyrimidinamine;  
 1- [5- (3-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -4-methylpiperazine;  
 N- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;  
 15 N- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-methyl-4-piperidinamine;  
 ethyl 4- [[5- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] amino] -1-piperidinecarboxylate, monohydrate;  
 20 1- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -4- (2-methoxyphenyl) piperazine;  
 1- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -4-phenylpiperazine;  
 N- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-methyl-4-piperidinamine;  
 25 1- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -4- (2-propynyl) piperazine;  
 1- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] piperazine;  
 30 1,1-dimethylethyl [3- [[5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (2- [(phenylmethyl) amino] -4-pyridinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl] amino] propyl] carbamate;  
 1,1-dimethylethyl 4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-piperazinecarboxylate;  
 35 ethyl 4- [[5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] amino] -1-piperidinecarboxylate;





- 1 - [5 - (4-chlorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -  
3,5-dimethylpiperazine;  
4 - [5 - (4-chlorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -  
1,2,6-trimethylpiperazine;  
5 1 - [5 - (4-fluorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -  
3,5-dimethylpiperazine;  
4 - [5 - (4-fluorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -  
1,2,6-trimethylpiperazine;  
1 - [5 - (4-chlorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -3-  
10 methylpiperazine;  
4 - [5 - (4-chlorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -  
1,2-dimethylpiperazine;  
1 - [5 - (4-fluorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -3-  
methylpiperazine;  
15 4 - [5 - (4-fluorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -  
1,2-dimethylpiperazine;  
5 - (4-chlorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -N-3-pyrrolidinyl-1H-  
pyrazol-3-amine;  
5 - (4-chlorophenyl) -N - (1-methyl-3-pyrrolidinyl) -4 - (4-  
20 pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-amine;  
5 - (4-fluorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -N-3-pyrrolidinyl-1H-  
pyrazol-3-amine;  
5 - (4-fluorophenyl) -N - (1-methyl-3-pyrrolidinyl) -4 - (4-  
pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-amine;  
25 1 - [5 - (4-chlorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -3-  
pyrrolidinamine;  
1 - [5 - (4-chlorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -  
N,N-dimethyl-3-pyrrolidinamine;  
1 - [5 - (4-fluorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -3-  
30 pyrrolidinamine;  
1 - [5 - (4-fluorophenyl) -4 - (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -  
N,N-dimethyl-3-pyrrolidinamine;  
5 - (4-chlorophenyl) -N - [(1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl] -4 -  
(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-amine;  
35 5 - (4-fluorophenyl) -N - [(1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl] -4 -  
(4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-amine;

- N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-piperidinamine;  
 N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-3-piperidinamine;  
 5 N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-piperidinamine;  
 N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-3-piperidinamine;  
 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinemethanol;  
 10 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinemethanamine;  
 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanol;  
 15 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanamine;  
 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinemethanol;  
 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinemethanamine;  
 20 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanol;  
 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanamine;  
 25 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine;  
 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-piperidinol;  
 30 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-piperidinol;  
 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;  
 35 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;

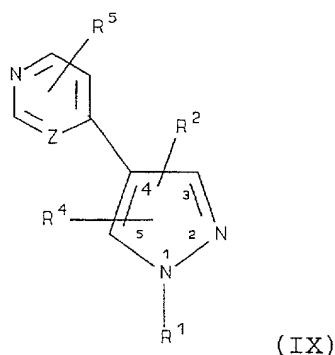
- 4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -2-  
piperazinecarboxylic acid;  
ethyl 4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-  
3-yl] -2-piperazinecarboxylate;
- 5 4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-  
methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;  
ethyl 4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-  
yl] -1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylate;
- 10 4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-  
methyl-2-piperazinecarboxamide;  
4- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -2-  
piperazinecarboxamide;
- 4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -2-  
piperazinecarboxylic acid;
- 15 ethyl 4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-  
yl] -2-piperazinecarboxylate;
- 4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -2-  
piperazinecarboxamide;
- 4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-  
methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;
- 20 ethyl 4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-  
yl] -1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylate;
- 4- [5- (4-fluorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-  
methyl-2-piperazinecarboxamide;
- 25 N- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-  
ethyl-4-piperidinamine;
- N- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-  
(phenylmethyl) -4-piperidinamine;
- 1-acetyl-N- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-  
pyrazol-3-yl] -4-piperidinamine;
- 30 N- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-  
(2-propynyl) -4-piperidinamine;
- N- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-  
cyclopropyl-4-piperidinamine;
- 35 N- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl] -1-  
(methoxyacetyl) -4-piperidinamine;

- N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-(methylethyl)-4-piperidinamine;
- N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-propyl-4-piperidinamine;
- 5 ethyl 4-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate;
- 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;
- ( $\beta$ R)- $\beta$ -[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]benzene ethanol;
- 10 ( $\beta$ S)- $\beta$ -[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]benzene propanol;
- ( $\beta$ S)- $\beta$ -[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]benzene ethanol;
- 15 ( $\beta$ R)- $\beta$ -[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]benzene propanol;
- N-[2-(1-ethyl-2-piperidinyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
- N2,N2-diethyl-N1-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-1-phenyl-1,2-ethanediamine;
- 20 N-(1-ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;
- 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(4-piperidinylmethyl)-2-pyridinamine;
- 25 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-3-methyl-1-butanol;
- (2S)-2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-4-methyl-1-pentanol;
- N1,N1-diethyl-N4-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-1,4-pentanediamine;
- 30 (2R)-1-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-2-propanol;
- N4-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-N1,N1-diethyl-1,4-pentanediamine;
- 35 (2S)-1-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-2-propanol;

- 1-[5-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1-piperidinyl)ethyl]-2-pyridinamine;  
 5 N,N-diethyl-N'-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-1,2-ethanediamine;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine, monohydrochloride;  
 8-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-  
 10 1,4-dioxo-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane;  
 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinone;  
 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinol;  
 15 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2,3,6-hexahydropyridine;  
 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;  
 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-  
 20 piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine, trihydrochloride;  
 ethyl 4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate;  
 25 1-methyl-4-[5-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine;  
 1-[5-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine;  
 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-  
 30 yl]morpholine;  
 N1,N1-diethyl-N4-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-1,4-pentanediamine;  
 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[3-(2-methyl-1-piperidinyl)propyl]-2-pyridinamine;  
 35 ethyl 4-[5-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;

- N,N-diethyl-N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine;  
 N1,N1,-diethyl-N4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,4-pentanediamine;  
 5 N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-4-methyl-1-piperazinepropanamine (2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1);  
 N-(2-[1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-ylethyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;  
 N-[2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethyl]-N,N',N'-trimethyl-1,3-propanediamine;  
 10 N,N,N''-triethyl-N'-[2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethyl]-1,3-propanediamine;  
 15 3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1,2-propanediol;  
 trans-4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]cyclohexanol;  
 4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]cyclohexanone; and  
 20 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-diethyl-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride.

- Within Formula I there is another subclass of  
 25 compounds of high interest represented by Formula IX:



wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower heterocyclyl, lower aralkyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino, lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> is -CR<sup>54</sup>R<sup>55</sup> wherein R<sup>54</sup> is phenyl and R<sup>55</sup> is hydroxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower cycloalkyl, lower cycloalkenyl, lower cycloalkyldienyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl; wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower



alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

$R^5$  is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula IX

$R^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

$R^2$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonyl ethyl, ethoxycarbonyl ethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethyl-

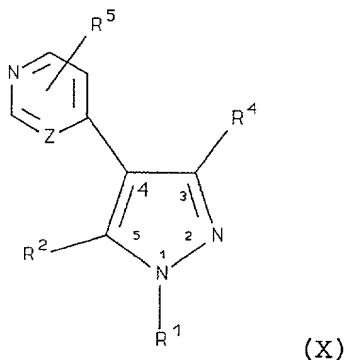
ethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; and

$R^4$  is selected from cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, cyclohexadienyl, phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein  $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

$R^5$  is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or - $NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is methyl or benzyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Within Formula I there is another subclass of compounds of high interest represented by Formula X:



(X)

wherein

5        Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and  
       R<sup>1</sup> is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl,  
 lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower  
 alkylaminoalkyl; and

      R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl  
 10    selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6-  
 membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl,  
 piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower  
 haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy carbonyl,  
 lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino,  
 15    lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower  
 alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower  
 aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower  
 heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower  
 heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower  
 20    carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower  
 alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxy carbonylaminoalkylamino,  
 lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower  
 alkoxy carbonyl heterocyclyl, and lower  
 alkoxy carbonyl heterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and  
 25    heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or

more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxy carbonyl; or

$R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy; and

$R^4$  is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl;

wherein  $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl, lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and

$R^5$  is selected from halo, amino, cyano, aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower aralkylamino, lower alkoxy carbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower alkoxy carbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino, lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower alkylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula X

$R^1$  is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

$R^2$  is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl,

ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, 5 piperadinylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyll, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, N-methylpiperazinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1- 10 dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminopropylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, and 1,1-dimethyl-ethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, 15 piperidinyll, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1- 20 dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; and

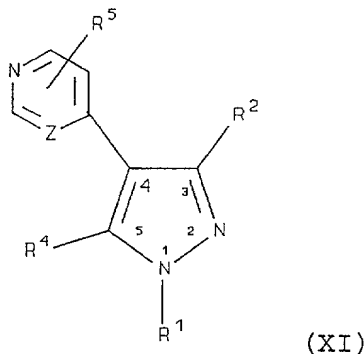
$R^4$  is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein  $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals 25 independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

$R^5$  is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, 30 fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, 35 hydroxyethylamino, propargylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino,

piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino,  
 phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl,  
 cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl,  
 ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,  
 5 phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino,  
 fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl,  
 methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or -  
 $\text{NR}^{62}\text{R}^{63}$  wherein  $\text{R}^{62}$  is methylcarbonyl or amino, and  $\text{R}^{63}$  is  
 methyl or benzyl; or

10 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer  
 thereof.

Within Formula I there is another subclass of  
 compounds of high interest represented by Formula XI:



wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and

$\text{R}^1$  is selected from lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl,  
 lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower  
 20 alkylaminoalkyl; and

$\text{R}^2$  is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl  
 selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6-  
 membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl,  
 piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower  
 25 haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxyalkyl,

- lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino,  
 lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower  
 alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower  
 aminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower  
 5 heterocyclylamino, lower heterocyclylalkyl, lower  
 heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylheterocyclyl, lower  
 carboxycycloalkyl, lower carboxyalkylamino, lower  
 alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino,  
 lower heterocyclylcarbonyl, lower  
 10 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, and lower  
 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl; wherein the aryl and  
 heteroaryl groups are optionally substituted with one or  
 more radicals independently selected from halo, lower  
 alkyl, keto, aralkyl, carboxy, lower  
 15 alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower  
 heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower  
 alkoxycarbonyl; or  
 $R^2$  is  $-CR^{54}R^{55}$  wherein  $R^{54}$  is phenyl and  $R^{55}$  is hydroxy;  
 and  
 20  $R^4$  is selected from 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, and  
 aryl selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl;  
 wherein  $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more  
 radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl,  
 lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl,  
 25 lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, hydroxy; and  
 $R^5$  is selected from halo, amino, cyano,  
 aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower  
 aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower  
 aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino,  
 30 lower alkylcarbonyl, lower aralkenyl, lower  
 arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower cycloalkylamino, lower  
 alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower  
 alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower  
 heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino,  
 35 lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower  
 alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower

alkylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is lower alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is lower alkyl or lower phenylalkyl; or

5 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula XI

10  $R^1$  is selected from methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

$R^2$  is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonyl, ethyl, ethoxycarbonyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylamino, propylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethyl-ethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl;

30  $R^4$  is selected from phenyl, quinolyl, biphenyl, pyridinyl, thienyl, furyl, dihydropyranyl, benzofuryl, dihydrobenzofuryl, and benzodioxolyl; wherein  $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy,



benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

- R<sup>5</sup> is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl,
- 5 fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino,
- 10 morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,
- 15 phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl or benzyl; or
- 20 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A preferred class of compounds consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

- 25 Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and
- R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and
- R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, aryl
- 30 selected from phenyl, biphenyl, and naphthyl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl selected from piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, pyridinyl and morpholinyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkyl, phenylamino,
- 35 lower aralkyl, lower aralkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower aminoalkyl, lower



thereof.

A class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

5         $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl;

$R^2$  is selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, phenyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxycarbonylethyl, ethoxycarbonylethyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N-phenylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, 10        imidazolyl, morpholinyl, pyridinyl, carboxymethylamino, methoxyethylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonyl, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylamino, (1,1-dimethyl)ethylcarbonylaminoethylamino, piperazinylcarbonyl, 1,1-dimethyl-ethylpiperazinylcarbonyl; wherein the phenyl, 20        piperidinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolyl, morpholinyl, and pyridinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl, benzyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl and (1,1-dimethyl)ethoxycarbonyl; 25       

$R^4$  is phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, 30        dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and

$R^5$  is selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl, fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, hydroxy, carboxy, methoxy, 35        methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino,

ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, methylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup> is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl or benzyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Another class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom;

and

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower alkynyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido and lower alkyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more halo radicals; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, halo and alkylhydrazinyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Still another class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein;

Z represents a carbon atom; and

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, hydroxyethyl, propargyl; and

$R^2$  is hydrido; and

$R^4$  is selected from phenyl and benzodioxolyl; wherein phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro and bromo; and

$R^5$  is selected from hydrido, fluoro, and 1-methylhydrazinyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A preferred class of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula IX wherein

Z represents a carbon atom; and

$R^1$  is selected from hydrido and methyl; and

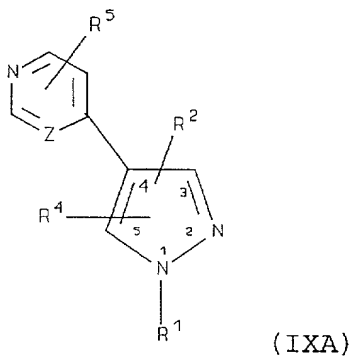
$R^2$  is hydrido; and

$R^4$  is selected from phenyl that is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro and bromo; and

$R^5$  is selected from hydrido and fluoro; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Within Formula IA there is another subclass of compounds of interest represented by Formula IXA:



wherein

Z represents a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom; and

$R^1$  is selected from hydrido, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkynyl, lower aralkyl, lower aminoalkyl and lower alkylaminoalkyl; and

$R^2$  is selected from hydrido, lower alkylamino, lower alkynylamino, arylamino, lower aralkylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aminoalkylamino, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower hydroxyalkylamino, lower carboxyalkylamino, and lower alkoxyalkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, wherein the aryl group is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, lower alkyl, aralkyl, carboxy, lower alkoxy, lower alkylaminoalkylamino, lower alkynylamino, lower heterocyclylalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl and lower alkoxycarbonyl; or

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -heterocyclyl- $R^{201}$  or  $R^{200}$ -cycloalkyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

$R^{200}$  is selected from:

- $(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-$ ;
- $NR^{202}-$ ;
- $NR^{202}-(CH_2)_y-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-$ ;
- $O-(CH_2)_y-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-O-$ ;
- $S-$ ;
- $O-$ ;

or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;

$R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower cycloalkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, lower aralkyl, lower heterocyclylalkylene, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, lower cycloalkylcarbonyl,

arylcarbonyl, haloarylcarbonyl, lower alkoxy, lower  
 alkoxyalkylene, lower alkoxyarylene, lower  
 alkoxycarbonyl, lower carboxyalkylcarbonyl, lower  
 alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, lower heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,  
 5 lower alkylsulfonyl, lower alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino,  
 lower aminoalkyl, lower alkylamino, lower aralkylamino,  
 lower alkylaminoalkylene, aminocarbonyl, lower  
 alkylcarbonylamino, lower alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,  
 lower alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl, lower  
 10 alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, lower  
 aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, lower alkoxycarbonylamino,  
 lower alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, lower  
 alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, lower alkylimidocarbonyl,  
 amidino, lower alkylamidino, lower aralkylamidino,  
 15 guanidino, lower guanidinoalkylene, and lower  
 alkylsulfonylamino; and

$R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido,  
 lower alkyl, aryl and lower aralkyl; and

$y$  is 0, 1, 2 or 3; and

20  $R^4$  is selected from aryl selected from phenyl,  
 biphenyl, naphthyl, wherein said aryl is optionally  
 substituted at a substitutable position with one or more  
 radicals independently selected from halo, lower alkyl,  
 lower alkoxy, aryloxy, lower aralkoxy, lower haloalkyl,  
 25 lower alkylthio, lower alkylamino, nitro, and hydroxy;  
 and

$R^5$  is selected from hydrido, halo, amino, cyano,  
 aminocarbonyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower  
 aminoalkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aralkyloxy, lower  
 30 aralkylamino, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower alkylamino,  
 lower hydroxyalkylamino, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower  
 aralkenyl, lower arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, lower  
 cycloalkylamino, lower hydroxycycloalkylamino, lower  
 alkoxycarbonylamino, lower alkoxyaralkylamino, lower  
 35 alkylaminoalkylamino, lower heterocyclylamino, lower  
 heterocyclylalkylamino, lower aralkylheterocyclylamino,

lower alkylaminocarbonyl, lower alkylcarbonyl, lower  
alkoxyaralkylamino, hydrazinyl, and lower  
alkylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{62}R^{63}$  wherein  $R^{62}$  is lower  
alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{63}$  is lower alkyl or lower  
5 phenylalkyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer  
thereof.

When the substituent at the 4-position of the  
pyrazole ring is a substituted pyridinyl, at least one of  
10 the substituents preferably is attached to a ring carbon  
atom adjacent the nitrogen heteroatom of the pyridine  
ring. When the substituent at the 4-position of the  
pyrazole ring is a substituted pyrimidinyl, at least one  
of the substituents preferably is attached to the carbon  
15 ring atom between the nitrogen heteroatoms of the  
pyrimidine ring. When  $R^2$  comprises a substituted  
piperidinyl or piperazinyl moiety, at least one of the  
substituents preferably is attached to the distal  
nitrogen heteroatom or to a carbon ring atom adjacent to  
20 the distal nitrogen heteroatom of the piperidine or  
piperazine ring.

A subclass of compounds of specific interest  
consists of those compounds of Formula IXA wherein:

25  $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,  
hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

$R^2$  is selected from hydrido, N-methylamino, N,N-  
dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-  
propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, N-butylamino, N-  
30 propargylamino, N-phenylamino, N-benzylamino,  
aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, aminobutylamino,  
methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino,  
ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino,  
methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino,  
35 ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino,  
morpholinylmethylamino, morpholinylethylamino,



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-NR<sup>202</sup>-;

-○-

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propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene,  
 propoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl,  
 propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl,  
 cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl,  
 5 chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,  
 hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl,  
 carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl,  
 carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,  
 methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,  
 10 ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,  
 ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,  
 propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,  
 methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,  
 propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl,  
 15 piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,  
 methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene,  
 amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-  
 methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-  
 diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino,  
 20 phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene,  
 ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene,  
 ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino,  
 ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl,  
 ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminoethylene,  
 25 ethylcarbonylaminoethylene,  
 aminomethylcarbonylaminoethylmethylene,  
 methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino,  
 methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino,  
 ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino,  
 30 methoxycarbonylaminoethylene,  
 ethoxycarbonylaminoethylene, methylimidocarbonyl,  
 ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino,  
 methylamidino, benzylamidino, guanidino,  
 guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and  
 35 methylsulfonylamino; and

$R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido,

methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and  
y is 0, 1 or 2; and

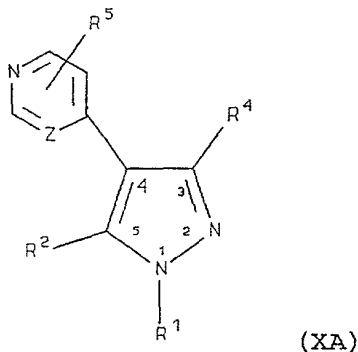
R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally  
substituted with one or more radicals independently  
5 selected from methylthio, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo,  
methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy,  
trifluoromethyl, nitro, dimethylamino, and hydroxy; and  
R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo,  
iodo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl,  
10 fluorophenylethyl, fluorophenylethenyl,  
fluorophenylpyrazolyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy,  
methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino,  
dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino,  
dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino,  
15 hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,  
hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino,  
hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino,  
imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-  
hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino,  
20 pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino,  
aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy,  
ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino,  
phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino,  
fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino,  
25 dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino,  
dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino,  
dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino,  
dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino,  
diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino,  
30 diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino,  
diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino,  
methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl,  
hydrazinyl, and 1-methylhydrazinyl, or -NR<sup>62</sup>R<sup>63</sup> wherein R<sup>62</sup>  
is methylcarbonyl or amino, and R<sup>63</sup> is methyl or benzyl;  
35 or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer

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thereof.

Within Formula IXA there is another subclass of compounds of interest represented by Formula XA:



5

wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, N-butylamino, N-propargylamino, N-phenylamino, N-benzylamino, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino, aminobutylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylmethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, piperidinylmethylamino, piperidinylethylamino, piperidinylpropylamino, piperazinylmethylamino, piperazinylethylamino, and piperazinylpropylamino, wherein the phenyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl, and piperazinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, keto, methyl, ethyl,

25

trifluoromethyl, benzyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylaminopropylamino,

dimethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylmethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, morpholinylpropylamino, wherein the phenyl and morpholinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, bromo, methyl, ethyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylmethylamino, morpholinylethylamino, and morpholinylpropylamino; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, dimethylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, and diethylaminopentylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of high interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is selected hydrido; and

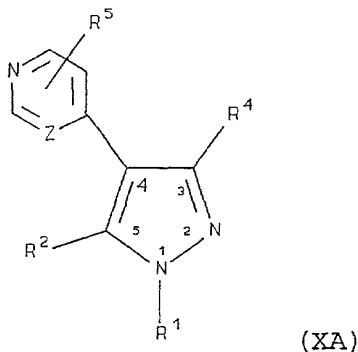
R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrido, dimethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, morpholinylethylamino, and morpholinylpropylamino; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, diethylaminoethylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Within Formula IA there is another subclass of compounds of interest represented by Formula XA:



R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl,  
5 hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>200</sup>-piperidinyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein:

R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:

- (CR<sup>202</sup>R<sup>203</sup>)<sub>y</sub>-;

-NR<sup>202</sup>-;

10 -S-;

-O-;

or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from  
the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo,  
15 iodo, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl,  
butyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl,  
hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl)ethyl,  
chloromethyl, chloroethyl, chloropropyl, chlorobutyl,  
fluoromethyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, fluorobutyl,  
20 cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl,  
ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, ethynyl, propynyl, propargyl,  
butynyl, phenyl, benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl,  
morpholinyl, piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene,  
morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy,  
25 methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene,



ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, propoxyethylene,  
 propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene,  
 propoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl,  
 propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl,  
 5 cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl,  
 chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,  
 hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl,  
 carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl,  
 carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,  
 10 methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,  
 ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,  
 ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,  
 propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,  
 methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,  
 15 propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl,  
 piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,  
 methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene,  
 amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-  
 methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-  
 20 diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino,  
 phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene,  
 ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene,  
 ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino,  
 ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl,  
 25 ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene,  
 ethylcarbonylaminomethylene,  
 aminomethylcarbonylamino, aminocarbonylmethylene,  
 methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino,  
 methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino,  
 30 ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino,  
 methoxycarbonylaminomethylene,  
 ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, methylimidocarbonyl,  
 ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino,  
 methylamidino, benzylamidino, guanidino,  
 35 guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and  
 methylsulfonylamino; and

$R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

y is 0, 1 or 2; and

5  $R^4$  is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

$R^5$  is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo,  
 10 hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino,  
 15 hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino,  
 20 aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino,  
 25 dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino,  
 30 diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl;  
 or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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A subclass of compounds of particular interest

consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

$R^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperidinyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

5  $R^{200}$  is selected from:

methylene;

- $NR^{202}$ -;

-S-;

-O-;

10 or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;

$R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl, chloropropyl, fluoromethyl, fluororoethyl, fluoropropyl, phenyl, benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene, morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, methoxymethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, propoxyethyl, propoxypropyl, methoxyphenyl, ethoxyphenyl, propoxyphenyl, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, hydroxyethylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl, ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl, propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, propoxyphenylcarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, N-benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, aminocarbonyl, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino,

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or methylsulfonylamino; and

R<sup>202</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

5 R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

10 R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl, 15 cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, 20 ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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A subclass of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; and

R<sup>2</sup> is R<sup>200</sup>-piperidinyl-R<sup>201</sup> wherein:

35 R<sup>200</sup> is selected from:  
methylene;

-NR<sup>202</sup>-;

-S-;

-O-;

or R<sup>200</sup> represents a bond;

5 R<sup>201</sup> represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, methoxymethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, propoxyethyl, propoxypropyl, methoxyphenyl, 10 ethoxyphenyl, propoxyphenyl, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, hydroxyethylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, methoxyethylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl, 15 ethoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, N-benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, aminocarbonyl, 20 methoxycarbonylamino, and ethoxycarbonylamino; and

R<sup>202</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl phenyl and benzyl; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally 25 substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, 30 hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, dimethylaminoethylamino, 35 dimethylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, diethylaminoethylamino,

diethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, and diethylaminopentylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

5

A subclass of compounds of high interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

$R^1$  is hydrido; and

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperidinyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

10

$R^{200}$  is selected from:

methylene;

- $NR^{202}$ -;

-S-;

-O-;

15

or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;

$R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, methyl, methoxyethyl, methylcarbonyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, amino, N,N-dimethylamino, and N,N-diethylamino; and

20

$R^{202}$  is selected from hydrido and methyl; and

$R^4$  is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

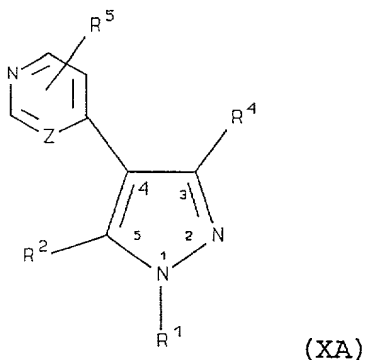
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$R^5$  is selected from hydrido, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, diethylaminoethylamino; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

30

Within Formula IXA there is another subclass of compounds of interest represented by Formula XA:



$R^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperazinyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

$R^{200}$  is selected from:

$-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-$ ;

$-NR^{202}-$ ;

$-S-$ ;

$-O-$ ;

or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;

$R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl, chloropropyl, chlorobutyl, fluoromethyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, fluorobutyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, ethynyl, propynyl, propargyl, butynyl, phenyl, benzyl, piperidiny, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene, morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, propoxyethylene, propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene,

- propoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl, hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl, carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl, ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl, propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl, piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminoethylene, ethylcarbonylaminoethylene, aminomethylcarbonylaminoethylene, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminoethylene, ethoxycarbonylaminoethylene, methylimidocarbonyl, ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino, methylamidino, benzylamidino, guanidino, guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and methylsulfonylamino; and
- $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and



y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperazinyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

$R^{200}$  is selected from:

- $(CR^{202}R^{203})_y$ -;

- $NR^{202}$ -;

5 -S-;

-O-;

or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;

$R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from  
the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo,  
10 hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl,  
hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, (1-hydroxy-  
1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl,  
chloropropyl, fluoromethyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl,  
cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl,  
15 ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, ethynyl, propynyl, propargyl,  
phenyl, benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl,  
piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene,  
morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy,  
methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, ethoxyethylene,  
20 methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl,  
ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl,  
cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl,  
cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl,  
fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,  
25 hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl,  
carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl,  
carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,  
methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,  
ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,  
30 ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,  
propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,  
methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,  
propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl,  
piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,  
35 methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene,  
amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-

- methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene,
- 5 ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene, aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene,
- 10 methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminomethylene, ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene, and methylsulfonylamino;
- 15 and
- $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, phenyl and benzyl; and
- $y$  is 0, 1 or 2; and
- $R^4$  is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally
- 20 substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and
- $R^5$  is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy,
- 25 methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-
- 30 ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino,
- 35 methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino,

methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, 5 ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

- 10 A subclass of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:
- $R^1$  is hydrido; and
- $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperazinyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:
- $R^{200}$  is selected from:
- 15 methylene;
- $NR^{202}$ -;
- S-;
- O-;
- or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;
- 20  $R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, ethynyl, propynyl, propargyl, phenyl, benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, and morpholinyl; and
- 25  $R^{202}$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, phenyl and benzyl; and
- y is 0, 1 or 2; and
- $R^4$  is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently
- 30 selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and
- $R^5$  is selected from hydrido, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, 35 hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-

ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl,  
 cyclopropylamino, amino, dimethylaminoethylamino,  
 dimethylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino,  
 dimethylaminopentylamino, diethylaminoethylamino,  
 5 diethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, and  
 diethylaminopentylamino; or  
 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer  
 thereof.

10 A subclass of compounds of high interest consists of  
 those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

$R^1$  is hydrido; and

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -piperazinyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

$R^{200}$  is selected from:

15 methylene;

- $NR^{202}$ -;

-S-;

-O-;

or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;

20  $R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from  
 the group consisting of hydrido, methyl, cyclopropyl,  
 propargyl, and benzyl; and

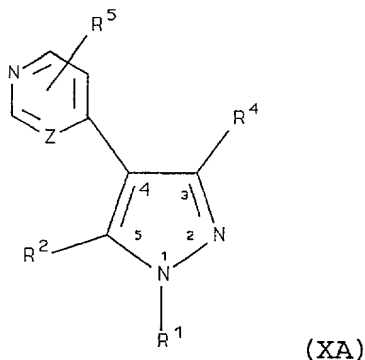
$R^{202}$  is selected from hydrido and methyl; and

25  $R^4$  is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally  
 substituted with one or more radicals independently  
 selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, and methoxy; and

$R^5$  is selected from hydrido, hydroxypropylamino,  
 hydroxycyclohexylamino, and diethylaminoethylamino; or

30 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer  
 thereof.

Within Formula IA there is another subclass of  
 compounds of interest represented by Formula XA:



$R^1$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -cyclohexyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

$R^{200}$  is selected from:

-  $(CR^{202}R^{203})_y$ -;

- $NR^{202}$ -;

-S-;

-O-;

or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;

$R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, (1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl, chloropropyl, chlorobutyl, fluoromethyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, fluorobutyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, ethynyl, propynyl, propargyl, butynyl, phenyl, benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene, morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, propoxyethylene, propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene,

- propoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl, chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,
- 5 hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl, carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl, carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl, ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,
- 10 ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl, propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl, methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl, propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl, piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,
- 15 methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene,
- 20 ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminoethylene, ethylcarbonylaminoethylene,
- 25 aminomethylcarbonylaminoethylene, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminoethylene,
- 30 ethoxycarbonylaminoethylene, methylimidocarbonyl, ethylimidocarbonyl, amidino, methylamidino, methylamidino, benzylamidino, guanidino, guanidinomethylene, guanidinoethylene, and methylsulfonylamino; and
- 35  $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

y is 0, 1 or 2; and

R<sup>4</sup> is phenyl, wherein said phenyl is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from fluoro, chloro, methyl, ethyl, methoxy and ethoxy; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, benzyl, cyano, carboxy, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, acetyl, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, imidazolylamino, morpholinylethylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, piperidinylamino, pyridinylmethylamino, phenylmethylpiperidinylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, hydroxy, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxyphenylmethylamino, phenylmethylamino, fluorophenylmethylamino, fluorophenylethylamino, methylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, methylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, methylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, methylaminopentylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, ethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyethyl and propargyl; and



$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -cyclohexyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

$R^{200}$  is selected from:

$-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-$ ;

$-NR^{202}-$ ;

5  $-S-$ ;

$-O-$ ;

or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;

$R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from  
the group consisting of hydrido, chloro, fluoro, bromo,  
10 hydroxy, carboxy, keto, methyl, ethyl, propyl,  
hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, (1-hydroxy-  
1,1-dimethyl)ethyl, chloromethyl, chloroethyl,  
chloropropyl, fluoromethyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl,  
cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, phenyl,  
15 benzyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl,  
piperidinylmethylene, piperazinylmethylene,  
morpholinylmethylene, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy,  
methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene,  
ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, propoxyethylene,  
20 propoxypropylene, methoxyphenylene, ethoxyphenylene,  
propoxyphenylene, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl,  
propylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl,  
cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, benzoyl,  
chlorobenzoyl, fluorobenzoyl, hydroxymethylcarbonyl,  
25 hydroxyethylcarbonyl, hydroxypropylcarbonyl,  
carboxymethylcarbonyl, carboxyethylcarbonyl,  
carboxypropylcarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,  
methoxyethylcarbonyl, methoxypropylcarbonyl,  
ethoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxyethylcarbonyl,  
30 ethoxypropylcarbonyl, propoxymethylcarbonyl,  
propoxyethylcarbonyl, propoxypropylcarbonyl,  
methoxyphenylcarbonyl, ethoxyphenylcarbonyl,  
propoxyphenylcarbonyl, piperidinylmethylcarbonyl,  
piperazinylmethylcarbonyl, morpholinylcarbonyl,  
35 methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylmethylene,  
amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-



ethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminopropylamino,  
ethylaminobutylamino, diethylaminobutylamino,  
ethylaminopentylamino, methylaminocarbonyl,  
methylcarbonyl, and ethylcarbonyl; or

5 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

A subclass of compounds of specific interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

10  $R^1$  is hydrido; and

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -cyclohexyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

$R^{200}$  is selected from:

methylene;

- $NR^{202}$ -;

15 -S-;

-O-;

or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;

$R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, amino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N-propylamino, N,N-dipropylamino, phenylamino, benzylamino, methylaminomethylene, ethylaminomethylene, methylaminoethylene, ethylaminoethylene, aminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylamino, ethylcarbonylamino, methylaminomethylcarbonyl, ethylaminomethylcarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminomethylene, ethylcarbonylaminomethylene, aminomethylcarbonylaminocarbonylmethylene, methoxycarbonylamino, ethoxycarbonylamino, methoxymethylcarbonylamino, methoxyethylcarbonylamino, ethoxymethylcarbonylamino, ethoxyethylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylaminomethylene, and ethoxycarbonylaminomethylene; and

35  $R^{202}$  is selected from hydrido, methyl, phenyl and benzyl; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, methylamino, dimethylamino, 2-methylbutylamino, ethylamino, dimethylaminoethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxyethylamino, hydroxypropylamino, hydroxybutylamino, hydroxycyclopropylamino, hydroxycyclobutylamino, hydroxycyclopentylamino, hydroxycyclohexylamino, (1-ethyl-2-hydroxy)ethylamino, aminomethyl, cyclopropylamino, amino, dimethylaminoethylamino, dimethylaminopropylamino, dimethylaminobutylamino, dimethylaminopentylamino, diethylaminoethylamino, diethylaminopropylamino, diethylaminobutylamino, and diethylaminopentylamino; or

A subclass of compounds of high interest consists of those compounds of Formula XA wherein:

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -cyclohexyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

methylene;

-S-;

-0-

or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;

R<sup>202</sup> is selected from hydrido and methyl; and

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxypropylamino,

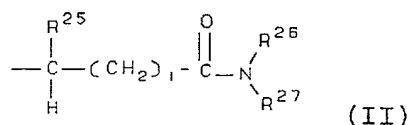
hydroxycyclohexylamino, and diethylaminoethylamino; or  
a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer  
thereof.

5           Within Formula IA is another subclass of compounds  
of interest wherein:

          R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl,  
cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl,  
heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene,  
10 heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl,  
haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,  
hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,  
arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,  
alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl,  
15 heterocycliloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl,  
alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene,  
alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,  
alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino,  
alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl,  
20 arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,  
alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,  
heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,  
alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,  
alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,  
25 heterocycliloxy carbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,  
aryloxy carbonylarylene, heterocycliloxy carbonylarylene,  
alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,  
heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,  
arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,  
30 alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,  
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,  
arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and  
heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

          R<sup>1</sup> has the formula

TOC-03-0001



wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,  
 5 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,  
 aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,  
 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and  
 heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,  
 10 alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,  
 aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,  
 cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,  
 15 cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene,  
 alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl,  
 alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,  
 aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene,  
 20 aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl,  
 alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 25 alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene,  
 arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,  
 aryloxycarbonylarylene, alkylaryloxycarbonylarylene,  
 arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,  
 30 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylarylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkoxylarylene,  
 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,  
 cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,

aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,  
 arylthioalkylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,  
 alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein  
 said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,  
 5 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,  
 alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,  
 alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,  
 arylthioalkylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups  
 10 are optionally substituted with one or more radicals  
 independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,  
 alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

$R^{27}$  is  $-\text{CHR}^{28}\text{R}^{29}$  wherein  $R^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{29}$   
 is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,  
 15 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and  
 aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and  
 heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one  
 or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and  
 20 nitro; or

$R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which  
 they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said  
 heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more  
 radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl,  
 25 heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,  
 alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,  
 alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,  
 alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and  
 alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,  
 30 heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are  
 optionally substituted with one or more radicals  
 independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy;  
 and

$R^2$  is selected from mercapto,  
 35 heterocyclylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylheterocyclyl,  
 N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino, aminocarbonylalkylene,

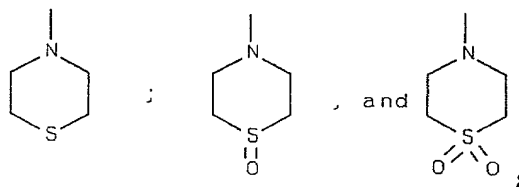
- alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,  
 aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,  
 alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, aminoalkylthio,  
 alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio,  
 5 alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, cyanoalkylthio,  
 alkenylthio, alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy, aralkylthio,  
 10 heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy, cyanoalkoxy,  
 carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy,  
 and heterocyclylalkyloxy; wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl,  
 heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are  
 optionally substituted with one or more radicals  
 15 independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl,  
 alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,  
 heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl)  
 carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl,  
 alkylamino, alkynylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino,  
 20 heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl,  
 alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or  
 $R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -heterocyclyl- $R^{201}$ ,  $R^{200}$ -aryl- $R^{201}$ , or  $R^{200}$ -  
 cycloalkyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:  
 $R^{200}$  is selected from:  
 25 -  $(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-$ ;  
 -C(O)-;  
 -C(O)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-;  
 -C(O)-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-;  
 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-C(O)-;  
 30 -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-C(O)-;  
 -NR<sup>202</sup>-;  
 -NR<sup>202</sup>-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-;  
 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-NR<sup>202</sup>-;  
 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-NR<sup>202</sup>-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>z</sub>-;  
 35 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-C(O)-NR<sup>202</sup>-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>z</sub>-;  
 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>y</sub>-NR<sup>202</sup>-C(O)-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>z</sub>-;



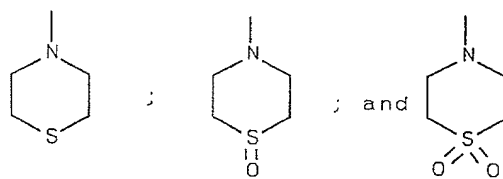
- $-(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-C(O)-NR^{203}-(CH_2)_z-$ ;  
 $-S(O)_x-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-$ ;  
 $-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-S(O)_x-$ ;  
 $-S(O)_x-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-O-$ ;  
5  $-S(O)_x-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-C(O)-$ ;  
 $-O-(CH_2)_y-$ ;  
 $-(CH_2)_y-O-$ ;  
 $-S-$ ;  
 $-O-$ ;  
10 or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;  
 $R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from  
the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy,  
carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl,  
cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,  
15 aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,  
hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,  
haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,  
alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl,  
alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,  
20 alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl,  
alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,  
aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,  
alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl,  
alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,  
25 aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino,  
alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene,  
alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino,  
aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, or  
alkylsulfonylamino; and  
30  $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido,  
alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and  
y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6  
wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and  
z is 0, 1 or 2; or  
35  $R^2$  is  $-NHCR^{204}R^{205}$  wherein  $R^{204}$  is alkylaminoalkylene,  
and  $R^{205}$  is aryl; or

$R^2$  is  $-C(NR^{206})R^{207}$  wherein  $R^{206}$  is selected from hydrogen and hydroxy, and  $R^{207}$  is selected from alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

$R^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,  
 5 quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



wherein the  $R^3$  pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl,  
 10 purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy,  
 15 carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino,  
 20 heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclylalkoxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino,  
 25 aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino,

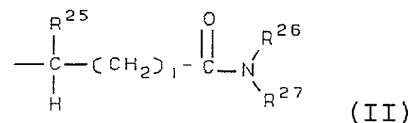
alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino,  
 aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino,  
 alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,  
 alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino,  
 5 heterocyclylheterocyclylalkylamino,  
 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro,  
 alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl,  
 aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl,  
 alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{44}R^{45}$  wherein  $R^{44}$  is  
 10 alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{45}$  is alkyl or aralkyl; and  
 $R^4$  is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,  
 cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein  
 $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals  
 independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,  
 15 alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio,  
 alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,  
 alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene,  
 alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,  
 arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,  
 20 aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl,  
 alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxy, carbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano,  
 nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,  
 arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; or  
 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer  
 25 thereof.

Within Formula IA is another subclass of compounds  
 of interest wherein:

$R^1$  is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl,  
 30 cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl,  
 heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene,  
 heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl,  
 haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl,  
 hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl,  
 35 arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,  
 alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl,

heterocyclyloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl,  
 alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene,  
 alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino,  
 alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino,  
 5 alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl,  
 arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl,  
 alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,  
 heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene,  
 alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl,  
 10 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene,  
 heterocyclyloxycarbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene,  
 aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocyclyloxycarbonylarylene,  
 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene,  
 heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene,  
 15 arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene,  
 alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene,  
 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene,  
 arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and  
 heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

20  $R^1$  has the formula



wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

25  $R^{25}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,  
 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,  
 aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,  
 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and  
 heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

30  $R^{26}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,  
 alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

$R^{27}$  is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,  
 aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,

5  
10  
15  
20  
25  
30

aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocyclcyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or

5         $R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclcyl, heterocyclcylalkylene,  
 10        alkylheterocyclcylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxy carbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxy carbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclcylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are  
 15        optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

$R^2$  is selected from hydrido, halogen, mercapto, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclcyl, haloalkyl,  
 20        hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclcyl, heterocyclcylalkyl, heterocyclcylheterocyclcyl, heterocyclcylalkylheterocyclcyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, heterocyclcylamino, heterocyclcylalkylamino, aralkylamino,  
 25        N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,  
 30        aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aminoalkylthio, alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkoxy, heterocyclcyloxy, alkylthio, cyanoalkylthio, alkenylthio,  
 35        alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclcylthio, alkoxy carbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl,

alkylsulfonyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,  
 alkoxyalkylthio, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl,  
 carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino,  
 5 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino,  
 alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy,  
 alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylsulfonyl,  
 aralkylthio, heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy,  
 10 cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,  
 alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; wherein  
 the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and  
 cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one  
 or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto,  
 15 amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,  
 aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl,  
 amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,  
 haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,  
 alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,  
 20 alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,  
 arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -heterocyclyl- $R^{201}$ ,  $R^{200}$ -aryl- $R^{201}$ , or  $R^{200}$ -  
 cycloalkyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

$R^{200}$  is selected from:

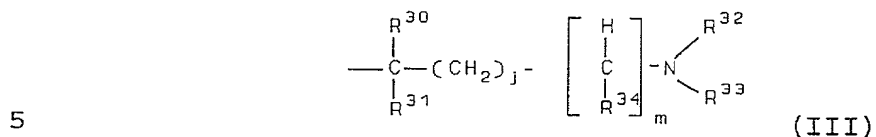
- 25 -  $(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-$ ;  
 -  $C(O)-$ ;  
 -  $C(O)-(CH_2)_y-$ ;  
 -  $C(O)-O-(CH_2)_y-$ ;  
 -  $(CH_2)_y-C(O)-$ ;  
 30 -  $O-(CH_2)_y-C(O)-$ ;  
 -  $NR^{202}-$ ;  
 -  $NR^{202}-(CH_2)_y-$ ;  
 -  $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-$ ;  
 -  $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-$ ;  
 35 -  $(CH_2)_y-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-$ ;  
 -  $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-C(O)-(CH_2)_z-$ ;

- $-(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-C(O)-NR^{203}-(CH_2)_z-$ ;  
 $-S(O)_x-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-$ ;  
 $-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-S(O)_x-$ ;  
 $-S(O)_x-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-O-$ ;  
5  $-S(O)_x-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-C(O)-$ ;  
 $-O-(CH_2)_y-$ ;  
 $-(CH_2)_y-O-$ ;  
 $-S-$ ;  
 $-O-$ ;  
10 or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;  
 $R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from  
the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy,  
carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl,  
cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,  
15 aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,  
hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,  
haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,  
alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl,  
alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl,  
20 alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl,  
alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,  
aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,  
alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl,  
alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,  
25 aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino,  
alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene,  
alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino,  
aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, or  
alkylsulfonylamino; and  
30  $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido,  
alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and  
y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6  
wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and  
z is 0, 1 or 2; or  
35  $R^2$  is  $-NHCR^{204}R^{205}$  wherein  $R^{204}$  is alkylaminoalkylene,  
and  $R^{205}$  is aryl; or



$R^2$  is  $-C(NR^{206})R^{207}$  wherein  $R^{206}$  is selected from hydrogen and hydroxy, and  $R^{207}$  is selected from alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; or

$R^2$  has the formula:



wherein:

$j$  is an integer from 0 to 8; and

$m$  is 0 or 1; and

10  $R^{30}$  and  $R^{31}$  are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

15  $R^{32}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

$R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(O)R^{35}$ ,

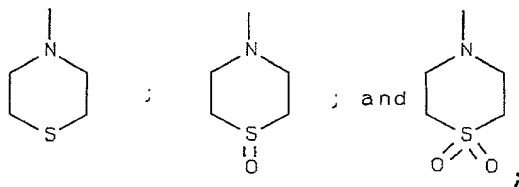
$-C(O)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein

20  $R^{35}$ ,  $R^{36}$ ,  $R^{37}$ ,  $R^{38}$ ,  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  are independently selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

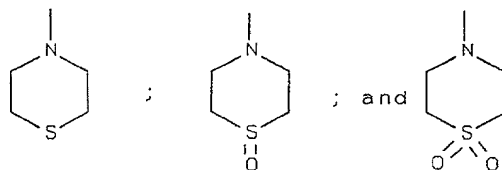
$R^{34}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

25  $R^2$  is  $-CR^{41}R^{42}$  wherein  $R^{41}$  is aryl, and  $R^{42}$  is hydroxy; and

$R^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



wherein the  $R^3$  pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



groups are substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from keto, haloarylamino, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy, alkoxyarylamino, alkylsulfonylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino, alkylheterocyclylamino, alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, heterocyclylheterocyclylalkylamino, and alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino; and

$R^4$  is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein  $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano,

nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy; or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

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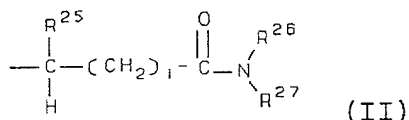
Within Formula IA is another subclass of compounds of interest wherein:

$R^1$  is selected from hydrido, hydroxy, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyaryl, heterocycliloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfanyl, alkenylsulfanyl, alkynylsulfanyl, arylsulfanyl, heterocyclylsulfanyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocycliloxy carbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocycliloxy carbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

$R^1$  has the formula

35

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wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,  
 5 heterocyclalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,  
 aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,  
 alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and  
 heterocyclalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl,  
 10 alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl,  
 alkoxyalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

R<sup>27</sup> is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl,  
 aryl, heterocycl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene,  
 cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene,  
 15 cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclalkylene, alkylarylene,  
 alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocycl,  
 alkylheterocyclalkylene, alkylheterocyclarylene,  
 aralkylheterocycl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocycl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene,  
 20 aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxyheterocyclalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene,  
 alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkylheterocycl,  
 alkoxyalkylheterocyclalkylene, aminoalkyl,  
 alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 25 alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene,  
 arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxyalkylarylene,  
 aryloxyalkylarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylarylene,  
 arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene,  
 30 alkoxyalkylheterocyclarylene,  
 alkoxyalkylalkoxyalkylarylene,  
 heterocyclalkylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene,  
 cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene,

aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,  
 arylthioalkylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene,  
 alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein  
 said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl,  
 5 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene,  
 alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene,  
 aryloxycarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,  
 alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene,  
 arylthioalkylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups  
 10 are optionally substituted with one or more radicals  
 independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl,  
 alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

$R^{27}$  is  $-CHR^{28}R^{29}$  wherein  $R^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{29}$   
 is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene,  
 15 heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene,  
 alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and  
 aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and  
 heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one  
 or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and  
 20 nitro; or

$R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which  
 they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said  
 heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more  
 radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl,  
 25 heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene,  
 alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,  
 alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl,  
 alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and  
 alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl,  
 30 heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are  
 optionally substituted with one or more radicals  
 independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy;  
 and

$R^2$  is selected from hydrido, halogen, mercapto,  
 35 alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl,  
 hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl,

heterocyclylalkyl, heterocyclylheterocyclyl,  
heterocyclylalkylheterocyclyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino,  
alkynylamino, arylamino, aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino,  
heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino,  
5 N-alkyl-N-alkynyl-amino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl,  
aminoalkylamino, aminocarbonylalkylene,  
arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene,  
alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino,  
alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,  
10 aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkylene,  
alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl,  
aminoalkylthio, alkylaminocarbonylalkylthio,  
alkylaminoalkylaminocarbonylalkylthio, alkoxy,  
heterocyclyoxy, alkylthio, cyanoalkylthio, alkenylthio,  
15 alkynylthio, carboxyalkylthio, arylthio,  
heterocyclylthio, alkoxycarbonylalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl,  
alkylsulfonyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,  
alkoxyalkylthio, carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl,  
carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl,  
20 alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylamino,  
alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl,  
alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino,  
alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkoxy,  
alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylsulfonyl,  
25 aralkylthio, heterocyclylalkylthio, aminoalkoxy,  
cyanoalkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,  
alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, and heterocyclylalkyloxy; wherein  
the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and  
cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one  
30 or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto,  
amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl,  
aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl,  
amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,  
haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino,  
35 alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,  
alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl,

arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

$R^2$  is  $R^{200}$ -heterocyclyl- $R^{201}$ ,  $R^{200}$ -aryl- $R^{201}$ , or  $R^{200}$ -cycloalkyl- $R^{201}$  wherein:

$R^{200}$  is selected from:

- 5       -  $(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-$ ;
- $C(O)-$ ;
- $C(O)-(CH_2)_y-$ ;
- $C(O)-O-(CH_2)_y-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-C(O)-$ ;
- 10       -  $O-(CH_2)_y-C(O)-$ ;
- $NR^{202}-$ ;
- $NR^{202}-(CH_2)_y-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-$ ;
- 15       -  $(CH_2)_y-C(O)-NR^{202}-(CH_2)_z-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-C(O)-(CH_2)_z-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-NR^{202}-C(O)-NR^{203}-(CH_2)_z-$ ;
- $S(O)_x-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-$ ;
- $(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-S(O)_x-$ ;
- 20       -  $S(O)_x-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-O-$ ;
- $S(O)_x-(CR^{202}R^{203})_y-C(O)-$ ;
- $O-(CH_2)_y-$ ;
- $(CH_2)_y-O-$ ;
- $S-$ ;
- 25       -  $O-$ ;

or  $R^{200}$  represents a bond;

- $R^{201}$  represents one or more radicals selected from the group consisting of hydrido, halogen, hydroxy, carboxy, keto, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl,
- 30       cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, haloarylcarbonyl, alkoxy, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxycarbonyl, carboxyalkylcarbonyl,
- 35       alkoxyalkylcarbonyl, heterocyclylalkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, amino, aminoalkyl,

alkylamino, aralkylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,  
aminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino,  
alkylcarbonylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylcarbonyl,  
alkylaminoalkylcarbonylamino,

- 5 aminoalkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonylamino,  
alkoxyalkylcarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylene,  
alkylimidocarbonyl, amidino, alkylamidino,  
aralkylamidino, guanidino, guanidinoalkylene, or  
alkylsulfonylamino; and

- 10  $R^{202}$  and  $R^{203}$  are independently selected from hydrido,  
alkyl, aryl and aralkyl; and

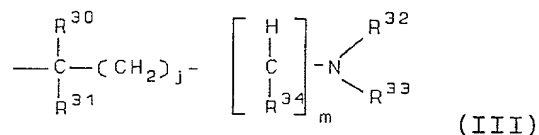
y and z are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6  
wherein y + z is less than or equal to 6; and

z is 0, 1 or 2; or

- 15  $R^2$  is  $-NHCR^{204}R^{205}$  wherein  $R^{204}$  is alkylaminoalkylene,  
and  $R^{205}$  is aryl; or

$R^2$  is  $-C(NR^{206})R^{207}$  wherein  $R^{206}$  is selected from  
hydrogen and hydroxy, and  $R^{207}$  is selected from alkyl,  
aryl and aralkyl; or

- 20  $R^2$  has the formula:



wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

m is 0 or 1; and

- 25  $R^{30}$  and  $R^{31}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  
Alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene,  
aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl,  
alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

- $R^{32}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,  
30 heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene,  
aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,  
alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and



heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

$R^{33}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl,  $-C(O)R^{35}$ ,  
 $-C(O)OR^{35}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{36}$ ,  $-C(O)NR^{37}R^{38}$ , and  $-SO_2NR^{39}R^{40}$ , wherein  
 $R^{35}$ ,  $R^{36}$ ,  $R^{37}$ ,  $R^{38}$ ,  $R^{39}$  and  $R^{40}$  are independently

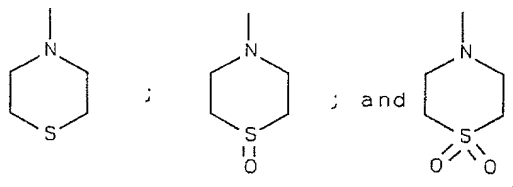
5 selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon  
 and heterocyclyl; and

$R^{34}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl,  
 alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

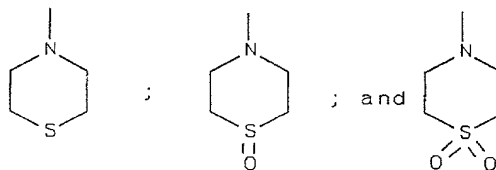
$R^2$  is  $-CR^{41}R^{42}$  wherein  $R^{41}$  is aryl, and  $R^{42}$  is hydroxy;

10 and

$R^3$  is selected from maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl,  
 thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,

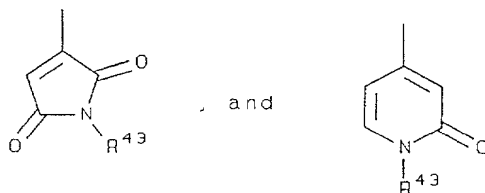


15 wherein the  $R^3$  maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl,  
 thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



groups are optionally substituted with one or more  
 radicals independently selected from halo, keto, alkyl,  
 aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy,  
 20 carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio,  
 alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl,  
 aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino,  
 alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino,  
 cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, haloarylamino,  
 25 heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy,

- hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkenoxyalkylene,  
 aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkylaminoalkoxy,  
 alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, heterocyclyloxycarbonyl,  
 alkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxyarylamino, alkoxyaralkylamino,  
 5 aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylsulfonylamino,  
 alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino,  
 aryl(hydroxyalkyl)amino, alkylaminoalkylaminoalkylamino,  
 alkylheterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino,  
 alkylheterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino,  
 10 heterocyclylheterocyclylalkylamino,  
 alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylamino, nitro,  
 alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl,  
 aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl,  
 alkylhydrazinyl, arylhydrazinyl, or  $-NR^{44}R^{45}$  wherein  $R^{44}$  is  
 15 alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{45}$  is alkyl or aralkyl; and  
 $R^4$  is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,  
 cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein  
 $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals  
 independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl,  
 20 alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio,  
 alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl,  
 alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene,  
 alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene,  
 arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy,  
 25 aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl,  
 alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano,  
 nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene,  
 arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;  
 provided that  $R^3$  is other than maleimidyl or  
 30 pyridonyl having the structures:



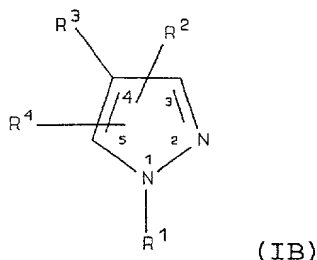
(IV)

(V)

respectively, wherein  $R^{43}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; or

- 5 a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

Another group of compounds of interest consists of compounds of Formula IB:



wherein:

$R^1$  has the same definition as previously set forth in the description of compounds of Formula IA. In another embodiment,  $R^1$  is selected from hydrido, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl and alkynyl. In still another

15 embodiment,  $R^1$  is hydrido;

$R^2$  is selected from at least one of the following four categories:

(1) piperidinyl substituted with one or more

20 substituents selected from hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, alkoxyalkynylene, and hydroxyacyl, wherein said hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene,

25 alkoxyalkynylene, and hydroxyacyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl, wherein

said cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy; or one or more substituents selected from hydroxycycloalkyl, alkoxycycloalkyl, and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl, wherein said hydroxycycloalkyl, alkoxycycloalkyl, and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, haloalkyl, and heteroarylalkyl substituents may be optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from alkylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy. In another embodiment, R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, alkoxyalkynylene, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, hydroxyalkenylcarbonyl, and hydroxyalkynylcarbonyl; or one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted hydroxycycloalkyl and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl. In still another embodiment, R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyalkenylene, hydroxyalkylcarbonyl, and hydroxyalkenylcarbonyl, and hydroxycycloalkylcarbonyl. In still another

In still another embodiment, R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl substituted with 2-hydroxyacetyl, 2-hydroxypropionyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropionyl, 2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetyl, 3-hydroxypropionyl, 2-hydroxy-3-methylbutyryl, 2-hydroxyisocaproyl, 2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropionyl, 2-hydroxy-3-imidazolylpropionyl, 1-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl, 2-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl, 3-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl, 4-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl, 1-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl, 2-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl, 3-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl, 2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexylacetyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxyisopropyl, methoxymethylene, methoxyethylene, methoxypropylene, methoxyisopropylene, ethoxymethylene, ethoxyethylene, ethoxypropylene, and ethoxyisopropylene. In each of the above embodiments, when R<sup>2</sup> is piperidinyl, the piperidinyl ring may be substituted with at least one substituent attached to the distal nitrogen heteroatom or to a carbon ring atom adjacent to the distal nitrogen heteroatom of the piperidine ring. In each of the above embodiments, the piperidinyl ring may be monosubstituted at the distal nitrogen; and

(2) cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted hydroxyalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene and cycloalkylamino. In another embodiment, R<sup>2</sup> is cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkylaminoalkylene and

cycloalkylamino. In still another embodiment, R<sup>2</sup> is cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from optionally substituted lower

hydroxyalkyl, lower dialkylaminoalkylene and

5 cycloalkylamino. In still another embodiment, R<sup>2</sup> is cyclohexyl substituted with one or more substituents selected from hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl,

hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl, methylaminomethylene,

methylaminoethylene, methylaminopropylene,

10 ethylaminomethylene, ethylaminoethylene,

ethylaminopropylene, propylaminomethylene,

propylaminoethylene, propylaminopropylene,

dimethylaminomethylene, dimethylaminoethylene,

dimethylaminopropylene, diethylaminomethylene,

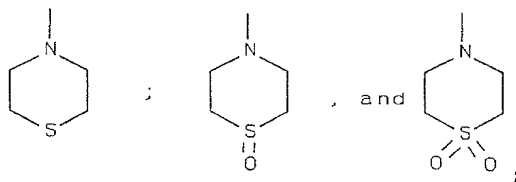
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and di-isobutylamino. In each of the above  
embodiments, when  $R^2$  is cyclohexyl, the cyclohexyl  
ring may be substituted with at least one  
substituent attached to the 4-position carbon atom  
of the cyclohexyl ring heteroatom of the piperidine  
ring. In each of the above embodiments, the  
cyclohexyl ring may be monosubstituted at the 4-  
position carbon atom; and

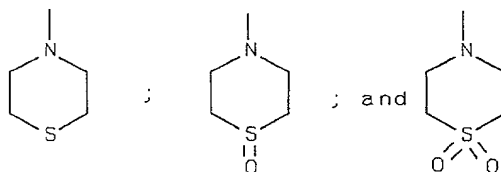
(4) piperidinylamino substituted with one or  
more alkynyl substituents. In another embodiment,  $R^2$   
is piperidinylamino substituted with optionally  
substituted lower alkynyl. In still another  
embodiment,  $R^2$  is piperidinylamino substituted with  
optionally substituted ethynyl, propynyl and  
butynyl. In still another embodiment,  $R^2$  is  
piperidinylamino substituted with optionally  
substituted propargyl. In still another embodiment,  
 $R^2$  is 4-propargylpiperidinylamino. In each of the  
above embodiments, when  $R^2$  is piperidinylamino, the  
piperidinyl ring may be substituted with at least  
one substituent attached to the distal nitrogen  
heteroatom or to a carbon ring atom adjacent to the  
distal nitrogen heteroatom of the piperidine ring.  
In each of the above embodiments, the piperidinyl  
ring may be monosubstituted at the distal nitrogen;  
and

$R^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,  
quinolinyl, purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl,  
thiazolyl, thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



wherein the  $R^3$  pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl,  
purinyl, maleimidyl, pyridonyl, thiazolyl,

thiazolylalkyl, thiazolylamino,



groups may be optionally substituted with one or  
 5 more substituents independently selected from  
 hydrogen, aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy,  
 aryloxy, arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy, wherein said  
 aryl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkyloxy, aryloxy,  
 arylamino, arylthio, aralkoxy substituents may be  
 10 optionally substituted with one or more alkylene,  
 alkenylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto,  
 amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl,  
 alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, heterocyclyl, and  
 heteroaralkoxy. In another embodiment, R<sup>3</sup> is  
 15 optionally substituted pyridinyl or pyrimidinyl. In  
 still another embodiment, R<sup>3</sup> is unsubstituted  
 pyridinyl or pyrimidinyl; and

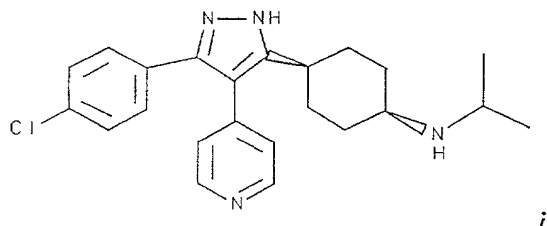
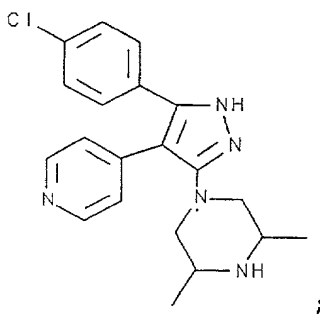
R<sup>4</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl,  
 alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and  
 20 heterocyclyl, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is optionally substituted  
 with one or more substituents independently selected  
 from halo, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano,  
 hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl, wherein said  
 haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, alkoxy, cyano, hydroxy,  
 25 alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl substituents may be  
 optionally substituted with one or more alkylene,  
 alkenylene, alkynylene, hydroxy, halo, haloalkyl,  
 alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, cyano, alkylsulfonyl,  
 alkylsulfinyl, alkylthio, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy,  
 30 heterocyclyl, and heteroaralkoxy. In another  
 embodiment, R<sup>4</sup> is selected from optionally  
 substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and  
 heterocyclyl. In still another embodiment, R<sup>4</sup> is



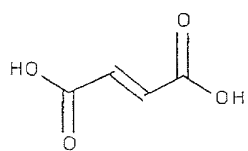
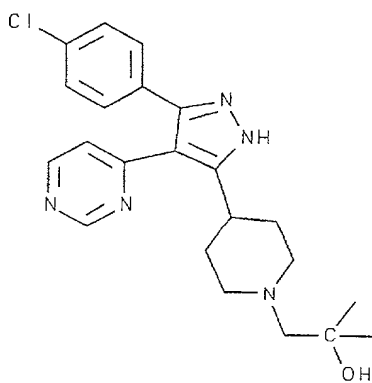
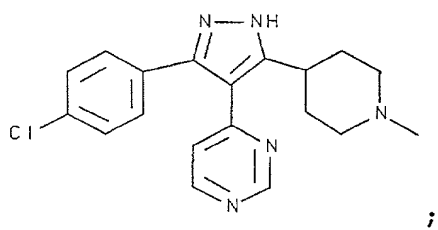
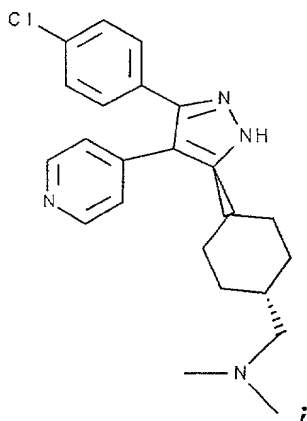
optionally substituted phenyl. In still another embodiment,  $R^4$  is phenyl optionally substituted at a substitutable position with one or more radicals independently selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo and iodo. In still another embodiment,  $R^4$  is phenyl optionally substituted at the meta or para position with one or more chloro radicals; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof. Within each of the above embodiments,  $R^2$  may be located at the 3-position of the pyrazole ring with  $R^4$  located at the 5-position of the pyrazole ring. Alternatively,  $R^2$  may be located at the 5-position of the pyrazole ring with  $R^4$  located at the 3-position of the pyrazole ring.

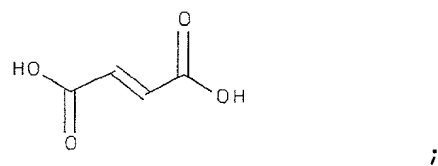
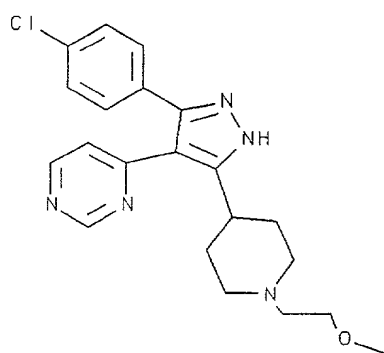
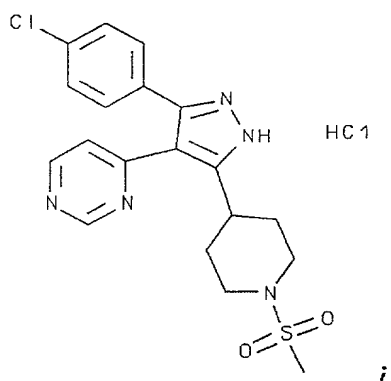
Still another group of compounds of interest consists of the compounds, their tautomers and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, of the group consisting of:



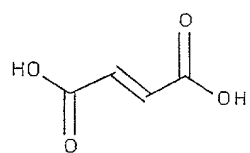
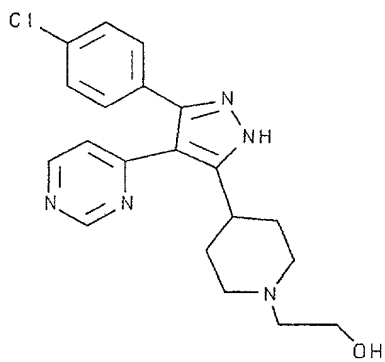
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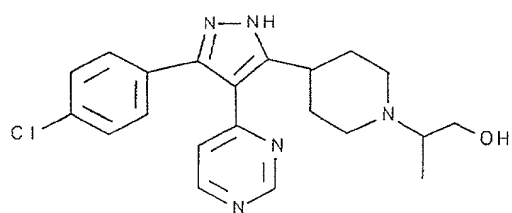
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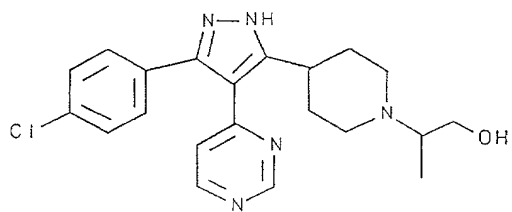
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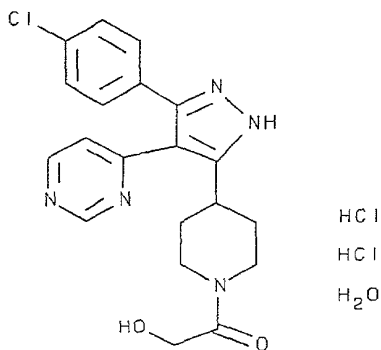
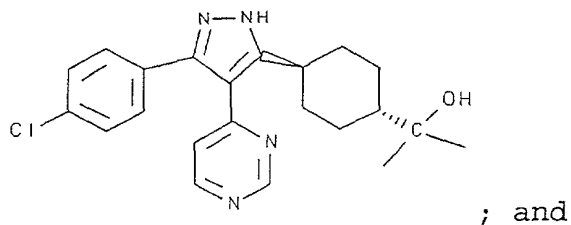
;



;



;



The term "hydrido" denotes a single hydrogen atom (H). This hydrido radical may be attached, for example, to an oxygen atom to form a hydroxyl radical or two hydrido radicals may be attached to a carbon atom to form a methylene (-CH<sub>2</sub>-) radical. Where used, either alone or within other terms such as "haloalkyl", "alkylsulfonyl", "alkoxyalkyl" and "hydroxyalkyl", "cyanoalkyl" and "mercaptoalkyl", the term "alkyl" embraces linear or branched radicals having one to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, one to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkyl radicals are "lower alkyl" radicals having one to about ten carbon atoms. Most preferred are lower alkyl radicals having one to about six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, iso-amyl, hexyl and the like. The term

"alkenyl" embraces linear or branched radicals having at least one carbon-carbon double bond of two to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, two to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkenyl radicals are "lower alkenyl" radicals having two to about six carbon atoms. Examples of alkenyl radicals include ethenyl, allyl, propenyl, butenyl and 4-methylbutenyl. The terms "alkenyl" and "lower alkenyl", embrace radicals having "cis" and "trans" orientations, or alternatively, "E" and "Z" orientations. The term "alkynyl" embraces linear or branched radicals having at least one carbon-carbon triple bond of two to about twenty carbon atoms or, preferably, two to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkynyl radicals are "lower alkynyl" radicals having two to about six carbon atoms. Examples of alkynyl radicals include propargyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, 1-butyne, 2-butyne and 1-pentynyl. The term "cycloalkyl" embraces saturated carbocyclic radicals having three to about twelve carbon atoms. The term "cycloalkyl" embraces saturated carbocyclic radicals having three to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred cycloalkyl radicals are "lower cycloalkyl" radicals having three to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl. The term "cycloalkylalkylene" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with a cycloalkyl radical. More preferred cycloalkylalkylene radicals are "lower cycloalkylalkylene" which embrace lower alkyl radicals substituted with a lower cycloalkyl radical as defined above. Examples of such radicals include cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl and cyclohexylmethyl. The term "cycloalkenyl" embraces partially unsaturated carbocyclic radicals having three to twelve carbon atoms. Cycloalkenyl radicals that are partially unsaturated carbocyclic radicals that contain

two double bonds (that may or may not be conjugated) can be called "cycloalkyldienyl". More preferred cycloalkenyl radicals are "lower cycloalkenyl" radicals having four to about eight carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include cyclobutenyl, cyclopentenyl and cyclohexenyl. The term "halo" means halogens such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine. The term "haloalkyl" embraces radicals wherein any one or more of the alkyl carbon atoms is substituted with halo as defined above. Specifically embraced are monohaloalkyl, dihaloalkyl and polyhaloalkyl radicals. A monohaloalkyl radical, for one example, may have either an iodo, bromo, chloro or fluoro atom within the radical. Dihalo and polyhaloalkyl radicals may have two or more of the same halo atoms or a combination of different halo radicals. "Lower haloalkyl" embraces radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of haloalkyl radicals include fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl and dichloropropyl. The term "hydroxyalkyl" embraces linear or branched alkyl radicals having one to about ten carbon atoms any one of which may be substituted with one or more hydroxyl radicals. More preferred hydroxyalkyl radicals are "lower hydroxyalkyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and one or more hydroxyl radicals. Examples of such radicals include hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl and hydroxyhexyl. The terms "alkoxy" and "alkyloxy" embrace linear or branched oxy-containing radicals each having alkyl portions of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred alkoxy radicals are "lower alkoxy" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy and tert-butoxy.

The term "alkoxyalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals having one or more alkoxy radicals attached to the alkyl radical, that is, to form monoalkoxyalkyl and dialkoxyalkyl radicals. The "alkoxy" radicals may be further substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide haloalkoxy radicals. The term "aryl", alone or in combination, means a carbocyclic aromatic system containing one, two or three rings wherein such rings may be attached together in a pendent manner or may be fused. The term "aryl" embraces aromatic radicals such as phenyl, naphthyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, indane and biphenyl. Aryl moieties may also be substituted at a substitutable position with one or more substituents selected independently from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, hydroxy, alkoxyalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, aminocarbonylalkylene, acyl, carboxy, and aralkoxycarbonyl. The term "heterocyclyl" embraces saturated, partially unsaturated and unsaturated heteroatom-containing ring-shaped radicals, which can also be called "heterocyclyl", "heterocycloalkenyl" and "heteroaryl" correspondingly, where the heteroatoms may be selected from nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. Examples of saturated heterocyclyl radicals include saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms (e.g. pyrrolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, piperidino, piperazinyl, etc.); saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and



1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g. morpholinyl, etc.); saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g., thiazolidinyl, etc.). Examples of partially unsaturated heterocyclyl radicals include dihydrothiophene, dihydropyran, dihydrofuran and dihydrothiazole. Heterocyclyl radicals may include a pentavalent nitrogen, such as in tetrazolium and pyridinium radicals. The term "heteroaryl" embraces unsaturated heterocyclyl radicals. Examples of heteroaryl radicals include unsaturated 3 to 6 membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms, for example, pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazolyl (e.g., 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl, etc.) tetrazolyl (e.g. 1H-tetrazolyl, 2H-tetrazolyl, etc.), etc.; unsaturated condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 5 nitrogen atoms, for example, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolizinyll, benzimidazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, indazolyl, benzotriazolyl, tetrazolopyridazinyl (e.g., tetrazolo[1,5-b]pyridazinyl, etc.), etc.; unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing an oxygen atom, for example, pyranyl, furyl, etc.; unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing a sulfur atom, for example, thienyl, etc.; unsaturated 3- to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, etc.) etc.; unsaturated condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g. benzoxazolyl, benzoxadiazolyl, etc.); unsaturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,4- thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4- thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, etc.) etc.; unsaturated

condensed heterocyclyl group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms (e.g., benzothiazolyl, benzothiadiazolyl, etc.) and the like. The term "heterocycle" also embraces radicals where heterocyclyl radicals are fused with aryl or cycloalkyl radicals. Examples of such fused bicyclic radicals include benzofuran, benzothiophene, and the like. Said "heterocyclyl group" may have 1 to 3 substituents such as alkyl, hydroxyl, halo, alkoxy, oxo, amino, alkylthio and alkylamino. The term "heterocyclylalkylene" embraces heterocyclyl-substituted alkyl radicals. More preferred heterocyclylalkylene radicals are "lower heterocyclylalkylene" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and a heterocyclyl radicals. The term "alkylthio" embraces radicals containing a linear or branched alkyl radical, of one to about ten carbon atoms attached to a divalent sulfur atom. More preferred alkylthio radicals are "lower alkylthio" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylthio radicals are methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, butylthio and hexylthio. The term "alkylthioalkylene" embraces radicals containing an alkylthio radical attached through the divalent sulfur atom to an alkyl radical of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred alkylthioalkylene radicals are "lower alkylthioalkylene" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylthioalkylene radicals include methylthiomethyl. The term "alkylsulfinyl" embraces radicals containing a linear or branched alkyl radical, of one to about ten carbon atoms, attached to a divalent  $-S(=O)-$  radical. More preferred alkylsulfinyl radicals are "lower alkylsulfinyl" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfinyl radicals include methylsulfinyl, ethylsulfinyl, butylsulfinyl and hexylsulfinyl. The term "sulfonyl", whether used alone or linked to other terms

such as "alkylsulfonyl", "halosulfonyl" denotes a divalent radical,  $-\text{SO}_2-$ . "Alkylsulfonyl" embraces alkyl radicals attached to a sulfonyl radical, where alkyl is defined as above. More preferred alkylsulfonyl radicals are "lower alkylsulfonyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfonyl radicals include methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl and propylsulfonyl. The "alkylsulfonyl" radicals may be further substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide haloalkylsulfonyl radicals. The term "halosulfonyl" embraces halo radicals attached to a sulfonyl radical. Examples of such halosulfonyl radicals include chlorosulfonyl, and bromosulfonyl. The terms "sulfamyl", "aminosulfonyl" and "sulfonamidyl" denote  $\text{NH}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}-$ . The term "acyl" denotes a radical provided by the residue after removal of hydroxyl from an organic acid. Examples of such acyl radicals include alkanoyl and aroyl radicals. Examples of such alkanoyl radicals include formyl, acetyl, propionyl, butyryl, isobutyryl, valeryl, isovaleryl, pivaloyl, hexanoyl, and radicals formed from succinic, glycolic, gluconic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, glucuronic, maleic, fumaric, pyruvic, mandelic, pantothenic,  $\beta$ -hydroxybutyric, galactaric and galacturonic acids. The term "carbonyl", whether used alone or with other terms, such as "alkoxycarbonyl", denotes  $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-$ . The terms "carboxy" or "carboxyl", whether used alone or with other terms, such as "carboxyalkyl", denotes  $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ . The term "carboxyalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with a carboxy radical. More preferred are "lower carboxyalkyl" which embrace lower alkyl radicals as defined above, and may be additionally substituted on the alkyl radical with halo. Examples of such lower carboxyalkyl radicals include carboxymethyl, carboxyethyl and carboxypropyl. The term "alkoxycarbonyl" means a radical containing an alkoxy

radical, as defined above, attached via an oxygen atom to a carbonyl radical. More preferred are "lower alkoxy carbonyl" radicals with alkyl portions having one to six carbons. Examples of such lower alkoxy carbonyl (ester) radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methoxy carbonyl, ethoxy carbonyl, propoxy carbonyl, butoxy carbonyl and hexyloxy carbonyl. The term "alkoxy carbonyl alkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with a alkoxy carbonyl radical as defined above. More preferred are "lower alkoxy carbonyl alkyl" radicals with alkyl portions having one to six carbons. Examples of such lower alkoxy carbonyl alkyl radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methoxy carbonyl methyl, ethoxy carbonyl methyl, methoxy carbonyl-ethyl and ethoxy carbonyl ethyl. The term "alkyl carbonyl", includes radicals having alkyl, hydroxy alkyl, radicals, as defined herein, attached to a carbonyl radical. Examples of such radicals include substituted or unsubstituted methyl carbonyl, ethyl carbonyl, propyl carbonyl, butyl carbonyl, pentyl carbonyl, hydroxy methyl carbonyl, hydroxy ethyl carbonyl. The term "aralkyl" embraces aryl-substituted alkyl radicals such as benzyl, diphenyl methyl, triphenyl methyl, phenyl ethyl, and diphenyl ethyl. The aryl in said aralkyl may be additionally substituted with one or more substituents selected independently from halo, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, amino and nitro. The terms benzyl and phenyl methyl are interchangeable. The term "heterocyclyl alkylene" embraces saturated and partially unsaturated heterocyclyl-substituted alkyl radicals (also can be called heterocycloalkyl alkylene and heterocycloalkenyl alkylene correspondingly), such as pyrrolidinyl methyl, and heteroaryl-substituted alkyl radicals (also can be called heteroaryl alkylene), such as pyridyl methyl, quinolyl methyl, thienyl methyl, furyl ethyl, and quinolyl ethyl. The heteroaryl in said heteroaralkyl

may be additionally substituted with halo, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl and haloalkoxy. The term "aryloxy" embraces aryl radicals attached through an oxygen atom to other radicals. The term "aralkoxy" embraces aralkyl radicals attached through an oxygen atom to other radicals. The term "aminoalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with amino radicals. More preferred are "lower aminoalkyl" radicals. Examples of such radicals include aminomethyl, aminoethyl, and the like. The term "alkylamino" denotes amino groups which are substituted with one or two alkyl radicals. Preferred are "lower alkylamino" radicals having alkyl portions having one to six carbon atoms. Suitable lower alkylamino may be monosubstituted N-alkylamino or disubstituted N,N-alkylamino, such as N-methylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N,N-diethylamino or the like. The term "arylamino" denotes amino groups which are substituted with one or two aryl radicals, such as N-phenylamino. The "arylamino" radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion of the radical. The term "aminocarbonyl" denotes an amide group of the formula  $\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}_2$ . The term "alkylaminocarbonyl" denotes an aminocarbonyl group which has been substituted with one or two alkyl radicals on the amino nitrogen atom. Preferred are "N-alkylaminocarbonyl" and "N,N-dialkylaminocarbonyl" radicals. More preferred are "lower N-alkylaminocarbonyl" and "lower N,N-dialkylaminocarbonyl" radicals with lower alkyl portions as defined above. The term "alkylcarbonylamino" embraces amino groups which are substituted with one alkylcarbonyl radicals. More preferred alkylcarbonylamino radicals are "lower alkylcarbonylamino" having lower alkylcarbonyl radicals as defined above attached to amino radicals. The term "alkylaminoalkylene" embraces radicals having one or more alkyl radicals attached to an aminoalkyl radical.

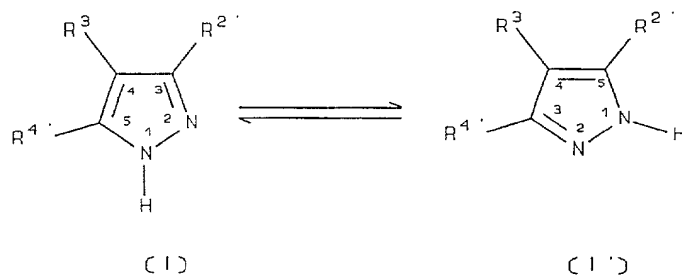
The "hydrocarbon" moieties described herein are organic compounds or radicals consisting exclusively of the elements carbon and hydrogen. These moieties include alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and aryl moieties. These moieties also include alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and aryl moieties substituted with other aliphatic or cyclic hydrocarbon groups, such as alkaryl, alkenaryl and alkynaryl. Preferably, these moieties comprise 1 to 20 carbon atoms.

The heterosubstituted hydrocarbon moieties described herein are hydrocarbon moieties which are substituted with at least one atom other than carbon, including moieties in which a carbon chain atom is substituted with a hetero atom such as nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur, or a halogen atom. These substituents include lower alkoxy such as methoxy, ethoxy, butoxy; halogen such as chloro or fluoro; ethers; acetals; ketals; esters; heterocyclyl such as furyl or thienyl; alkanoxy; hydroxy; protected hydroxy; acyl; acyloxy; nitro; cyano; amino; and amido.

The additional terms used to describe the substituents of the pyrazole ring and not specifically defined herein are defined in a similar manner to that illustrated in the above definitions. As above, more preferred substituents are those containing "lower" radicals. Unless otherwise defined to contrary, the term "lower" as used in this application means that each alkyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more alkyl radicals has one to about six carbon atoms; each alkenyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more alkenyl radicals has two to about six carbon atoms; each alkynyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more alkynyl radicals has two to about six carbon atoms; each cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more cycloalkyl and/or cycloalkenyl radicals is a 3 to 8 membered ring cycloalkyl or

cycloalkenyl radical, respectively; each aryl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more aryl radicals is a monocyclic aryl radical; and each heterocyclyl radical of a pyrazole ring substituent comprising one or more heterocyclyl radicals is a 4-8 membered ring heterocyclyl.

The present invention comprises the tautomeric forms of compounds of Formulae I and IX (as well as the compounds of Formulae (IA and IXA)). As illustrated below, the pyrazoles of Formula I and I' are magnetically and structurally equivalent because of the prototropic tautomeric nature of the hydrogen:



The present invention also comprises compounds of Formula I, IA, IX, IXA, X, XA and XI having one or more asymmetric carbons. It is known to those skilled in the art that those pyrazoles of the present invention having asymmetric carbon atoms may exist in diastereomeric, racemic, or optically active forms. All of these forms are contemplated within the scope of this invention. More specifically, the present invention includes enantiomers, diastereomers, racemic mixtures, and other mixtures thereof.

The present invention comprises a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of a TNF mediated disorder, a p38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation, and/or arthritis, comprising a therapeutically-effective amount

of a compound of Formula I and/or IA, or a therapeutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof, in association with at least one pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier, adjuvant or diluent.

The present invention further encompasses substituted pyrazoles that specifically bind to the ATP binding site of p38 kinase. Without being held to a particular theory, applicants hypothesize that these substituted pyrazoles interact with p38 kinase as set forth below. As the substituent at the 3-position of the pyrazole ring approaches the ATP binding site of p38 kinase, a hydrophobic cavity in the p38 kinase forms around the 3-position substituent at the binding site. This hydrophobic cavity is believed to form as the 3-position substituent binds to a specific peptide sequence of the enzyme. In particular, it is believed to bind to the sidechains of Lys<sub>52</sub>, Glu<sub>69</sub>, Leu<sub>73</sub>, Ile<sub>82</sub>, Leu<sub>84</sub>, Leu<sub>101</sub> and the methyl group of the Thr<sub>103</sub> sidechain of p38 kinase at the ATP binding site (wherein the numbering scheme corresponds to the numbering scheme conventionally used for ERK-2). Where the 3-position substituent is aryl or heteroaryl, such aryl or heteroaryl may be further substituted. It is hypothesized that such ring substituents may be beneficial in preventing hydroxylation or further metabolism of the ring.

The substituent at the 4-position of the pyrazole ring is one that is a partial mimic of the adenine ring of ATP, although it may be further elaborated. Preferably, it is a planar substituent terminated by a suitable hydrogen bond acceptor functionality. It is hypothesized that this acceptor hydrogen bonds to the backbone N-H of the Met<sub>106</sub> residue while one edge of this substituent is in contact with bulk solvent.

Substitution at the 5-position of the pyrazole ring is well tolerated and can provide increased potency and selectivity. It is hypothesized that such substituents

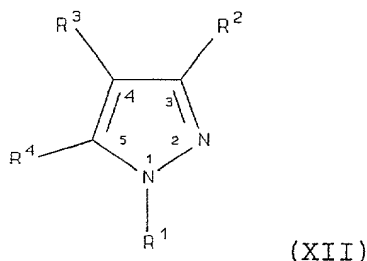


extend out in the direction of the bulk solvent and that suitable polar functionality placed at its terminus can interact with the sidechain of Asp<sup>109</sup>, leading to increased potency and selectivity.

Similarly, substitution on the nitrogen atom at the 1- or 2-position of the pyrazole ring is well tolerated and can provide increased potency. It is hypothesized that a hydrogen substituent attached to one of the ring nitrogen atoms is hydrogen bonded to Asp<sub>165</sub>. Preferably, the nitrogen atom at the 2-position is double bonded to the carbon atom at the 3-position of the pyrazole while the nitrogen atom at the 1-position of the pyrazole is available for substitution with hydrogen or other substituents.

The 5-position substituent and the 1- or 2-position substituent of the pyrazole can be selected so as to improve the physical characteristics, especially aqueous solubility and drug delivery performance, of the substituted pyrazole. Preferably, however, these substituents each have a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units. More preferably, these substituents each have a molecular weight less than about less than about 250 atomic mass units. Still more preferably, these substituents have a combined molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.

A class of substituted pyrazoles of particular interest consists of those compounds having the formula:



wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and

R<sup>2</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical that binds with p38 kinase at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase; and

R<sup>3</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality; and

R<sup>4</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units;

provided R<sup>3</sup> is not 2-pyridinyl when R<sup>4</sup> is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrido; further provided R<sup>2</sup> is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when R<sup>4</sup> is hydrido; and further provided R<sup>4</sup> is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

In this embodiment of the invention, one or more of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> preferably are selected from the corresponding groups of the compounds of Formula I and/or IA. More preferably, R<sup>3</sup> is an optionally substituted pyridinyl or pyrimidinyl, R<sup>4</sup> is a halo substituted phenyl, and R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> have the definitions set forth immediately above.

A class of substituted pyrazoles of particular interest consists of those compounds of Formula XI wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units; and

R<sup>2</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or

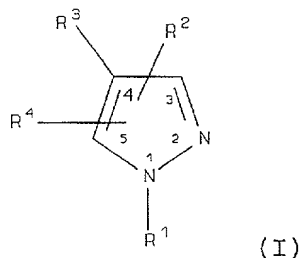
heterocyclyl radical wherein said radical binds with Lys<sub>52</sub>, Glu<sub>69</sub>, Leu<sub>73</sub>, Ile<sub>82</sub>, Leu<sub>84</sub>, Leu<sub>101</sub>, and Thr<sub>103</sub> sidechains at said ATP binding site of p38 kinase, said radical being substantially disposed within a hydrophobic cavity formed during said binding by p38 kinase at the ATP binding site; and

R<sup>3</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a hydrogen bond acceptor functionality that hydrogen bonds with the N-H backbone of Met<sub>106</sub> of p38 kinase; and

R<sup>4</sup> is a hydrocarbyl, heterosubstituted hydrocarbyl or heterocyclyl radical having a molecular weight less than about 360 atomic mass units.

The present invention also comprises a therapeutic method of treating a TNF mediated disorder, a p38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation and/or arthritis in a subject, the method comprising treating a subject having or susceptible to such disorder or condition with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I and/or IA.

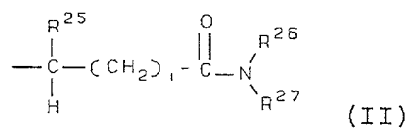
For example, in one embodiment the present invention comprises a therapeutic method of treating a TNF mediated disorder, a p38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation and/or arthritis in a subject, the method comprising treating a subject having or susceptible to such disorder or condition with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula I



wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrido, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, haloalkyl, haloalkenyl, haloalkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, hydroxyalkenyl, hydroxyalkynyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, aralkynyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, alkynoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, heterocycliloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, mercaptoalkyl, alkylthioalkylene, alkenylthioalkylene, alkylthioalkenylene, amino, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, alkylsulfinyl, alkenylsulfinyl, alkynylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, heterocyclylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkenylsulfonyl, alkynylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heterocyclylsulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylalkylene, acyl, acyloxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, aryloxycarbonylalkylene, heterocycliloxy carbonylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylarylene, aryloxycarbonylarylene, heterocycliloxy carbonylarylene, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylene, alkylcarbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylarylene, alkylcarbonyloxyalkylene, arylcarbonyloxyalkylene, heterocyclylcarbonyloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyloxyarylene, arylcarbonyloxyarylene, and heterocyclylcarbonyloxyarylene; or

R<sup>1</sup> has the formula



wherein:

i is an integer from 0 to 9;

R<sup>25</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl,

heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene; and

$R^{26}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkylalkylene, aralkyl, alkoxy carbonylalkylene, and alkylaminoalkyl; and

$R^{27}$  is selected from alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, cycloalkylalkylene, cycloalkenylalkylene, cycloalkylarylene, cycloalkylcycloalkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylarylene, alkylaralkyl, aralkylarylene, alkylheterocyclyl, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, aralkylheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkoxyaralkyl, alkoxyheterocyclyl, alkoxyalkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, aralkoxyarylene, alkoxyheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkoxyarylene, alkoxy carbonylalkylene, alkoxy carbonyl heterocyclyl, alkoxy carbonyl heterocyclyl carbonylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkoxyarylaminocarbonylalkylene, aminocarbonylalkylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, alkylaminocarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, alkoxy carbonylarylene, aryloxy carbonylarylene, alkylaryloxy carbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene, alkylarylcarbonylarylene, alkoxy carbonyl heterocyclylarylene, alkoxy carbonylalkoxyarylene, heterocyclylcarbonylalkylarylene, alkylthioalkylene, cycloalkylthioalkylene, alkylthioarylene, aralkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalkylarylene, arylsulfonylaminoalkylene, alkylsulfonylarylene, alkylaminosulfonylarylene; wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylarylene, alkoxyarylene, aryloxyarylene, arylaminocarbonylalkylene, aryloxy carbonylarylene, arylcarbonylarylene,

alkylthioarylene, heterocyclylthioarylene, arylthioalkylarylene, and alkylsulfonylarylene groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, alkoxy, keto, amino, nitro, and cyano; or

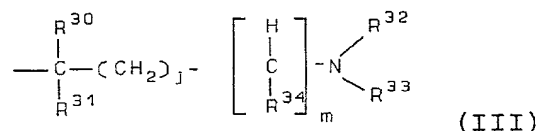
$R^{27}$  is  $-CHR^{28}R^{29}$  wherein  $R^{28}$  is alkoxycarbonyl, and  $R^{29}$  is selected from aralkyl, aralkoxyalkylene, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, alkoxycarbonylalkylene, alkylthioalkylene, and aralkylthioalkylene; wherein said aralkyl and heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl and nitro; or

$R^{26}$  and  $R^{27}$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a heterocycle, wherein said heterocycle is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkylene, alkylheterocyclylalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, alkoxyarylene, alkylaryloxyalkylene, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aralkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino and alkoxycarbonylamino; wherein said aryl, heterocyclylalkylene and aryloxyalkylene radicals are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halogen, alkyl and alkoxy; and

$R^2$  is selected from hydrido, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, aralkyl, alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylamino, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, aminoalkylamino, arylaminoalkylene, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoarylene, alkylaminoarylene, alkylaminoalkylamino, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy, heterocycliloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, heterocyclylthio, carboxy, carboxyalkyl,

carboxycycloalkyl, carboxycycloalkenyl, carboxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclyl, alkoxycarbonylheterocyclylcarbonyl, alkoxyalkylamino, alkoxycarbonylaminoalkylamino, and heterocyclylsulfonyl; wherein the aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, keto, amino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, epoxyalkyl, amino(hydroxyalkyl) carboxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, haloalkyl, alkylamino, alkynylamino, alkylaminoalkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, and aralkylsulfonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> has the formula:



wherein:

j is an integer from 0 to 8; and

m is 0 or 1; and

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, and alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl; and

R<sup>32</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aralkyl, heterocyclylalkyl, alkoxyalkylene, aryloxyalkylene, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylalkylene, arylcarbonylalkylene, and heterocyclylcarbonylaminoalkylene;

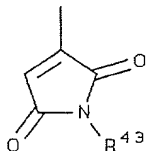
R<sup>33</sup> is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, -C(O)R<sup>35</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>35</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>36</sup>, -C(O)NR<sup>37</sup>R<sup>38</sup>, and -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>39</sup>R<sup>40</sup>, wherein R<sup>35</sup>, R<sup>36</sup>, R<sup>37</sup>, R<sup>38</sup>, R<sup>39</sup> and R<sup>40</sup> are independently

selected from hydrocarbon, heterosubstituted hydrocarbon and heterocyclyl; and

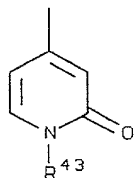
$R^{34}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, and arylaminocarbonyl; or

$R^2$  is  $-CR^{41}R^{42}$  wherein  $R^{41}$  is aryl, and  $R^{42}$  is hydroxy; and

$R^3$  is selected from pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl, purinyl,



, and



(IV)

(V)

wherein  $R^{43}$  is selected from hydrogen, alkyl, aminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenoxyalkyl, and aryloxyalkyl; and

wherein the  $R^3$  pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, quinolinyl and purinyl groups are optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, aralkyl, aralkenyl, arylheterocyclyl, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclylalkoxy, amino, alkylamino, alkenylamino, alkynylamino, cycloalkylamino, cycloalkenylamino, arylamino, heterocyclylamino, aminocarbonyl, cyano, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxy carbonyl, aryloxy carbonyl, heterocyclylalkoxy carbonyl, alkoxy carbonylamino, alkoxy aralkylamino, aminosulfinyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminoalkylamino, hydroxyalkylamino, aralkylamino, heterocyclylalkylamino, aralkylheterocyclylamino, nitro, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, halosulfonyl, aminoalkyl, haloalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, hydrazinyl, alkylhydrazinyl,



arylhrazinyl, or  $-NR^{44}R^{45}$  wherein  $R^{44}$  is alkylcarbonyl or amino, and  $R^{45}$  is alkyl or aralkyl; and

$R^4$  is selected from hydrido, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, and heterocyclyl, wherein  $R^4$  is optionally substituted with one or more radicals independently selected from halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylthio, arylthio, alkylthioalkylene, arylthioalkylene, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinylalkylene, arylsulfinylalkylene, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonylalkylene, arylsulfonylalkylene, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, haloalkyl, amino, cyano, nitro, alkylamino, arylamino, alkylaminoalkylene, arylaminoalkylene, aminoalkylamino, and hydroxy;

provided  $R^3$  is not 2-pyridinyl when  $R^4$  is a phenyl ring containing a 2-hydroxy substituent and when  $R^1$  is hydrido; further provided  $R^2$  is selected from aryl, heterocyclyl, unsubstituted cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl when  $R^4$  is hydrido; and further provided  $R^4$  is not methylsulfonylphenyl; or

a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or tautomer thereof.

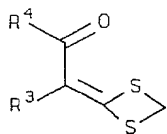
The present invention also is directed to the use of the compounds of Formula I and/or IA in the preparation of medicaments useful in the treatment and/or prophylaxis of p38 kinase mediated conditions and disorders.

Also included in the family of compounds of Formulae I and/or IA are the pharmaceutically-acceptable salts and prodrugs thereof. The term "pharmaceutically-acceptable salts" embraces salts commonly used to form alkali metal salts and to form addition salts of free acids or free bases. The nature of the salt is not critical, provided that it is pharmaceutically-

acceptable. Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable acid addition salts of compounds of Formulae I and/or IA may be prepared from an inorganic acid or from an organic acid. Examples of such inorganic acids are hydrochloric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic, nitric, carbonic, sulfuric and phosphoric acid. Appropriate organic acids may be selected from aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, aromatic, araliphatic, heterocyclyl, carboxylic and sulfonic classes of organic acids, example of which are formic, acetic, propionic, succinic, glycolic, gluconic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, glucuronic, maleic, fumaric, pyruvic, aspartic, glutamic, benzoic, anthranilic, mesylic, stearic, salicylic, *p*-hydroxybenzoic, phenylacetic, mandelic, embonic (pamoic), methanesulfonic, ethanesulfonic, benzenesulfonic, pantothenic, toluenesulfonic, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonic, sulfanilic, cyclohexylaminosulfonic, algenic,  $\beta$ -hydroxybutyric, galactaric and galacturonic acid. Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable base addition salts of compounds of Formula I and/or IA include metallic salts and organic salts. More preferred metallic salts include, but are not limited to appropriate alkali metal (group Ia) salts, alkaline earth metal (group IIa) salts and other physiological acceptable metals. Such salts can be made from aluminum, calcium, lithium, magnesium, potassium, sodium and zinc. Preferred organic salts can be made from tertiary amines and quaternary ammonium salts, including in part, tromethamine, diethylamine, *N,N'*-dibenzylethylenediamine, chloroprocaine, choline, diethanolamine, ethylenediamine, meglumine (*N*-methylglucamine) and procaine. All of these salts may be prepared by conventional means from the corresponding compound of Formulae I and/or IA by reacting, for example, the appropriate acid or base with the compound of Formulae I and/or IA.

The present invention additionally comprises a class

of compounds defined by Formula XX:



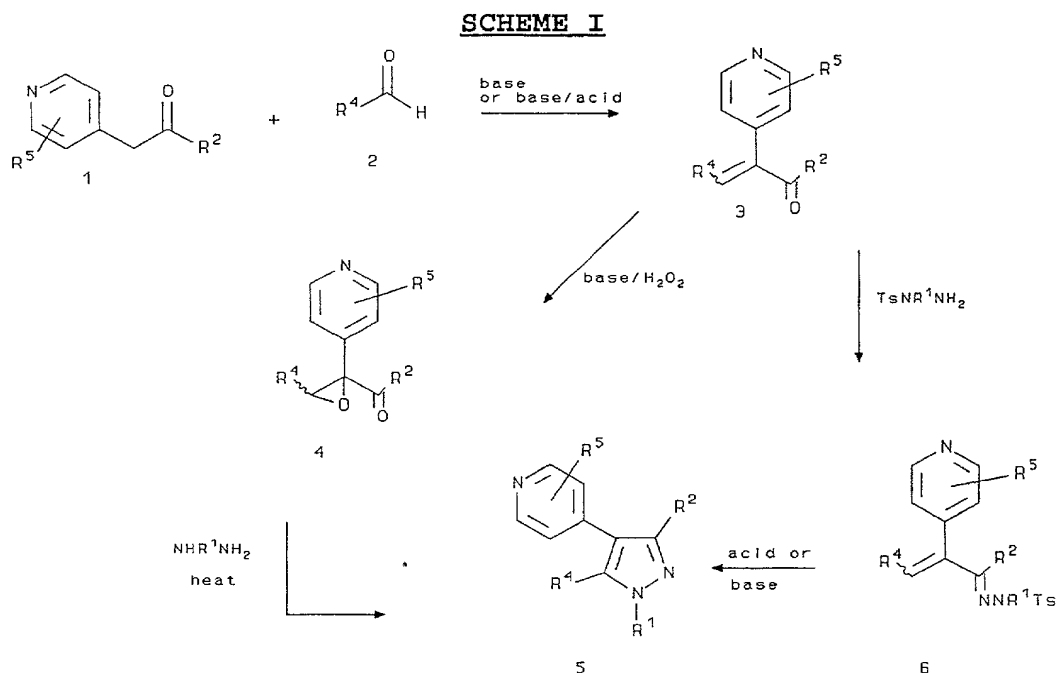
(XX)

wherein R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as defined for the compounds of Formulae I and/or IA. Also included in the family of compounds of Formula XX are the pharmaceutically-acceptable salts and prodrugs thereof.

The compounds of Formula XX are useful as intermediates in the preparation of the compounds of Formulae I and/or IA. In addition, the compounds of Formula XX themselves have been found to show usefulness as p38 kinase inhibitors. These compounds are useful for the prophylaxis and treatment of the same p38 kinase mediated disorders and conditions as the compounds of formulae I and/or IA. Accordingly, the present invention provides a method of treating a cytokine-mediated disease which comprises administering an effective cytokine-interfering amount of a compound of Formula XX or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

The present invention further comprises a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of a TNF mediated disorder, a p38 kinase mediated disorder, inflammation, and/or arthritis, comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formula XX, or a therapeutically-acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, in association with at least one pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier, adjuvant or diluent.

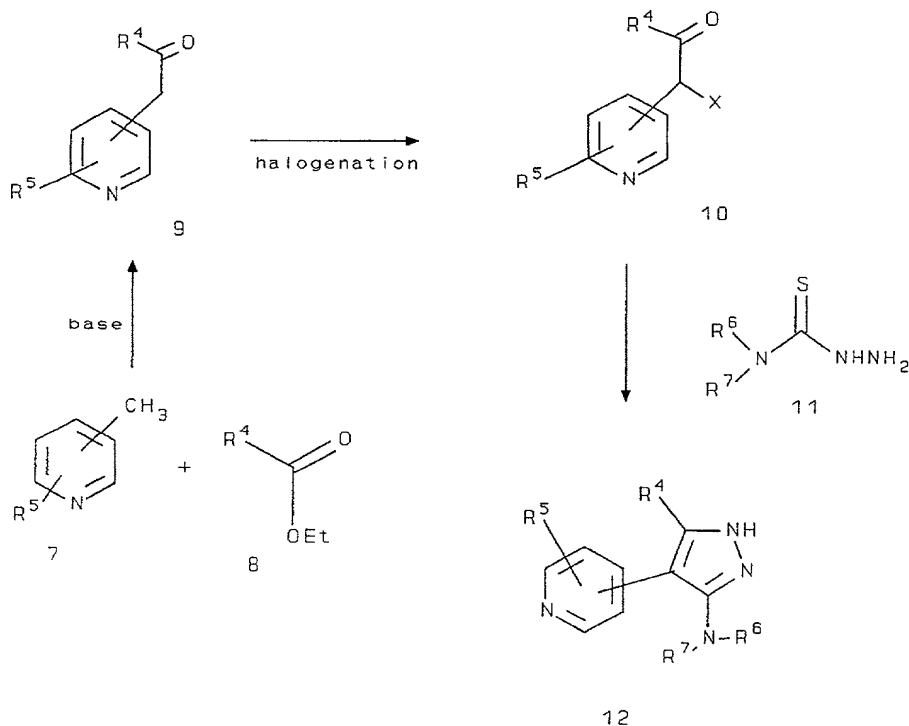
The compounds of the invention can be prepared according to the following procedures of Schemes I-XXIX wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$  and  $Ar^1$  are as previously defined for the compounds of Formula I, IX, X and XI except where expressly noted.



Scheme I shows the synthesis of pyrazole 5 by two routes. Condensation of the pyridylmethyl ketone 1 with aldehyde 2 in the presence of a base, such as piperidine, in a solvent, such as toluene or benzene, either in the absence or the presence of acetic acid at reflux, provides the  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated ketone 3. In route 1, ketone 3 is first converted to epoxide 4, such as by treatment with hydrogen peroxide solution at room temperature, in the presence of base such as sodium hydroxide. Treatment of epoxide 4 with hydrazine in ethanol or other suitable solvent at a temperature ranging up to reflux, yields pyrazole 5. In route 2, ketone 3 is condensed directly with tosyl hydrazide in the presence of an acid such as acetic acid, at reflux,

to provide pyrazole 5. Alternatively, the intermediate tosyl hydrazone 6 may be isolated, conversion of it to pyrazole 5 is effected by treatment with a base, such as potassium hydroxide, in a suitable solvent, such as ethylene glycol, at a temperature ranging from 25 °C up to 150 °C.

**SCHEME II**



Scheme II shows the synthesis of pyrazole 12 of the present invention. The treatment of pyridine derivative 7 with ester 8 in the presence of a base, such as sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, in a suitable solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran, gives ketone 9. Treatment of ketone 9 or a hydrohalide salt of ketone 9 with a halogenating agent, such as bromine, N-bromosuccinimide or N-chlorosuccinimide, in suitable solvents, such as acetic acid, methylene chloride, methanol, or combinations thereof, forms the α-halogenated ketone 10 (wherein X is halo). Examples of suitable hydrohalide salts include

the hydrochloride and hydrobromide salts. Reaction of haloketone 10 with thiosemicarbazide 11 (where R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> can be hydrido, lower alkyl, phenyl, heterocyclyl and the like or where R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> form a heterocyclyl ring optionally containing an additional heteroatom) provides pyrazole 12. Examples of suitable solvents for this reaction are ethanol and dimethylformamide. The reaction may be carried out in the presence or absence of base or acid at temperatures ranging from room temperature to 100 °C.

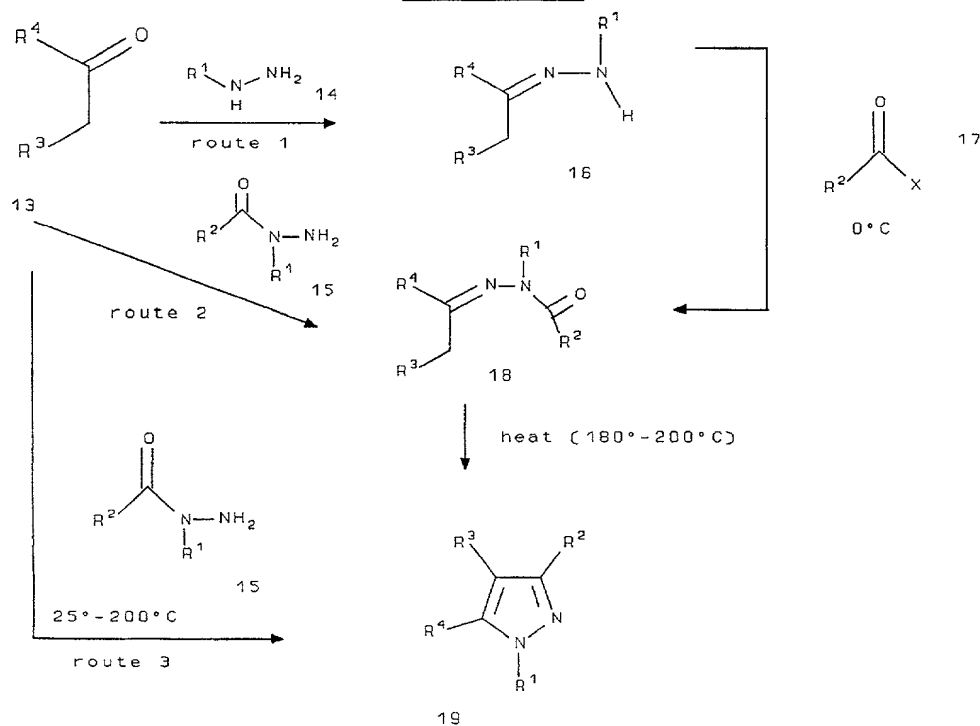
Thiosemicarbazides which are not commercially available may be conveniently prepared by one skilled in the art by first reacting an appropriate amine with carbon disulfide in the presence of a base, followed by treatment with an alkylating agent such as methyl iodide. Treatment of the resultant alkyl dithiocarbamate with hydrazine results in the desired thiosemicarbazide. This chemistry is further described in E. Lieber and R.C. Orlowski, J. Org. Chem., Vol. 22, p. 88 (1957). An alternative approach is to add hydrazine to appropriately substituted thiocyanates as described by Y. Nomoto et al., Chem. Pharm. Bull., Vol. 39, p.86 (1991). The Lieber and Nomoto publications are incorporated herein by reference.

Where Compound 12 contains a second derivatizable nitrogen atom, a wide range of substituents may be placed on that atom by methods known to those skilled in the art. For example, in cases where R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached comprise a piperazine ring, the distal nitrogen of that ring may be, for example, (i) methylated by reaction with formic acid and formaldehyde; (ii) propargylated by reaction with propargyl bromide in a suitable solvent such as dimethylformamide in the presence of a suitable base such as potassium carbonate; (iii) acylated or sulfonylated by reaction with a suitable acyl or sulfonyl derivative in

pyridine; or (iv) cyclopropanated by reaction with [1(1-ethoxycyclopropyl)oxy]trimethylsilane using sodium cyanoborohydride in the presence of acetic acid.

Additionally, one of the nitrogen atoms of the pyrazole ring optionally may be alkylated by reaction with an alkyl halide, such as propargyl bromide, in the presence of a strong base such as sodium hydride.

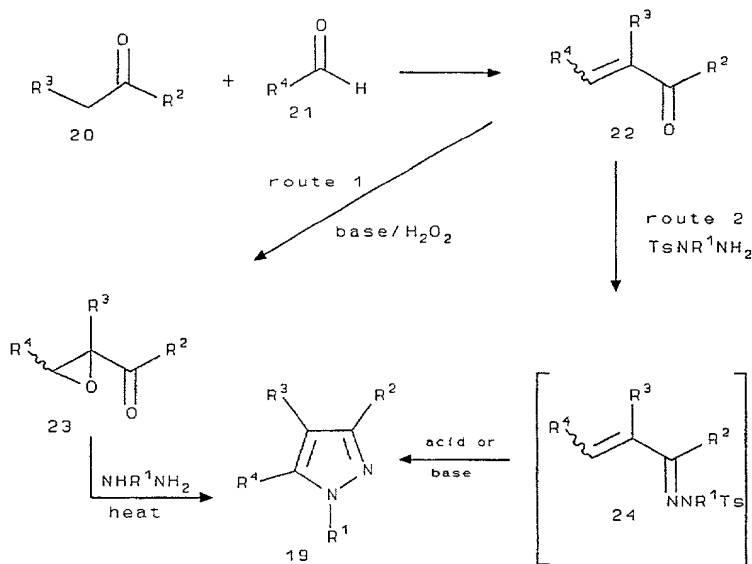
### SCHEME III



Scheme III shows the synthesis of pyrazole 19 in more general form by three routes. In Route 1, ketone 13 is condensed with hydrazine 14 to give the substituted hydrazide 16, which is then reacted with acyl halide or anhydride 17 at low temperature to provide acyl hydrazone 18. Upon heating at a temperature up to 200°C, acyl hydrazone 18 is converted to pyrazole 19. In Route 2, acyl hydrazone 18 is formed directly by reaction of ketone 13 with acyl hydrazone 15, formed by reaction of hydrazine with a carboxylic acid ester, at room

temperature. Heating acyl hydrazone **18** as above then provides pyrazole **19**. In Route 3, ketone **13** is treated with acyl hydrazide **15** at a suitable temperature, ranging from room temperature to about 200 °C, to give pyrazole **19** directly. Alternatively, this condensation may be carried out in an acidic solvent, such as acetic acid, or in a solvent containing acetic acid.

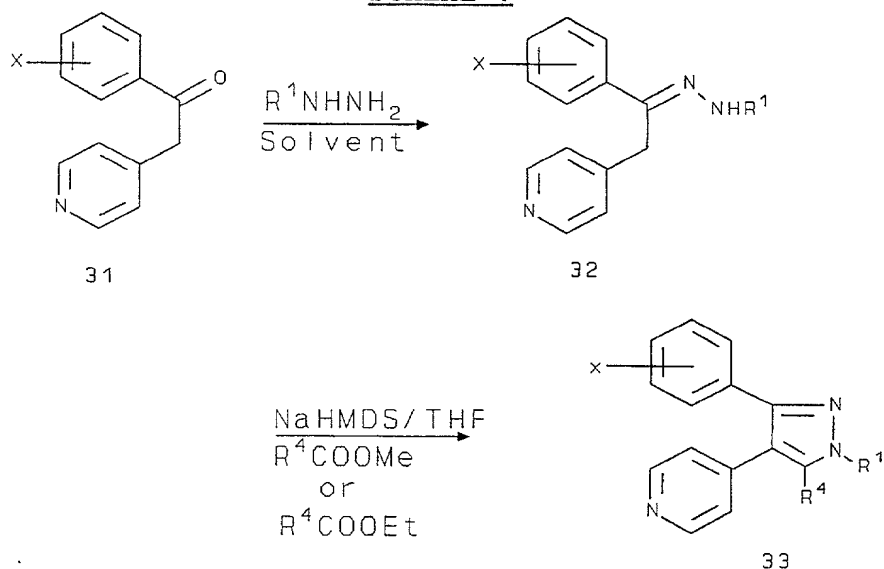
SCHEME IV



Synthetic Scheme IV describes the preparation of pyrazole **19**.



## SCHEME V



X = halyl, alkyl

R<sup>1</sup> = Me, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH

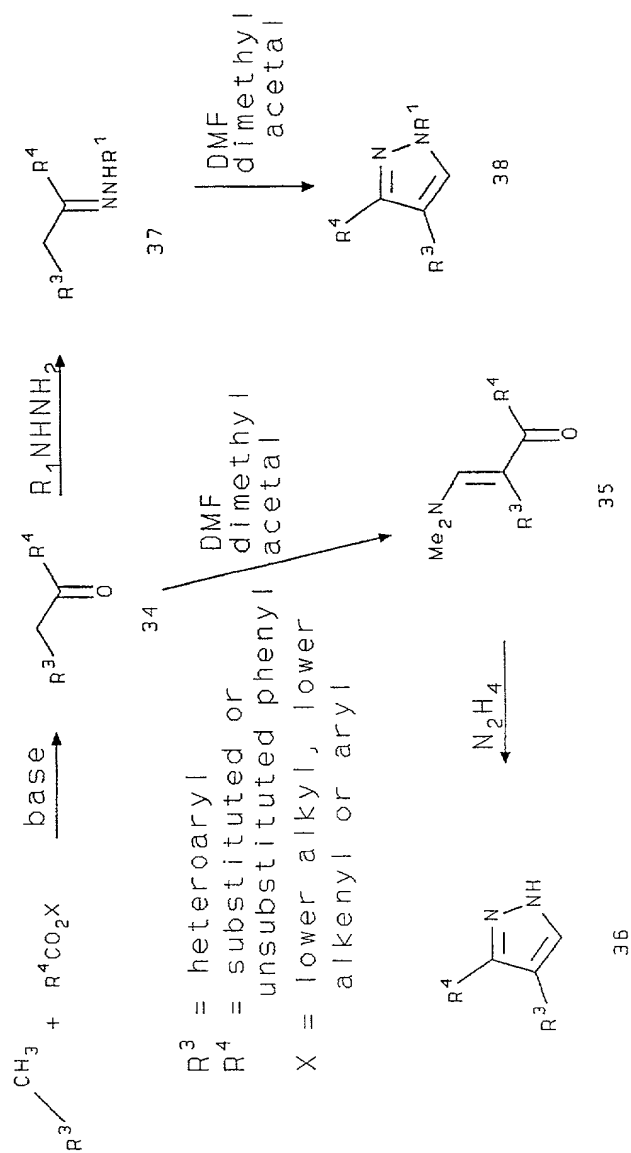
R<sup>4</sup> = cyclopropyl, 4-pyridyl,  
4-imidazolyl

Scheme V shows the two step synthesis of the 3-substituted 4-pyridyl-5-arylpirazoles **33** of the present invention by cyclization of hydrazone dianions with carboxylates. In step 1, the reaction of substituted pyridylmethyl ketones **31** (prepared, for example, as later described in Scheme IX) with hydrazines in the presence of solvents such as ethanol gives ketohydrazones **32**. Examples of suitable hydrazines include, but are not limited to, phenylhydrazine and p-methoxyphenylhydrazine. In step 2, the hydrazones **32** are treated with two equivalents of a base such as sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide in a suitable solvent such as tetrahydrofuran to generate dianions. This reaction may be carried out at temperatures of about 0 °C or lower. In the same step, the dianions then are condensed with esters such as methyl isonicotinate, methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate, to give the desired pyrazoles

33. It may be necessary to treat the product from this step with a dehydrating agent, such as a mineral acid, to produce the target pyrazole in some instances.

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**SCHEME VI**

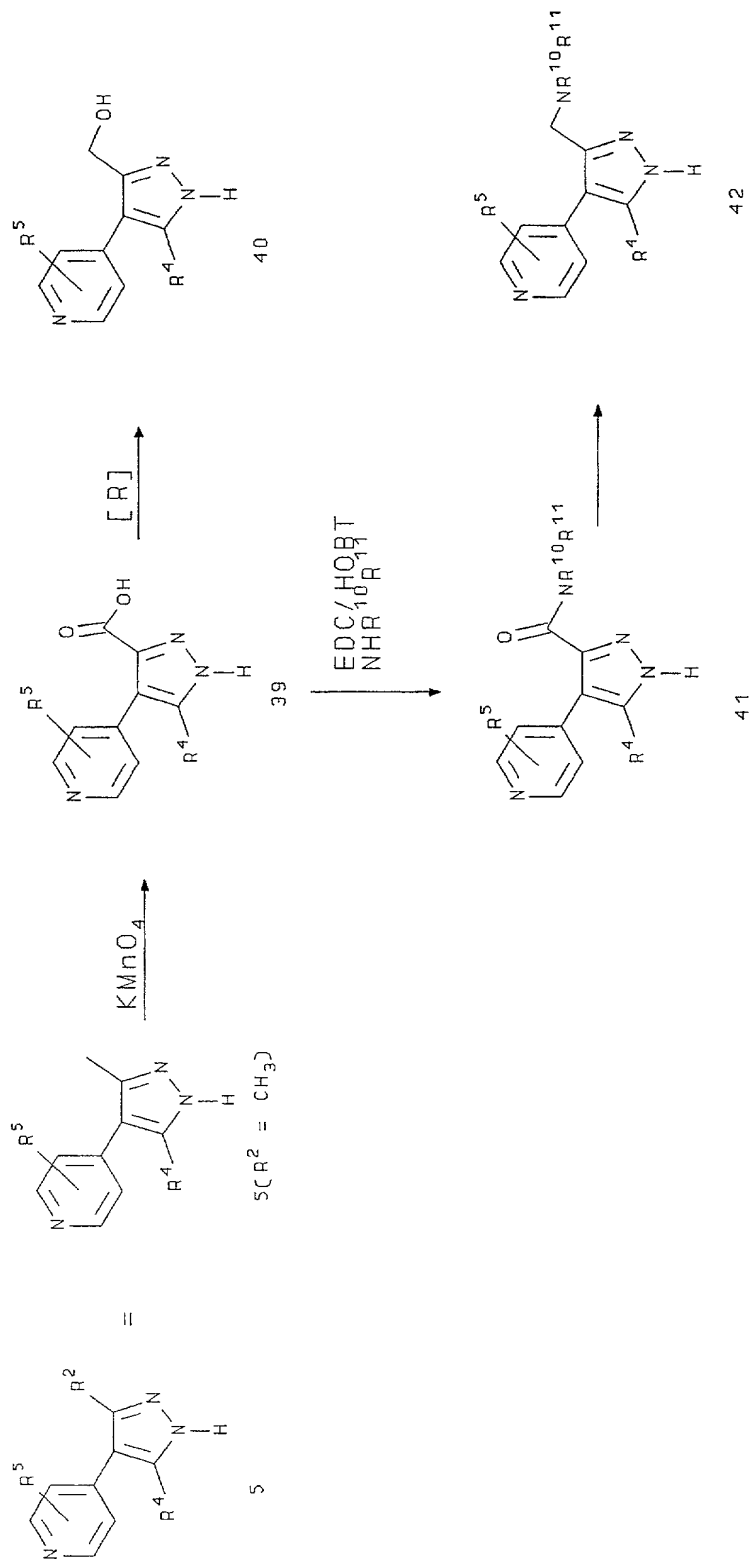


Scheme VI shows an alternative method for synthesizing pyrazoles which are unsubstituted at the 5 position of the ring. In accordance with this method, a heteroarylmethyl ketone **34** is synthesized by first treating a heteroarylmethane with a strong base such as lithium hexamethyldisilazide or lithium diisopropylamide. Examples of suitable heteroarylmethanes are 4-methylpyridine, 4-methylpyrimidine, 2,4-dimethylpyridine, 2-chloro-4-methylpyrimidine, 2-chloro-4-methylpyridine and 2-fluoro-4-methylpyridine. The resulting heteroarylmethyl lithium species is then reacted with a substituted benzoate ester to produce ketone **34**. Examples of suitable benzoate esters are methyl and ethyl p-fluorobenzoate and ethyl and methyl p-chlorobenzoate. Ketone **34** is converted to the aminomethylene derivative **35** by reaction with an aminomethylenating agent such as dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal or tert-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane. Ketone **35** is converted to pyrazole **36** by treatment with hydrazine.

A modification of this synthetic route serves to regioselectively synthesize pyrazole **38** which contains a substituted nitrogen at position 1 of the ring. Ketone **34** is first converted to hydrazone **37** by reaction with the appropriate substituted hydrazine. Examples of suitable hydrazines are N-methylhydrazine and N-(2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazine. Reaction of hydrazone **37** with an aminomethylenating agent produces pyrazole **38**. Examples of suitable aminomethylenating agents include dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal and tert-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane.

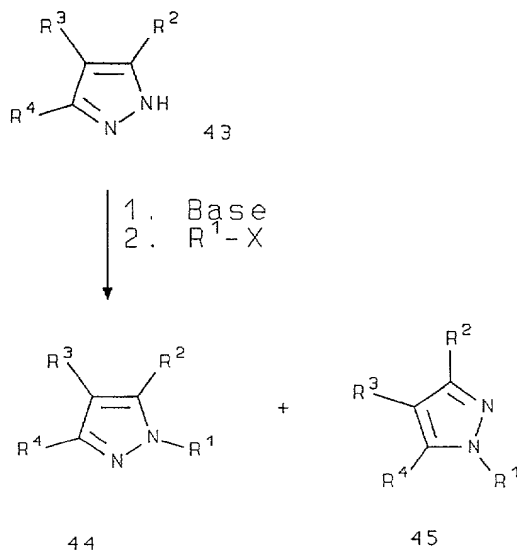
In cases where the R<sup>3</sup> substituent of pyrazoles **36** and **38** bears a leaving group such as a displaceable halogen, subsequent treatment with an amine produces an amino-substituted heteroaromatic derivative. Examples of such amines include benzylamine, cyclopropylamine and ammonia.

Variable	Mean	Standard deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Age	34.5	10.5	20	55
Gender	0.5	0.5	0	1
Marital status	0.5	0.5	0	1
Education	12.5	1.5	10	15
Income	15.5	5.5	10	25
Health status	0.5	0.5	0	1
Smoking status	0.5	0.5	0	1
Alcohol consumption	0.5	0.5	0	1
Exercise frequency	0.5	0.5	0	1
Stress level	0.5	0.5	0	1
Sleep quality	0.5	0.5	0	1
Work satisfaction	0.5	0.5	0	1
Life satisfaction	0.5	0.5	0	1
Depression score	0.5	0.5	0	1
Anxiety score	0.5	0.5	0	1
Overall health score	0.5	0.5	0	1

SCHEME VII

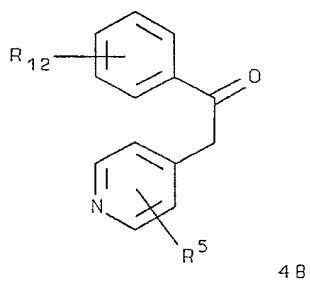
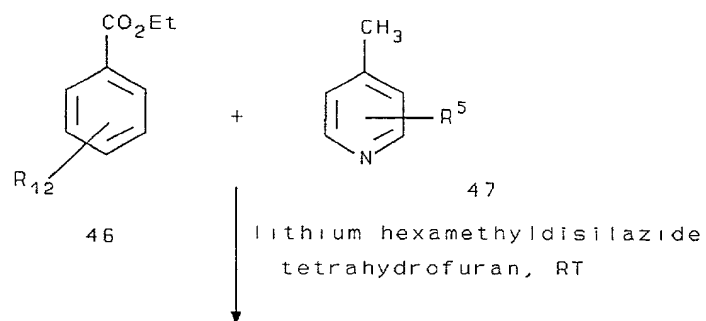
Scheme VII describes the preparation of derivatives from pyrazole 5 (prepared in accordance with Scheme I) when  $R^2 = \text{CH}_3$ . Oxidation of pyrazole 5 gives carboxylic acid 39, which is then reduced to hydroxymethyl compound 40, or coupled with amine  $\text{NR}^{10}\text{R}^{11}$  (wherein  $\text{R}^{10}$  and  $\text{R}^{11}$  are independently selected, for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and aryl, or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring that may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur) to form amide 41 followed by reduction to generate amine derivative 42.

SCHEME VIII

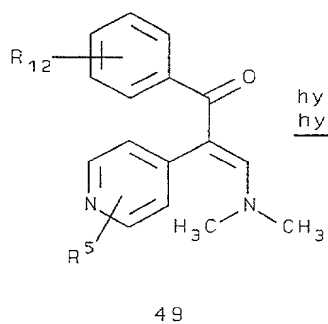
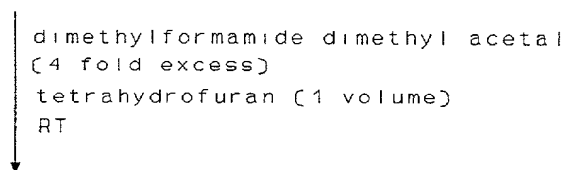


Scheme VIII illustrates the synthesis of pyrazoles 44 and 45 from pyrazole 43. The alkylation of the ring nitrogen atoms of pyrazole 43 can be accomplished using conventional techniques. Treatment of pyrazole 43 with an appropriate base (for example, sodium hydride) followed by treatment with an alkyl halide (for example,  $\text{CH}_3\text{I}$ ) yields a mixture of isomers 44 and 45.

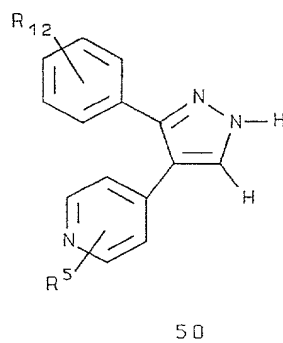
SCHEME IX



"desoxybenzoïn"



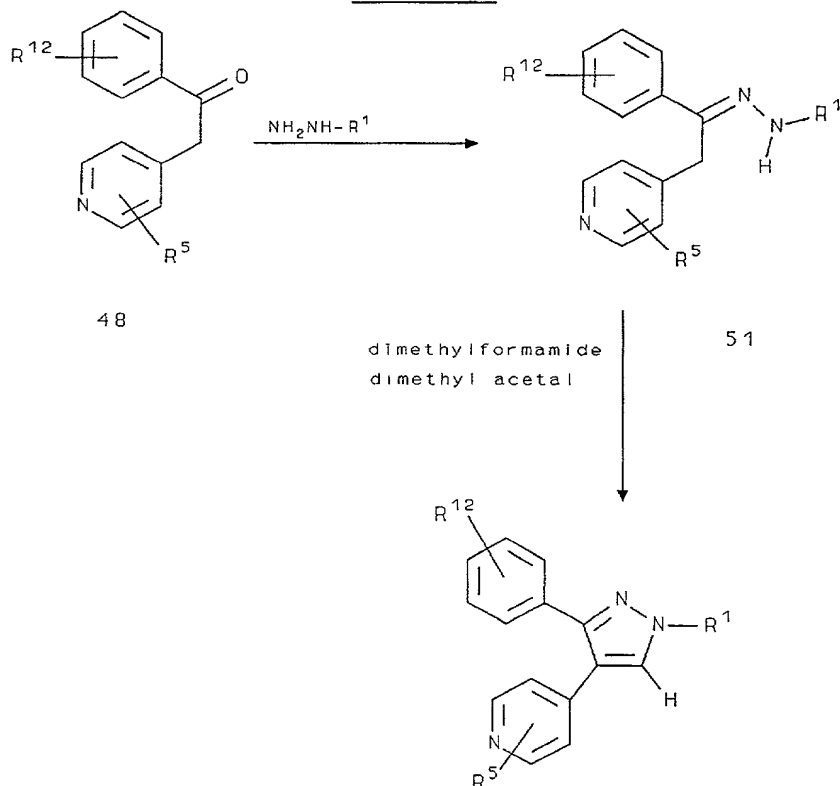
hydrazine hydrate
   
 ethanol





Scheme IX illustrates the synthesis of 3-aryl-4-pyridyl-pyrazoles of the present invention. Benzoate 46 is reacted with pyridine 47 in the presence of a strong base, such as an alkali metal hexamethyldisilazide (preferably sodium hexamethyldisilazide or lithium hexamethyldisilazide), in a suitable solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran, to give desoxybenzoin 48. Desoxybenzoin 48 is then converted to ketone 49 by treatment with an excess of dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal. Ketone 49 is then reacted with hydrazine hydrate in a suitable solvent such as ethanol to yield pyrazole 50. In Scheme IX, R<sup>12</sup> represents one or more radicals independently selected from the optional substituents previously defined for R<sup>4</sup>. Preferably, R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen, alkyl, halo, trifluoromethyl, methoxy or cyano, or represents methylenedioxy.

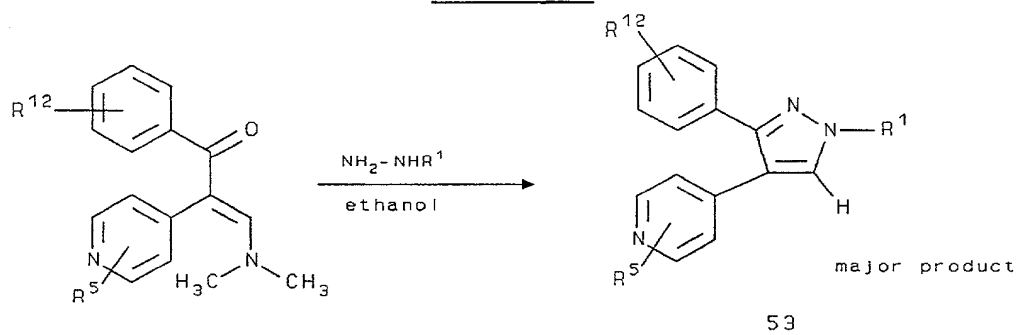
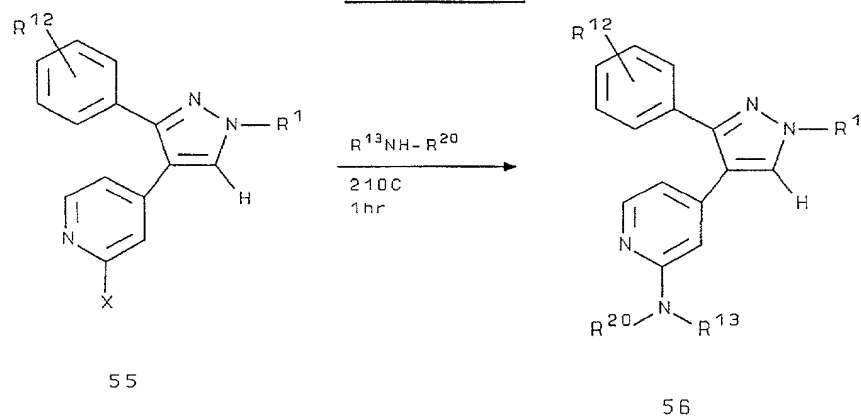
The 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrazoles of the present invention can be synthesized in the manner of Scheme IX by replacing pyridine 47 with the corresponding pyrimidine. In a similar manner, Schemes X through XVII can be employed to synthesize 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrimidines corresponding to the 3-aryl-4-pyrimidinyl-pyrazoles shown in those schemes.

SCHEME X

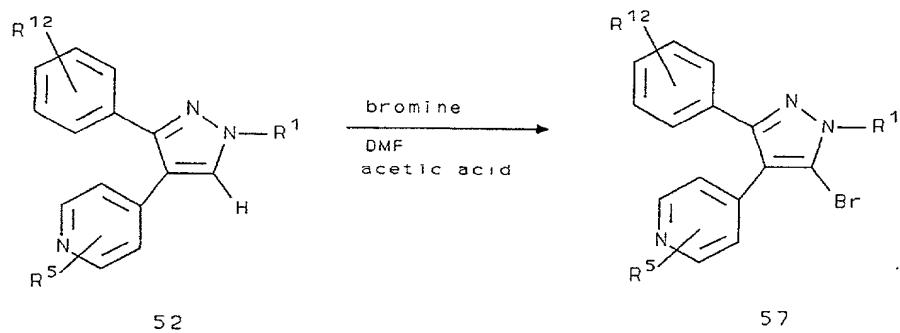
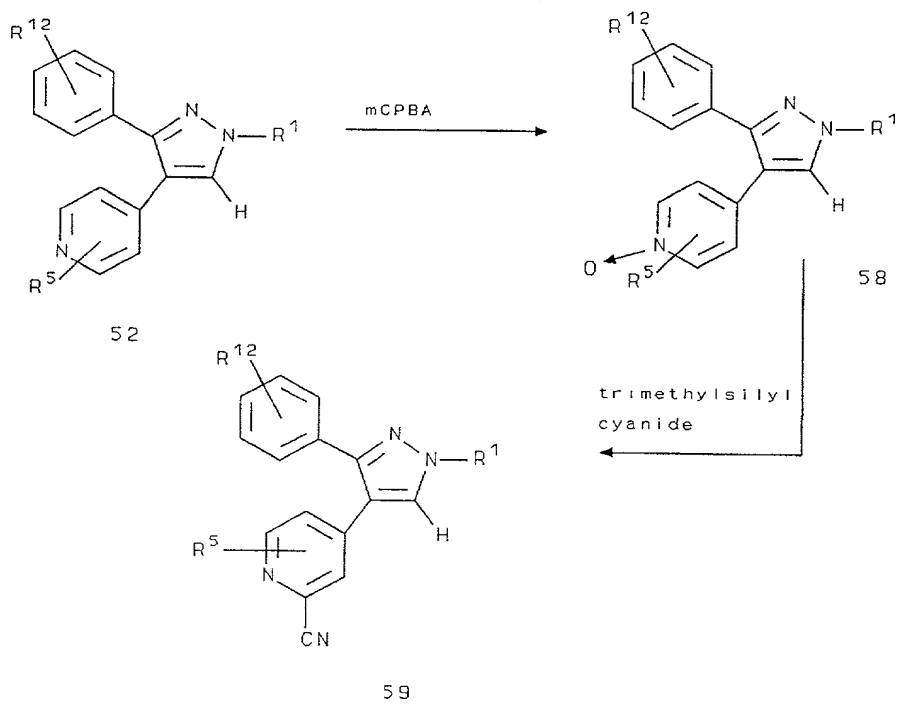
52

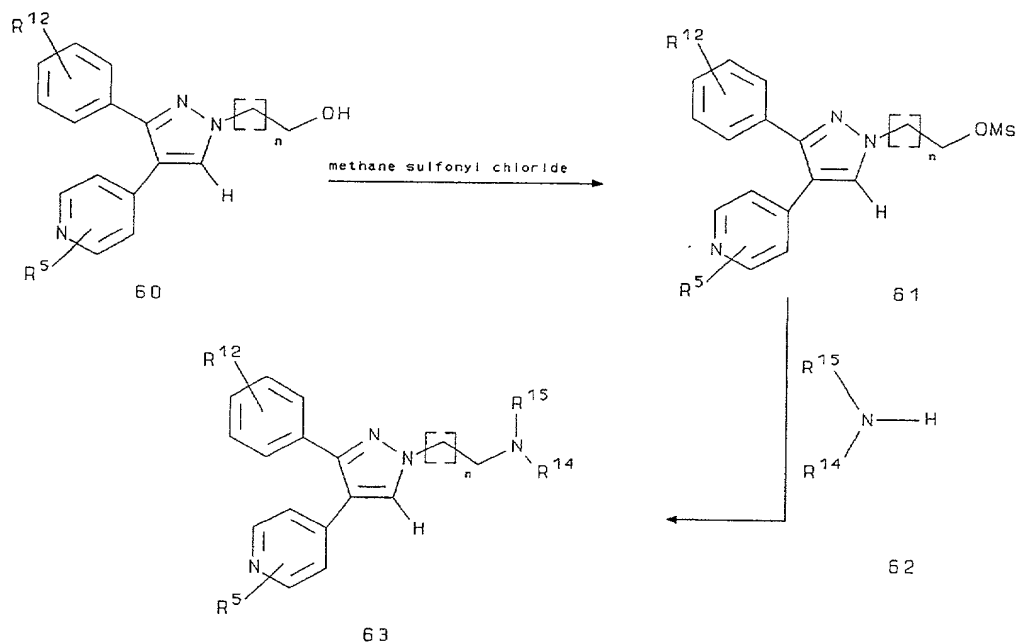
Scheme X illustrates one variation of Scheme IX that can be used to synthesize 3-aryl-4-pyridyl-pyrazoles that are further substituted on the nitrogen atom at position 1 of the pyrazole ring. If desoxybenzoin 48 (prepared in accordance with Scheme IX) instead is first converted to hydrazone 51 by treatment with hydrazine and hydrazone 51 is then treated with dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal, then the resulting product is pyrazole 52.

Schemes XI through XVIII illustrate further modifications that can be made to Scheme IX to synthesize other 3-aryl-4-pyridyl-pyrazoles having alternative substituents.

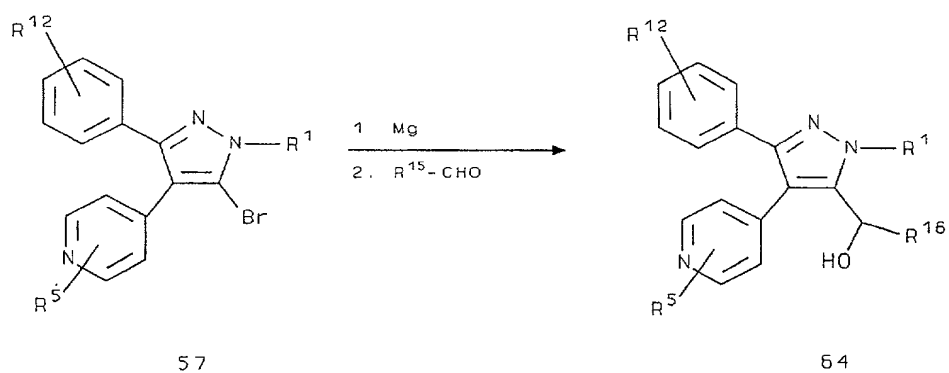
**SCHEME XI****SCHEME XII**

In Scheme XII, X is chloro, fluoro or bromo;  $\text{R}^{13}$  is, for example, hydrogen, alkyl, phenyl, aralkyl, heteroarylalkyl, amino or alkylamino; and  $\text{R}^{20}$  is, for example, hydrogen or alkyl.

SCHEME XIIISCHEME XIV

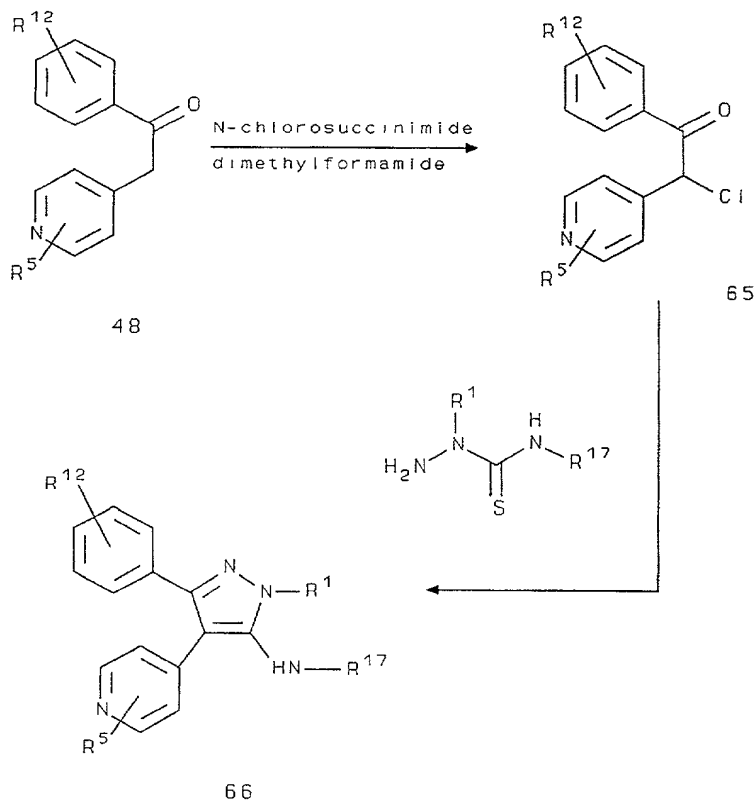
SCHEME XV

In Scheme XV,  $n$  is 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5; and  $R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$  are independently selected from, for example, hydrogen, alkyl or aryl, or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-7 membered ring that may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur.

SCHEME XVI

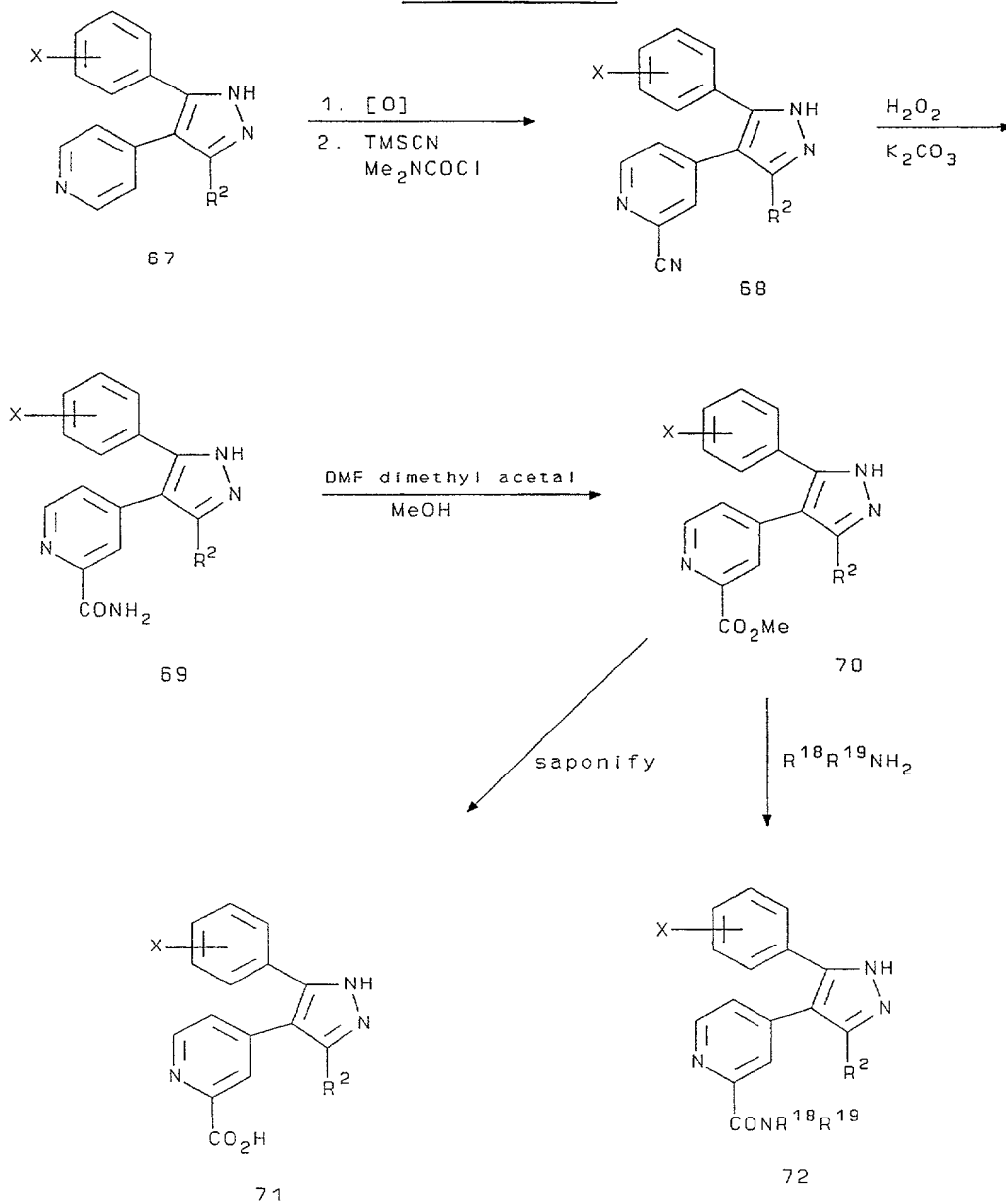
In Scheme XVI,  $R^{16}$  is selected, for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and phenyl.

SCHEME XVII



In Scheme XVII, R<sup>17</sup> is selected, for example, from alkyl, phenylalkyl and heterocyclylalkyl.

## SCHEME XVIII

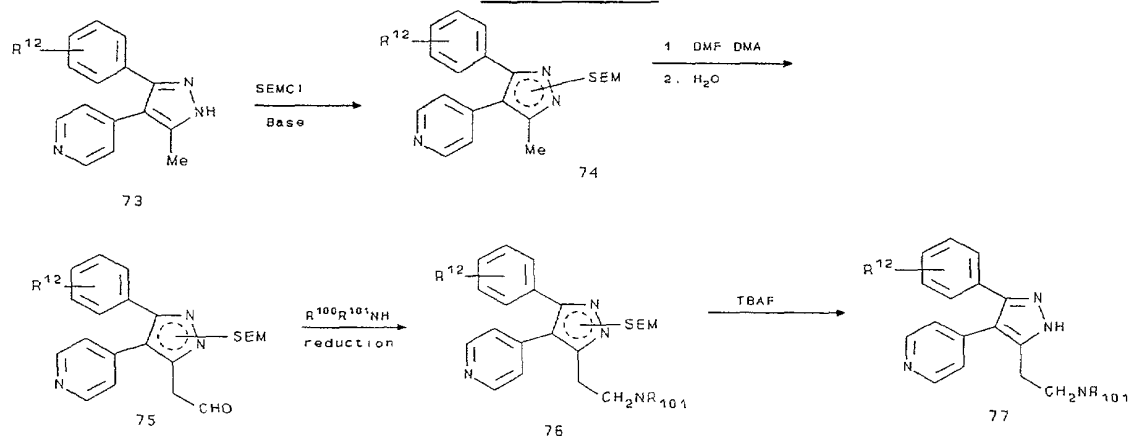


Compounds wherein the 2-position of the pyridine ring is substituted by a carboxyl group or a carboxyl derivative may be synthesized according to the procedures outline in Scheme XVIII. The starting pyridyl pyrazole 67 is converted to the 2-cyano derivative 68 by first conversion to its pyridine N-oxide by reaction with an oxidizing agent such as m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid.



Treatment of the pyridine N-oxide with trimethylsilyl cyanide followed by dimethylcarbamoyl chloride produces the 2-cyano compound **68**. Compound **68** is converted to its carboxamide **69** by reaction with hydrogen peroxide in the presence of a suitable base. Examples of suitable bases include potassium carbonate and potassium bicarbonate. Carboxamide **69** is converted to its methyl ester **70** by reaction with dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal in methanol. The ester **70** is converted to its carboxylic acid **71** by saponification. Typical saponification conditions include reaction with a base such as sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide in a suitable solvent such as ethanol or ethanol and water or methanol and water or the like. Ester **70** is also convertible to substituted amide **72** by treatment with a desired amine, such as methylamine at a suitable temperature. Temperatures may range from room temperature to 180°C. In Scheme XVIII, R<sup>18</sup> and R<sup>19</sup> are independently selected, for example, from hydrogen, alkyl and aryl, or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4-8 membered ring that may contain one or more additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur.

#### SCHEME XIX



The synthesis of compound **77**, wherein the amino group is extended two methylene units from the pyrazole

ring is illustrated in Scheme XIX above. Reaction of pyrazole 73 with a protecting reagent such as 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl chloride (SEM-Cl) in the presence of a base such as sodium hydride yields protected pyrazole 74. This reaction results in a mixture of regioisomers wherein the 2-(trimethylsilyl)-ethoxymethyl (SEM) group may be attached to either of the nitrogen atoms of the pyrazole ring. Alternatively, protecting reagents such as 2-methoxyethoxymethyl chloride (MEMCl) also may be used.

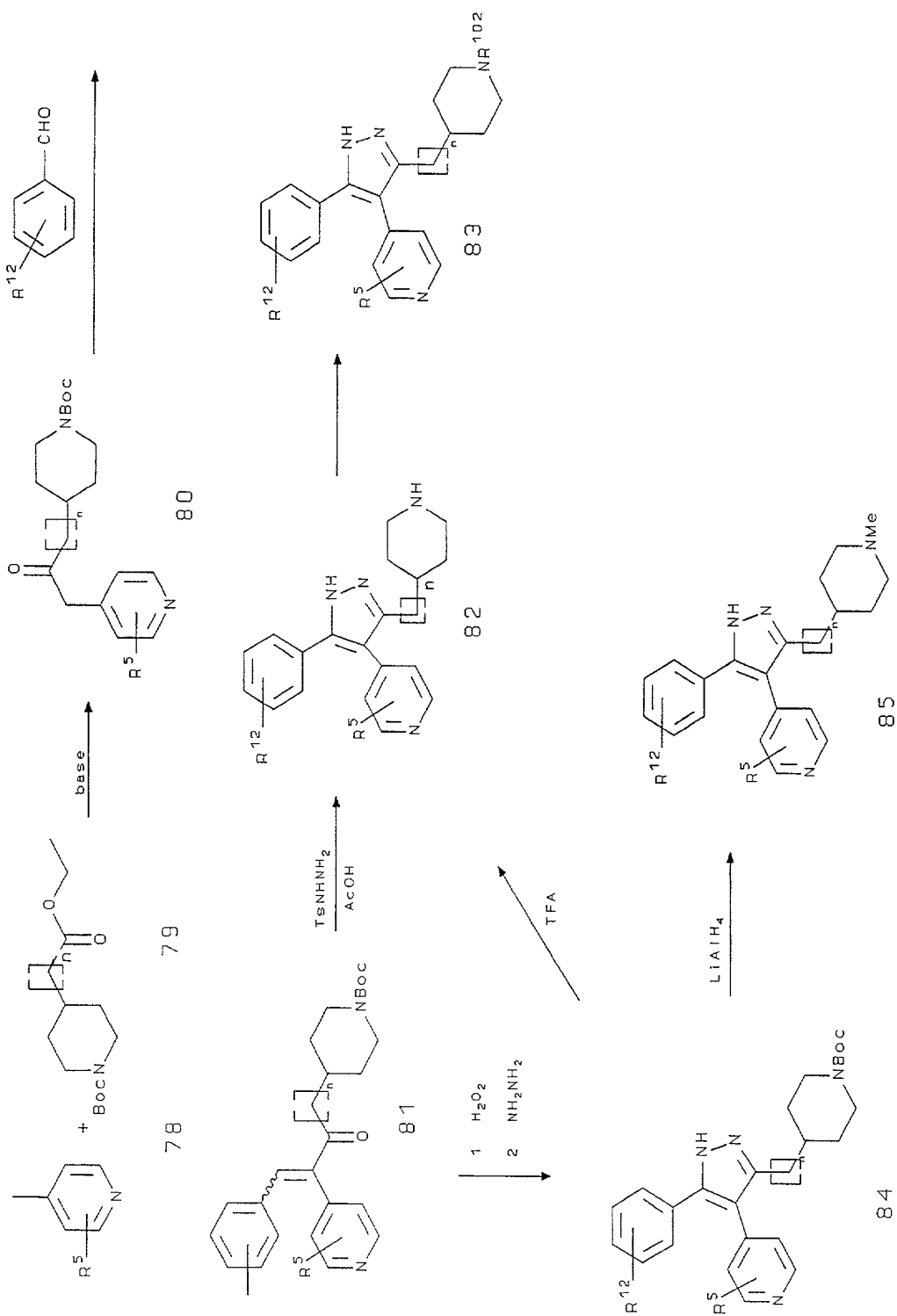
Reaction of compound 74 with a suitable derivative of dimethyl formamide, followed by exposure to water, leads to aldehyde 75. Examples of suitable derivatives of dimethylformamide include tert.-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane and dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal. One skilled in the art will understand that this leads to the formation of a reactive vinyl amine as an intermediate. The reaction may be carried out in the reagent itself or in the presence of dimethylformamide as solvent. Suitable reaction temperatures range from about 50 °C to about 153 °C. The contacting of the intermediate vinyl amine with water may be carried out in solution in a suitable solvent such as methanol, ethanol, acetone, or dioxane. Alternatively, a solution of the vinyl amine in a suitable solvent may be contacted with hydrated silica gel.

Aldehyde 75 may be reductively aminated to amine 76 by reaction with the desired amine in the presence of a reducing agent. Typical reducing agents include sodium cyanoborohydride, sodium borohydride or hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst, such as a palladium/carbon catalyst or a Raney nickel catalyst, either at atmospheric pressure or in a pressurized system. An acid catalyst such as acetic acid or dilute hydrochloric acid may also be employed. The reaction may be run at ambient temperature or may be heated.

Pyrazole 77 is obtained by removal of the pyrazole nitrogen protecting group. The deprotection reaction employed will depend upon the specific protecting group removed. A 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl group can be removed, for example, by reaction of amine 76 with tetrabutylammonium fluoride while a 2-methoxyethoxymethyl group can be removed, for example, by acid hydrolysis.

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## SCHEME XX

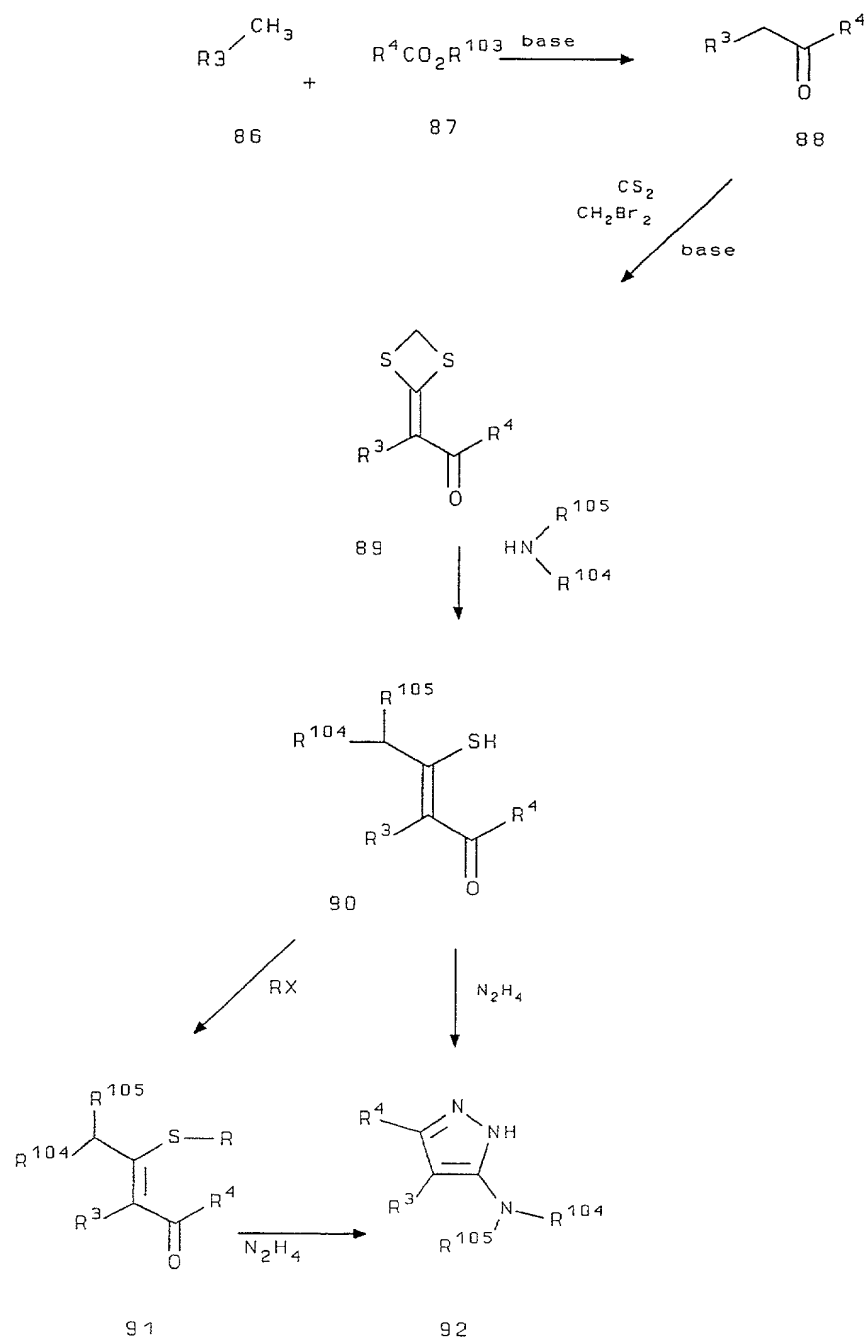


Scheme XX shows the syntheses of pyrazole 82 and its derivatives 83 and 85. A substituted 4-picoline 78 is condensed with ethyl ester derivative 79 in the presence of a base such as lithium diisopropylamide to give ketone derivative 80. An example of a suitable picoline is 4-picoline. Suitable ethyl ester derivatives include ethyl 4-piperidinylacetate (Compound 79,  $n = 1$ ). Ester 79 may be synthesized, for example, by hydrogenation of ethyl 4-pyridylacetate and protection of the resulting piperidine nitrogen as the tert.-butoxycarbonyl (Boc) derivative by reaction with tert.-butoxycarbonyl chloride. The hydrogenation may be carried out, for example, at pressures from atmospheric to 100 psi. Suitable catalysts include 5% platinum on carbon. The presence of an acid such as hydrochloric acid may also improve reaction performance.

Treatment of 80 with a substituted benzaldehyde provides unsaturated ketone 81. Pyrazole 82 may be synthesized by treatment of 81 with *p*-toluenesulfonylhydrazide in the presence of acetic acid. During this reaction, the protecting tert.-butoxycarbonyl group is removed. Derivatization of pyrazole 82 by appropriate methods as described in Scheme II for analogous piperazine derivatives gives various pyrazole derivatives 83.

Alternatively, unsaturated ketone 81 can be converted to pyrazole 84 by first reaction with hydrogen peroxide in the presence of sodium or potassium hydroxide, followed by reaction with hydrazine. Using trifluoroacetic acid, the tert.-butoxycarbonyl group may be removed from pyrazole 84 to give pyrazole 82.

Alternatively, the tert.-butoxycarbonyl group of 84 may be reduced with a reagent such as lithium aluminum hydride to provide the methyl derivative 85.

SCHEME XXI

Scheme XXI shows the synthesis of pyrazoles 92. Treatment of compound 86 with ester 87 in the presence of a base, such as sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, in a suitable solvent such as tetrahydrofuran, gives ketone 88. Substituent R<sup>3</sup> is typically heteroaryl, preferably pyridinyl or pyrimidinyl, and more preferably 4-pyridinyl. Substituent R<sup>4</sup> is typically aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, alkyl or aralkyl, and is preferably a substituted phenyl. R<sup>103</sup> can be, for example, lower alkyl.

Treatment of ketone 88 with carbon disulfide, dibromomethane, and a base such as potassium carbonate in a suitable solvent such as acetone gives dithietane 89. Other suitable bases include, but are not limited to, carbonates such as sodium carbonate, tertiary amines such as triethylamine or diazabicycloundecane (DBU), and alkoxides such as potassium tert-butoxide. Other suitable solvents include, but are not limited to, low molecular weight ketones, methyl ethyl ketone, tetrahydrofuran, glyme, acetonitrile, dimethylformamide, dimethylsulfoxide, dichloromethane, benzene, substituted benzenes and toluene.

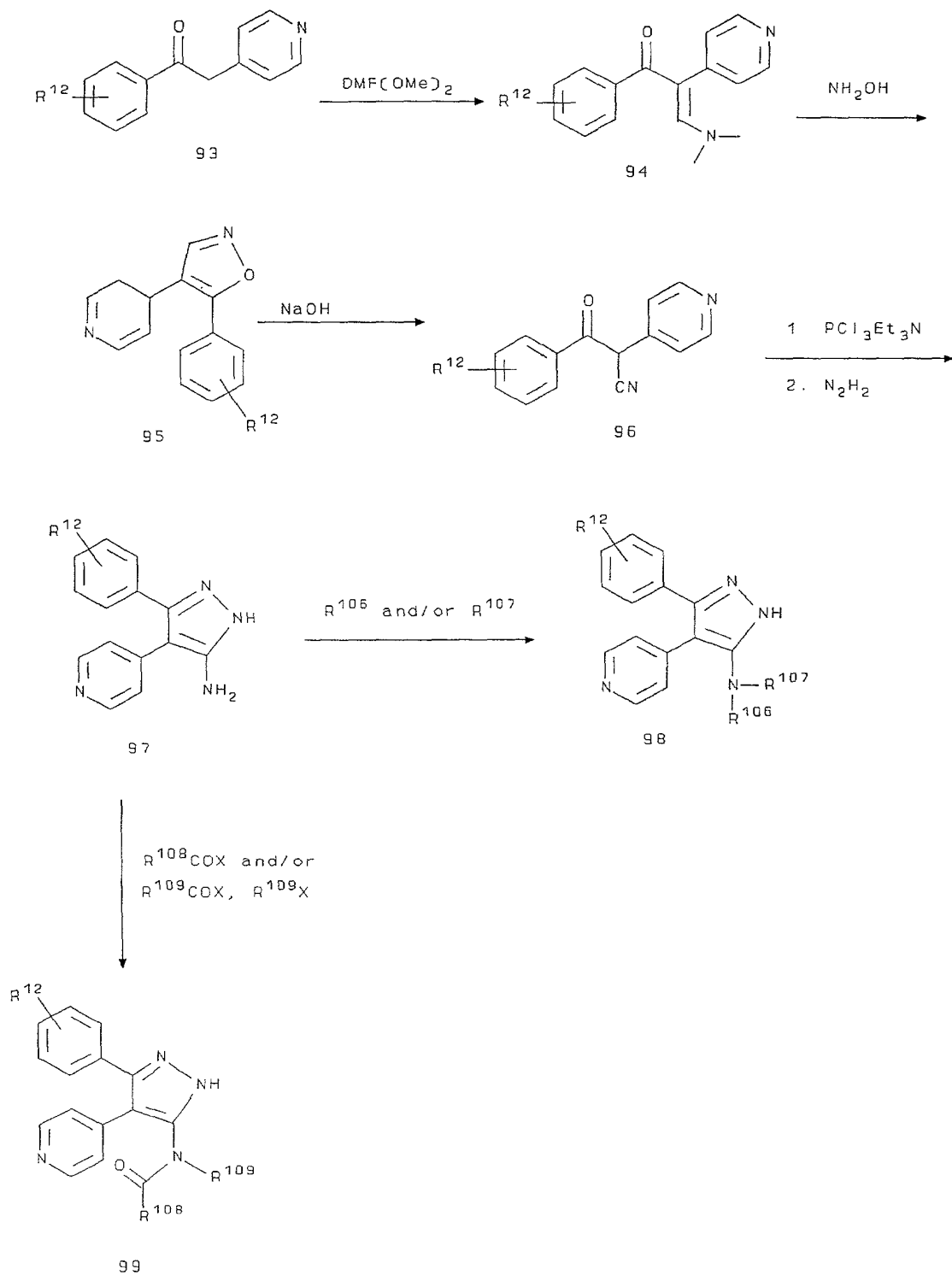
Dithietane 89 may be reacted with an appropriate amine, with or without heating, in an acceptable solvent such as toluene or acetonitrile to make thioamide 90. Thioamide 90 is treated with hydrazine or a substituted hydrazine in an appropriate solvent such as tetrahydrofuran or an alcohol, with or without heating, to produce pyrazole 92 and/or its tautomer.

Alternatively, thioamide 90 can be reacted with an alkyl halide or a sulphonic acid ester to yield substituted thioamide 91. Substituted thioamide 91 is treated with hydrazine or a substituted hydrazine in an appropriate solvent such as tetrahydrofuran or an alcohol, with or without heating, to produce pyrazole 92 or its tautomer.

$R^{104}$  and  $R^{105}$  can be independent radicals or can form a heterocyclyl ring that is optionally substituted and/or contains an additional heteroatom.

TOGETHER

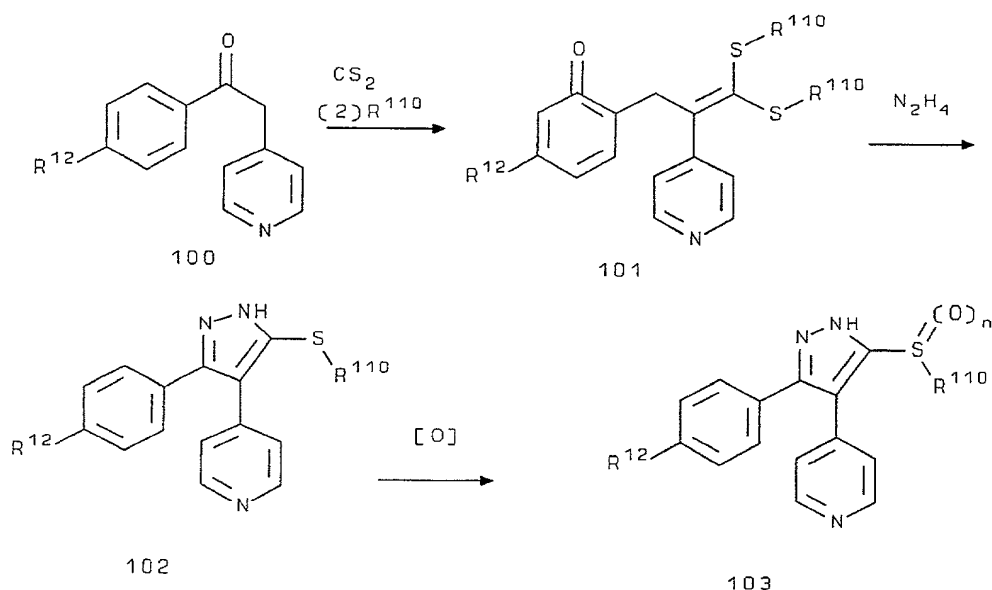




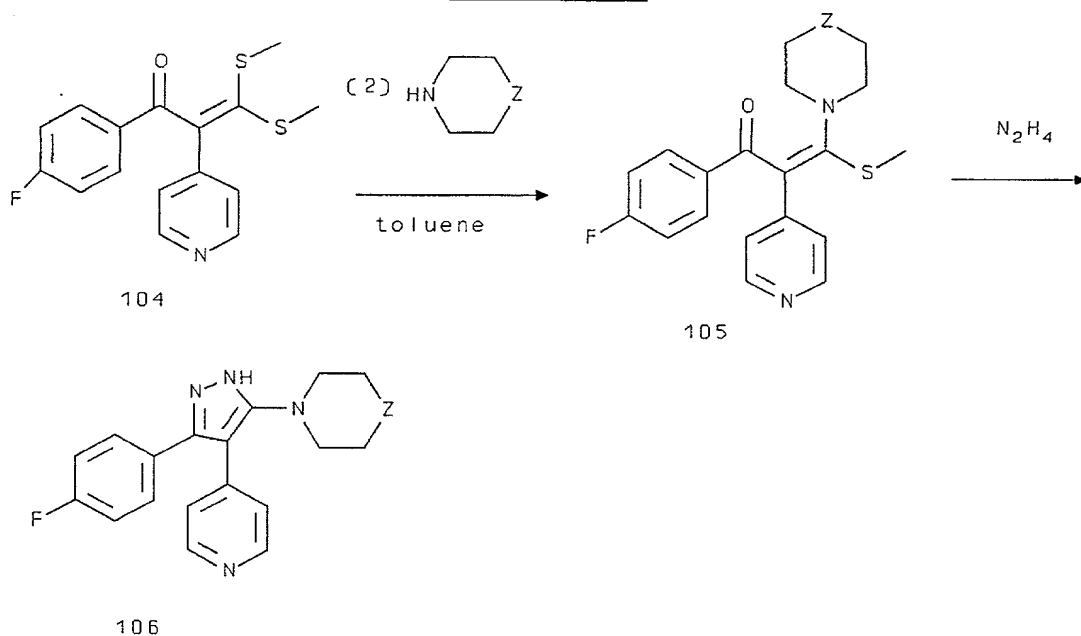
Scheme XXII shows the synthesis of substituted 5-

amino pyrazoles 98 and 99. Desoxybenzoin 93 (prepared, for example, as illustrated in Scheme IX, supra, or Example C-1, infra) is reacted with an aminomethylenating agent, such as N,N-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal, to form aminomethylene ketone 94. Aminomethylene ketone 94 is converted to isoxazole 95 by treatment with a hydroxylamine in a suitable solvent such as ethanol. Isoxazole 95 is treated with a base, such as dilute aqueous sodium hydroxide, to form cyanoketone 96. Cyanoketone 96 is then reacted with a chlorinating agent, such as phosphorous trichloride, to form a vinyl chloride which is then treated with hydrazine hydrate (or a substituted hydrazine hydrate) to form amino pyrazole 97. Amino pyrazole 97 can be reacted further with a variety of alkyl halides, such as methyl bromoacetate, bromoacetonitrile, and chloroethylamine, to form the appropriate mono- or disubstituted, cyclic or acyclic amino pyrazole 98. Typical  $R^{106}$  and  $R^{107}$  substituents include, for example, hydrogen and alkyl. In addition, amino pyrazole 97 can be reacted further with a variety of acylating agents, such as benzyliminodiacetic acid and N,N-dimethylglycine, to give the corresponding mono- or disubstituted, cyclic or acyclic amide or imide 99. Typical  $R^{108}$  and  $R^{109}$  substituents include, for example, hydrogen, alkyl and acyl.

## SCHEME XXIII

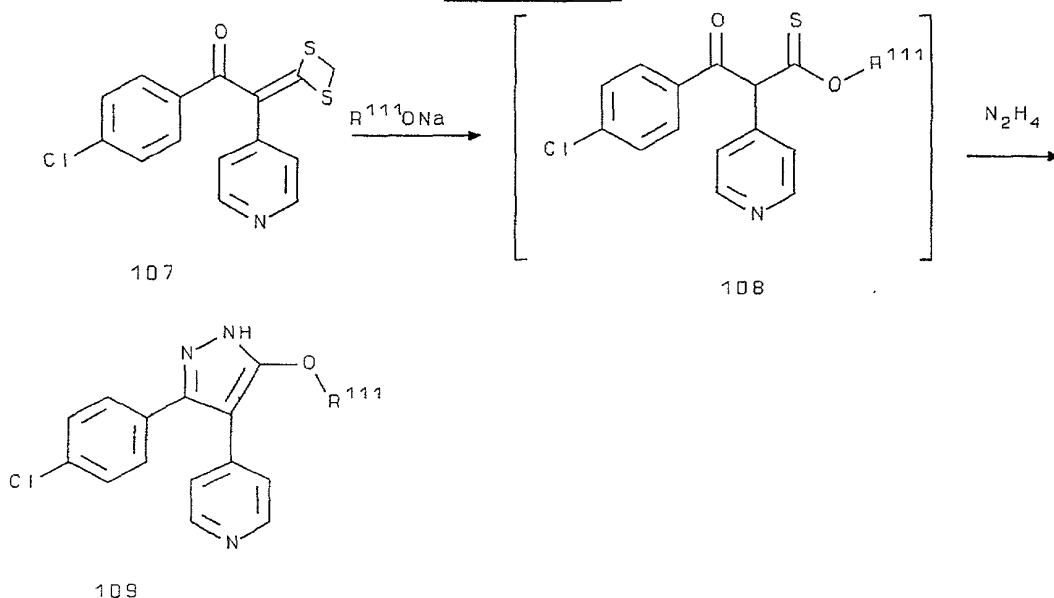


Scheme XXIII shows the synthesis of sulfoxide/sulfone **103**. Ketone **100**, wherein X is preferably halo such as fluoro or chloro, in a solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran, is treated with a suitable base, such as sodium hydride or potassium t-butoxide, to yield an enolate intermediate. The enolate intermediate is reacted with carbon disulfide and then alkylated with an appropriate alkylating agent, such as methyl iodide, benzyl bromide, or trimethylsilylchloride, to form dithioketene acetal **101**. Dithioketene acetal **101** can be cyclized to pyrazole **102** using hydrazine, or its hydrate (or a substituted hydrazine or its hydrate), in a suitable solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran or ethanol. Pyrazole **102** is then treated with an oxidizing agent, such as potassium peroxymonosulfate, ammonium persulfate, or 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid, to generate sulfoxide **103** (n=1) and/or sulfone **103** (n=2).

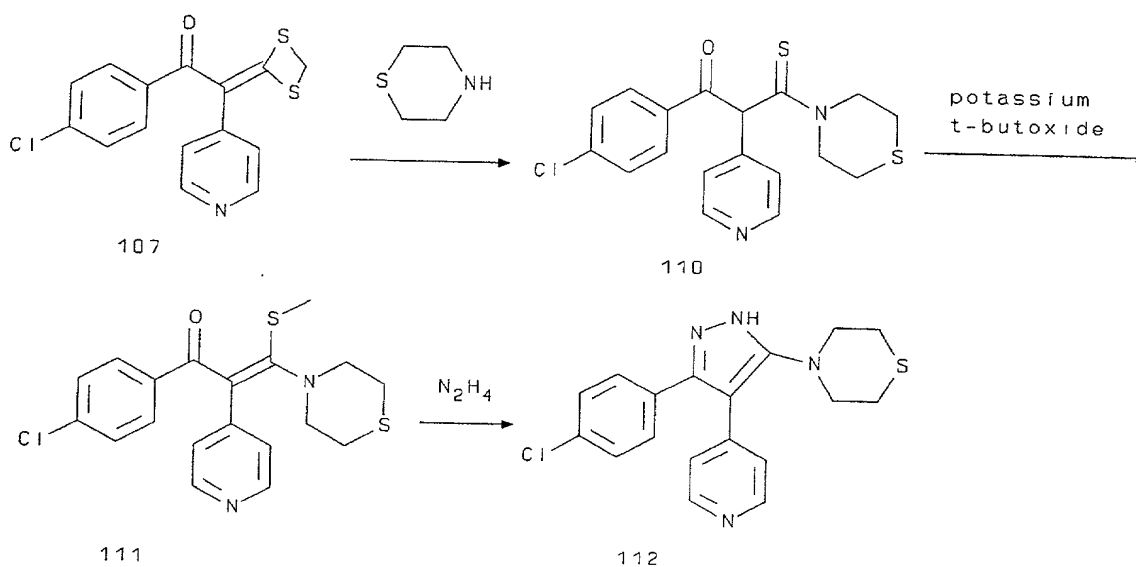
SCHEME XXIV

Scheme XXIV shows the synthesis of pyrazole 106. Dithioketene acetal 104 in a suitable solvent, such as toluene, is combined with a secondary amine, wherein Z is preferably S or  $-NCH_3$ , and heated to about 80-110 °C. After the solution has been heated for several hours, any insoluble bis substituted material may be removed by filtration. Mono substituted product 105 is then reacted with hydrazine, or its hydrate (or a substituted hydrazine or its hydrate), in a solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran or ethanol, at ambient up to reflux temperatures, to form pyrazole 106.

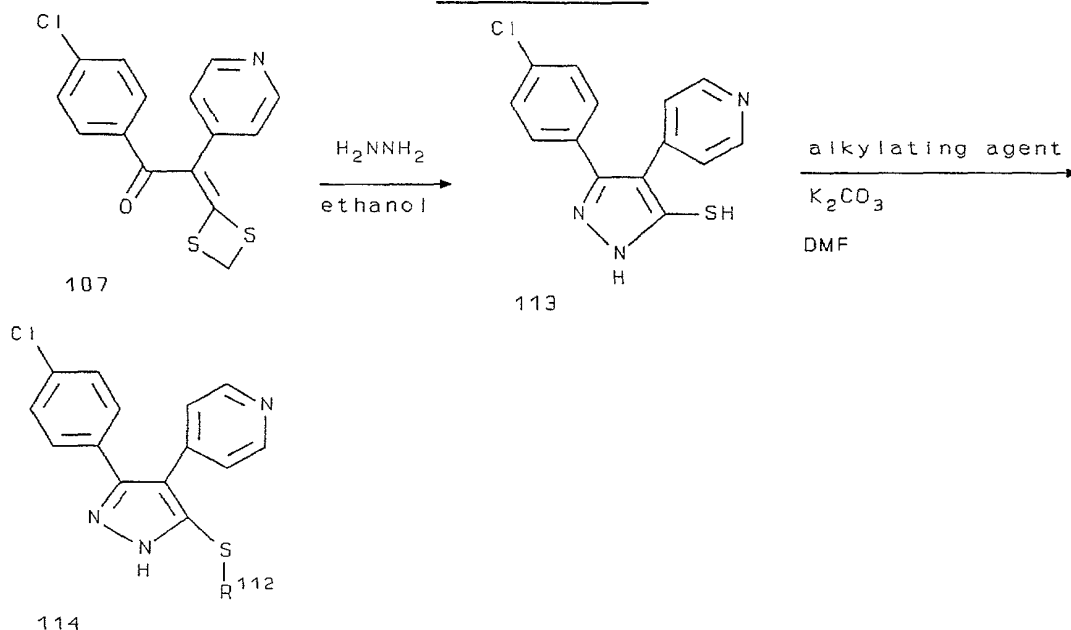
## SCHEME XXV



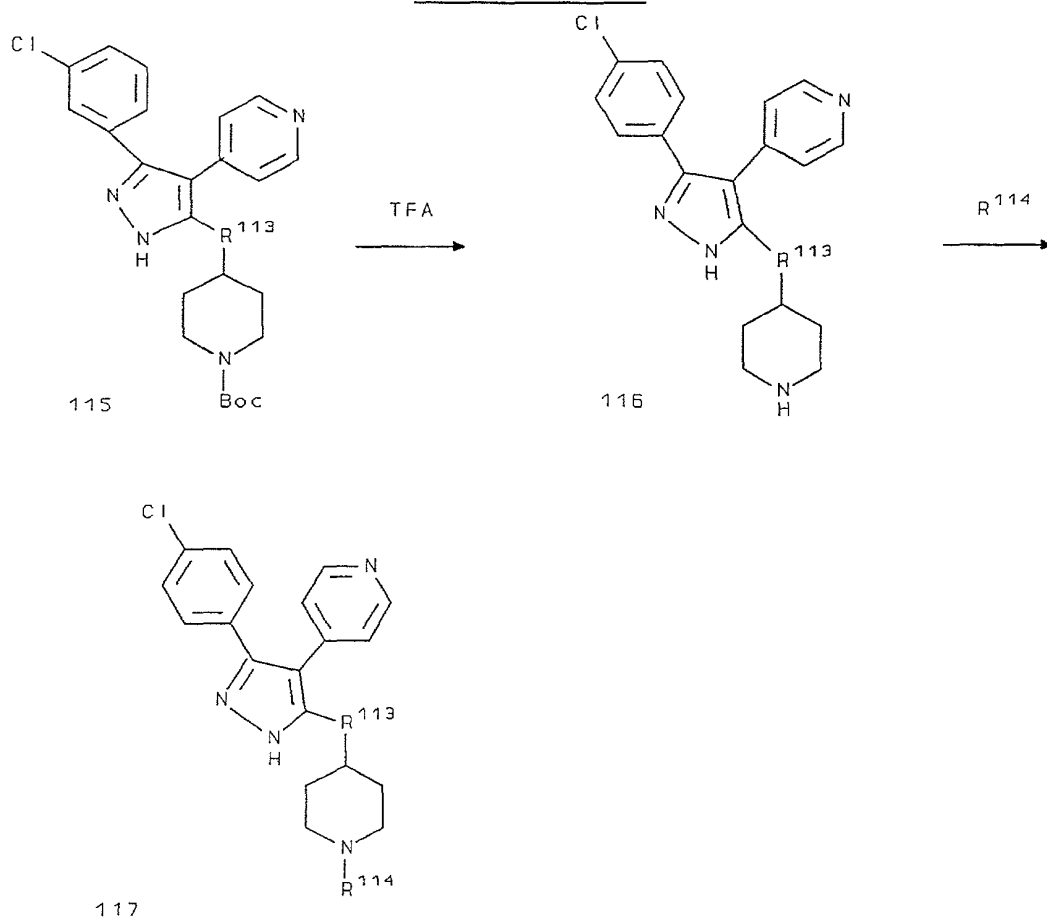
Scheme XXV shows the synthesis of pyrazole **109**. Dithietane **107** is added to a solution of a sodium or potassium alkoxide in tetrahydrofuran. The alkoxide may be generated by treating an alcohol, in tetrahydrofuran, with a suitable base, such as sodium hydride, sodium hexamethyldisilazide, or potassium hexamethyldisilazide. The reaction mixture is stirred from 4 to 72 hours at room temperature. The resulting thionoester **108** is reacted with hydrazine, or its hydrate (or a substituted hydrazine or its hydrate), in ethanol, methanol, or tetrahydrofuran at room temperature for about 2-18 hours to generate pyrazole **109**.

SCHEME XXVI

Scheme XXVI shows the synthesis of pyrazole **112**. To dithietane **107** in a suitable solvent, such as toluene, is added an amine, such as thiomorpholine and heated to about 80-110 °C, to form thioamide **110**. Thioamide **110** may be isolated or used directly in the next reaction step. To thioamide **110** in tetrahydrofuran is added a suitable base, such as potassium t-butoxide, and the resulting thiol anion alkylated with iodomethane to form alkylated thioamide **111**. Alkylated thioamide **111** can be cyclized with hydrazine (or substituted hydrazine), in a solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran or ethanol, to generate pyrazole **112**.

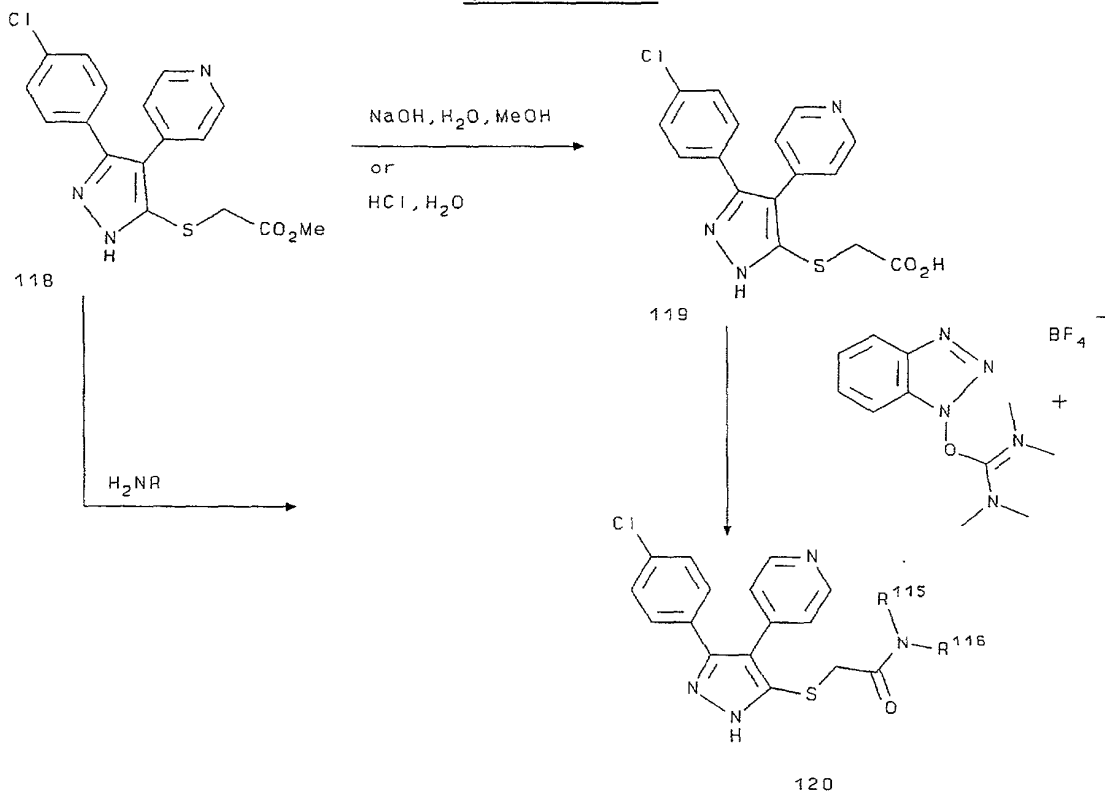
SCHEME XXVII

Scheme XXVII shows the synthesis of pyrazole 114. Dithietane 107 in a suitable solvent, such as tetrahydrofuran or ethanol, is reacted with hydrazine, or its hydrate (or a substituted hydrazine or its hydrate), at room temperature up to the reflux temperature of the solvent to generate thiopyrazole 113. The thiol group of thiopyrazole 113 may be alkylated with a variety of alkylating agents, such as alkyl halides or Michael acceptors, including, but not limited to, methyl chloroacetate, ethyl acrylate, and benzyl bromide, in the presence of a suitable base such as potassium carbonate, sodium ethoxide or triethylamine, in a solvent such as dimethylformamide or ethanol to generate pyrazole 114.

SCHEME XXVIII

Scheme XXVIII shows the synthesis of pyrazole 117. Pyrazoles containing acid labile amine protecting groups, such as pyrazole 115, may be treated with a suitable acid catalyst, such as trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane or HCl in ethanol or dioxane to yield amine 116. Amine 116 can then be acylated or alkylated by methods known to one of ordinary skill in the art, such as reacting amine 116 with a reagent such as acetyl chloride or methyl iodide in the presence of a suitable base, such as potassium carbonate or triethylamine. In addition, N-methylation can be performed directly, using formaldehyde and formic acid in ethanol/water at reflux to give pyrazole 117 wherein R<sup>114</sup> is methyl.



**SCHEME XXIX**

Scheme XXIX shows the synthesis of pyrazole **120**. Pyrazoles containing base labile esters, such as pyrazole **118**, may be treated with a suitable base, such as, sodium hydroxide to generate free acid **119**. Acid **119** can then be aminated by methods known to one of ordinary skill in the art, such as treating acid **119** with a suitable coupling reagent, such as 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride or O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium tetrafluoroborate, with or without catalysts, such as 1-hydroxybenzotriazole or N-hydroxysuccinimide, and an appropriate amine. In addition, amidation can be performed directly, by treating the methyl ester with an appropriate amine, for example N-methylpiperazine, in a suitable solvent such as dimethylformamide or methanol, at a temperature from room temperature up to reflux to generate pyrazole **120**.

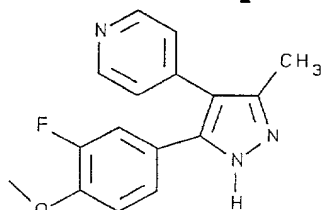
The following examples contain detailed descriptions of the methods of preparation of compounds of Formulas I, IA, XI, X, XI, and XX. These detailed descriptions fall within the scope, and serve to exemplify, the above described General Synthetic Procedures which form part of the invention. These detailed descriptions are presented for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a restriction on the scope of the invention. All parts are by weight and temperatures are in Degrees centigrade unless otherwise indicated. All compounds showed NMR spectra consistent with their assigned structures. In some cases, the assigned structures were confirmed by nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) experiments.

The following abbreviations are used:

HCl - hydrochloric acid  
MgSO<sub>4</sub> - magnesium sulfate  
Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> - sodium sulfate  
NaIO<sub>4</sub> - sodium periodate  
NaHSO<sub>3</sub> - sodium bisulfite  
NaOH - sodium hydroxide  
KOH - potassium hydroxide  
P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> - phosphorus pentoxide  
Me - methyl  
Et - ethyl  
MeOH - methanol  
EtOH - ethanol  
HOAc (or AcOH) - acetic acid  
EtOAc - ethyl acetate  
H<sub>2</sub>O - water  
H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> - hydrogen peroxide  
CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> - methylene chloride  
K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> - potassium carbonate  
KMnO<sub>4</sub> - potassium permanganate  
NaHMDS - sodium hexamethyldisilazide  
DMF - dimethylformamide  
EDC - 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)3-ethylcarbodiimide

hydrochloride  
HOBT - 1-hydroxybenzotriazole  
mCPBA - 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid  
Ts - tosyl  
TMSCN - trimethylsilyl cyanide  
Me<sub>2</sub>NCOCl - N,N-dimethylcarbamoyl chloride  
SEM-Cl - 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl chloride  
h - hour  
hr - hour  
min - minutes  
THF - tetrahydrofuran  
TLC - thin layer chromatography  
DSC - differential scanning calorimetry  
b.p. - boiling point  
m.p. - melting point  
eq - equivalent  
RT - room temperature  
DMF DMA - dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal  
TBAF - tetrabutylammonium fluoride  
Boc - tert.-butoxycarbonyl  
DBU - diazabicycloundecane  
DMF(OMe)<sub>2</sub> - N,N-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal  
Et<sub>3</sub>N - triethylamine  
TMSCl - trimethylsilylchloride  
TFA - trifluoroacetic acid  
TBTU - O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium  
tetrafluoroborate  
psi - pounds per square inch  
ESHRMS - electron spray high resolution mass spectroscopy

## Example A-1



4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one

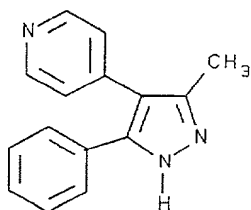
A solution of 4-pyridylacetone (1.0 g, 7.4 mmol), 3-fluoro-*p*-anisaldehyde (1.25 g, 8.1 mmol), and piperidine (0.13 g, 1.5 mmol) in toluene (50 ml) was heated to reflux. After 18 hours, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The crude product (3.0 g) was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 65:35 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one as a pale yellow solid (1.60 g, 80%).

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

To a solution of 3-pyridyl-4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-butene-2-one (step 1) (0.99 g, 3.65 mmol) in acetic acid (25 ml), *p*-toluenesulfonyl hydrazide (0.68 g, 3.65 mol) was added. The reaction solution was heated to reflux for 6 hours. Acetic acid was removed by distillation from the reaction solution. The resulting residue was diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 ml), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2x100 ml), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated. The crude product (1.5 g) was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate) to give 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a pale yellow solid (213 mg, 20.7%): Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>·0.1 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 67.41; H, 5.02; N, 14.74. Found:

C, 67.37; H, 4.88; N, 14.35.

### Example A-2



4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)  
pyridine

#### Step 1: Preparation of 4-pyridylacetone

4-Pyridylacetone was prepared according to the method of Ippolito et al, U.S. Patent 4,681,944.

#### Step 2: Preparation of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-buten-2-one

Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 1, 4-pyridylacetone (step 1) (1 g, 7.4 mmol) was condensed with benzaldehyde (790 mg, 7.4 mmol) in benzene (15 mL) containing piperidine (50 mg) at reflux. The desired 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-buten-2-one (1.3 g, 78 %) was obtained as a crystalline solid: m. p. 101-103 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO (223.28): C, 80.69; H, 5.87; N, 6.27. Found: C, 80.59; H, 5.79; N, 6.18.

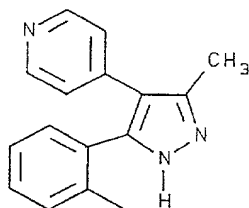
#### Step 3: Preparation of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone

Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 2, a solution of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-buten-2-one (step 2) (1.25 g, 5.6 mmol) in methanol (20 ml) was treated with 30% aqueous hydrogen peroxide (1 ml) in the presence of sodium hydroxide (230 mg, 5.7 mmol). The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone (270 mg, 20%).

Step 4: Preparation of 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

Using the procedure of Example A-1, step 3, a solution of 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone (step 3) (250 mg, 1 mmol) in ethanol (15 ml) was treated with anhydrous hydrazine (50 mg, 1.5 mmol) and heated to reflux for 4 hours. The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 acetone/hexane). The product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (81 mg, 35%) as a crystalline solid: m. p. 212-214 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{13}N_3$  (235.29): C, 76.57; H, 5.57; N, 17.86. Found: C, 76.49; H, 5.42; N, 17.39.

**Example A-3**



4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one

A solution of 4-pyridylacetone (Example A-5, step 1) (0.75 g, 5.56 mmol), o-tolualdehyde (0.73 g, 5.56 mmol) and piperidine (100 mg) in toluene (50 ml) was heated to reflux. Water generated during the reaction was removed by a Dean-Stark trap. After heating at reflux for 5 hours, the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 hours. The mixture was concentrated to an orange color oily residue. The crude ketone was purified by chromatography to give 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{15}NO$  (237.30): C, 80.98; H, 6.37; N, 5.90. Found: C, 80.78; H, 6.61; N, 5.85.

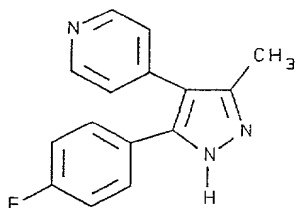
Step 2: Preparation of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone

To a solution of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-buten-2-one (step 1) (1.0g, 4.2 mmol) in methyl alcohol (18 ml), a solution of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (30% by wt.) (0.95 g, 8.4 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (0.18 g 4.6 mmol) in water (4 ml) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 70 hours. After methyl alcohol was removed, water (25 ml) and ethyl acetate (100 ml) were added and the two phase mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. The layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was washed with ethyl acetate (100 ml). The combined organic layer was dried with Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to give an oil. 4-(2-Methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone was isolated from the oil residue by chromatography.

Step 3: Preparation of 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

A solution of 4-(2-methylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridyl)-3,4-epoxy-2-butanone (step 2) (0.11 g, 0.434 mmol) and hydrazine hydrate (0.043 g, 0.868 mmol) in ethyl alcohol (50 ml) was heated at reflux for 20 hours. The solvent was removed and the resulting residue was purified by chromatography to give 4-[5-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>3</sub> (249.32): C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.66; H, 5.91; N, 16.84.

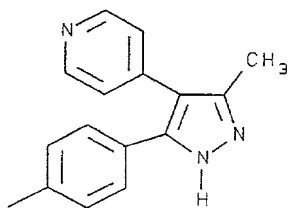
## Example A-4



4-[5-methyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-3 and substituting *p*-fluorobenzaldehyde for *o*-tolualdehyde, the titled compound was prepared: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}N_3F + 0.1 H_2O$ : (249.32): C, 70.63; H, 4.82; N, 16.47. Found: C, 70.63; H, 4.78; N, 16.40.

## Example A-5

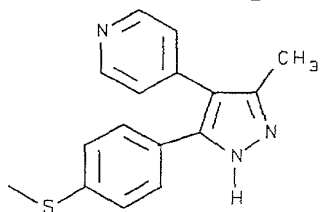


4-[5-methyl-3-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-3 (with one minor modification: in Step 2, the preparation of the intermediate epoxide was accomplished at 0-10 °C for 1 hour, and the reaction was quenched by being partitioned between water, containing 2 eq. sodium bisulfite, and ethyl acetate) and substituting *p*-tolualdehyde for *o*-tolualdehyde, the titled product was isolated: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{15}N_3$  (249.32): C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.97; H, 6.09; N, 16.90.



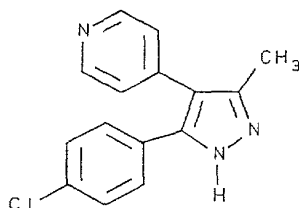
## Example A-6



4-[5-methyl-3-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-  
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting 4-(methylthio)benzaldehyde for *p*-tolualdehyde, the titled product was prepared: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>3</sub>S (281.38): C, 68.30; H, 5.37; N, 14.93. Found: C, 68.34; H, 5.09; N, 14.78.

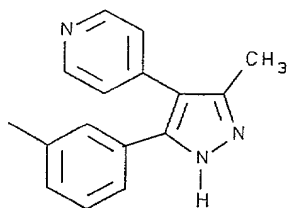
## Example A-7



4-[3-[4-chlorophenyl]-5-methyl-1H-  
pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting *p*-chlorobenzaldehyde for *p*-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>3</sub>Cl (269.77): C, 66.79; H, 4.48; N, 15.58. Found: C, 66.43; H, 4.44; N, 15.78.

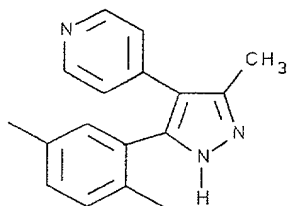
## Example A-8



4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting *m*-tolualdehyde for *p*-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{15}N_3 + 0.2H_2O$ : C, 75.98; H, 6.14; N, 16.61. Found: C, 76.06; H, 6.05; N, 16.38.

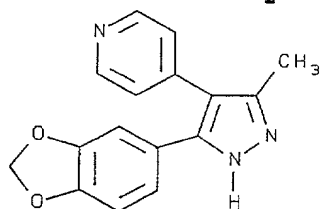
## Example A-9



4-[5-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

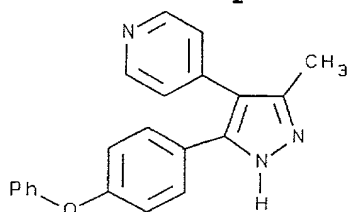
By following the method of Example A-5 and substituting 2,5-dimethylbenzaldehyde for *p*-tolualdehyde, the titled product was obtained: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{17}N_3 + 0.1H_2O$ : C, 77.01; H, 6.54; N, 15.85. Found: C, 76.96; H, 6.81; N, 15.51.

## Example A-10



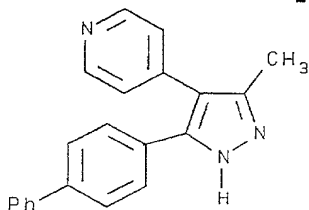
4-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-  
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-Pyridylacetone (1.5 g, 12 mmol), piperonal (1.6 g, 10.6 mmol), acetic acid (110 mg, 1.8 mmol), and piperidine (110 mg, 1.3 mmol) were dissolved in toluene (30 mL) and heated for 2 hours at reflux in a flask equipped with a Dean-Stark trap. The solution was cooled to room temperature, and ethyl acetate was added to precipitate a solid, which was collected on a filter plate (1.25 g). A sample (500 mg) of this solid was heated with p-toluensulfonyl hydrazide (348 mg, 1.81 mmol) in acetic acid (5 mL) at 80 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was heated to reflux for 1 hour. The reaction was cooled to room temperature and the solvent was evaporated. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with 5% aqueous potassium carbonate, and water. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and evaporated to obtain a yellow solid. This solid was triturated with methylene chloride, yielding 4-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine which was collected on a filter plate (220 mg, 42% yield). Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>: C, 68.81; H, 4.69; N, 15.04. Found: C, 68.02; H, 4.54; N, 14.76. MS (M<sup>+</sup>H): 280 (base peak).

**Example A-11**

4-[3-methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-  
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-Pyridylacetone (1.5 g, 12 mmol), 4-phenoxybenzaldehyde 92.1 g, 10.6 mmol), acetic acid (110 mg, 1.8 mmol), and piperidine (110 mg, 1.3 mmol) were dissolved in toluene (30 mL) and heated for 2 hours at reflux in a flask equipped with a Dean-Stark trap. The solution was cooled to room temperature and ethyl acetate was added to precipitate a solid, which was collected on a filter plate. A sample (223 mg) of this solid was heated with p-toluensulfonyl hydrazide (348 mg, 1.81 mmol) in ethylene glycol with potassium hydroxide (77 mg) at 110 °C for 0.5 hour. The work up procedure was the same as that in Example A-10. 4-[3-Methyl-5-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was obtained (100 mg, 66% yield): Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{17}N_3O + 0.1 H_2O$ : C, 76.62; H, 5.27; N, 12.76. Found: C, 76.37; H, 5.19; N, 12.64. MS ( $M^+H$ ): 328 (base peak).

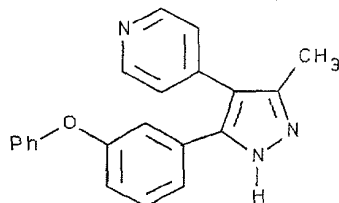
**Example A-12**

4-[5-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]-3-methyl  
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

The same procedure as for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 4-formylbiphenyl in place of piperonal, to give 4-[5-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]-3-methyl-

1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a white solid: MS ( $M^+H$ ): 312 (base peak).

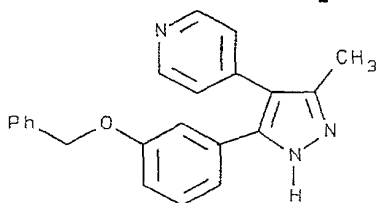
#### Example A-13



4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)-  
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

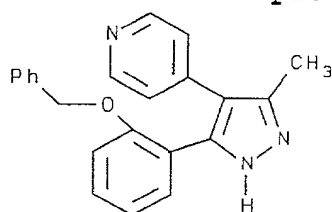
The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 3-phenoxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a white solid.

#### Example A-14



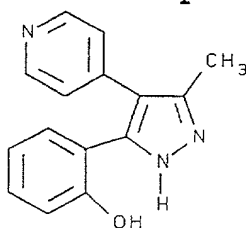
4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-  
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 3-benzyloxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[3-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a white solid: MS ( $M^+H$ ): 342 (base peak).

**Example A-15**

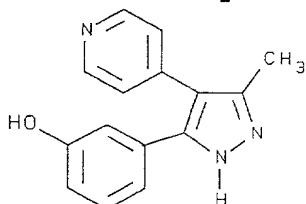
4-[3-methyl-5-[2-(phenylmethoxy)-  
phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 2-benzyloxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 4-[3-methyl-5-[2-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine. MS ( $M^+H$ ): 342 (base peak).

**Example A-16**

2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-  
pyrazol-4-yl]phenol

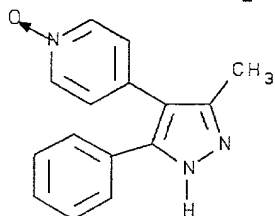
The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 2-hydroxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 2-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol: MS ( $M^+H$ ): 252 (base peak).

**Example A-17**

3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-  
pyrazol-4-yl]phenol

The same procedure for the preparation of Example A-10 was used, substituting 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde in place of piperonal, to give 3-[3-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]phenol: MS (M+H): 252 (base peak).

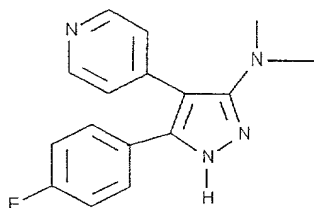
#### Example A-18



1-hydroxy-4-[3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridinium

To a solution of 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (Example A-2) (2.06 g, 8.76 mmol) in a mixture of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL) and MeOH (20 mL), was added 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (57~86%) (2.65 g, 8.76 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2h, quenched with K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution (25%, 15 mL), and concentrated. The resulting residue was partitioned between EtOAc (2.0 L) and H<sub>2</sub>O (500 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (500 mL), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to give 1-hydroxy-4-[3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridinium (1.12 g, 54.5%): MS (M+H): 252 (base peak).

#### Example A-19



5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

Step 1: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene

To a solution of sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (200 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of 4-picoline (18.6 g, 0.20 mol) in dry THF (200 mL) over 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0-10 °C for another 30 minutes, then was added to a solution of ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate (16.8 g, 0.10 mol) in dry THF (200 mL) at such a rate that the internal temperature didn't exceed 15 °C. After the addition, the resulting yellow suspension was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. Water (600 mL) was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 X 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene (19.9 g, 92 %) as an oil which solidified upon standing: m.p.: 90-91 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_{10}FNO$ : C, 72.55; H, 4.68; N, 6.51. Found: C, 72.07; H, 4.66; N, 6.62.

Step 2: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylbromoacetyl)benzene

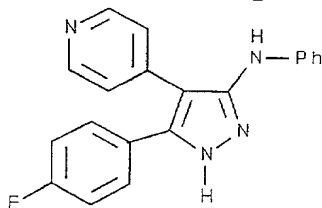
To a solution of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene (step 1) (10.0 g, 0.046 mol) in acetic acid (200 mL) was added a solution of bromine (8.2 g, 0.052 mol) in acetic acid (20 mL) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the solvent was removed, the residue was triturated with ethyl acetate. A yellow solid formed, which was filtered and air-dried to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylbromoacetyl)benzene (14.5 g). The compound was used in next step without further purification.



Step 3: Preparation of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

A mixture of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylbromoacetyl)-benzene (step 2) (3.8 g, 0.01 mol) and 4,4-dimethylamino-3-thiosemicarbazide (1.2 g, 0.01 mol) in ethanol (10 mL) was heated at reflux for 30 minutes. The dark green solution was cooled and poured into water (100 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate) to give 0.3 g 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N, N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine (0.3 g, 11 %) as a light yellow solid: m.p.: 245-247 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{15}FN_4$ : C, 68.07; H, 5.36; N, 19.84. Found: C, 68.00; H, 5.37; N, 19.61.

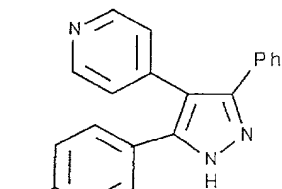
**Example A-20**



5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-19: m.p. 218-219 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{15}FN_4 + 0.1 H_2O$ : C, 72.33; H, 4.61; N, 16.87. Found: C, 72.16; H, 4.56; N, 16.77.

## Example A-21



4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

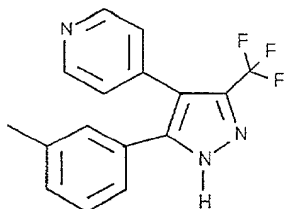
Step 1: Preparation of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene N-benzoylhydrazone

To a solution of benzoic hydrazide (1.36 g, 0.01 mol) in THF (20 mL) was added 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene (2.15 g, 0.011 mol) in one portion followed by a drop of conc. HCl. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. There was white precipitate formed, which was filtered, washed with ether and air-dried to give 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene N-benzoylhydrazone (2.90 g, 79 %) as a mixture of cis and trans (ratio, 1:9) isomers.

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

1-Fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene N-benzoylhydrazone (step 1) (0.50 g, 1.5 mmol) was heated at 180 °C under N<sub>2</sub> for 15 minutes, then cooled. The resulting solid was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (0.25 g, 53 %) as a pale yellow solid: m.p.: 265-267 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>14</sub>FN<sub>3</sub> + 0.25 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 75.10; H, 4.57; N, 13.14. Found: C, 74.98; H, 4.49; N, 12.87.

## Example A-22



4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-  
1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl)toluene

3-(4'-Pyridylacetyl)toluene was prepared by the same method as described for Example A-19, step 1 in 70% yield.

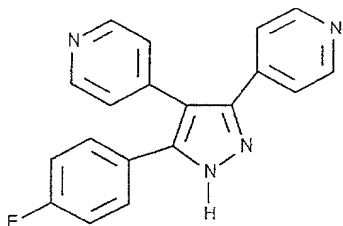
Step 2: Preparation of trifluoroacetyl hydrazide

A mixture of ethyl trifluoroacetate (14.2 g, 0.10 mol) and hydrazine hydrate (5.54 g, 0.11 mol) in ethanol (25 mL) was heated at reflux for 6 hours. Solvent was removed and the resulting residue was dried in vacuum to give trifluoroacetyl hydrazide (12.3 g, 96 %) as a clear oil which solidified upon standing.

Step 3: Preparation of 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

A mixture of 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl)toluene (2.11 g, 0.01 mol) and trifluoroacetyl hydrazide (step 2) (1.0 g, 0.01 mol) was heated at 200 °C under N<sub>2</sub> for 15 minutes. The crude residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 35:65 ethyl acetate/hexane) to give 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (0.56 g) as a white solid: m.p. 237-239 °C. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>: C, 63.36; H, 3.99; N, 13.85. Found: C, 63.6; H, 4.00; N, 13.70.

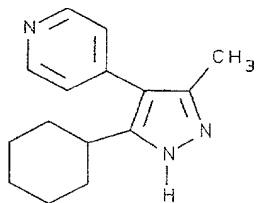
## Example A-23



4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-  
1H-pyrazol-5-yl]pyridine

A mixture of 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene (1.0 g, 4.6 mmol) and isonicotinic hydrazide (0.63 g, 4.6 mmol) in THF (25 mL) was heated to dissolution and then evaporated to dryness. The resulting solid was heated first to 140 °C, which caused a phase change, and subsequently melted on further heating until 180 °C whereupon a solid crystallized out. The reaction was immediately cooled, diluted with 10 % HCl (50 mL) and washed with chloroform. The aqueous layer was neutralized with bicarbonate and a tan colored solid was precipitated out. The solid was purified by treatment with activated carbon (Darco®) in boiling MeOH (100 mL), followed by filtration and concentration, to give 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]pyridine (1.05 g, 69 %) as a shiny tan solid: m.p. 304 °C (DSC). Mass (MH<sup>+</sup>) 137 (100%). Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>4</sub>F.1/4H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 71.13; H, 4.24; N, 17.46. Found: C, 70.88; H, 3.87; N, 17.38.

## Example A-24



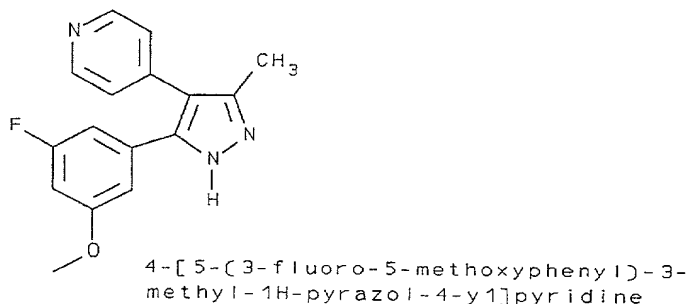
4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 4-cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one

4-Cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one was prepared by the method of Example A-1, step 1 by replacing of 3-fluoro-*p*-anisaldehyde with cyclohexanecarboxaldehyde.

Step 2: Preparation of 4-(5-cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

4-(5-Cyclohexyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine was prepared by the method for Example A-1, step 2, by replacing 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one with 4-cyclohexyl-3-pyridyl-3-butene-2-one (step 1): Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{19}N_3$ : C, 73.56; H, 7.98; N, 17.16. Found: C, 73.72; H, 7.91; N, 19.98.

**Example A-25**

4-{5-(3-Fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl}pyridine was prepared by the method of Example A-1, steps 1 and 2 by replacing 3-fluoro-*p*-anisaldehyde with 3-fluoro-*m*-anisaldehyde: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}N_3OF$ : C, 67.83; H, 4.98; N, 14.83. Found: C, 67.68, H, 4.92; N, 14.92.

The following examples (No 26-55) listed in Table 1 were prepared by the procedures described above:

TABLE 1

No A-	R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	m.p. or DSC(°C)	Anal.Calc'd Formula	Anal. Calc'd (calcd/found)		
							C	H	N
26	H				185-186	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	77.95/ 77.51	6.90/ 6.93	15.15/ 14.73
27	H	-CH <sub>3</sub>			142-144	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	75.71/ 75.69	6.16/ 6.11	16.55/ 16.49
28	H				240-242	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>19</sub> N <sub>3</sub> .0.25H <sub>2</sub> O	80.09/ 79.74	5.96/ 5.90	12.74/ 13.01
29	H			-CH <sub>3</sub>	228.8	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F <sub>3</sub>	63.36/ 63.28	3.99/ 3.73	13.85/ 13.69
30	H	-CH <sub>3</sub>			189.6	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl .0.15H <sub>2</sub> O	66.13/ 65.98	4.55/ 4.31	15.42/ 15.74
31	H	-CH <sub>3</sub>			171.6	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> .0.2H <sub>2</sub> O	76.49/ 76.69	6.57/ 6.53	15.74/ 15.61
32	-CH <sub>3</sub>	-CH <sub>3</sub>			88.6	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Cl	67.72/ 67.35	4.97/ 5.29	14.81/ 15.02
33	H	-CH <sub>3</sub>			188.8	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>14</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F	71.89/ 71.72	5.28/ 5.45	15.72/ 15.77
34	H	-CH <sub>3</sub>			215.7	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	77.54/ 77.24	6.51/ 6.80	15.96/ 15.71
35	H	-CH <sub>3</sub>			201.4	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> .0.25H <sub>2</sub> O	68.10/ 67.92	5.88/ 5.65	14.01/ 13.65
36	H				210.7	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub> .0.25H <sub>2</sub> O	63.26/ 63.59	4.42/ 4.39	19.67/ 19.31
37	H	-CH <sub>3</sub>			252.5	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>18</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	73.35/ 72.61	6.52/ 6.79	20.13/ 19.59
38	H			-CH <sub>3</sub>	196.3	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O	73.63/ 73.43	5.45/ 5.46	15.15/ 15.19
39	H			-CH <sub>3</sub>	252.8	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> Br	57.34/ 57.09	3.85/ 3.79	13.37/ 13.06
40	H			-CH <sub>3</sub>	198.5	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F	71.13/ 71.23	4.78/ 5.01	16.59/ 16.76
41	H	-CH <sub>3</sub>			225.6	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>3</sub> F <sub>3</sub>	71.13/ 70.74	4.78/ 4.66	16.59/ 16.44
42	H	-CH <sub>3</sub>			219.5	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> F <sub>3</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	63.36/ 63.19	3.99/ 4.07	13.85/ 13.38
43	H	-CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>			227.7	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub> .0.1H <sub>2</sub> O	76.53/ 76.53	6.10/ 6.20	16.73/ 16.49

No A-	R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	m.p. or DSC(°C)	Anal. Calc'd Formula	Anal. Calc'd (calcd/found)		
							C	H	N
44	H	$\cdot\text{CH}_3$			175.6	$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}$ .15H <sub>2</sub> O	71.70/ 71.92	5.75/ 5.76	15.68/ 15.29
45	H	$\cdot\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$			—	$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3$	77.54/ 77.13	6.51/ 6.28	15.96/ 15.69
46	H	$\cdot\text{CH}_3$			412.1	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{F}_2$	66.42/ 66.12	4.09/ 3.86	15.49/ 15.25
47	H	$\cdot\text{CH}_3$			168.5	$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{O}$ .15H <sub>2</sub> O	72.40/ 72.39	6.18/ 5.87	14.90/ 14.50
48	H	$\cdot\text{CH}_3$			211.2	$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_3\text{F}_3$ .0.2H <sub>2</sub> O	62.62/ 62.64	4.07/ 4.06	13.69/ 13.35
49	H	$\cdot\text{CH}_3$			—	$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{S}$	64.71/ 64.44	4.59/ 4.58	17.41/ 17.27
50	H	$\cdot\text{CH}_3$			189.2	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{Cl}_2$	59.23/ 59.22	3.65/ 3.24	13.81/ 13.81
51	H	$\cdot\text{CH}_3$			211.7	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_3\text{Cl}$ .15H <sub>2</sub> O	66.13/ 66.33	4.55/ 4.62	15.42/ 15.05
52	H	$\cdot\text{CH}_3$			219.8	$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_3\text{Cl}$	64.11/ 63.85	4.71/ 4.69	14.02/ 13.93
53	H				163.4	$\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{Cl}$	64.32/ 63.98	4.83/ 5.08	11.84/ 11.80
54	$\cdot\text{CH}_3$			H	—	$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_3\text{F}$ .0.2H <sub>2</sub> O	70.15/ 70.18	4.86/ 4.60	16.35/ 16.47
55	H			H	—	$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_3\text{F}$	70.28/ 69.97	4.21/ 3.84	17.56/ 17.53

The following pyrazoles could be prepared by the procedures described above:

- Example A-56 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
- Example A-57 5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
- Example A-58 5-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
- Example A-59 5-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
- Example A-60 5-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
- Example A-61 5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidin-2-amine;
- Example A-62 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- Example A-63 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- Example A-64 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- Example A-65 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- Example A-66 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- Example A-67 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- Example A-68 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-amine;
- Example A-69 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;
- Example A-70 2-methoxy-5-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- Example A-71 2-methoxy-5-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;
- Example A-72 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-



4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;

Example A-73 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-74 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-75 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;

Example A-76 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methoxypyridine;

Example A-77 2-methoxy-4-[3-methyl-5-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-78 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;

Example A-79 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;

Example A-80 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;

Example A-81 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;

Example A-82 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;

Example A-83 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;

Example A-84 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridin-2-ol;

Example A-85 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;

Example A-86 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;

Example A-87 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;

Example A-88 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;

Example A-89 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;

Example A-90 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-

4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;

Example A-91 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-methanamine;

Example A-92 5-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

Example A-93 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

Example A-94 4-[5-(3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

Example A-95 4-[5-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

Example A-96 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

Example A-97 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

Example A-98 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine-2-carboxamide;

Example A-99 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-100 4-[5-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-101 4-[5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-102 4-[5-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-103 4-[5-(benzofuran-6-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-104 4-[5-(3-fluoro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-105 4-[5-(3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-106 4-[5-(1-cyclohexylen-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-107 4-[5-(1,3-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-108 4-[5-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-

1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-109 4-(5-cyclohexyl-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

Example A-110 4-[5-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-111 4-[5-(3-methoxy-4-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-112 4-[5-(3-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-113 4-[5-(3-furanyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-114 2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

Example A-115 2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

Example A-116 methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-2-carboxylate;

Example A-117 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-2-carboxamide;

Example A-118 1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-2-yl]ethanone;

Example A-119 N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-2-yl)pyridin-2-amine;

Example A-120 3-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

Example A-121 3-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

Example A-122 methyl 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-3-carboxylate;

Example A-123 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine-3-carboxamide;

Example A-124 1-[4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridin-3-yl]ethanone;

Example A-125 3-bromo-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;

Example A-126 N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-

pyrazol-2-yl)pyridin-3-amine;

Example A-127 2-methyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;

Example A-128 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;

Example A-129 2-methoxy-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidine;

Example A-130 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;

Example A-131 N,N-dimethyl-4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine;

Example A-132 4-(5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;

Example A-133 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(3-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;

Example A-134 4-(3-furanyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;

Example A-135 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(2-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole;

Example A-136 4-(2-furanyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;

Example A-137 4-(3-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;

Example A-138 4-(3-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;

Example A-139 4-(5-isothiazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;

Example A-140 4-(5-isoxazolyl)-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;

Example A-141 3-methyl-5-phenyl-4-(5-thiazolyl)-1H-pyrazole;

Example A-142 3-methyl-4-(5-oxazolyl)-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazole;

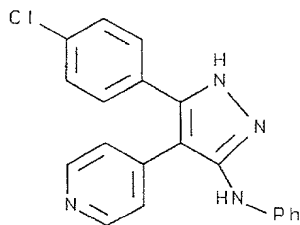
Example A-143 2-methyl-4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;

Example A-144 4-(1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-

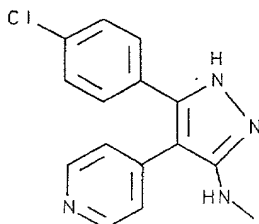
yl)pyridine;  
 Example A-145 4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 Example A-146 2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine;  
 Example A-147 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 Example A-148 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 Example A-149 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 Example A-150 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 Example A-151 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine;  
 Example A-152 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine;  
 Example A-153 4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine; and  
 Example A-154 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine.

The compounds of Examples A-155 through A-172 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly Scheme II) and illustrated by many of the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

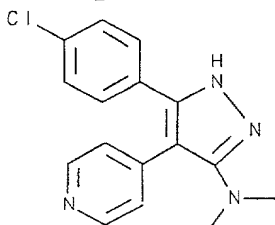
#### Example A-155



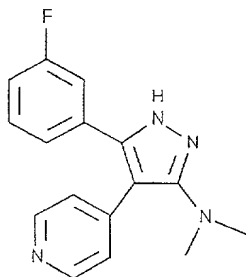
5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 261 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{15}ClN_4$  + 0.25  $H_2O$  (MW 351.32): C, 68.38, H, 4.30, N, 15.95. Found: C, 68.25, H, 4.41, N, 15.74.

**Example A-156**

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-methyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 260 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{13}ClN_4$  + 0.125  $H_2O$  (MW 287.00): C, 62.77, H, 4.57, N, 19.52. Found: C, 62.78, H, 4.33, N, 19.22.

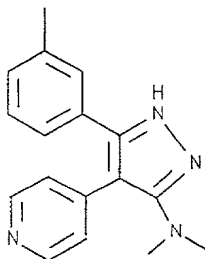
**Example A-157**

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine dihydrate: DSC 230 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{15}ClN_4$  + 2  $H_2O$  (MW 334.81): C, 57.40, H, 4.52, N, 16.73. Found: C, 57.72, H, 4.85, N, 16.54.

**Example A-158**

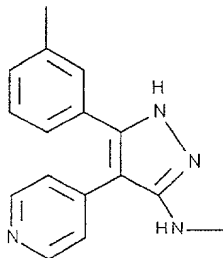
5-(3-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 227 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{15}FN_4 + 0.125 H_2O$  (MW 284.57): C, 67.53, H, 5.31, N, 19.69. Found: C, 67.60, H, 5.20, N, 19.84.

**Example A-159**



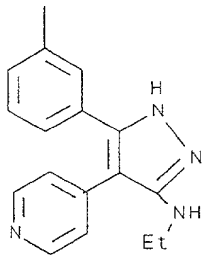
N,N-dimethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 222 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{18}N_4 + 0.25 H_2O$  (MW 282.86): C, 72.19, H, 6.41, N, 19.81. Found: C, 71.99, H, 6.46, N, 19.90.

**Example A-160**

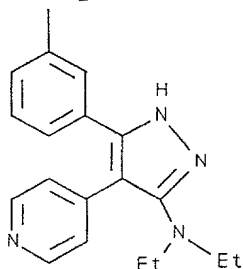


N-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 226 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{16}N_4 + 0.125 H_2O$  (MW 266.58): C, 72.09, H, 6.05, N, 21.02. Found: C, 72.12, H, 6.12, N, 20.83.

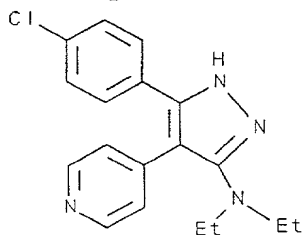
**Example A-161**



N-ethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 227 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{18}N_4 + 0.125 H_2O$  (MW 280.61): C, 72.77, H, 6.47, N, 19.97. Found: C, 72.63, H, 6.40, N, 19.73.

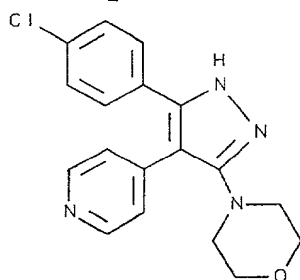
**Example A-162**

N,N-diethyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 234 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{22}N_4$  (MW 306.41): C, 74.48, H, 7.24, N, 18.29. Found: C, 74.12, H, 7.18, N, 18.13.

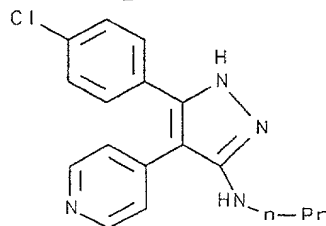
**Example A-163**

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N,N-diethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: m.p. 260-261°C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{19}ClN_4$  (MW 326.83): C, 66.15, H, 5.86, N, 17.14. Found: C, 66.03, H, 5.72, N, 17.23.^[

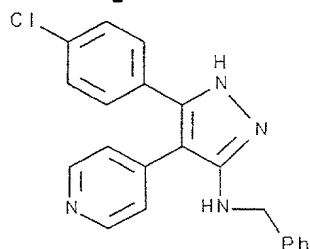


**Example A-164**

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]morpholine: DSC 279 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{17}ClN_4O$  + 0.25  $H_2O$  (MW 345.32): C, 62.61, H, 4.96, N, 16.23. Found: C, 62.52, H, 4.77, N, 16.52.

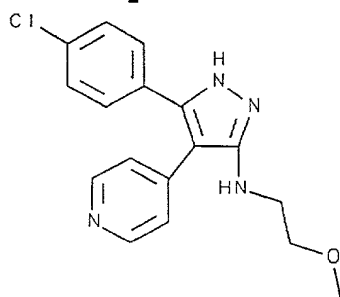
**Example A-165**

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-propyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine: DSC 244 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{17}ClN_4$  + 0.125  $H_2O$  (MW 315.06): C, 64.81, H, 5.44, N, 17.78. Found: C, 64.94, H, 5.43, N, 17.78.

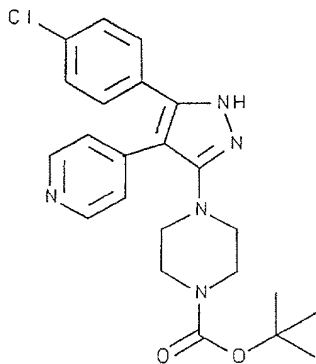
**Example A-166**

Isolated as 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine hydrate (2:1): DSC 237 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{17}ClN_4$  + 0.5  $H_2O$  (MW 369.86): C, 68.20, H, 4.63, N, 15.15. Found: C, 68.09, H, 4.55, N,

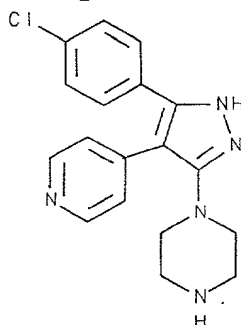
15.15.

**Example A-167**

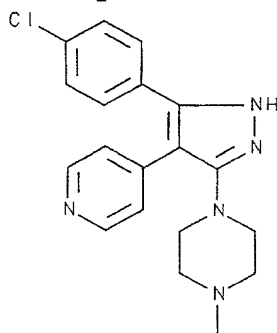
Isolated as 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine monohydrate: DSC 223 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{17}ClN_4O + H_2O$  (MW 346.82): C, 58.87, H, 4.94, N, 16.15. Found: C, 58.59, H, 4.79, N, 16.02.

**Example A-168**

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate: DSC 251 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{23}H_{26}ClN_5O$  (MW 439.95): C, 62.79, H, 5.96, N, 15.92. Found: C, 62.40, H, 5.82, N, 15.82.

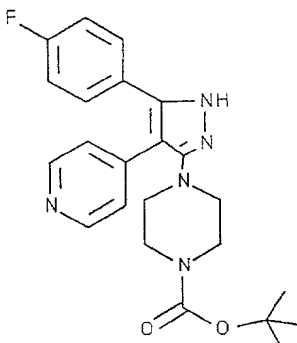
**Example A-169**

Isolated as 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine trihydrochloride: DSC 99 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{18}ClN_4 + 3 HCl$  (MW 449.21): C, 48.13, H, 4.71, N, 15.59. Found: C, 47.76, H, 5.07, N, 15.51.

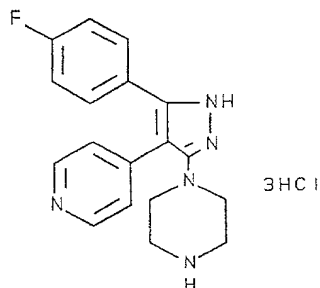
**Example A-170**

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine: m.p. 247-249 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_5 + 0.75 H_2O$  (MW 367.33): C, 62.12, H, 5.49, N, 19.06. Found: C, 62.45, H, 5.86, N, 19.32.

## Example A-171



1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate: m.p. 243-244 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{23}H_{26}FN_5O_2 + 0.5 CH_3CH_2CO_2CH_2CH_3$  (MW 467.55): C, 64.22, H, 6.47, N, 14.98. Found: C, 63.90, H, 6.47, N, 14.72.



1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine trihydrochloride: m.p. 204-206 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{18}FN_5 + 3 HCl + 0.5 H_2O$  (MW 441.77): C, 48.94, H, 4.79, N, 15.85. Found: C, 48.66, H, 4.88, N, 15.50.

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine: m.p. 264-265 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{18}ClN_5 + 0.125 H_2O$  (MW 342.08): C, 63.20, H, 5.30, N, 20.47. Found: C, 63.04, H, 5.36, N, 20.33.

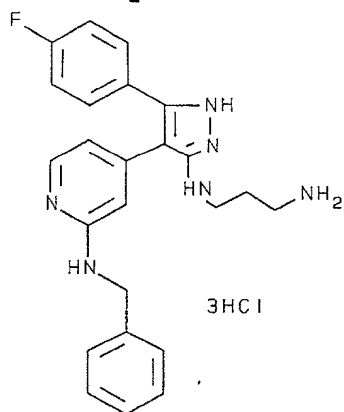
Additional compounds that were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described in Scheme II by selection of the corresponding starting reagents further

include the compounds disclosed in Table 2.

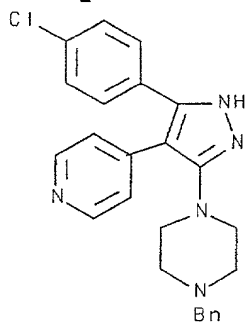
100490 1004

TABLE 2

Example	General Procedure	Formula	Microanalysis						DSC
			C calc	C found	H calc	H found	N calc	N found	
A-173	Sch. II	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>25</sub> CIN <sub>6</sub> •3HCl•1.5H <sub>2</sub> O	50.63	50.58	4.96	5.03	14.76	14.68	182
A-174	Sch. II	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>24</sub> CIN <sub>5</sub> •0.125H <sub>2</sub> O	69.47	69.33	5.60	5.56	16.20	16.11	259
A-175	Sch. II	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>17</sub> FN <sub>6</sub> •1.25H <sub>2</sub> O	48.64	48.45	4.56	4.86	20.02	20.24	82
A-176	Sch. II	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>26</sub> CIN <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	61.75	61.57	6.12	6.04	16.37	16.34	217
A-177	Sch. II	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>18</sub> CIN <sub>5</sub> •3HCl•H <sub>2</sub> O	44.85	44.96	4.65	4.87	15.38	15.17	220
A-178	Sch. II	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>24</sub> CIN <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> •0.125H <sub>2</sub> O	60.61	60.51	5.81	5.81	16.83	16.64	232
A-179	Sch. II	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>30</sub> CIN <sub>5</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	62.04	61.76	6.25	6.25	14.47	14.37	220
A-180	Sch. II	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>25</sub> FN <sub>6</sub> O <sub>2</sub> •0.5H <sub>2</sub> O	60.96	60.86	5.81	6.21	19.39	19.47	N.D.
A-181	Sch. II	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>25</sub> ClFN <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	59.26	58.98	5.65	5.55	15.71	15.36	210
A-182	Sch. II	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>22</sub> CIN <sub>5</sub> •0.75H <sub>2</sub> O	62.98	62.97	5.81	5.64	18.36	17.83	271
A-183	Sch. II	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>19</sub> Cl <sub>4</sub> N <sub>5</sub> •3HCl	45.41	45.37	4.53	4.74			120

**Example A-173**

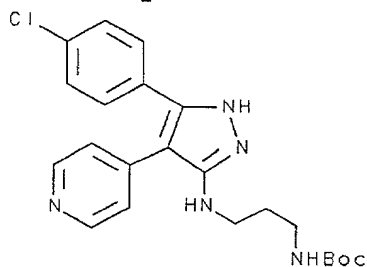
N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-[2-(phenylmethyl)amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride

**Example A-174**

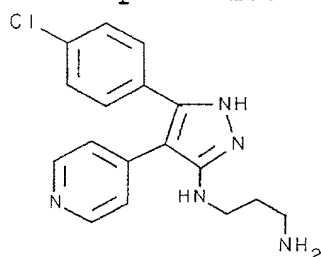
1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-(phenylmethyl)piperazine

Fc1ccc(cc1)-c2c(c[nH]2)-c3ccncc3N4CCNCC4

Example A-176

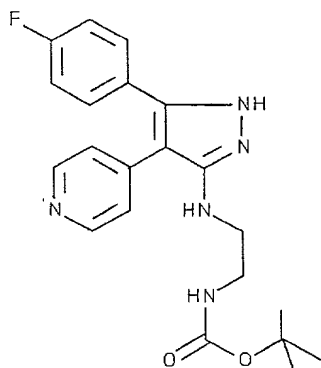


Example A-177

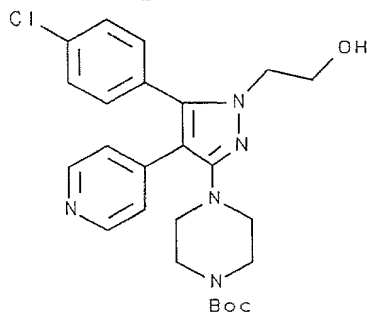


Isolated as N-[5-[4-chlorophenyl]-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine, trihydrochloride monohydrate

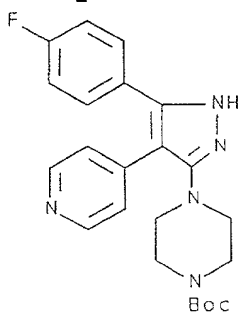


**Example A-178**

1,1-dimethylethyl [2-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]ethyl]carbamate

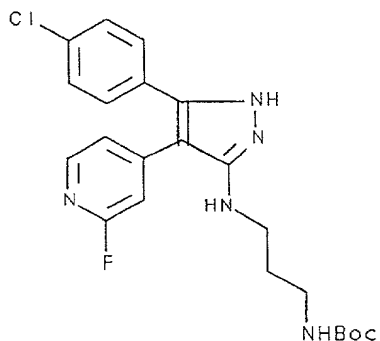
**Example A-179**

1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

**Example A-180**

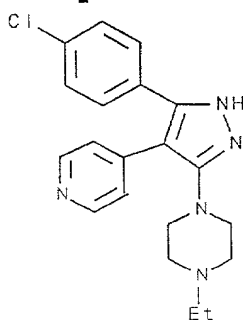
1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

**Example A-181**

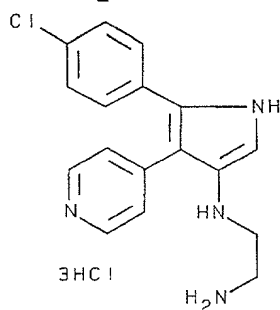


1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]aminolpropyl]carbamate

**Example A-182**

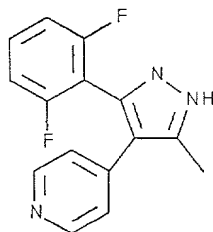


1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-ethylpiperazine

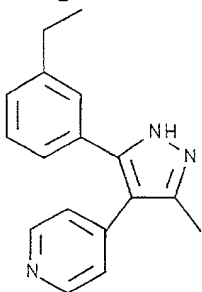
**Example A-183**

N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2-ethanediamine

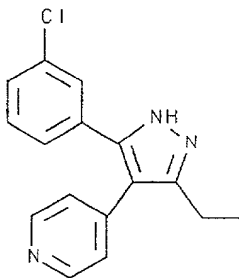
The compounds of Examples A-184 through A-189 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Schemes I and IV) and illustrated by the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

**Example A-184**

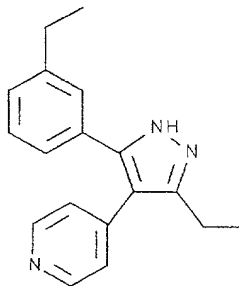
4-[3-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>11</sub>F<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>: C, 66.42; H, 4.09; N, 15.49. Found: C, 66.20; H, 3.94; N, 15.16; m.p. 236.67 °C.

**Example A-185**

4-[3-(3-ethylphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{17}N_3$ : C, 77.54; H, 6.51; N, 15.96. Found; C, 77.16; H, 6.27; N, 15.69. m.p. (DSC): 189.25 °C.

**Example A-186**

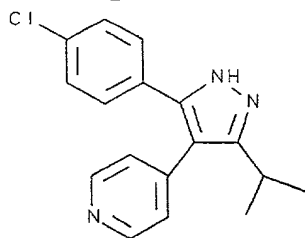
4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}ClN_3 \cdot 0.1$  mole  $H_2O$ : C, 67.15; H, 4.91; N, 14.33. Found: C, 66.95; H, 5.00; N, 14.36. DSC: 176.18 °C.

**Example A-187**

4-[3-ethyl-5-(3-ethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{19}N_3 \cdot 0.1$  mole  $H_2O$ : C, 77.54; H, 7.00; N, 15.46. Found: C, 77.16; H, 6.80; N, 15.20. DSC: 189.25 °C.

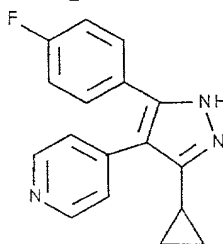
77.44; H, 6.93; N, 15.05. Found: C, 77.39; H, 6.94; N, 14.93. m.p. (DSC): 192.66 °C.

**Example A-188**



4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-methylethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{16}ClN_2 \cdot 0.4M$  EtOAc: C, 67.08; H, 5.81; N, 12.62. Found: C, 67.40; H, 6.15; N, 12.34.

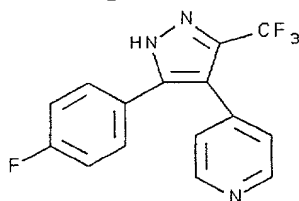
**Example A-189**



4-[3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{14}FN_3$ : C, 73.1; H, 5.05; N, 15.04. Found: C, 73.23; H, 4.89; N, 14.63; m.p.: 239-240 °C.

The compound of Example A-190 was synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme III) and illustrated by the previously disclosed Examples by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

100180 100180

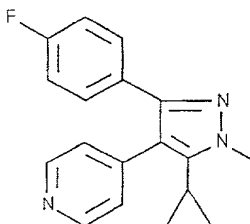
**Example A-190**

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

This compound was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-22 by replacing 3-(4'-pyridylacetyl)toluene with 1-fluoro-4-(4'-pyridylacetyl)benzene (prepared as set forth in Example A-19).

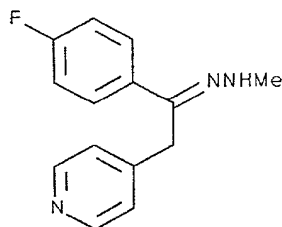
Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_9F_4N_3$ : C, 58.64; H, 2.95; N, 13.68. Found: C, 58.57; H, 3.07; N, 13.31. m.p. (DSC): 281.94 °C.

The compounds of Examples A-191 through A-198 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme V) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

**Example A-191**

4-[5-(cyclopropyl)-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazone



1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazone

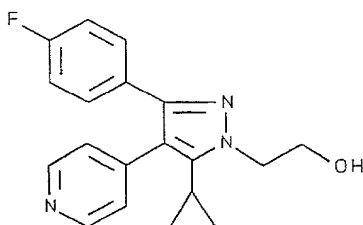
To a solution of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridinyl methane (8.60 g, 0.04 mol) and methyl hydrazine (2.14 g, 0.044 mol) in 50 mL of ethanol was added two drops of concentrated sulfuric acid. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the removal of solvent, the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium carbonate solution, washed with brine, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was recrystallized from diethyl ether and hexane to afford 7.5 g of a yellow solid product (77% yield), 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone methylhydrazone.

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl))-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (5.5 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 (0.67 g, 0.0028 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate (0.34 g, 0.0034 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 3 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and

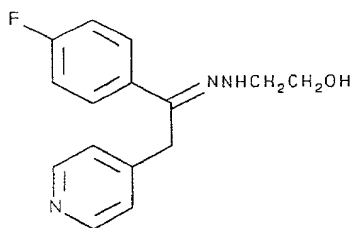
filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane/acetone, 10:9:1) to give 0.45 g of product, 4-[5-(cyclopropyl-3-(4-(fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)]pyridine, as a light yellow solid (55% yield), mp: 129-130 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  8.53 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 0.95 (m, 2H), 0.36 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{FN}_3$ : C, 73.70; H, 5.50; N, 14.32. Found: C, 73.63; H, 5.57; N, 14.08.

#### Example A-192



5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

#### Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone



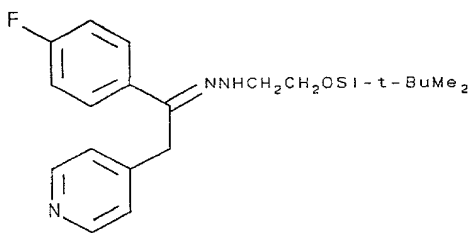
1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone

To a flask containing hydroxyethyl hydrazine (3.4 g, 0.04 mol) at 80 °C was added 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridinyl methane (8.6 g, 0.04 mol) portionwise. The yellow oil was stirred at this temperature overnight. The cooled



reaction mixture was dissolved with hot ethyl acetate and then triturated with hexane to give 8.9 g of product, 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone, as a yellow crystal (81%), mp: 122-123 °C.

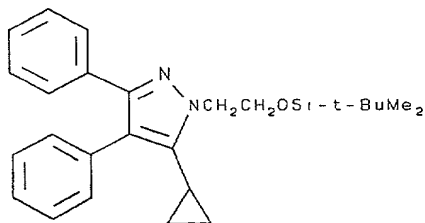
Step 2: Preparation of 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone [2-[[[1,1-dimethylethyl]dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]hydrazone



1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone  
[2-[[[1,1-dimethylethyl]dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]hydrazone

To a solution of the 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (2-hydroxyethyl)hydrazone prepared in step 1 (2.73 g, 0.01 mol) and (1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl chloride (1.5 g, 0.01 mol) in 25 mL of DMF was added imidazole portionwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. Water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate, the organic layer was washed with water, washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to give 3.8 g of crude product, 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone [2-[[[1,1-dimethylethyl]dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]hydrazone, as a yellow oil that was used in the next step without further purification.

Step 3: 5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazole



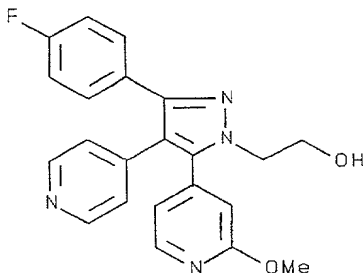
5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazole

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (4.2 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 (0.78 g, 0.002 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of methyl cyclopropanecarboxylate (0.27 g, 0.0026 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 3 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 3:7) to give 0.30 g of product, 5-cyclopropyl-1-[2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl) dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrazole, as a light yellow oil (35% yield), <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.53 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.47 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 0.95 (m, 2H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 0.41 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>32</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>OSi: C, 68.61; H, 7.37; N, 9.60. Found: C, 68.39; H, 7.81; N, 9.23.

Step 4: Preparation of 5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

To a solution of the compound prepared in step 3 (0.27 g, 0.00062 mol) in 5 mL of THF was added tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.9 mL of 1.0 M THF solution) at room temperature. After 1 hour, water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 9:1) to give 0.16 g of product, 5-cyclopropyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol, as a pale yellow solid, mp: 155-157 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.53 (br s, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.42 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 0.93 (m, 2H), 0.35 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O: C, 70.57; H, 5.61; N, 12.99. Found: C, 70.46; H, 5.87; N, 12.84.

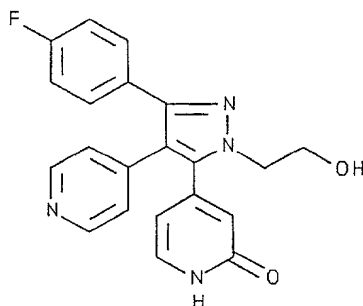
**Example A-193**



**3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol**

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (7.4 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-192 (1.25 g, 0.0034 mol) in 15 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of methyl 4-(2-

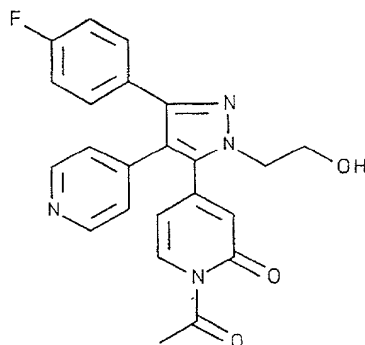
## Example A-194



4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone

To a solution of 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol (0.28 g, 0.0006 mol) in 5 mL of acetic acid was added 3 mL of 48% hydrobromic acid. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 3 hour. The cooled mixture was then treated with water, basified with ammonium hydroxide and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (MeOH/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/NH<sub>4</sub>OH, 5:94:1) to give 0.07 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone, as a yellow solid (32% yield), mp: 250-251 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>): δ 11.74 (s, 1H), 8.45 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (m, 3H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 6.37 (s, 1H), 6.05 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.0 (m, 1H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.81 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>17</sub>FN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>•0.2 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 66.06; H, 4.65; N, 14.67. Found: C, 66.31; H, 4.49; N, 14.27.

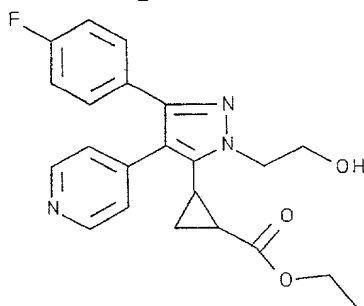
## Example A-195



1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone

1-acetyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone was obtained as a byproduct of the reaction of Example A-194 in the form of a yellow solid (38% yield), mp: 220-221 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  8.50 (m, 2H), 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.02 (m, 4H), 6.59 (m, 1H) 6.08 (dd,  $J = 1.4, 5.2$  Hz, 1H), 4.52 (t,  $J = 6.0$  Hz, 2H), 4.43 (t,  $J = 6.0$  Hz, 2H), 2.04 (s, 3H); Anal. Calc'd for  $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{19}\text{FN}_4\text{O}_3 \cdot 0.3 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ : C, 65.46; H, 4.63; N, 13.28. Found: C, 65.09; H, 4.64; N, 12.99.

## Example A-196

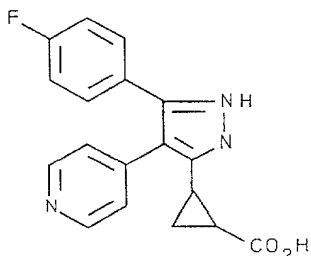


Ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (17.0 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C was added a solution of the

compound prepared in step 1 of Example A-192 (1.37 g, 0.005 mol) in 20 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of diethyl 1,2-cyclopropanedicarboxylate (1.12 g, 0.006 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 0.18 g of product, ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate, as a light yellow oil (35% yield),  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  8.55 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.38 (m, 2H), 4.16 (m, 4H), 2.47 (m, 1H), 1.53 (m, 2H), 1.26 (t,  $J=7.0$  Hz, 3H), (m, 2H), 0.90 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{22}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3 \cdot 0.25 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ : C, 66.07; H, 5.67; N, 10.51 Found: C, 65.89; H, 5.80; N, 9.95.

#### Example A-197

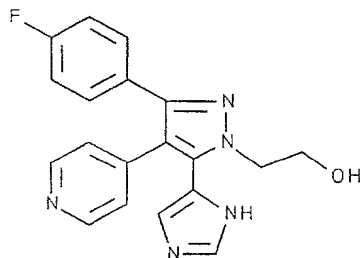


2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid

To a solution of ethyl 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylate prepared in accordance with Example A-196 (0.21 g, 0.00045 mol) in 10 mL of methanol

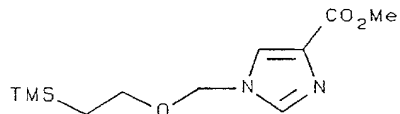
was added a solution of sodium hydroxide (0.09 g, 0.0022 mol) in 2 mL of water. The reaction mixture was stirred at reflux for 6 hours. After the solvent was removed, the residue was dissolved with 10 mL of 1N HCl and stirred for 30 minutes. The pH was then adjusted to 5-6 by addition of 1N sodium hydroxide solution and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was purified by recrystallization from ethanol and ether to give 0.1 g of product, 2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, as a white solid (60% yield), mp: 253-255 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD): δ 8.46 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H); 7.04 (m, 2H), 4.39 (t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 4.03 (m, 2H), 2.60 (m, 1H), 1.51 (m, 2H), 0.97 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: C, 65.39; H, 4.94; N, 11.44. Found: C, 64.92; H, 4.77; N, 11.20.

#### Example A-198



3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

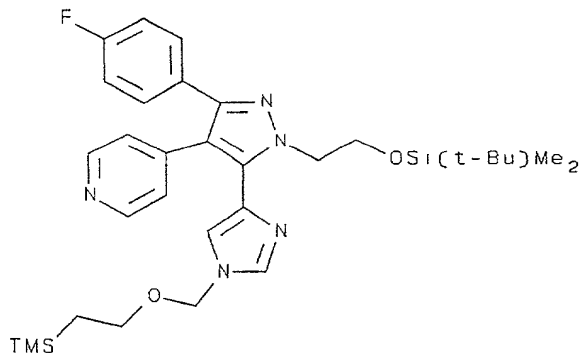
Step 1: Preparation of methyl 1-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate



methyl 1-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

To a suspension of sodium hydride (1.0 g, 0.025 mol) in 50 mL of DMF was added methyl 4-imidazolecarboxylate (2.95 g, 0.023 mol) portionwise at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. Then SEM-Cl (4.17 g, 0.025 mol) was added dropwise over 5 minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 hours and quenched by adding water. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 4.0 g of the major regioisomer as a clear oil.

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[1-[2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[1-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]-1H-imidazol-4-yl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine



4-[1-[2[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]-oxy]ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[1-[2-trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]-1H-imidazol-4-yl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (4.5 mL, 1.0 M in THF) at 0 °C under Ar was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-192 (0.8



g, 0.002 mol) in 10 mL of dry THF dropwise. The dark brown solution was stirred at this temperature for 30 minutes. Then a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 of the present Example (0.54 g, 0.0021 mol) in 5 mL of dry THF was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 1 hour. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 8:2) to give 0.98 g of product as a light yellow oil which solidified upon standing (91% yield), mp: 79-80 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.48 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (m, 2H), 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (s, 2H), 4.53 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 0.92 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 0.84 (s, 9H), 0.021 (s, 18H); Anal. Calc'd For C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>44</sub>FN<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>: C, 62.70; H, 7.47; N, 11.79. Found: C, 62.98; H, 7.74; N, 11.88.

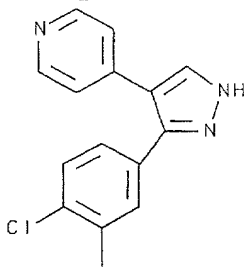
Step 3: Preparation of 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

To a solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of the present Example (0.54 g, 0.001 mol) in 10 mL of THF was added a solution of tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.0 M in THF). After the mixture was heated at reflux for 3 hours, the solvent was removed and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was purified on silica gel (methylene chloride/methanol, 95:5) to give 0.22 g of the product, 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-imidazolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol, as a white solid (63% yield), mp: 227-228 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>): δ 8.45 (m, 2H), 7.83 (s,

1H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.15 (m, 4H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 5.20 (br s, 1H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 3.81 (m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{19}H_{16}FN_5O$ : C, 65.32; H, 4.62; N, 20.05. Found: C, 64.98; H, 4.55; N, 19.79.

The compound of Example A-199 was synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VI) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

**Example A-199**

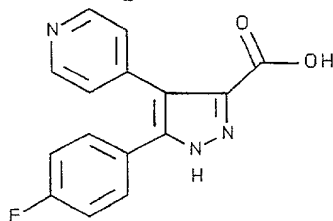


4-[3-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}N_3Cl$  (269.74): C, 66.79; H, 4.48; N, 15.58. Found: C, 66.57; H, 4.15; N, 15.54. m.p. (DSC): 198.17 °C.

The compounds of Examples A-200 through A-202 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

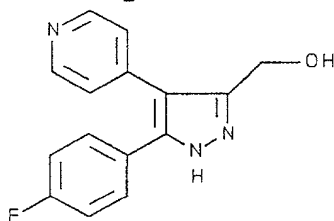
**Example A-200**



5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid

A mixture of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine prepared as set forth in Example A-4 (5.83 g, 24.0909 mmol) and potassium permanganate (7.6916 g, 48.1818 mmol) in water (7.5 ml) and tert-butanol (10 ml) was heated at reflux for 6 hours (or until all the potassium permanganate was consumed). The mixture was then stirred at room temperature overnight and then diluted with water (150 ml). Manganese dioxide was removed from the mixture by filtration. The filtrate was extracted with ethyl acetate to remove unreacted starting material. The aqueous layer was acidified with 1N HCl to increase the pH to about 6. A white precipitate formed, was collected by filtration, washed with water, and dried in a vacuum oven to give 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (isolated as the monohydrate salt) (2.9777 g, 43.7 %). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{10}N_3FO_2 \cdot H_2O$  (283 + 18): C, 59.80; H, 4.01; N, 13.95; Found: C, 59.48; H, 3.26; N, 13.65. MS ( $MH^+$ ): 284 (base peak).

**Example A-201**

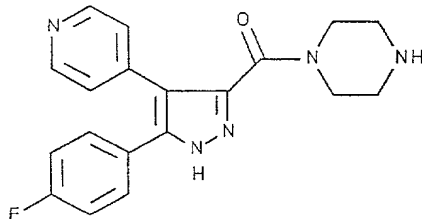


5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-methanol

To a suspension of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate prepared in accordance with Example A-200 (0.526 g, 2.0 mmol) in dry THF (15 ml) at reflux under nitrogen, a

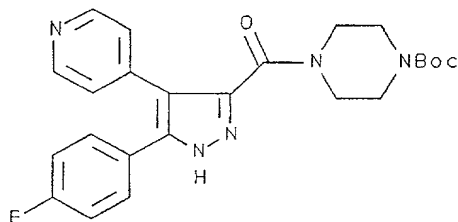
solution of 1N lithium aluminum hydride in THF (4.0 ml, 4.0 mmol) was added dropwise over 15 minutes. A precipitate formed. The mixture was boiled for an additional hour. Excess lithium aluminum hydride was then decomposed by cautiously adding a solution of 4N potassium hydroxide in water (0.5 ml). Upon hydrolysis, a white salt precipitated. After the addition was complete, the mixture was heated at reflux for 15 minutes. The hot solution was filtered by suction through a Buchner funnel, and remaining product was extracted from the precipitate by refluxing with THF (15 ml) for 1 hour, followed again by suction filtration. The combined filtrates were concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was taken into ethyl acetate, washed with water and brine, dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  to give a crude product (0.45 g). Recrystallization of the crude product from methanol gave 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-methanol (0.2808 g, 56.5%). DSC: 260.26 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_3\text{FO}$  (269): C, 66.91; H, 4.49; N, 15.60; Found: C, 66.07; H, 4.63; N, 15.20. MS ( $\text{MH}^+$ ): 270 (base peak).

**Example A-202**



1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine

Step 1: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate



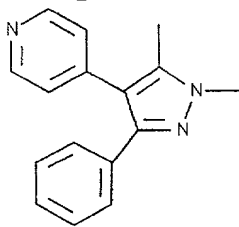
To a solution of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate prepared in accordance with Example A-200 (0.9905 g, 3.5 mmol) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (0.4824 g, 3.57 mmol) in DMF (20 ml) at 0 °C under nitrogen, 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.6984 g, 3.57 mmol, Aldrich Chemical Co.) was added. The solution was stirred at 0 °C under nitrogen for 1 hour then 1-butoxycarbonylpiperazine (0.6585 g, 3.5 mmol) was added followed by N-methylmorpholine (0.40 ml, 3.6 mmol). The reaction was stirred from 0 °C to room temperature overnight. After 19 hours, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and resulting residue was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, water and brine, and dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give a crude product (1.7595 g). 1,1-Dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (1.2372 g, 78.4%) was obtained by chromatography. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>26</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>3</sub>F. (451): C, 63.85; H, 5.80; N, 15.51; Found: C, 63.75; H, 5.71; N, 15.16. MS (MH<sup>+</sup>): 452 (base peak).

Step 2: Preparation of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine bis(trifluoroacetate), monohydrate

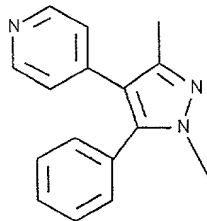
A solution of the compound prepared in step 1 (0.1804 g, 0.4 mmol) in methylene chloride (1.0 ml) and TFA (0.3 ml) was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen for 2 hours. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and TFA was chased by methylene chloride and methanol. The resulting colorless oily residue was dried in a vacuum oven overnight to give 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine (isolated as the bis(trifluoroacetate), monohydrate salt) (0.2400g, 100%) as a white solid. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{18}N_5OF \cdot 2CF_3COOH \cdot H_2O$  (351 + 228 + 18): C, 46.24; H, 3.71; N, 11.72; Found: C, 45.87; H, 3.43; N, 11.45. MS ( $MH^+$ ): 352 (base peak).

The compounds of Examples A-203 through A-206 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme VIII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

**Example A-203**



4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

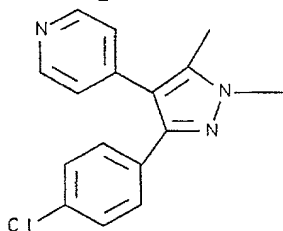


## 4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

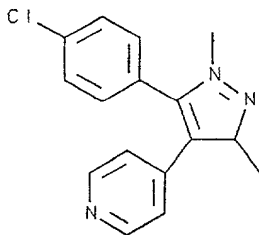
A 60% dispersion of sodium hydride (41 mg, 0.00172 moles) (prewashed with hexane) in mineral oil (69 mg) was added with 5 ml of dioxane to a stirred solution of 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (200 mg, 0.00086 moles) (prepared as set forth in Example A-2) in 50 ml of dioxane. After 3 hours a solution of  $\text{CH}_3\text{I}$  (122 mg, 0.00086 mole) in 10 ml dioxane was added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 hours. The mixture was concentrated to a solid. The products were partitioned between water (15 ml) and ethyl acetate (50 ml). The organic layer was dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered and concentrated to a solid. The products were purified and separated by radial chromatography. NMR (NOE experiments) showed that the first component off the column (the minor component) was 4-(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine, and the second material off the column was 4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine.

Major isomer (4-(1,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine): m.p.: 94-99 °C. Anal. calc'd for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3 \cdot 0.1\text{MH}_2\text{O}$ : C, 77.08; H, 6.06; N, 16.85. Found: C, 76.59; H, 5.70; N, 16.62

## Example A-204



4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine



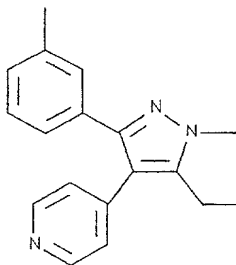
4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (the compound of Example A-32)

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine and 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine were prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-203 by replacing 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine with 4-(3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (prepared as set forth in Example A-7).

Major Isomer (4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): Anal. calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}N_3Cl$  (283.76): C, 67.72; H, 4.97; N, 14.81; Found: C, 67.45; H, 4.71; N, 14.63. m.p. (DSC): 190.67 °C.

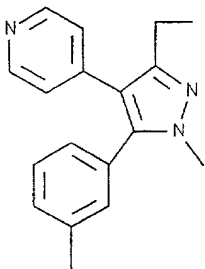
Minor Isomer (4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): m.p.: 82-88 °C. Anal. calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}N_3Cl$ : C, 67.72; H, 4.97; N, 14.81; Found: C, 67.56; H, 4.96; N, 14.73.

#### Example A-205





4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

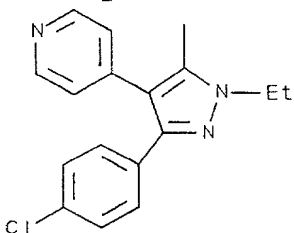


4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

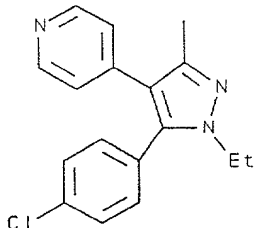
4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine and 4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine were prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-203 by replacing 4-(3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine with 4-(3-(4-methylphenyl)-5-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine (prepared as set forth in Example A-45).

Major Isomer (4-[5-ethyl-1-methyl-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{19}NO_3 \cdot 0.45$   $MH_2O$ : C, 75.73; H, 7.03; N, 14.77. Found: C, 76.03; H, 6.87; N, 14.28.

Minor Isomer (4-[3-ethyl-1-methyl-5-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine): Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{19}NO_3 \cdot 0.30$   $MH_2O$ : C, 76.46; H, 6.99; N, 14.86. Found: C, 76.58; H, 6.98; N, 14.63.

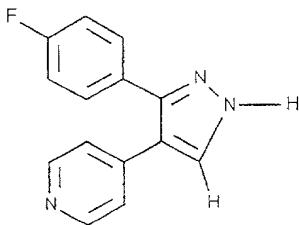
**Example A-206**

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{16}N_3Cl$  (297.79): C, 68.57; H, 5.42; N, 14.11. Found: C, 68.33; H, 5.27; N, 14.08; m.p. (DSC) 164.36 °C.

**Example A-207**

4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-ethyl-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{17}H_{16}N_3Cl$  (297.79): C, 68.57; H, 5.42; N, 14.11. Found: C, 68.25; H, 5.36; N, 13.74; m.p. (DSC) 153.46 °C.

The compounds of Examples A-208 and A-209 were prepared in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme IX):

**Example A-208**

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Step 1: Preparation of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane

To a mixture of 4-picoline (32.6 g, 0.35 moles) and ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate (50.45g, 0.3 moles), maintained at 20 °C, was added lithium bis(trimethylsilylamide) (600 mL (1M)) in a steady but rapid stream so as to maintain ambient temperature. The initial yellow solution turned into a suspension which was then stirred for an additional 2 hours. Toluene (250 mL) was added and the mixture cooled to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was quenched with concentrated HCl at 0 °C to lower the pH to about 7. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer re-extracted with of toluene (100 mL). The organic layer was dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated, to furnish a yellow solid which on trituration with hexanes (200 mL) provided the pure desoxybenzoin, 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, in 90% yield (58g). <sup>1</sup>H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step 2:

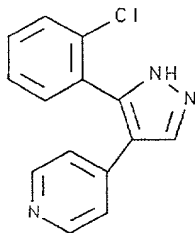
To a suspension of the desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 (30g, 0.14 moles) in tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) was added dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (50 mL) and the mixture stirred at ambient temperature for two days. The solution was then concentrated to dryness and the solid paste obtained was triturated with hexanes (150 mL) to furnish a yellow solid which was of sufficient purity (as determined by NMR) and was used for the next step without additional purification. Yield: 33.9 g (90%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR was consistent with the proposed structure.

Step 3:

The vinyl amine prepared in step 2 (33.9g, 0.1255 moles) was dissolved in 125 mL of ethanol and cooled to 0 °C. Hydrazine hydrate (8.0g of anhydrous or 16.0g. of hydrate, 0.25 moles) was then added in one portion. The mixture was stirred well and allowed to warm up to

ambient temperature for a total reaction time of 3 hours. The mixture was concentrated and taken up in 200 mL of chloroform. After washing with water (100 mL), the organic layer was extracted with 150 mL of 10% HCl. The water layer was then treated with 0.5 g of activated charcoal at 70 °C for 10 minutes, filtered through celite and neutralized cautiously to pH 7 - 8 with vigorous stirring and cooling (20% sodium hydroxide was used). The fine off-white precipitate was filtered and dried to give 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine. Yield: 27.3g. (91%). Mass spectrum:  $m/z$  = 240.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{FN}_3$ : C, 70.28; H, 4.21; N, 17.56. Found: C, 70.11; H, 4.33; N, 17.61.

#### Example A-209

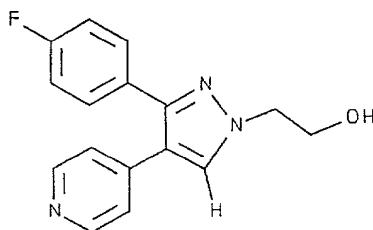


4-[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

This compound was prepared by the same procedure described for Example A-208 using the corresponding starting reagents.

Anal. Calc'd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_3$ : C, 65.76; H, 3.94; N, 16.43. Found: C, 65.22; H, 3.91; N, 16.50. m.p. (DSC): 208.46 °C.

The compounds of Examples A-210 and A-211 illustrate were prepared in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme X):

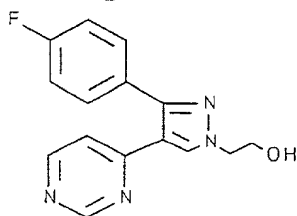
**Example A-210**

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

The desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 of Example A-208, 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, (12.7g, 0.059 moles) was mixed with 90% hydroxyethyl hydrazine (5.3g, 0.062 moles) in 30 mL of ethanol containing 0.5 mL of acetic acid in a 500 mL Erlenmeyer flask. After gentle boiling (1 hour), a small sample was evacuated at high vacuum and examined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR to confirm completion of hydrazone formation. On cooling to ambient temperature, the reaction mass solidified to a yellow cake. DMF dimethylacetal (36 mL, 0.27 moles) was then added and the mixture heated to 80°C for 10min, at which point all the solids dissolved and a clear yellow viscous solution was obtained. The reaction mixture was immediately allowed to cool slowly to 25 °C, and water (20 mL) was added dropwise with stirring, at which point a cloudy yellow oily suspension was obtained. The solution was now warmed to approximately 50-60 °C, whereupon the solution turned clear yellow. Slow cooling to ambient temperature with stirring (a crystal seed if available speeds up the process) results in a copious formation of crystals. Suction filtration followed by washing with 10% ethanol-water (50 mL), followed by drying, furnishes 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol as a light yellow crystalline solid. Re-heating the filtrate to clarity as before, followed by cooling, yields additional product. The third and fourth recovery from

the mother liquor on standing overnight furnishes the remaining 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol. Total yield: {12.3 + 3.3 + 0.4 + 0.4} = 16.4g. (97.6%). Mass spectrum,  $m/z$  = 284.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{14}\text{FN}_3\text{O}$  +  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ : C, 63.78; H, 5.35; N, 13.95. Found: C, 63.55; H, 5.07; N, 13.69.

#### Example A-211

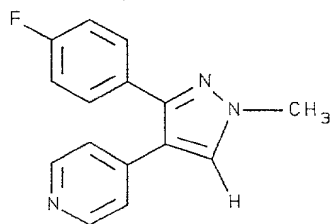


3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

This compound was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-210 except that the 4-picoline used to synthesize the desoxybenzoin was replaced with 4-methyl-pyrimidine.

The compound of Example A-212 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XI:

#### Example A-212



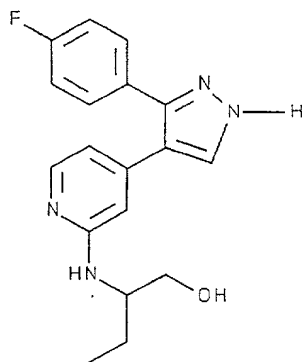
4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

The vinyl amine prepared in Step 2 of Example A-208 (5.0g, 0.0185 moles) was taken up in ethanol (75mL) and

cooled to 0 °C. Methyl hydrazine (1.7g, 0.037 moles) in ethanol (75mL) was added in one portion while maintaining the temperature at 0 to 10 °C. After 3 hours at ambient temperature the solvent was removed and the residue taken up in methylene chloride (150 mL) and water (100 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to provide the crude regio-isomeric mixture as a light tan colored solid (80:20 by NMR in favor of the title compound). The crude isomeric mixture was taken up in 10% HCl (100 mL) and washed with methylene chloride (100 mL) and the water layer treated with activated charcoal (0.5g). After filtration through Celite, the solution was neutralized with sodium hydroxide (20%) to pH 8 with good stirring and cooling. The cream colored precipitate was filtered, washed with water and dried. The solid (5 g) was dissolved in hot 10% heptane/toluene (70 mL) and allowed to cool slowly, first to ambient temperature and then to 15 °C. Scratching the sides of the flask starts the crystallization process. After 2 hours of standing, the solids formed were filtered, washed with cold 50% toluene/heptane (25 mL) followed by hexane (25 mL) and dried to yield the pure title compound. <sup>1</sup>H NMR confirmed the structure (including regiochemistry using NOE experiments). Yield: 2.1g. (45%). Mass spectrum, m/z = 254 (base peak). Anal. calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>FN<sub>3</sub> + 0.2 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 70.15; H, 4.86; N, 16.4. Found: C, 70.18; H, 4.6; N, 16.47.

The compound of Example A-213 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XII:

## Example A-213



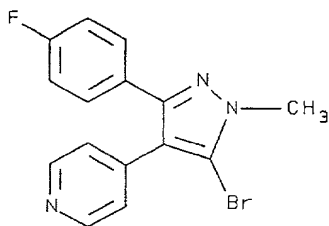
2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol

An intimate mixture of 2-fluoro-pyridinyl pyrazole (0.2g, (prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-210 except that the 4-picoline used to synthesize the desoxybenzoin was replaced with 2-fluoro-4-methylpyridine) and (R,S)-2-amino-1-butanol (4 fold molar excess) was heated to 210-220 °C in a sealed vial for 1.5 hours. After cooling to 100 °C the vial was cautiously opened and 5 mL of toluene and 5 mL of water were added and stirred well for 1 hour. The solid obtained, 2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-butanol, was suction-filtered and washed with an additional 5 mL of water followed by toluene and dried. Yield: 190mg. (71%). Mass spectrum,  $m/z = 343$ .  $^1\text{H}$  NMR was consistent with the proposed structure.

The compound of Example A-214 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XIII:



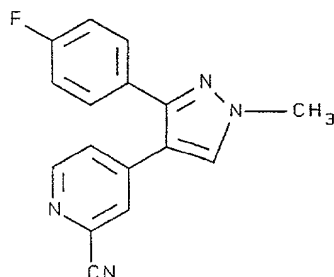
## Example A-214



4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (2.7 g, 10.67 mmol) (prepared in accordance with Example A-212) in acetic acid (30 mL) and DMF (13 mL) was added bromine (19.5 g, 122.0 mmol). The solution was heated at 80 °C overnight. TLC indicated that the reaction was complete. The mixture was quenched slowly with  $K_2CO_3$  (25g). When pH was about 5, a precipitate was formed. The precipitate was washed with water (50mL x 5) to give 4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (1.24g, 35%): mp 174.38°C; Mass spectrum  $m/z$  = 332, 334;  $^1H$  NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{11}N_3FBr \cdot 0.2 H_2O$ : C, 53.66; H, 3.42; N, 12.51. Found: C, 53.58; H, 3.12; N, 12.43.

The compound of Example A-215 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XIV:

**Example A-215**

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile

Step 1:

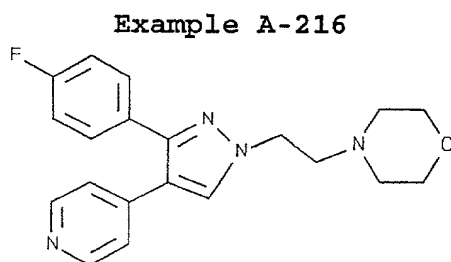
To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (4.3g, 17.97 mmol) (prepared in accordance with Example A-208) in methanol (100 mL) was added 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (5.44 g in 57 % purity, 17.97 mmol). The solution was stirred at 25 °C for overnight. The mixture was concentrated.  $K_2CO_3$  (10%, 100 mL) was added to the residue. A precipitate was formed, filtered and washed with water (30 mL x 3) to give the corresponding N-oxide (3.764g, 81.66%).

Step 2:

To a suspension of the N-oxide prepared in step 1 (0.40 g, 1.567 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added trimethylsilyl cyanide (0.3 mL, 2.25 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at 25 °C. Dimethylcarbamy l chloride (0.8 mL, 8.69 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 2 hours. TLC indicated that the starting materials were gone. The mixture was partitioned into ethyl acetate:water (100 mL:20 mL). The organic layer was washed with  $K_2CO_3$  (10%, 20 mL), water (50 mL), brine (50 mL), dried over  $MgSO_4$ , filtered and concentrated to give 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile (0.23 g, 56 % yield): mp 209.22 °C ; Mass spectrum (chemical ionization): m/z =

265;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. Calc'd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_9\text{N}_4\text{F} \cdot 0.2 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ : C, 67.26; H, 3.54; N, 20.92. Found: C, 67.44; H, 3.40; N, 20.69.

The compound of Example A-216 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XV:



4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine

Step 1:

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol (prepared in accordance with Example A-210) (10.0 g, 0.0353 moles) was suspended in pyridine (100 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. Methane sulfonyl chloride (4.4 g, 0.0388 moles) was added slowly while maintaining the temperature at 0 °C. After stirring overnight at 10 °C, chilled water (100 mL) and methylene chloride (150 mL) was added and the two layers separated. The water layer was re-extracted with 100 mL of methylene chloride and the organic layer dried and concentrated to a paste. After drying at high vacuum, a light tan colored cake was obtained which was triturated with ether (75 mL), filtered and dried to furnish a cream colored solid in 79% yield (10.1g).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. The compound was used as such for step 2.

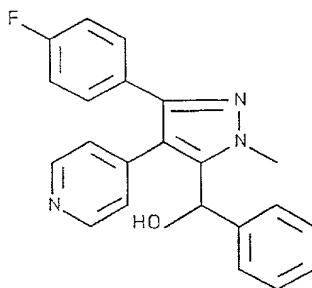
Step 2:

The mesylate prepared in step 1 (5.0 g, 0.0138

moles) was dissolved in an eight fold excess of morpholine (9.6 g, 0.11 moles) in methanol (50 mL) and heated at reflux for 3 to 4 hours. After an NMR sample confirmed completion, the mixture was concentrated and taken up in methylene chloride (150 mL) and washed with water (100 mL) and then with 75 mL of 5% HCl. The water layer was neutralized to pH 8 and extracted with methylene chloride (100 mL). On drying and concentration a light yellow pasty solid was obtained which was triturated with 25 mL of ether to furnish a solid. Recrystallization from toluene/hexane provided 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine as a solid. Yield: 4.5g (86%). Mass spectrum,  $m/z = 353$ .  $^1\text{H}$  NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. calc'd for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{21}\text{FN}_4\text{O}$ : C, 68.16; H, 6.01; N, 15.90. Found: C, 68.20; H, 6.21; N, 15.80.

The compound of Example A-217 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry of Scheme XVI:

Example A-217



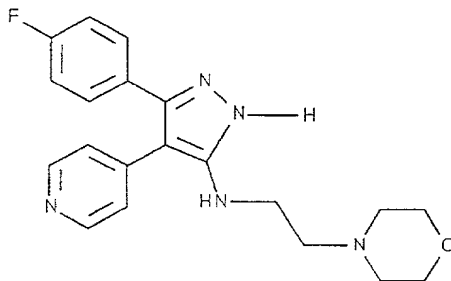
3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl- $\alpha$ -phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-methanol

To solid magnesium (60 mg, 5 mmol) under nitrogen was added a solution of 4-[5-bromo-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (450 mg, 1.35 mmol) (prepared in accordance with Example A-214) in tetrahydrofuran (7 mL). The mixture was heated at 40 °C

for 2 hours. Benzaldehyde (1 mL) was added. The mixture was heated to 45 °C for 2 hours. It was quenched with HCl (10 mL, 1N) and washed with ethyl acetate. The aqueous acid layer was basified and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , filtered and concentrated to give a residue. The residue was purified with a silica gel column to give the title compound (59 mg, 12% yield). MS:  $m/z = 360$  ( $M+1$ );  $^1\text{H}$  NMR was consistent with the proposed structure. Anal. Calc'd for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{OF} \cdot 0.6\text{EtOAc}$ : C, 71.1; H, 5.6; N, 10.2; Found: C, 70.9; H, 5.47; N, 10.2.

The compound of Example A-218 was prepared in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly Scheme XVII):

Example A-218

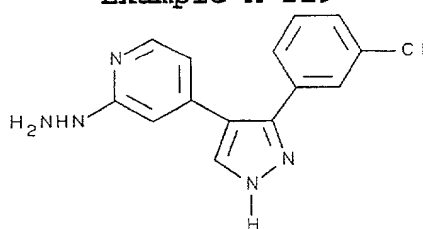


N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-morpholineethanamine

The starting desoxybenzoin prepared in step 1 of Example A-208, 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane, (1.0 g, 0.0046 moles) was dissolved in 10 mL of DMF and cooled to -10 °C (dry ice-aqueous isopropanol). N-chlorosuccinimide (0.62 g, 0.0046 moles) was added in one portion while maintaining the temperature at -10 °C. After 5 minutes the thiosemicarbazide (0.0046 moles) was added in one portion at 0 °C and allowed to warm to ambient temperature slowly over 1 hour. After stirring overnight, the solvent was removed at high vacuum and

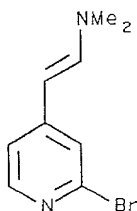
water and toluene (25 mL each) added and stirred well. The toluene layer was separated and the water layer (starting pH of 5.5) treated with bicarbonate to pH 8. The fine precipitate formed was filtered and washed with water, toluene and ether. A final trituration with ether (25 mL) furnished an off white solid, N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-morpholineethanamine, which was re-filtered and dried. Yield: 0.95g. (56%). Mass Spec. m/z: 368 (base peak). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{22}FN_5O$ . C, 65.38; H, 6.04; N, 19.06. Found: C, 64.90; H, 5.92; N, 18.67.

#### Example A-219



4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone hydrazone

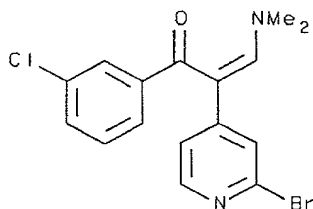
Step 1: Preparation of (E)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethylethenamine



4-Methyl-2-bromopyridine (1.0 g, 5.8 mmol) and t-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane (5 ml) were heated to 150 °C for 16 hours. 4-Methyl-2-bromopyridine was prepared as set forth in B. Adger et al., J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1, pp. 2791-2796 (1988), which is incorporated herein by reference. The contents were evaporated and the residue dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with

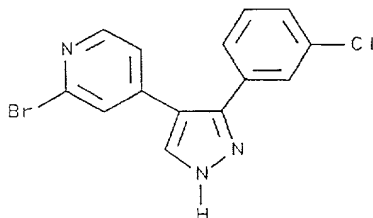
water. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and solvent removed in vacuo to give 1.0 g of (E)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethylethenamine as an oil suitable for use in step 2.

Step 2: Preparation of (Z)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-2-propen-1-one



The product from step 1 (1.0 g, 4.4 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (15 ml). Triethylamine (900 mg, 8.8 mmol) was added at 0 °C, followed by the addition of 3-chlorobenzoyl chloride (350 mg, 4.5 mmol). The mixture was stirred under nitrogen for 16 hours. Solvent was evaporated in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in ether (25 ml), stirred with magnesium sulfate (500 mg) and silica gel (500mg), and filtered. Ether was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel using mixtures of acetone and methylene chloride as eluents to give 670 mg of the product, (Z)-2-(2-bromo-4-pyridinyl)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-2-propen-1-one, as a glass which was used in step 3 without further purification.

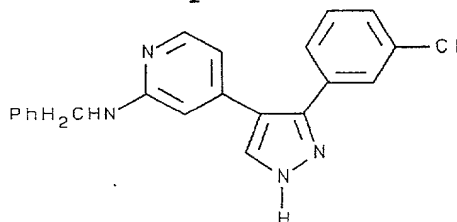
Step 3: Preparation of 2-bromo-4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine



A solution of the product from step 2 (650 mg, 1.8 mmol) and hydrazine monohydrate (100 mg) in ethanol (10 ml) was refluxed for 24 hours. Solvent was evaporated and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene as eluents to give 2-bromo-4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (190 mg, 31%) as an oil: Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{14}H_9BrClN_3$ : C, 50.25; H, 2.71; N, 12.56. Found: C, 50.10; H, 2.60; N, 12.40.

Continued elution with mixtures of ethyl acetate and methanol gave 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyridinone hydrazone (190 mg, 36%) as a crystalline solid: m.p. 163-164 °C.; MS (M+H) = 286. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{14}H_{12}N_5Cl$ : C, 58.85; H, 4.23; N, 24.51. Found: C, 58.53; H, 4.28; N, 24.87.

#### Example A-220



4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyridinamine

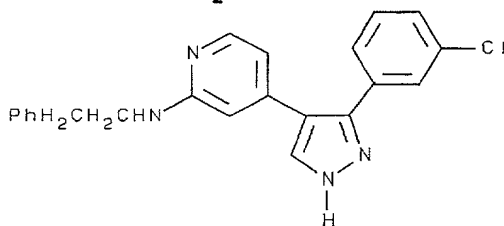
A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (150 mg, 0.5 mmol) in benzylamine (5 ml) was heated at 175 °C for six hours. After cooling, excess benzylamine was removed by high vacuum distillation and ethyl acetate added to the residue. After washing the organic phase with water and drying over magnesium sulfate, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue chromatographed on silica gel using mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene to give 4-[3-(3-



chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyridinamine (110 mg, 61%) as a solid, m.p. 179-180 °C.

Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{21}H_{17}ClN_4$ : C, 69.90; H, 4.75; N, 15.53.  
Found: C, 69.69; H, 4.81; N, 15.11.

#### Example A-221

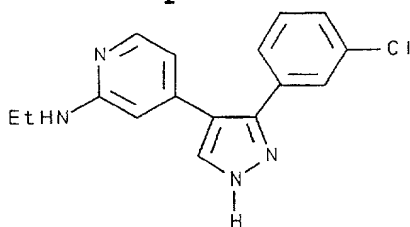


4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-pyridinamine

A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (250 mg, 0.75 mmol) in phenethylamine (5 ml) was heated at 175 °C for six hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The excess amine was distilled off under high vacuum and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with water. After drying over magnesium sulfate and removal of solvent, the residue was chromatographed on silica gel with mixtures of ethyl acetate and toluene to give 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylethyl)-2-pyridinamine (230 mg, 81%) as a solid, m.p. 185-186 °C.

Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{22}H_{19}ClN_4$ : C, 70.49; H, 5.11; N, 14.95. Found: C, 70.29; H, 5.15; N, 14.66.

## Example A-222

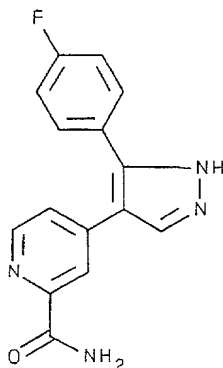


4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-pyridinamine

A solution of the bromopyridine compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-219 (300 mg, 0.9 mmol) in ethylamine (3.5 ml) and ethanol (5 ml) as heated at 150 °C in a sealed tube for 9 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue chromatographed on silica gel with 70 ethyl acetate/30 toluene to give 4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-2-pyridinamine (125 mg, 46%) as a solid, m.p. 186-187 °C.

Anal. Calc'd For  $C_{16}H_{15}ClN_4$ : C, 64.32; H, 7.06; N, 18.75.  
Found: C, 64.42; H, 7.01; N, 18.45.

The compounds of Examples A-223 through A-226 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described above (particularly in Scheme XVIII) by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

**Example A-223**

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide

Step 1:

To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (prepared as set forth in Example A-208) (8.8 g, 0.037 mol) in methylene chloride was added m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (mCPBA) in one portion at room temperature. After stirring for 16 hours, solvent was removed and the residue was treated with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The precipitate was filtered, air-dried to give 8.2 g of a product as a white solid (87%), mp: 207-209°C.

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile

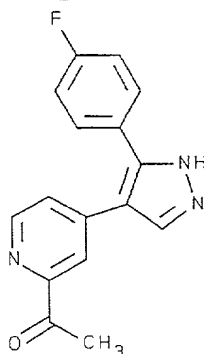
To a solution of the product of step 1 (5.1 g, 0.02 mol) in 20 mL of DMF was added trimethylsilyl cyanide (2.5 g, 0.025 mol), followed by a solution of N, N-dimethylcarbamoyl chloride (2.7 g, 0.025 mol) in 5 mL of DMF at room temperature. After stirring overnight, the reaction mixture was basified by 200 mL of 10% potassium carbonate water solution. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude

was triturated with hexane and filtered to give 4.3 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile (90%) as a pale yellow solid, mp: 238-239°C.

Step 3: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide:

To a solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarbonitrile from step 2 (0.45 g, 0.0017 mol) in 10 mL of DMSO was added hydrogen peroxide (0.24 mL of 30% aqueous solution, 1.7 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.04 g, 0.4 mmol) at 0°C. The mixture was stirred for 1 hour while allowing it to warm to room temperature. Water was added and the precipitate was collected by filtration and air-dried to give 0.32 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide as a white solid (67% yield), mp: 230-231 °C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{11}FN_4O$ : C, 63.83; H, 3.93; N, 19.85. Found C, 63.42; H, 3.66; N, 19.58.

**Example A-224**

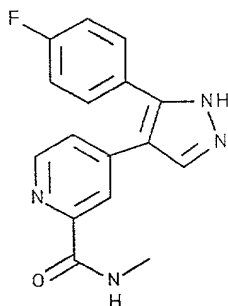


Methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate

To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxamide prepared as set forth in Example A-223 (2.9 g, 0.01 mol) in 50 mL of methanol was added N,N-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal (3.67 g, 0.03

mol) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight and heated at reflux for 4 hours. After cooling, the precipitate was collected by filtration and air-dried to give 2.0 g of methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate as a white solid (69% yield), mp: 239-241°C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{12}FN_3O_2$ : C, 64.64; H, 4.07; N, 14.13. Found: C, 64.36; H, 4.10; N, 14.27.

#### Example A-225



#### 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyridinecarboxamide

A mixture of methyl 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinecarboxylate prepared as set forth in Example A-224 (0.45 g, 1.5 mmol) and 20 mL of methylamine (40% aqueous solution) was heated at 120°C in a sealed tube for 16 hours. After cooling, water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to afford 0.4 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyridinecarboxamide as a white solid, mp: 88-89°C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{13}FN_4O + 0.4 H_2O$ : C, 63.32; H, 4.58; N, 18.46. Found C, 63.10; H, 4.62; N, 18.35.

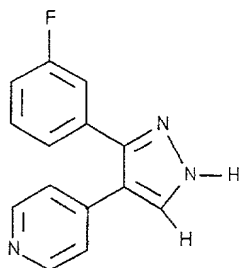
TABLE 3

Example	General Procedure	MS M+1	Microanalysis							EtOAc added
			C calc	C found	H calc	H found	N calc	N found	water added	
A-227	IX	240	69	69	4.3	4.6	17.2	16.8	0.25	
A-228	IX	266	65.69	65.69	4.41	4.33	15.32	14.98		
A-229	XI	254	70.6	70.6	4.8	4.5	16.5	16.3	0.1	
A-230	IX	256	65.76	65.48	3.94	3.78	16.43	16.52		
A-231	XI	280	64.18	63.95	4.39	4.31	13.86	13.90		
A-232	XI	271	66.79	66.79	4.48	4.24	15.58	15.32		
A-233	XI	284	66.9	66.8	5	5	14.6	14.9	0.2	
A-234	XI	270	65.9	65.6	4.6	4.6	15.4	15.4	0.2	
A-235	XI	264	77	76.7	6.5	6.5	15.8	15.7	0.1	
A-236	IX	221	75.38	75.44	5.06	5.1	18.84	19	0.1	
A-237	IX	290	61.52	61.67	3.58	3.51	14.35	14.32		
A-238	XI	304	63.36	63.28	3.99	3.91	13.85	13.83		
A-239	IX	258	65.37	65.39	3.53	3.52	16.33	16.31		
A-240	IX	274	61.44	61.14	3.31	3.01	15.35	14.95		
A-241	IX	300	56.02	55.99	3.36	3.26	14.00	14.01		
A-242	XI	272	66.42	66.41	4.09	4.04	15.49	15.32		
A-243	XI	314	57.34	57.22	3.85	3.68	13.37	13.27		
A-244	IX	342	76.39	76.16	4.81	4.51	12.31	12.05	0.25	
A-245	XII	341	64.89	64.65	6.36	6.17	15.93	15.82	0.6	
A-246	XII	391	66.08	66.18	5.04	5.56	14.01	12.26	0.5	
A-247	XII	362	64.46	64.16	4.65	4.34	18.79	18.65	0.6	
A-249	XII	258	64.91	64.84	3.58	3.63	16.22	15.98	0.1	

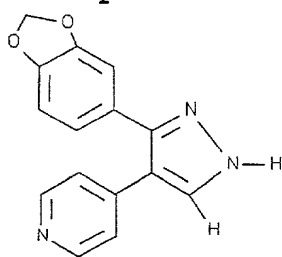
A-250	IX	348	48.44	48.07	2.9	2.82	12.1	12.01		
A-251	XI	362	49.88	49.89	3.35	3.51	11.63	11.54		
A-252	XI	304	63.36	63.34	3.99	3.96	13.85	13.81		
A-253	XII	377	68.24	68.17	5	4.71	14.47	14.34	0.6	
A-254	XII	363	66.31	66.12	4.77	4.31	14.73	14.6	1	
A-215	XIV	265	67.3	67.4	3.5	3.4	20.9	20.7	0.2	
A-255	XII	298	64.63	64.64	5.42	5.41	23.55	23.32		
A-256	XI	272	66.42	66.58	4.09	4.26	15.49	14.78		
A-257	IX	276	60.11	60.4	3.06	3.18	15.02	14.73	0.25	
A-258	IX	254								
A-259	XI	268	71.89	71.63	5.28	5.24	15.72	15.84		
A-260	X	290	62.28	62.41	3.48	3.48	14.53	14.51		
A-261	X, XV	311	69.26	69.2	6.2	6.25	17.95	17.89	0.1	
A-262	XI	376	72.71	72.5	5.17	4.98	11.06	10.99	0.25	
A-263	XII	428	70.81	70.59	6.28	6.45	15.88	15.08	0.75	
A-264	XII	326	63.79	63.76	6.39	6.09	20.66	20.45	0.75	
A-265	IX	400	66.18	66.77	4.1	4.23	16.78	15.83	1	
A-266	XII	368	62.32	62.38	6.28	6.5	18.17	17.56	1	
A-267	XI	302	62.66	62.85	4.47	4.34	13.7	13.53	0.4	
A-268	XII	349	62.9	63.2	5.2	4.8	22.7	22.5	0.75	0.1
A-269	XI, XV	371	61.85	61.84	5.71	5.24	14.42	14.17	1	
A-270	XI, XV	404	70.66	70.7	4.82	4.61	10.3	10.15	0.25	
A-271	XI, XV	329	65.8	65.3	5.5	5.6	17.1	16.8		
A-272	XI	406	69.95	70.13	5.35	5.28	10.14	9.89	0.5	
A-273	XI	354	66.9	67.2	6.9	6.6	19.1	18.7	0.2	0.1
A-274	XI, XII, XV	434	63.6	63.1	6.3	5.8	14.4	14	2	0.2

A-275	XI, XV	433	70.44	70.74	6.18	6.3	12.64	12.05	0.6	
A-276	XI, XII, XV	476	65.9	66.2	6.1	6.1	13.3	13.6	0.5	0.5
A-277	XII	338	61.11	63.02	6.48	6.39	18.75	16.61		
A-278	XI, XV	357	64.2	63.8	6.5	6	15	14.8	1	
A-279	XI, XII, XV	462	67.4	67.1	6.7	6.2	13.6	13.7	0.6	0.5
A-280	XII	299	61.27	61.47	5.37	5.11	17.86	17.21	0.9	
A-281	XII	313	64.63	64.94	5.55	5.63	17.73	17.48	0.2	
A-282	XII	313	64.63	64.81	5.55	5.43	17.73	17.38	0.3	
A-283	XI, XII	407	67.2	67	5	5.2	13.6	13.2	0.25	
A-284	XI, XV	339	70	70.3	6.9	6.9	16.3	16.2	0.25	
A-285	XI, XII, XV	476	68.2	68.5	5.7	6.2	14.7	13.6		
A-286	XVII	382	59.77	59.69	6.81	6.56	16.6	16.65	2.25	
A-287	XVII	340	56.07	56.26	7.31	7.1	17.21	17.27	3.75	
A-288	XVII	293	69.42	69.4	4.52	4.6	19.05	19.09	0.1	
A-289	XI, XII	407	68	67.5	5	4.5	13.8	13.5		
A-290	XI, XII	407	64	64.5	5.3	4.9	13	12.4	1.4	
A-291	IX	290	74.7	74.9	4.2	4.2	14.5	14.5		
A-292	XVII	326	61.22	61.46	4.77	4.53	16.8	16.97	0.4	
A-293	XVII	313	55.75	55.98	4.85	4.02	16.25	16.37	1.8	
A-294	XI	278	73.6	73.2	4.4	4.2	15.2	15		
A-295	XI	278	67.9	67.7	4.9	4.3	14	13.7	1.3	
A-296	IX		70.3	70.4	4.5	4.7	25.2	25.4		
A-297	IX		57.9	57.7	3.1	2.9	14.5	14.5		

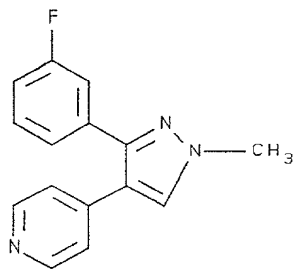


**Example A-227**

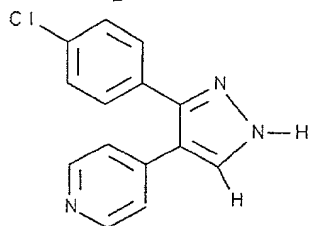
4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-228**

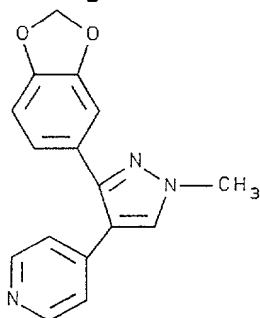
4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-229**

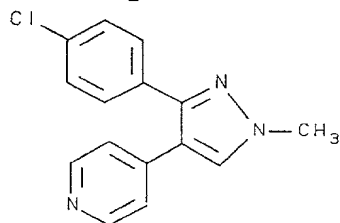
4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-230**

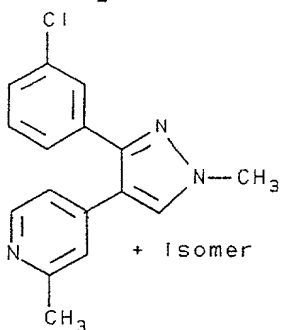
4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-231**

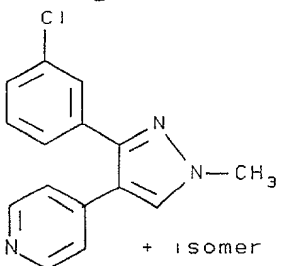
4-[3-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-232**

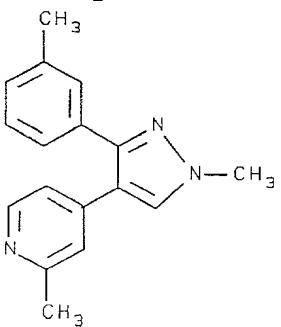
4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-233**

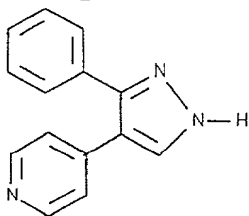
4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine and 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-methylpyridine

**Example A-234**

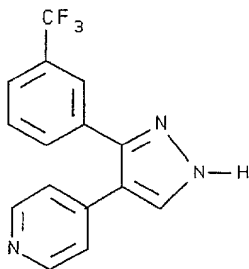
4-[3-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine and  
4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-235**

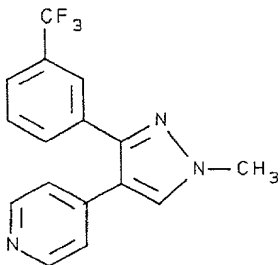
2-methyl-4-[1-methyl-3 (or  
5)-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-236**

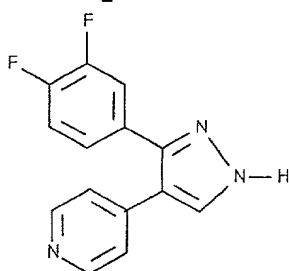
4-(3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyridine

**Example A-237**

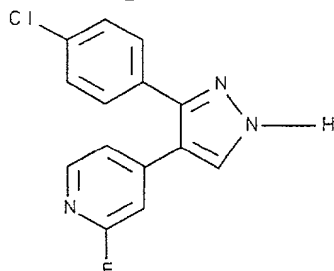
4-[3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-238**

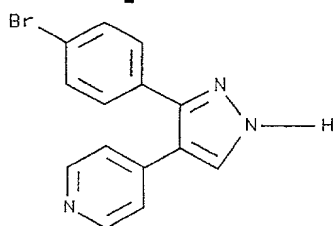
4-[1-methyl-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-239**

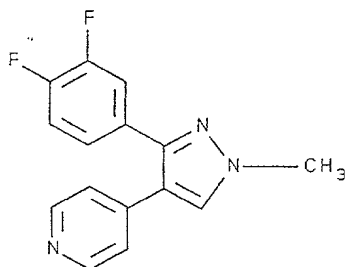
4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-240**

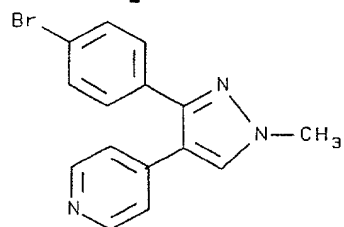
4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine

**Example A-241**

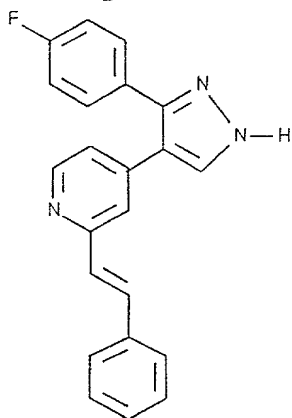
4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-242**

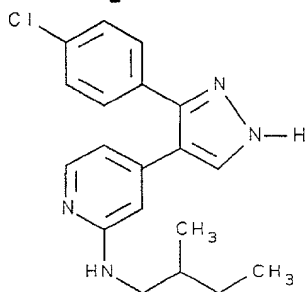
4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-243**

4-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-244**

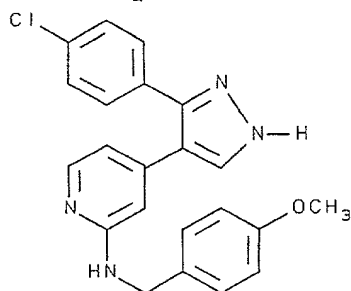
(E)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(2-phenylethenyl)pyridine

**Example A-245**

S

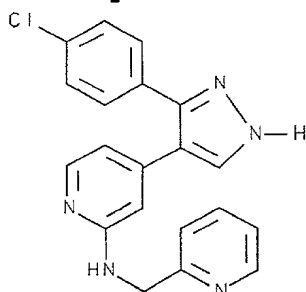
(S)-4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(2-methylbutyl)-2-pyridinamine

**Example A-246**



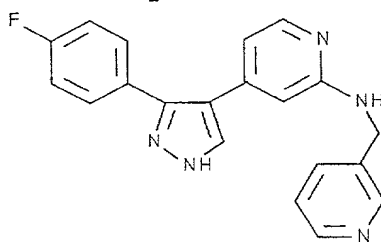
4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine

**Example A-247**



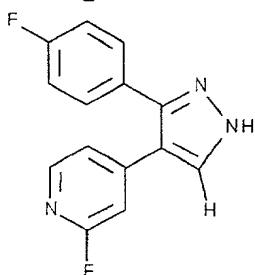
N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-2-pyridinethanamine

**Example A-248**

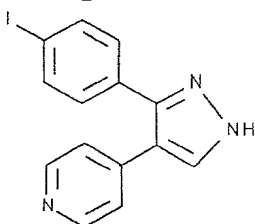


N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-2-pyridinethanamine

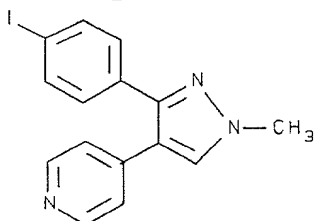
Anal Calc'd: C, 41.12; H, 3.58; N, 9.22. Found: C, 41.74; H, 5.05; N, 11.11.

**Example A-249**

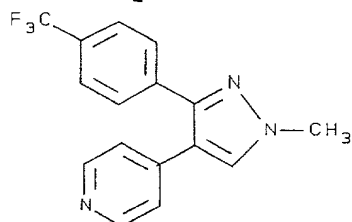
2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-250**

4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-251**

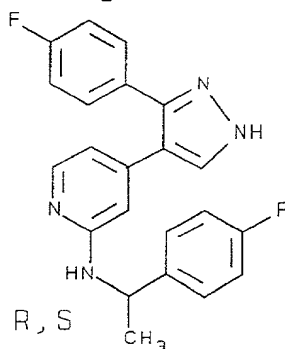
4-[3-(4-iodophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-252**



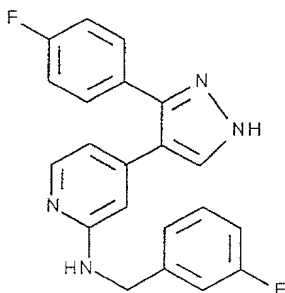
4-[1-methyl-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-253**



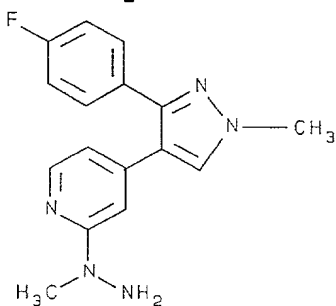
N-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine

**Example A-254**

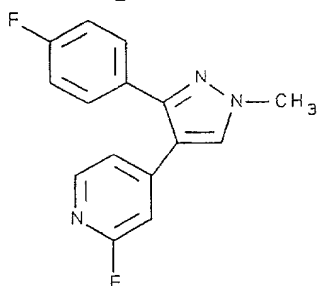


N-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine

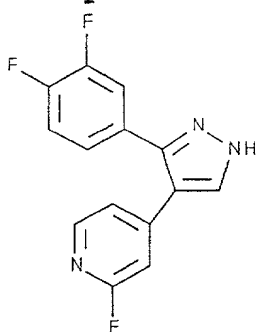
**Example A-255**



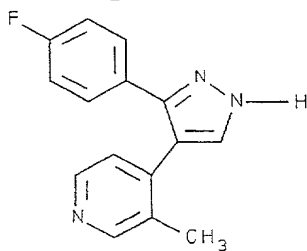
4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-(1-methylhydrazino)pyridine

**Example A-256**

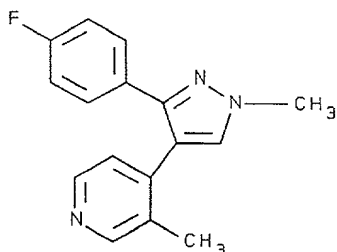
2-fluoro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-257**

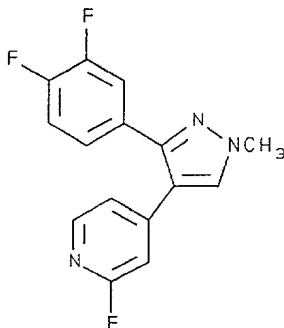
4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine

**Example A-258**

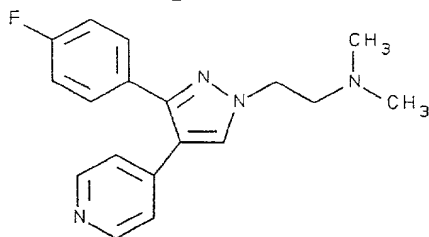
4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylpyridine

**Example A-259**

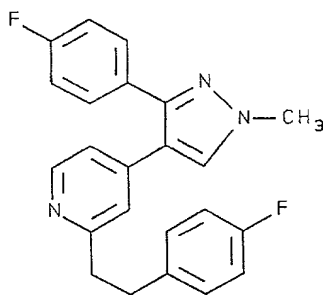
4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-3-methylpyridine

**Example A-260**

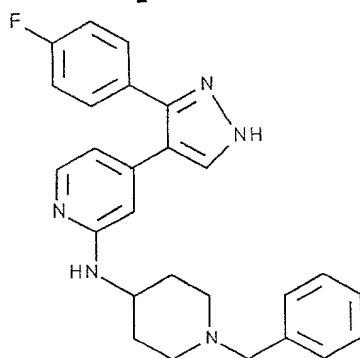
4-[3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-fluoropyridine

**Example A-261**

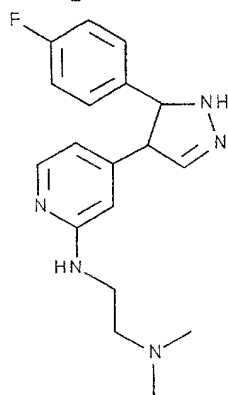
3-(4-fluorophenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

**Example A-262**

2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

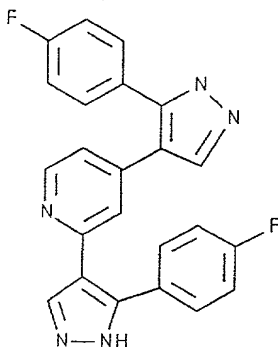
**Example A-263**

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-pyridinamine

**Example A-264**

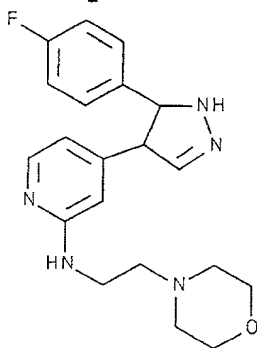
N' - [4 - [3 - (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-pyridinyl] -  
N,N-dimethyl-1,2-ethanediamine

**Example A-265**



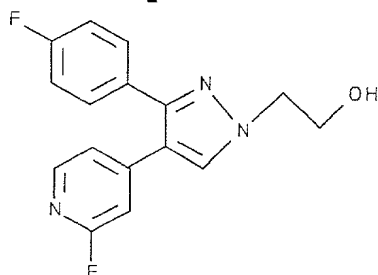
2,4-bis[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

**Example A-266**



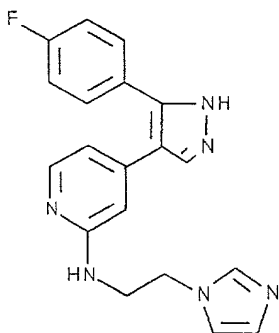
N - [4 - [3 - (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-pyridinyl] -4-  
morpholineethanamine

**Example A-267**



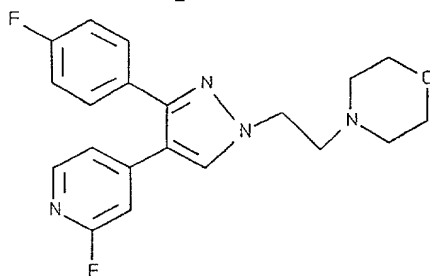
3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

**Example A-268**



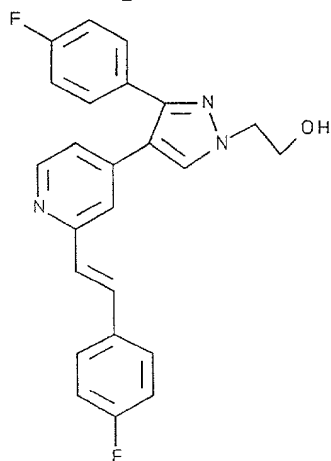
4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl]-2-pyridinamine

**Example A-269**



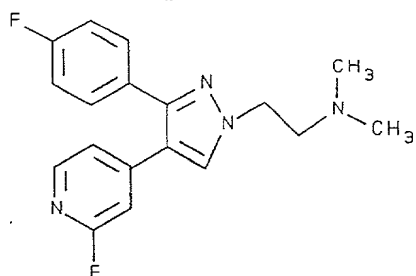
4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethyl]morpholine

**Example A-270**



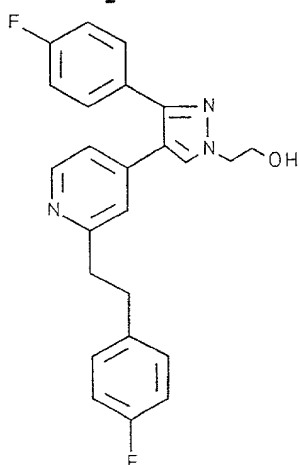
(E)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethenyl]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

**Example A-271**



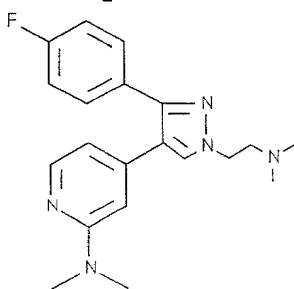
3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

**Example A-272**

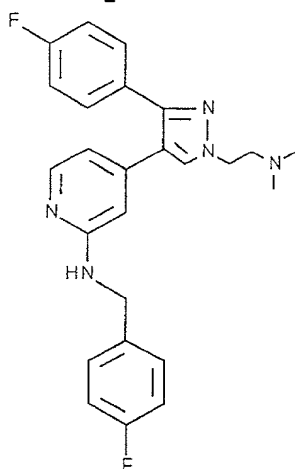


3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

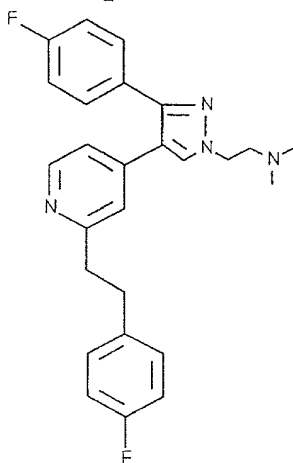
**Example A-273**



4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyridinamine

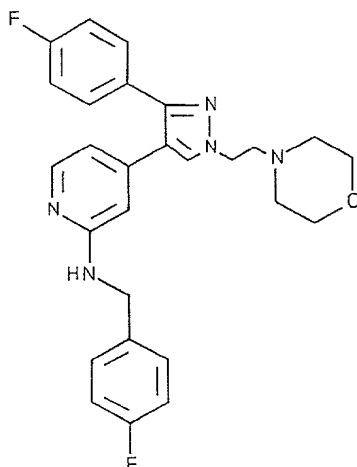
**Example A-274**

4-[1-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine

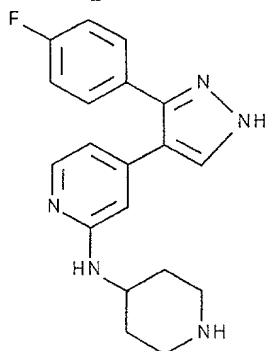
**Example A-275**

3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-4-pyridinyl]-N,N-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

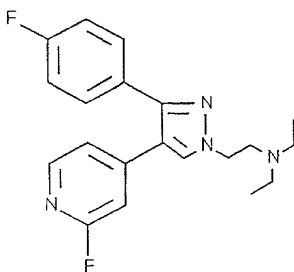


**Example A-276**

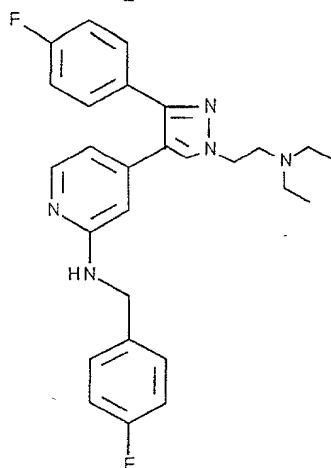
N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(or 5)-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine

**Example A-277**

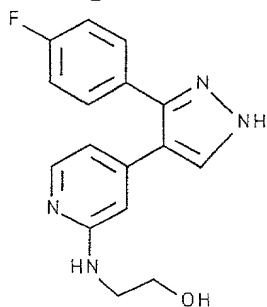
4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-4-piperidinyl-2-pyridinamine

**Example A-278**

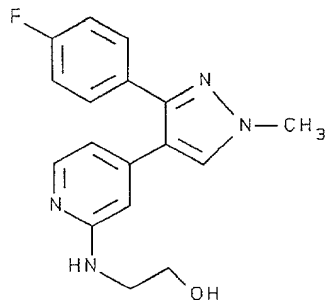
N,N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

**Example A-279**

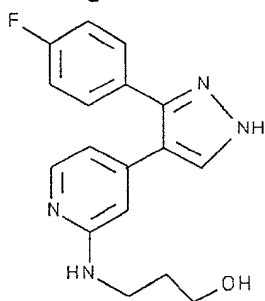
4-[1-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-2-pyridinamine

**Example A-280**

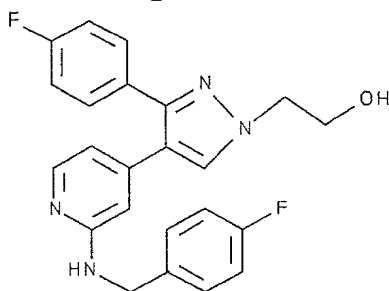
2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethanol

**Example A-281**

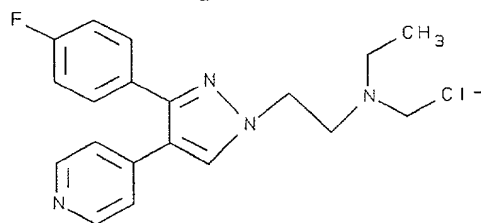
2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethanol

**Example A-282**

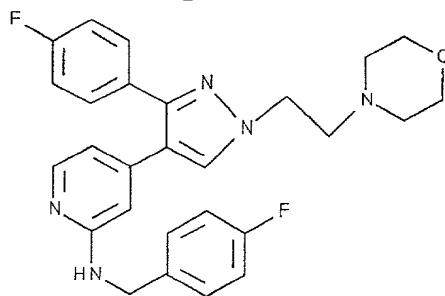
3-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-propanol

**Example A-283**

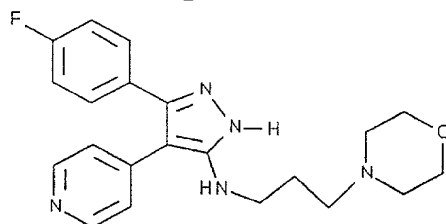
3 (or 5) - (4-fluorophenyl) - 4 - [2 - [[4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino] - 4-pyridinyl] - 1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

**Example A-284**

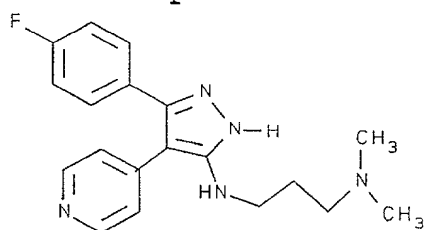
N,N-diethyl-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanamine

**Example A-285**

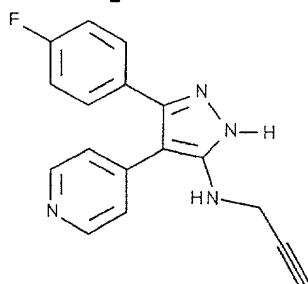
N-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine

**Example A-286**

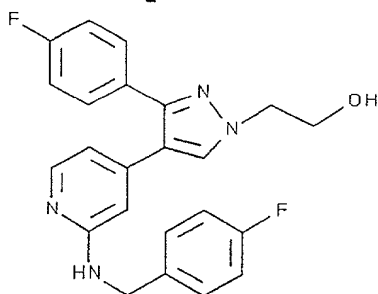
N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-morpholinepropanamine

**Example A-287**

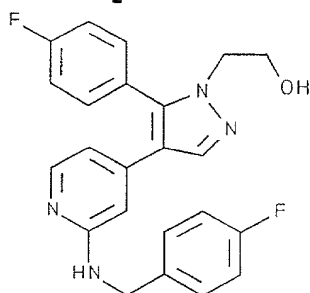
N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine

**Example A-288**

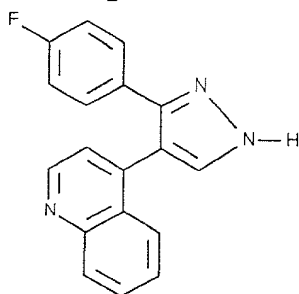
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine

**Example A-289**

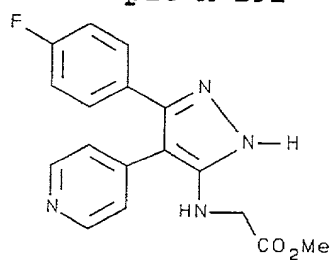
3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[4-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

**Example A-290**

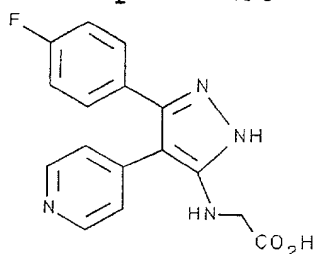
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-[2-[[4-(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]-4-pyridinyl]-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol

**Example A-291**

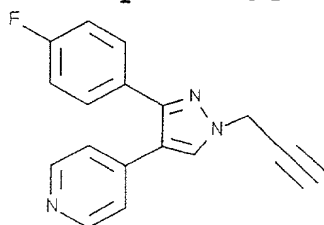
4-[3-[(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]quinoline

**Example A-292**

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]glycine methyl ester

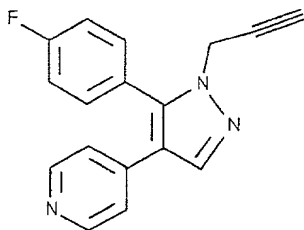
**Example A-293**

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]glycine

**Example A-294**

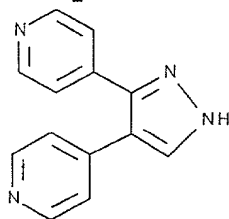
4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

Example A-295



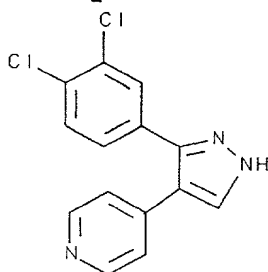
4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

### Example A-296



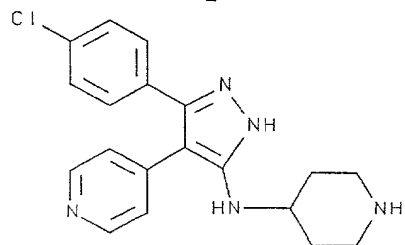
4,4'-(1H-pyrazole-3,4-diyl)bis[pyridine]

Example A-297



4-[3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

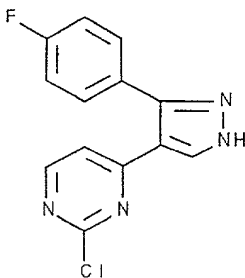
Example A-298



N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinamine

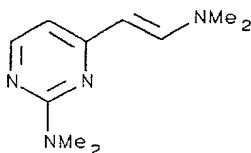
The pyrimidine-substituted compounds of Examples A-299 through A-312 were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described in Schemes I-XVIII by selection of the corresponding starting reagents:

**Example A-299**



2-Chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

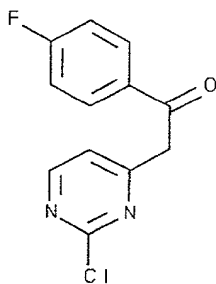
Step 1:



A mixture of 2,6-dichloro-4-methylpyrimidine (5.0 g, 0.031 mol), triethylamine (6.23 g, 0.062 mol) and catalytic amount of 5% Pd/C in 100 mL of THF was hydrogenated on a Parr apparatus under 40 psi at room temperature. After 0.5 hour, the catalyst was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated. The crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 3:7) to give 2.36 g of product as a pale yellow crystal (50% yield); mp: 47-49 °C.



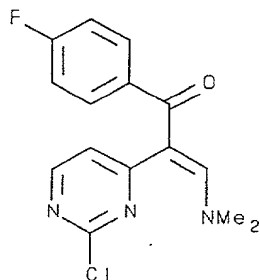
Step 2: Preparation of 2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanone



2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanone

To a solution of lithium diisopropylamide (generated from BuLi (0.045 mol) and diisopropylamine (0.048 mol) in THF) at -78 °C was added a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 (5.5 g, 0.037 mol) in THF slowly over 30 minutes. After 1 hour, a solution of ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate (7.62 g, 0.045 mol) in THF was added and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight and allowed to warm up to room temperature. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. Organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 3:7) to give 4.78 g of a yellow solid (51% yield), mp: 112-113 °C.

Step 3: Preparation of (E)-2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-propen-1-one

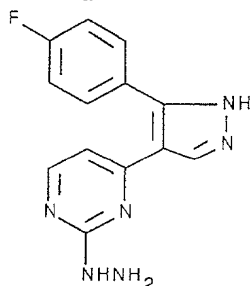


(E)-2-(2-chloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-3-(dimethylamino)-  
1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-propen-1-one

A mixture of the compound prepared in step 2 (4.7 g, 0.017 mol) in 100 mL of dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal was stirred at room temperature overnight. Excess dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal was removed under vacuum to give 4.5 g of crude product as a thick brown oil, which was used without further purification.

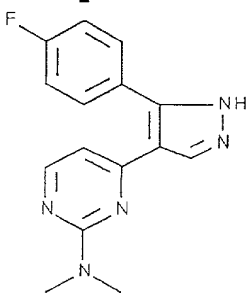
Step 4: Preparation of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

A solution of the compound prepared in step 3 (4.4 g) and hydrazine hydrate (0.82 g, 0.014 mol) was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. The yellow precipitate was collected by filtration and air-dried to give 1.85 g of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine as a yellow solid, mp: 204-205 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>8</sub>ClFN<sub>4</sub>: C, 56.84; H, 2.94; N, 20.40; Cl, 12.91. Found: C, 56.43; H, 2.76; N, 20.02; Cl, 12.97.

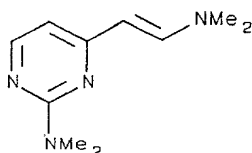
**Example A-300**

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone  
hydrazone

A solution of the compound prepared in step 3 of Example A-299 (1.5 g) and hydrazine hydrate (5mL) in ethanol was heated at reflux overnight. After the reaction mixture was cooled, the solvent was removed. The residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 0.5 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2(1H)-pyrimidinone hydrazone, as a pale yellow solid (38% yield), mp: 149-150 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_{11}FN_6$ : C, 57.77; H, 4.10; N, 31.10. Found: C, 57.70; H, 4.31; N, 30.73.

**Example A-301**

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-  
2-pyrimidinamine

Step 1: Preparation of

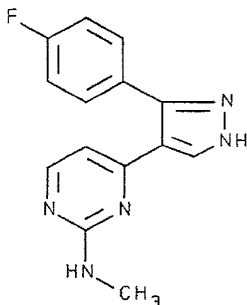
A solution of the compound prepared in step 2 of Example A-299 (3.0 g, 0.02 mol) and *tert*-butylbis(dimethylamino)methane (10.45 g, 0.06 mol) in 40 mL of DMF was stirred at 110 °C overnight. After the solvent was removed under vacuum, water was added and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 1.23 g of a yellow solid product (32% yield), mp: 76-77 °C; Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>4</sub>: C, 62.47; H, 8.39; N, 29.14. Found: C, 62.19; H, 8.58; N, 29.02.

Step 2: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine

To a solution of the compound prepared in step 1 of the present Example (1.2 g, 0.0064 mol) and triethylamine (0.65 g, 0.0064 mol) in 10 mL of toluene was added 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride dropwise. The mixture was heated at reflux for 10 hours and the solvent was removed. The residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude (1.6 g) was then dissolved in 50 mL of ethanol. The solution was treated with hydrazine hydrate (0.36 g, 0.006 mol) and the mixture was heated at reflux for 2 hours. After ethanol was removed, the residue was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was

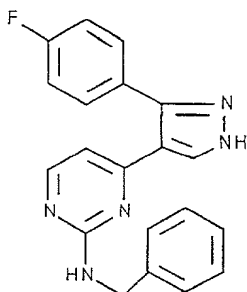
concentrated and the crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane, 1:1) to give 0.6 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine, as a yellow solid (33% yield), mp: 155-156 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{14}FN_5$ : C, 63.59; H, 4.98; N, 24.72. Found: C, 63.32; H, 4.92; N, 24.31.

#### Example A-302



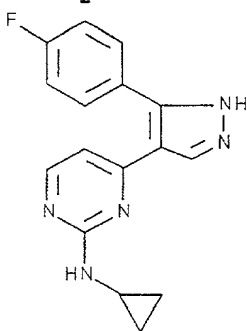
4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine

A suspension of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 (0.3 g, 0.0011 mol) in 10 mL of methylamine (40% water solution) was heated in a sealed tube at 100 °C overnight. The mixture was then cooled to room temperature and the precipitate was filtered, air-dried to give 0.2 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine, as a white solid (68% yield), mp: 217-218 °C; Anal Calc'd for  $C_{14}H_{12}FN_5$ : C, 62.45; H, 4.49; N, 26.01. Found: C, 62.58; H, 4.36; N, 25.90.

**Example A-303**

4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine

This compound was synthesized by refluxing 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 in benzylamine overnight. The product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine, was obtained as a white solid in 95% yield; mp: 216-217 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{16}FN_5$ : C, 69.55; H, 4.67; N, 20.28. Found: C, 69.73; H, 4.69; N, 19.90.

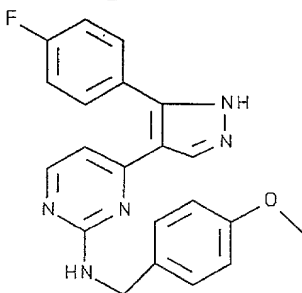
**Example A-304**

N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine

This compound was synthesized by stirring 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 with excess cyclopropylamine in methanol at 50 °C for 12 hours. The

product, N-cyclopropyl-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine, was obtained as a white solid in 26% yield, mp: 203-204 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}FN_5$ : C, 65.07; H, 4.78; N, 23.71. Found: C, 64.42; H, 4.82; N, 23.58.

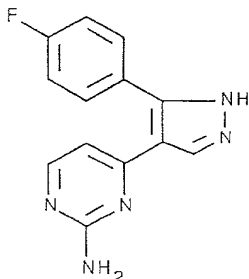
#### Example A-305



4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine

This compound was synthesized by refluxing 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine prepared in accordance with Example A-299 in 4-methoxybenzylamine overnight. The product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine, was obtained as a off-white solid in 80% yield, mp: 183-185 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{18}FN_5O$ : C, 67.19; H, 4.83; N, 18.66. Found: C, 67.01; H, 5.11; N, 18.93.

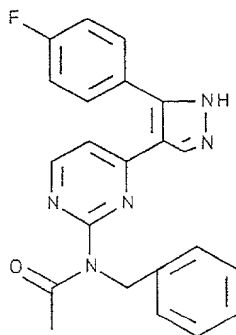
#### Example A-306



4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine

A solution of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinamine prepared in accordance with Example A-305 (0.35 g, 0.00093 mol) in 15 mL of trifluoroacetic acid was heated at reflux for 16 hours. Solvent was removed and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and 1 N ammonia hydroxide. Organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and purified by chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate) to give 0.14 g of product, 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine, as a pale yellow solid (59% yield), mp: 273-274 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_{10}FN_5 \cdot 0.25 H_2O$ : C, 60.11; H, 4.07; N, 26.96. Found: C, 60.15; H, 3.82; N, 26.38.

#### Example A-307



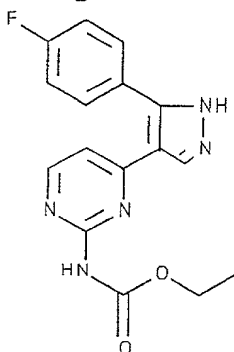
N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide

To a mixture of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(phenylmethyl)-2-pyrimidinamine prepared in accordance with Example A-303 (0.15 g, 0.00043 mol), DMAP (0.027 g, 0.00022 mol) and acetic anhydride (0.066 g, 0.00066 mol) in 10 mL of THF was added triethylamine



(0.053 g, 0.00052 mol). The solution was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the removal of solvent, the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3$ , washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was triturated with ether to give 0.1 g of product, N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide, as a white solid (60% yield), mp: 176-178 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{18}\text{FN}_5$ : C, 68.21; H, 4.68; N, 18.08. Found: C, 67.67; H, 4.85; N, 17.79.

#### Example A-308

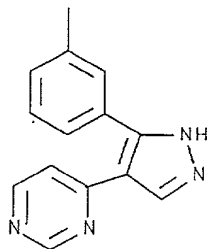


Ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]carbamate

To a suspension of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine prepared in accordance with Example A-306 (0.26 g, 0.001 mol) in 5 mL of pyridine was added ethyl chloroformate dropwise. After the addition, the clear solution was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. Water was added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was triturated with ether to give 0.15 g of product, ethyl [4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-

pyrimidinyl]carbamate, as a white solid (46% yield), mp: 163-165 °C; Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{16}H_{14}FN_5O_2$ : C, 58.71; H, 4.31; N, 21.04. Found: C, 59.22; H, 4.51; N, 21.66.

#### Example A-309

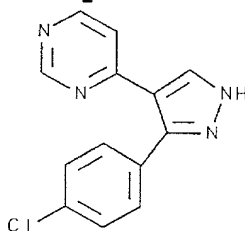


#### 4-[3-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared by the same procedure as described for Example A-208 except that 1-methyl-3-(4'-pyrimidinylacetyl) benzene (prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-19 from 4-methyl-pyrimidine and methyl 3-methylbenzoate) was used in place of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4-pyridinyl methane.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{14}H_{12}N_4$  (236.27): C, 71.17; H, 5.12; N, 23.71. Found C, 70.67; H, 5.26; N, 23.53. m.p. (DSC): 151.67 °C.

#### Example A-310



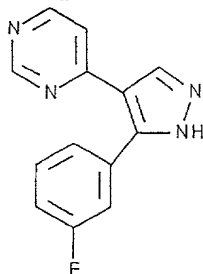
#### 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place

of the pyridine starting material.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_9N_4Cl \cdot 0.25MH_2O$ : C, 59.78; H, 3.67; N, 21.45. Found: C, 59.89; H, 3.32; N, 21.56. m.p. (DSC): 218.17 °C.

**Example A-311**

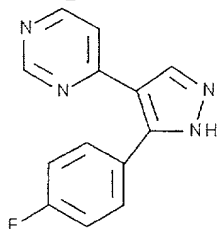


4-[3-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place of the pyridine starting material.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_9N_4F$  (240.24): C, 64.99; H, 3.78; N, 23.22. Found: C, 64.78; H, 3.75; N, 23.31. m.p. (DSC): 168.58 °C.

**Example A-312**



4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine

This compound was prepared according to the chemistry described in Schemes VI and IX by selection of

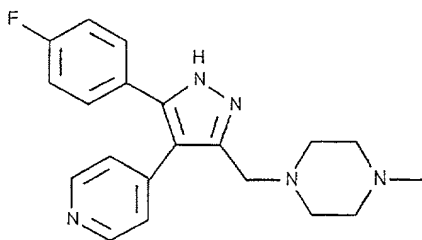
the corresponding pyrimidine starting material in place of the pyridine starting material.

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{13}H_9N_4F$  (240.24): C, 64.99; H, 3.78; N, 23.32. Found: C, 64.94; H, 3.56; N, 23.44. m.p. (DSC): 191.47 °C.

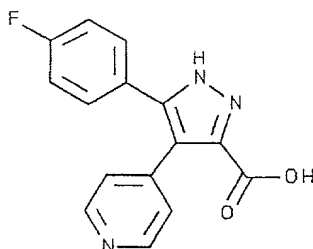
20250312001

## Example A-313

The compound 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-methylpiperazine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme VII:



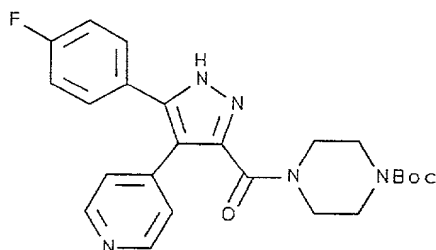
Step 1: Preparation of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate



10 A mixture of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine (5.8 g, 24.0909 mmol; prepared as set forth in Example A-4) and potassium permanganate (7.6916 g, 48.1818 mmol) in water (7.5 mL) and *tert*-butanol (10 mL)  
15 was heated to reflux at 95 to 100 °C for 6 hours (or until all the potassium permanganate was consumed) and stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was diluted with water (150 mL) and filtered to remove manganese dioxide. The aqueous filtrate (pH >10) was  
20 extracted with ethyl acetate to remove unreacted starting material. The aqueous layer was acidified with 1N HCl to a pH of about 6.5. A white precipitate was formed. This precipitate was collected by filtration, dried in air, and then dried in a vacuum oven overnight at 50 °C to  
25 give 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate (2.7677 g, 40.6 %). The remaining product (0.21 g, 3.1%) was isolated from the

mother liquid by reverse phase chromatography. The total isolated yield of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate was 43.7 %. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{10}N_3FO_2 \cdot H_2O$ : C, 59.80; H, 4.01; N, 13.95; Found: C, 59.48; H, 3.26; N, 13.65. MS ( $MH^+$ ): 284 (base peak).

Step 2: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate



In a solution of 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid, monohydrate (0.9905 g, 3.5 mmol) from step 1 and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (0.4824 g, 3.57 mmol) in dimethylformamide (20 mL) at 0 °C under  $N_2$ , 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.6983 g, 3.57 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred at 0 °C under  $N_2$  for 1 hour, then was added 1-tert.-butoxycarbonylpiperazine (0.6585 g, 3.5 mmol) followed by N-methyl morpholine (0.40 mL, 3.6 mmol). The reaction was stirred from 0 °C to room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and saturated  $NaHCO_3$  solution, extracted. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, and dried over  $MgSO_4$ . After filtration, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and crude product was obtained (1.7595 g). The desired product 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (1.2375 g, 78.4 %) was isolated by chromatography (silica gel, 10:90

isopropyl alcohol/toluene). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{24}H_{26}N_5FO_3$ : C, 63.85; H, 5.80; N, 15.51; Found: C, 63.75; H, 5.71; N, 15.16. MS ( $MH^+$ ): 452 (base peak).

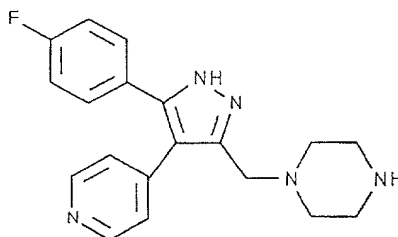
5    Step 3: Preparation of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-methylpiperazine

To a suspension of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-  
 10 1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.451 g, 1.0 mL) in dry tetrahydrofuran (8 mL), 1.0N  $LiAlH_4$  in tetrahydrofuran (2.5 mL, 2.5 mmol) was added dropwise at such a rate as to maintain reflux over 15 minutes. Upon the addition, the suspension became a clear light yellow solution,  
 15 which was kept boiling for an additional 1.5 hours. Excess  $LiAlH_4$  was decomposed by cautious addition of a solution of KOH (0.5611 g, 10.0 mmol) in water (3.5 mL). Upon hydrolysis, a white salt precipitated. After the addition was completed, the mixture was heated to reflux  
 20 for 1 hour. The hot solution was filtered by suction through a buchner funnel. Any remaining product was extracted from the precipitate by refluxing with tetrahydrofuran (10 mL) for 1 hour, followed again by suction filtration. The combined filtrates were  
 25 concentrated under reduced pressure to give a crude residue, which was then diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with water and brine. The organic layer was dried over  $MgSO_4$ . After filtration, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and a crude product was obtained.  
 30 The desired product 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-methylpiperazine (0.1509 g, 50.1 %) was obtained by chromatography (silica gel, 70:30:1 methanol/ethyl acetate/ $NH_4OH$ ). Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{22}N_5F \cdot 0.6H_2O$ : C, 66.32; H, 6.46; N, 19.33; Found: C, 66.31; H, 5.96; N, 18.83. MS ( $MH^+$ ): 352 (base peak).  
 35

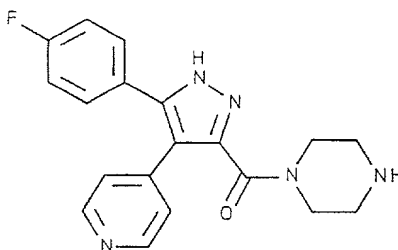
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## Example A-314

The compound 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-piperazine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme VII:



Step 1: Preparation of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine, monohydrate



A solution of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.6349 g; 1.4077 mmol; prepared as set forth in step 2 of Example A-313) in methylene chloride (3.5 mL) and TFA (1.1 mL, 14.077 mmol) was stirred at room temperature under  $N_2$  for 2 hours. The solvents were removed under reduced pressure, and TFA was chased by methylene chloride and methanol. The resulting colorless oily residue was triturated with methanol. The resulting solid was collected by filtration and dried in a vacuum oven overnight to give the desired product 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine, monohydrate (0.7860 g, 96.4%).

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{18}N_5OF \cdot 2TFA \cdot H_2O$ : C, 46.24; H, 3.71; N, 11.72; Found: C, 45.87; H, 3.43; N, 11.45. MS ( $MH^+$ ): 352



(base peak) .

Step 2: Preparation of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-piperazine

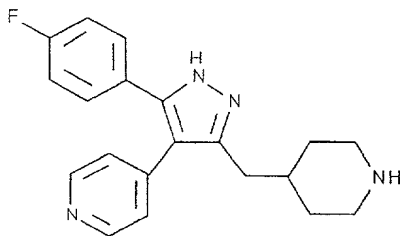
5

By following the method of Example A-313, step 3 and substituting of 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine, monohydrate (prepared in step 1 of this Example) for 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate, the title product 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-piperazine was obtained. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{20}N_5F \cdot 0.75H_2O$ : C, 65.03, H, 6.18, N, 19.96. Found: C, 65.47, H, 5.83, N, 19.35. MS ( $MH^+$ ): 338 (base peak) .

**Example A-315**

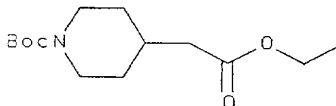
20

The compound 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinylmethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme XX:



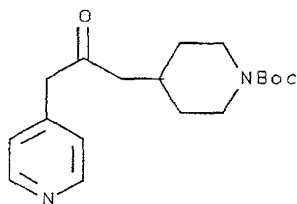
Step 1: Preparation of ethyl 1-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-4-piperidineacetate

25



Ethyl 4-pyridyl acetate was converted to 2-(4-piperidinyl) ethyl acetate hydrochloride by hydrogenation (60 psi H<sub>2</sub>) catalyzed by 5% Pt/C at 40 °C in ethanol and HCl solution. To a solution of 2-(4-piperidinyl)ethyl acetate hydrochloride (21.79g, 0.105mol) in tetrahydrofuran (500 mL) at 0 °C, triethylamine (32.06 mL, 0.230 mL) was added followed by di-tert-butylidicarbonate (23.21g, 0.105mol). The reaction mixture was stirred under N<sub>2</sub> from 0 °C to room temperature overnight. After removing tetrahydrofuran, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethanol, washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, 10 % citric acid, water and brine, and dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The resulting oily product was dried under vacuum to give ethyl 1-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-4-piperidineacetate (27.37 g, 95.9 %). The structure of this product was confirmed by NMR.

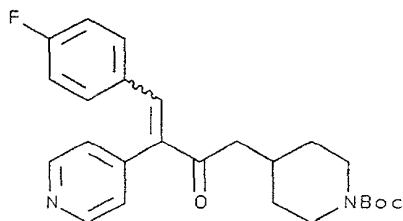
Step 2: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[2-oxo-3-(4-pyridinyl)propyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate



To a solution of diisopropylamide (6.15 mL, 43.91 mmol) in dry tetrahydrofuran (40 mL) at 0 °C was added 2.5 M butyl lithium solution in hexane (16.22 mL, 40.53 mmol) dropwise over 10 minutes. After the addition, the lithium diisopropylamide solution was stirred at 0 °C for 20 minutes, then cooled to -78 °C. 4-Picoline (3.98 mL, 40.53 mmol) was added to the above lithium diisopropylamide solution under N<sub>2</sub> dropwise over 10 minutes. The resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C under N<sub>2</sub> for 1.5 hours, then transferred into a suspension

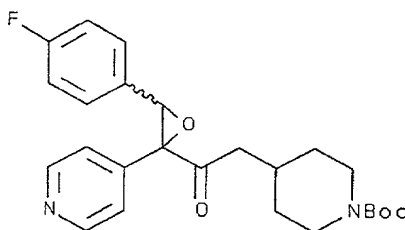
of anhydrous cerium chloride (10.0 g, 40.53 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (40 mL) at -78 °C under N<sub>2</sub>. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C under N<sub>2</sub> for 2 hours, then a solution of ethyl 1-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-4-piperidineacetate (from step 1 of this Example) (10.98 g, 40.53 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (40 mL) was added slowly for 1 hour. The mixture was stirred under N<sub>2</sub> from -78 °C to room temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with water, diluted with ethyl acetate, and washed with a pH 7 buffer. The organic layer was washed with water and brine. After filtration, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give a crude product mixture. The desired product 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[2-oxo-3-(4-pyridinyl)propyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate (3.19 g, 25%) was isolated by chromatography (silica gel, 50:50 - 75:25- 100:0 ethyl acetate/hexane).

Step 3: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxo-3-(4-pyridinyl)-3-butenyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate



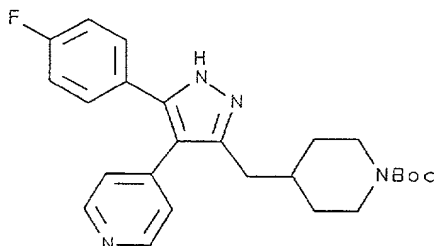
1,1-Dimethylethyl 4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxo-3-(4-pyridinyl)-3-butenyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate was prepared by the same method as described for step 1 of Example A-1 by replacing 4-pyridylacetone and 3-fluoro-p-anisaldehyde with the ketone of step 2 of the present Example and 4-fluorobenzaldehyde, respectively.

Step 4: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)oxiranyl]-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate



1,1-Dimethylethyl 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)oxiranyl]-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate was prepared by the same method as described for step 3 of Example A-2 by replacing 4-phenyl-3-(4-pyridyl)-3-butene-2-one with the  $\alpha,\beta$  unsaturated ketone of step 3 of the present Example.

Step 5: Preparation of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate



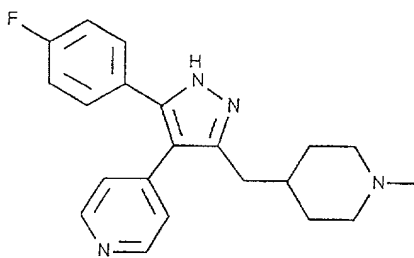
To a solution of 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[2-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridinyl)oxiranyl]-2-oxoethyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate prepared in step 4 of this Example (3.45 g, 7.8409 mmol) in ethanol (15 mL), anhydrous hydrazine (0.50 mL, 15.6818 mmol) was added. The reaction was heated to reflux overnight. The reaction solution was cooled to room temperature and ethanol was removed under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was taken into ethyl acetate, washed with water and brine, and dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$ . After filtration the solvent

was removed under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 2:1 - 1:1 - 1:2 hexane/ethyl acetate) to give 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-4-hydroxy-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate (1.9187 g, 53.9%). This intermediate (1.8611 g, 4.0993 mmol) was dissolved in dry methylene chloride (40 mL) and treated with Martin sulfurane dehydrating reagent (4.13 g, 6.1490 mmol). The reaction solution was stirred at room temperature under N<sub>2</sub> overnight, then diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N sodium hydroxide solution, water and brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration the solvents were removed. The resulting crude product mixture was purified by flash chromatography (silica gel, 2:1 - 1:1 - 1:2 Hexane/ethyl acetate) to give 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.6964 g, 39 %).

20 Step 6: Preparation of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinylmethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine

4-[3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-5-(4-piperidinylmethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was prepared using the same method as described for Example A-314, step 1 by replacing 1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]piperazine, monohydrate with the pyrazole of step 5 of the present Example. Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>4</sub>F·2TFA·1.25H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 49.11; H, 4.38; N, 9.54; Found: C, 48.74; H, 4.02; N, 9.57. MS (MH<sup>+</sup>): 337 (base peak).

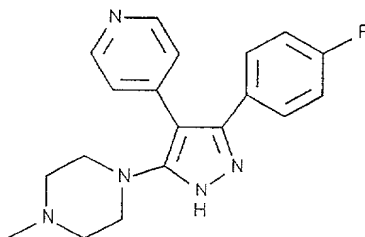
## Example A-316



4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)methyl]-  
 5 1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was prepared by the same method  
 as described for step 3 of Example A-313 by replacing  
 1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-  
 1H-pyrazol-3-yl]carbonyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate with  
 the pyrazole of step 5 of the present Example. Anal.  
 10 Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{23}N_4F \cdot 0.2 H_2O$ : C, 71.24; H, 6.66; N, 15.82;  
 Found: C, 71.04; H, 6.54; N, 15.56. MS ( $MH^+$ ): 351 (base  
 peak).

## Example A-317

15 The compound 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-  
 1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine, dihydrate was  
 prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme II:

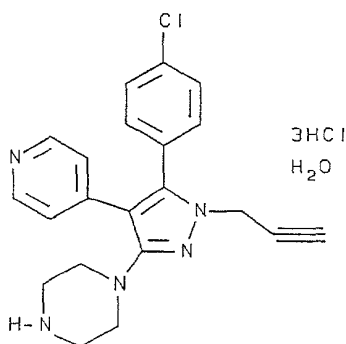


20 2-(4-Pyridyl)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanone  
 hydrochloride (5.9g, 0.023 moles) was dissolved in a  
 methylene chloride/methanol solution (70/15) at room  
 temperature and N-chlorosuccinimide (3.25g, 0.024 moles)  
 was added as a solid. The mixture was stirred at room  
 25 temperature for 2.5 hours.  
 N-methylpiperazinylthiosemicarbazide (4.1g, 0.023 moles)  
 was added as a solid and the mixture was stirred for 3

days at room temperature. The mixture was diluted with 100 mL of methylene chloride and washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution. The organic phase was dried ( $\text{MgSO}_4$ ) and solvent removed using a rotary evaporator. The residue was treated with ethyl acetate with stirring while cooling in an ice bath. The solid formed was filtered and recrystallized from ethyl acetate with a small amount of methanol to give 1.7g (22%) of 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine, dihydrate. Anal. Calc'd. for  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{20}\text{FN}_5 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ : C, 61.11; H, 6.48; N, 18.75. Found: C, 60.59; H, 6.41; N, 18.44. M.p. (DSC) 262-264 °C;  $\text{MH}^+ = 338$ .

#### Example A-318

The compound 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine, trihydrochloride monohydrate was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme VII:



To a mixture of sodium hydride (30 mg, 1.5 mmol) in dimethylformamide (25 mL) stirred under a nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature was added 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-N-tert.-butoxycarbonylpiperazinyl)pyrazole (500 mg, 1.1 mmol; prepared as set forth in Example A-169). After stirring for 1 hour, propargyl bromide (225 mg, 1.5 mmol, 80% solution in toluene) was added. After stirring for an

additional 2 hour at room temperature, the reaction mixture was poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried with  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was

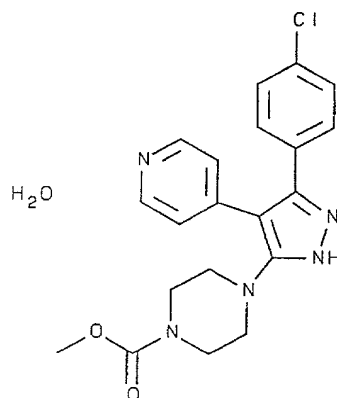
5 chromatographed on silica gel using 70% ethyl acetate/hexane as the eluent to give 110 mg of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-N-tert.-butoxycarbonyl-piperazinyl)pyrazole (24%), m. p. 204-205 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{28}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_2$ : C, 65.33; H, 5.90; N, 14.65.  
10 Found: C, 65.12; H, 5.81; N, 14.70.

A solution of HCl in methanol (5 mL) was generated by addition of acetyl chloride (200 mg) to methanol while cooling (5 °C). 3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-N-tert.-butoxycarbonylpiperazinyl)pyrazole (100 mg, 0.2  
15 mmol) prepared above was added and the reaction stirred in the cold for one hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and the residue azeotroped with toluene to give 100 mg of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1-(2-propynyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine,  
20 trihydrochloride monohydrate (90%), m.p.=231-233 °C (dec.). Anal. Calc'd. for  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_5\text{Cl} \cdot 3\text{HCl} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ : C, 49.92; H, 4.99; N, 13.86. Found: C, 49.71; H, 4.89; N, 13.61.

#### Example A-319

25 The compound methyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate, monohydrate was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme II:

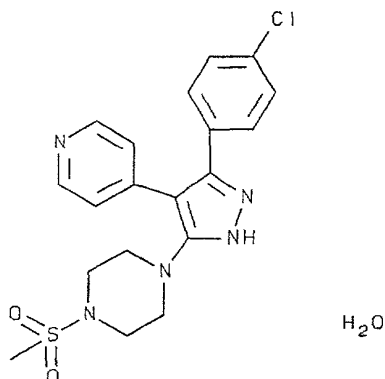




5 Methyl chloroformate (55 mg) was added to a solution  
 of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-piperazinyl)  
 pyrazole (200 mg, 0.54 mmol; prepared as set forth in  
 Example A-169) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (5 mg) in  
 pyridine (10 mL). The mixture was stirred at room  
 temperature for 3 hours. Additional methyl chloroformate  
 (30 mg) was added and stirring was continued for 24  
 10 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue  
 was treated with water and extracted with ethyl acetate.  
 After drying the organic layer (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), the solvent was  
 blown down to a volume of 10 mL and refrigerated. The  
 resultant crystalline solid was filtered and air dried to  
 15 give 103 mg (48%) of methyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-  
 pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate,  
 monohydrate, mp 264-265 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  
 C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 57.76; H, 5.33; N, 16.84. Found: C,  
 57.98; H, 4.89; N, 16.44.

#### Example A-320

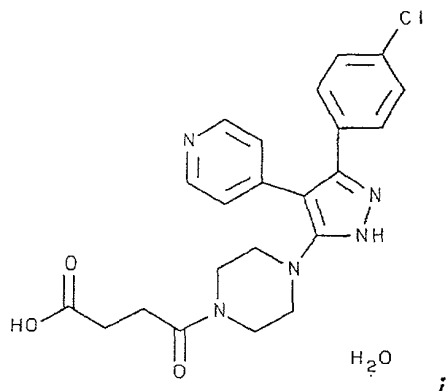
20 The compound 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-  
 1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)piperazine,  
 monohydrate was prepared in accordance with general  
 25 synthetic Scheme II:



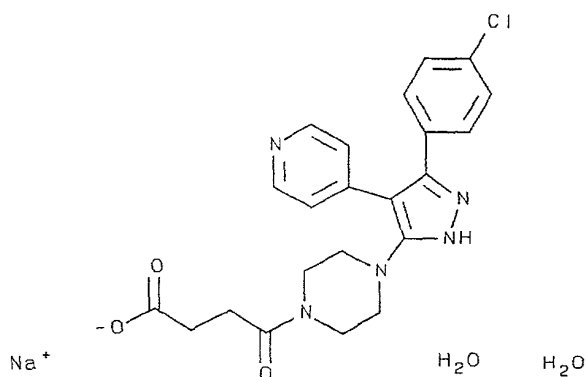
5 A solution of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-piperazinyl)pyrazole (200 mg; 0.54 mmol; prepared as set forth in Example A-169), methanesulfonyl chloride (75 mg) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (5 mg) in pyridine was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was treated with water. The resultant crystalline solid was filtered, air dried  
 10 and recrystallized from methanol and water to give 118 mg (37%) of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-(methylsulfonyl)piperazine, monohydrate, m.p. 245-248 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_5SO_2 \cdot H_2O$ : C, 52.35; H, 5.09; N, 16.07. Found: C, 52.18; H, 5.31; N,  
 15 16.00.

#### Example A-321

The compounds 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-γ-oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, dihydrate, and 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-γ-oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, monosodium salt dihydrate, were prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme II:



and



5

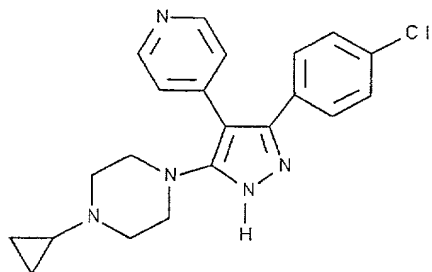
A solution of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-piperziny)pyrazole (200 mg; 0.54 mmol; prepared as set forth in Example A-169), succinic anhydride (60 mg, 0.55 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (5 mg) was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue treated with methanol and water (1:1). The resultant crystalline solid was filtered and air dried to give 170 mg (58%) of 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-gamma-oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, dihydrate, m. p. 281-283 °C (dec.). Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{22}H_{22}ClN_5O_3 \cdot 2H_2O$ : C, 55.52; H, 5.51; N, 14.72. Found: C, 55.11; H, 5.20; N, 14.44.

A slurry of 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-gamma-oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, dihydrate (150 mg, 0.31 mmol) from above in methanol (10 mL) was treated with a solution of sodium hydroxide (12

mg, 0.31 mmol) in methanol (2 mL). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes until dissolution was completed. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was treated with tetrahydrofuran and filtered and air dried to give 150 mg (97%) of 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]- $\gamma$ -oxo-1-piperazinebutanoic acid, monosodium salt dihydrate as a solid. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{22}H_{21}ClN_5O_3Na \cdot 2H_2O$ : C, 53.07; H, 5.06; N, 14.07. Found: C, 52.81; H, 5.11; N, 13.90.

#### Example A-322

The compound 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-cyclopropylpiperazine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme II:



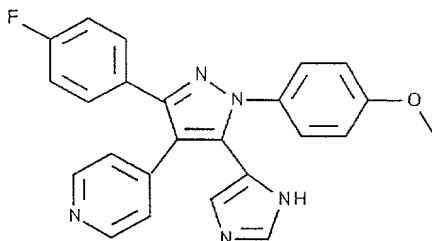
To a solution of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-5-(4-piperazinyl)pyrazole (1.95g; 5.8 mmol; prepared as set forth in Example A-169) and acetic acid (3.6 g, 60 mmol) containing 5A molecular sieves (6 g) was added [(1-ethoxycyclopropyl)oxy]trimethylsilane (6 g, 35 mmol). After stirring for 5 minutes, sodium cyanoborohydride (1.7 g, 26 mmol) was added and the mixture was refluxed under a nitrogen atmosphere for 6 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered hot and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo. Water (50 mL) was added and the solution made basic with 2N sodium hydroxide. The resultant gel was extracted with dichloroethane and the combined organic extracts dried ( $MgSO_4$ ). Evaporation again yielded a gel which was treated with hot methanol. Upon cooling, the product crystallized to give 1.4 g (63%) of 1-[5-(4-

chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)-4-cyclopropylpiperazine, m. p. 264-265 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{21}H_{22}ClN_5 \cdot 1.5 H_2O$ : C, 61.99; H, 6.19; N, 17.21. Found: C, 62.05; H, 5.81; N, 16.81.

5

#### Example A-323

The compound 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme V:



10

To a suspension of sodium hydride (1.0 g, 0.025 mol) in 50 mL of dimethylformamide was added methyl 4-imidazolecarboxylate (2.95 g, 0.023 mol) portionwise at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hour. Then 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl chloride (4.17 g, 0.025 mol) was added dropwise over 5 minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 hours and quenched by cautiously adding water. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate/hexane (8:2) as the eluent to give 4.0 g of the major regioisomer as a clear oil.

15

20

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To a solution of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane (8.6 g, 0.04 mol, prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-208) in 150 mL of ethanol was added p-methoxyphenylhydrazine hydrochloride (7.34 g, 0.042 mol), followed by triethylamine (4.05 g, 0.04 mol). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 16 hours. After the

30

removal of solvent, the residue was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude residue was purified by

5 recrystallization from ethyl acetate and hexane to give 8.45 g of the product hydrazone as a yellow solid. To a solution of sodium hexamethyldisilazide (9 mL of 1.0 M tetrahydrofuran solution, 0.009 mol) was added a solution of this hydrazone (1.35 g, 0.004 mol) in 10 mL of dry

10 tetrahydrofuran at 0 °C. After stirring for 30 minutes at this temperature, a solution of the regioisomer prepared above (1.1 g, 0.0042 mol) in 5 mL of dry tetrahydrofuran was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hours at room temperature. Water was

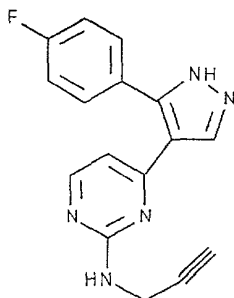
15 added and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was purified by chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate as the

20 eluent to give 0.74 g of the desired product as an orange solid (34%). Deprotection of the above solid by using tetrabutylammonium fluoride afforded 0.37 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine as a yellow solid (75%), mp:

25 124-126 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{18}\text{FN}_5\text{O} \cdot 0.5 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ : C, 68.56; H, 4.55; N, 16.66. Found: C, 68.44; H, 4.39; N, 16.00.

#### Example A-324

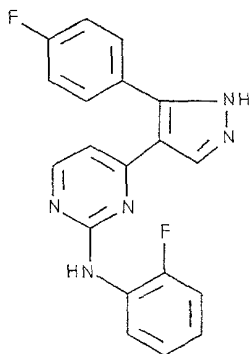
30 The compound 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-2-propynyl-2-pyrimidinamine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme XII:



A mixture of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine (0.28 g; 0.001 mol; prepared as  
 5 set forth in Example A-299) and 10 mL propargylamine was heated at reflux for 16 hour. Excess amine was removed  
 in vacuo and the residue was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with  
 and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with  
 10 brine, dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the residue purified by chromatography  
 on silica gel using ethyl acetate/hexane (1:1) as the eluent to give 0.21 g of 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-  
 4-yl]-N-2-propynyl-2-pyrimidinamine as a pale yellow  
 solid (68% yield), mp: 186-187 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  
 15  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{FN}_5$ : C, 65.52; H, 4.12; N, 23.88. Found: C, 64.99;  
 H, 4.15; N, 23.91.

#### Example A-325

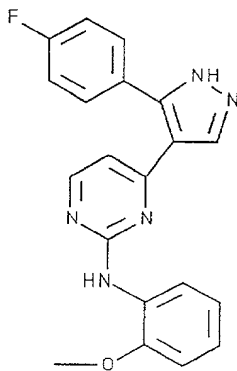
The compound N-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-[3-(4-  
 20 fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme XII:



A mixture of 2-chloro-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine (0.37 g; 0.0013 mol; prepared as set forth in Example A-299), 7 mL of 2-fluoroaniline and 2 drops of methanol was heated at 180 °C in a sealed tube for 16 hours. Excess amine was removed by vacuum distillation and the residue was treated with ethyl acetate to give 0.35 g of N-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine as a yellow solid (77%), mp: 239-240 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{19}H_{13}F_2N_5$ : C, 65.33; H, 3.75; N, 20.05. Found: C, 64.95; H, 3.80; N, 19.77.

#### Example A-326

The compound 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-pyrimidinamine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme XII:

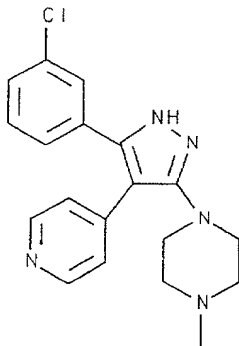


4-[3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-pyrimidinamine was synthesized in 41% yield using the same method described for the preparation of N-(2-fluorophenyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinamine in Example A-325 using 2-methoxyaniline in place of 2-fluoroaniline; mp: 265 °C (dec.). Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{20}H_{16}FN_5O$ : C, 66.47; H, 4.46; N, 19.38. Found: C, 66.70; H, 4.53; N, 19.20.



**Example A-327**

The compound 1-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme II:



5

1-[5-(3-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine was synthesized in 12% yield as a pale yellow solid using the same method described for the preparation of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine in Example A-170 using 2-(4-pyridyl)-1-(3-chlorophenyl)ethanone in place of 2-(4-pyridyl)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethanone; mp: 229-231 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_5 \cdot 0.4 H_2O$ : C, 63.21; H, 5.81; N, 19.40. Found: C, 62.85; H, 5.57; N, 19.77.

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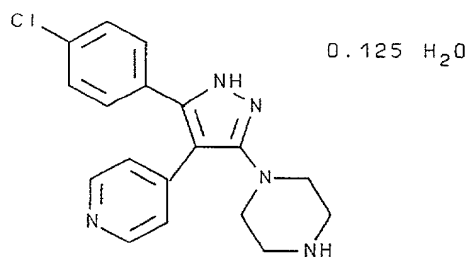
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Additional aminopyrazole compounds that were synthesized in accordance with the chemistry described in Scheme II by selection of the corresponding starting reagents include the compounds disclosed in Table 3-1 below.

TABLE 3-1

	EXAMPLE	FORMULA	MW	Theoretical				Found		DSC (mp)
				C	H	N	C	H	N	
5	A-328	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>18</sub> ClN <sub>5</sub> ·1/8H <sub>2</sub> O	342.08	63.20	5.30	20.47	63.04	5.36	20.33	199°C
	A-329	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>33</sub> ClN <sub>6</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	533.08	65.34	6.24	15.77	64.98	6.11	15.58	(168-171°C)
	A-330	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>25</sub> ClN <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	457.94	60.33	5.50	15.29	59.97	5.52	15.17	(253-255°C)
	A-331	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>24</sub> ClN <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	425.92	62.04	5.68	16.44	61.64	5.94	16.29	(273-275°C)
10	A-332	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>23</sub> Cl <sub>4</sub> N <sub>5</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O	481.26	47.42	4.82	14.35	47.66	5.11	13.74	(217-219°C)
	A-333	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>20</sub> ClN <sub>5</sub> ·2.5H <sub>2</sub> O	422.92	59.64	4.77	16.56	59.67	4.88	15.96	(247°C) (d)
	A-334	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>22</sub> ClN <sub>5</sub> ·1/4H <sub>2</sub> O	372.39	64.51	5.96	18.81	64.79	5.97	18.95	242°C
	A-335	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>22</sub> ClN <sub>5</sub> ·3/4H <sub>2</sub> O	429.44	67.13	5.16	16.31	67.04	5.31	16.32	230°C
	A-336	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>24</sub> ClN <sub>5</sub> O·1/4H <sub>2</sub> O	450.46	66.66	5.37	15.55	66.64	5.11	15.69	(270-271°C)
	A-337	C <sub>22</sub> H <sub>24</sub> FN <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O	427.48	61.81	5.66	16.38	61.88	5.96	16.41	249°C
15	A-338	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>22</sub> FN <sub>5</sub> ·1/2H <sub>2</sub> O	360.44	66.65	6.15	19.43	66.74	6.59	19.37	241°C
	A-339	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>20</sub> FN <sub>5</sub> ·3HCl·1/2H <sub>2</sub> O	455.79	50.07	5.09	15.30	49.87	5.47	15.30	(237-239°C)

## Example A-328

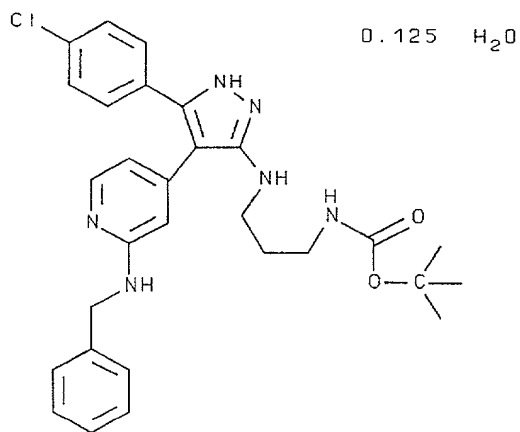


5

1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine

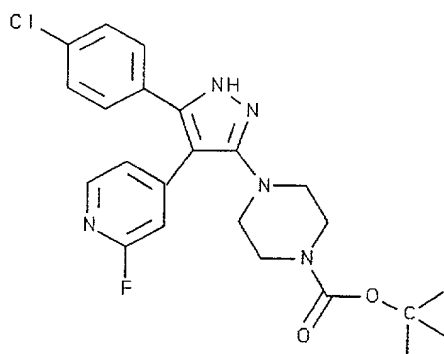
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## Example A-329



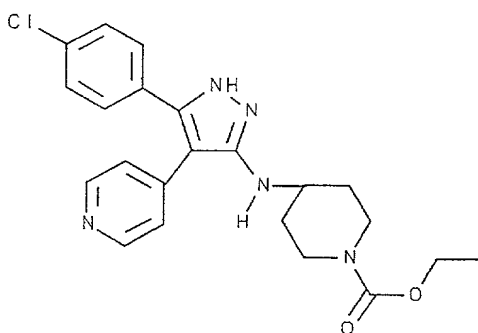
15

1,1-dimethylethyl [3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-[(phenylmethyl)amino]-4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]propyl]carbamate

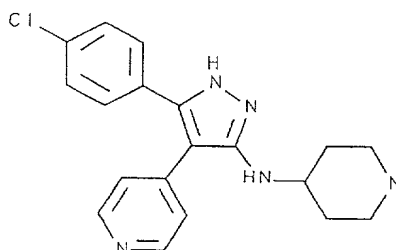
**Example A-330**

5            1,1-dimethylethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-fluoro-  
4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

10

**Example A-331**

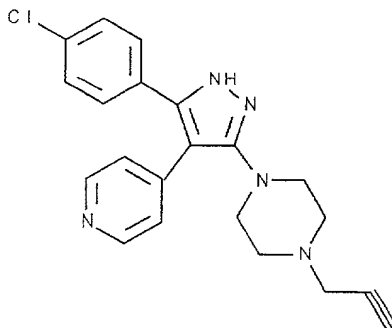
15            ethyl 4-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-  
pyrazol-3-yl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate

**Example A-332**

20

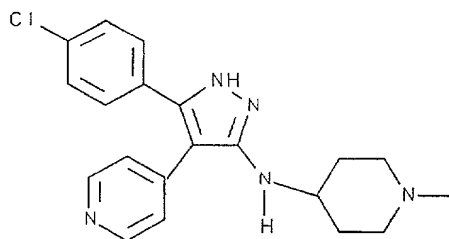
N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-3H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidineamine, trihydrochloride, monohydrate

Example A-333



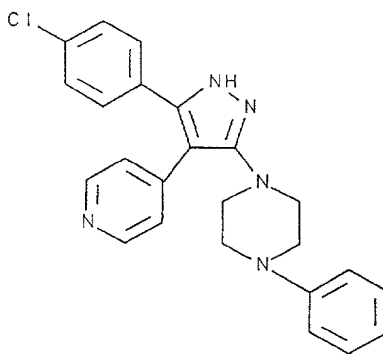
The compound 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-(2-propynyl)piperazine was prepared in accordance with general synthetic Scheme II. To a suspension of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine (92 mg, 0.27 mmole) in 2 mL of dimethylformamide was added 75 mg (0.54 mmole) of anhydrous potassium carbonate and then 60 microliters of 80% propargyl bromide solution in toluene (containing 64 mg, 0.54 mmole). The resulting mixture was stirred for 30 minutes and then partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The aqueous layer was further extracted with ethyl acetate, and the combined organic extracts filtered through silica gel using 10% methanol-ethyl acetate as eluent to give, after evaporation of the appropriate fractions, 34 mg of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-(2-propynyl)piperazine as a pale yellowish solid, m.p. 247 °C (decomp.). Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{21}H_{20}ClN_5 \cdot 2.5H_2O$  (MW 422.92): C, 59.64, H, 4.77, N, 16.56. Found: C, 59.67, H, 4.88, N, 15.96.

Example A-334



5 N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-4-piperidinamine

Example A-335

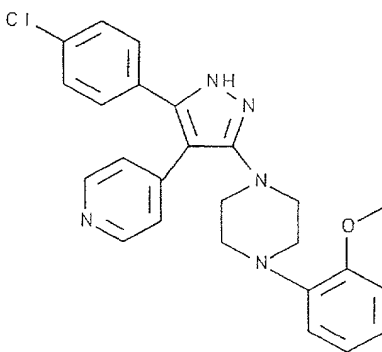


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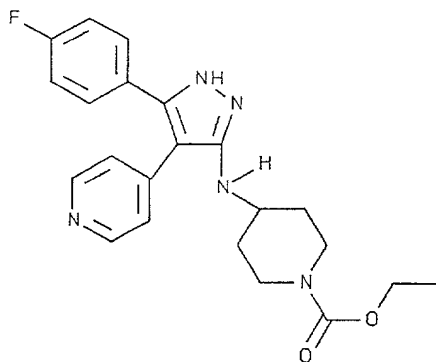
1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-phenylpiperazine

## 15

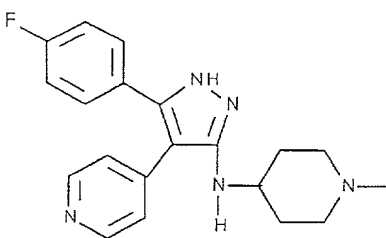
Example A-336



1- [5- (4-chlorophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-  
20 yl] -4- (2-methoxyphenyl) piperazine

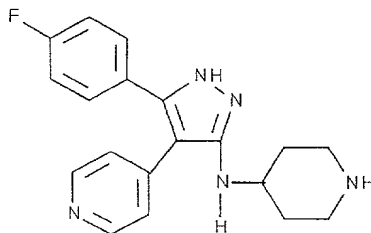
**Example A-337**

5            Ethyl 4-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate, monohydrate

**Example A-338**

10

N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-4-piperidinamine

**Example A-339**

15

20            N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride

**Example A-340**

The compound of Example A-170 was also synthesized in the following manner. 1-[5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine (12.2g, 36 mmol, prepared as set forth in Example A-169), 88% formic acid (20 mL), and formaldehyde (37% formalin solution; 44g, 540 mmol) were combined and stirred at 60 °C for 16 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. Excess solvent was removed on the rotary evaporator and the residue was dissolved in water (150 mL). The pH was adjusted to 8-9 by addition of solid sodium bicarbonate. The resulting precipitate was filtered and air dried. It was then treated with hot methanol (400 mL), filtered and blown down to a volume of 75 mL, cooled and filtered. After drying in a vacuum oven at 80 °C overnight, there was obtained 8.75g (68%) of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine, m. p. 262-264 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{19}H_{20}N_5Cl$ : C, 64.49; H, 5.70; N, 19.79. Found: C, 64.04; H, 5.68; N, 19.63.

The compounds of Examples A-341 through A-345 were synthesized, for example, in accordance with the chemistry described in Scheme XXI by selection of the corresponding starting reagents.

**Example A-341**

The compound of Example A-170 was also synthesized in the following manner:

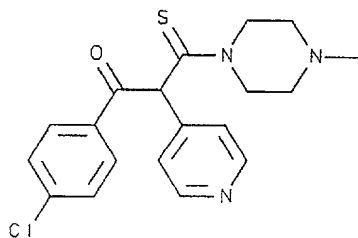
Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2-ylidene)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone

To a solution of 2-(4-pyridyl)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethanone (70.0 g, 0.3 mol) prepared in a similar manner as the compound of Step 1 of Example A-19, dibromomethane (200 mL) and carbon disulfide (25.9 g, 0.34 mol) in acetone (800 mL) was added potassium



carbonate (83.0 g, 0.6 mol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. An additional two equivalents of potassium carbonate and one equivalent of carbon disulfide was added and the stirring was continued for another 24 hours. Solvent was removed and the residue was partitioned between dichloromethane and water. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was stirred with 1000 mL of a mixture of ethyl acetate and ether (1:9) to give 78.4 g of pure product, 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2-ylidene)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone, as a yellow solid (82%), mp: 177-179 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{15}H_{10}ClNOS_2$ : C, 56.33; H, 3.15; N, 4.38. Found: C, 55.80; H, 2.84; N, 4.59.

Step 2: Preparation of 1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-(4-pyridinyl)-1-thiopropyl]-4-methylpiperazine

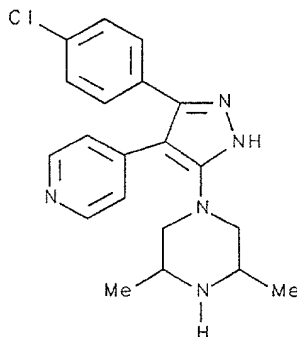


A mixture of 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2-ylidene)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (78.3 g, 0.24 mol) and 1-methylpiperazine (75.0 g, 0.73 mol) in 800 mL of toluene was heated at reflux for 2 hours. Solvent and excess 1-methylpiperazine was removed under vacuum and the residue was triturated with a mixture of ethyl acetate and ether (1:3) to give 53.0 g of product, 1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-(4-pyridinyl)-1-thiopropyl]-4-methylpiperazine, as yellow crystals (60%), mp: 149-151 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_3OS$ : C, 61.03; H, 5.39; N, 11.24. Found: C, 60.74; H, 5.35; N, 11.14.

Step 3: Preparation of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine

To a suspension of 1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-(4-pyridinyl)-1-thiopropyl]-4-methylpiperazine (52.0 g, 0.14 mol) in 500 mL of dry tetrahydrofuran was added anhydrous hydrazine (8.9 g, 0.28 mol) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The pale yellow precipitate was filtered and recrystallized from hot methanol to give 30.2 g of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine as a white powder (60%), mp: 267-268 °C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_5$ : C, 64.49; H, 5.70; N, 19.79. Found: C, 64.89; H, 5.55; N, 19.99.

**Example A-342**

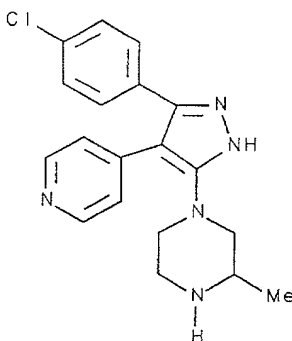


1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3,5-dimethylpiperazine

A mixture of 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2-ylidene)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (3.2 g, 0.01 mol; prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-341) and 2,6-dimethylpiperazine (3.43 g, 0.03 mol) in 35 mL of toluene was heated at reflux for 12 hours. Toluene and excess 2,6-dimethylpiperazine were then removed under vacuum and the crude thiamide produced was used without purification. A solution of the crude thiamide and

anhydrous hydrazine (0.65 g, 0.02 mol) in 40 mL of dry tetrahydrofuran was stirred at room temperature overnight. After the removal of tetrahydrofuran, the residue was stirred with a mixture of ethyl acetate and ammonium hydroxide for one hour. The precipitate was filtered and air dried to give 1.6 g of 1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3,5-dimethylpiperazine as a white solid (43% overall yield), mp: 236-238°C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{20}H_{22}ClN_5 \cdot 0.25H_2O$ : C, 64.51; H, 6.09; N, 18.81; Cl, 9.52. Found: C, 64.28; H, 5.85; N, 18.70; Cl, 9.67.

#### Example A-343



1-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-methylpiperazine

1-[5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-methylpiperazine was prepared according to the same procedure set forth above in Example A-342 except that 2-methylpiperazine was used in place of 2,6-dimethylpiperazine (4% overall yield), mp: 235-237°C. Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_5 \cdot 0.75H_2O$ : C, 62.12; H, 5.90; N, 19.06. Found: C, 62.23; H, 5.53; N, 18.80.

#### Example A-344

The compound of Example A-317 was also synthesized in the following manner:

Step 1: Preparation of 1-(4-pyridyl)-1-(methylenedithioketene)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-ethanone

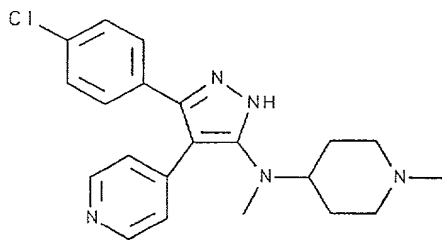
To a solution of 4-fluorobenzoyl-4'-pyridyl methane  
5 (70.0 g, 0.3 mol, prepared as set forth in Step 1 of  
Example A-208) and dibromomethane (125 mL) was added  
solid anhydrous potassium carbonate (55.0 g, 0.4 mol)  
portionwise over five minutes. Carbon disulfide (17 g,  
0.22 mol) was added dropwise over 15 minutes at room  
10 temperature. After stirring for 16 hours under a  
nitrogen atmosphere, the reaction was incomplete.  
Additional carbon disulfide (15 g) was added and the  
reaction mixture was stirred for an additional 24 hours.  
15 The reaction mixture was filtered and the potassium  
carbonate was washed on the filter with methylene  
chloride. The filtered solid was dissolved in water and  
extracted with methylene chloride. The extract was  
combined with the filtrate and dried over magnesium  
sulfate. The drying agent was filtered and the filtrate  
20 concentrated in vacuo. The residue was treated with  
ethyl acetate/ether (1:1), filtered and air dried to give  
1-(4-pyridyl)-1-(methylenedithioketene)-2-(4-  
fluorophenyl)-ethanone (26 g, 86%) as a solid, m.p. 182-  
183 °C; Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{15}H_{10}FNOS_2$ : C, 59.39; H, 3.32;  
25 N, 4.62. Found: C, 59.18; H, 3.41; N, 4.49.

Step 2: Preparation of 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine, dihydrate

30 A mixture of the 1-(4-pyridyl)-1-(methylenedithioketene)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-ethanone (3 g,  
0.01 mol) prepared in Step 1 and 1-methylpiperazine (3 g,  
0.03 mol) in 30 mL of toluene was refluxed under a  
nitrogen atmosphere for three hours. The mixture was  
35 cooled and solvent was removed under vacuum. The residue  
was dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran (30 mL) and

anyhydrous hydrazine (640 mg, 0.02 mol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours and the resulting precipitate was filtered. The precipitate was warmed in methanol and a few drops of concentrated ammonium hydroxide were added. The mixture was filtered hot and the filtrate blown down to half the volume. As the filtrate cooled, a product crystallized and was filtered to give 1.5 g (42%) of 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine, dihydrate, mp: 238-240 °C; Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{19}H_{20}FN_5 \cdot 2H_2O$ : C, 61.11; H, 65.48; N, 18.75. Found: C, 60.79; H, 6.21; N, 18.98.

#### Example A-345



N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-N,1-dimethyl-4-piperidinamine, dihydrate

#### Step 1: Preparation of 1-methyl-4-methylaminopiperidine

A mixture of 1-methyl-4-piperidone (20 g, 0.18 mol) in methanol:tetrahydrofuran (100 mL, 1:1) and methyl amine (2 M in tetrahydrofuran, 3 mole excess) was placed in a Parr shaker with 5% Pd/C and hydrogenated for two hours at 60 psi and 70°C. The catalyst was filtered and the filtrate concentrated on the rotary evaporator. The crude material was distilled at 44-45°C at 0.3 mm Hg to give 20 g (87%) of 1-methyl-4-methylaminopiperidine. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_7H_{16}N_2$ : C, 65.57; H, 12.58; N, 21.85. Found: C, 65.49; H, 12.44; N: 21.49.

Step 2: Preparation of N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-N,1-dimethyl-4-piperidinamine, dihydrate

5

A solution of 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2-ylidene)-2-(4-pyridinyl)ethanone (3.2 g, 0.01 mol; prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-341) and 1-methyl-4-methylaminopiperidine (3.8 g, 0.03 mol) in 30 mL of toluene refluxed for six hours under nitrogen. The mixture was cooled and solvent was removed under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran (30 mL) and anhydrous hydrazine (650 mg, 0.02 mol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen for 16 hours. The resulting precipitate was filtered and warmed in methanol and a few drops of concentrated ammonium hydroxide. The mixture was filtered hot and the filtrate blown down to half the volume. As the filtrate cooled, a product separated and was filtered to give 395 of pure N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-N,1-dimethyl-4-piperidinamine, dihydrate, m.p. 260-261°C. Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{21}H_{24}ClN_5 \cdot 2H_2O$ : C, 60.35; H, 6.75; N, 16.76. Found: C, 59.89; H, 6.56; N: 16.40.

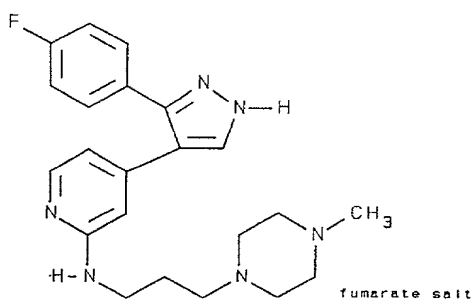
Additional compounds of the present invention that were prepared according to one or more of above reaction schemes (particularly Schemes IX through XVIII) are disclosed in Table 3-2. The specific synthesis scheme or schemes as well as the mass spectroscopy and elemental analysis results for each compound also are disclosed in Table 3-2.

TABLE 3-2

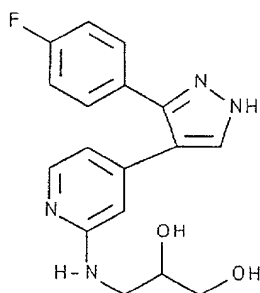
Example	General	MS	Microanalysis	HCl Added								
		M+	C Found	C Found	H Calc	H Found	N Calc	N Found	Water Added	EtOAc Added	CHCl <sub>3</sub> Added	Toluene Added
A-346	XII											
A-347	XII	329	59.33	59.59	5.65	5.47	15.55	15.41	0.8	0.2		
A-348	XII	439	68.46	66.59	8.04	8.48	19.16	16.17				
A-349	XII	397	61.85	61.99	7.79	7.52	17.45	17.39	1.3	0.7		
A-350	XII	449	66.29	66.75	7.60	7.68	17.84	17.00	1.25			
A-351	XII	352	68.36	57.51	6.31	7.31	19.93	17.17				
A-352	XII	366	69.02	66.27	6.62	6.59	19.16	18.22				
A-353	XII	430	69.26	71.50	7.40	6.91	18.36	14.87				
A-354	XII	355	70.48	70.12	6.80	7.15	13.99	13.91		0.1		0.5
A-355	XII	341	66.73	67.09	6.29	6.77	16.04	15.78				
A-356	XVII	410	63.42	63.61	6.00	6.06	16.81	16.63	0.4			
A-357	XVII	392	54.37	53.93	5.91	6.32	13.78	14.68	0.4			
A-358	XII	394	70.20	68.50	7.17	7.68	17.80	16.58				
A-359	XVII	396	69.21	69.33	7.68	8.01	17.55	17.61	0.2			
A-360	XVII	366	50.81	50.74	5.97	5.80	14.11	14.00	1.2			3
A-361	XII	389	71.12	68.67	5.45	5.64	14.42	12.90				
A-362	XII	375	70.57	68.54	5.12	5.39	14.96	13.90				
A-363	XII	389	71.12	68.86	5.45	5.58	14.42	13.09				
A-364	XVII	368	68.31	68.39	7.15	7.49	18.97	18.93	0.1			
A-365	XVII	338	48.72	48.57	5.47	5.45	14.95	14.79	1.2			3
A-366	XII	397	56.34	56.21	7.31	7.03	17.92	17.89	2			1

A-367	XVII	321	70.25	69.83	5.43	5.62	17.25	17.82	0.25				
A-368	XII	313	64.66	64.28	5.73	5.62	16.76	16.93		0.25			
A-369	XII	412	66.76	66.60	7.36	7.61	16.93	16.74	0.1				
A-370	XII	313	64.66	64.36	5.73	5.59	16.76	16.82		0.25			
A-371	XVII		63.78	63.63	6.37	6.09	17.71	17.24	1				
A-372	XII		68.63	68.80	7.26	7.53	17.40	17.14	0.5				
A-373	XVII	389	58.10	57.99	5.00	4.88	17.83	17.48	0.25				
A-374	XII	354	67.97	67.23	6.84	6.81	19.81	19.38					
A-375	XII	366	68.18	68.06	6.67	6.80	18.93	18.56	0.25				
A-376	XII	375	70.57	68.19	5.12	6.06	14.96	13.13					
A-377	XII	396	64.14	64.44	6.99	6.78	16.02	16.02		0.35			
A-378	XVII	337	66.42	66.44	5.22	4.91	16.31	16.27	0.4				
A-379	XVII	339	62.76	62.80	6.04	5.43	15.41	15.17	1.4				
A-380	XVII	381	63.31	63.40	5.19	5.82	14.06	13.84	1				1
A-381	XVII	307	70.57	69.69	4.94	5.00	18.29	17.68					
A-382	XVII												
A-383	XVII												
A-384	320	55.4 8	53.44	5.64	5.00	17.03	21.60						
A-385	XI	280	52.65	52.51	5.98	5.17	10.83	11.12					1
A-386	XII	351	64.96	64.77	5.82	5.34	14.85	15.03	1	0.1			
A-387	XII	353	65.29	65.62	6.32	6.14	14.64	14.47	0.7	0.2			
A-388		394	54.93	55.34	6.21	6.79	13.93	14.01					3

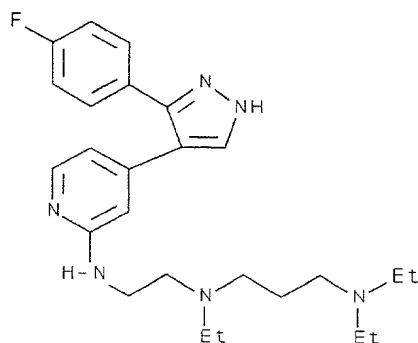


**Example A-346**

- 5           N- [4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-  
pyridinyl] -4-methyl-1-piperazinepropanamine (2E) -2-  
butenedioate (1:1)

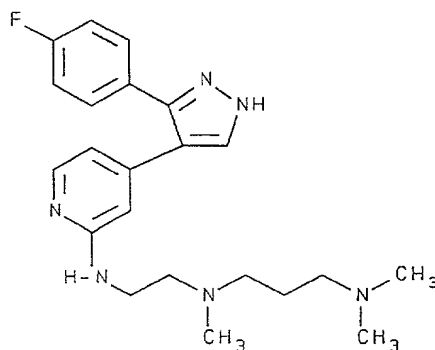
**Example A-347**

- 10           3- [[4- [3- (4-fluorophenyl) -1H-pyrazol-4-yl] -2-  
pyridinyl] amino] -1,2-propanediol;

**Example A-348**

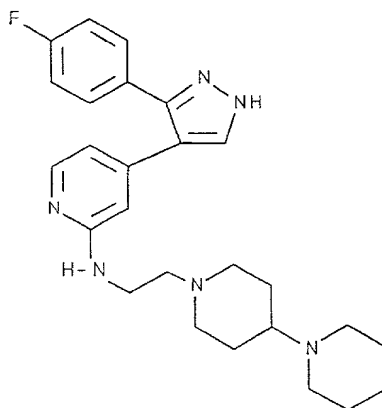
N,N,N'-triethyl-N'-[2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethyl]-1,3-propanediamine;

5

**Example A-349**

N-[2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]ethyl]-N,N',N'-trimethyl-1,3-propanediamine;

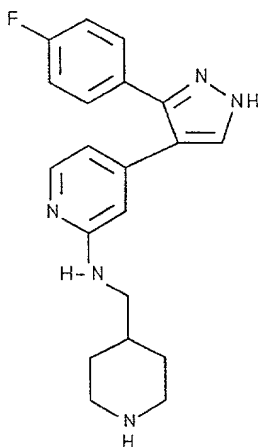
10

**Example A-350**

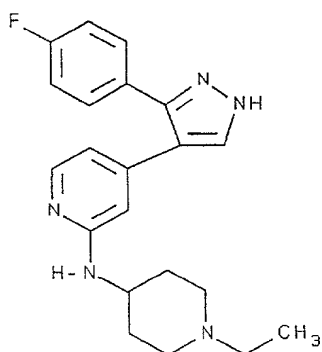
15

N-(2-[1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-ylethyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;

20

**Example A-351**

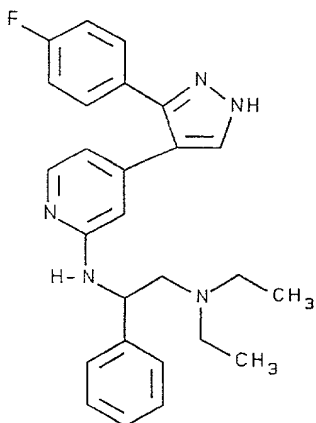
5            4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-(4-piperidinylmethyl)-2-pyridinamine;

**Example A-352**

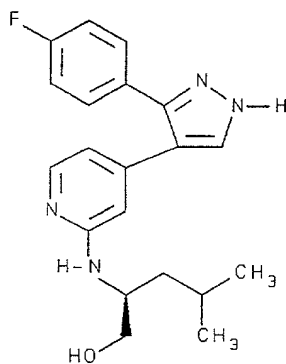
10

N-(1-ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;

15

**Example A-353**

5           N2,N2-diethyl-N1-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-1-phenyl-1,2-ethanediamine;

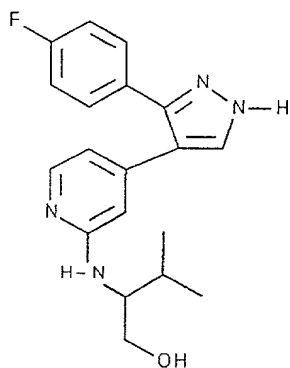
**Example A-354**

10

(2S)-2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-4-methyl-1-pentanol;

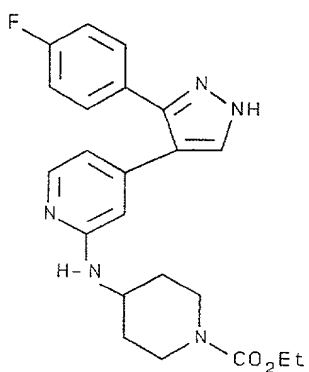
15

## Example A-355



5            2-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-3-methyl-1-butanol;

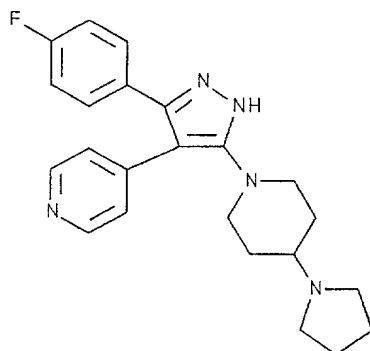
## Example A-356



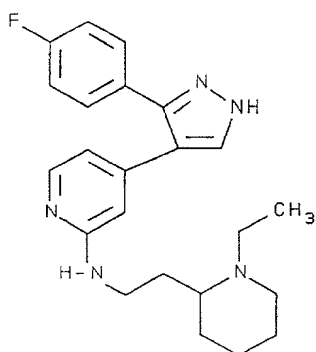
10            ethyl 4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate;

15

5           4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-piperidinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine, trihydrochloride;

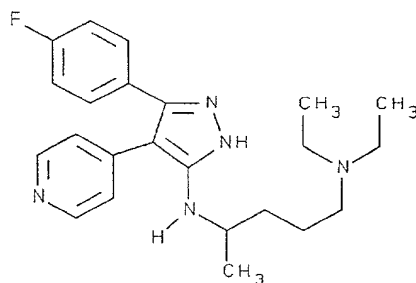


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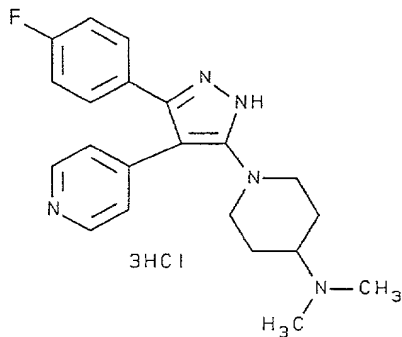
N-[2-(1-ethyl-2-piperidinyl)ethyl]-4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinamine;

15



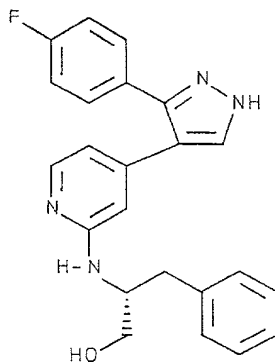
N1,N1,-diethyl-N4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,4-pentanediamine;

**Example A-360**



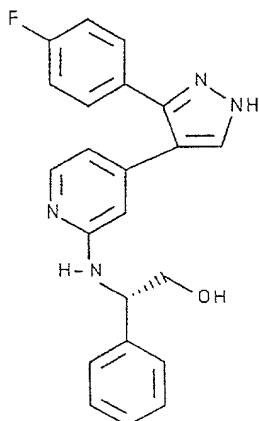
1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;

**Example A-361**



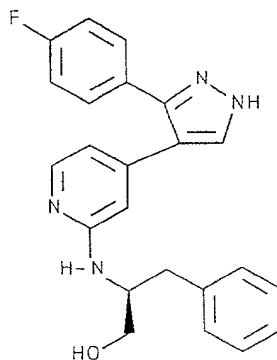
(βR)-β-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]benzene propanol;

## Example A-362



5           (βS)-β-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]benzene ethanol;

## Example A-363

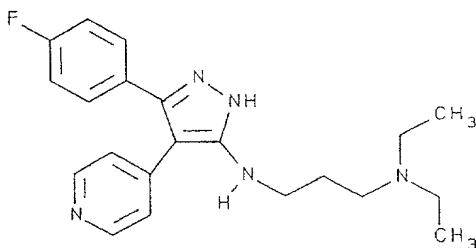


10

          (βS)-β-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]benzene propanol;

15

## Example A-364

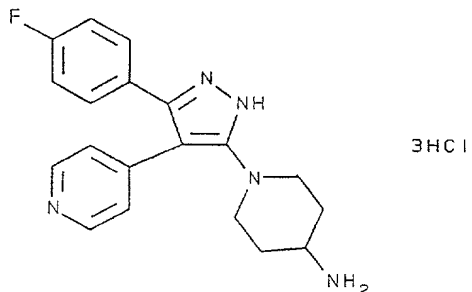




N,N-diethyl-N'-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,3-propanediamine;

**Example A-365**

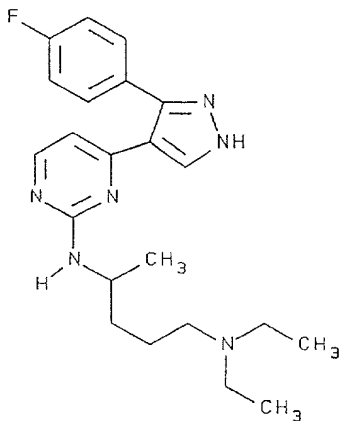
5



1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;

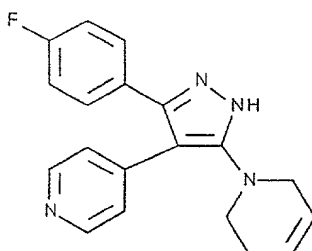
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**Example A-366**

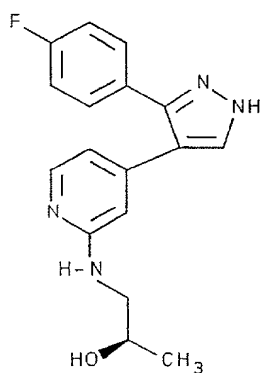


15

N1,N1-diethyl-N4-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-1,4-pentanediamine;

**Example A-367**

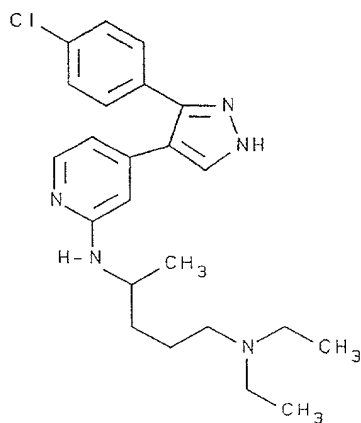
5            1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2,3,6-hexahydropyridine;

**Example A-368**

10

(2R)-1-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-2-propanol;

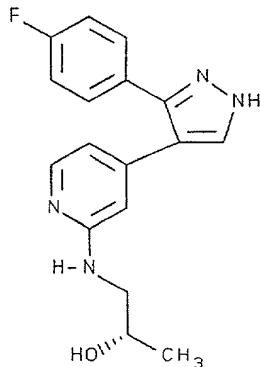
15

**Example A-369**

N4-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-N1,N1-diethyl-1,4-pentanediamine;

**Example A-370**

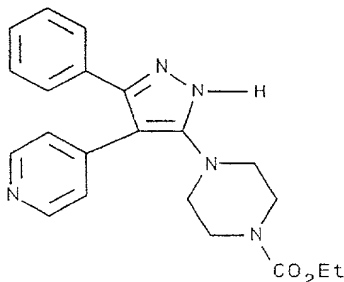
5



(2S)-1-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]-2-propanol;

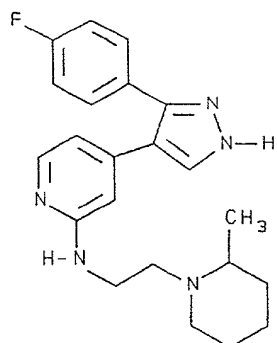
10

**Example A-371**



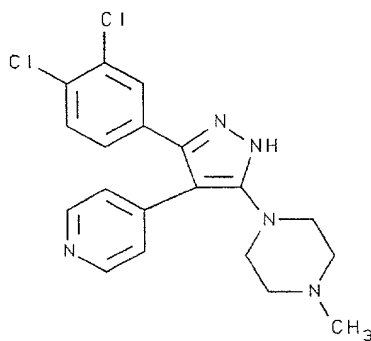
15 ethyl 4-[5-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate;

## Example A-372



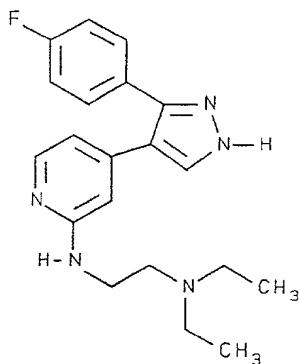
5            4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-[3-(2-methyl-1-piperidinyl)propyl]-2-pyridinamine;

## Example A-373

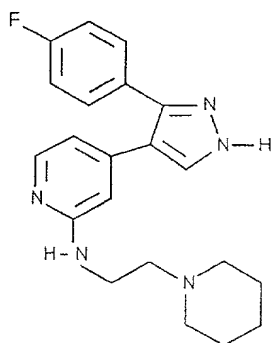


10            1-[5-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine;

15

**Example A-374**

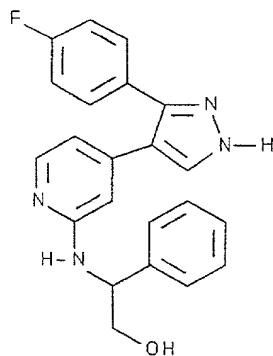
- 5            N,N-diethyl-N' - [4 - [3 - (4-fluorophenyl) - 1H-pyrazol - 4 -  
yl] - 2-pyridinyl] - 1,2-ethanediamine;

**Example A-375**

- 10            4 - [3 - (4-fluorophenyl) - 1H-pyrazol - 4 -yl] - N - [2 - (1 -  
piperidinyl)ethyl] - 2-pyridinamine;

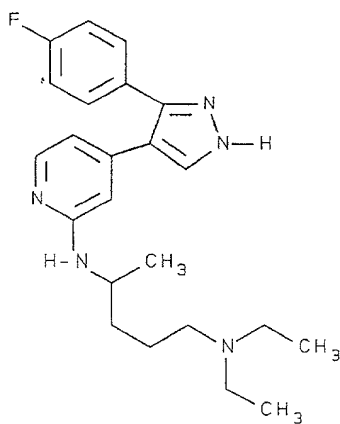
15

## Example A-376



5           (βR)-β-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]benzene ethanol;

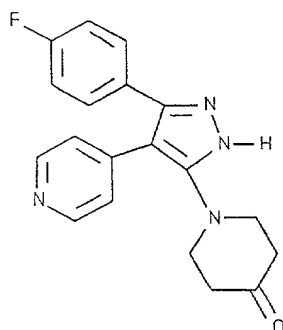
## Example A-377



10

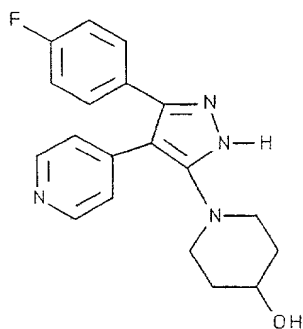
N1,N1-diethyl-N4-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]-1,4-pentanediamine;

## Example A-378



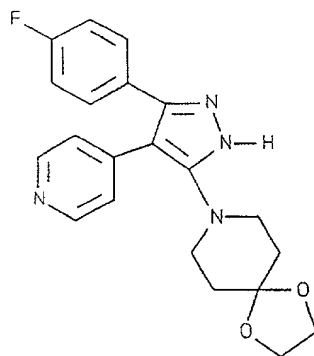
5           1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinone;

## Example A-379

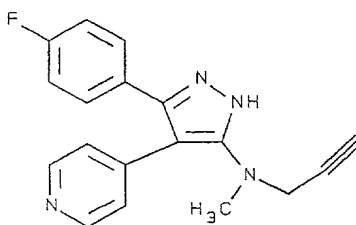


10

1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinol;

**Example A-380**

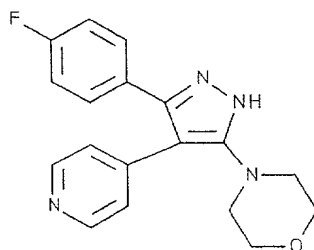
5            8-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,4-dioxaspiro[4.5]decane;

**Example A-381**

10

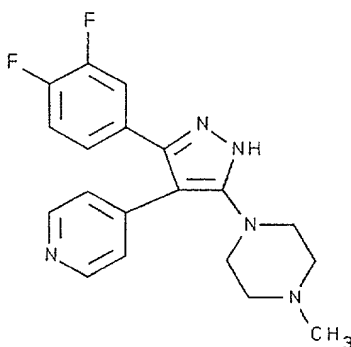
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-N-2-propynyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;

15

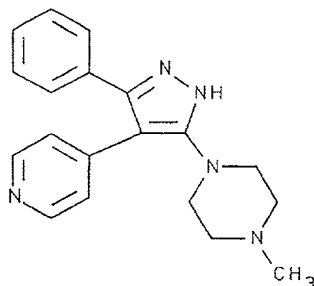
**Example A-382**

20            4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]morpholine;



**Example A-383**

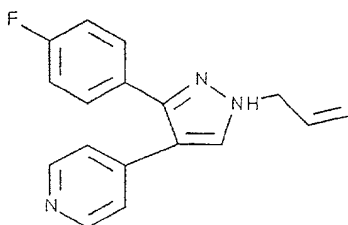
5            1-[5-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine;

**Example A-384**

10

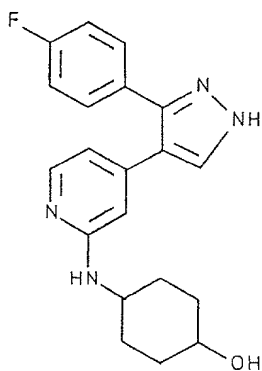
1-methyl-4-[5-phenyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine;

15

**Example A-385**

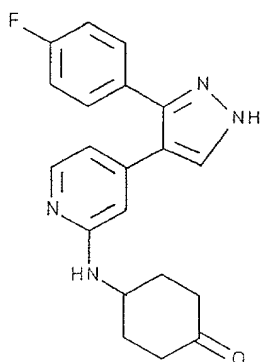
20            4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(2-propenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyridine, monohydrochloride;

## Example A-386



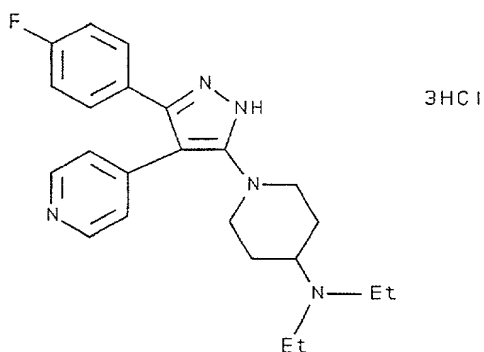
5 trans-4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]cyclohexanol;

## Example A-387

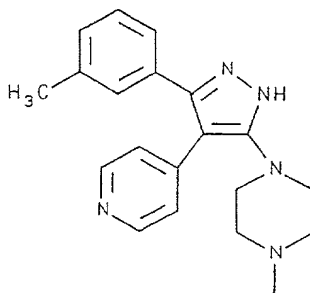


10

4-[[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyridinyl]amino]cyclohexanone;

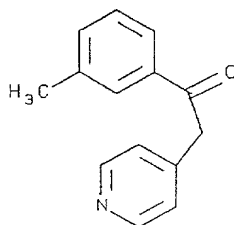
**Example A-388**

5        1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-diethyl-4-piperidinamine, trihydrochloride;

**Example A-389**

10        1-[5-(3-tolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine:

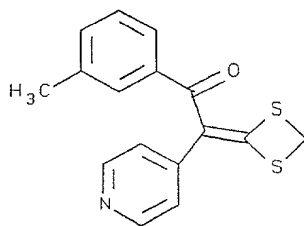
15        Step 1. Preparation of 1-tolyl-2-(4-pyridyl)ethanone



20        Methyl 3-methylbenzoate (6.0 g, 40 mmol), tetrahydrofuran (50 mL), and 4-picoline (4.1 g, 44 mmol) were stirred at -78 °C under an atmosphere of nitrogen.

Sodium (bis)trimethylsilylamide 1.0 M in tetrahydrofuran (88 mL, 88 mmol) was added dropwise. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature, stirred for 16 hours and then was poured into saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution. The mixture was then extracted with ethyl acetate (3 X 50 mL). The combined organics were washed with brine (2 X 50 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate, and concentrated. The product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate/hexane to yield a light yellow solid (5.7 g, 67%), mp 118.0-119.0 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 8.50 (m, 2H), 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.29 (m, 2H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 212.1067 (M+H, C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO requires 212.1075); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO: C, 79.59; H, 6.20; N, 6.63. Found: C, 79.54; H, 6.30; N, 6.56.

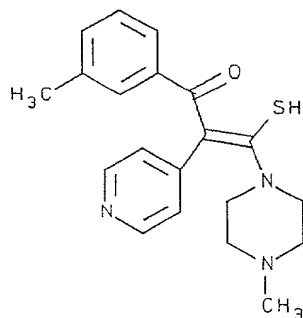
Step 2. Preparation of 1-(3-tolyl)-2-(1,3-dithietan-2-ylidene)-2-(4-pyridyl)ethanone



1-tolyl-2-(4-pyridyl)ethanone (4.22 g, 20 mmol), acetone (100 mL), potassium carbonate (8.3 g, 60 mmol), carbon disulfide 4.56 g, 60 mmol), and dibromomethane (10.43 g, 60 mmol) were stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. Water (100 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 X 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (2 X 50 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated. This crude material was purified by either flash column chromatography eluting with ethyl acetate:hexane or crystallization from ethyl acetate/hexane to yield a

yellow solid (4.8 g, 80%), mp 178.6-179.2 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 8.47 (m, 2H), 7.08 (m, 6H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 300.0521 (M+H, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NOS<sub>2</sub> requires 300.0517); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NOS<sub>2</sub>: C, 64.18; H, 4.38; N, 4.68. Found: C, 64.08; H, 4.25; N, 4.62.

Step 3. Preparation of 1-[3-(3-tolyl)-3-oxo-2-(4-pyridinyl)-1-thiopropyl]-4-methylpiperazine



10

The dithietane compound from step 2 above (3.0 g, 10 mmol), N-methylpiperazine (5.0 g, 50 mmol), and toluene (50 mL) were refluxed using a Dean-Stark apparatus for one to three hours. The reaction was allowed to cool to room temperature and was concentrated to dryness under high vacuum. This thick, oily material was crystallized from ethyl acetate / hexane (2.9 g, 82%), mp 124.8-125.8 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 8.57 (m, 2H), 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.37 (m, 2H) 6.54 (s, 1H), 4.27 (m, 2H), 4.19 (m, 1H), 3.83 (m, 1H), 2.47-2.28 (m, 6H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.17 (m, 1H); ESHRMS *m/z* 354.1669 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>3</sub>OS requires 354.1640); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>3</sub>OS: C, 67.96; H, 6.56; N, 11.89. Found: C, 67.79; H, 6.66; N, 11.88.

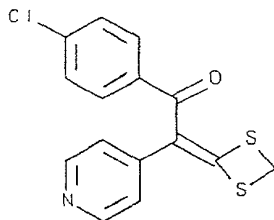
20

Step 4. Preparation of 1-[5-(3-tolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

The thioamide compound from step 3 above (1.06 g, 3 mmol), tetrahydrofuran (50 mL), and hydrazine (15 mL, 15 mmol, 1.0 M) in tetrahydrofuran were stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. A white solid was collected by filtration. Purification when necessary was by trituration or recrystallization (0.98 g, 97%), mp 261.9-262.0 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 12.6 (brs, 1H), 8.42 (m, 2H), 7.2 (m, 4H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 7.0 (m, 1H), 2.86 (m, 4H), 2.34 (m, 4H) 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 334.2049 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires 334.2032); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub>: C, 72.04; H, 6.95; N, 21.00. Found: C, 71.83; H, 7.06; N, 20.83.

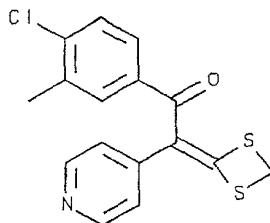
Additional dithietanes and pyrazoles that were synthesized by selection of the corresponding starting reagents in accordance with the chemistry described in Scheme XXI and further illustrated in Example 389 above include compounds A-390 through A-426 disclosed below.

**Example A-390**



mp 185.3-185.4 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 8.49 (m, 2H), 7.31 (m, 4H), 7.09 (m, 2H), 4.39 (s, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 319.9981 (M+H, C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>10</sub>ClNOS<sub>2</sub> requires 319.9971); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>10</sub>ClNOS<sub>2</sub>: C, 56.33; H, 3.15; N, 4.38. Found: C, 56.47; H, 3.13; N, 4.44.

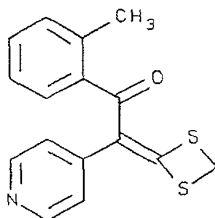
## Example A-391



5            1-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-2-1,3-dithietan-2-ylidene-2-pyridin-4-yl-ethanone

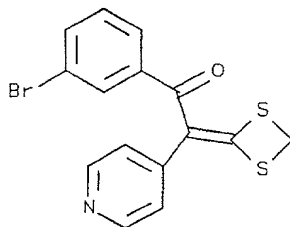
mp 164.0-165.0 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 8.49 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.0 (m, 3H), 4.38 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 334.0130 (M+H, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClNOS<sub>2</sub> requires 334.0127); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClNOS<sub>2</sub>: C, 57.56; H, 3.62; N, 4.20. Found: C, 57.68; H, 3.67; N, 4.17.

## Example A-392



15            mp 126.5-126.6 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 8.40 (m, 2H), 7.17 (m, 2H), 7.0 (m, 4H), 4.39 (s, 2H), 2.85 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 300.0483 (M+H, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NOS<sub>2</sub> requires 300.0517); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NOS<sub>2</sub>: C, 64.18; H, 4.38; N, 4.68. Found: C, 64.05; H, 4.27; N, 4.59.

## Example A-393

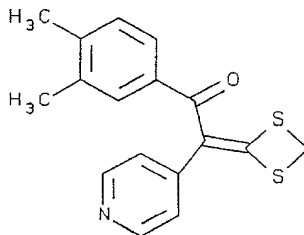


5

mp 159.6-159.7 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (acetone- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 8.52 (m, 2H), 7.6 (m, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.13 (m, 2H), 4.40 (s, 2H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  363.9503 (M+H,  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{BrNOS}_2$  requires 363.9465); Anal. Calc'd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{BrNOS}_2$ : C, 49.46; H, 2.77; N, 3.84. Found: C, 49.51; H, 2.68; N, 3.74.

10

## Example A-394



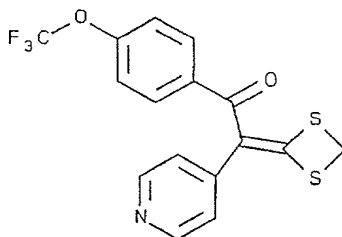
15

mp 198.8-198.9 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (acetone- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 8.45 (m, 2H), 7.05 (m, 3H), 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.82 (m, 1H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  314.0691 (M+H,  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{15}\text{NOS}_2$  requires 314.0673).

20



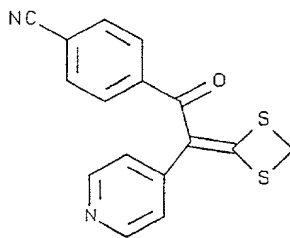
## Example A-395



5 mp 182.6-183.0 °C.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (acetone- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 8.50 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, 2H,  $J = 8.5$  Hz), 7.23 (d, 2H,  $J = 8.5$  Hz), 7.10 (m, 2H), 4.40 (s, 2H). ESHRMS  $m/z$  370.0173 (M+H,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{10}\text{F}_3\text{NO}_2\text{S}_2$  requires 370.0183).

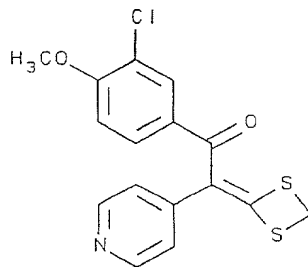
10

## Example A-396



15 mp 193.3-193.4 °C.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (acetone- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 8.49 (m, 2H), 7.69 (d, 2H,  $J = 8.2$  Hz), 7.46 (d, 2H,  $J = 8.2$  Hz), 7.01 (m, 2H), 4.43 (s, 2H). ESHRMS  $m/z$  311.0327 (M+H,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}_2$  requires 311.0313).

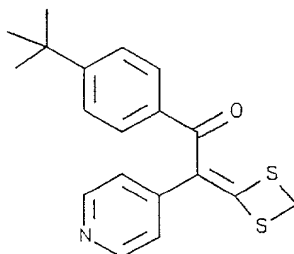
## Example A-397



20

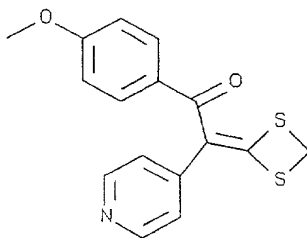
mp 191.5-192.5 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/ 300 MHz) 8.55 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.4 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.03 (m, 3H), 6.67 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 350.0090 (M+H, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub> requires 350.0076);  
 5 Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: C, 54.93; H, 3.60; N, 4.00; Cl, 10.13; S, 18.33. Found: C, 54.74; H, 3.60; N, 3.89; Cl, 10.45; S, 18.32.

### Example A-398



mp 172.1-173.1 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> / 300 MHz) 8.51 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.23-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.04 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 4.17 (s, 2H), 1.25 (s, 9H); ESHRMS *m/z* 342.1004 (M+H, C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NOS<sub>2</sub> requires 342.0986); Anal.  
 15 Calc'd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NOS<sub>2</sub>: C, 66.83; H, 5.61; N, 4.10; S, 18.78. Found: C, 66.97; H, 5.89; N, 4.02; S, 18.64.

### Example A-399

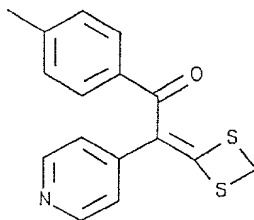


mp 203.0-204.1 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> / 300 MHz) 8.52 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.29 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 7.28 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.0 Hz), 7.05 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 6.70 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 6.69 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 316.0475 (M+H, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>  
 25

requires 316.0466); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{16}H_{13}NO_2S_2$ : C, 60.93; H, 4.15; N, 4.44; S, 20.33. Found: C, 60.46; H, 4.17; N, 4.37; S, 19.84.

5

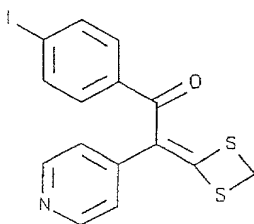
## Example A-400



mp 209.1-215.1 °C;  $^1H$  NMR ( $CDCl_3$  / 300 MHz) 8.50 (dd, 2H,  $J = 4.4, 1.6$  Hz), 7.20 (d, 2H,  $J = 8.0$  Hz), 7.03-6.99 (m, 4H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  300.0517 ( $M+H$ ,  $C_{16}H_{13}NOS_2$  requires 300.0517); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{16}H_{13}NOS_2$ : C 64.18; H, 4.38; N, 4.69; S, 21.42. Found: C, 64.02; H, 4.62; N, 4.54; S, 21.24.

15

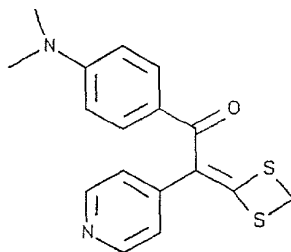
## Example A-401



mp 257.6-257.7 °C;  $^1H$  NMR ( $CDCl_3$  / 300 MHz) 8.51 (dd, 2H,  $J = 4.4, 1.6$  Hz), 7.57 (d, 2H,  $J = 8.5$  Hz), 7.27-6.99 (m, 4H), 4.18 (s, 2H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  411.9348 ( $M+H$ ,  $C_{15}H_{10}NIOS_2$  requires 411.9327); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{15}H_{10}NIOS_2$ : C, 43.81; H, 2.45; N, 3.41. Found: C, 43.71; H, 2.27; N, 3.41.

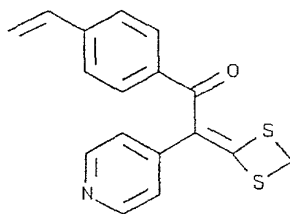
25

## Example A-402



5 mp 197.3-202.2 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$  / 300 MHz) 8.53 (dd, 2H,  $J = 4.4, 1.6$  Hz), 7.26 (d, 2H,  $J = 9.3$  Hz), 7.09 (dd, 2H,  $J = 4.4, 1.6$  Hz), 6.43 (d, 2H,  $J = 9.3$  Hz), 4.14 (s, 2H), 2.97 (s, 6H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  329.0789 ( $\text{M}+\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{OS}_2$  requires 329.0782); Anal. Calc'd. for  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{OS}_2$ : C, 62.17; H, 4.91; N, 8.53; S, 19.53. Found: C, 61.93; H, 5.12; N, 8.46; S, 19.26.

## Example A-403



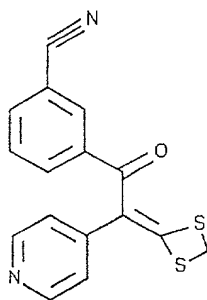
15 mp 176.6-176.7 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$  / 300 MHz) 8.51 (dd, 2H,  $J = 4.4, 1.6$  Hz), 7.29-7.22 (m, 4H), 7.03 (dd, 2H,  $J = 4.4, 1.6$  Hz), 6.64 (dd, 1H,  $J = 17.5, 10.9$  Hz), 5.76 (d, 1H,  $J = 17.7$  Hz), 5.31 (d, 1H,  $J = 10.9$  Hz), 4.19 (s, 2H); ESHRMS 312.0513 ( $\text{M}+\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{13}\text{NOS}_2$  requires 312.0517); Anal. Calc'd. for  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{13}\text{NOS}_2$ : C, 65.56; H, 4.21; N, 4.50. Found: C, 65.75; H, 4.11; N, 4.46.

15

O=C(c1ccc(Br)cc1)c2ccncc2C3=CC=SS3

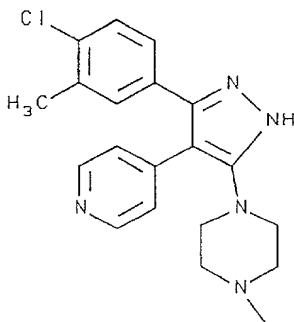
mp 167.1-167.5 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub> / 300 MHz) 8.52 (dd, 1H, *J* = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.33 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 7.02-7.00 (m, 3H), 6.87-6.83 (m, 1H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 379.9577 (M+H, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>BrNOS<sub>2</sub> requires 379.9622); Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>BrNOS<sub>2</sub>: C, 50.80; H, 3.20; N, 3.70. Found: C, 50.69; H, 3.19; N, 3.71.

## Example A-406



5 mp 168.6-168.7 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/300 MHz) 8.54 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.6, 1.8 Hz), 7.68-7.62 (m 2H), 7.43-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.28 (m, 1H), 6.99 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 4.22 (s, 2H); ESHRMS *m/z* 311.0330 (M+H, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>OS<sub>2</sub> requires 311.0313); Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>OS<sub>2</sub>: C, 61.91; H, 3.25; N, 9.02. Found: C, 61.45; H, 3.18; N, 8.91.

## Example A-407

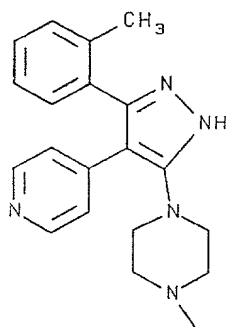


15 1-[5-(3-methyl-4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

20 mp 236.7-239.3 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 12.6 (brs, 1H), 8.45 (m, 2H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.0 (m, 1H), 2.86 (m, 4H), 2.35 (m, 4H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 368.4653 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub> requires 368.1642).

25

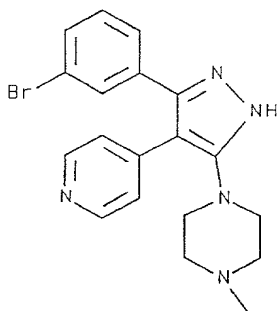
## Example A-408



5            1-[5-(2-tolyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 244.0-244.2 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 11.6 (brs, 1H), 8.35 (m, 2H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 4H), 3.05 (m, 4H), 2.47 (m, 4H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.00 (s, 3H);  
10            ESHRMS *m/z* 334.2018 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires 334.2032);  
Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub>: C, 72.04; H, 6.95; N, 21.00.  
Found: C, 72.03; H, 7.00; N, 20.85.

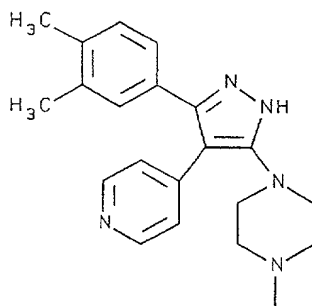
15            Example A-409



20            1-[5-(3-bromophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 222.5-223.4 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (acetone-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 11.8 (brs, 1H), 8.51 (m, 2H), 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.34 (m, 4H), 3.0 (m, 4H), 2.41 (m, 4H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 398.0982  
25            (M+H, C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>BrN<sub>5</sub> requires 398.0980).

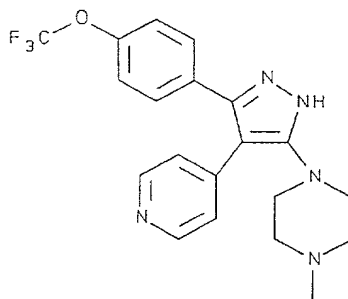
## Example A-410



5            1-[5-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 270.9-272.7 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 12.5 (brs, 1H), 8.41 (m, 2H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.10 (m, 2H), 6.92 (m, 1H), 2.86 (m, 4H), 2.38 (m, 4H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 348.2183 (M+H, C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires 348.2188).

## Example A-411



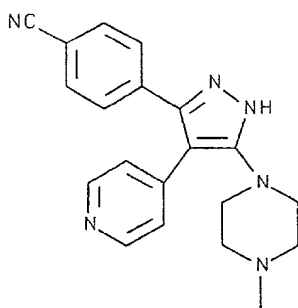
15            1-[5-(4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

20            mp 221.0-221.2 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 12.7 (brs, 1H), 8.45 (m, 2H), 7.38 (s, 4H), 7.24 (m, 2H), 2.86 (m, 4H), 2.34 (m, 4H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 404.1698 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O requires 404.1698).

25



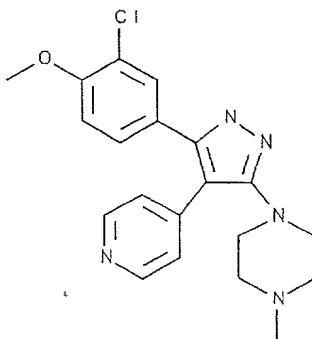
## Example A-412



5            1-[5-(4-cyanophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp > 300 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 12.8 (brs, 1H), 8.47 (m, 2H), 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.42 (m, 2H), 2.88 (m, 4H), 2.39 (m, 4H), 2.20 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 345.1848 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub> requires 345.1828).

## Example A-413



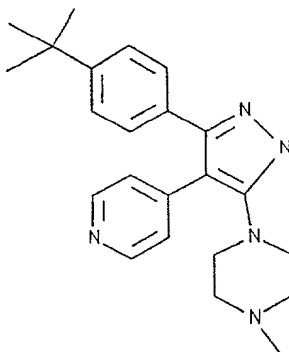
15

1-[5-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

20            mp 272.7-276.4 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 8.44 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.32-7.13 (m, 5H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.90-2.85 (m, 4H), 2.38-2.35 (m, 4H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 384.1580 (M+H C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>O requires 384.1591).

25

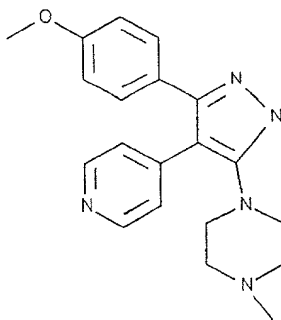
## Example A-414



5 1-[5-(4-tert-butylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 243.6-244.3 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 8.44  
10 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.6, 1.6, Hz), 7.40 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.3 Hz),  
7.28-7.18 (m, 4H), 2.90-2.85 (m, 4H), 2.38-2.34 (m, 4H),  
2.16 (s, 3H), 1.26 (s, 9H); ESHRMS *m/z* 376.2491 (M+H,  
C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires 376.2501).

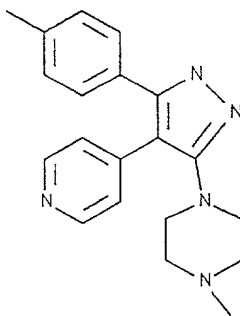
## Example A-415



15 1-[4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.  
20

mp 259.0-260.2 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 8.53  
(dd, 2H, *J* = 4.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.24 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.4, 1.6  
Hz), 7.18 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.9 Hz), 6.94 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.9 Hz),

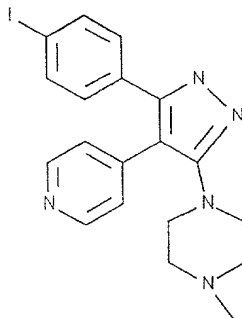
3.75 (s, 3H), 2.90-2.85 (m, 4H), 2.39-2.35 (m, 4H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  350.1991 ( $M+H$ ,  $C_{20}H_{23}N_5O$  requires 350.1981); Anal. Calc'd. for  $C_{20}H_{23}N_5O + 3.93\%H_2O$ : C, 66.04; H, 6.81; N, 19.25. Found: C, 66.01; H, 6.62; N, 19.32.

**Example A-416**

10 1-[5-(4-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 243.0-246.8 °C;  $^1H$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 8.41 (dd, 2H,  $J = 4.6, 1.6$  Hz), 7.24 (m, 6H), 2.91-2.86 (m, 4H), 2.40-2.35 (m, 4H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  334.2041 ( $M+H$ ,  $C_{20}H_{23}N_5$  requires 334.2032); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{20}H_{23}N_5 + 4.09\%H_2O$ : C, 69.10; H, 7.13; N, 20.14. Found: C, 69.10; H, 7.08; N, 20.13.

20

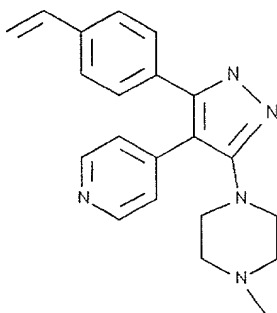
**Example A-417**

25

1- [5- (4-iodophenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 265.2-265.8 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) 8.41 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.76-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.08-7.05 (m, 2H), 3.08-3.04 (m, 4H), 2.61-2.58 (m, 4H), 2.35 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 446.0847 (M+H, C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>IN<sub>5</sub> requires 446.0842); Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>IN<sub>5</sub> + 12.09%H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 44.60; H, 5.39; N, 13.69. Found: C, 44.50; H, 4.56; N, 13.66.

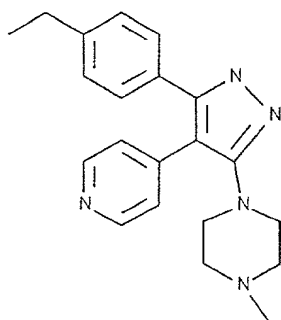
#### Example A-418



1- [5- (4-ethenylphenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl) -1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp >300 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) 8.49 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.47-7.44 (m, 4H), 7.26 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 6.75 (dd, *J* = 17.7, 11.1 Hz), 5.83 (d, 1H, *J* = 17.5 Hz), 5.28 (d, 1H, *J* = 11.1 Hz), 3.07-3.03 (m, 4H), 2.58-2.53 (m, 4H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 346.2034 (M+H, C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires 346.2032); Anal. Calc'd. for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub> + 2.83%H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 70.95; H, 6.84; N, 19.70. Found: C, 70.97; H, 6.49; N, 19.54.

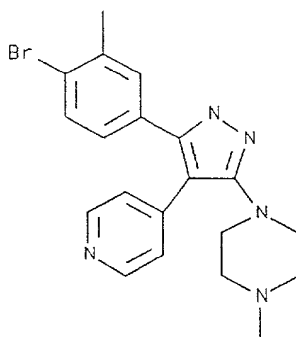
## Example A-419



5            1-[5-(4-ethylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 221.6-222.6 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) 8.38 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.44-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.19 (m, 4H), 3.06-3.02 (m, 4H), 2.66 (q, 2H, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 2.59-2.54 (m, 4H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.23 (t, 3H, *J* = 7.5 Hz); ESHRMS *m/z* 348.2188 (M+H, C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires 348.2188); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>5</sub> + 2.59%H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 70.71; H, 7.35; N, 19.63. Found: C, 70.76; H, 7.40; N, 19.46.

## Example A-420

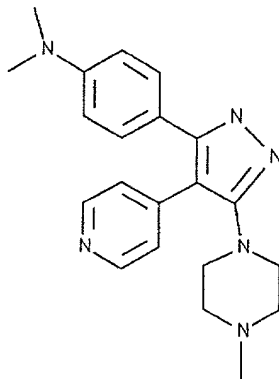


20            1-[5-(4-bromo-3-methylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 294.7 °C decomp.; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) 8.41 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.55 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 7.45-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.00-6.97 (m 2H),

3.08-3.03 (m, 4H), 2.59-2.54 (m, 4H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  412.1124 (M+H,  $C_{20}H_{22}BrN_5$  requires 412.1137).

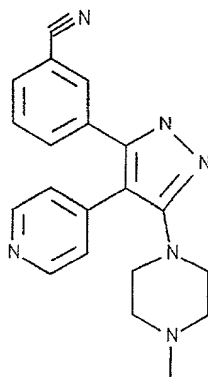
5

**Example A-421**

10 1-[5-(4-dimethylaminophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp >300 °C (decomposed);  $^1H$  NMR ( $CD_3OD$  / 300 MHz) 8.37 (d, 2H,  $J = 4.6$  Hz), 7.44 (d, 2H,  $J = 4.8$  Hz), 7.12, (d, 2H,  $J = 8.9$  Hz), 6.73 (d, 2H,  $J = 8.7$  Hz), 3.04-3.02 (m, 4H), 2.96 (s, 6H), 2.54-2.49 (m, 4H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  363.2266 (M+H,  $C_{21}H_{26}N_6$  requires 363.22972).

15

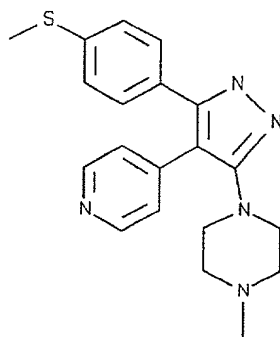
**Example A-422**

20

1-[5-(3-cyanophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

mp 223.4-224.3 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.44 (dd, 2H, J= 4.6, 1.4 Hz), 7.75-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.38 (m, 2H), 3.05-3.03 (m, 4H), 2.54-2.49 (m, 4H), 2.53 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 345.1840 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>6</sub> requires 345.1828).

### Example A-423

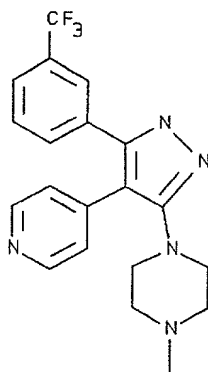


10 1-[5-(4-thiomethoxyphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

15 mp 275.6-281.9 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.44-8.40 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 4H), 3.04-3.00 (m, 4H), 2.59-2.53 (M, 4H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 366.1777 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>5</sub>S requires 366.1752).

20

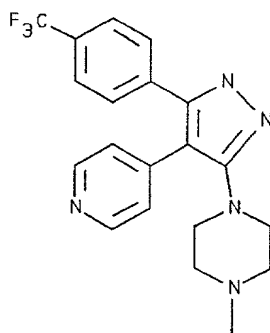
### Example A-424



1- [5- (3-trifluoromethylphenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl) -4-methylpiperazine.

mp 212.6-213.7 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.43 (d, 2H, *J* = 4.8 Hz), 7.69-7.56 (m, 4H), 7.41 (s, 2H), 3.07-3.04 (m, 4H), 2.56-2.53 (m, 4H), 2.32 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 388.1764 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires 388.1749).

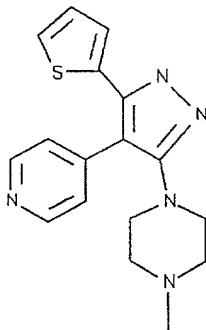
#### Example A-425



1- [5- (4-trifluoromethylphenyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl) -4-methylpiperazine.

mp 240.5 °C (decomposed); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.43 (dd, 2H, *J* = 4.6, 1.6 Hz), 7.70-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.51-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.38 (m, 2H), 3.09-3.04 (m, 4H), 2.59-2.53 (m, 4H), 2.31 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 388.1768 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>5</sub> requires 388.1749).

#### Example A-426

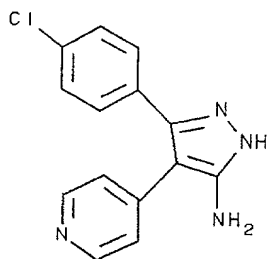




1- [5- (2-thienyl) -4- (4-pyridinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)] -4-methylpiperazine.

mp 199.7 °C (decomposed); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz)  
 5 8.44 (d, 2H, *J* = 5.8 Hz), 7.47 (d, 2H, *J* = 5.6 Hz), 7.13  
 - 7.07 (m, 3H), 3.04-3.00 (m, 4H), 2.53-2.49 (m, 4H),  
 2.30 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 326.1454 (M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>5</sub>S  
 requires 326.1439).

10

**Example A-427**

15 Step 1: Preparation of 3-dimethylamino-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(pyridin-4-yl)-2-propene-1-one

A solution of 4-chlorophenyl-2-(pyridin-4-yl)ethan-  
 1-one (20.0 g, 86.4 mmol) and N,N-dimethylformamide  
 dimethylacetal (57.6 mL, 0.43 mole) was heated at 100 °C  
 20 for 3 ½ hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated in  
 vacuo, and the residue crystallized from methyl butyl  
 ether to give 3-dimethylamino-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-  
 (pyridin-4-yl)-2-propen-1-one (22.80 g, 93%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR  
 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/300 MHz) δ 8.52 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.29 (d,  
 25 2H), 7.08 (d, 2H), 2.83 (s, 6H).

Step 2: Preparation of 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)isoxazole

30 A solution of 3-dimethylamino-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-  
 (pyridin-4-yl)-2-propen-1-one (22.80 g, 79.7 mmol),  
 hydroxylamine hydrochloride (18.01 g, 0.26 mole), and 150

mL ethanol was heated to reflux for 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in 1N hydrochloric acid and then treated with an aqueous saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate. The precipitates were collected by filtration, washed with water and ethanol, and dried to yield 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)isoxazole (20.50 g, 93%). m.p. 120.8-120.9 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) δ 8.53 (d, 2H), 8.46 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, 2H), 7.41-7.34 (m, 4H). ESLRMS *m/z* 257 (M+H). ESHRMS *m/z* 257.0457 (M+H, C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N<sub>2</sub>OCl requires 257.0482).

Step 3: Preparation of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-(pyridin-4-yl)propanenitrile:

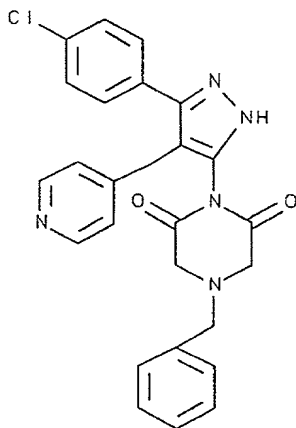
A solution of 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)isoxazole (20.5 g, 79.9 mmol) and 150 mL of a 1N sodium hydroxide solution was stirred at 60 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and adjusted to pH 6 with concentrated hydrochloric acid. The precipitates were filtered, washed with water and ethanol, and dried to give 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-(pyridin-4-yl)propanenitrile (20.0 g, quantitative yield). m.p. 225.4-234.9 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) δ 8.12 (brs, 2H), 7.73-7.59 (m, 5H), 7.30 (d, 3H). ESLRMS *m/z* 257 (M+H). ESHRMS *m/z* 257.0481 (M+H, C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N<sub>2</sub>OCl requires 257.0482).

Step 4: 5-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)-pyrazole

A solution of 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxo-2-(pyridin-4-yl)propanenitrile (3.50 g, 13.6 mmol) in 40 mL acetonitrile and phosphorous trichloride (14.2 mL, 163 mmol) was stirred at 100 °C for 5 hours. The reaction

mixture was concentrated in vacuo, and the residue taken up in toluene and concentrated again. The residue was then taken up in ethanol (150 mL) and treated with anhydrous hydrazine (1.71 mL, 54.4 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 3 hours, cooled, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with a mixture of ethanol and dichloromethane (1:4), and filtered. The solid was washed with the ethanol/dichloromethane mixture, and dried to give 5-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)-pyrazole (2.0 g, 54%): m.p. >300 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO/300 MHz) δ 8.40 (d, 2H), 7.40 (d, 2H), 7.29 (d, 2H), 7.11 (d, 2H), 5.05 (s, 2H). ESLRMS m/z 271 (M+H). ESHRMS m/z 271.0752 (M+H, C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N<sub>4</sub>Cl requires 271.0750).

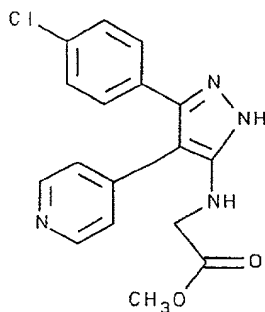
#### Example A-428



A solution of 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole (1.19 g, 7.38 mmol) and N-benzyliminodiacetic acid (0.824 g, 3.69 mmol) in dimethylformamide was heated at 75 °C for 30 minutes. To this mixture the 5-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)-pyrazole (1.0 g, 3.69 mmol) was added, and heating was continued at 75 °C overnight. The white solid was filtered, was washed with diethyl ether, methylene chloride, 5% methanol/methylene chloride, and ethanol, and was dried to give the desired imide as an

off-white solid (0.9 g, 53%): m.p. >300 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO/300 MHz) δ 8.53 (m, 2H), 7.5 (d, 2H), 7.44- 7.16 (m, 7H), 6.98 (m, 2H), 3.64 (m, 4H), 3.48 (m, 2H). ESLRMS m/z 458 (M+H). ESHRMS m/z 458.1380 (M+H, C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Cl requires 458.1384).

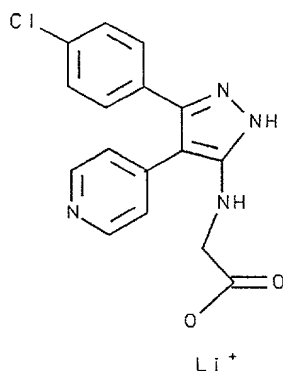
#### Example A-429



Methyl 2-([3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]amino)acetate

A solution of 5-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)-pyrazole (1.0 g, 3.7 mmol) in dimethylformamide (30 mL) was heated to 95 °C and methyl bromo acetate (0.34 mL, 3.7 mmol) was added dropwise. The resulting solution was stirred at 95 °C for 4 hours, cooled, and concentrated *in vacuo* to an orange viscous oil (1.79 g). A portion of this product mixture (1.20 g) was crystallized from ethanol and diethyl ether to give methyl 2-([3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]amino)acetate as a bright yellow solid (805 mg): m.p. 195.4-196.8 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) δ 8.49 (d, 2H), 7.68 (d, 2H), 7.44 (m, 4H), 5.37 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H). ESLRMS m/z 343 (M+H). ESHRMS m/z 343.0975 (M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Cl requires 343.0962).

## Example A-430

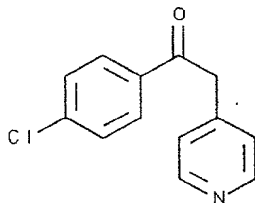


5       Lithium 2-([3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]amino)acetate

To a solution of methyl 2-([3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]amino)acetate (500 mg, 1.5  
 10 mmol) in 15 mL of methanol and 5 mL of water was added lithium hydroxide (189 mg, 4.5 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo, and the residue taken up in ethanol. The precipitate was filtered and washed with  
 15 methanol, and the filtrate was concentrated to give lithium 2-([3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]amino)acetate as a yellow/orange solid (479 mg, 95%). mp >300 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD/300 MHz) δ 8.06 (d, 2H), 7.43 (d, 2H), 7.37 (m, 4H), 3.34 (s, 2H). ESLRMS m/z 329 (M+H), 335 (M+Li), 351 (M+Na). ESHRMS m/z 329.0772 (M+H, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Cl requires 329.0805).

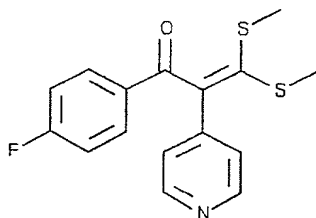
20

## Example A-431



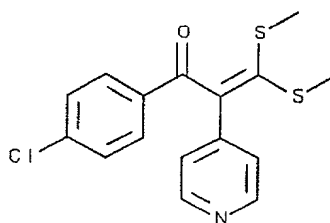
The above 4-chlorophenylketone was prepared according to the procedure used in Step 1 of Example C-1, infra, substituting methyl 4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate. Yield; (74 %), yellow solid, mp = 95.5-97.3 °C; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 8.57 (br d, 2H), 7.92 (d, 2H), 7.46 (d, 2H), 7.20 (d, 2H), 4.28 (s, 2H); ESLRMS m/z 232 (M+H).

#### Example A-432



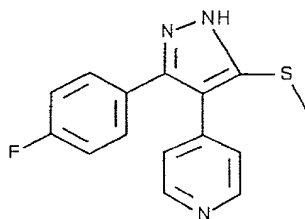
To the ketone (1.0gm, 4.7 mmol) from Step 1 of Example C-1, infra, in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (10 mL) was added 1M potassium t-butoxide in tetrahydrofuran (10 mL, 10 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature, then carbon disulfide (0.31 mL, 5.1 mmol) was added. After several minutes, methyl iodide (0.64 mL, 10.3 mmol) was added and the reaction allowed to stir for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (25 mL) and extracted twice with ethyl acetate (35 mL). The combined ethyl acetate layers were washed with water (25 mL) and brine (25mL). The organic solution was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered and concentrated to an orange oil. The oil solidified on standing. Yield 1.4 gm (94%), mp 80.2-82.1 °C; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/300 MHz) 8.59 (d, 2H), 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>FNOS<sub>2</sub>: C, 60.16; H, 4.42; N, 4.39; S, 20.08. Found: C, 59.89; H, 4.09; N, 4.31; S, 20.14.

## Example A-433



5        The above compound was prepared in a manner  
 analogous to Example A-432 starting with the product of  
 Example A-431. Crude yield: 100 %; mp 87.6-88.2 °C; <sup>1</sup>H-  
 NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>/300 MHz) 8.60 (d, 2H), 7.87 (d, 2H), 7.44 (d,  
 2H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z  
 10    336.0297 (M+H, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>ClNOS<sub>2</sub> requires 336.0283); Anal.  
 Calc'd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClNOS<sub>2</sub>: C, 57.22; H, 4.20; N, 4.17.  
 Found: C, 57.44; H, 3.97; N, 4.04.

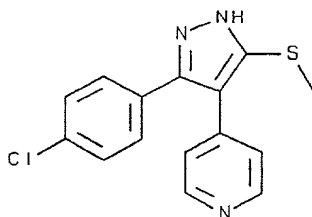
## Example A-434



15        To the compound of Example A-432 (1.4 gm, 4.4 mmol)  
 in ethanol (15 mL) was added 1M hydrazine in acetic acid  
 20    (5 mL, 5 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room  
 temperature for 18 hours. No reaction had occurred, so  
 additional hydrazine hydrate (1.08 mL, 22 mmol) was added  
 and the reaction heated to reflux for 6 hours. The  
 product began to precipitate from the reaction mixture.  
 25    The reaction was cooled to room temperature and water was  
 added to precipitate the product. The solid was  
 collected by suction filtration and air dried. Yield:  
 675 mg (53%). The product was recrystallized from  
 ethanol: 494 mg; mp 249.9-249.9 °C; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300

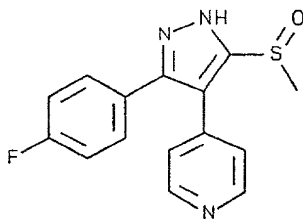
MHz) 13.51 (br s, 1H), 8.50 (d, 2H), 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  286.0807 (M+H,  $C_{15}H_{13}FN_3S$  requires 286.0814); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}FN_3S$ : C, 63.14; H, 4.24; N, 14.73. Found: C, 63.01; H, 4.43; N, 14.81.

#### Example A-435



The above compound was made in an analogous manner to Example A-434 starting with the compound of Example A-433. Yield: 750 mg (33%); mp 250.2-250.2 °C;  $^1H$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 13.57 (br s, 1H), 8.51 (m, 2H), 7.45 (br s, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.17 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  302.0537 (M+H,  $C_{15}H_{13}ClN_3S$  requires 302.0518); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}ClN_3S$ : C, 59.70; H, 4.01; N, 13.92. Found: C, 59.56; H, 3.96; N, 13.96.

#### Example A-436



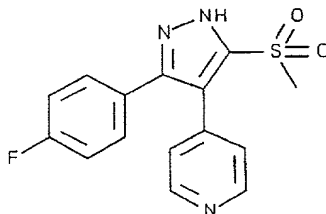
3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(methylsulfinyl)-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole

To the compound of Example A-434 (150 mg, 0.52 mmol) in ethanol (15 mL) was added ammonium persulfate (450 mg, 1.97 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at ambient



temperature. After several hours an additional amount of ammonium persulfate (450 mg) was added. The reaction mixture was monitored by TLC (silica) using 5% methanol in dichloromethane as the eluting solvent. When the  
 5 stating material had been consumed, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate (25 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 25 mL). The ethyl acetate layers were combined, washed with brine (25 mL) and dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>). Filtration and concentration produced  
 10 a white solid. The solid was triturated with diethyl ether, collected by suction filtration, and air dried. Yield 150 mg (96%), mp 262.9-262.9 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 14.22 (br s, 1H), 8.56 (d, 2H), 7.42-7.23 (br m, 6H), 2.94 (s, 3H); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>12</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>OS·0.25  
 15 H<sub>2</sub>O: C, 58.91; H, 4.12; N, 13.74; Found: C, 58.88; H, 4.17; N, 13.39.

#### Example A-437

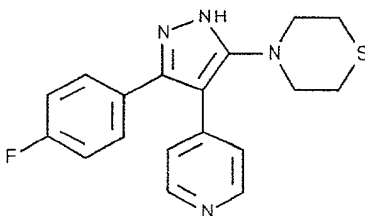


20 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(methylsulfonyl)-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole

25 To the compound of Example A-434 (285 mg, 1 mmol) in ethanol (10 mL) was added potassium peroxymonosulfate (2.45 gm, 4 mmol) and water (5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature. After 6 hours the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and  
 30 extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 30 mL). The ethyl acetate layers were combined, washed with brine (25 mL) and dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>). The ethyl acetate did not efficiently extract the product from the aqueous phase, so the

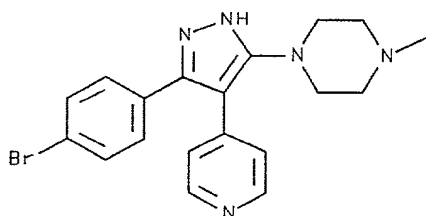
aqueous layer was saturated with sodium chloride and extracted with acetonitrile (50 mL). The acetonitrile solution was dried ( $\text{MgSO}_4$ ), filtered, and combined with the filtered ethyl acetate solution. The solvents were  
 5 evaporated and the resulting solid was triturated with a small amount of acetonitrile, collected by suction filtration, and air dried. Yield: 203 mg (64 %); mp 297.1-300 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{DMSO-d}_6$ /300 MHz) 14.37 (br s, 1H), 8.54 (m, 2H), 7.29 (m, 6H), 3.26 (s, 3H); Anal.  
 10 Calc'd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$ : C, 56.77; H, 3.81; N, 13.24. Found: C, 56.52; H, 4.03; N, 13.11.

#### Example A-438

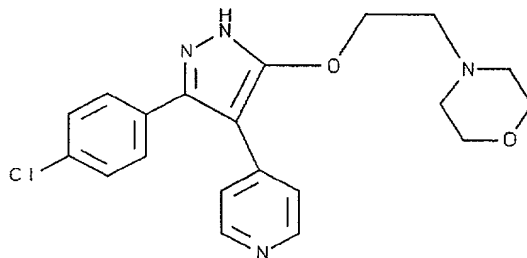


To the compound of Example A-432 (638 mg, 2 mmol) in toluene (6 mL) was added thiomorpholine (502  $\mu\text{L}$ , 5 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to between 80 and 110 °C.  
 20 After about three hours the bis-thiomorpholine substituted product began to precipitate from the reaction mixture. When the dithioketene acetal had been completely consumed, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and the insoluble bis-thiomorpholine  
 25 compound removed by filtration. To the toluene solution was added hydrazine hydrate (1 mL) and sufficient ethanol to create a homogeneous solution. The reaction mixture was then stirred at room temperature for 72 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL)  
 30 and extracted twice with water (25 mL) and once with brine (25 mL). The organic solution was dried ( $\text{MgSO}_4$ ), filtered and concentrated to a reddish solid. The solid was triturated with acetonitrile, collected by suction

filtration, and dried in-vacuo. The solid was then suspended in acetonitrile and heated to reflux. Ethyl acetate was then added until the solid almost completely dissolved. A small amount of ethanol was then added and the homogeneous yellow solution concentrated until a solid began to form. Allow to cool to room temperature. Collected a white solid by suction filtration. Yield: 63 mg, (7%);  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 12.65 (br s, 1H), 8.45 (d, 2H), 7.27 (m, 6H), 3.14 (m, 4H), 2.63 (m, 4H). ESLRMS  $m/z$  341 (M+H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  341.1241 (M+H,  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{FN}_4\text{S}$  requires 341.1236).

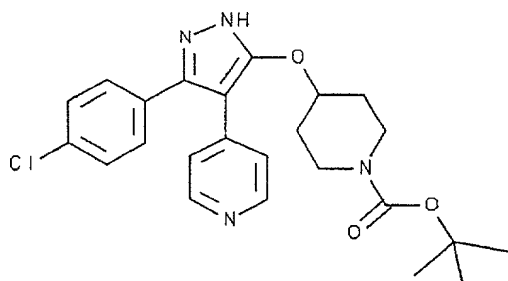
**Example A-439**

The above compound was prepared in a similar manner to Example A-438 starting with the appropriate dithioketene acetal and N-methylpiperazine. A white solid was obtained, mp 270.2-270.7 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 12.7 (br s, 1H), 8.47 (m, 2H), 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 2H), 2.85 (m, 4H), 2.34 (m, 4H) 2.15 (s, 3H); ESHRMS 398.0993 (M+H,  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{21}\text{BrN}_5$  requires 398.0980).

**Example A-440**

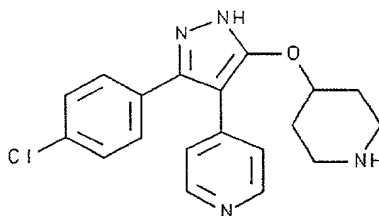
To N-(2-hydroxyethyl)morpholine (363 uL, 3 mmol) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (7 mL), under nitrogen, was added 1M sodium hexamethyldisilamide (3 mL, 3 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran at ambient temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 minutes, then the dithietane prepared as set forth in Step 1 of Example A-341 (636mg, 2 mmol) was added as a solid. The reaction mixture gradually became dark orange. After about 18 hours at ambient temperature, the reaction was quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL) and extracted twice with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The organic solutions were combined and washed with saturated NaCl solution (20 mL), then dried ( $\text{MgSO}_4$ ), filtered, and concentrated to an orange oil. The oil was taken up in methanol (10 mL) and reconcentrated to remove any remaining ethyl acetate. The oil was then taken up in methanol (5 mL) and anhydrous hydrazine (69 uL) was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at ambient temperature 18 hours, then quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL) and extracted twice with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The organic solutions were combined and washed with water (20 mL) and saturated NaCl solution (20 mL), then dried ( $\text{MgSO}_4$ ), filtered, and concentrated to an orange semi-solid. The solid was triturated with acetonitrile (5 mL), collected by suction filtration, washed with acetonitrile and dried in-vacuo. Yield: off-white solid, 114 mg (14.8%); mp 198.9-199.9 °C;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  ( $\text{DMSO-d}_6$ /300 MHz) 12.61 (br s, 1H), 8.41 (d, 2H), 7.52 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.21 (d, 2H), 4.33 (t, 2H), 3.54 (m, 4H), 2.70 (t, 2H), 2.44 (m, 4H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  385.1444 ( $\text{M}+\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{ClN}_4\text{O}_2$  requires 385.1431).

## Example A-441



5       The above compound was prepared in an analogous manner to that of Example A-440, starting with 4-hydroxy-N-t-boc piperidine. Recrystallized from acetone/methanol. Yield: white solid 263 mg (29%); mp 230.1-231.8 °C; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 12.61 (br s, 1H), 8.42 (d, 2H), 7.52 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.20 (d, 2H), 4.88 (m, 1H), 3.52 (m, 2H), 3.30 (m, 2H), 1.93 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H); Anal. Calc'd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>27</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>3</sub>: C, 63.36; H, 5.98; N, 12.31; Found: C, 63.34; H, 5.97; N, 12.22.

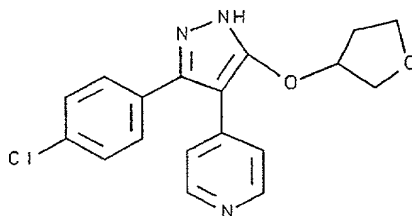
## Example A-442



20       Example A-441 (130 mg, 0.28 mmol) was treated with concentrated HCl (0.5 mL) in ethanol (5 mL) for two hours. The solvent was removed in-vacuo and the resulting residue dissolved in ethanol and reconcentrated twice. The resulting solid was triturated with  
25       acetonitrile to afford a white solid. Yield: 119 mg (91%) tri-hydrochloride salt; mp 220.6-222.1 °C; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/300 MHz) 13.25 (br s, 1H), 9.10 (br s, 2H), 8.67 (d, 2H), 7.75 (d, 2H), 7.60 (d, 2H), 7.50 (d, 2H), 5.04

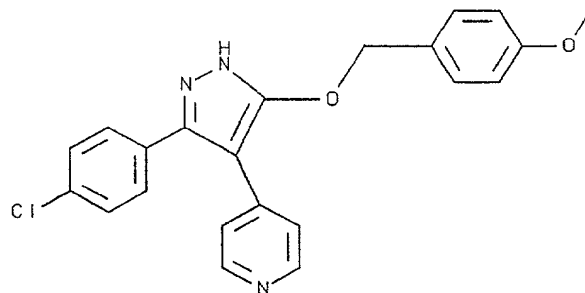
(m, 1H), 3.17 (br d, 4H), 2.21 (m, 2H), 2.03 (m, 2H);  
 Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{19}H_{19}ClN_4O \cdot 3 HCl$ : C, 49.16; H, 4.78; N, 12.07. Found: C, 49.24; H, 4.72; N, 12.02.

5

**Example A-443**

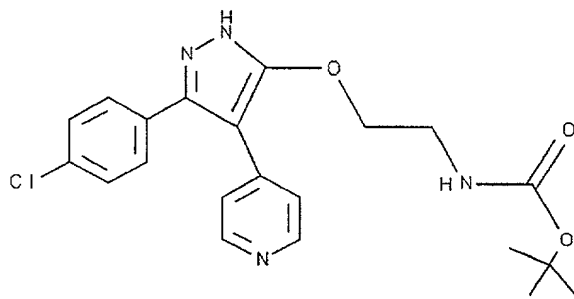
The above compound was prepared in a manner  
 10 analogous to Example A-440 starting with (+/-)3-  
 hydroxytetrahydrofuran. Recrystallized from ethanol.  
 Yield: white crystalline solid, 57 mg (8%); mp >300 °C;  
 $^1H$ -NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 12.65 (br s, 1H), 8.42 (d, 2H),  
 7.52 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.18 (d, 2H), 5.28 (m, 1H),  
 15 3.86 (m, 2H), 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.75 (m, 1H), 2.26-2.01 (br  
 m, 2H); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{18}H_{16}ClN_3O_2$ : C, 63.25; H, 4.72;  
 N, 12.29. Found: C, 63.12; H, 4.51; N, 12.31.

20

**Example A-444**

The above compound was prepared in a manner  
 analogous to Example A-440 starting with p-methoxybenzyl  
 25 alcohol. Yield: off-white solid, 252 mg (21%); mp =229.1-  
 229.2 °C;  $^1H$ -NMR (acetone- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 11.62 (br s, 1H),  
 8.40 (br s, 2H), 7.76 (s, 2H), 7.39 (m, 4H), 7.30 (br s,  
 2H), 6.87 (d, 2H), 5.27 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H); Anal.

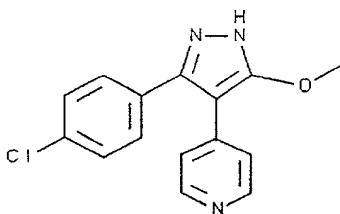
Calc'd for  $C_{22}H_{18}ClN_3O_2 \cdot 0.25 H_2O$ : C, 66.67; H, 4.70; N, 10.60. Found: C, 66.79 ; H, 4.95 ; N, 10.54.

**Example A-445**

5

The above compound was prepared in a manner analogous to Example A-440 starting with N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-ethanolamine. Recrystallized from ethyl acetate/methanol. Yield: white solid, 75 mg (4 %); mp >300 °C;  $^1H$ -NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 12.60 (br s, 1H), 8.38 (d, 2H), 7.53 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.22 (d, 2H), 7.02 (t, 1H), 4.20 (t, 2H), 3.34 (m, 2H), 1.36 (s, 9H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  415.1551 (M+H,  $C_{21}H_{24}ClN_4O_3$  requires 415.1537)

15

**Example A-446**

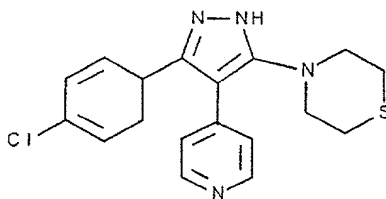
20

The above compound was prepared in a manner analogous to Example A-440 starting with methanol. Yield: off-white solid, 119 mg (14 %); mp = 265.3-265.3 °C;  $^1H$ -NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ /300 MHz) 12.61 (br s, 1H), 8.41 (d, 2H), 7.52 (d, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H), 7.17 (d, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  286.0766 (M+H,  $C_{15}H_{13}ClN_3O$  requires 286.0747); Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{15}H_{12}ClN_3O \cdot 0.25 H_2O$ : C, 62.08; H, 4.34; N, 14.48. Found: C, 62.24; H, 4.11; N,

25

14.16.

## Example A-447



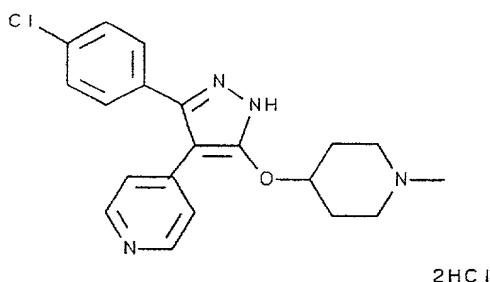
5

To the dithietane of Step 1 of Example A-341 (638 mg, 2 mmol) in toluene (15 mL) was added thiomorpholine (800 uL, 8 uL). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 6 hours, then cooled to room temperature and diluted with toluene (20 mL). The reaction mixture was then extracted twice with water (20 mL) and brine (20 mL). The organic solution was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated to an oil. Hexane was added to the residue and heated to reflux, then decanted. The oil became semi-solid. The semi-solid was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (10 mL) and potassium t-butoxide 1M in tetrahydrofuran (2 mL, 2 mmol) was added. This was followed by iodomethane (125 uL, 2 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour, then quenched with water (20 mL). The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 30 mL). The organic layers were pooled, washed with brine (20 mL) and dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>). Filtration and concentration produced an oil which was chased once with toluene to remove any ethyl acetate. The residue was dissolved in ethanol (10 mL) and hydrazine hydrate (97 uL, 2 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours then partitioned between ethyl acetate and saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL each). The layers were separated and the aqueous layer extracted again with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The combined organic



layers were washed with brine (20 mL) and dried ( $\text{MgSO}_4$ ). Filtration and concentration produced an orange residue which was triturated with acetonitrile to generate a tan solid. Yield: 295 mg (43%); mp  $>300^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6/300\text{ MHz}$ ) 12.70 (br s, 1H), 8.47 (d, 2H), 7.46 (d, 2H), 7.26 (m, 4H), 3.13 (m, 4H), 2.62 (m, 4H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  357.0942 ( $\text{M}+\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{ClN}_4\text{S}$  requires 357.0941); Anal. Calc'd for  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{17}\text{ClN}_4\text{S}$ : C, 60.58; H, 4.80; N, 15.70. Found: C, 60.32; H, 4.96; N, 15.60.

#### Example A-448

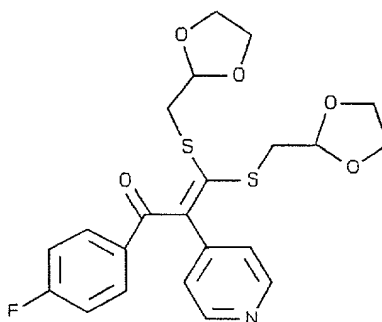


#### 15            3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-[(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-oxy]-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole

The compound of Example A-441 (455 mg, 1.5 mmol) was combined with 98% formic acid (6 mL) and heated to 100 °C. After three hours, 37% formaldehyde (1.22 mL, 15 mmol) was added and the reaction was heated for an additional five hours at 100 °C. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and filtered. The solution was diluted with water (15 mL) and extracted once with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The aqueous solution was then basified with 2.5 N sodium hydroxide to pH 8. The cloudy mixture was then extracted twice with 1:1 tetrahydrofuran:ethyl acetate (30 mL). The organic layers were pooled and washed once with brine (25 mL), dried ( $\text{MgSO}_4$ ), filtered and concentrated to an oil which solidified on standing. The solid was triturated with

acetonitrile and collected by suction filtration. The solid was suspended in ethanol:water 2:1 (15 mL) and 1 mL of concentrated HCl was added. The solution was allowed to stir at room temperature for one hour, then  
 5 filtered and concentrated. The residue was combined with ethanol (10 mL) and re-concentrated twice. The resulting solid was triturated with acetonitrile (10 mL) containing a small amount of ethanol (0.5 mL) to remove some colored impurities. The solid was collected by suction  
 10 filtration, washed with acetonitrile and dried in-vacuo. Yield: 490 mg (88 %); mp 255.9-256.8 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O/DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>/NaOD/300 MHz) 7.93 (d, 2H), 7.09 (s, 4H), 7.00 (d, 2H), 4.42 (m, 1H), 2.26 (br m, 2H,) 2.12 (br m, 2H), 1.92 (s, 3H), 1.68 (br m, 2 H), 1.57 (br m , 2H);  
 15 ESLRMS m/z 369 (M+H).

#### Example A-449



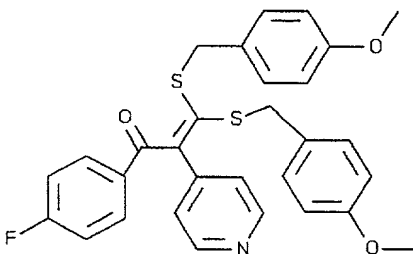
20 To the compound of Example C-1, *infra*, (4'-fluoro-1-(4-pyridyl)acetophenone, 14.0 g, 0.065 mol) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (200 mL) was added dropwise potassium t-butoxide (1M in tetrahydrofuran, 150 mL). The mixture  
 25 was stirred 30 minutes. Carbon disulfide (4.2 mL, 0.07 mol) in tetrahydrofuran (25 mL) was added dropwise and stirred 15 minutes. 2-Bromomethyl-1,3-dioxolane (25.0 g, 0.15 mol) in tetrahydrofuran (25 mL) was added dropwise and contents were refluxed 10 hours. The mixture was  
 30 allowed to cool and partitioned between ethyl acetate and

water. The ethyl acetate layer was dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and concentrated in vacuo leaving a red oil (29.3 g).

Chromatography on silica gel eluting with 25% ethyl acetate/hexanes gave the desired compound as a red oil, (5.5 g, 18% yield).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 8.62-8.52 (m, 2H); 8.07-7.95 (m, 2H); 7.48-7.40 (m, 2H); 7.20-7.05 (m, 2H); 5.15-5.05 (m, 1H); 4.98-4.90 (m, 1H); 4.00-3.77 (m, 8H); 3.08 (d,  $J = 6$  Hz, 2H); 3.03 (d,  $J = 6$  Hz, 2H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  464.0966 ( $\text{M}+\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{23}\text{FNO}_5\text{S}_2$  requires 464.1001); Anal.

Calc'd for:  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{22}\text{FNO}_5\text{S}_2$  (0.1  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ): C, 56.79; H, 4.81; N, 3.01. Found: C, 56.45; H, 4.71; N, 3.02.

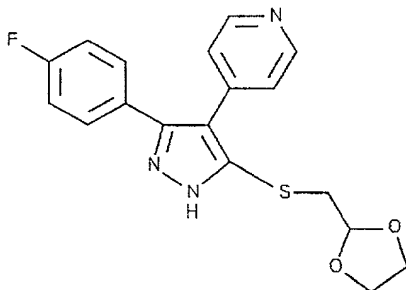
#### Example A-450



To the compound of Example C-1, infra, (4'-fluoro-1-(4-pyridyl)acetophenone, 7.0 g, 0.0325 mol) in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (200 mL) was added dropwise potassium *t*-butoxide (1M in tetrahydrofuran, 75 mL). The mixture was stirred 30 minutes. Carbon disulfide (2.1 mL, 0.035 mol) in tetrahydrofuran (25 mL) was added dropwise and stirred 15 minutes. 4-Methoxybenzyl chloride (10.2 mL, 0.075 mol) in tetrahydrofuran (10 mL) was added dropwise and contents were stirred overnight. The contents were partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The ethyl acetate layer was dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and concentrated in vacuo leaving a red oil (19.1 g). Chromatography on silica gel eluting with 25% ethyl acetate/hexanes gave the desired as a white solid (11.8 g, 68% yield). Recrystallization from ethyl acetate/hexanes gave the desired as colorless crystals: mp 118.5 - 120.6  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$

NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 8.43 (d,  $J$  = 7 Hz, 2H); 7.62-7.52 (m, 2H);  
 7.20-6.72 (m, 12H); 3.98 (d,  $J$  = 6 Hz, 4H); 3.83 (s, 3H);  
 3.81 (s, 3H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  532.1408 (M+H, C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>27</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>  
 requires 532.1416); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>26</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (0.5  
 5 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 66.65; H, 5.03; N, 2.59. Found: C, 66.34; H,  
 4.96; N, 2.55.

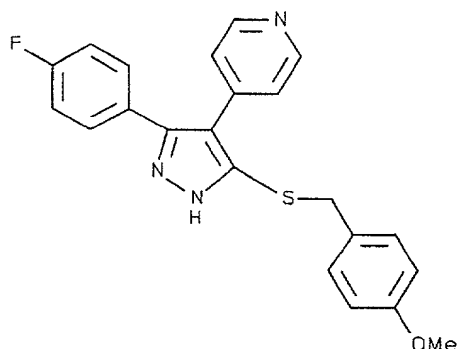
### Example A-451



10

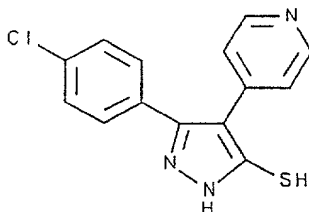
The compound of Example A-449 (4.0 g, 9.2 mmol) and  
 hydrazine monohydrate (2.2 mL, 46 mmol) were refluxed in  
 ethanol (100 mL) for three hours. The mixture was  
 15 allowed to cool and stand overnight. A yellow  
 precipitate was filtered to give the desired product as a  
 yellow solid, (1.34 g, 41% yield); mp 202.1-205.4°C; <sup>1</sup>H  
 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 13.5 (br s, 1H); 8.55-8.45 (m, 2H); 7.40-  
 7.12 (m, 6H); 5.01 (s, 1H); 3.92-3.70 (m, 4H); 3.13 (s,  
 20 2H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  358.1025 (M+H, C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S requires  
 358.1025); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 60.49; H,  
 4.51; N, 11.76. Found: C, 60.26; H, 4.55 N, 11.87.

## Example A-452



5 The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-451 starting with the compound prepared in Example A-450. The desired product was obtained as a white solid (2.15 g, 49% yield); mp 214.7-215.8 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> + approx. 10%TFA) 8.70 (d, 2H); 7.60 (d, 2H); 7.42-7.38 (m, 2H); 7.30-7.20 (m, 2H); 6.70 (d, 2H); 4.10 (s, 2H); 3.68 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 392.1225 (M+H, C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>19</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>OS requires 392.1232); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>OS: C, 67.50; H, 4.63; N, 10.73. Found: C, 67.46; H, 4.67 N, 10.77.

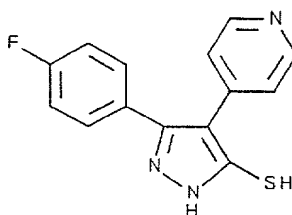
## Example A-453



20 The compound prepared in step 1 of Example A-341 (50 g, 0.156 mol) and anhydrous hydrazine (25 mL, 0.8 mol) were refluxed in ethanol (500 mL) for five hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and the precipitate filtered to afford the desired product as a yellow-orange solid (21.8 g). The filtrate was diluted with water (200 mL) and a second crop was obtained as a yellow-orange solid

(18.0 g). The pH of the filtrate was adjusted to pH 8 with 3N HCl and the precipitated solid filtered to give more desired as a yellow-orange solid (2.0 g). The product was obtained in 93% yield. mp 266.3-268.9°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 13.80 (br, 1H); 12.20 (br s, 1H); 8.32 (s, 4H); 7.50-7.30 (m, 4H); ESHRMS m/z 288.0358 (M+H, C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S requires 288.0362); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>10</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S (0.4 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 57.01; H, 3.69; N, 14.25. Found: C, 56.95; H, 3.50 N, 14.14.

#### Example A-454



The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-453. mp 261.3-263.9°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 11.55 (br s, 1H); 8.25-8.13 (m, 2H); 7.61-7.50 (m, 2H); 7.36-7.20 (m, 2H); 7.19-7.05 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 272.0691 (M+H, C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>S requires 272.0657); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>10</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>S (0.25 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 60.97; H, 3.84; N, 15.24. Found: C, 61.05; H, 3.64 N, 15.12.

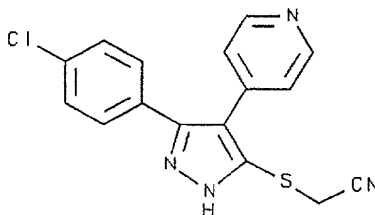
#### Example A-455

To the compound prepared in Example A-453 (100 mg, 0.35 mmol) in methanol (2 mL) was added 0.5 M sodium methoxide (0.7 mL, 0.35 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes and filtered to remove some small particles. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo, dissolved in water and concentrated in vacuo leaving the desired product as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 11.60 (br s, 1H); 8.20 (d, 2H); 7.60-7.50 (m, 2H); 7.40-7.20 (m, 4H); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>9</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>NaS (2.5 H<sub>2</sub>O): C,

47.40; H, 3.98; N, 11.84. Found: C, 47.39; H, 3.33; N, 11.50.

### Example A-456

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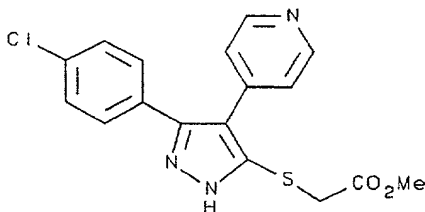


[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole-5-yl]thio]acetonitrile

- 10 To the compound prepared in Example A-453 (584 mg, 2.0 mmol) and bromoacetonitrile (140  $\mu$ l, 2.0 mmol) in dimethylformamide (5 mL) was added anhydrous potassium carbonate (276 mg, 2.0 mmol). The contents were stirred overnight, then partitioned between ethyl acetate and
- 15 water. The ethyl acetate layer was dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and concentrated in vacuo leaving a tan solid. The solid was triturated with methanol and filtered to give the desired as a off-white solid (369 mg, 56% yield). mp 230.0-230.5°C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ ) 13.90 (br s, 1H); 8.58 (d, 2H);
- 20 7.60-7.13 (m, 6H); 4.10 (s, 2H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  327.0482 ( $\text{M}+\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClN}_4\text{S}$  requires 327.0471); Anal. Calc'd for:  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClN}_4\text{S}$  ( $0.3 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ ): C, 57.85, H, 3.52; N, 16.87. Found C, 57.88; H, 3.31; N, 16.77.

25

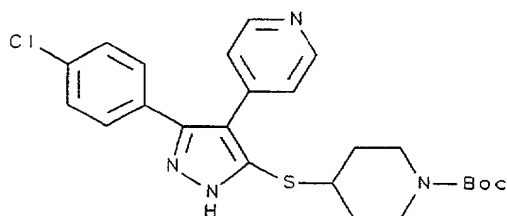
### Example A-457



The above compound was prepared similarly to the

compound of Example A-456 except that when the contents were partitioned between ethyl acetate and water, an insoluble solid was filtered to give the desired product as a white solid (2.16 g). A second crop (1.68 g) of  
 5 desired product gave a total yield of 61%. mp 192.8-195.2°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> + approximately 10%TFA) 9.80 (d, 2H); 7.80 (d, 2H); 7.52-7.34 (m, 4H); 3.92 (s, 2H); 3.57 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 360.05735 (M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S requires 360.05732); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S (0.25 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 56.05, H, 4.01; N, 11.53. Found C, 56.10; H, 3.72; N, 11.51.

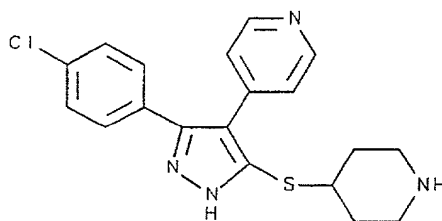
#### Example A-458



15 The compound prepared in Example A-453 (1.2 g, 4.2 mmol), potassium carbonate (630 mg, 4.6 mmol), N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-4-bromo piperidine (1.2 g, 4.5 mmol) were  
 20 heated in dimethylformamide (15 mL) at 105 °C for three hours. Contents were allowed to cool and partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The ethyl acetate layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo. The  
 25 residue was triturated with ethyl acetate and filtered to give the desired as a white solid (1.2 g, 61% yield). mp 220.9-221.0°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 13.70 (br, 1H); 8.60-8.50 (m, 2H); 7.58-7.10 (m, 6H); 3.80-3.60 (m, 2H); 3.40-3.20 (m, 1H); 3.00-2.63 (m, 2H); 2.00-1.53 (m, 2H); 1.50-1.05 (m, 2H); 1.40 (s, 9H); ESHRMS m/z 471.1605 (M+H, C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>28</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>OS requires 471.1622); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>27</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>OS (0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 60.05; H, 5.88; N, 11.67. Found: C, 60.04; H, 5.57; N, 11.31.



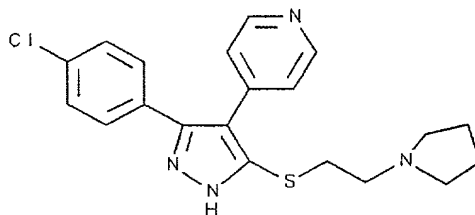
## Example A-459



5            3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-[(piperidin-4-yl)-thio]-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole

10            The compound prepared in Example A-458 (5.0 g, 11 mmol), and TFA (30 mL) were mixed in methylene chloride (50 mL) and stirred overnight. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo leaving a pale yellow oil which was dissolved in water. The pH was adjusted with 2.5 N sodium hydroxide to pH 9, precipitating a white solid which was filtered to give the desired product as a white solid (3.7 g, 93% yield). mp 211.1-211.2°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 13.80 (br, 1H); 8.55 (d, 2H); 8.40 (br, 1H); 7.50-7.15 (m, 6H); 3.50-3.00 (m, 3H); 3.00-2.80 (m, 2H); 2.05-1.80 (m, 2H); 1.65-1.42 (m, 2H); ESHRMS *m/z* 371.1103 (M+H, C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S requires 371.1097); Anal. 15            Calc'd for: C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>19</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S (H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 58.68; H, 5.44; N, 14.41. Found: C, 58.86; H, 5.28; N, 14.25.

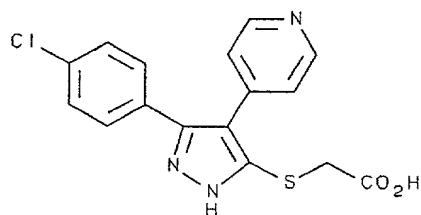
## Example A-460



25            To 1-(2-chloroethyl)pyrrolidine hydrochloride (306 mg, 1.8 mmol) in methanol (10 mL) was added 0.5 M sodium methoxide (7.0 mL, 3.6 mmol). The mixture was stirred 10

minutes and the compound of Example A-453 (500 mg, 1.8 mmol) added. The contents were refluxed one hour, allowed to cool and partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The ethyl acetate layer was dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and concentrated in vacuo leaving a light amber solid. The solid was recrystallized from methanol (15 mL) to give the desired product as a white solid (213 mg, 33% yield). mp 189.9-190.1°C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ ) 13.65 (br, 1H); 8.52 (d, 2H); 7.42 (d, 2H); 7.38-7.10 (m, 4H); 3.10-2.93 (m, 2H); 2.63-2.51 (m, 2H); 2.38 (br s, 4H); 1.70-1.52 (m, 4H); ESHRMS m/z 385.1262 ( $\text{M}+\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{ClN}_4\text{S}$  requires 385.1254); Anal. Calc'd for:  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{21}\text{ClN}_4\text{S}$ : C, 62.41, H, 5.50; N, 14.56. Found C, 62.22; H, 5.62; N, 14.48.

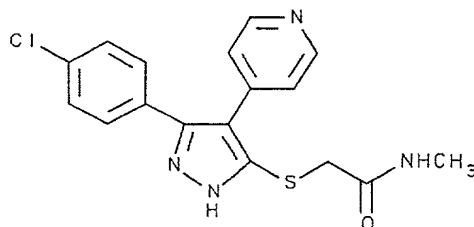
#### Example A-461



Method A: The compound prepared in Example A-457 (1.3 g, 3.6 mmol) in methanol (10 mL), 2.5N sodium hydroxide (4 mL) and water (10 mL) were stirred overnight. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo to remove the methanol and the aqueous solution left was made acidic to pH 6 with 3N HCl, precipitating a solid. The solid was extracted into ethyl acetate, dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and concentrated in vacuo leaving light tan crystals (205 mg). Brine was added to the aqueous layer precipitating more solid. The solid did not extract into ethyl acetate, but was filtered to give more desired product as a light tan powder (529 mg). Total yield was 61% yield.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6 + 10\%\text{TFA}$ ) 8.80 (d, 2H); 7.83 (d, 2H); 7.55-7.35 (m, 4H); 3.87 (s, 2H).

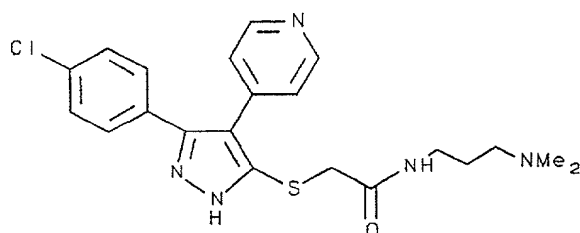
Method B: The compound prepared in Example A-457 (3.8 g, 11 mmol) and 3N HCl (30 mL) were refluxed for three hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was mixed with CH<sub>3</sub>CN (50 mL). Upon standing overnight, pale yellow crystals grew and were filtered to give the desired product as the HCl salt (2.9 g, 69% yield). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8.79 (d, 2H); 7.75 (d, 2H); 7.51-7.38 (m, 4H); 3.88 (s, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 346.0435 (M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>OS requires 346.0417); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S (HCl, 0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 49.12; H, 3.61; N, 10.74. Found: C, 49.36; H, 3.48; N, 10.72.

#### Example A-462



The compound prepared in Example A-457 (400 mg, 11 mmol) and a 2M solution of methyl amine in tetrahydrofuran (25 mL) were refluxed for three hours. The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature before filtering to give the desired as a light amber solid (335 mg, 85 % yield). mp 284.0-288.4°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 13.58 (br, 1H); 8.60-8.45 (m, 2H); 7.98 (br s, 1H); 7.55-7.12 (m, 6H); 3.60 (s, 2H); 2.46 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 359.0733 (M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>OS requires 359.0745); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>15</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>OS: C, 56.90; H, 4.21; N, 15.61. Found: C, 56.74; H, 4.11; N, 15.17.

## Example A-463

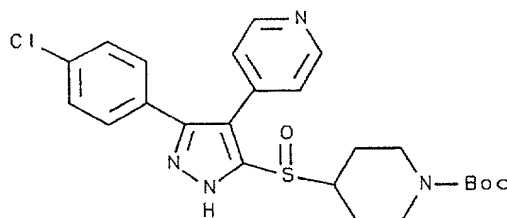


5        The compound prepared in Example A-457 (415 mg, 12 mmol) and N, N-dimethylaminopropylamine were refluxed in methanol (25 mL) for three hours. The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature before concentrating in vacuo leaving a solid. The solid was

10       trituated with ethyl acetate and filtered to give the desired as a white solid (256 mg, 50 % yield). mp 168.8-169.5°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 13.80 (br, 1H); 8.55-8.50 (m, 2H); 8.02 (t, 1H); 7.50-7.40 (m, 6H); 3.61 (s, 2H); 3.30-2.98 (m, 2H); 2.14-2.10 (m, 2H); 2.04 (s, 6H); 1.50-1.40

15       (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 430.1472 (M+H, C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>25</sub>ClN<sub>12</sub>OS requires 430.1468); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>24</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>OS (0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 57.46; H, 5.74; N, 15.95. Found: C, 57.71; H, 5.56; N, 16.12.

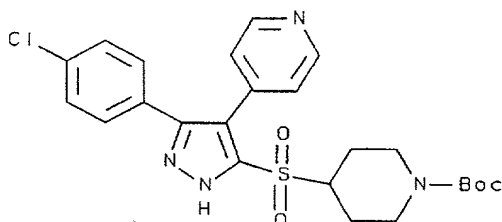
## Example A-464



20       To the compound prepared in Example A-458 (1.0 g, 2.1 mmol) in methylene chloride (25 mL) was added meta-chloroperbenzoic acid (425 mg, 2.1 mmol). The mixture was stirred 15 minutes and chromatographed on silica gel (20 g) eluting with ethyl acetate. The desired product precipitated out of the ethyl acetate elutant upon

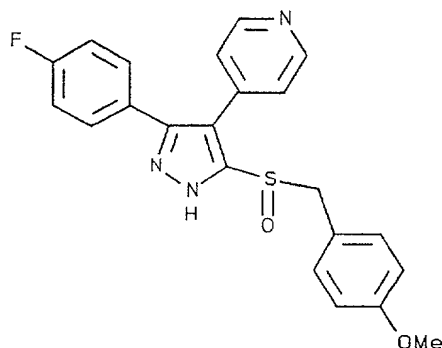
standing and was filtered to give the desired product as a white solid (958 mg, 93% yield). mp 215.8-215.9°C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ) 14.34 (br s, 1H); 8.57-8.54 (m, 2H); 7.51-7.25 (m, 6H); 4.00-3.82 (m, 2H); 3.60-3.40 (m, 1H); 2.85-2.70 (m, 2H); 2.10-1.95 (m, 1H); 1.56-1.10 (m, 3H); 1.36 (s, 9H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  487.1580 ( $M+H$ ,  $C_{17}H_{16}ClN_4OS$  requires 487.1571); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{24}H_{27}ClN_{12}O_3S$ : C, 59.19; H, 5.59; N, 11.50. Found: C, 59.00; H, 5.76; N, 11.46.

#### Example A-465



To the compound prepared in Example A-458 (320 mg, 0.68 mmol) in ethanol (5 mL) was added an aqueous solution of potassium peroxymonosulfate (420 mg, 0.68 mmol). The mixture was stirred two hours and extracted into ethyl acetate which was dried over  $MgSO_4$  and concentrated in vacuo leaving a white solid. The solid was triturated with methanol and filtered to give the desired as a white solid (90 mg, 26% yield). mp 228.0-230.8°C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ) 8.61 (d, 2H); 7.48 (d, 2H); 7.31-7.20 (m, 4H); 4.05-3.90 (m, 2H); 3.54-3.35 (m, 1H); 2.85-2.60 (m, 2H); 1.92-1.80 (m, 2H); 1.48-1.25 (m, 2H); 1.32 (s, 9H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  503.1541 ( $M+H$ ,  $C_{24}H_{27}ClN_4O_4S$  requires 503.1520); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{24}H_{27}ClN_4O_4S$  ( $H_2O$ ): C, 56.30; H, 5.51; N, 10.94. Found: C, 56.41; H, 5.78; N, 10.54.

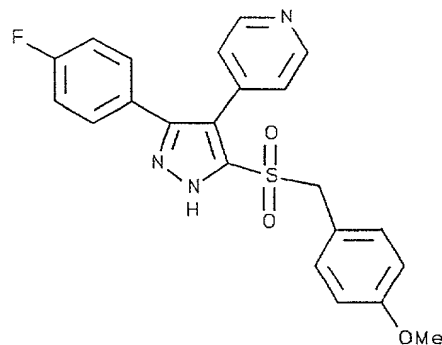
## Example A-466



5        The above compound was prepared similarly to the  
 compound of Example A-464. After chromatography the  
 solid obtained was recrystallized from CH<sub>3</sub>CN to give the  
 desired product as white crystals (64 mg, 33% yield). mp  
 189.5-189.5°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 14.28 (br s, 1H); 8.50  
 10    (d, 2H); 7.40-7.20 (m, 4H); 7.20-7.05 (m, 4H); 6.85 (d,  
 2H); 4.41 (s, 2H); 3.70 (s, 3H); ESHRMS *m/z* 408.1168  
 (M+H, C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>19</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S requires 408.1182); Anal. Calc'd for:  
 C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 64.85; H, 4.45; N, 10.31. Found: C,  
 64.44; H, 4.34; N, 10.70.

15

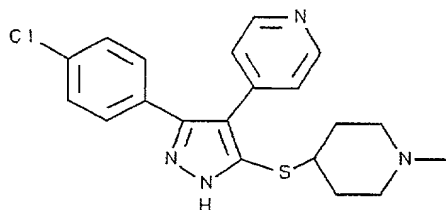
## Example A-467



20        To the compound prepared in Example A-466 (1.2 g,  
 2.5 mmol) in methylene chloride (50 mL) was added *meta*-  
 chloroperbenzoic acid (1.0 g, 5.0 mmol). The mixture was  
 stirred 1.5 hours and filtered a white solid (620 mg)

which was inorganic salts. The filtrate was chromatographed on silica gel (20 g) eluting with ethyl acetate to give the desired product as a white solid (98 mg, 9% yield). mp 241.9-242.0°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8.48-8.40 (m, 2H); 7.33-6.80 (m, 10H); 4.55 (s, 2H); 3.72 (s, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 424.1143 (M+H, C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>27</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S requires 424.1131); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>18</sub>FN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S: C, 62.40; H, 4.28; N, 9.92. Found: C, 62.14; H, 4.42; N, 9.68.

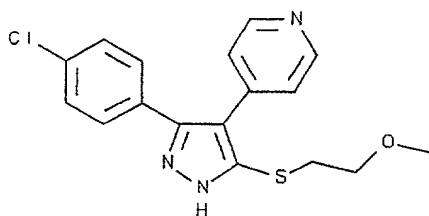
#### Example A-468



3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-[(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)-thio]-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole

The compound prepared in Example A-458 (5.0 g, 0.01 mol) and formic acid (96%, 7 mL) were heated at 100 °C for one hour. The mixture was allowed to cool to about 50 °C and formaldehyde (37%, 13 mL) was added. The contents were heated at 80 °C for two hours. The contents were allowed to cool, diluted with water (200 mL) and made basic to pH 11 with 2.5N sodium hydroxide, precipitating a white solid. The solid was filtered and recrystallized from methanol to give the desired as a white solid (174 mg, 33% yield). mp 227.7-227.7°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 13.70 (br s, 1H); 8.56-8.48 (m, 2H); 7.50-7.15 (m, 6H); 3.10-2.92 (m, 1H); 2.63-2.50 (m, 2H); 2.05 (s, 3H); 1.95-1.65 (m, 4H); 1.50-1.30 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 385.1233 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S requires 385.1254); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>21</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S: C, 62.41; H, 5.50; N, 14.56. Found: C, 62.40; H, 5.80; N, 14.61.

## Example A-469

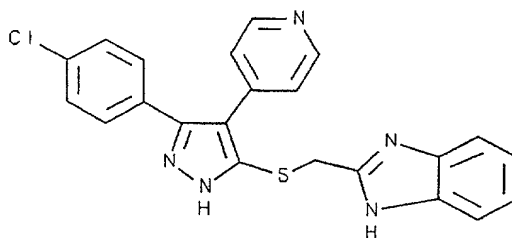


5            3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-[(2-methoxyethyl)-thio]-4-pyridin-4-yl-1H-pyrazole

10            The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using bromoethyl methyl ether except contents were heated at 70 °C for one hour before partitioning between ethyl acetate and water. The crude product was recrystallized from methanol/ethyl acetate to give the desired product as a white solid (210 mg, 35% yield). mp 189.2-190.2°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 8.60-8.45 (m, 2H); 7.60-7.10 (m, 6H); 3.60-2.85 (m, 7H); ESHRMS m/z 346.0799) M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>OS requires 346.0781); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>OS (H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 58.73; H, 4.70; N, 12.09. Found: C, 58.67; H, 4.86; N, 12.03.

20

## Example A-470

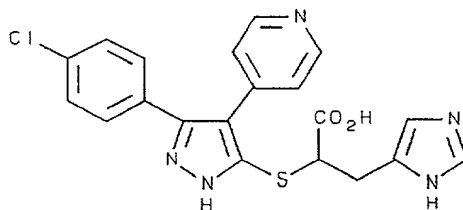


25            The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 2-chloromethylbenzimidazole except contents were heated at 70 °C for one hour before partitioning between ethyl acetate and water. An insoluble solid was filtered from the two layers and triturated with methanol to give the



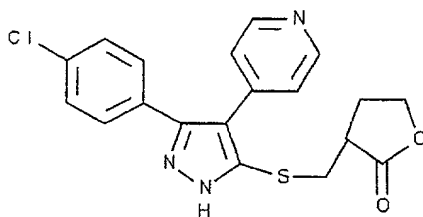
desired product as a light amber solid (292 mg, 40%  
 yield). mp 257.7-257.7°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 13.75 (br s,  
 1H); 12.30 (br s, 1H); 8.55-8.30 (m, 2H); 7.65-6.90 (m,  
 10H); 4.40 (br s, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 418.0895 (M+H,  
 5 C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>17</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>S requires 418.0893); Anal. Calc'd for:  
 C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>S (0.75 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 61.25; H, 4.09; N, 16.23.  
 Found: C, 61.27; H, 3.90; N, 15.92.

#### Example A-471



The above compound was prepared similarly to the  
 compound of Example A-456 using DL-*alpha*-bromo-*beta*-(5-  
 15 imidazolyl)propionic acid except the mixture was heated  
 at 70 °C for one hour. The mixture contained an  
 insoluble solid which was diluted with water and the pH  
 was adjusted with 3N HCl to pH 7. The mixture was  
 filtered and triturated with methanol to give the desired  
 20 product as a white solid (1.5 g, 81% yield). mp 163.0-  
 165.5°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> + approx. 10%TFA) 8.92 (d, 1H);  
 8.83-8.75 (m, 2H); 7.80 (d, 2H); 7.55-7.30 (m, 5H); 4.20-  
 4.05 (m, 1H); 3.25-3.00 (m, 2H). ESHRMS m/z 426.0799  
 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>17</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S requires 426.0791); Anal. Calc'd for:  
 25 C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S (1.8 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 52.41 H, 4.31; N, 15.28.  
 Found: C, 52.68; H, 4.58; N, 15.37.

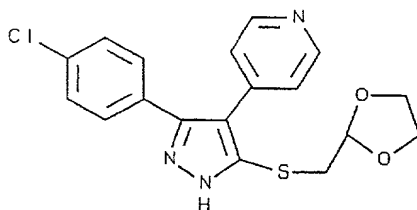
## Example A-472



5 To the compound prepared in Example A-453 (264 mg, 0.9 mmol) and  $\alpha$ -methylenebutylolactone (0.08 mL, 0.9 mmol) in ethanol was added a drop of triethylamine. The mixture was stirred overnight. The resulting solid was filtered and triturated with methanol to give the desired

10 product as a pale yellow solid (181 mg, 51% yield). mp 224.2-225.9°C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$  + approx. 10%TFA) 8.80 (d, 2H); 7.80 (d, 2H); 7.53-7.33 (m, 4H); 4.30-4.05 (m, 2H); 3.50-3.40 (m, 1H); 3.15-2.90 (m, 2H); 2.32-2.20 (m, 1H) 2.10-1.90 (m, 1H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  386.0760 (M+H,  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{17}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$  requires 386.0730); Anal. Calc'd for:  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{16}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$ : C, 59.14 H, 4.18; N, 10.89. Found: C, 58.97; H, 4.21; N, 10.96.

## Example A-473

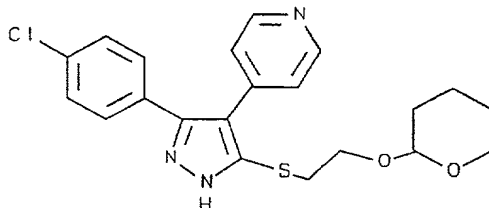


20 The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 2-bromomethyl-1,3-dioxolane except the mixture was heated at 80°C for two

25 hours. The mixture was diluted with water and filtered to give a white solid (502 mg). The solid was recrystallized from ethanol to give the desired product as off-white crystals (280 mg, 43% yield). mp 197.0-

198.2°C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ) 13.60 (br s, 1H); 8.60-8.45 (m, 2H); 7.60-7.10 (m, 6H); 5.15-4.85 (m, 1H); 3.95-3.62 (m, 4H); 3.40-2.95 (m, 2H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  374.0741 (M+H,  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{17}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$  requires 374.0730); Anal. Calc'd for:  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$ : C, 57.83 H, 4.31; N, 11.24. Found: C, 57.69; H, 4.41; N, 11.15.

#### Example A-474

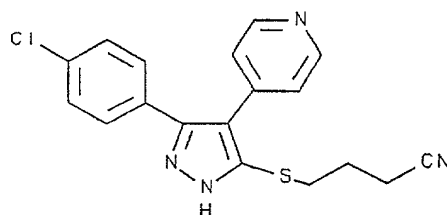


10

The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 2-(2-bromoethoxy)tetrahydro-2H-pyran except that the mixture was heated at 80 °C for four hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The ethyl acetate layer was dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and concentrated in vacuo leaving a solid (737 mg). The solid was recrystallized from ethanol to give the desired product as pale yellow crystals (281 mg, 39% yield). mp 163.2-163.5°C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ) 13.80-13.70 (m, 1H), 8.60-8.42 (br s, 1H); 7.60-7.10 (m, 6H); 4.60-4.30 (m, 1H); 3.90-2.90 (m, 6H); 1.70-1.20 (m, 6H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  416.1200 (M+H,  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{23}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$  requires 416.1198); Anal. Calc'd for:  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{22}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$ : C, 60.64 H, 5.33; N, 10.10. Found: C, 60.49; H, 5.71; N, 9.96.

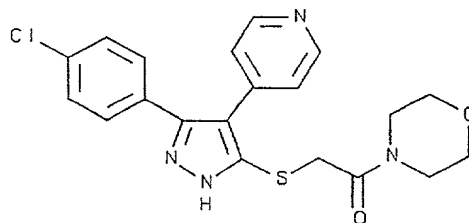
25

## Example A-475



5        The above compound was prepared similarly to the  
 compound of Example A-456 using 4-bromobutyronitrile  
 except the mixture was heated at 55 °C for one hour. The  
 mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to  
 give a white solid (567 mg). The solid was  
 10        recrystallized from methanol to give the desired product  
 as white crystals (333 mg, 54% yield). mp 216.7-216.9°C;  
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> + approx. 10%TFA) 8.80-8.75 (m, 2H);  
 7.83-7.75 (m, 2H); 7.50-7.35 (m, 4H); 3.10-3.00 (m, 2H);  
 2.60-2.45 (m, 2H); 1.95-1.80 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z  
 15        355.0818 (M+H, C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S requires 355.0784); Anal.  
 Calc'd for: C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>15</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S (0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 59.42 H, 4.43; N,  
 15.40. Found: C, 59.64; H, 4.11; N, 15.44.

## Example A-476

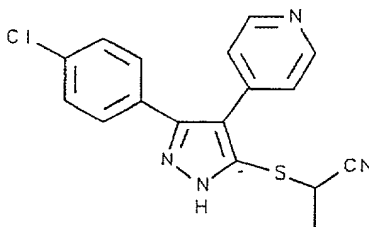


20        The compound prepared in Example A-461 (416 mg, 1.1  
 mmol), morpholine (4 mL), O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N,N,N',N'-  
 25        tetramethyluronium tetrafluoroborate (481 mg, 1.5 mmol)  
 and dimethylformamide (10 mL) were stirred overnight.  
 The mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and the  
 resulting solid was filtered (363 mg). The solid was  
 recrystallized from ethanol to give the desired product

as a white solid (219 mg, 48% yield). mp 215.4-215.5°C;  
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 13.70-13.60 (m, 1H); 8.60-8.50 (m, 2H);  
 7.50-7.10 (m, 6H); 3.93-3.80 (m, 2H); 3.60-3.20 (m, 8H);  
 ESHRMS m/z 415.0995 (M+H, C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S requires 415.1001);

5 Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>19</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 57.90 H, 4.62; N,  
 13.50. Found: C, 57.87; H, 4.86; N, 13.53.

#### Example A-477

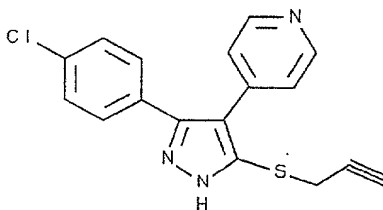


10

The above compound was prepared similarly to the  
 compound of Example A-456 using 2-bromopropionitrile  
 except the mixture was heated at 70 °C for one hour. The  
 15 mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to  
 give an off-white solid (662 mg). The solid was  
 recrystallized from methanol to give the desired product  
 as a white solid (220 mg, 37% yield). mp 211.1-212.8°C;  
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> + approx. 10%TFA) 8.87-8.80 (m, 2H);  
 20 7.90-7.80 (m, 2H); 7.55-7.45 (m, 6H); 4.42 (q, 1H); 1.50  
 (d, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 341.0628 (M+H, C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S requires  
 341.0628); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>13</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S: C, 59.91 H,  
 3.84; N, 16.44. Found: C, 59.64; H, 4.01; N, 16.18.

25

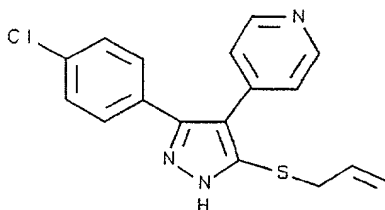
#### Example A-478



The above compound was prepared similarly to the

compound of Example A-456 using propargyl bromide. The mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to give a pale yellow solid (577 mg). The solid was triturated with methanol to give the desired product as a white solid (388 mg, 68% yield). mp 212.7-213.2°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> + approx. 10%TFA) 8.80 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H); 7.82 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H); 7.50-7.35 (m, 4H); 3.81 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 2H); 3.05 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H); ESHRMS *m/z* 326.0533 (M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>13</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S requires 326.0519); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>12</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S (0.2 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 61.98 H, 3.79; N, 12.76. Found: C, 61.89; H, 3.45; N, 12.67.

#### Example A-479

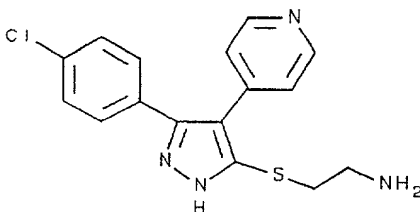


15

The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using allyl bromide. The mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to give a pale yellow solid (509 mg). The solid was recrystallized from methanol to give the desired product as a pale yellow solid (187 mg, 33% yield). mp 207.3-208.1°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> + approx. 10%TFA) 8.80 (d, 2H); 7.80 (d, 2H); 7.50-7.30 (m, 4H); 5.90-5.70 (m, 1H); 5.10-4.95 (m, 2H); 3.62 (d, 2H); ESHRMS *m/z* 328.0693 (M+H, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>15</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S requires 328.0675); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>S (0.1 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 61.94 H, 4.34; N, 12.75. Found: C, 61.83; H, 4.21; N, 12.76.

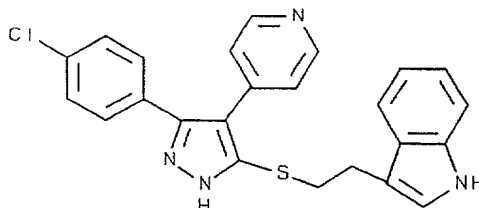
30

## Example A-480



- 5        The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 2-bromoethylamine except two equivalents of potassium carbonate were used. The mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to give a pale yellow solid (509 mg). The solid was
- 10        recrystallized from methanol to give the desired product as a pale yellow solid (262 mg, 45% yield). mp 186.8-187.8°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> + approx. 10%TFA) 8.85-8.75 (m, 2H); 8.90 (br s, 2H); 8.85-8.75 (m, 2H); 7.55-7.35 (m, 4H); 3.30-3.00 (m, 4H); ESHRMS m/z 331.0779 (M+H, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S requires 331.0784); Anal. Calc'd for: C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S (0.5 H<sub>2</sub>O): C, 56.55; H, 4.75; N, 16.49. Found: C, 56.28; H, 4.38; N, 16.20.
- 15

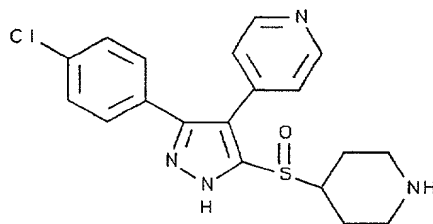
## Example A-481



- 20        The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 3-(2-bromoethyl)indole.
- 25        The mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and filtered to give a pale yellow solid (752 mg). The solid was triturated with methanol to give the desired product as a white solid (682 mg, 91% yield). mp 211.9-213.2°C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> + approx. 10%TFA) 10.80 (s, 1H); 8.72 (d,

2H); 7.71 (d, 2H); 7.55-7.35 (m, 5H); 7.29 (d, 1H); 7.12-6.88 (m, 3H); 3.40-3.30 (m, 2H); 3.05-2.95 (m, 2H); ESHRMS m/z 431.1095 (M+H,  $C_{24}H_{20}ClN_4S$  requires 431.1097); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{24}H_{19}ClN_4S$  (0.15  $H_2O$ ): C, 66.47 H, 4.49; N, 12.92. Found: C, 66.44; H, 4.51; N, 12.84.

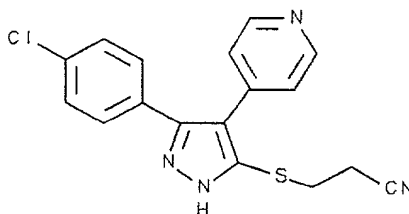
### Example A-482



The compound of Example A-464 (464 mg, 0.95 mmol) and TFA (8 mL) were mixed in methylene chloride (10 mL) and stirred overnight. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was partitioned between ether and water. The aqueous layer was made basic to pH 10 with 2.5N sodium hydroxide and extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). Upon standing overnight, a solid precipitated from the aqueous layer and was filtered to give the desired product as a white solid (183 mg, 50% yield). mp 189.1-190.8°C;  $^1H$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$  + approx. 10%TFA) 8.85 (d, 2H); 8.80-8.60 (m 1H); 8.45-8.25 (m, 1H); 7.90 (d, 2H); 7.55-7.30 (m, 4H); 3.65-3.20 (m 3H); 3.10-2.80 (m 2H); 2.20-2.00 (m, 1H); 1.90-1.50 (m, 3H); ESHRMS m/z 387.1032 (M+H,  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_4OS$  requires 387.1046); Anal. Calc'd for:  $C_{19}H_{20}ClN_4OS$  (2  $H_2O$ ): C, 53.96 H, 5.48; N, 13.25. Found: C, 53.75; H, 4.99; N, 13.21.



## Example A-483



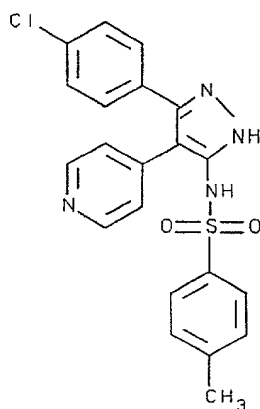
5        The above compound was prepared similarly to the compound of Example A-456 using 3-bromopropionitrile. The mixture was diluted with water (75 mL) and extracted into ethyl acetate, which was dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and concentrated in vacuo leaving an orange waxy solid (523 mg). The solid was dissolved in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  and filtered through a pad of silica gel and eluted with ethyl acetate to give a white solid. The solid was triturated with ethyl acetate and filtered to give the desired product as a white solid (76 mg, 13% yield). mp 205.7-206.5°C;  $^1\text{H}$

10        NMR ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$  + approx. 10%TFA) 8.80 (d, 2H); 7.80 (d, 2H); 7.55-7.35 (m, 4H); 3.30-3.20 (m, 2H); 2.90-2.80 (m, 2H); ESHRMS  $m/z$  341.0639 ( $\text{M}+\text{H}$ ,  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{20}\text{ClN}_4\text{OS}$  requires 341.0628); Anal. Calc'd for:  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{13}\text{ClN}_4\text{S}$  ( $0.25 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ ): C, 59.13 H, 3.94; N, 16.22. Found: C, 59.03; H, 3.93; N,

15        15.90.

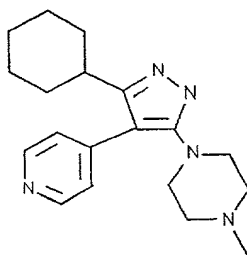
20

## Example A-484



A solution of 5-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(pyridin-4-yl)-pyrazole (200 mg, 0.74 mmol) and toluene sulfonyl chloride (564 mg, 2.94 mmol, prepared as set forth in Example A-427) in pyridine (5 mL) was stirred at 100 °C for two days. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo to a brown residue. The residue was chromatographed on a silica gel column eluting with 10% methanol/dichloromethane. The fractions containing the desired product were combined and concentrated to a yellow solid which was washed with diethyl ether and filtered to afford 78 mg (25%) of the desired sulfonamide as a white solid. m.p. 284.3-284.4 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO/300 MHz) δ 13.33 (brs, 0.8H), 9.94 (brs, 0.75H), 8.48 (brs, 1.75H), 8.22 (brs, 0.3H), 7.63 (d, 1.7H), 7.47 (d, 1.85H), 7.24 (m, 6.45H), 7.02 (brs, 0.25H), 6.81 (brs, 0.20H). ESLRMS m/z 425 (M+H). ESHRMS m/z 425.0848 (M+H, C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>4</sub>ClS requires 425.0839).

#### Example A-485

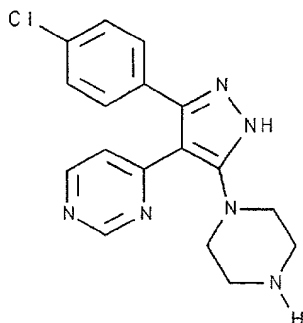


20

1-[cyclohexyl-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-methylpiperazine.

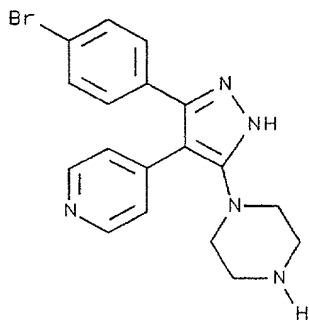
mp >300 °C (decomposed). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD / 300 MHz) 8.50 (d, 2H, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 7.51 (d, 2H, *J* = 5.8 Hz), 2.99-2.93, (m, 4H), 2.52-2.48 (m, 4H), 3.04-3.02 (m, 4H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 2.54-2.49 (m, 1H), 2.31-2.26 (m, 4H), 1.84-1.33 (m, 10H). FABLRMS m/z 326 (M+H).

Additional compounds of the present invention which could be prepared using one or more of the reaction schemes set forth in this application include, but are not limited to, the following:

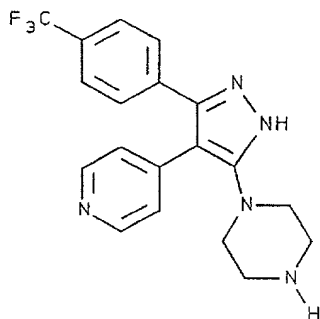


4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine ;

5

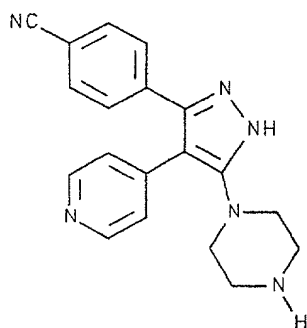


1-[5-(4-bromophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine ;

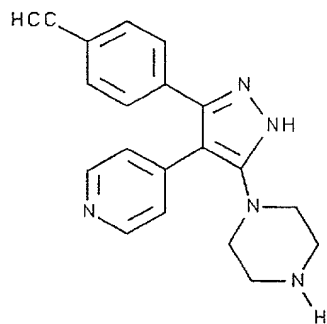


1-[4-(4-pyridinyl)-5-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine ;

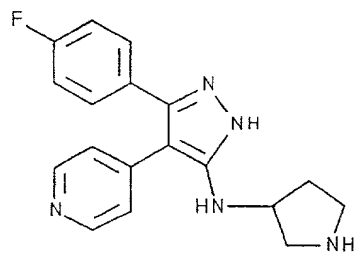
F06061-08472007



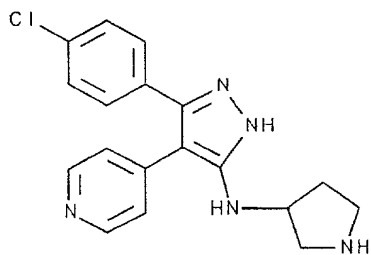
4-[5-(1-piperazinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-  
-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]benzonitrile ;



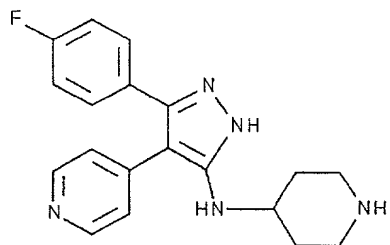
1-[5-(4-ethynylphenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-  
-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]piperazine ;



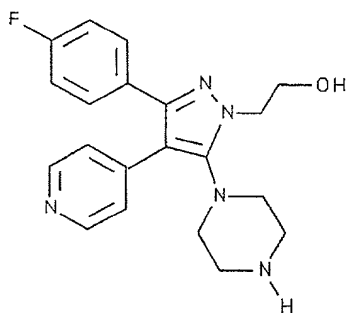
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-  
(4-pyridinyl)-N-3-pyrrolidinyl-  
1H-pyrazol-3-amine ;



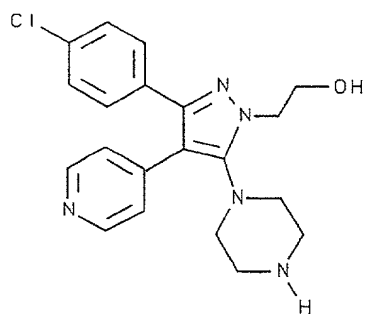
5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-  
(4-pyridinyl)-N-3-pyrrolidinyl-  
1H-pyrazol-3-amine ;



N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinamine ;

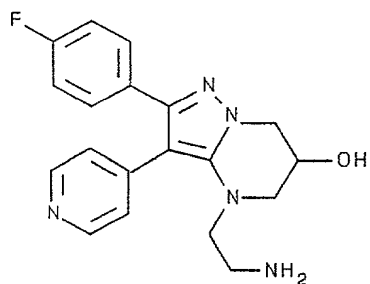


3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol ;

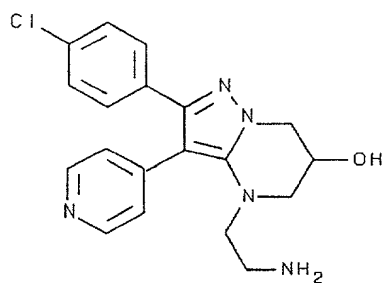


3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol ;

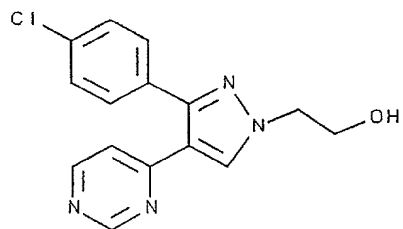
457



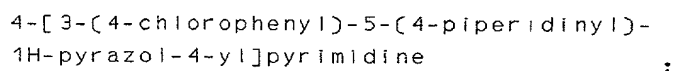
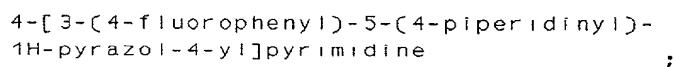
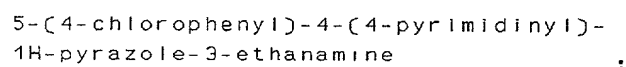
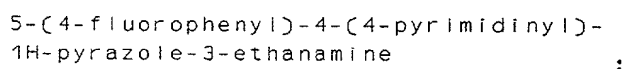
4-[2-aminoethyl]-2-(4-fluoro  
phenyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-  
3-(4-pyridinyl)pyrazolo  
[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-ol ;



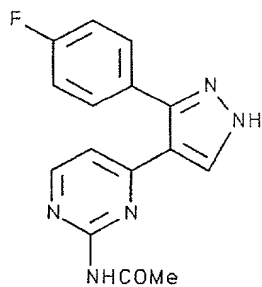
4-[2-aminoethyl]-2-(4-chloro  
phenyl)-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-  
3-(4-pyridinyl)pyrazolo  
[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-ol ;



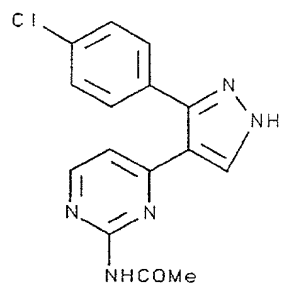
3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-  
1H-pyrazole-1-ethanol ;



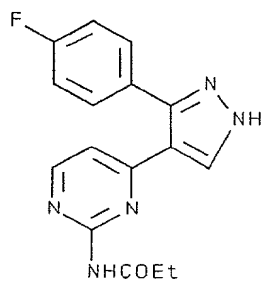
459



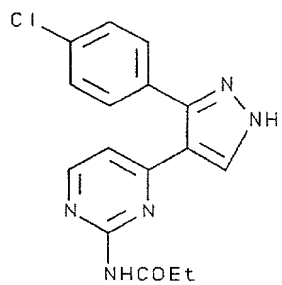
N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-  
2-pyrimidinyl]acetamide ;



N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-  
2-pyrimidinyl]acetamide ;



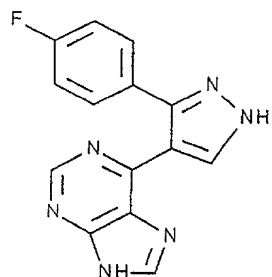
N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-  
2-pyrimidinyl]propanamide ;



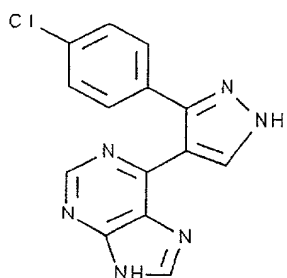
N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-  
2-pyrimidinyl]propanamide ;

4004390-4904  
T02021 03212001

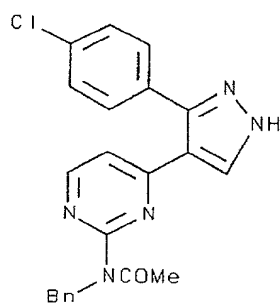




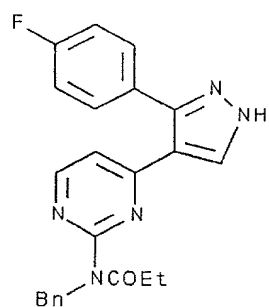
6-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1H-purine ;



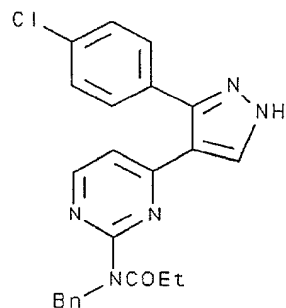
6-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-1H-purine ;



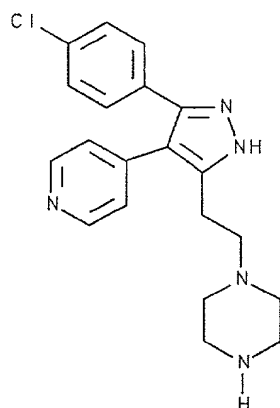
N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)acetamide ;



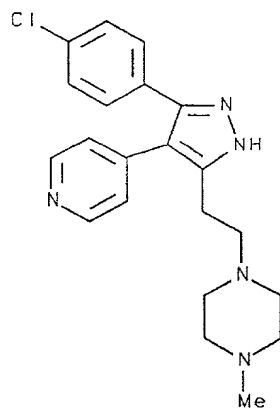
N-[4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)propanamide ;



N-[4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-  
2-pyrimidinyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)propanamide;

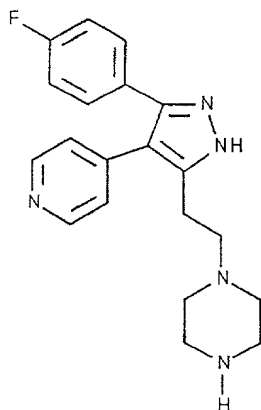


1-[2-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-  
yl]ethyl]piperazine;

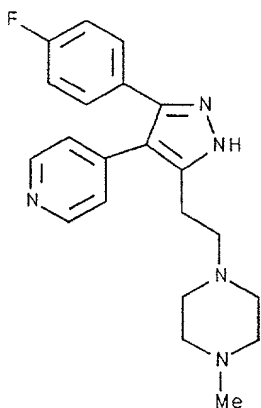


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1-[2-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-  
yl]ethyl]-4-methylpiperazine;

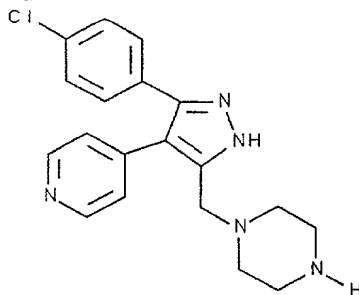


1-[2-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]ethyl]piperazine;



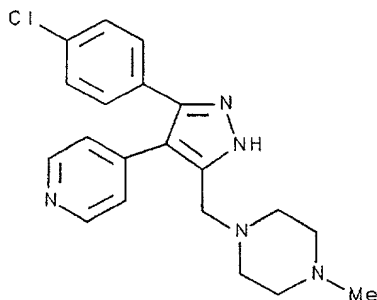
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1-[2-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]ethyl]-4-methylpiperazine;

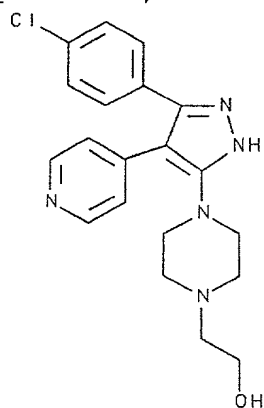


10

1-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]piperazine;

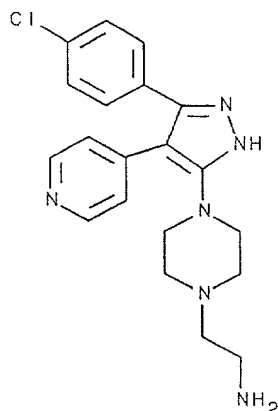


1-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-methylpiperazine;



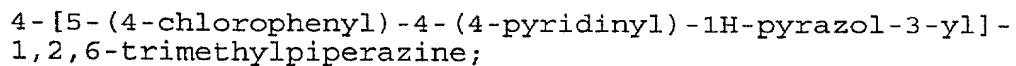
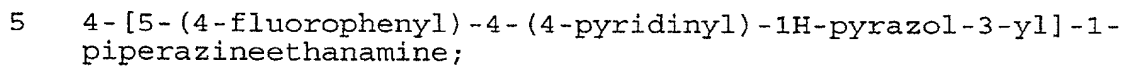
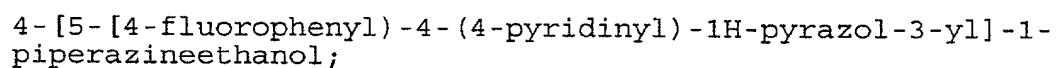
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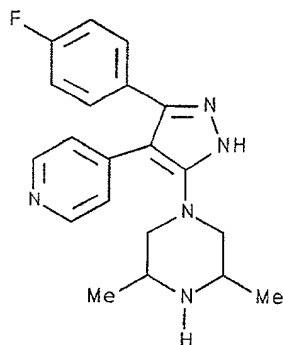
4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazineethanol;



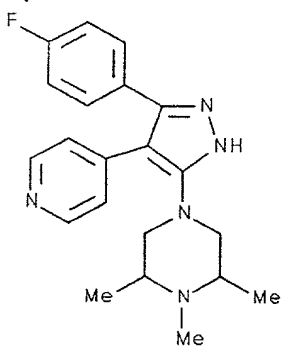
10

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-piperazineethanamine;

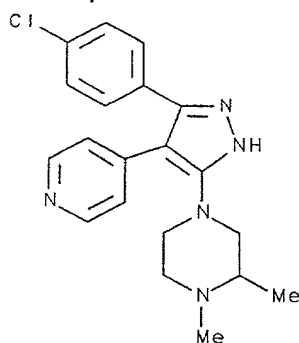




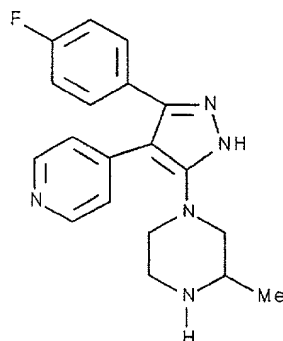
1 - [5 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 4 - (4 - pyridinyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 3 - yl] - 3,5 - dimethylpiperazine;



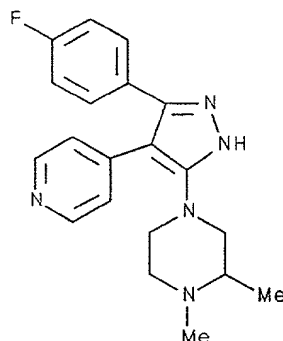
5 4 - [5 - (4 - fluorophenyl) - 4 - (4 - pyridinyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 3 - yl] - 1,2,6 - trimethylpiperazine;



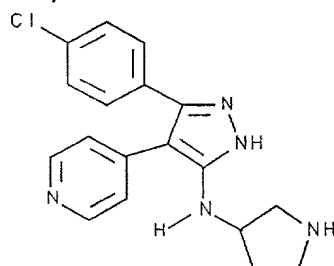
4 - [5 - (4 - chlorophenyl) - 4 - (4 - pyridinyl) - 1H - pyrazol - 3 - yl] - 1,2 - dimethylpiperazine;



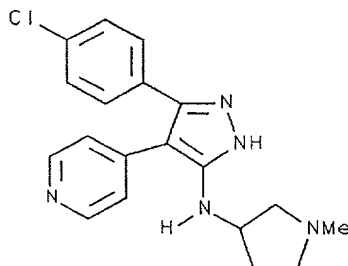
1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-methylpiperazine;



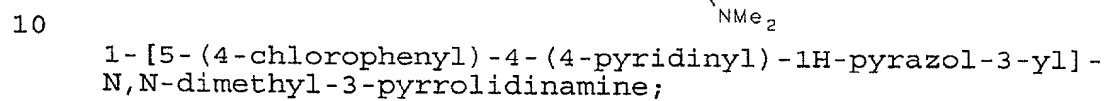
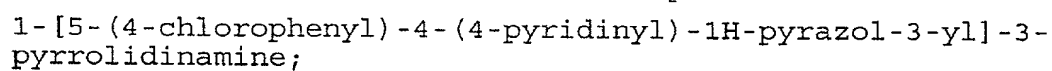
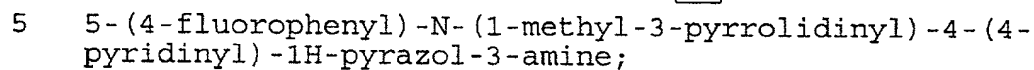
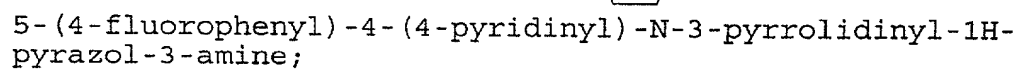
5 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1,2-dimethylpiperazine;



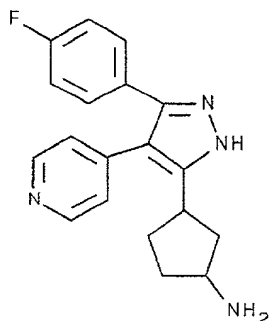
5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-N-3-pyrrolidinyl-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;



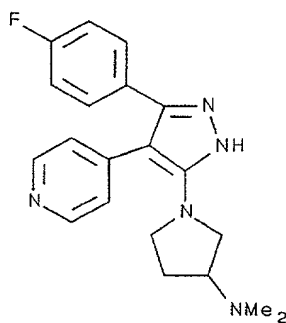
10 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-(1-methyl-3-pyrrolidinyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;



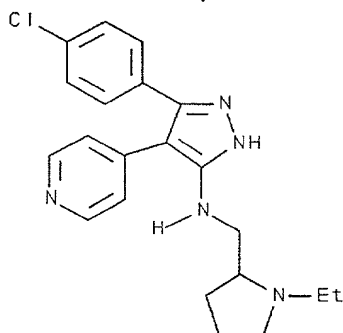




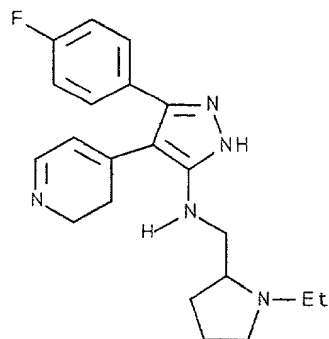
1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-pyrrolidinamine;



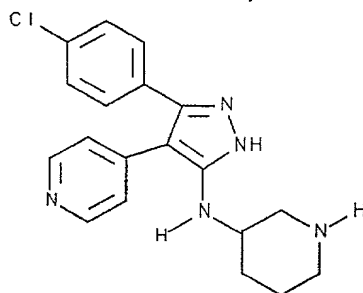
5 1-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-3-pyrrolidinamine;



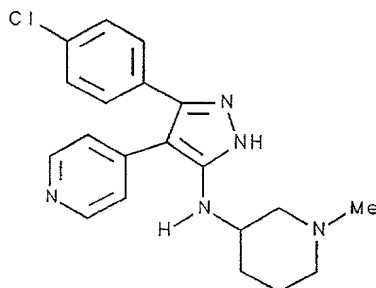
5-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-[(1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;



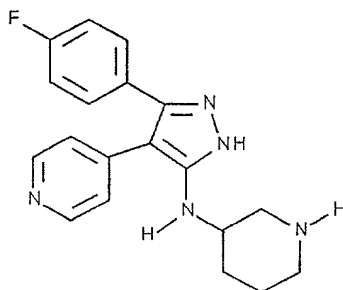
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[(1-ethyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-amine;



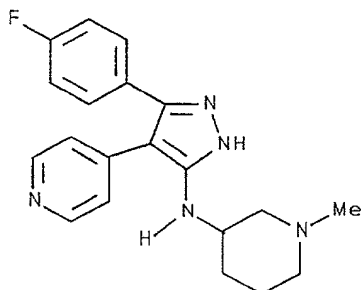
5 N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-piperidinamine;



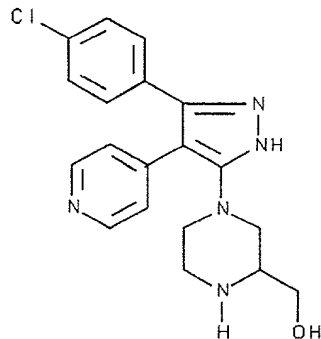
N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-3-piperidinamine;



10 N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-piperidinamine;

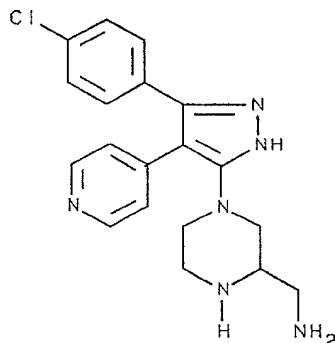


N-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-3-piperidinamine;



5

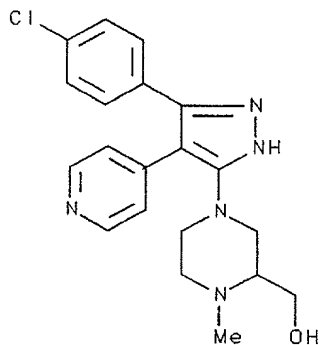
4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinemethanol;



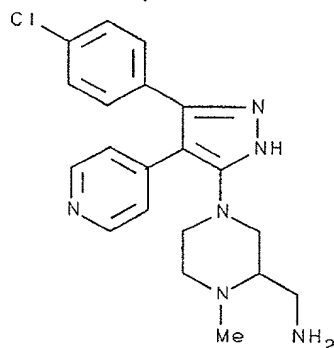
10

4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinemethanamine;

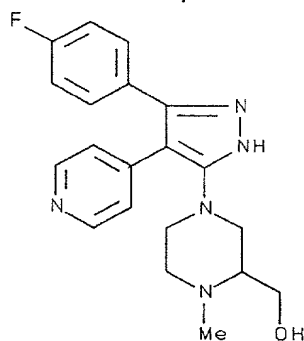
1004430-1004



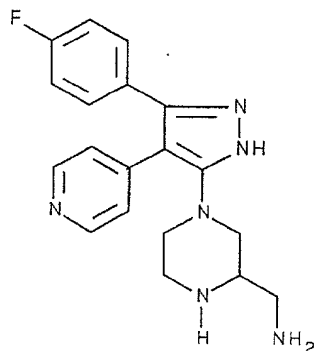
4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanol;



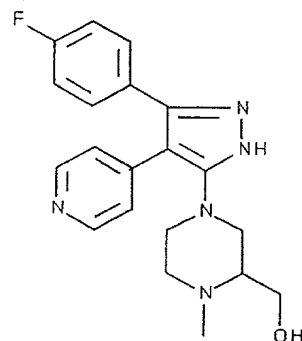
- 5 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanamine;



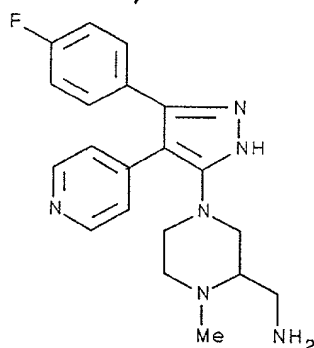
4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinemethanol;



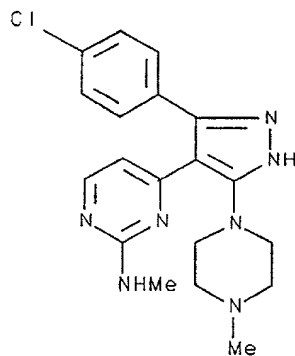
4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinemethanamine;



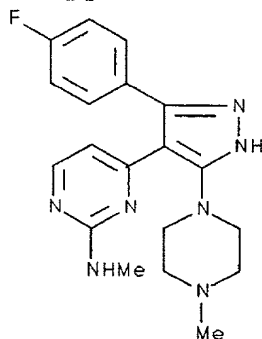
5 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanol;



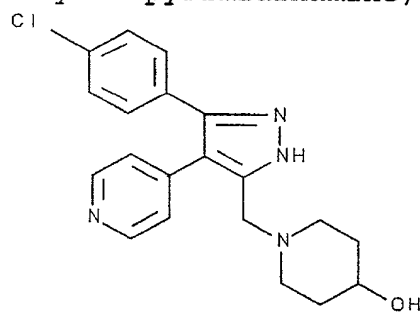
4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinemethanamine;



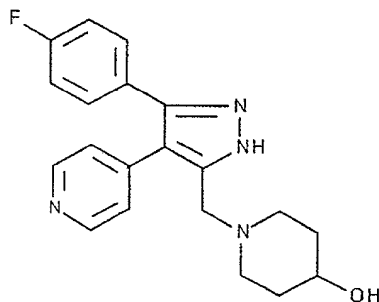
4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine;



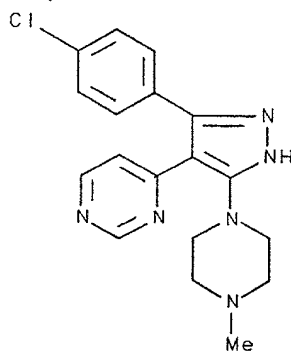
5 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-methyl-2-pyrimidinamine;



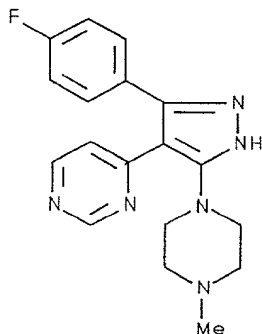
1-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl]-4-piperidinol;



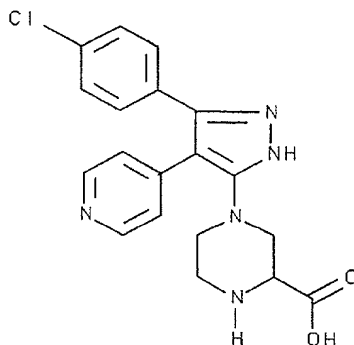
1-[[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]methyl-4-piperidinol;



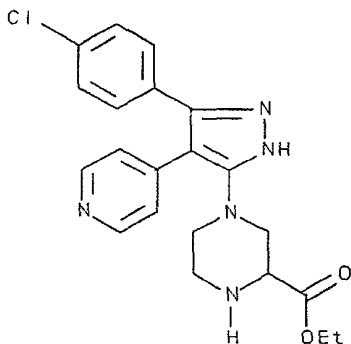
5 4-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;



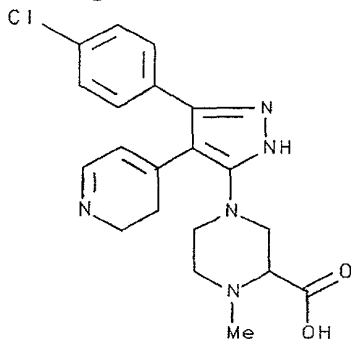
4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]pyrimidine;



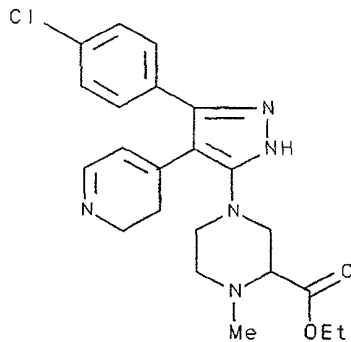
4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;



5 ethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxylate;



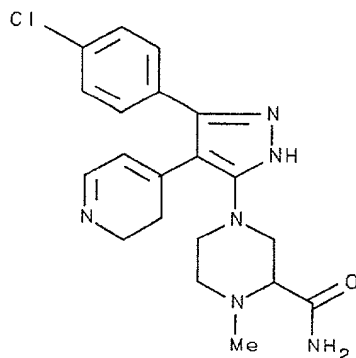
4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;



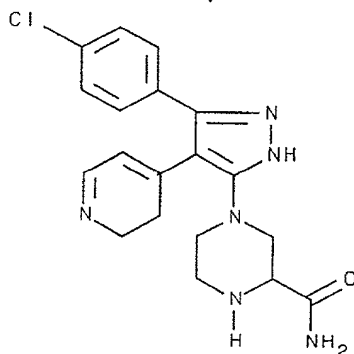
10 ethyl 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylate;

100241-086700F

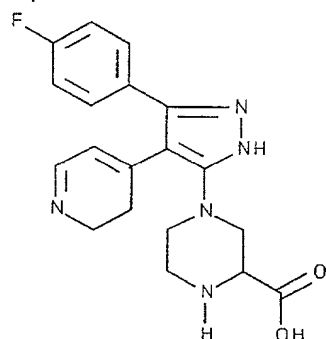




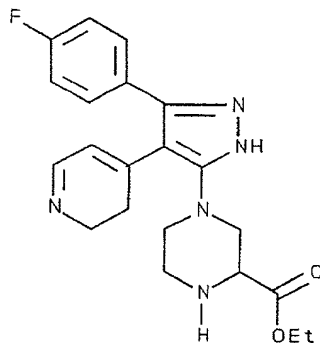
4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxamide;



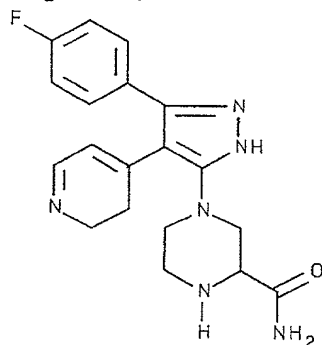
- 5 4-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxamide;



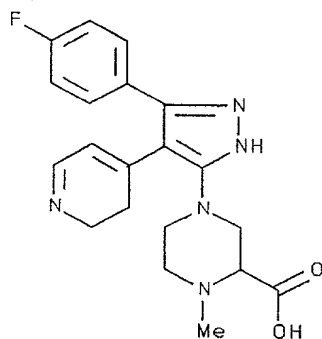
4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;



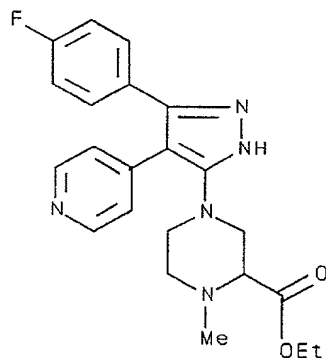
ethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxylate;



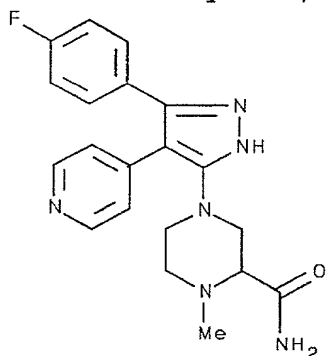
- 5 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-piperazinecarboxamide;



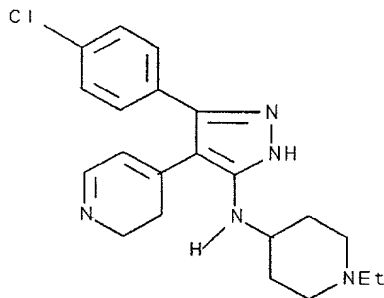
4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid;



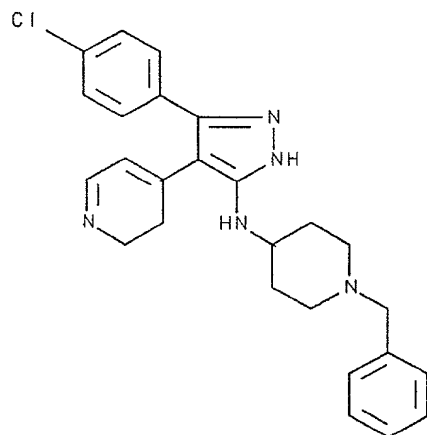
ethyl 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxylate;



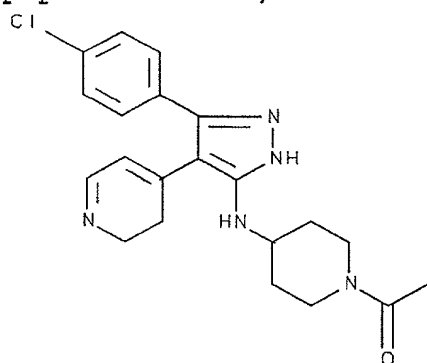
- 5 4-[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-methyl-2-piperazinecarboxamide;



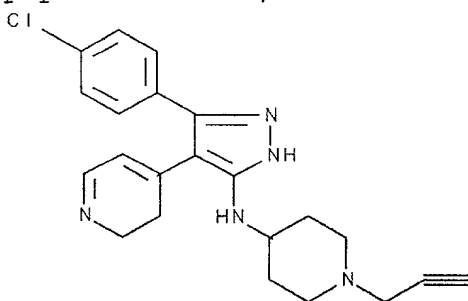
- 10 N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-ethyl-4-piperidinamine;



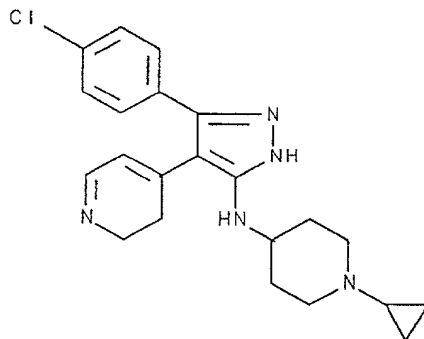
N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-(benzyl)-4-piperidinamine;



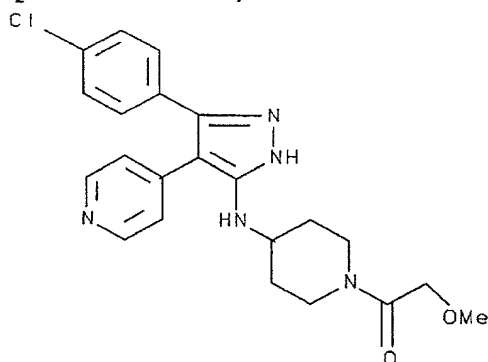
- 5 1-acetyl-N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-4-piperidinamine;



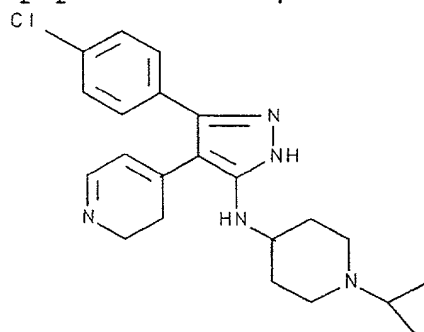
N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-(2-propynyl)-4-piperidinamine;



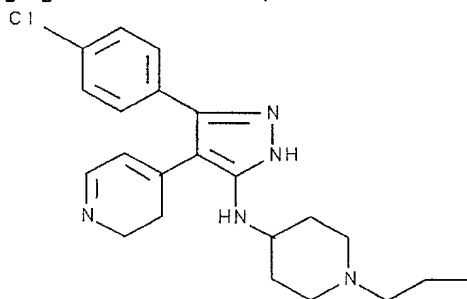
N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-cyclopropyl-4-piperidinamine;



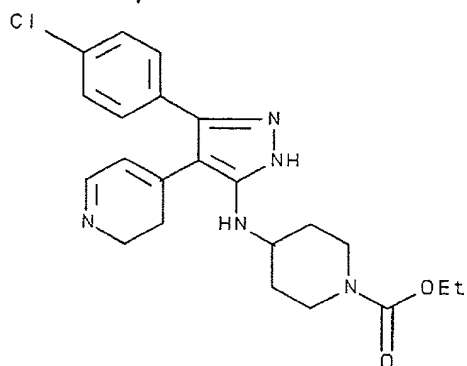
- 5 N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-(methoxyacetyl)-4-piperidinamine;



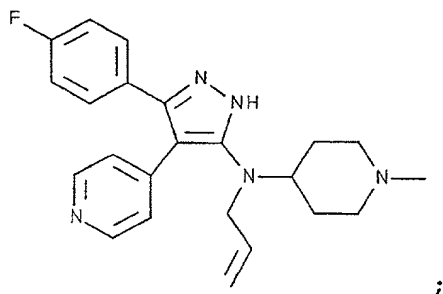
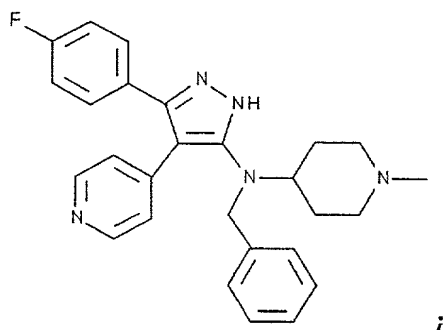
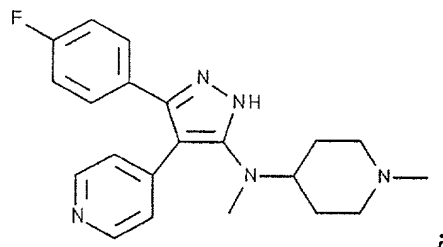
N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-(methylethyl)-4-piperidinamine;

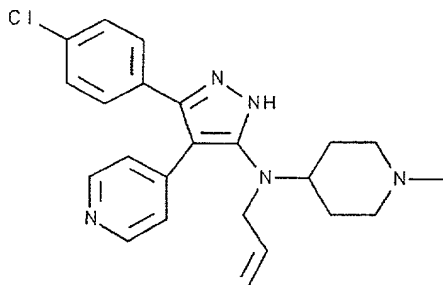
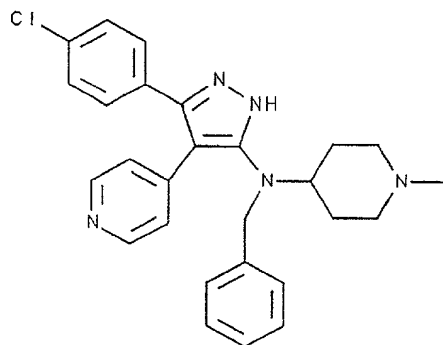


N-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-1-propyl-4-piperidinamine;

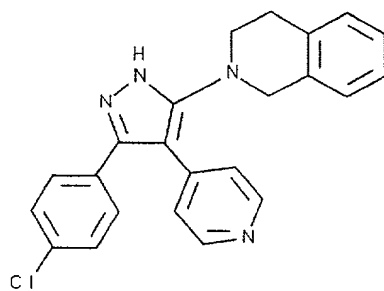


5 ethyl 4-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]amino]-1-piperidinecarboxylate;





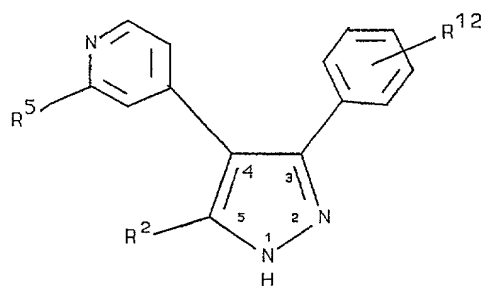
; and



5

Additional compounds of specific interest include the compounds of Tables 3-3, 3-4, 3-5 and 3-6:

TABLE 3-3



	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>5</sup>	R <sup>12</sup>
5	4-piperidinyl	methyl	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	ethyl	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	amino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	methylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
10	4-piperidinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	propylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
15	4-piperidinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylethyl	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperidinyl	methyl	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	ethyl	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	amino	m- or p-chloro
20	4-piperidinyl	methylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	propylamino	m- or p-chloro
25	4-piperidinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylethyl	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperidinyl	methyl	m- or p-methyl
30	4-piperidinyl	ethyl	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	amino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	methylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-methyl

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5	4-piperidinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	propylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl
10	4-piperidinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylethyl	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperidinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	methyl	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	ethyl	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	amino	m- or p-fluoro
15	4-piperazinyl	methylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	propylamino	m- or p-fluoro
20	4-piperazinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylethyl	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	4-piperazinyl	methyl	m- or p-chloro
25	4-piperazinyl	ethyl	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	amino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	methylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-chloro
30	4-piperazinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	propylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylethyl	m- or p-chloro
35	4-piperazinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	4-piperazinyl	methyl	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	ethyl	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	amino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	methylamino	m- or p-methyl
40	4-piperazinyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	ethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	diethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	propylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-methyl

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	4-piperazinyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylethyl	m- or p-methyl
	4-piperazinyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl
5	aminocyclohexyl	methyl	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	ethyl	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	amino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	methylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
10	aminocyclohexyl	ethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	diethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	propylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylethyl	m- or p-fluoro
15	aminocyclohexyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-fluoro
	aminocyclohexyl	methyl	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	ethyl	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	amino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	methylamino	m- or p-chloro
20	aminocyclohexyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	ethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	diethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	propylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-chloro
25	aminocyclohexyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylethyl	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-chloro
	aminocyclohexyl	methyl	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	ethyl	m- or p-methyl
30	aminocyclohexyl	amino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	methylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	dimethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	ethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	diethylamino	m- or p-methyl
35	aminocyclohexyl	propylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	dipropylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	hydroxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	1-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylethyl	m- or p-methyl
	aminocyclohexyl	methoxyethylamino	m- or p-methyl

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Still other compounds of specific interest include those compounds of Table 3-3 modified as follows:

(1) The 4-piperidiny1 moiety is replaced with a 1-, 2- or 3-piperidiny1 moiety; and/or

(2) The 4-piperidiny1, 3-piperidiny1, 2-piperidiny1 or piperaziny1 ring is substituted at a nitrogen ring atom with methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, propargyl, benzyl, hydroxyethyl, methoxyethyl, or methoxyacetyl; and/or

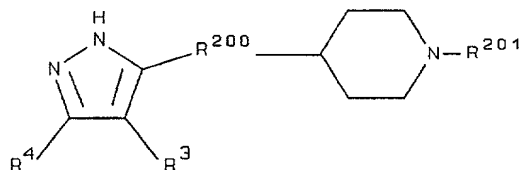
(3) The 1-piperidiny1 ring is substituted at a carbon ring atom with methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, diethylamino, isopropylamino, cyclopropylamino, propargylamino, benzylamino, hydroxyethylamino, methoxyethylamino, or

methoxyacetylamino; and/or

(4) The amino group of the aminocyclohexyl is replaced with methylamino, dimethylamino, ethylamino, diethylamino, isopropylamino, methoxyethylamino, or methoxyacetylamino; and/or

(5) A linking group selected from the group consisting of methylene, -S-, -O-, and -NH- separates the piperidiny1, piperaziny1 or cyclohexyl moiety from the pyrazole nucleus.

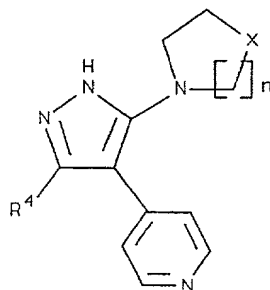
TABLE 3-4



R <sup>4</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>200</sup>	R <sup>201</sup>
4-pyridyl	4-methylphenyl	H	O
4-pyridyl	4-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	O
4-pyrimidyl	4-methylphenyl	H	O
4-pyrimidyl	4-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	O
4-pyridyl	4-methylphenyl	H	S
4-pyridyl	4-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	S

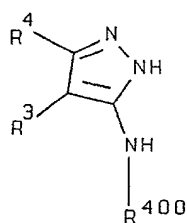
	4-pyrimidyl	4-methylphenyl	H	S
	4-pyrimidyl	4-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	S
	4-pyridyl	3-methylphenyl	H	O
	4-pyridyl	3-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	O
5	4-pyrimidyl	3-methylphenyl	H	O
	4-pyrimidyl	3-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	O
	4-pyridyl	3-methylphenyl	H	S
	4-pyridyl	3-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	S
	4-pyrimidyl	3-methylphenyl	H	S
10	4-pyrimidyl	3-methylphenyl	CH <sub>3</sub>	S


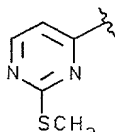
TABLE 3-5



	R <sup>4</sup>	n	X
15	4-chlorophenyl	1	S
	4-chlorophenyl	2	SO
	4-chlorophenyl	2	SO <sub>2</sub>
	4-chlorophenyl	2	CH <sub>2</sub>
	4-chlorophenyl	2	CHCH <sub>3</sub>
20	4-chlorophenyl	2	CHOH
	4-chlorophenyl	1	CH <sub>2</sub>
	4-chlorobenzyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	2-chlorophenyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
25	cyclohexyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	2-thienyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	5-chloro-2-thienyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	4-propynylphenyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	4-methylsulfoxylphenyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
30	4-methylsulfonylphenyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>
	2-(1-methyl-5-chloro)indolyl	2	NCH <sub>3</sub>

TABLE 3-6



R <sup>4</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>400</sup>
p-Cl phenyl	4-pyridyl	—SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>
p-Cl phenyl	4-pyridyl	—CH <sub>2</sub> CN
p-Cl phenyl	4-pyridyl	—CH <sub>2</sub> — 
p-Cl phenyl		H

## BIOLOGICAL EVALUATION

### p38 Kinase Assay

Cloning of human p38a:

The coding region of the human p38a cDNA was obtained by PCR-amplification from RNA isolated from the human monocyte cell line THP.1. First strand cDNA was synthesized from total RNA as follows: 2  $\mu$ g of RNA was annealed to 100 ng of random hexamer primers in a 10  $\mu$ l reaction by heating to 70  $^{\circ}$ C for 10 minutes followed by 2 minutes on ice. cDNA was then synthesized by adding 1  $\mu$ l of RNasin (Promega, Madison WI), 2  $\mu$ l of 50 mM dNTP's, 4  $\mu$ l of 5X buffer, 2  $\mu$ l of 100 mM DTT and 1  $\mu$ l (200 U) of Superscript II <sup>TM</sup> AMV reverse transcriptase. Random primer, dNTP's and Superscript <sup>TM</sup> reagents were all purchased from Life-Technologies, Gaithersburg, MA. The reaction was incubated at 42  $^{\circ}$ C for 1 hour. Amplification of p38 cDNA was performed by aliquoting 5  $\mu$ l of the reverse transcriptase reaction into a 100  $\mu$ l

PCR reaction containing the following: 80  $\mu$ l dH<sub>2</sub>O, 2  $\mu$ l 50 mM dNTP's, 1  $\mu$ l each of forward and reverse primers (50 pmol/ $\mu$ l), 10  $\mu$ l of 10X buffer and 1  $\mu$ l Expand<sup>TM</sup> polymerase (Boehringer Mannheim). The PCR primers incorporated Bam HI sites onto the 5' and 3' end of the amplified fragment, and were purchased from Genosys. The sequences of the forward and reverse primers were 5'-GATCGAGGATTCATGTCTCAGGAGAGGCCCA-3' and 5'-GATCGAGGATTCTCAGGACTCCATCTCTTC-3' respectively. The PCR amplification was carried out in a DNA Thermal Cycler (Perkin Elmer) by repeating 30 cycles of 94 °C for 1 minute, 60 °C for 1 minute and 68 °C for 2 minutes. After amplification, excess primers and unincorporated dNTP's were removed from the amplified fragment with a Wizard<sup>TM</sup> PCR prep (Promega) and digested with Bam HI (New England Biolabs). The Bam HI digested fragment was ligated into BamHI digested pGEX 2T plasmid DNA (PharmaciaBiotech) using T-4 DNA ligase (New England Biolabs) as described by T. Maniatis, *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, 2nd ed. (1989). The ligation reaction was transformed into chemically competent *E. coli* DH10B cells purchased from Life-Technologies following the manufacturer's instructions. Plasmid DNA was isolated from the resulting bacterial colonies using a Promega Wizard<sup>TM</sup> miniprep kit. Plasmids containing the appropriate Bam HI fragment were sequenced in a DNA Thermal Cycler (Perkin Elmer) with Prism<sup>TM</sup> (Applied Biosystems Inc.). cDNA clones were identified that coded for both human p38a isoforms (Lee et al. Nature 372, 739). One of the clones which contained the cDNA for p38a-2 (CSBP-2) inserted in the cloning site of pGEX 2T, 3' of the GST coding region was designated pMON 35802. The sequence obtained for this clone is an exact match of the cDNA clone reported by Lee et al. This expression plasmid allows for the production of a GST-p38a fusion protein.

Expression of human p38a:

GST/p38a fusion protein was expressed from the plasmid pMON 35802 in *E. coli*, strain DH10B (Life Technologies, Gibco-BRL). Overnight cultures were grown in Luria Broth (LB) containing 100 mg/ml ampicillin. The next day, 500 ml of fresh LB was inoculated with 10 ml of overnight culture, and grown in a 2 liter flask at 37 °C with constant shaking until the culture reached an absorbance of 0.8 at 600 nm. Expression of the fusion protein was induced by addition of isopropyl b-D-thiogalactoside (IPTG) to a final concentration of 0.05 mM. The cultures were shaken for three hours at room temperature, and the cells were harvested by centrifugation. The cell pellets were stored frozen until protein purification.

Purification of p38 Kinase- $\alpha$ :

All chemicals were from Sigma Chemical Co. unless noted. Twenty grams of *E. coli* cell pellet collected from five 1 L shake flask fermentations was resuspended in a volume of PBS (140 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 10 mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 1.8 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, pH 7.3) up to 200 ml. The cell suspension was adjusted to 5 mM DTT with 2 M DTT and then split equally into five 50 ml Falcon conical tubes. The cells were sonicated (Ultrasonics model W375) with a 1 cm probe for 3 X 1 minutes (pulsed) on ice. Lysed cell material was removed by centrifugation (12,000 x g, 15 minutes) and the clarified supernatant applied to glutathione-sepharose resin (Pharmacia).

Glutathione-Sephadex Affinity Chromatography:

Twelve ml of a 50% glutathione sepharose-PBS suspension was added to 200 ml clarified supernatant and incubated batchwise for 30 minutes at room temperature. The resin was collected by centrifugation (600 x g, 5 min) and washed with 2 x 150 ml PBS/1% Triton X-100,

followed by 4 x 40 ml PBS. To cleave the p38 kinase from the GST-p38 fusion protein, the glutathione-sepharose resin was resuspended in 6 ml PBS containing 250 units thrombin protease (Pharmacia, specific activity > 7500 units/mg) and mixed gently for 4 hours at room temperature. The glutathione-sepharose resin was removed by centrifugation (600 x g, 5 min) and washed 2 x 6 ml with PBS. The PBS wash fractions and digest supernatant containing p38 kinase protein were pooled and adjusted to 0.3 mM PMSF.

#### Mono Q Anion Exchange Chromatography:

The thrombin-cleaved p38 kinase was further purified by FPLC-anion exchange chromatography. Thrombin-cleaved sample was diluted 2-fold with Buffer A (25 mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 25 mM beta-glycerophosphate, 2 mM DTT, 5% glycerol) and injected onto a Mono Q HR 10/10 (Pharmacia) anion exchange column equilibrated with Buffer A. The column was eluted with a 160 ml 0.1 M-0.6 M NaCl/Buffer A gradient (2 ml/minute flowrate). The p38 kinase peak eluting at 200 mM NaCl was collected and concentrated to 3-4 ml with a Filtron 10 concentrator (Filtron Corp.).

#### Sephacryl S100 Gel Filtration Chromatography:

The concentrated Mono Q- p38 kinase purified sample was purified by gel filtration chromatography (Pharmacia HiPrep 26/60 Sephacryl S100 column equilibrated with Buffer B (50 mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 50 mM NaCl, 2 mM DTT, 5% glycerol)). Protein was eluted from the column with Buffer B at a 0.5 ml/minute flowrate and protein was detected by absorbance at 280 nm. Fractions containing p38 kinase (detected by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis) were pooled and frozen at -80 °C. Typical purified protein yields from 5 L *E. coli* shake flasks fermentations were 35 mg p38 kinase.



### In Vitro Assay

The ability of compounds to inhibit human p38 kinase alpha was evaluated using two in vitro assay methods. In the first method, activated human p38 kinase alpha phosphorylates a biotinylated substrate, PHAS-I (phosphorylated heat and acid stable protein-insulin inducible), in the presence of gamma  $^{32}\text{P}$ -ATP ( $^{32}\text{P}$ -ATP). PHAS-I was biotinylated prior to the assay and provides a means of capturing the substrate which is phosphorylated during the assay. p38 Kinase was activated by MKK6. Compounds were tested in 10 fold serial dilutions over the range of 100  $\mu\text{M}$  to 0.001  $\mu\text{M}$  using 1% DMSO. Each concentration of inhibitor was tested in triplicate.

All reactions were carried out in 96 well polypropylene plates. Each reaction well contained 25 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 10 mM magnesium acetate and 50  $\mu\text{M}$  unlabeled ATP. Activation of p38 was required to achieve sufficient signal in the assay. Biotinylated PHAS-I was used at 1-2  $\mu\text{g}$  per 50  $\mu\text{l}$  reaction volume, with a final concentration of 1.5  $\mu\text{M}$ . Activated human p38 kinase alpha was used at 1  $\mu\text{g}$  per 50  $\mu\text{l}$  reaction volume representing a final concentration of 0.3  $\mu\text{M}$ . Gamma  $^{32}\text{P}$ -ATP was used to follow the phosphorylation of PHAS-I.  $^{32}\text{P}$ -ATP has a specific activity of 3000 Ci/mmol and was used at 1.2  $\mu\text{Ci}$  per 50  $\mu\text{l}$  reaction volume. The reaction proceeded either for one hour or overnight at 30  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Following incubation, 20  $\mu\text{l}$  of reaction mixture was transferred to a high capacity streptavidin coated filter plate (SAM-streptavidin-matrix, Promega) prewetted with phosphate buffered saline. The transferred reaction mix was allowed to contact the streptavidin membrane of the Promega plate for 1-2 minutes. Following capture of biotinylated PHAS-I with  $^{32}\text{P}$  incorporated, each well was washed to remove unincorporated  $^{32}\text{P}$ -ATP three times with 2M NaCl, three washes of 2M NaCl with 1% phosphoric, three washes of distilled water and finally a single wash

of 95% ethanol. Filter plates were air dried and 20  $\mu$ l of scintillant was added. The plates were sealed and counted. Results are shown in Table 4.

A second assay format was also employed that is based on p38 kinase alpha induced phosphorylation of EGFRP (epidermal growth factor receptor peptide, a 21 mer) in the presence of  $^{33}\text{P}$ -ATP. Compounds were tested in 10 fold serial dilutions over the range of 100 $\mu$ M to 0.001 $\mu$ M in 10% DMSO. Each concentration of inhibitor was tested in triplicate. Compounds were evaluated in 50 $\mu$ l reaction volumes in the presence of 25 mM Hepes pH 7.5, 10 mM magnesium acetate, 4% glycerol, 0.4% bovine serum albumin, 0.4mM DTT, 50 $\mu$ M unlabeled ATP, 25  $\mu$ g EGFRP (200 $\mu$ M), and 0.05 uCi gamma  $^{33}\text{P}$ -ATP. Reactions were initiated by addition of 0.09  $\mu$ g of activated, purified human GST-p38 kinase alpha. Activation was carried out using GST-MKK6 (5:1,p38:MKK6) for one hour at 30  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  in the presence of 50 $\mu$ M ATP. Following incubation for 60 minutes at room temperature, the reaction was stopped by addition of 150 $\mu$ l of AG 1X8 resin in 900 mM sodium formate buffer, pH 3.0 (1 volume resin to 2 volumes buffer). The mixture was mixed three times with pipetting and the resin was allowed to settle. A total of 50 $\mu$ l of clarified solution head volume was transferred from the reaction wells to Microlite-2 plates. 150 $\mu$ l of Microscint 40 was then added to each well of the Microlite plate, and the plate was sealed, mixed, and counted.

**TABLE 4**

Example	p38 kinase IC <sub>50</sub> ( $\mu$ M)
1	4.6
2	1.5
8	<0.1
16	3.8
23	1.5
25	2.6
26	0.7

	28	0.3
	33	2.5
	34	8.0
	36	12.1
5	38	0.8
	39	1.1
	40	1.3
	42	0.3
	43	<0.1
10	44	<0.1
	45	<0.1
	46	<0.1
	47	3.2
	48	1.8
15	50	2.3
	51	<0.1
	52	0.1
	53	0.9
	54	0.7
20	55	6.4
	143	<0.1

### TNF Cell Assays

#### 25 Method of Isolation of Human Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells:

Human whole blood was collected in Vacutainer tubes containing EDTA as an anticoagulant. A blood sample (7 ml) was carefully layered over 5 ml PMN Cell Isolation Medium (Robbins Scientific) in a 15 ml round bottom centrifuge tube. The sample was centrifuged at 450-500 x g for 30-35 minutes in a swing out rotor at room temperature. After centrifugation, the top band of cells were removed and washed 3 times with PBS w/o calcium or magnesium. The cells were centrifuged at 400 x g for 10 minutes at room temperature. The cells were resuspended in Macrophage Serum Free Medium (Gibco BRL) at a concentration of 2 million cells/ml.

#### 40 LPS Stimulation of Human PBMs:

PBM cells (0.1 ml, 2 million/ ml) were co-incubated with 0.1 ml compound (10-0.41  $\mu$ M, final concentration) for 1 hour in flat bottom 96 well microtiter plates.

Compounds were dissolved in DMSO initially and diluted in TCM for a final concentration of 0.1% DMSO. LPS (Calbiochem, 20 ng/ml, final concentration) was then added at a volume of 0.010 ml. Cultures were incubated overnight at 37 °C. Supernatants were then removed and tested by ELISA for TNF-a and IL1-b. Viability was analyzed using MTS. After 0.1 ml supernatant was collected, 0.020 ml MTS was added to remaining 0.1 ml cells. The cells were incubated at 37 °C for 2-4 hours, then the O.D. was measured at 490-650 nM.

Maintenance and Differentiation of the U937 Human Histiocytic Lymphoma Cell Line:

U937 cells (ATCC) were propagated in RPMI 1640 containing 10% fetal bovine serum, 100 IU/ml penicillin, 100 µg/ml streptomycin, and 2 mM glutamine (Gibco). Fifty million cells in 100 ml media were induced to terminal monocytic differentiation by 24 hour incubation with 20 ng/ml phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (Sigma). The cells were washed by centrifugation (200 x g for 5 min) and resuspended in 100 ml fresh medium. After 24-48 hours, the cells were harvested, centrifuged, and resuspended in culture medium at 2 million cells/ml.

LPS Stimulation of TNF production by U937 Cells:

U937 cells (0.1 ml, 2 million/ml) were incubated with 0.1 ml compound (0.004-50 µM, final concentration) for 1 hour in 96 well microtiter plates. Compounds were prepared as 10 mM stock solutions in DMSO and diluted in culture medium to yield a final DMSO concentration of 0.1% in the cell assay. LPS (E coli, 100 ng/ml final concentration) was then added at a volume of 0.02 ml. After 4 hour incubation at 37°C, the amount of TNF-α released in the culture medium was quantitated by ELISA. Inhibitory potency is expressed as IC50 (µM). Results of these TNF Cell Assays are shown in Table 5.

TNF Inhibition: Human Whole Blood Assay

Human peripheral blood is obtained in heparinized tubes. A 190  $\mu\text{L}$  aliquot of blood is placed in each well of a 96 well u-bottom plate. A compound or control  
5 vehicle (phosphate buffered saline with dimethylsulfoxide and ethanol) is added to the blood in 10  $\mu\text{L}$  aliquots for serial dilutions providing final concentrations of 25, 5, 1 and 0.25  $\mu\text{M}$ . The final dimethylsulfoxide and ethanol concentrations are 0.1% and 1.5%, respectively. After  
10 one hour of incubation at 37  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 10 mL of lipopolysaccharide (*Salmonella typhosa*, Sigma) in phosphate buffered saline is added resulting in a final concentration of 10 mg/mL. After four to five hours of incubation at 37  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ , the supernatants are harvested and  
15 assayed at 1:10 or 1:20 dilutions for human TNF using ELISA.

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10202 0812001

TABLE 5

	Example	Human PBM Assay IC50 ( $\mu\text{M}$ )	U937 Cell Assay IC50 ( $\mu\text{M}$ )
5	1	0.5	
	2	1.6	0.578
	4	0.1	0.222
	5		0.274
	7	0.2	0.201
10	8	<0.1	
	9	0.4	
	10	0.7	1.687
	12	8.5	
	13	4.8	
15	14	1.2	
	17	1.1	
	19	0.3	0.484
	20		1.089
	21		0.077
20	22	3.2	
	24	8.2	
	26	<0.1	0.029
	27	2.7	
	28	0.1	
25	29	2.2	
	30	2.6	
	31	0.8	1.053
	32		2.696
	33	0.4	
30	34	0.5	
	35	0.7	
	36	1.4	
	37	1.5	0.099
	38	0.2	0.208
35	39	0.7	0.244
	40	0.4	
	41	1.0	
	42	0.7	
	43	<0.1	0.243
40	44	0.4	0.477
	45	<0.1	0.04
	46		0.329
	47		2.359
	48	2.2	0.522
45	49	6.8	
	50	0.9	
	51		0.074
	54	0.2	0.13
	55	<0.1	0.228
	143		0.301

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### Rat Assay

The efficacy of the novel compounds in blocking the production of TNF also was evaluated using a model based on rats challenged with LPS. Male Harlan Lewis rats [Sprague Dawley Co.] were used in this model. Each rat weighed approximately 300 g and was fasted overnight prior to testing. Compound administration was typically by oral gavage (although intraperitoneal, subcutaneous and intravenous administration were also used in a few instances) 1 to 24 hours prior to the LPS challenge. Rats were administered 30  $\mu$ g/kg LPS [salmonella typhosa, Sigma Co.] intravenously via the tail vein. Blood was collected via heart puncture 1 hour after the LPS challenge. Serum samples were stored at -20 °C until quantitative analysis of TNF- $\alpha$  by Enzyme Linked-Immuno-Sorbent Assay ("ELISA") [Biosource]. Additional details of the assay are set forth in Perretti, M., et al., Br. J. Pharmacol. (1993), 110, 868-874, which is incorporated by reference in this application.

### Mouse Assay

#### Mouse Model Of LPS-Induced TNF Alpha Production:

TNF alpha was induced in 10-12 week old BALB/c female mice by tail vein injection with 100 ng lipopolysaccharide (from S. Typhosa) in 0.2 ml saline. One hour later mice were bled from the retroorbital sinus and TNF concentrations in serum from clotted blood were quantified by ELISA. Typically, peak levels of serum TNF ranged from 2-6 ng/ml one hour after LPS injection.

The compounds tested were administered to fasted mice by oral gavage as a suspension in 0.2 ml of 0.5% methylcellulose and 0.025% Tween 20 in water at 1 hour or 6 hours prior to LPS injection. The 1 hour protocol allowed evaluation of compound potency at Cmax plasma levels whereas the 6 hour protocol allowed estimation of

compound duration of action. Efficacy was determined at each time point as percent inhibition of serum TNF levels relative to LPS injected mice that received vehicle only.

- Additional results obtained using the above-
- 5 described assays are set forth in Table 6 below. p38 assay and U937 cell assay results are expressed as  $IC_{50}$  ( $\mu$ m). Mouse-LPS assay results are expressed as percent inhibition.

400489 4004



500  
TABLE 6

Example	p38 <sup>1</sup>	p38 <sup>2</sup>	U937	mLPS	mLPS	mLPS
				8h	6h dose	1h, 30mpk
A-212	0.49	0.74	0.0967	20	10	93
A-208	0.104	0.049	0.1896	98	30	97
A-227		0.06				96
A-228	0.76	0.339	0.4173	32	30	92
A-229		1.4	0.4622	76		91
A-230	0.42	0.178				96
A-231		0.174	0.3225	86	30	94
A-232		0.048				96
A-233		0.044				53
A-234		0.103				
A-235		0.104				56
A-236		0.237				94
A-237		0.093	0.087			60
A-238		0.177	0.4016			
A-239		0.034		51	30	87
A-240		0.961		78	30	85
A-241		0.338		79	30	87
A-242		0.047		95	30	87
A-243		0.729				82
A-244		0.099				
A-245		<.001	0.0337			65
A-246	0.403	0.592	0.4952			
A-247		<0.01	0.166			
A-249		0.432		73	30	86
A-250		2.873				
A-251		0.637		32		87
A-252		0.774	1.197	48	30	75
A-253		<.001	0.0044			61
A-254		0.081	0.1411			
A-215		2.34	0.2976	38	30	80
A-256		0.813	0.4562			
A-257	1.081	<.01	0.5167			
A-213		0.22				57
A-258		0.48	1.2083			68
A-259		0.17	0.7574			62
A-210	0.16		0.1983	85	30	93
A-260		0.23	1.2821	47	30	79
A-214		0.06	1.4006			70
A-261		0.008	0.2542	48	30	92
A-216		0.018	1.8287	27	30	91
A-262		<0.1	0.3267			45
A-263	<0.01	<0.1	0.5434			49

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Example	p38 <sup>1</sup>	p38 <sup>2</sup>	U937	mLPS	mLPS	mLPS
				8h	6h dose	1h, 30mpk
A-264			0.2594			61
A-265		<0.1	0.6016			32
A-266			0.5393			0
A-267		0.43	2.6681			80
A-268		<0.01	0.0074			11
A-217	0.697		0.3486			9
A-269			>10 uM			51
A-270		0.015	0.3466			53
A-271		0.216	4.2144			68
A-272	0.073		0.583			-8
A-273	6.98		>10			43
A-274	<0.1		0.92	21	30	
A-275	10.14 2		>10			
A-276	0.176		0.45	-24	30	
A-277	0.026			33	30	
A-278	0.285		2.3	62	30	
A-279	0.005		0.7	64	30	
A-280	0.134			15	30	
A-281	0.053			22	30	
A-218	0.044			18	30	
A-282	0.045		0.0973	30	30	
A-283	<0.1		0.7998	-20	30	
A-284	0.98		0.5088	-1		
A-285	<0.1		0.1795	11	30	
A-286	0.057		0.09	29	30	
A-287	0.041		0.27	-24	30	
A-288	0.017		0.3	40	30	
A-289	<0.1		0.14	44	30	
A-290			6.0191	4	30	
A-291	0.388		1.1309	36	30	
A-292	1.15		>10			
A-293	0.73					
A-294	0.015		0.5	61	30	
A-295	7.66		>10	94	30	
A-296	26					
A-297	0.52		0.17	89	30	

<sup>1</sup> p38 $\alpha$  in vitro assay results based on PHAS-I assay procedure

<sup>2</sup> p38 $\alpha$  in vitro assay results based on EGFRP assay procedure

FOUO 08/12/2004

### Induction And Assessment Of Collagen-Induced Arthritis In Mice:

Arthritis was induced in mice according to the procedure set forth in J.M. Stuart, Collagen Autoimmune Arthritis, Annual Rev. Immunol. 2:199 (1984), which is incorporated herein by reference. Specifically, arthritis was induced in 8-12 week old DBA/1 male mice by injection of 50  $\mu$ g of chick type II collagen (CII) (provided by Dr. Marie Griffiths, Univ. of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT) in complete Freund's adjuvant (Sigma) on day 0 at the base of the tail. Injection volume was 100  $\mu$ l. Animals were boosted on day 21 with 50  $\mu$ g of CII in incomplete Freund's adjuvant (100  $\mu$ l volume). Animals were evaluated several times each week for signs of arthritis. Any animal with paw redness or swelling was counted as arthritic. Scoring of arthritic paws was conducted in accordance with the procedure set forth in Wooley et al., Genetic Control of Type II Collagen Induced Arthritis in Mice: Factors Influencing Disease Susceptibility and Evidence for Multiple MHC Associated Gene Control., Trans. Proc., 15:180 (1983). Scoring of severity was carried out using a score of 1-3 for each paw (maximal score of 12/mouse). Animals displaying any redness or swelling of digits or the paw were scored as 1. Gross swelling of the whole paw or deformity was scored as 2. Ankylosis of joints was scored as 3. Animals were evaluated for 8 weeks. 8-10 animals per group were used.

### Preparation And Administration Of Compounds:

The compounds tested on mice having collagen-induced arthritis were prepared as a suspension in 0.5% methylcellulose (Sigma, St. Louis, MO), 0.025% Tween 20 (Sigma). The compound suspensions were administered by oral gavage in a volume of 0.1 ml b.i.d. Administration began on day 20 post collagen injection and continued

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TABLE 8

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5	A-320	1.0 (3.0)		0.27 (1) 0.05 (10) 0.15 (10)
	A-321 (dihydrate)		>25.0	0.77 (1)
	A-321 (monosodium salt dihydrate)	14.0 (3.0)		
	A-322	51.5 (3.0)	4.2	0.15 (10) 0.25 (10)
	A-323	40.0 (30.0) 54.0 (30.0)		0.39 (10)
10	A-324	44.0 (3.0)		0.08 (10)
	A-325	25.0 (3.0) 11.0 (30.0)	0.057	0.021 (1) <0.1 (10)
	A-326	0 (10.0)	>25.0	0.97 (10)
	A-327	83.0 (20.0)	0.18	0.15 (10)
	A-328			0.012 (1)
15	A-331	13.0 (20.0)		>100 (1) 0.64 (10)
	A-332	33.0 (1.0) 26.0 (3.0) 25.0 (5.0) -85.0 (10.0)	0.45	0.04 (1) 0.04 (10) 0.015 (10) <0.1 (10)
	A-333	69.0 (5.0)	0.585	0.052 (10)
	A-334	95.0 (20.0) 57.0 (5.0) 36.0 (1.0)	0.22	0.07 (10)
	A-335		>25.0	89.9 (10)
20	A-336			1.16 (10)
	A-337		>25.0	1.35 (10)
	A-338		0.059	0.018 (10)
	A-339		0.056	0.052 (10)
	A-342	98.0 (20.0)	0.31	0.012 (10)
25	A-343	96.0 (20.0)		0.016 (10)

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5	A-371	52 (20)	25	7.9
	A-372	56 (20)	21	0.53
	A-374	88 (20) 0 (5) 3 (1)	0.31	0.38
	A-375	43 (20)	28%	2.3
	A-376	24 (20)	1	0.032
10	A-377	84 (20) DR: 32 (1) 67 (5) 96 (20)	0.67	0.004 0.0019
	A-378	73 (10)	49%	6.2
	A-379	61 (10)	44%	0.19
	A-380	85 (30) 62 (10) 33 (3)	32%	0.85
	A-385			0.18 1.25
15	A-386	91 (20)	0.16	0.016
	A-387	83 (20)	0.11	0.005
	A-388	97 (20) 67 (5)	0.34	0.21

TABLE 10

Example	Rat LPS Assay % Inhibition (Dose in mg/kg @ 4.0 hours)	TNF Inhibition- Human Whole Blood Assay ( $\mu$ M)	p38 $\alpha$ Kinase Assay IC <sub>50</sub> ( $\mu$ M) (10% DMSO; @ 1.0 hour)
20			
	A-389, Step 4	55.0 (5.0) 94.0 (20.0)	0.16
	A-389, Step 1		1.72
25	A-390	>25.0	15.1
	A-391	53.0 (20.0)	>25.0 4.83

5	A-392			29.7
	A-393			2.32
	A-394			9.11
	A-395			>100
	A-397			30.0
10	A-398		>25.0	45.6
	A-399			22.9
	A-400		>25.0	4.77
	A-401			21.2
	A-402			28.9
15	A-403		>25.0	4.89
	A-404		>25.0	4.13
	A-405		>25.0	4.85
	A-406		>25.0	7.24
	A-407	21.0 (5.0) 82.0 (20.0)	3.86	0.18
20	A-408	20.0 (5.0) 49.0 (20.0)	11.7	5.59
	A-409	41.0 (5.0) 89.0 (20.0)	5.27	0.21
	A-410	11.0 (5.0) 0 (20.0)		0.21
	A-411	40.0 (5.0) 0 (20.0)		3.37
	A-412	0 (5.0) 0 (20.0)		2.15
25	A-413	45.0 (5.0) 85.0 (20.0)	6.51	0.91
	A-414	3.0 (5.0) 14.0 (20.0)	11.2	9.51
	A-415	17.0 (5.0) 84.0 (84.0)		0.51
	A-416		5.07	0.041
	A-417	40.0 (5.0) 70.0 (20.0)	12.0	0.19
	A-418			0.12



5	A-419	24.0 (5.0) 58.0 (10.0)		1.31
	A-420	47.0 (5.0) 91.0 (20.0)		0.32
	A-427	56.0 (5.0) 77.0 (20.0)	24.1	0.19
	A-428		0.68	0.4
	A-429			56.3
10	A-430			>100
	A-434			5.84
	A-435	10.0 (1.0) 0 (5.0) 14.0 (20.0)	>25.0	0.35
	A-436		4.61	2.81
	A-437		>25.0	7.76
15	A-438	49.0 (20.0)	>25.0	0.56
	A-439	58.0 (5.0) 93.0 (20.0)	5.63	0.15
	A-440			
	A-441	14.0 (5.0) 62.0 (20.0)	>25.0	1.21
	A-442	51.0 (1.0) 56.0 (5.0) 92.0 (20.0)	0.16	0.022
20	A-443		4.89	0.47
	A-444			6.99
	A-445		>25.0	1.08
	A-446		3.38	0.9
	A-447		>25.0	0.77
25	A-448	73.0 (5.0) 97.0 (20.0)	0.12	0.084
	A-449			59.0
	A-450			>100
	A-451		15.0	0.078
	A-452		0.24	2.87
	A-454			8.41

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5	A-453			10.2
	A-455			12.9
	A-456	36.0 (1.0) 48.0 (5.0) 53.0 (20.0)	0.98	0.12
	A-457		>25.0	0.4
	A-458		>25.0	8.7
10	A-459	0 (1.0) 54.0 (5.0) 80.0 (20.0)	0.26	0.027
	A-459 (salt)		0.28	0.1
	A-460		8.91	1.84
	A-461			30.6
	A-462		>25.0	1.66
15	A-463		>25.0	1.66
	A-464			>100
	A-465			>100
	A-466			20.1
	A-467			21.4
20	A-468	46.0 (1.0) 50.0 (5.0) 94.0 (20.0)		0.3
	A-469	51.0 (5.0) 68.0 (20.0)	7.17	0.095
	A-470			10.4
	A-471			4.92
	A-472		>25.0	0.39
25	A-473	58.0 (20.0)	0.56	0.17
	A-474	59.0 (20.0)	1.47	0.11
	A-475		5.11	0.28
	A-476	35.0 (20.0)	0.97	1.01
	A-477			0.34
	A-478		0.49	0.18
	A-479		2.97	0.072
	A-480		0.16	0.11

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A-481		>25.0	0.2
A-482	15.0 (20.0)	0.69	1.62
A-483		0.51	0.3

5 Also embraced within this invention is a class of  
pharmaceutical compositions comprising the active  
compounds of this invention in association with one or  
more non-toxic, pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers  
and/or diluents and/or adjuvants (collectively referred  
10 to herein as "carrier" materials) and, if desired, other  
active ingredients. The active compounds of the present  
invention may be administered by any suitable route,  
preferably in the form of a pharmaceutical composition  
adapted to such a route, and in a dose effective for the  
15 treatment intended. The active compounds and composition  
may, for example, be administered orally, intravascularly  
(IV), intraperitoneally, subcutaneously, intramuscularly  
(IM) or topically. For oral administration, the  
pharmaceutical composition may be in the form of, for  
20 example, a tablet, hard or soft capsule, lozenges,  
dispensable powders, suspension or liquid. The  
pharmaceutical composition is preferably made in the form  
of a dosage unit containing a particular amount of the  
active ingredient. Examples of such dosage units are  
25 tablets or capsules. The active ingredient may also be  
administered by injection (IV, IM, subcutaneous or jet)  
as a composition wherein, for example, saline, dextrose,  
or water may be used as a suitable carrier. The pH of  
the composition may be adjusted, if necessary, with  
30 suitable acid, base, or buffer. Suitable bulking,  
dispersing, wetting or suspending agents, including  
mannitol and PEG 400, may also be included in the  
composition. A suitable parenteral composition can also  
include a compound formulated as a sterile solid  
35 substance, including lyophilized powder, in injection  
vials. Aqueous solution can be added to dissolve the

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compound prior to injection. The amount of therapeutically active compounds that are administered and the dosage regimen for treating a disease condition with the compounds and/or compositions of this invention depends on a variety of factors, including the age, weight, sex and medical condition of the subject, the severity of the inflammation or inflammation related disorder, the route and frequency of administration, and the particular compound employed, and thus may vary widely. The pharmaceutical compositions may contain active ingredients in the range of about 0.1 to 1000 mg, preferably in the range of about 7.0 to 350 mg. A daily dose of about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg body weight, preferably between about 0.1 and about 50 mg/kg body weight and most preferably between about 0.5 to 30 mg/kg body weight, may be appropriate. The daily dose can be administered in one to four doses per day. In the case of skin conditions, it may be preferable to apply a topical preparation of compounds of this invention to the affected area two to four times a day. For disorders of the eye or other external tissues, e.g., mouth and skin, the formulations are preferably applied as a topical gel, spray, ointment or cream, or as a suppository, containing the active ingredients in a total amount of, for example, 0.075 to 30% w/w, preferably 0.2 to 20% w/w and most preferably 0.4 to 15% w/w. When formulated in an ointment, the active ingredients may be employed with either paraffinic or a water-miscible ointment base. Alternatively, the active ingredients may be formulated in a cream with an oil-in-water cream base. If desired, the aqueous phase of the cream base may include, for example at least 30% w/w of a polyhydric alcohol such as propylene glycol, butane-1,3-diol, mannitol, sorbitol, glycerol, polyethylene glycol and mixtures thereof. The topical formulation may desirably include a compound which enhances absorption or penetration of the active

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ingredient through the skin or other affected areas. Examples of such dermal penetration enhancers include dimethylsulfoxide and related analogs. The compounds of this invention can also be administered by a transdermal device. Preferably topical administration will be accomplished using a patch either of the reservoir and porous membrane type or of a solid matrix variety. In either case, the active agent is delivered continuously from the reservoir or microcapsules through a membrane into the active agent permeable adhesive, which is in contact with the skin or mucosa of the recipient. If the active agent is absorbed through the skin, a controlled and predetermined flow of the active agent is administered to the recipient. In the case of microcapsules, the encapsulating agent may also function as the membrane. The transdermal patch may include the compound in a suitable solvent system with an adhesive system, such as an acrylic emulsion, and a polyester patch. The oily phase of the emulsions of this invention may be constituted from known ingredients in a known manner. While the phase may comprise merely an emulsifier, it may comprise a mixture of at least one emulsifier with a fat or an oil or with both a fat and an oil. Preferably, a hydrophilic emulsifier is included together with a lipophilic emulsifier which acts as a stabilizer. It is also preferred to include both an oil and a fat. Together, the emulsifier(s) with or without stabilizer(s) make-up the so-called emulsifying wax, and the wax together with the oil and fat make up the so-called emulsifying ointment base which forms the oily dispersed phase of the cream formulations. Emulsifiers and emulsion stabilizers suitable for use in the formulation of the present invention include Tween 60, Span 80, cetostearyl alcohol, myristyl alcohol, glyceryl monostearate, and sodium lauryl sulfate, among others. The choice of suitable oils or fats for the formulation

is based on achieving the desired cosmetic properties, since the solubility of the active compound in most oils likely to be used in pharmaceutical emulsion formulations is very low. Thus, the cream should preferably be a non-greasy, non-staining and washable product with suitable consistency to avoid leakage from tubes or other containers. Straight or branched chain, mono- or dibasic alkyl esters such as di-isoadipate, isocetyl stearate, propylene glycol diester of coconut fatty acids, isopropyl myristate, decyl oleate, isopropyl palmitate, butyl stearate, 2-ethylhexyl palmitate or a blend of branched chain esters may be used. These may be used alone or in combination depending on the properties required. Alternatively, high melting point lipids such as white soft paraffin and/or liquid paraffin or other mineral oils can be used. Formulations suitable for topical administration to the eye also include eye drops wherein the active ingredients are dissolved or suspended in suitable carrier, especially an aqueous solvent for the active ingredients. The anti-inflammatory active ingredients are preferably present in such formulations in a concentration of 0.5 to 20%, advantageously 0.5 to 10% and particularly about 1.5% w/w. For therapeutic purposes, the active compounds of this combination invention are ordinarily combined with one or more adjuvants appropriate to the indicated route of administration. If administered *per os*, the compounds may be admixed with lactose, sucrose, starch powder, cellulose esters of alkanolic acids, cellulose alkyl esters, talc, stearic acid, magnesium stearate, magnesium oxide, sodium and calcium salts of phosphoric and sulfuric acids, gelatin, acacia gum, sodium alginate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, and/or polyvinyl alcohol, and then tableted or encapsulated for convenient administration. Such capsules or tablets may contain a controlled-release formulation as may be provided in a dispersion of active

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compound in hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose. Formulations for parenteral administration may be in the form of aqueous or non-aqueous isotonic sterile injection solutions or suspensions. These solutions and  
5 suspensions may be prepared from sterile powders or granules having one or more of the carriers or diluents mentioned for use in the formulations for oral administration. The compounds may be dissolved in water, polyethylene glycol, propylene glycol, ethanol, corn oil,  
10 cottonseed oil, peanut oil, sesame oil, benzyl alcohol, sodium chloride, and/or various buffers. Other adjuvants and modes of administration are well and widely known in the pharmaceutical art.

All patent documents listed herein are incorporated  
15 by reference.

Although this invention has been described with respect to specific embodiments, the details of these embodiments are not to be construed as limitations.

20 [PAGES 515-529 INTENTIONALLY OMITTED]

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Description of parallel array synthesis methodology utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B-i, B-ii, and B-iii.

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Scheme B-1 describes the parallel array reaction blocks that were utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B-0001 through B-1574, and by analogy could also be used to prepare compounds of Examples B-1575 through B-2269.

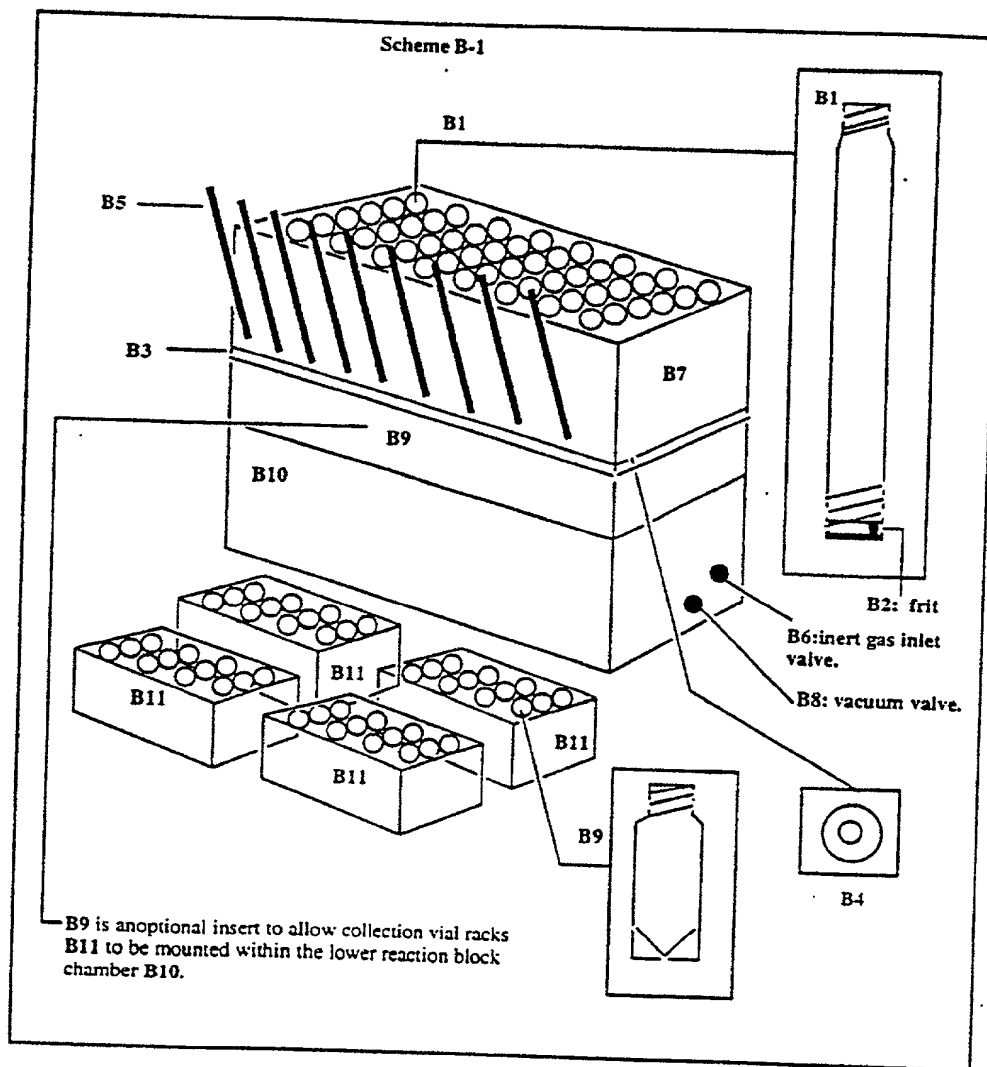
- 10 Parallel reactions were performed in multi-chamber reaction blocks. A typical reaction block is capable of performing 48 parallel reactions, wherein a unique compound is optionally prepared in each reaction vessel B1. Each reaction vessel B1 is made of either
- 15 polypropylene or pyrex glass and contains a frit B2 toward the base of the vessel. Each reaction vessel is connected to the reaction block valve assembly plate B3 via leur-lock attachment or through a threaded connection. Each vessel valve B4 is either opened or
- 20 closed by controlling the leur-lock position or by the opening or closing of levers B5 within a valve assembly plate row. Optionally, solutions can be either drained or maintained above the vessel frits by leaving the valves in the opened position and controlling the back
- 25 pressure beneath the valve assembly plate by control of inert gas flow through the inert gas inlet valve B6. The parallel reactions that are performed in these reaction blocks are allowed to progress by incubation in a jacketed, temperature controlled shaking station.
- 30 Temperature control of the reaction chambers is effected by passing a heat-transfer liquid through jacketed aluminum plates that make contact with the reaction block

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Scheme B-2 illustrates the various utilizations of functionalized resins to purify reaction vessel products B22 prior to filtration from the fritted vessels B1 into collection vials B9. Said functionalized resins perform as 1) resin-bound reagents B12, which give rise to resin-bound reagent byproducts B13; 2) sequestrants B14 or B15 of excess solution-phase reactants B16 or B17, respectively. Solution-phase reactants B16 and B17 contain inherent reactive functionality  $-rf_1$  and  $-rf_2$

which enable their chemoselective sequestration by the complementary reactive functionality  $-Cr_f1$  and  $-Cr_f2$ , attached to resins B14 and B15; 3) sequestrants B18 of solution-phase byproducts B19. Byproduct B19 contains  
5 molecular recognition functionality  $-mr_2$ , which enables its chemoselective sequestration by the complementary functionality  $-Cmr_2$ , attached to resin B18; 4) reaction-quenching resins B20 which give rise to quenched resins B21. Resin B20 contains functionality  $-Q$  which mediates  
10 reaction quenching (for instance, proton transfer) of product B22 to form a desired isolable form of product B22. Upon performing reaction quench, the resin B20 is converted to resin B21 wherein  $-q$  represents the spent functionality on resin B21 ; 5) sequestrants B23 of  
15 chemically-tagged reagents B24 and their corresponding reagent byproducts B25. The soluble reagent B24 contains a bifunctional chemical group,  $-tag$ , which is inert to the reaction conditions but is used to enable the post-reaction sequestration of B24 by the complementary  
20 functionality  $-Ctag$  attached to resin B23. Additionally, the soluble reagent byproduct B25, formed during the course of reaction, contains the same chemical function  $-tag$  that also enables its sequestration by resin B23. Additionally, some reactants B16, particularly  
25 sterically-hindered reactants and/or electron deficient nucleophiles, contain poorly sequesterable functionality ( $rf1$  in this case is a poorly sequesterable functionality). These poorly sequesterable reactants B16 can be transformed *in situ* to more robustly sequesterable species B27 through  
30 their reaction with sequestration-enabling-reagents B26. B26 contain highly reactive, complementary functionality  $Cr_f1$  which reacts with B16 to form B27 *in situ*. The

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bifunctional molecular recognition functionality,  $mr$ , contained within B26 is also present on the *in situ* derivatized B27. Both B26 and B27 are sequestered by the complementary molecular recognition functionality

5 attached to resin B28. By analogy, some reactions contain poorly sequestable byproducts B19, wherein the molecular recognition functionality  $mr_2$  in this case is not able to mediate the direct sequestration of B19 by the complementary functionality attached to resin B18.

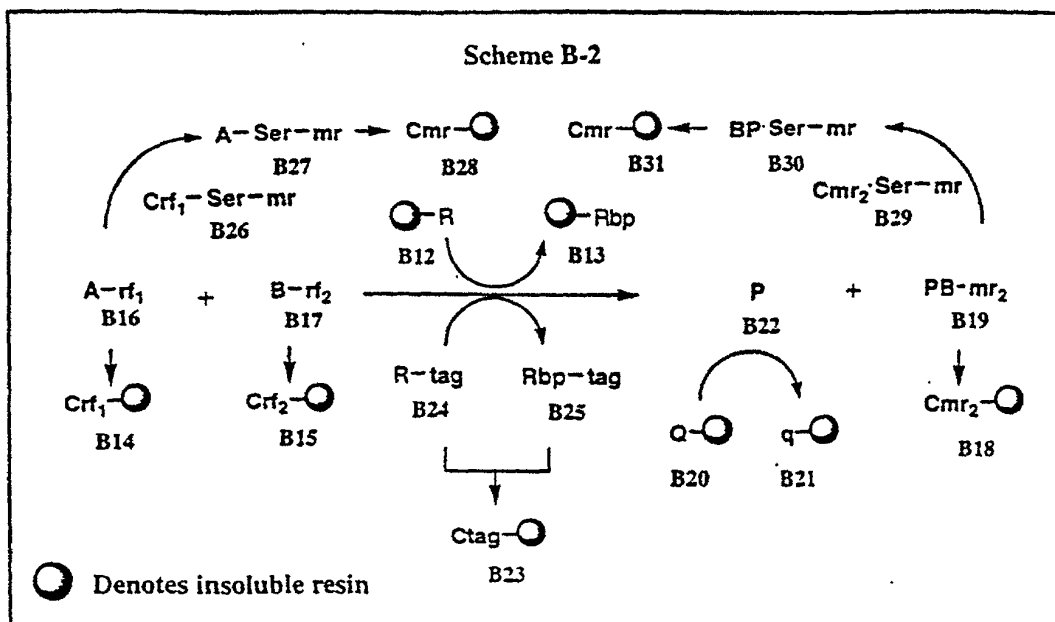
10 Similar use of the bifunctional sequestration-enabling-reagent B29 transforms B19 into the more readily sequesterable species B30. The imparted molecular recognition functionality,  $mr$ , present in B30 is readily sequestered by the complementary functionality,  $Cmr$ ,

15 attached to resin B31. In some reactions, multiple sequestration resins are utilized simultaneously to perform reaction purifications. Even resins containing incompatible (mutually reactive) functional groups can be used simultaneously because these resins scavenge

20 complementary functionalized solution phase reactants, reagents, or byproducts from solution phase faster than resin cross-neutralization. Similarly, resins containing mutually reactive or neutralizing reaction-quenching functionality are able to quench solution phase

25 reactants, products, or byproducts faster than resin cross-neutralization.

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- Scheme B3 describes the modular robotics laboratory environment that was utilized to prepare compounds of Examples B0001 through Bxxxx. Chemicals that are utilized in the robotics laboratory are weighed and then dissolved or suspended into solvents at Station #1 (Automated Chemistry Prep Station). Thus, solutions or suspensions of known molarity are prepared for use at the other robotics workstations. Station #1 also optionally bar-code labels each chemical solution so that its identity can be read by bar-code scanning at this and other robotics workstations.
- Reactions are initiated at the modular Stations #2 and #2 DUP. Station #2DUP is defined as a duplicate of Station #2 and is used to increase capacity within the robotics laboratory. A reaction block is mounted at Station #2 or #2 DUP. Also, racks containing reactants, reagents, solvents, and resin slurries are also mounted at Station #2 or #2 DUP. Under the control of a chemical

informatics mapping file, reactions are initiated by the transfer of reactant solutions, reagent solutions, solvents, and/or resin slurries into each mounted reaction block vessel. The transfer of known volumes of solutions, suspensions, or solvents is mediated by syringes which control a one-up septum piercing/argon purging cannula, a wide-bore resin slurry-despensing cannula, or by a six-up cannula which can simultaneously deliver volumes to a row of six reaction vessels. The reaction block and/or chemical solution racks may be optionally cooled below room temperature during the chemical solution transfer operations. After the transfer of chemical solutions and solvents has been performed by Station#2 or #2DUP, incubation of the reaction block may occur while the reaction block is mounted at the robot station. Preferably, however, the reaction block is removed after all volume transfers are complete and the reaction block is brought to ambient temperature. The reaction block is transferred off-line to either a vertical- or lateral shaking Incubator Station #5.

The Automated weighing/archival Station #3 performs the functions of weighing empty collection vials (to obtain tare weights of collection vials) and also performs the functions of weighing collection vials containing filtered, purified products (to obtain gross weights of collection vials). After product-containing collection vials have been weighed (gross weight determinations) at workstation #3, the collection vial products are optionally redissolved into an organic solvent at workstation #3. Transfer of solvents is accomplished with syringes which control a mounted one-up septum-piercing/argon purging cannula. Each product-containing

collection vial is prepared as a solution of known molarity as directed and recorded by the chemical informatics system. These product solutions may be subsequently mounted at Station #2 or #2DUP for subsequent reaction steps or taken to Station #7 or #7DUP for analytical processing.

Rapid solvent evaporation of product-containing collection vials is accomplished by mounting the collection racks at Savant Automated Solvent Evaporation Stations #4, #4 DUP, or #4 TRIP, wherein #4DUP and #4TRIP are defined as a duplicate and a triplicate of Station #4 to increase the capacity for solvent removal within the robotics laboratory. Commercially available solvent removal stations were purchased from the Savant Company (model # SC210A speedvac unit equipped with model # RVT4104 vapor trap and model # VN100 vapornet cryopump).

Stations #7 and #7DUP perform analytical processing functions. Station #7DUP is defined as a duplicate of Station #7 to increase capacity within the robotics laboratory. Product-containing collection racks are mounted at either of these stations. Each product-containing collection vial is then prepared as a solution of known molarity as directed and recorded by the chemical informatics mapping file. Optionally, this dissolution function is performed by prior processing of the collection vial rack at Station #3 as described above. Station#7 or #7DUP, under the control of the chemical informatics mapping file, transfers aliquots of each product vial into unique and identifiable microtiter plate wells that are utilized to perform analytical determinations.



One such microtiter plate is prepared at Station #7 or #7DUP for subsequent utilization at the Automated HPLC/Mass Spectrometer Station #8 or #8DUP. Station #8DUP is a duplicate of Station #8 to increase the analytical capacity of the robotics laboratory. Stations #8 and #8DUP are commercially available benchtop LC/Mass spec units purchased from Hewlett Packard (model HP1100 HPLC connected to HP1100 MSD (G1946A) mass spectrometer; this unit is also equipped with a model# G1322A solvent degasser, model # G1312A binary pump, a model # G1316A column heater, and a model # G1315A diode array detector. The HP unit has been interfaced with a commercially available autosampler rack (Gilson Company # 215 autosampler). Station #8 or #8DUP is utilized for the determination of product purity and identity by performing high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) and companion atmospheric pressure chemi-ionization (APCI) or electrospray mass spectrometry for molecular weight determination.

Another microtiter plate is prepared at Station #7 or #7DUP for subsequent utilization at a commercially available flow-probe Varian NMR spectrometer Station #10 (Varian Instruments flow probe NMR, 300 MHz, interfaced with a commercially available Gilson 215 autosampler). Proton, <sup>13</sup>-Carbon, and/or <sup>19</sup>-Fluorine NMR spectra are determined at this Station #10.

Other microtiter plates are optionally mounted at Station #7 or #7DUP for the purpose of preparing product-containing plates for biological assays. Aliquots of product-containing collection vials are transferred to these biological assay microtiter plates under the control of the chemical informatics mapping file. Identity and amount of each transferred product is

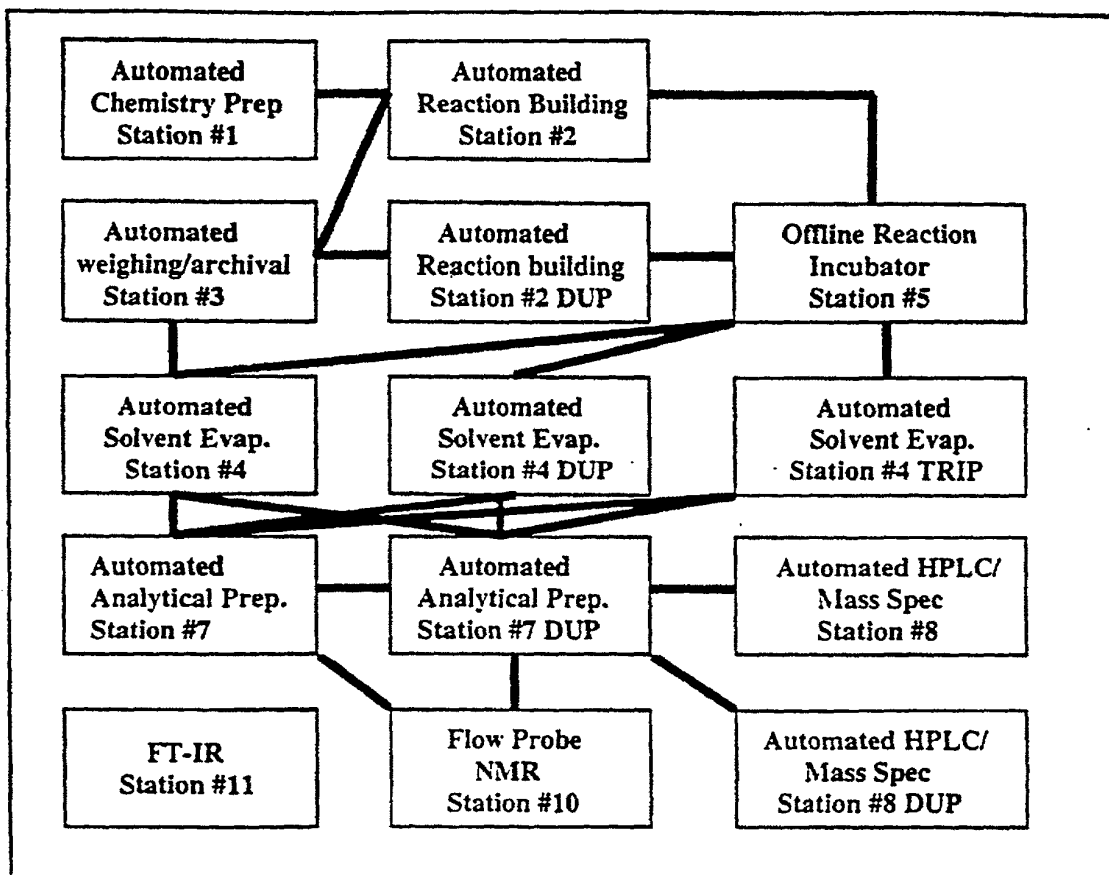
recorded by the chemical informatics system for retrieval by biologists who perform the biological assaying of products.

- 5 The Fourier Transfrom InfraRed (FT-IR) Spectrometer Station #11 is utilized to analyze resins for the identity of organic functional groups chemically attached to these resins. The resins, as mentioned above, contain chemical functionality utilized as reagents, chemoselective sequestrants, or reaction quenching media for the workup and purification of the crude product mixtures contained within reaction block vessels. The robotics laboratory utilizes a commercially available FT-IR spectrometer purchased from Nicolet Instruments (model # MagnaIR 560 interfaced with an InspectIR microscope for resin mounting and positioning).

#### Scheme B-3

- 20 The lines interconnecting the modular Stations denote the transfer of chemical racks, reaction blocks, and/or collection vial racks from one modular Station to another.

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The ChemLib IT system is a composite of software running on the client's desktop and software running on a remote server.

The ChemLib IT system is a client/server software application developed to support and document the data handling flow in the robotics laboratory described above. This IT system integrates the chemist with the robotics synthesis laboratory and manages the data generated by this processes.

The software running on the server warehouses all the electronic data for the robotics chemistry unit. This

server, a Silicon Graphics IRIX station v6.2, runs the database software, Oracle 7 v7.3.3.5.0, that warehouses the data. Connection from the client's desktop to the server is provided by Oracle's TCP/IP Adapter v2.2.2.1.0 and SQL\*Net v2.2.2.1.0A. SQL\*Net is Oracle's network interface that allows applications running on the client's desktop to access data in Oracles' database.

The client's desktop is Microsoft Windows 95. The ChemLib IT system client software is composed of Omnis7 v3.5 and Microsoft Visual C++ v5.0. This composition on the client side is what is herein referred to as ChemLib. ChemLib communicates with the server for its data via Oracle's PL/SQL v2.3.3.4.0. These PL/SQL calls within ChemLib creates a network socket connection to Oracle's SQL\*Net driver and the TCP/IP Adapter thereby allowing access to the data on the server.

A "library" is defined as a composite number of wells, where each well defines a single compound. ChemLib defines a library in a module called the *Electronic Spreadsheet*. The *Electronic Spreadsheet* is then a composite of n-number of wells containing the components that are required to synthesize the compound that exist in each these well(s).

The chemist begins by populating the *Electronic Spreadsheet* with those components required for the compound synthesis. The identity and the availability of these components are defined in the *Building Block Catalog* module of ChemLib. The *Building Block Catalog* is a catalog of a listing of all reagents, solvents, peripherals available in the robotics laboratory. Upon selecting the components for each compound we also

declare the quantity of each component to be utilized. The quantity of each component can be identified by its molarity and volumetric amounts (ul) or by it's solid state form (mg). Therefore a well in the *Electronic Spreadsheet* defines a compound that is identified by its components and the quantity of each of these components.

The assembly or the synthesis of these components for each compound in the *Electronic Spreadsheet* is defined in the *WS Sequence* module of ChemLib. The *Define WS Sequence* module identifies the synthesis steps to be performed at the robotics workstations and any activities to be performed manually or off-line from the robotics workstation. With this module we identify which components from the *Electronic Spreadsheet* and the activity that should be performed with this component in the robotics laboratory. In the *Define WS Sequence* module the chemist chooses from a list of activities to be performed in the robotics laboratory and assembles them in the order in which they are to occur. The ChemLib system takes these set of activities identified, and with the component data in the *Electronic Spreadsheet* assembles and reformats these instructions into terminology for the robotics workstation use. This robotics terminology is stored in a 'sequence' file on a common server that is accessible by the robotics workstation.

The robotics workstation performs the synthesis in a reaction block apparatus as described. Each well in the *Electronic Spreadsheet* is tracked and mapped to a unique location in the reaction block apparatus on the robotics workstation. The compound or product synthesized at the

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robotics workstation in the reaction block is then captured into collection vials.

5 The collection vials are first tarred then grossed on the robotics workstation after collecting their products from the reaction block. These weights (tare and gross) are recorded into the ChemLib system with the *Tare/Gross Session* module. The *Tare/Gross Session* module then calculates the product or compound yields and its final  
10 mass.

Preparation of the compound for analytical analysis and screening is defined by the *Analytical WS Setup* module in ChemLib. The *Analytical WS Setup* module identifies the  
15 dilution factor for each well in the *Electronic Spreadsheet*, based on the compound's product yield and the desired molar concentration. This identifies the quantity, in uL, to be transferred at the robotics workstation, to a specific location on the MTP  
20 (microtiter plate) to be sent for analysis and/or biological assaying. The mass spectrometric and HPLC results for each well are recorded and scored into the ChemLib system.

25 The *Dilute/Archive WS* module further identifies each compound by mapping the compound's well from the *Electronic Spreadsheet* to a specific MX block location for long term storage and archival as part of the registration process.

30 All communications between ChemLib and the robotics workstations are by ASCII files. These files are placed on a server by the ChemLib system that is accessible by

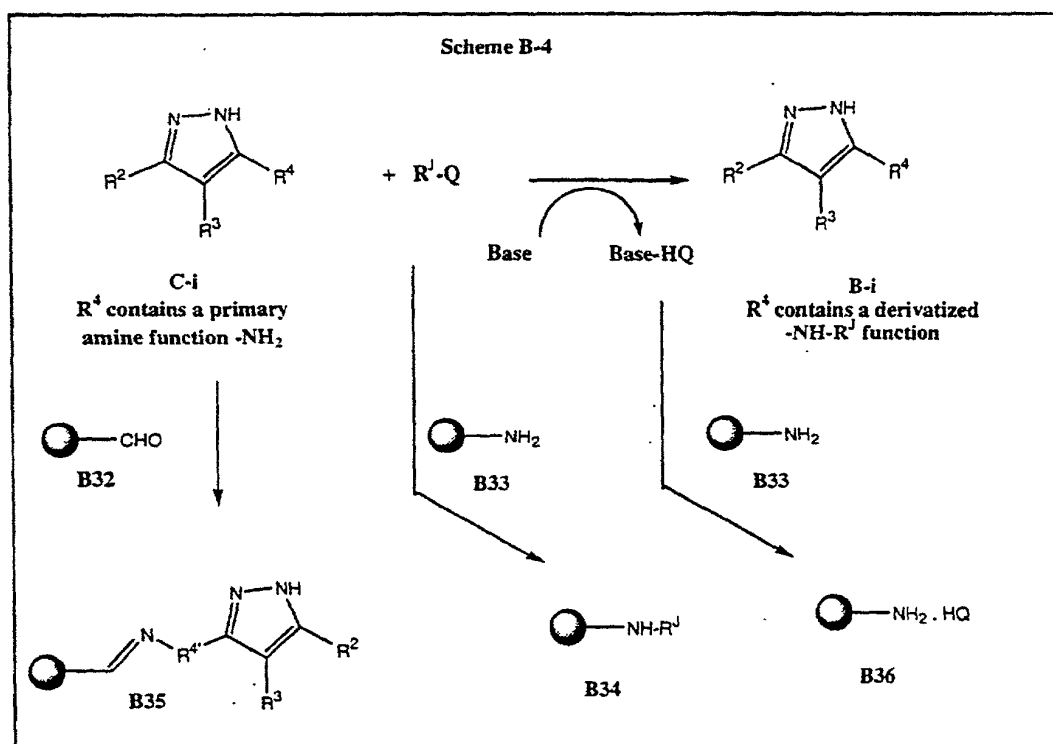
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the robotics workstations. Reports generated by the robotics workstations are also placed on the server where the ChemLib system can read these files to record the data generated. Each robotics workstation consists of robotics hardware by Bohdan Automation, Inc. Mundelein, Illinois, and a PC currently running Microsoft Windows for Workgroup v3.11 and Ethernet software. The robotics workstation PC is logged into the network for one-way communication that allows the workstation to access the server for file access only.

#### General Scheme B4

Scaffold C-i with a primary amine functionality contained within the  $R^4$  substituent is reacted in spatially addressed, parallel array reaction block vessels with excess of electrophiles  $R^J-Q$  wherein Q is chloro, bromo, or an acid activating group including but not limited to N-hydroxysuccinimide.  $R^J-Q$  includes acid chlorides, alkyl chloroformates, sulfonyl chlorides, activated esters of carboxylic acids, activated carbamates, and isocyanates. Reaction of scaffold C-i with  $R^J-Q$  is effected in the presence of a tertiary amine base at room temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotic solvent and/or a halogenated solvent. As illustrated in Scheme B-4 the products of the general formulae B-i are isolated in purified form by addition of a carbonyl-functionalized resin B32 which covalently sequesters any unreacted primary amine scaffold C-i as resin-bound adduct B35, and also by the addition of a primary amine-functionalized resin B33 which covalently sequesters any remaining electrophile  $R^J-Q$  from each reaction mixture as

resin-bound adduct **B34**. Resin **B33** also sequesters the HQ byproduct from the reaction mixture by proton transfer from solution-phase **Base-HQ**. Incubation at room temperature, filtration, rinsing of the resin cake, and concentration of the filtrates affords purified products **B-i** filtered away from resin-bound adducts **B32**, **B33**, **B34**, **B35**, and **B36**.



10

Scheme B-5 specifically illustrates the derivatization of the primary amine-containing scaffold **C1** to afford the desired products **B-i** in a parallel array synthesis format. In a parallel array synthesis reaction block, individual reaction products are prepared in each of multiple reaction block vessels in a spatially



addressed format. A solution of the desired primary amine-containing scaffold C1 (limiting amount,) in dimethylformamide (DMF) is added to the reaction vessels followed by a 4.0 fold stoichiometric excess solution of

5 N-methylmorpholine in DMF. To each reaction vessel is then added the electrophiles: either a 2.0 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^J-Q$  is an acid chloride or alkyl chloroformate, or a 1.5 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^J-Q$  is a sulfonyl chloride, or a 1.25 fold

10 stoichiometric excess when  $R^J-Q$  is an isocyanate. Excess electrophiles and N-methylmorpholine were used to effect more rapid and/or more complete conversion of scaffold C1 to products B-0001-B-0048 compared to reactions that do not utilize stoichiometric excesses of electrophiles and

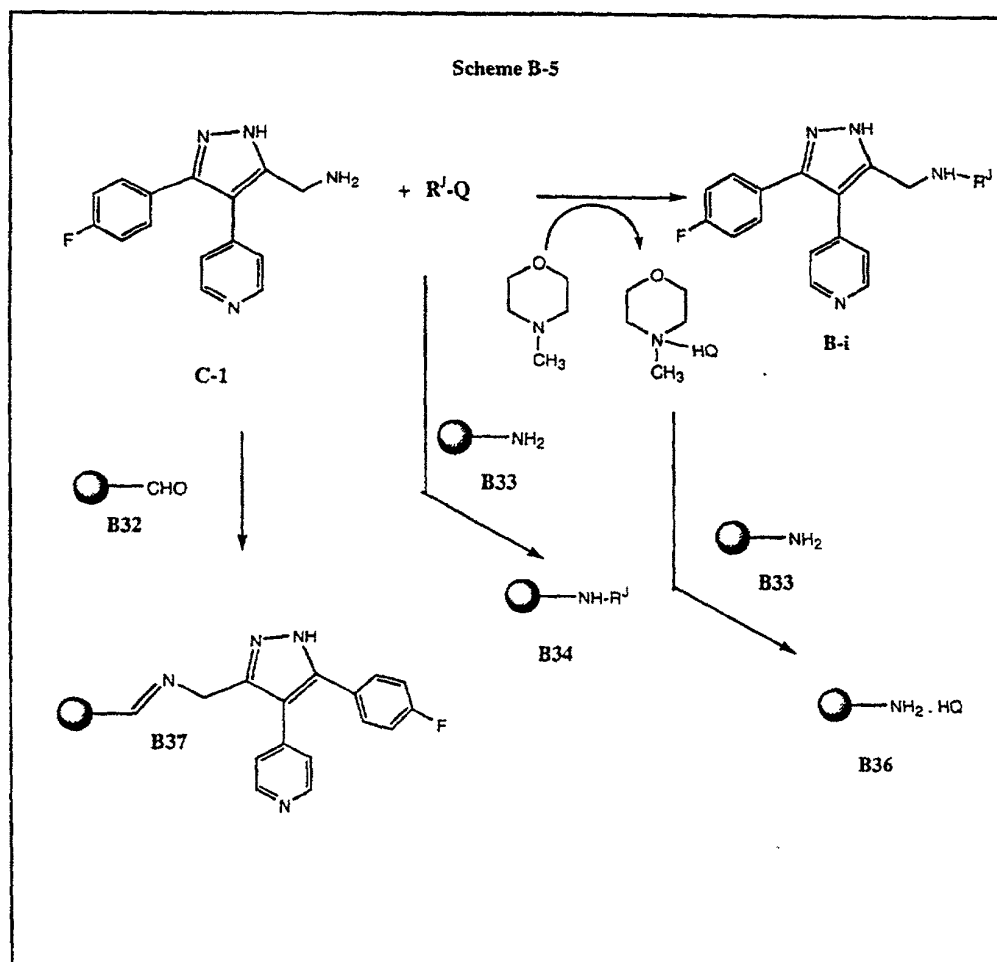
15 N-methylmorpholine. The reaction mixtures are incubated at ambient temperature for 2-3 h. Each reaction vessel is then charged with a large excess (15-20 fold stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin B33 and the aldehyde-functionalized resin B32. The

20 resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 14-20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel mixtures. The excess electrophiles  $R^J-Q$  and any unreacted scaffold amine C1 are removed from the reaction

25 medium as insoluble adducts B34 and B37 respectively. In addition the N-methylmorpholine hydrochloride salt formed during the course of the reaction is also neutralized to its free base form by proton transfer reaction to the amine-functionalized resin B33. Simple filtration of the

30 insoluble resin- adducts B32, B33, B34, B36, and B37, rinsing of the resin cake with dichloroethane, and evaporation of the filtrates affords the desired products B-i in purified form.

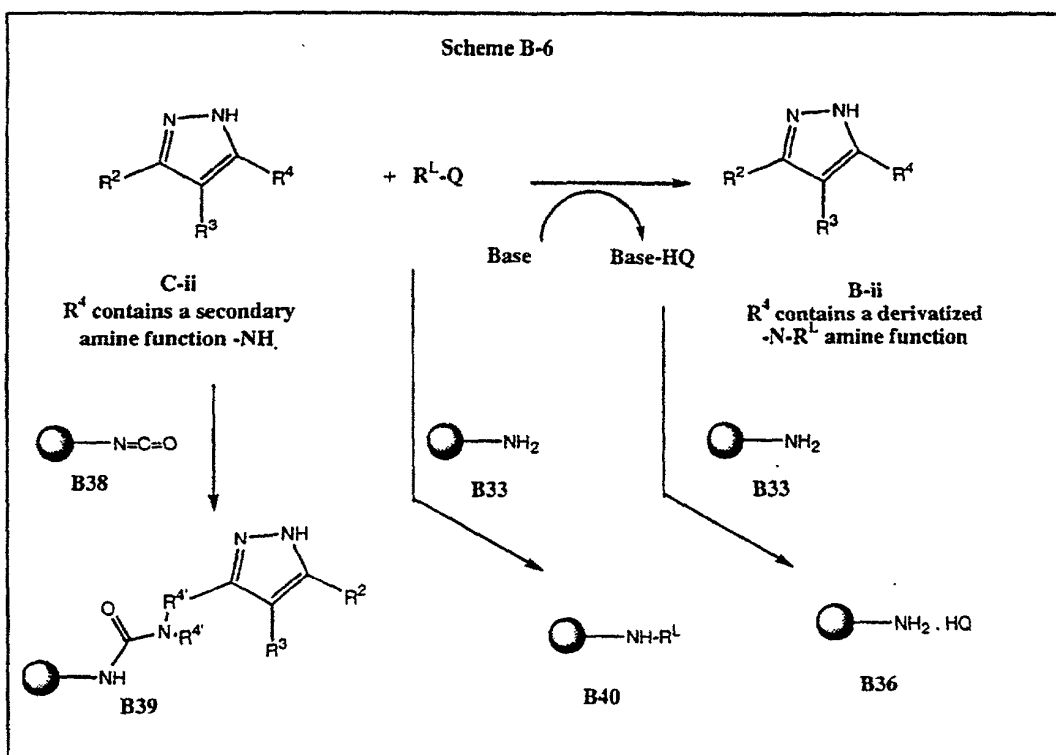
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Scheme B-6 illustrates a general synthetic method involving the parallel array reaction of a scaffold **C-ii** containing a secondary amine functionality within the definition of the  $R^4$  substituent. Each reaction vessel is charged with the secondary amine-containing scaffold **C-ii**, followed by the introduction of a stoichiometric excess of an optionally unique electrophile  $R^L-Q$  into each vessel, wherein  $Q$  is chloro, bromo, or an acid activating group including but not limited to N-hydroxysuccinimide.  $R^L-Q$  includes acid chlorides, alkyl chloroformates,

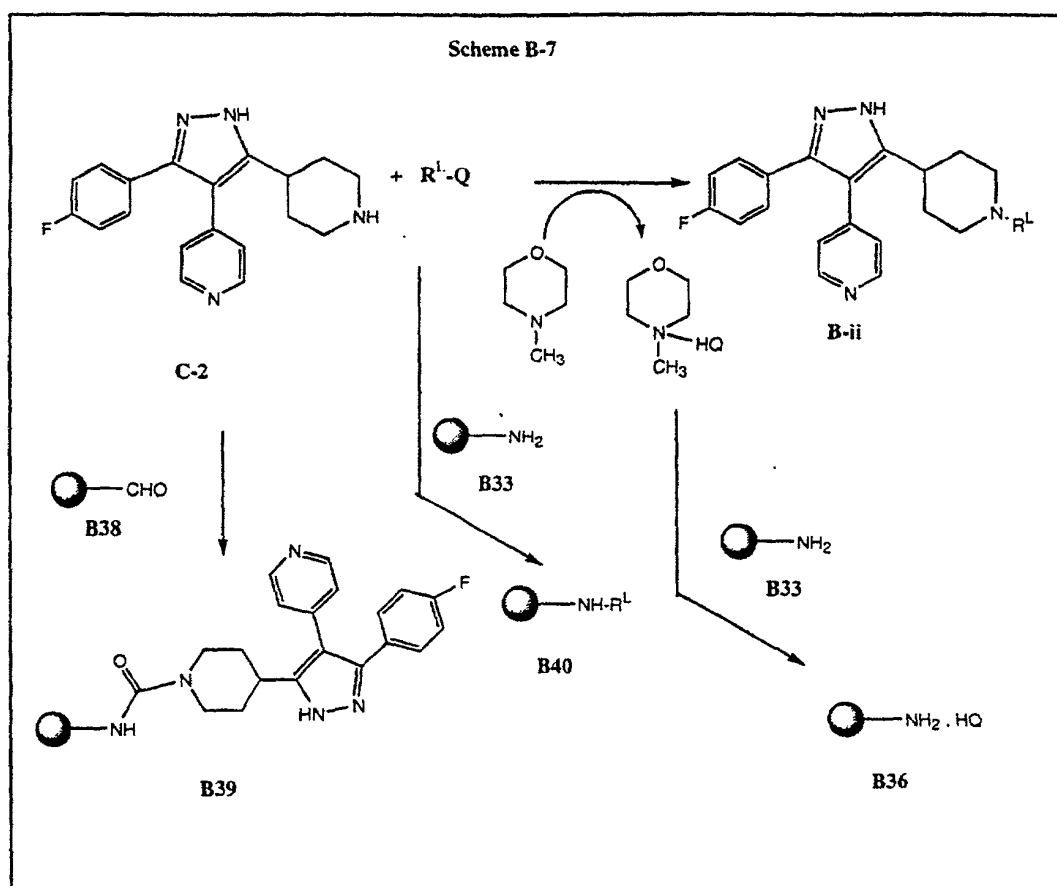
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sulfonyl chlorides, activated esters of carboxylic acids, activated carbamates, and isocyanates. Reaction of scaffold **C-ii** with  $R^L-Q$  is effected in the presence of tertiary amine base at room temperature or elevated  
5 temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotics solvent and/or a halogenated solvent. After solution-phase reactions have progressed to afford crude product mixtures in each vessel, the products  
**B-ii** are isolated in purified form by the addition of the  
10 isocyanate-functionalized resin **B38** which covalently sequesters remaining secondary amine scaffold **C-ii** as resin-bound adduct **B39**, and also by the addition of the primary amine-functionalized resin **B33** which covalently sequesters remaining electrophile  $R^L-Q$  from each reaction  
15 vessel as resin-bound adducts **B40**. Resin **B33** also sequesters the HQ byproduct in each vessel as **B36**, formed by proton transfer from solution-phase Base-HQ. Incubation with these resins, either simultaneously or sequentially, followed by filtration, rinsing, and  
20 concentration of the filtrates affords purified products **B-ii** filtered away from resin-adducts **B33**, **B36**, **B38**, **B39**, and **B40**.



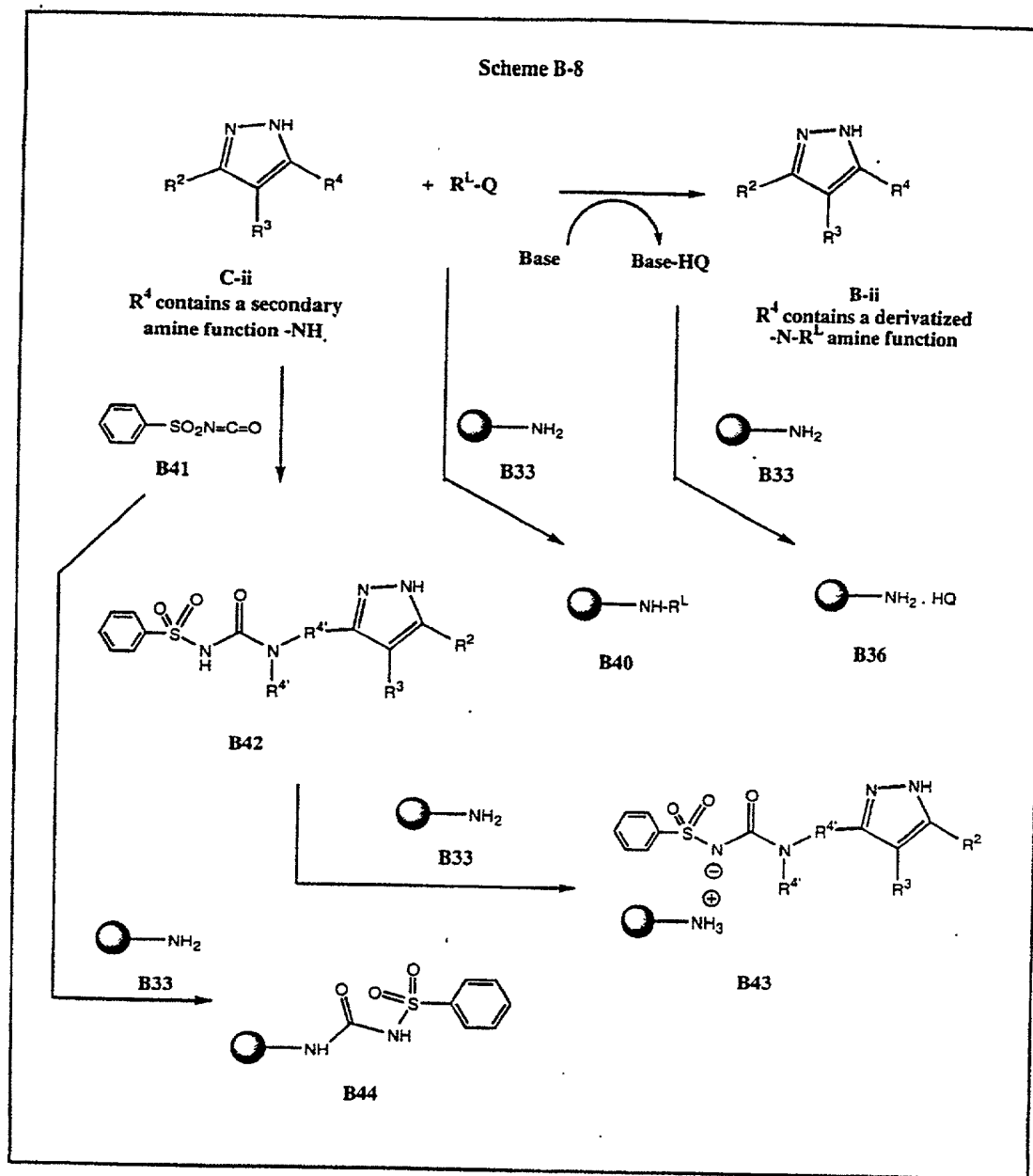
Scheme B-7 illustrates the conversion of the secondary-amine containing scaffold **C-2** to the desired products **B-ii**. In a parallel array synthesis reaction block, individual reaction products are prepared in each of 48 multiple reaction block vessels. A solution of the scaffold **C-2** (limiting amount) in dimethylformamide (DMF) is added to the reaction vessels followed by a 4.0-fold stoichiometric excess solution of N-methylmorpholine in DMF. To each reaction vessel is then added an electrophile  $R^L-Q$  as a dichloroethane (DCE) solution: either a 2.0 fold stoichiometric excess is used when  $R^L-Q$  is an acid chloride or alkyl chloroformate, or a 1.5 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^L-Q$  is a sulfonyl chloride, or a 1.25 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^L-Q$  is an isocyanate. The reaction mixtures are incubated at

20



- 5 Scheme B-8 illustrates another general synthetic method involving the parallel array reaction of a scaffold C-ii containing a secondary amine functionality within the definition of the  $R^4$  substituent. Each reaction vessel is charged with the secondary amine-containing scaffold C-ii, followed by the introduction of a stoichiometric excess of an optionally unique electrophile  $R^L-Q$  into each vessel. Reaction of scaffold C-ii with  $R^L-Q$  is effected in the presence of tertiary amine base at room temperature or elevated temperature in a mixture of a polar aprotic solvent and/or a halogenated solvent.
- 10
- 15

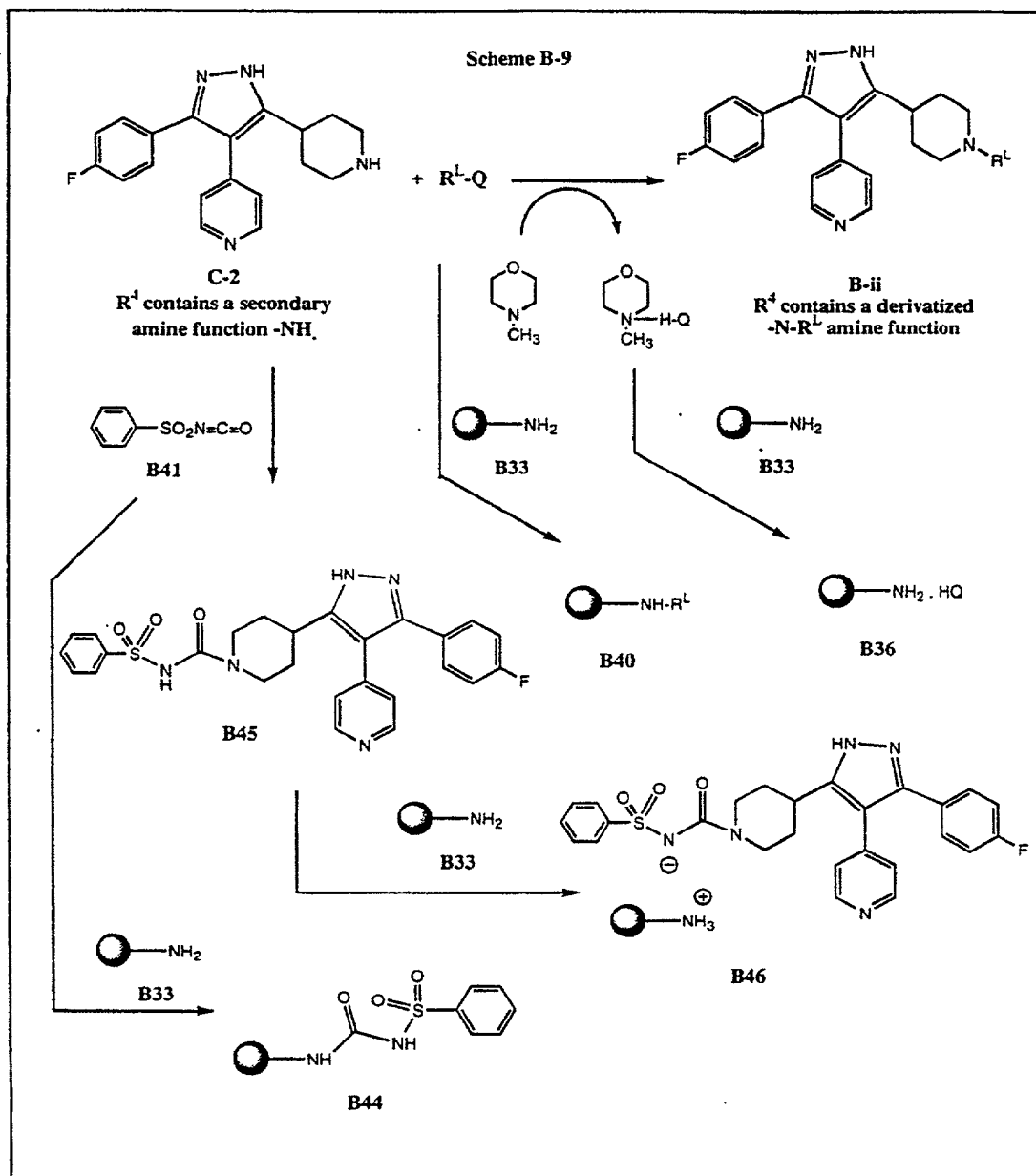
Excess electrophiles and N-methylmorpholine are used to effect more rapid and/or more complete conversion of scaffold C-ii to products B-ii compared to reactions that do not utilize stoichiometric excesses of electrophiles and N-methylmorpholine. The reaction mixtures are incubated at ambient temperature for 2-8 h. Each reaction vessel is then charged with the sequestration-enabling reagent phenylsulfonylisocyanate B41. This reagent B41 reacts with remaining secondary amine scaffold C-ii, converting C-ii to the *in situ*-derivatized compound B42. Subsequent incubation of these vessel mixtures with a large excess (15-20 fold stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin B33 sequesters the solution-phase species  $R^L-Q$ , HQ, B41, and B42 as the resin-bound adducts B40, B36, B44, and B43, respectively. The resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 14-20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel mixtures. Filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts B33, B36, B40, B43 and B44 and subsequent rinsing of the vessel resin-bed with DMF and/or DCE affords filtrates containing the purified products B-ii. Concentration of the filtrates affords the purified products B-ii.



Scheme B-9 illustrates the method of Scheme B-8 using scaffold C-2. A solution of the scaffold C-2 (limiting



amount) in dimethylformamide (DMF) is added to the reaction vessels followed by a 4.0-fold stoichiometric excess solution of N-methylmorpholine in DMF. To each reaction vessel is then added an electrophile  $R^L-Q$  as a dichloroethane (DCE) solution: either a 2.0 fold stoichiometric excess is used when  $R^L-Q$  is an acid chloride or alkyl chloroformate, or a 1.5 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^L-Q$  is a sulfonyl chloride, or a 1.25 fold stoichiometric excess when  $R^L-Q$  is an isocyanate. The reaction mixtures are incubated at ambient temperature for 2-6 h. After solution-phase reactions have progressed to afford crude product mixtures, each reaction vessel is then charged with a dichloroethane solution of the sequestration-enabling reagent phenylsulfonylisocyanate **B41**. This reagent **B41** reacts with remaining secondary amine scaffold **C-2**, converting **C-2** to the *in situ*-derivatized compound **B45**. Subsequent incubation of these vessel mixtures with a large excess (15-20 fold stoichiometric excess) of the amine-functionalized resin **B33** sequesters the solution-phase species  $R^L-Q$ , **HQ**, **B41**, and **B45** as the resin-bound adducts **B40**, **B36**, **B44**, and **B46**, respectively. The resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 20 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel mixtures. Filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts **B33**, **B36**, **B40**, **B44**, and **B46** and subsequent rinsing of the vessel resin-bed with DCE affords filtrates containing the purified products **B-ii**. Concentration of the filtrates affords the purified products **B-ii**.

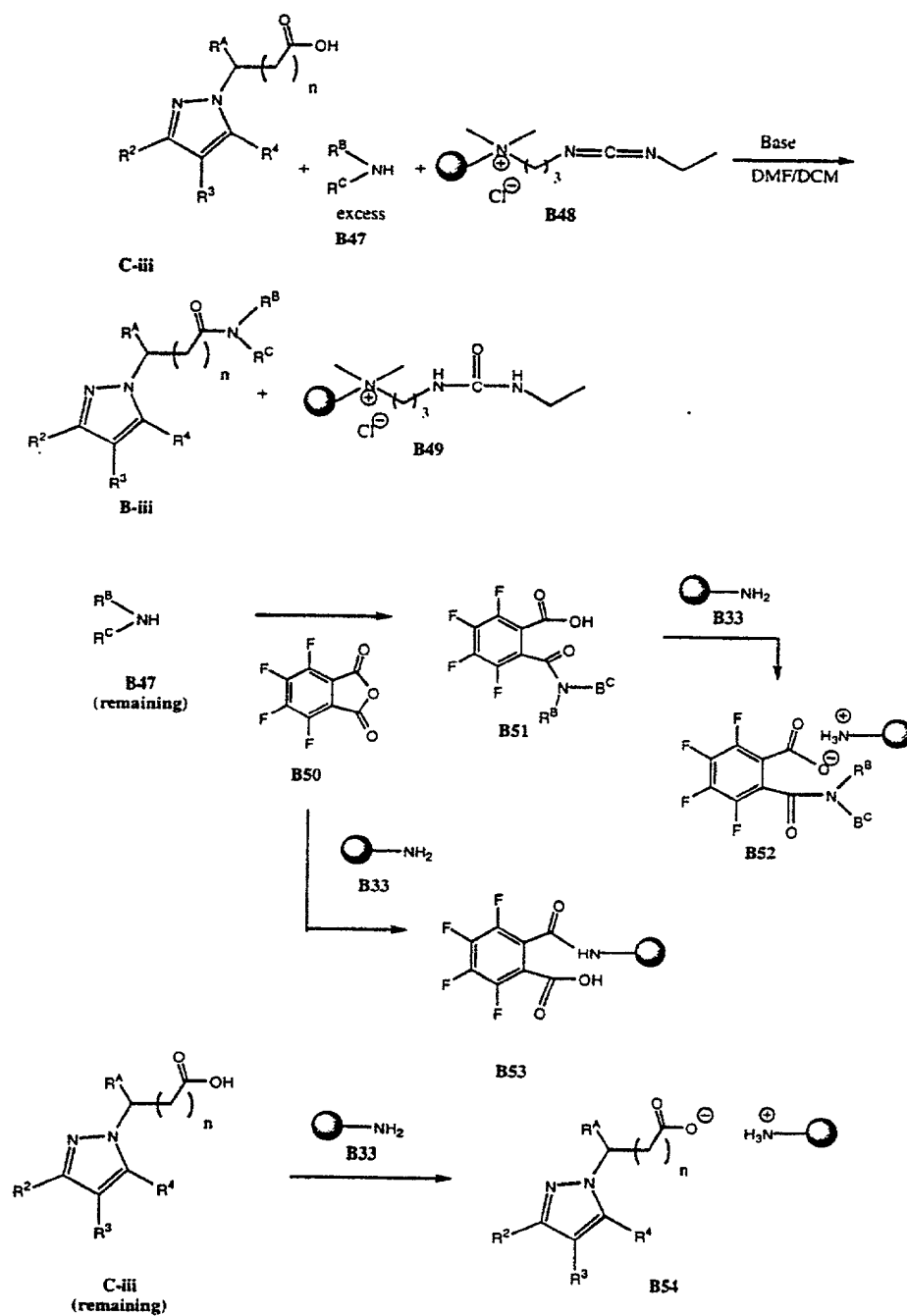


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Another general method for the parallel array reaction block synthesis is illustrated in Scheme B-10 for the derivatization of the carboxylic acid-containing scaffold

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Scheme B-10



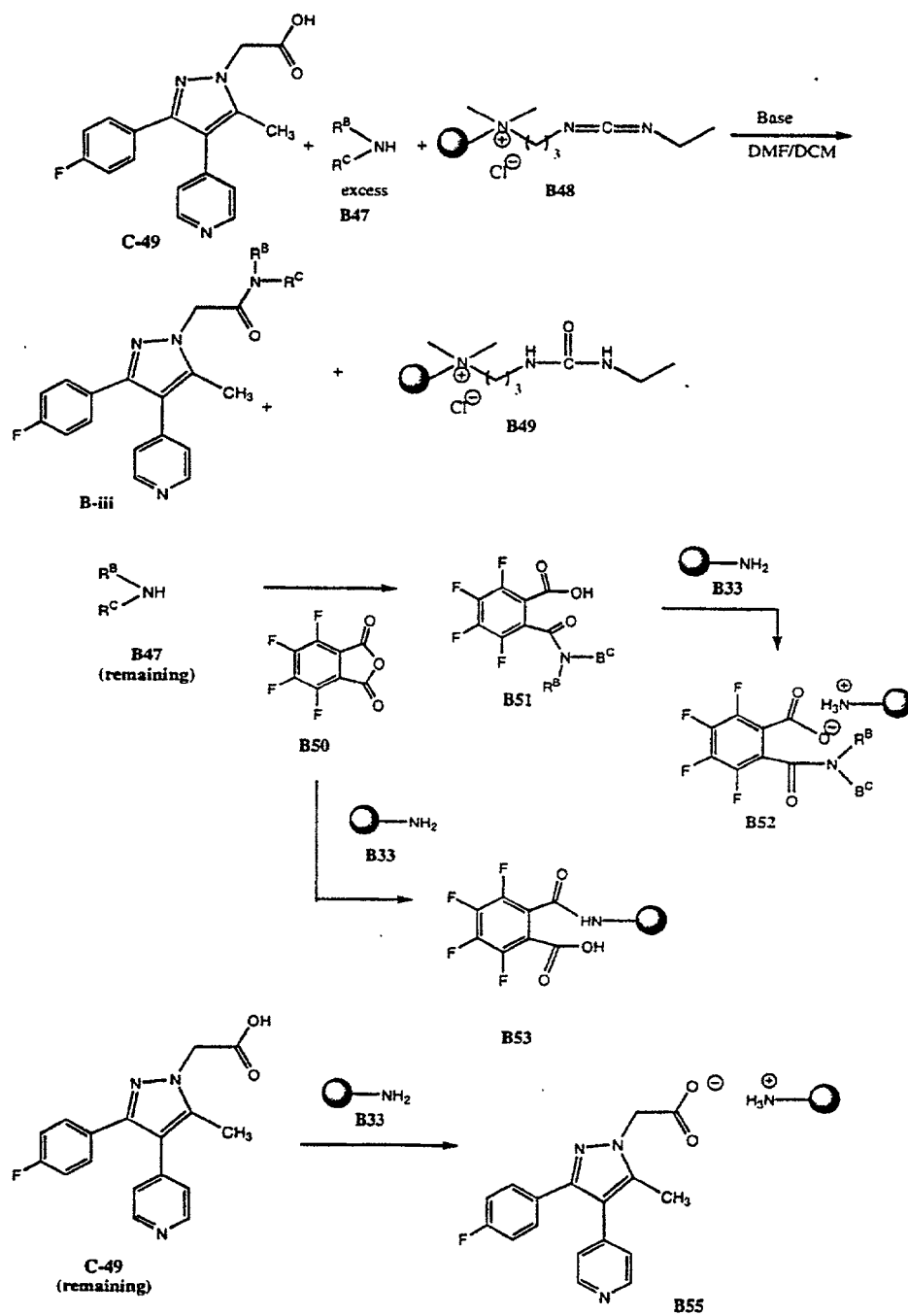
Scheme 'B-11 illustrates the conversion of the acid containing scaffold C-49 to the desired amide products B-iii in a parallel synthesis format. A limiting amount of the scaffold C-49 is added as a solution in dimethylformamide to each reaction vessel containing the polymer bound carbodiimide reagent B48 (5 fold stoichiometric excess). A solution of pyridine (4 fold stoichiometric excess) in dichloromethane is added to this slurry, followed by addition of an excess amount of a dimethylformamide solution of a unique amine B47 (1.5 fold stoichiometric excess) to each vessel. The parallel reaction block is then agitated vertically on an orbital shaker for 16-18 h at ambient temperature and filtered to separate the solution phase product mixture away from resin-bound reagent B48 and resin-bound reagent byproduct B49. The resulting solutions (filtrates) containing a mixture of the desired amide products B-iii, excess amines B47 and any unreacted acid containing scaffold C-49, are treated with tetrafluorophthalic anhydride B50. B50 converts the excess amines B47 in each filtrate vessel to its respective sequestrable half acid form B51. After two h incubation time, an excess of the amine-functionalized resin B33 and dichloromethane solvent are added to each reaction vessel. The amine-containing resin B33 converts B51, any remaining B50, and any remaining C-49 to their resin-bound adducts B52, B53, and B55, respectively. The resin-charged reaction block is shaken vertically for 16 h on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature to allow optimum agitation of the resin-containing vessel mixtures. Filtration of the insoluble resin- adducts B33, B52, B53, and B55 and subsequent rinsing of the vessel resin-bed with

dimethylformamide affords filtrates containing the purified products B-iii. Concentration of the filtrates affords the purified products B-iii.

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Scheme B-11



Although Schemes B-1 through B-11 describe the use of parallel array chemical library technology to prepare compounds of general formulae **B-i**, **B-ii**, and **B-iii**, it is noted that one with ordinary skill in the art of classical synthetic organic chemistry would be able to prepare **B-i**, **B-ii**, and **B-iii** by conventional means (one compound prepared at a time in conventional glassware and purified by conventional means such as chromatography and/or crystallization).

A general synthesis of pyridylpyrazole scaffolds **C-i**, **C-ii**, and **C-iii** is depicted in Scheme C-1.

Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but not limited to n-butyllithium (n-BuLi), lithium di-isopropylamide (LDA), lithium hexamethyldisilazide (LiHMDS), potassium t-butoxide (tBuOK), or sodium hydride (NaH) in an organic solvent such as tetrahydrofuran (THF), diethyl ether, t-butyl methyl ether, t-BuOH or dioxane from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The metallated picoline solution is then added to a solution of ester **B56**. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the temperature may range from -20 °C to 120 °C. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl monoketone **B57** is isolated as a crude solid which can be purified by crystallization and/or chromatography.



Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone **B57** in ether, THF, tBuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH contained in hexane, THF, diethyl ether, t-butyl methyl ether, or t-BuOH from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from ranging from 10 minutes to 3 hours. An appropriately substituted activated ester or acid halide derived from  $R^4\text{-CO}_2\text{H}$  is then added as a solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone anion of **B57** while the temperature is maintained between -50 °C and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time from 5 minutes to three hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone intermediate **B58** is utilized without purification in Step C.

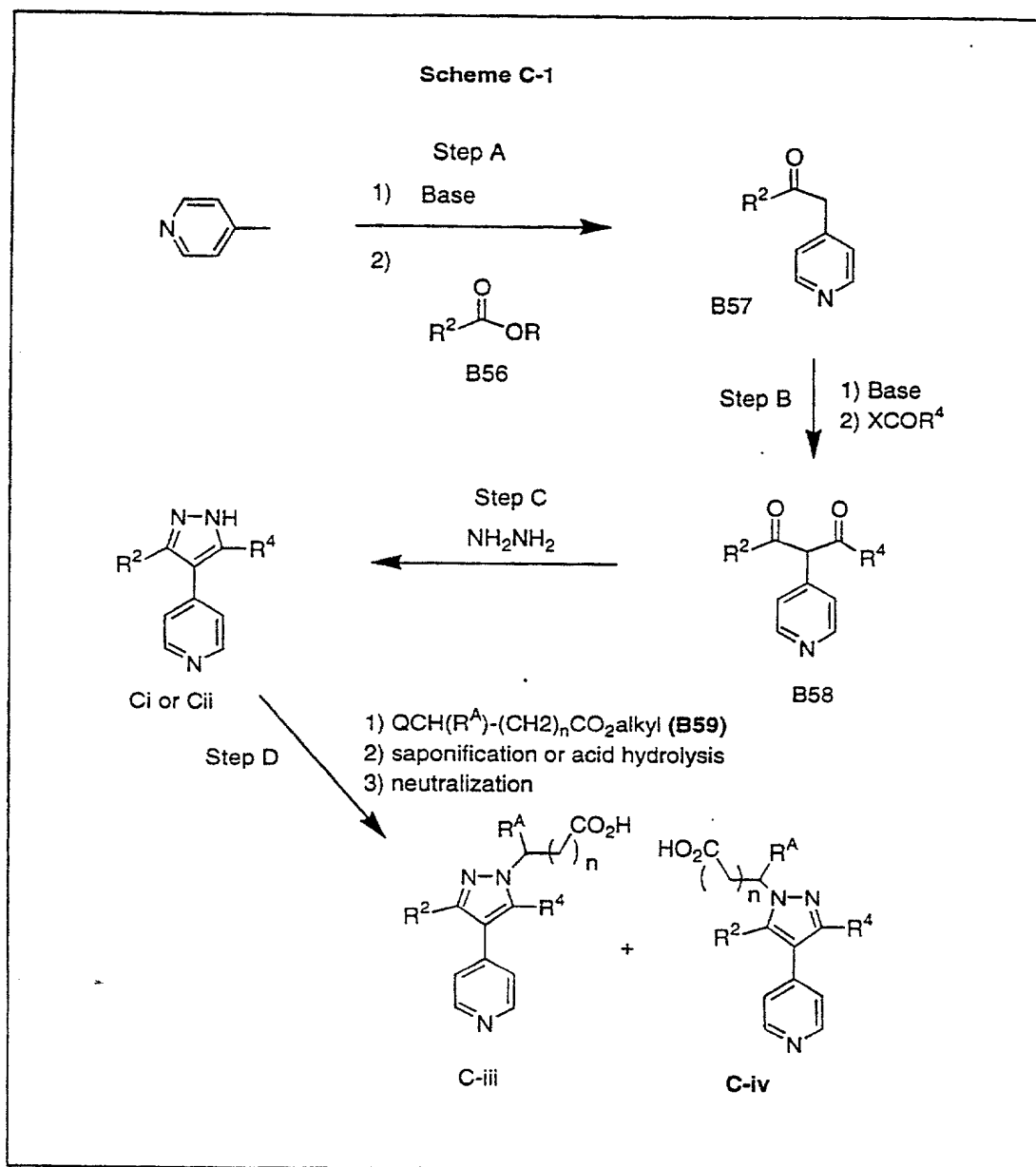
Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone **B58** is quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from HOAc,  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ , HCl, or  $\text{HNO}_3$ . The temperature during this step is maintained between -20 °C and room temperature. Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate was then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C for a period of 30 minutes to three hours. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The pyridyl pyrazole **C-i** or **C-ii** is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

Step: D In some cases the pyridyl pyrazole **C-i** or **C-ii** is alkylated with  $\text{Q-C(R}^A\text{)}-(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CO}_2\text{alkyl}$  wherein Q is halogen. **C-i** or **C-ii** is treated with a base chosen from NaH, NaOEt, KOtBu, or  $\text{NEt}_3$  in an organic solvent such as THF, methylene chloride, dioxane, or DMF at temperatures

between -20 °C and 150 °C and reaction times between 30 minutes and 12 hours. The resulting alkylated pyridyl pyrazole ester is then hydrolyzed to the acid by treatment with NaOH or LiOH in aqueous/alcohol solvent mixtures or in THF/water solvent mixtures. Alternatively, the ester function is removed by treatment with an organic or inorganic acid if the alkyl residue is t-butyl. Acidification, followed by extraction with an organic solvent affords C-iii which may be purified by chromatography or crystallography. In some cases, regioisomeric alkylated products C-iv are also formed. The desired C-iii can be separated away from C-iv by chromatographic purification or by fractional crystallization.

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5 A synthesis of pyridylpyrazole scaffold C-1 is depicted in Scheme C-2.

Step A:

- Picoline is added to a solution of LiHMDS in THF at room temperature over a time period ranging from 30 minutes to 1 hour. The resulting solution is stirred for an additional 30 minutes to 1 hour at room temperature.
- 5 This solution is then added to neat ethyl p-fluorobenzoate **B60** at room temperature over 1-2 h. The mixture is then allowed to stir at room temperature for 16-24 h. Equal portions of water and ethyl acetate are then added to the reaction and the mixture is partitioned
- 10 in an extraction funnel. The organic layer is dried, filtered, and evaporated to give an oily solid. Hexanes are then added and the solid is filtered and washed with cold hexanes leaving the pyridyl monoketone **B61** for use in Step B.
- 15 Step B:
- The pyridyl monoketone **B61** is added as a solution in THF to a flask maintained at room temperature which contains t-BuOK in a THF/ t-BuOH cosolvent. A yellow precipitate forms and stirring at room temperature is continued for
- 20 1-3 h. After this time, N-Cbz-protected glycine N-hydroxysuccinimide **B62** is added dropwise at room temperature as a solution in THF over 1-3 h. This solution, containing crude diketone **B63**, is used directly in Step C.
- 25 Step C:.. The solution from step C is treated with water and the pH is adjusted to between 6 and 7 with acetic acid. Hydrazine hydrate is then added dropwise to the mixture as a solution in water over 30 minutes to 1h at room temperature. Water and ethyl acetate are then added
- 30 to the flask and the mixture is then partitioned in a separatory funnel. The organic layer is dried, filtered, and evaporated to give a crude oil which is purified by

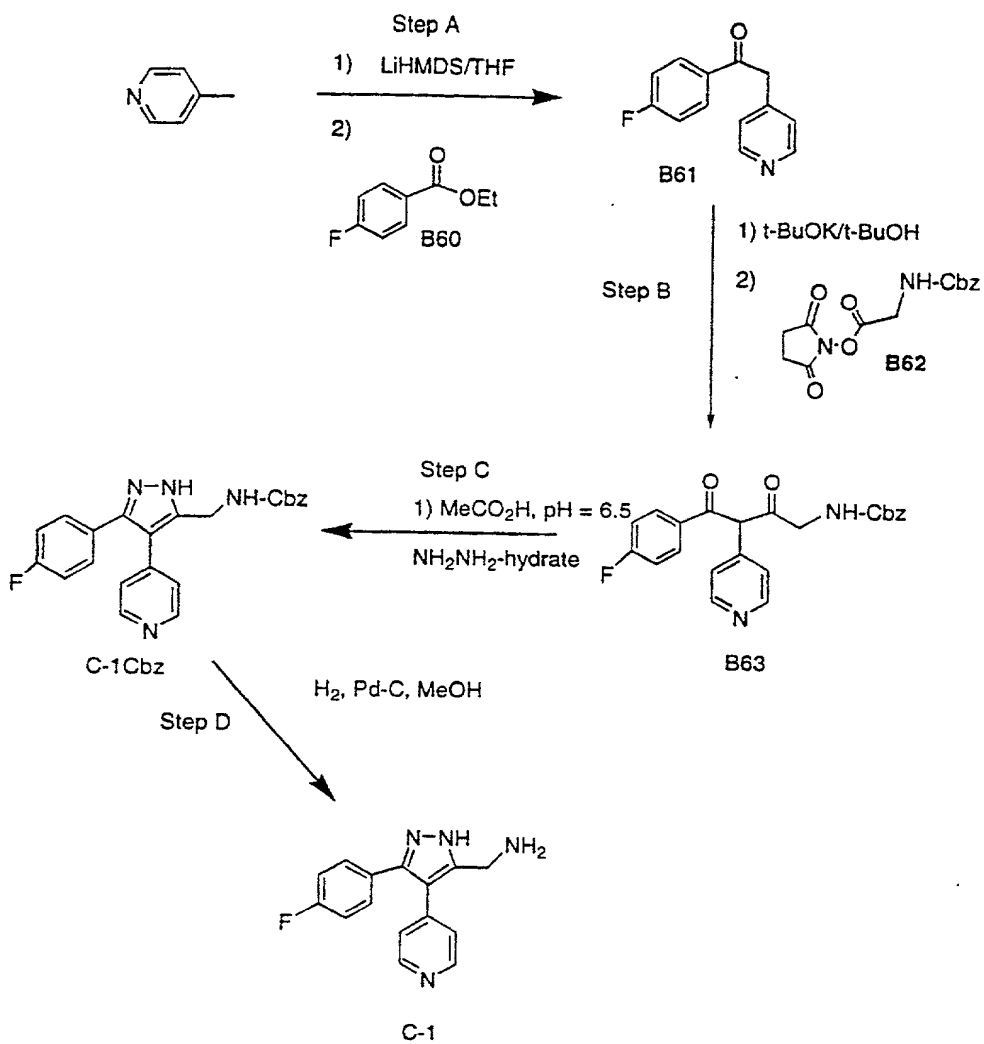
silica gel chromatography, giving rise to purified C-1Cbz.

Step: D

- 5 The Cbz protecting group contained in compound C-1Cbz is cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in methanol solvent. The resulting amine C-1 is obtained by filtration and concentration.

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## Scheme C-2



A number of pyridyl pyrazole scaffolds of type C-v are prepared as shown in Scheme C-3.

Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but not limited to *n*-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, *t*BuOK, or NaH in an organic solvent such as THF, ether, *t*-BuOH or dioxane from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The metallated picoline solution is then added to a solution of an appropriately activated ester analog of a carboxylic acid  $\text{CbzNR}^{\text{H}}-(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CR}^{\text{F}}(\text{R}^{\text{G}})-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$  or  $\text{BocNR}^{\text{H}}-(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CR}^{\text{F}}(\text{R}^{\text{G}})-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ , preferably but not limited to the N-hydroxysuccinimide **B64**. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the temperature may range from -20 °C to 120 °C. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl monoketone **B65** is isolated as a crude solid which can be purified by crystallization and/or chromatography.

Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone **B65** in ether, THF, *t*BuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen from but not limited to *n*-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, *t*BuOK, or NaH contained in hexane, THF, ether, dioxane, or *t*BuOH from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The anion sometimes precipitates as a yellow solid. An appropriately substituted activated ester such as the N-hydroxysuccinimide **B66** is then added as a solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone anion while the temperature is maintained between -50 °C and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time from ranging from 5 minutes to 3 hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone intermediate **B67** is utilized without further purification in Step C.

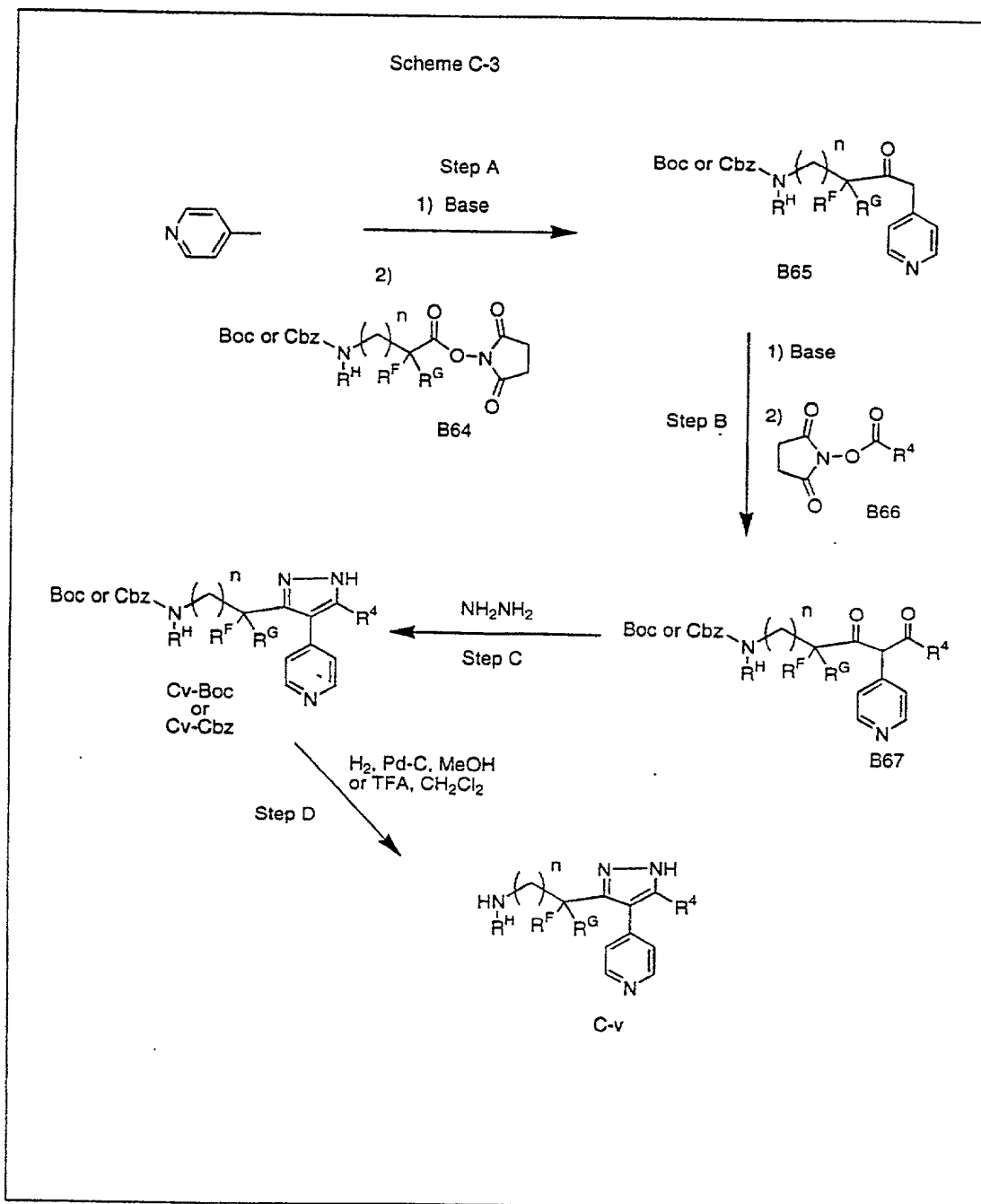
Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone **B67** is quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from HOAc, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, HCl, or HNO<sub>3</sub>. The temperature during this step is maintained between -20 °C and room temperature. Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate is then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C for a period of 30 minutes to three hours. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The pyridyl pyrazole **C-vBoc** or **C-vCbz** is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

Step: D

The carbamate protecting groups from **C-vBoc** or **C-vCbz** are removed to afford the scaffolds **C-v** containing either a free primary amine (R<sup>H</sup> is hydrogen) or a free secondary amine (R<sup>H</sup> not equal to hydrogen). The Boc protecting carbamate groups are cleaved utilizing 1:1 trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)/methylene chloride at room temperature for several hours. The CBZ carbamate protecting groups are cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in an alcoholic solvent. The resulting amines **C-v** are then optionally crystallized or purified by chromatography.



Scheme C-3



The synthesis of scaffolds **C-vi** is accomplished as shown in Scheme C-4.

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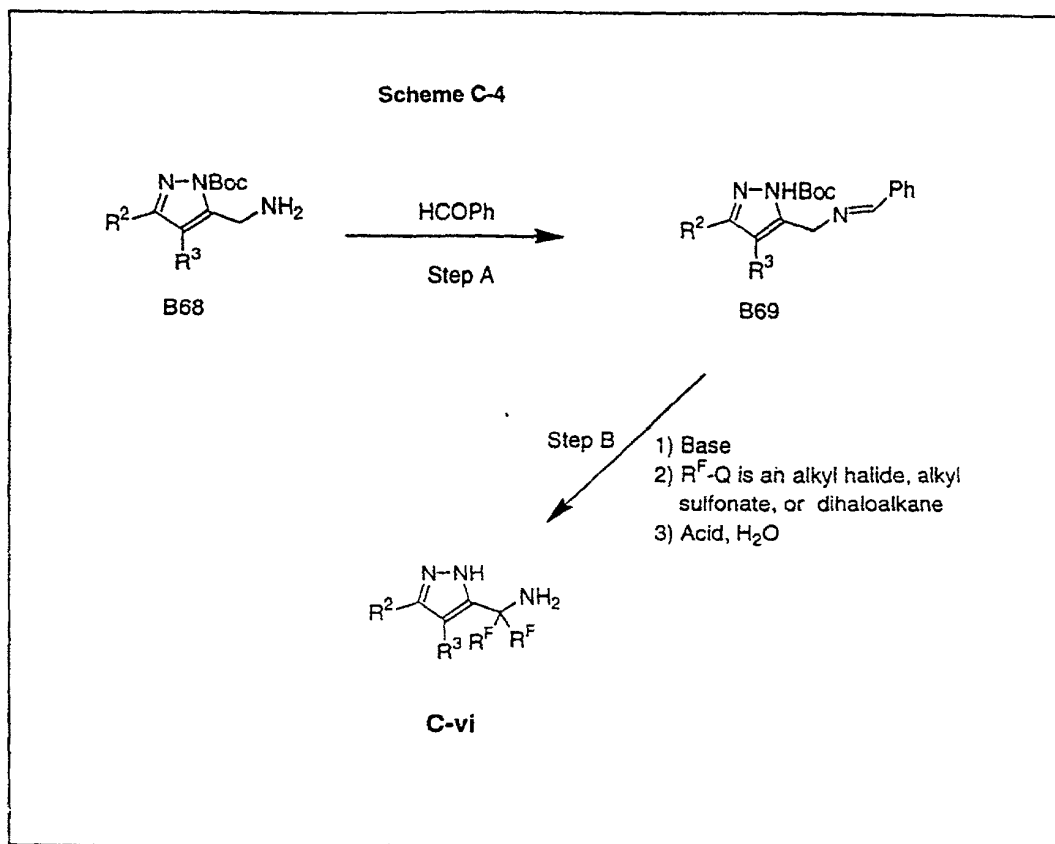
Step A:

A Boc protected pyridylpyrazole **B68** is treated with benzaldehyde in methylene chloride at room temperature in the presence of a drying agent for a period of time ranging from 1-24 h. Solvent is then evaporated and the resulting imine **B69** is used in step B without further purification.

Step B:

15 The pyridylpyrazole imine **B69** is dissolved in THF and stirred under nitrogen at temperatures ranging from -78 to -20 °C. A base such as LDA, *n*-BuLi, or LiHMDS is added dropwise to the mixture which is then stirred for an additional 10 minutes to 3 h. Two-five equivalents of an alkylating agent  $R^F-Q$  are then added to the mixture and stirring is continued for several hours. The mixture is then quenched with acid and allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred several hours until cleavage of the Boc and the imine functions is complete. The pH is adjusted to 12 and then the mixture is extracted with an organic solvent, which is dried and evaporated. The crude pyridylpyrazole is then crystallized and/or chromatographed to give **C-vi**.

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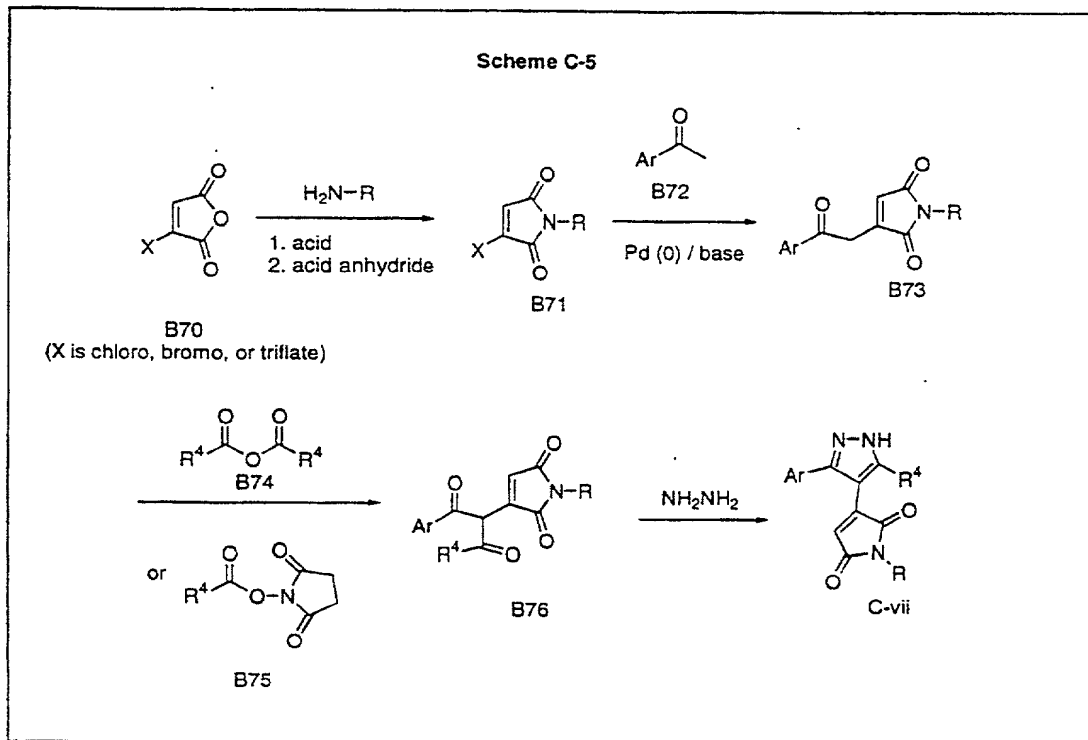


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The synthesis of maleimide-containing scaffolds **C-vii** is accomplished as shown in Scheme C-5.

The maleimide pyrazole scaffolds **C-vii** are synthesized as depicted in scheme C-5. Condensation reaction of a primary amine  $\text{H}_2\text{N-R}$  with a maleic anhydride **B70** that is substituted at position 3 with either a bromo, chloro, or triflate group generates compound **B71**. The formed maleimide derivative **B71** then reacts with an acetophenone derivative **B72** in the presence of a  $\text{Pd}(0)$

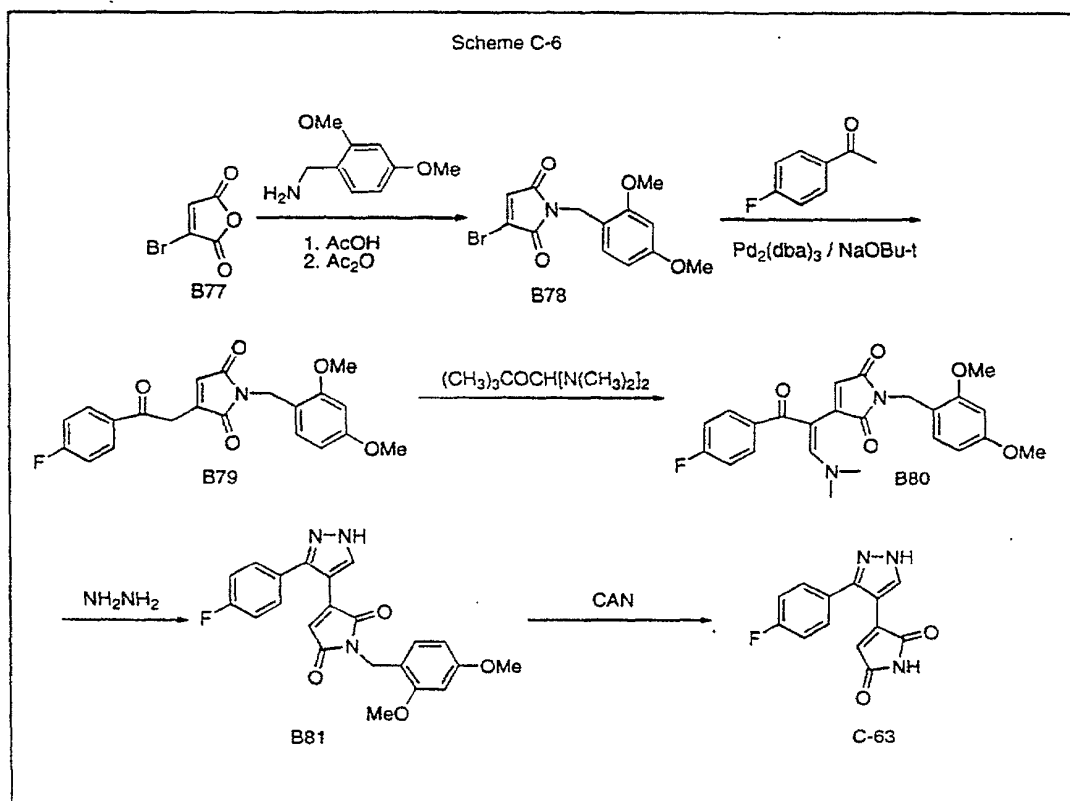
catalyst and base to afford compound **B73**. The methylene position of **B73** is then acylated with an acid anhydride **B74** or an activated acid ester **B75**, forming the di-ketone derivative **B76**. The di-ketone **B76** condenses with hydrazine to afford the desired maleimide pyrazole scaffold **C-vii**.



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Scheme C-6 illustrates the synthesis of the maleimide pyrazole scaffold **C-63** wherein  $R^4$  is hydrogen. The synthesis starts with the condensation reaction of bromomaleic anhydride **B77** with 2, 4-dimethoxybenzylamine in acetic acid and acetic anhydride, giving rise to intermediate **B78**. The maleimide **B78** is then treated with 4'-fluoroacetophenone in the presence of catalytic amount

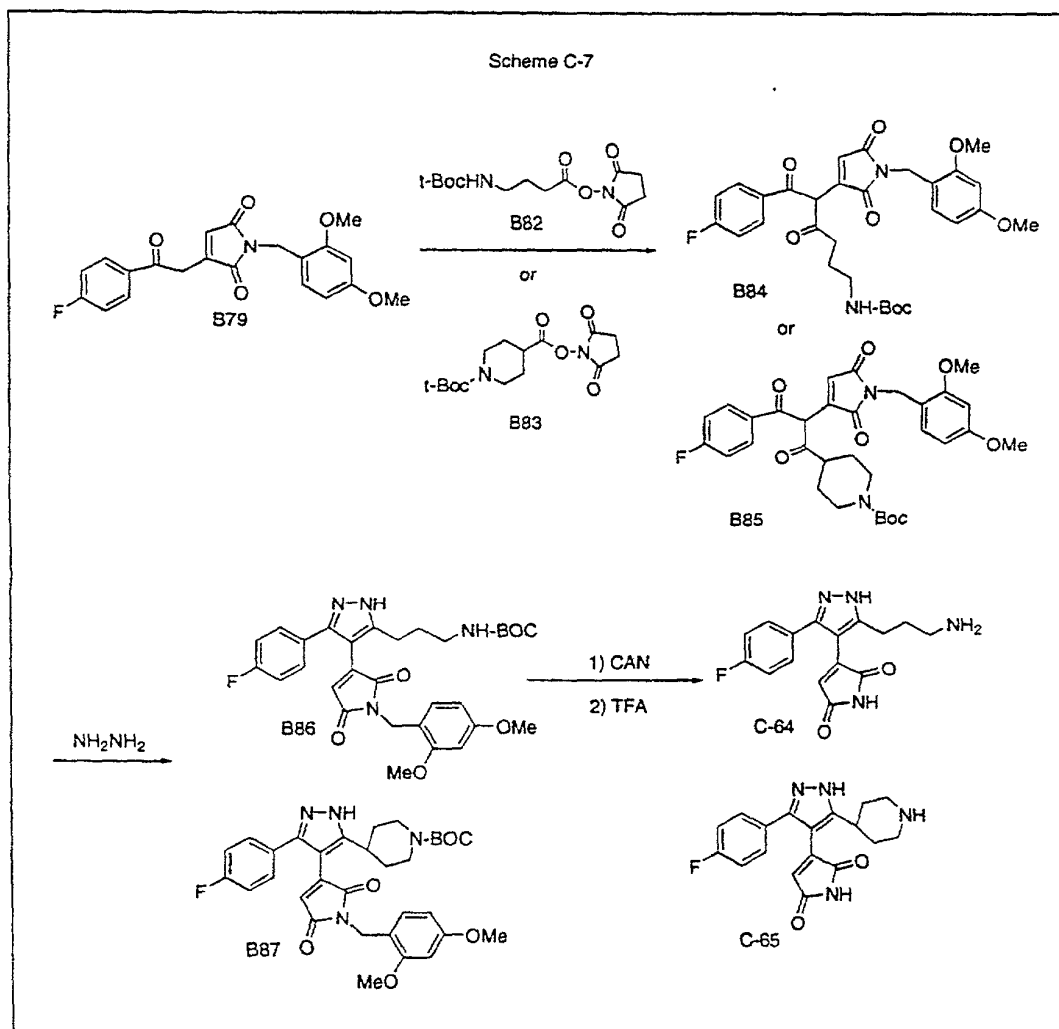
$\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$  and sodium *t*-butoxide to form the fluoroacetophenone substituted maleimide **B79**. The **B79** is treated with *tert*-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane to yield the  $\alpha$ -ketoenamine **B80**. The  $\alpha$ -ketoenamine **B80** is condensed with hydrazine to form the maleimide pyrazole skeleton **B81**. The 2, 4-dimethoxybenzyl group protecting group is optionally removed with ceric ammonium nitrate (CAN) to give compound **C-63**.



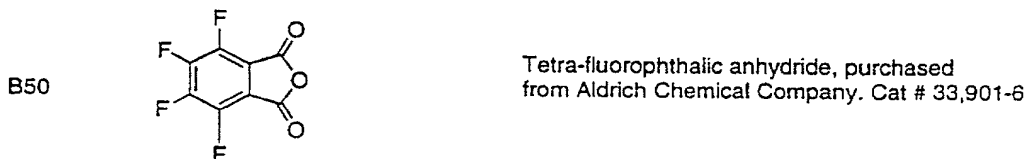
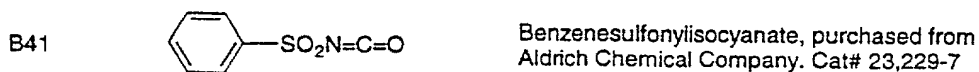
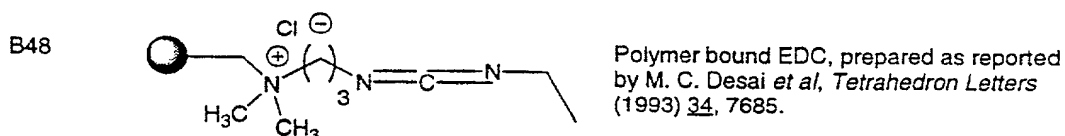
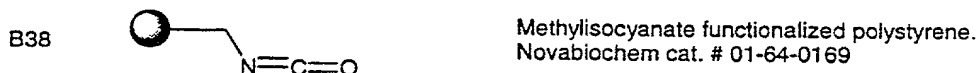
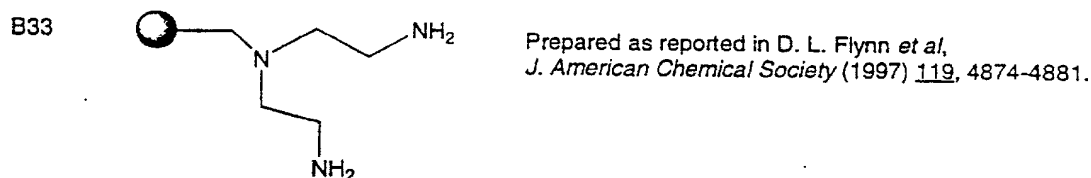
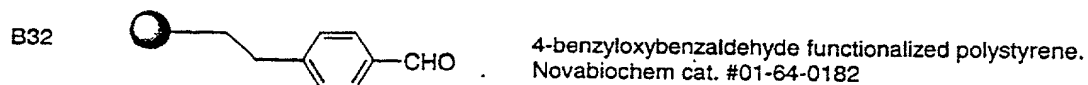
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Scheme C-7 illustrates the synthesis of maleimide-containing scaffolds **C-64** and **C-65**. These scaffolds **C-49** and **C-50** are synthesized according to the general methods

illustrated in Scheme C-5 and exemplified with the utilization of N-hydroxysuccinimides **B82** and **B83** to afford the maleimide-containing pyrazoles **B86** and **B87**, respectively. Optional removal of the 2,4-dimethoxybenzyl groups with CAN and subsequent removal of the Boc-protecting groups with trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) affords the scaffolds **C-64** and **C-65**.



The various functionalized resins and sequestration-enabling-reagents utilized to prepare and purify parallel reaction mixtures are more fully described below, including their commercial source or literature reference to their preparation.



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Experimental procedure for the parallel synthesis of a series of amides, carbamates, ureas and sulfonamides B-0001 through B-0048 from scaffold C-1.

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#### Examples B-0001 through B-0048

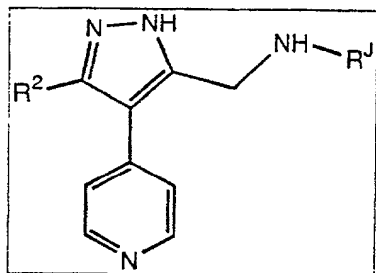
To each reaction vessel (polypropylene syringe tubes fitted with a porous frit, closed at the bottom) of a parallel reaction apparatus was added 200 uL of dimethylformamide. A stock solution of the scaffold amine C-1 in dimethylformamide (0.1 M, 500 uL) was added to each reaction vessel followed by the addition of a stock solution of N-methylmorpholine in dimethylformamide (1.0 M., 200 uL). A stock solution of each of the electrophiles was then added to the appropriate reaction vessels: a) 500 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the acid chlorides in dichloroethane or b) 500 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the chloroformates in dichloroethane or c) 313 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the isocyanates in dichloroethane or d) 375 uL of a 0.2 M solution of the sulfonyl chlorides in dichloroethane. The parallel reaction apparatus was then orbitally shaken (Labline Benchtop orbital shaker) at 200 RPM at ambient



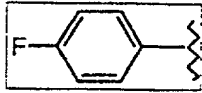
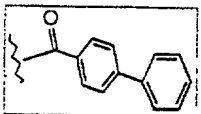
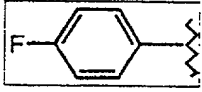
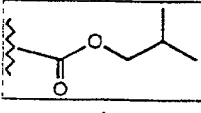
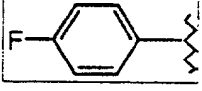
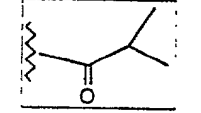
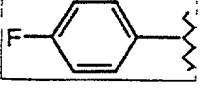
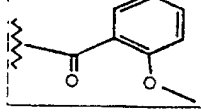
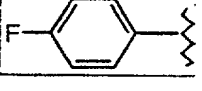
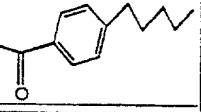
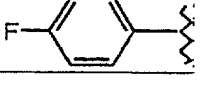
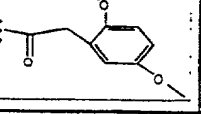
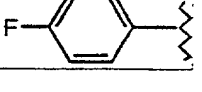
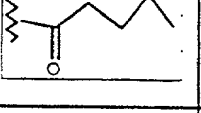
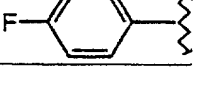

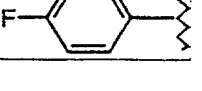

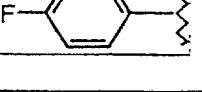
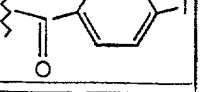
temperature (23-30 °C) for a period of 2-3 h, under a gentle flow of nitrogen. At this time each reaction vessel was treated with approximately 250 mg of polyamine resin **B33** (4.0 meq N/g resin) and approximately 100 mg of polyaldehyde resin **B32** (2.9 mmol/g resin). Each reaction vessel was diluted with 1 mL dimethylformamide and 1 mL dichloroethane and the orbital shaking was continued at 200 RPM for a period of 14-20 h at ambient temperature. Each reaction vessel was then opened and the desired solution phase products separated from the insoluble quenched byproducts by filtration and collected in individual conical vials. Each vessel was rinsed twice with dichloroethane (1 mL) and the rinsings were also collected. The solutions obtained were then evaporated to dryness in a Savant apparatus (an ultracentrifuge equipped with high vacuum, scalable temperature settings and a solvent trap to condense the volatile solvent vapors). The resulting amide, carbamate, urea and sulfonamide products were then weighed and characterized. The yields and analytical data for the products obtained using this method are shown below.

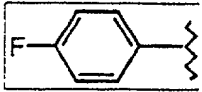
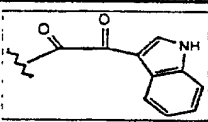
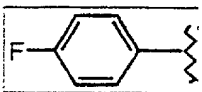
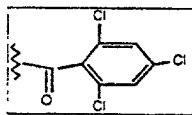
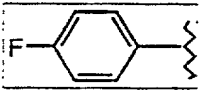
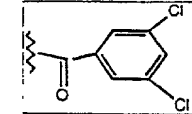
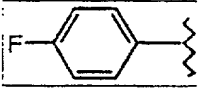
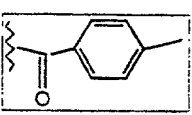
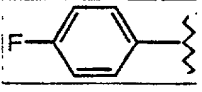
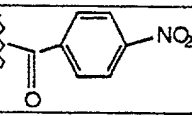
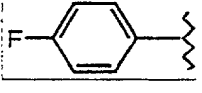
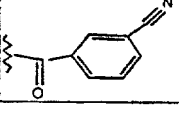
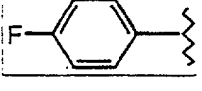
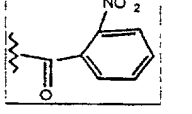
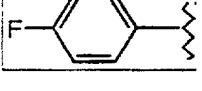
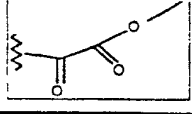
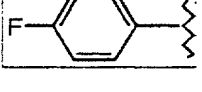
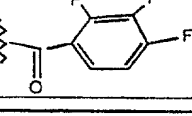
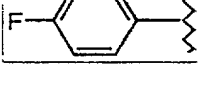
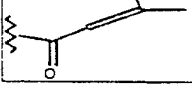
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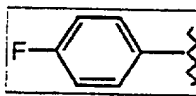
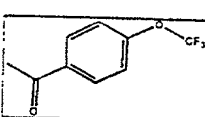
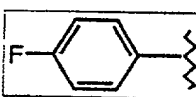
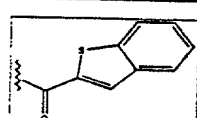
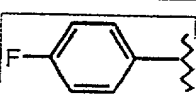
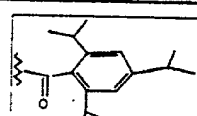
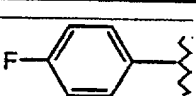
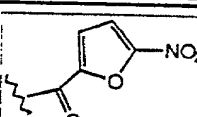
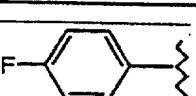
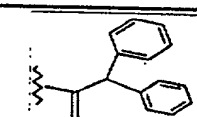
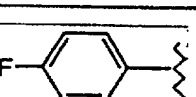
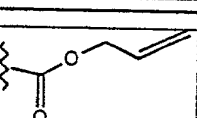
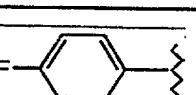
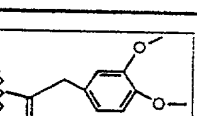
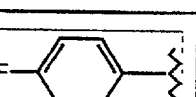
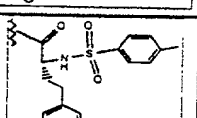
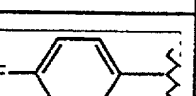
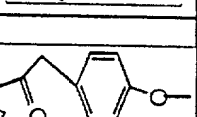
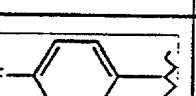
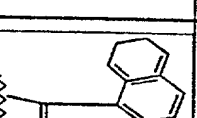
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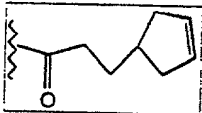
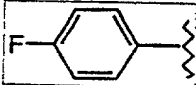
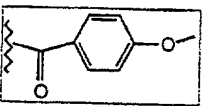
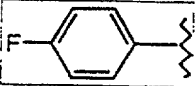
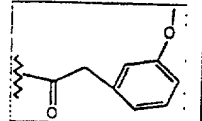
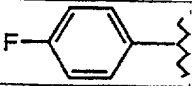
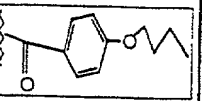
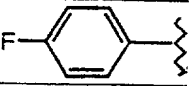
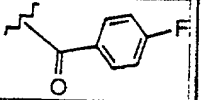
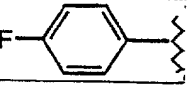
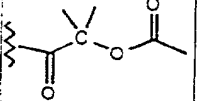
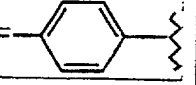
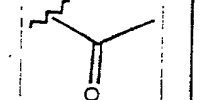
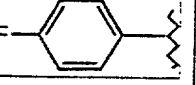
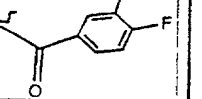
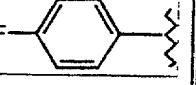
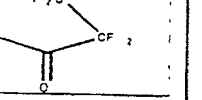
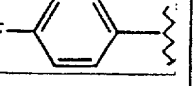
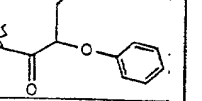
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0001			85	397	398
B-0002			94	412	413
B-0003			91	340	341
B-0004			79	368	369
B-0005			92	498	499
B-0006			92	416	417
B-0007			86	450	451

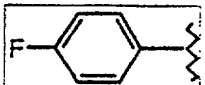
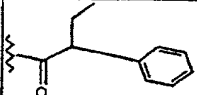
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0008			86	448	449
B-0009			83	368	369
B-0010			86	338	339
B-0011			92	402	403
B-0012			74	442	443
B-0013			91	446	447
B-0014			84	352	353
B-0015			94	380	381
B-0016			89	440	441
B-0017			83	498	499

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0018			24	439	440
B-0019			89	474	475
B-0020			90	440	441
B-0021			85	386	387
B-0022			35	417	418
B-0023			94	397	398
B-0024			87	417	418
B-0025			5	354	-
B-0026			87	426	427
B-0027			89	350	351

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0028			92	456	457
B-0029			89	428	429
B-0030			37	498	499
B-0031			18	407	408
B-0032			86	462	463
B-0033			3	352	-
B-0034			92	446	447
B-0035			28	569	570
B-0036			93	416	417
B-0037			91	422	423

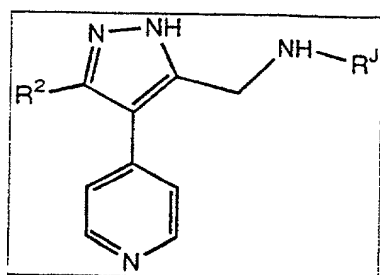
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Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0038			84	390	393
B-0039			87	402	403
B-0040			92	416	417
B-0041			75	444	445
B-0042			54	390	391
B-0043			80	396	397
B-0044			81	310	311
B-0045			91	408	409
B-0046			25	464	465
B-0047			88	430	431

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0048			95	414	415



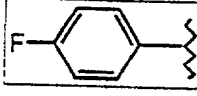
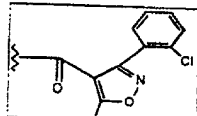
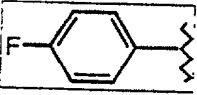
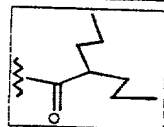
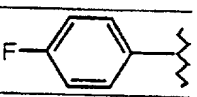
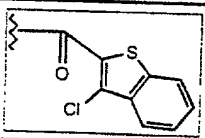
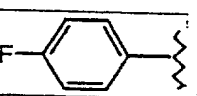
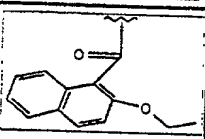
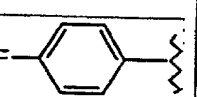
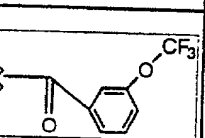
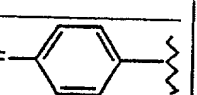
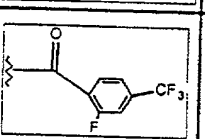
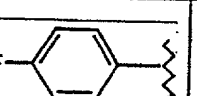
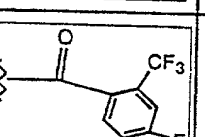
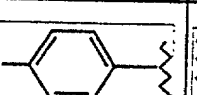
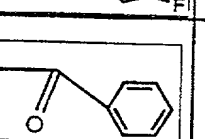
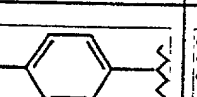

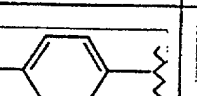
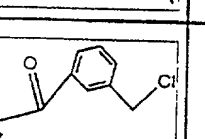




## Example#

	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0049			85	414	415
B-0050			9	458	459
B-0051			91	426	427
B-0052			79	407	408
B-0053			92	407	408
B-0054			92	363	364
B-0055			86	505	506

Example#

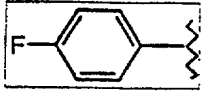

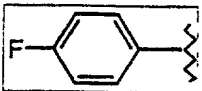
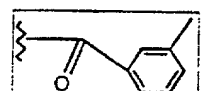
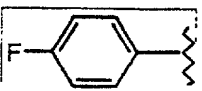
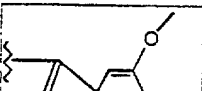
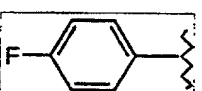

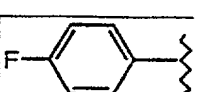
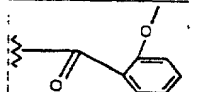
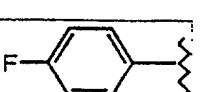
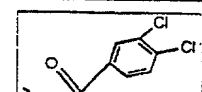
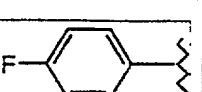
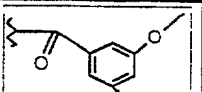
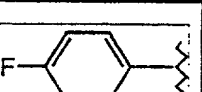
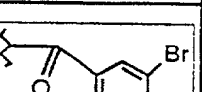
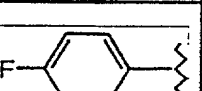
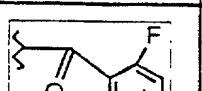
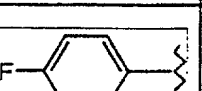
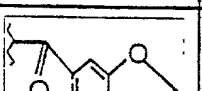
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0056			86	487	488
B-0057			83	394	395
B-0058			86	462	463
B-0059			92	466	467
B-0060			74	456	457
B-0061			35	458	459
B-0062			94	458	459
B-0063			87	372	373
B-0064			5	394	395
B-0065			87	420	395

Example#

R<sup>2</sup>R<sup>1</sup>

%Yield

Calcd.  
Mass SpecObserved  
Mass Spec  
(M+H)

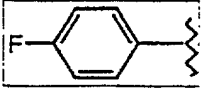
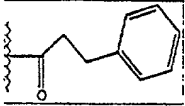
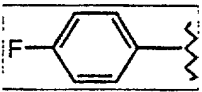
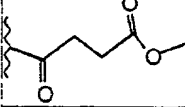
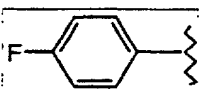
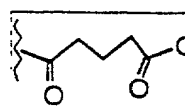
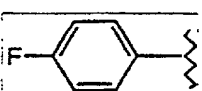
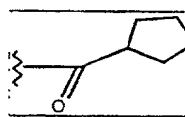
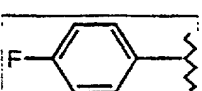
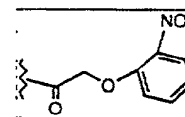
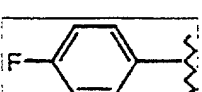
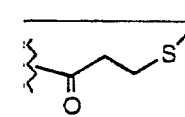
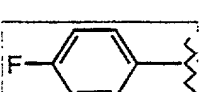
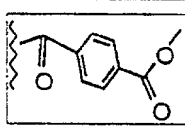
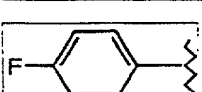
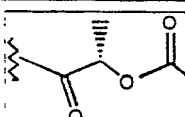
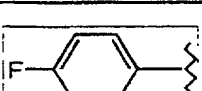
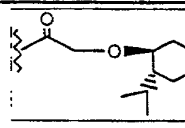
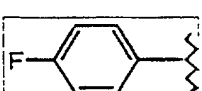
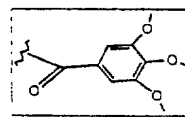
B-0066			89	350	351
B-0067			92	386	387
B-0068			89	432	433
B-0069			37	390	391
B-0070			18	432	433
B-0071			86	440	441
B-0072			3	432	433
B-0073			92	450	451
B-0074			28	390	391
B-0075			93	402	403

Example#

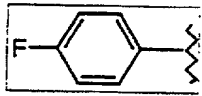
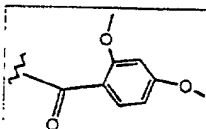
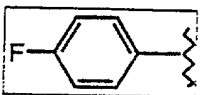
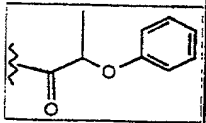
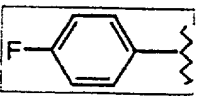
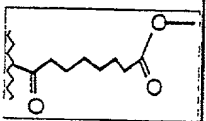
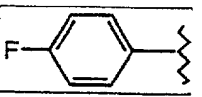
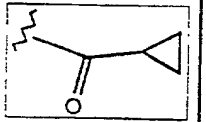
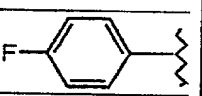
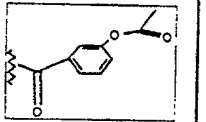
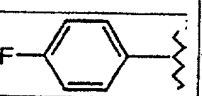
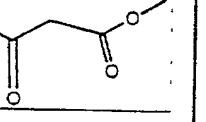
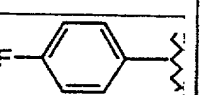
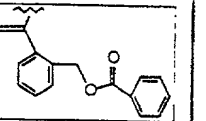
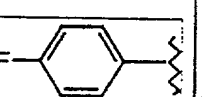
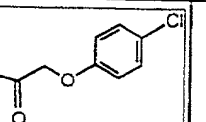
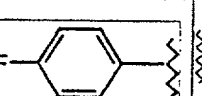
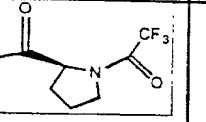
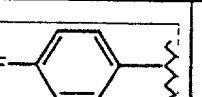
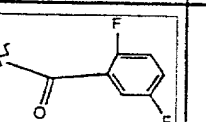
R<sup>2</sup>R<sup>1</sup>

%Yield

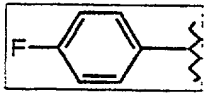
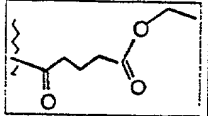
Calcd.  
Mass SpecObserved  
Mass Spec  
(M+H)

B-0076			91	400	401
B-0077			84	382	383
B-0078			87	396	397
B-0079			92	364	365
B-0080			75	447	448
B-0081			54	370	371
B-0082			80	430	431
B-0083			81	382	383
B-0084			91	464	465
B-0085			25	462	463

## Example#


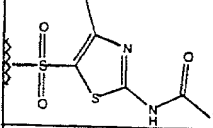
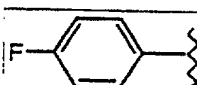
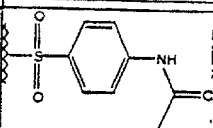
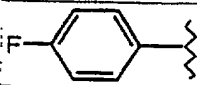
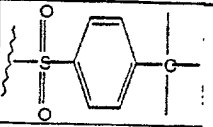
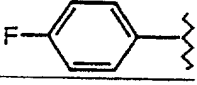
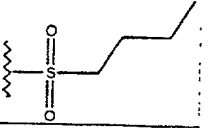
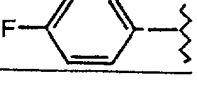
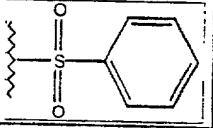
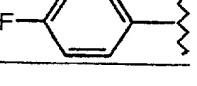
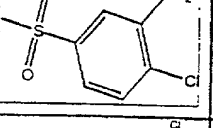
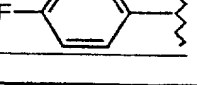
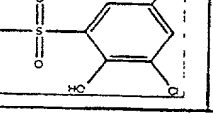
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0086			88	432	433
B-0087			95	416	417
B-0088				438	439
B-0089				336	337
B-0090				444	445
B-0091				368	369
B-0092				506	507
B-0093				436	437
B-0094				461	462
B-0095				408	409

Example#

	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0096				410	411

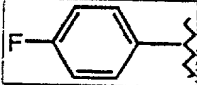
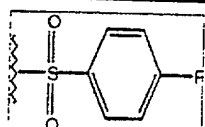
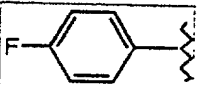
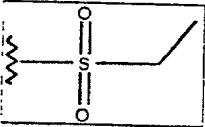
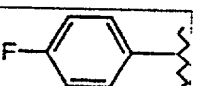
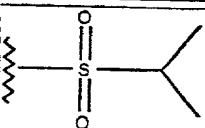
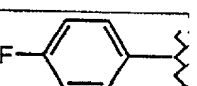
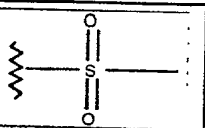
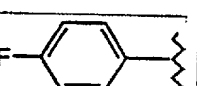
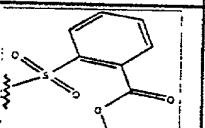
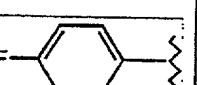
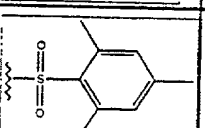
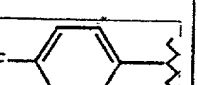
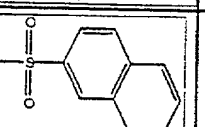
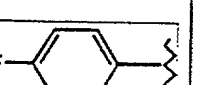
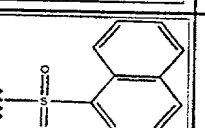
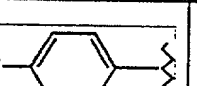
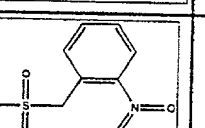
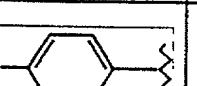
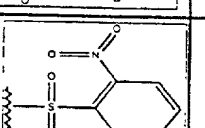
1004301-0372001

Example#

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0097			14	486	487
B-0098			8	465	-
B-0099			75	464	465
B-0100			72	388	389
B-0101			23	408	409
B-0102			37	487	488
B-0103			11	492	493

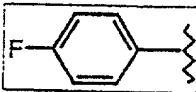
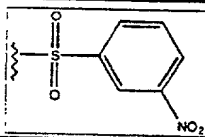
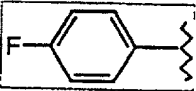
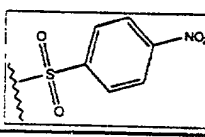
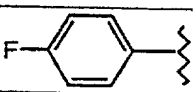
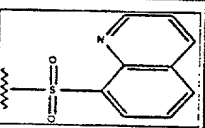
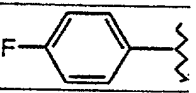
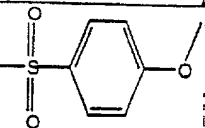
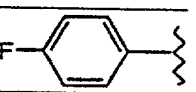
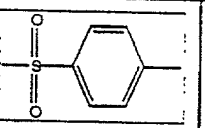
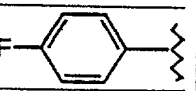
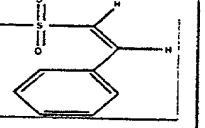
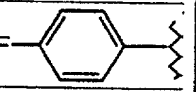
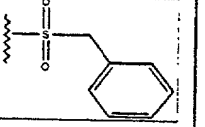
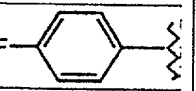
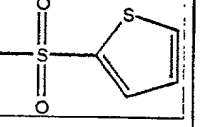
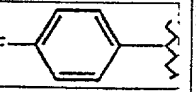
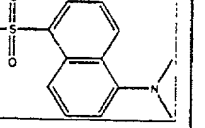
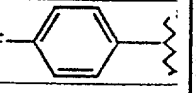
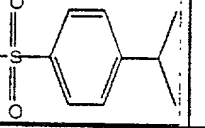
100480 4004

Example#

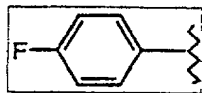
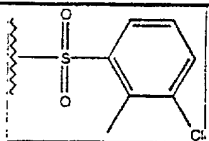
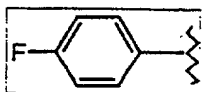
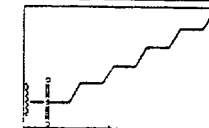
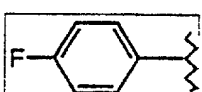
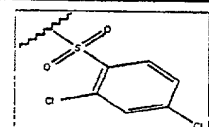
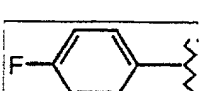
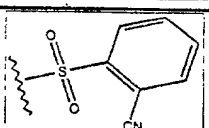
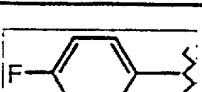
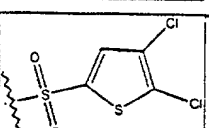
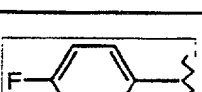
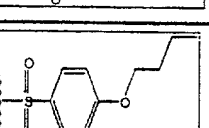
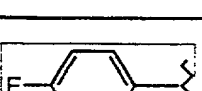
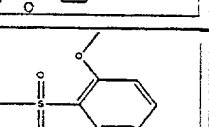

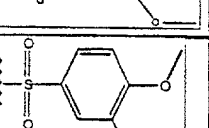

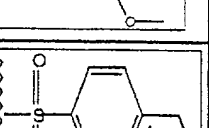

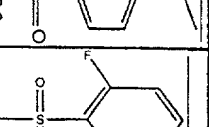
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0104			59	426	427
B-0105			79	360	361
B-0106			56	374	375
B-0107			33	346	347
B-0108			12	466	467
B-0109			65	450	451
B-0110			55	458	459
B-0111			41	458	459
B-0112			19	467	468
B-0113			78	453	454



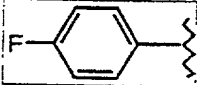
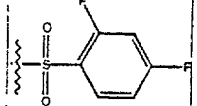
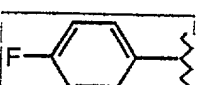
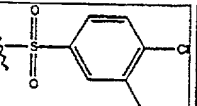
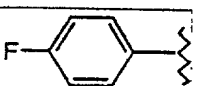
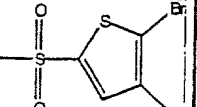
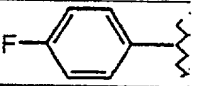
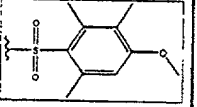
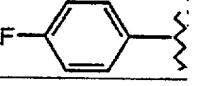
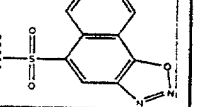
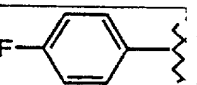
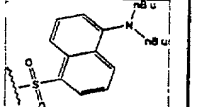
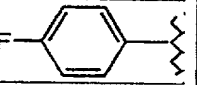
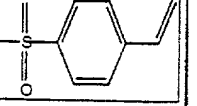
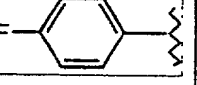
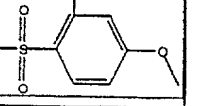
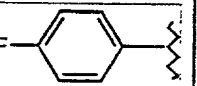

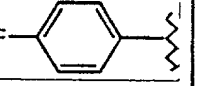
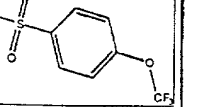
## Example#

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0114			14	453	454
B-0115			33	453	
B-0116			11	459	487
B-0117			77	438	439
B-0118			52	422	423
B-0119			82	434	435
B-0120			49	422	423
B-0121			64	414	415
B-0122			87	501	502
B-0123			100	450	451

Example#

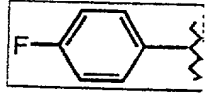
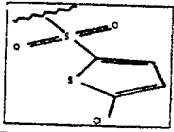
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0124			87	456	457
B-0125			45	472	473
B-0126			100	476	477
B-0127			100	433	434
B-0128			100	482	-
B-0129			96	480	481
B-0130			93	468	469
B-0131			90	468	469
B-0132			78	436	437
B-0133			76	426	427

Example#

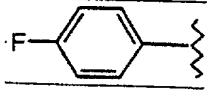
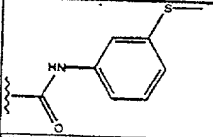
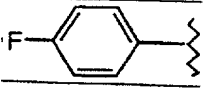
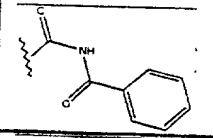
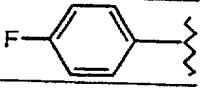
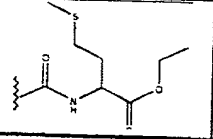
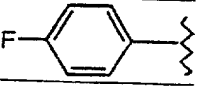
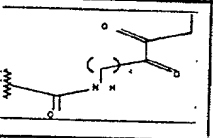
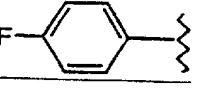
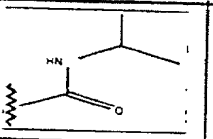
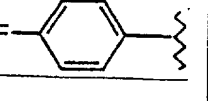
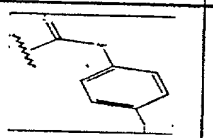
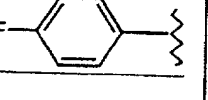
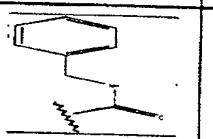
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0134			87	444	445
B-0135			67	476	477
B-0136			100	570	-
B-0137			35	480	481
B-0138			60	500	-
B-0139			73	585	586
B-0140			62	434	459
B-0141			100	483	484
B-0142			90	444	445
B-0143			61	492	493

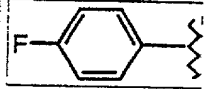
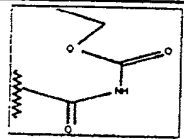
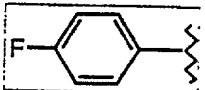
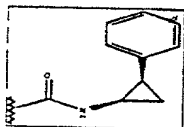
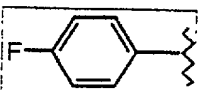
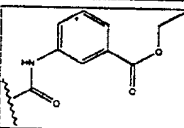
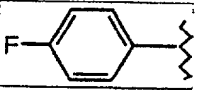
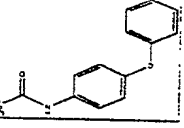
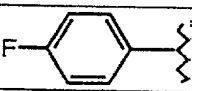
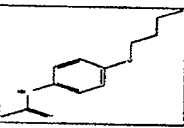
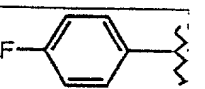
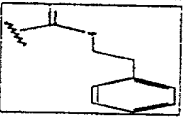
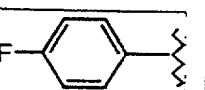
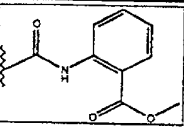
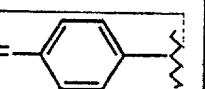
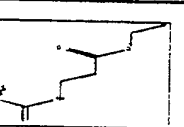
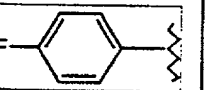
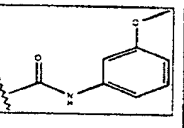
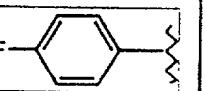
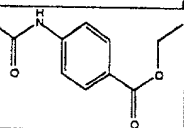
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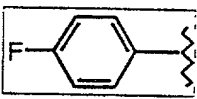
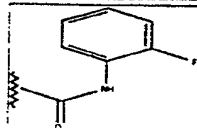
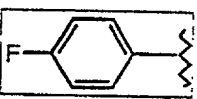
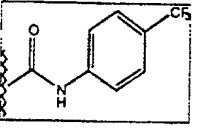
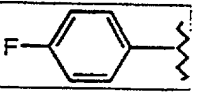
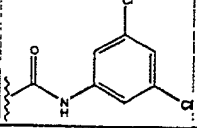
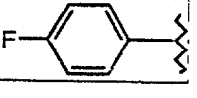
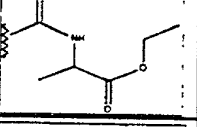
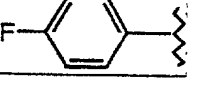
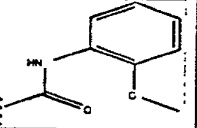
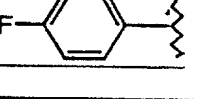
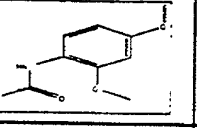
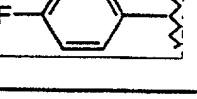
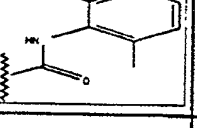
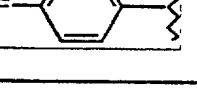
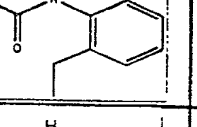

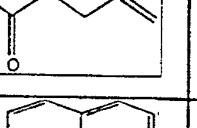
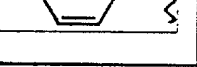

Example#

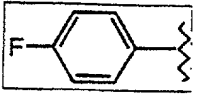
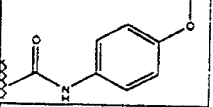
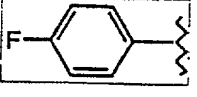
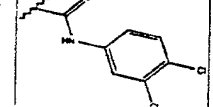
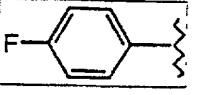
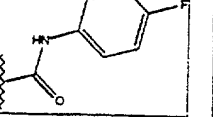
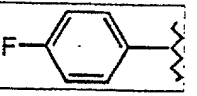
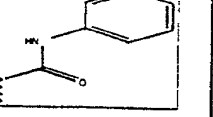
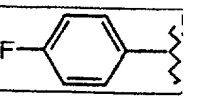
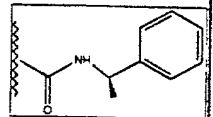
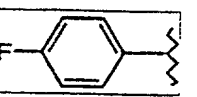
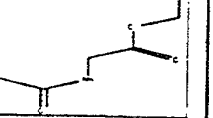
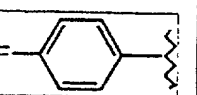
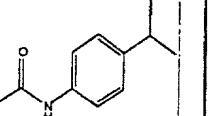
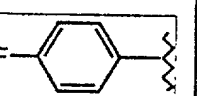
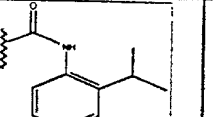
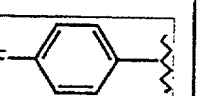
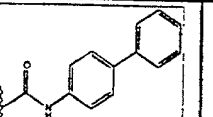
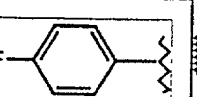
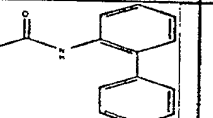
	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0144			49	448	449

B-0144-082F2007

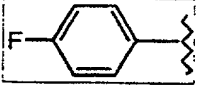
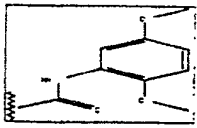
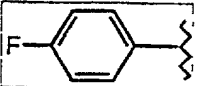
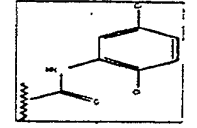
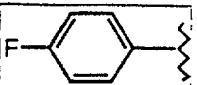
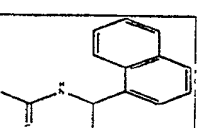
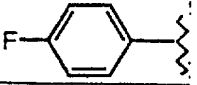
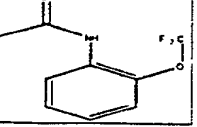
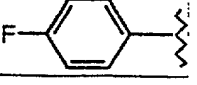
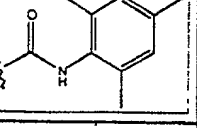
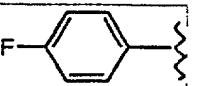
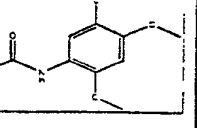
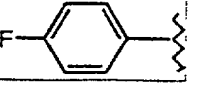
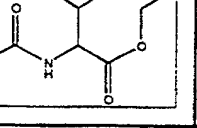
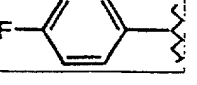
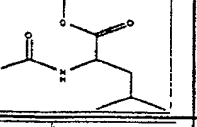
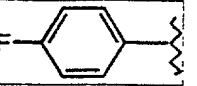
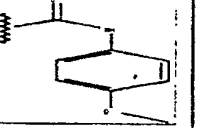
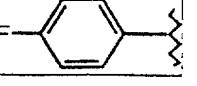
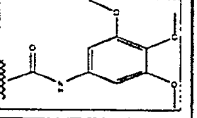
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0145			48	433	434
B-0146			32	415	416
B-0147			67	471	472
B-0148			79	465	-
B-0149			65	353	354
B-0150			53	465	466
B-0151			68	401	402

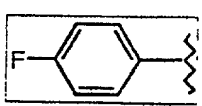
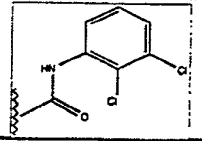
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0152			39	383	-
B-0153			96	427	428
B-0154			44	459	460
B-0155			74	479	480
B-0156			44	459	460
B-0157			72	415	416
B-0158			96	445	446
B-0159			97	411	412
B-0160			49	417	418
B-0161			93	459	460

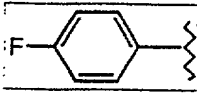
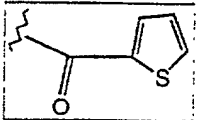
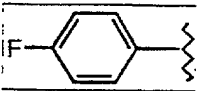
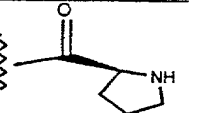
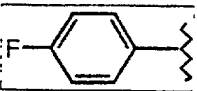
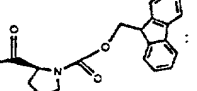
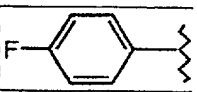
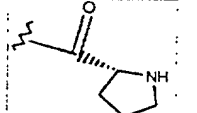
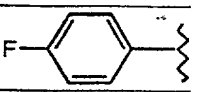
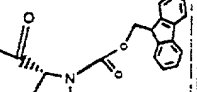
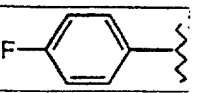
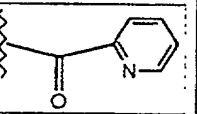
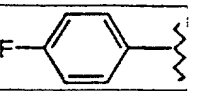
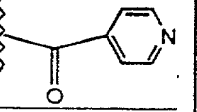
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0162			91	405	406
B-0163			94	455	456
B-0164			84	455	456
B-0165			52	411	412
B-0166			72	417	418
B-0167			66	447	448
B-0168			27	415	416
B-0169			91	415	416
B-0170			8	351	352
B-0171			10	437	438

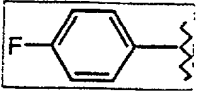
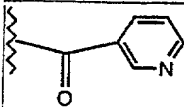
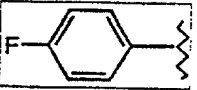
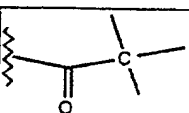
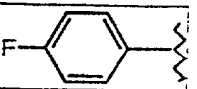
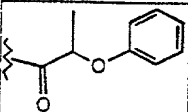
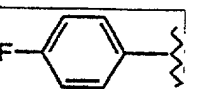
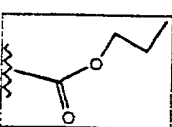
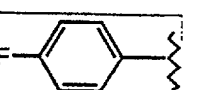
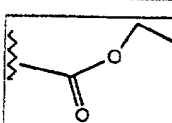
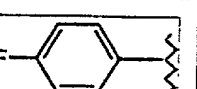
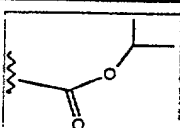
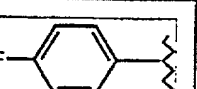
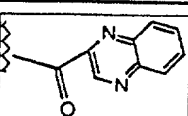

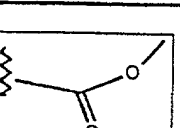
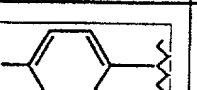
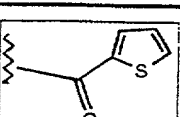
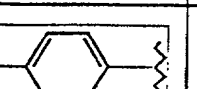
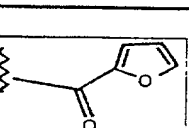
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0172			62	471	472
B-0173			40	455	456
B-0174			92	405	406
B-0175			96	387	388
B-0176			25	415	416
B-0177			100	397	398
B-0178			34	429	430
B-0179			72	429	430
B-0180			91	463	464
B-0181			100	463	464

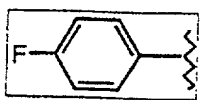
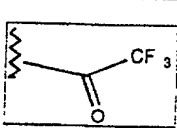
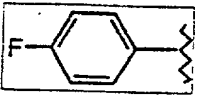
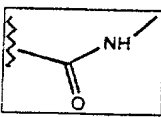
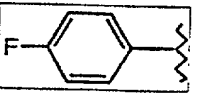
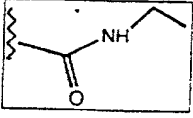
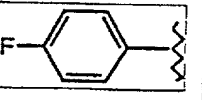
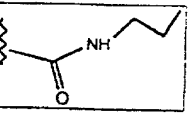
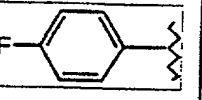
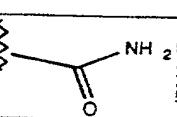
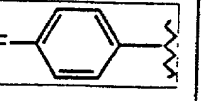
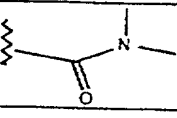
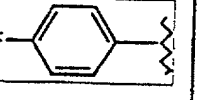
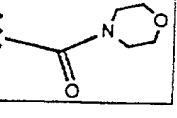
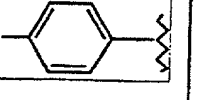
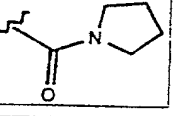
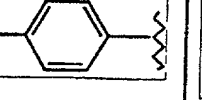
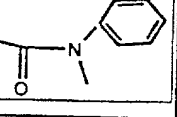
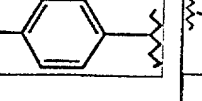
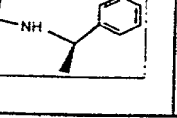


Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0182			50	447	448
B-0183			22	455	456
B-0184			63	465	466
B-0185			65	471	472
B-0186			42	429	430
B-0187			62	481	482
B-0188			98	439	440
B-0189			21	453	454
B-0190			57	417	418
B-0191			24	477	478

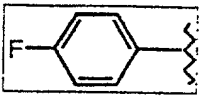
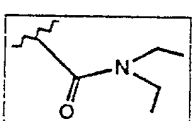
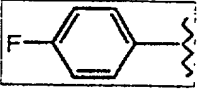
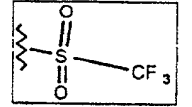
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0192			35	455	456

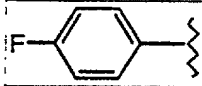
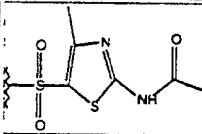
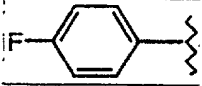
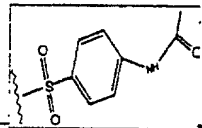
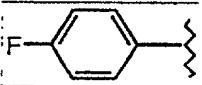
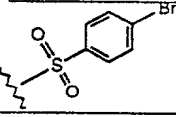
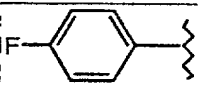
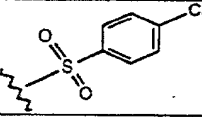
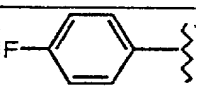
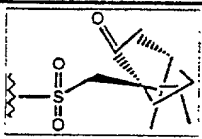
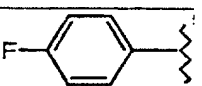
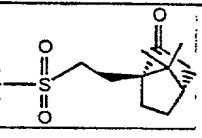
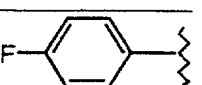
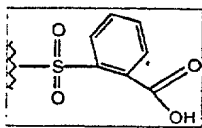
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0193			42	378	379
B0194			65	365	366
B-0195			93	587	588
B-0196			82	365	366
B-0197			100	587	588
B-0198			86	373	374
B-0199			81	373	374

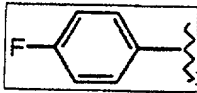
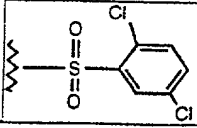
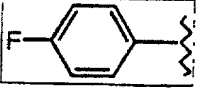
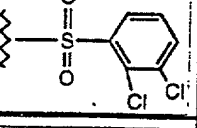
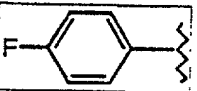
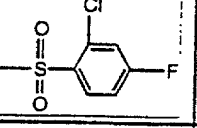
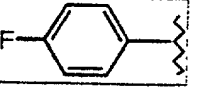
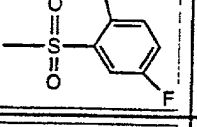
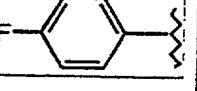
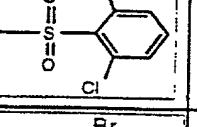
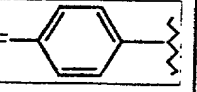
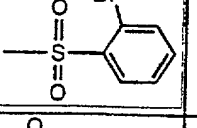
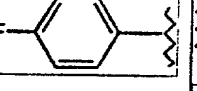
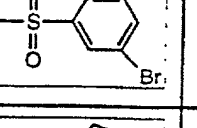
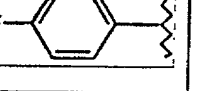
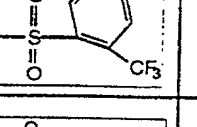
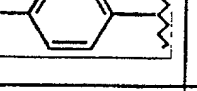
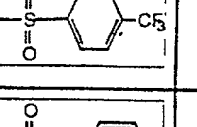
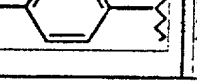
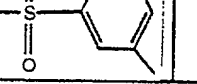
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0200			78	373	374
B-0201			95	352	353
B-0202			100	416	417
B-0203			69	354	355
B-0204			93	340	341
B-0205			94	354	355
B-0206			79	424	425
B-0207			82	326	327
B-0208			88	378	379
B-0209			83	362	363

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0210			100	364	365
B-0211			60	325	326
B-0212			79	339	340
B-0213			71	353	354
B-0214			77	311	312
B-0215			24	353	354
B-0216				339	340
B-0217				381	382
B-0218				365	366
B-0219				401	402


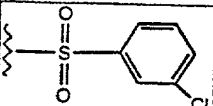
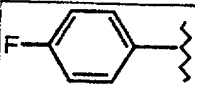
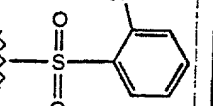
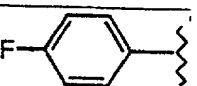
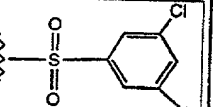
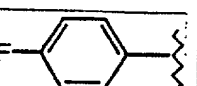
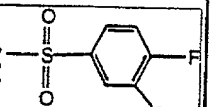
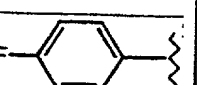
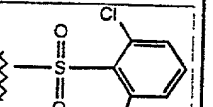
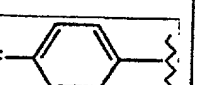
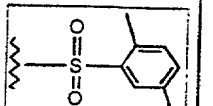
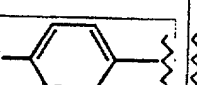
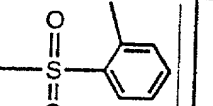
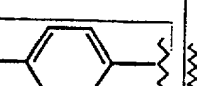
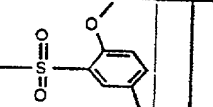
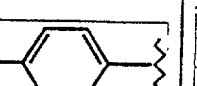
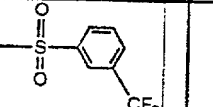
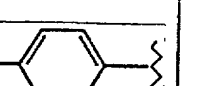
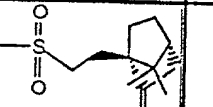
10/03/04 08:21:00

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0220				415	416
B-0221				367	368


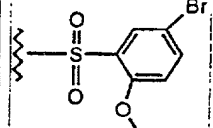
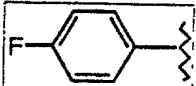
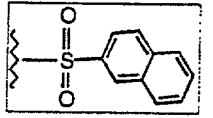
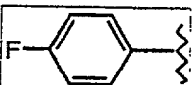
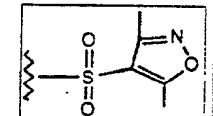
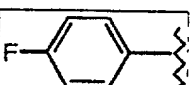
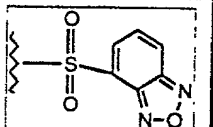
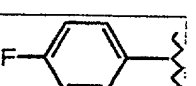
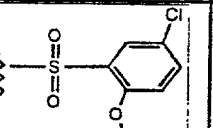
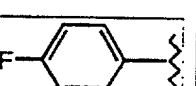
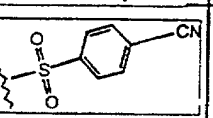
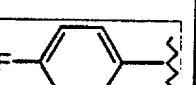
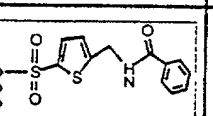
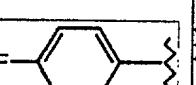
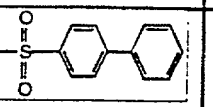
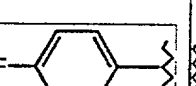
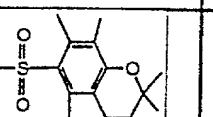
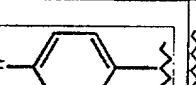
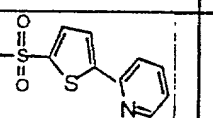
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0222			96	486	487
B-0223			100	465	466
B-0224			75	486	509a
B-0225			100	442	443
B-0226			88	482	483
B-0227			73	482	483
B-0228			37	452	-


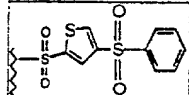
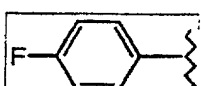
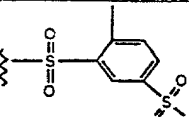
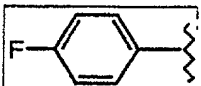
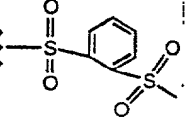
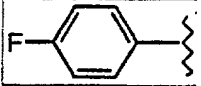
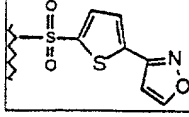
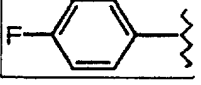
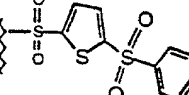
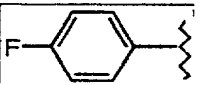
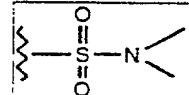
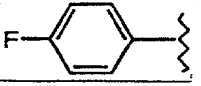
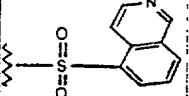
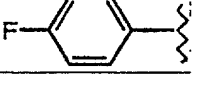
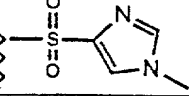
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0229			100	476	477
B-0230			94	476	477
B-0231			100	460	461
B-0232			90	440	441
B-0233			99	476	477
B-0234			100	486	487,489
B-0235			89	486	487,489
B-0236			100	476	477
B-0237			100	476	477
B-0238			92	438	-

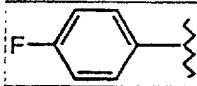
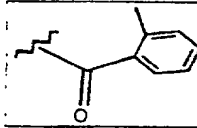
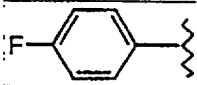
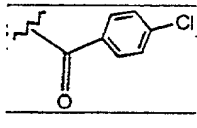
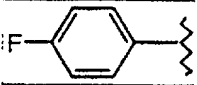
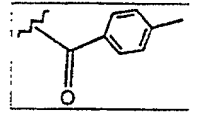
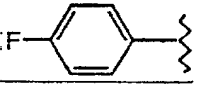
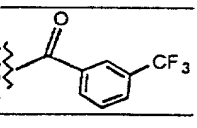
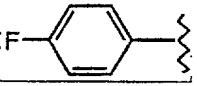
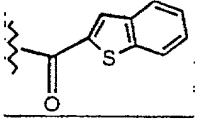
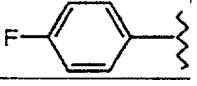
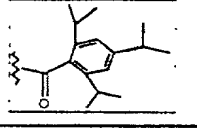
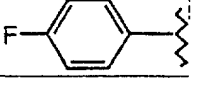
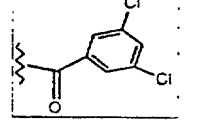


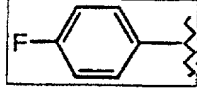
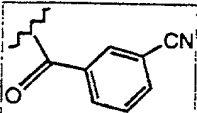
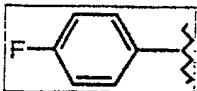
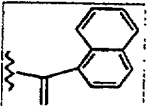
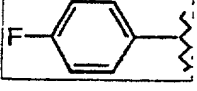
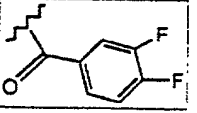
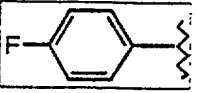
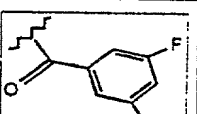
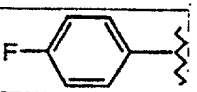
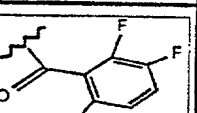
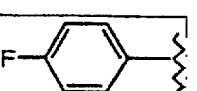
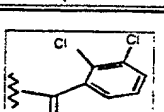
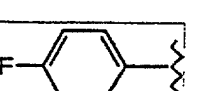
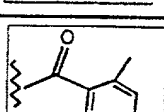
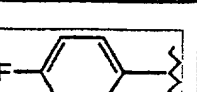
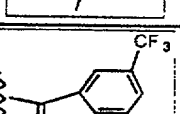
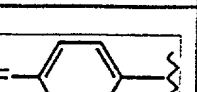
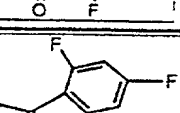
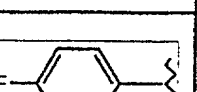
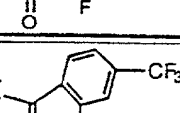
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0239			100	442	443
B-0240			100	442	443
B-0241			100	476	477
B-0242			100	460	461
B-0243			87	456	457
B-0244			100	436	437
B-0245			100	422	423
B-0246			100	452	453
B-0247			100	476	477
B-0248			73	468	-

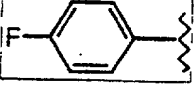
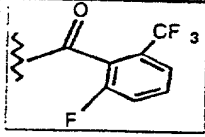
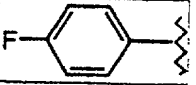
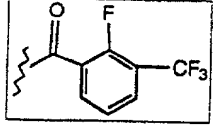
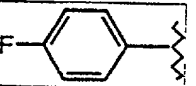
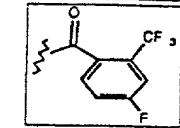
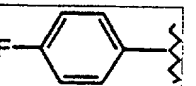
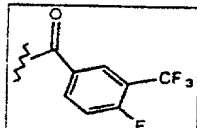
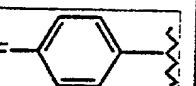
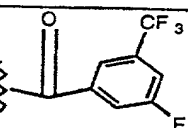
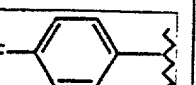
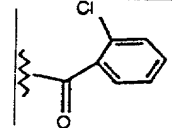
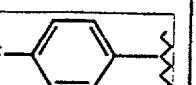
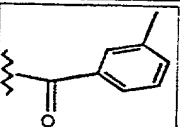
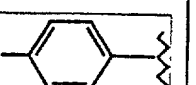
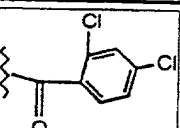
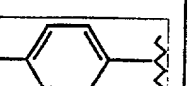
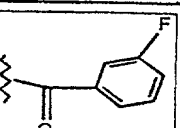
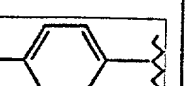
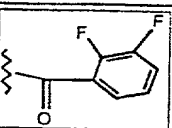
R<sup>1</sup>

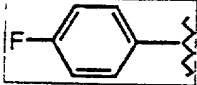
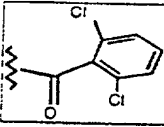
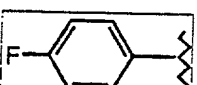
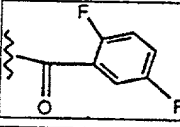
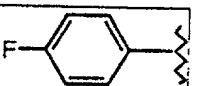
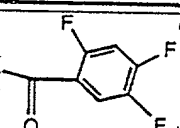
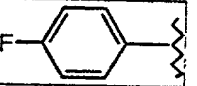
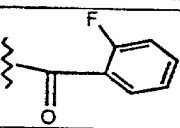
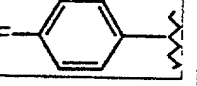
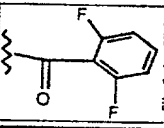
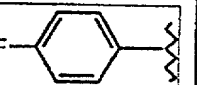
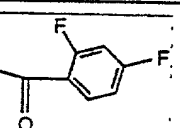
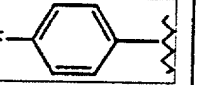
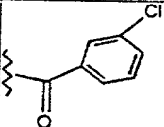
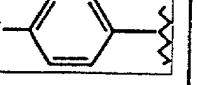
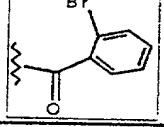
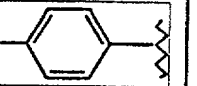
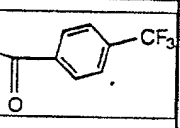
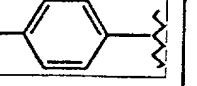
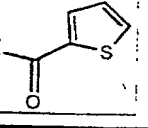
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0249			100	516	517,519
B-0250			72	458	-
B-0251			100	427	428
B-0252			100	450	451
B-0253			100	472	473
B-0254			100	433	434
B-0255			84	547	548
B-0256			100	484	507a
B-0257			85	534	535
B-0258			100	491	492

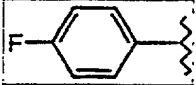
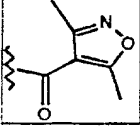
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0259			100	554	555
B-0260			91	500	501
B-0261			100	486	487
B-0262			100	481	482
B-0263			100	554	555
B-0264			75	375	376
B-0265			71	459	460
B-0266			100	412	413

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0267			100	386	387
B-0268			89	406	407
B-0269			84	386	387
B-0270			92	440	441
B-0271			98	428	429
B-0272			57	498	499
B-0273			100	440	441

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0274			94	397	398
B-0275			90	422	423
B-0276			100	408	409
B-0277			88	408	409
B-0278			100	426	427
B-0279			54	440	441
B-0280			79	414	415
B-0281			82	458	459
B-0282			89	426	427
B-0283			90	458	459

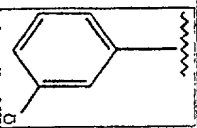
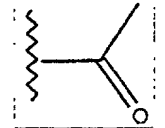
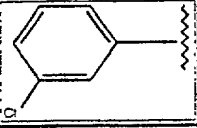
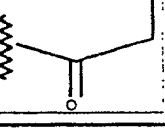
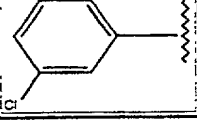
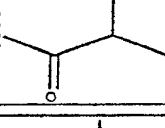
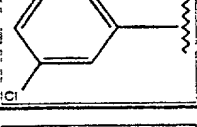
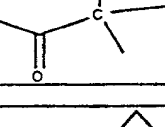
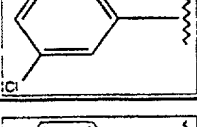
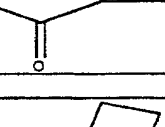
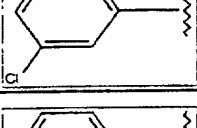
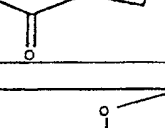
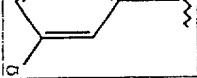

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0284			100	458	459
B-0285			94	458	459
B-0286			100	458	459
B-0287			96	458	459
B-0288			100	458	459
B-0289			96	406	407
B-0290			96	386	387
B-0291			95	440	441
B-0292			94	390	391
B-0293			100	408	409

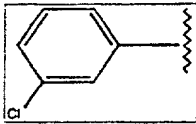
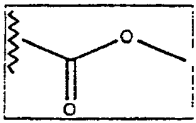
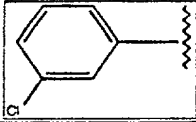
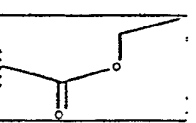
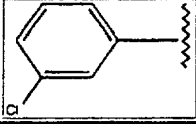
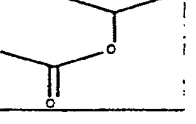
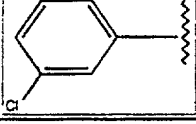
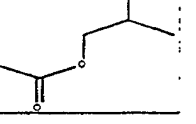
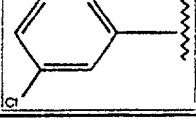
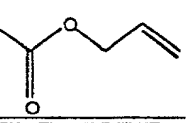
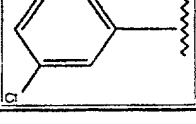
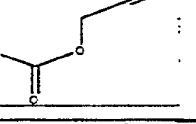
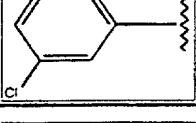
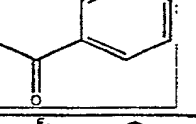
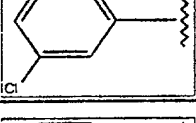
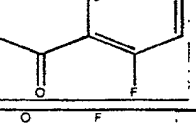
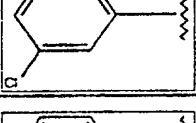
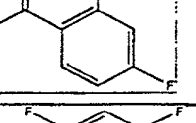
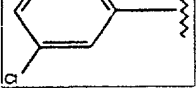
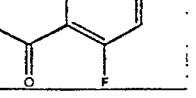
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0294			100	440	441
B-0295			91	408	409
B-0296			96	426	427
B-0297			88	390	391
B-0298			95	408	409
B-0299			90	408	409
B-0300			95	406	407
B-0301			99	450	451,453
B-0302			94	440	441
B-0303			100	378	379

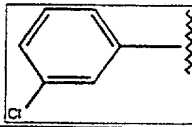
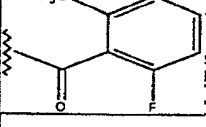
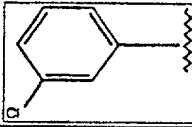
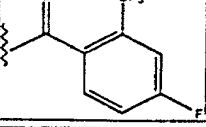
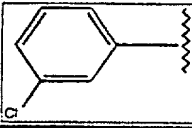
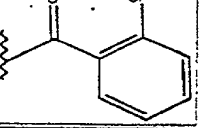
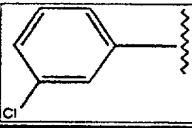
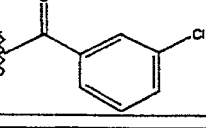
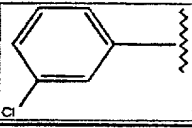
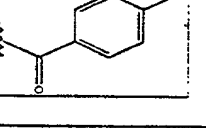
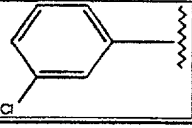
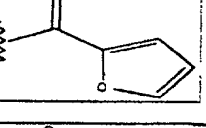
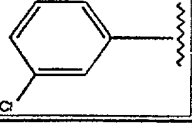
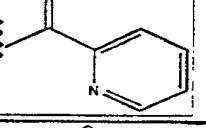
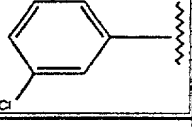
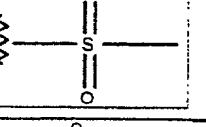
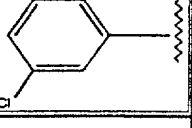
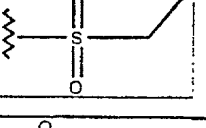
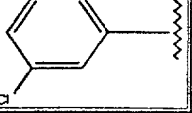
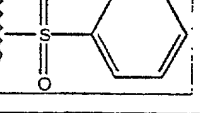
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0304			100	391	392

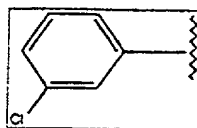
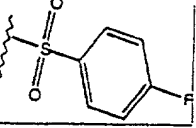
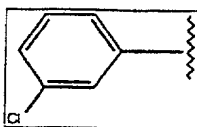
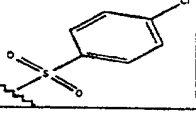
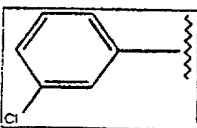
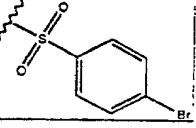
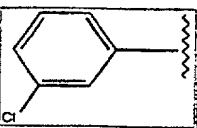
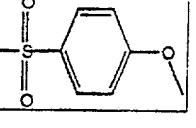
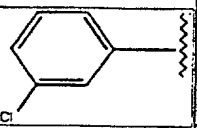
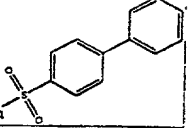
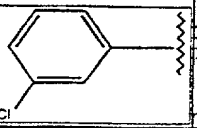
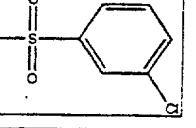
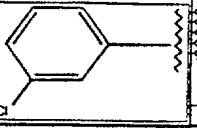
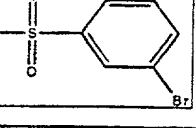
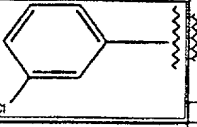
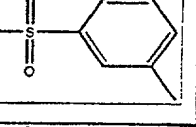
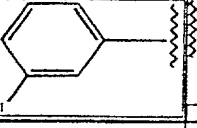
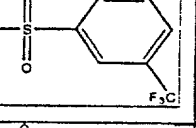
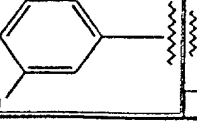
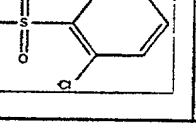
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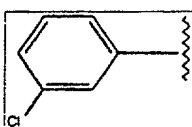
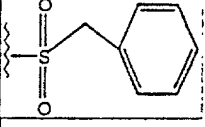
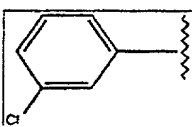
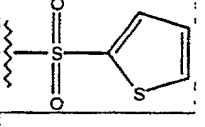
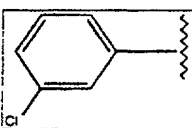
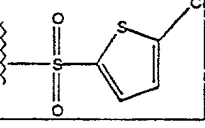
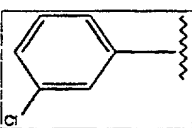
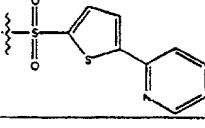
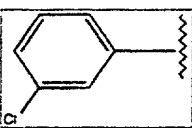
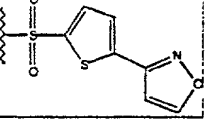
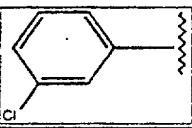
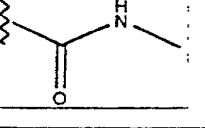
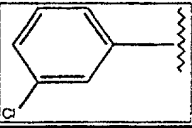
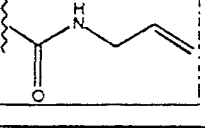
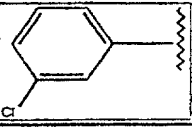
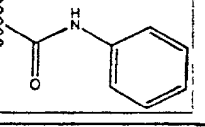
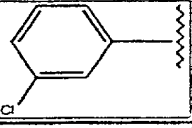
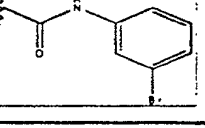
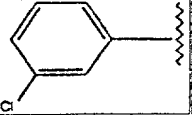
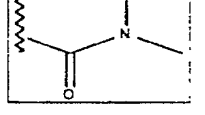


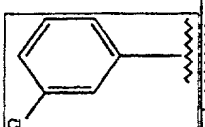
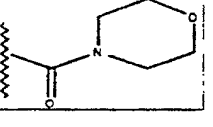
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0305			70	326	327
B-0306			59	340	341
B-0307			59	354	355
B-0308			60	368	369
B-0309			61	352	353
B-0310			61	366	367
B-0311			65	356	357

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0312			75	342	343
B-0313			68	356	357
B-0314			31	370	371
B-0315			61	384	385
B-0316			75	368	369
B-0317			62	366	367
B-0318			52	388	389
B-0319			53	424	425
B-0320			50	424	425
B-0321			54	442	443

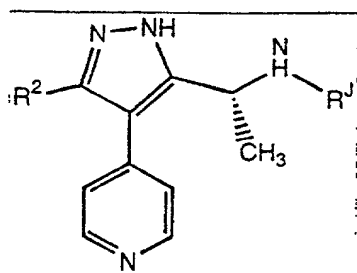
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0322			64	474	475
B-0323			58	474	475
B-0324			60	422	423
B-0325			64	422	423
B-0326			58	422	423
B-0327			63	378	379
B-0328			68	389	390
B-0329			63	362	363
B-0330			48	376	377
B-0331			66	424	425

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0332			61	442	443
B-0333			60	458	459
B-0334			55	502	503
B-0335			60	454	455
B-0336			100	500	501
B-0337			65	458	-
B-0338			69	502	503
B-0339			69	454	-
B-0340			77	492	493
B-0341			64	458	459

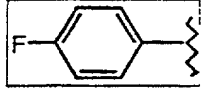
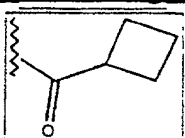
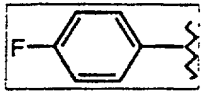
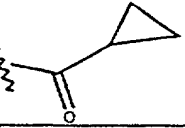
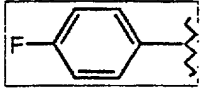
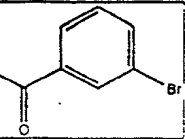
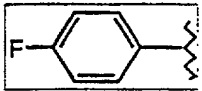
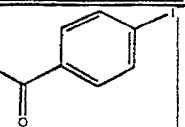
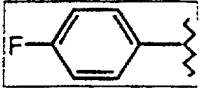
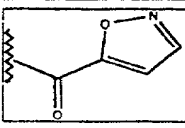
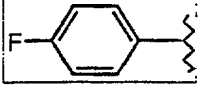
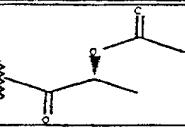
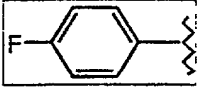
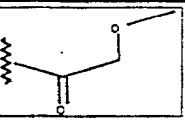
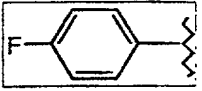
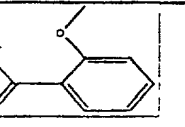
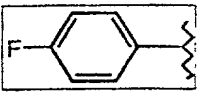
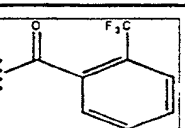
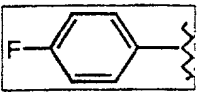
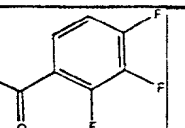
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0342			41	438	-
B-0343			63	430	431
B-0344			96	464	465
B-0345			62	507	508
B-0346			56	497	498
B-0347			61	341	342
B-0348			3	367	-
B-0349			57	403	404
B-0350			57	481	482
B-0351			31	355	356

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0352			51	397	398

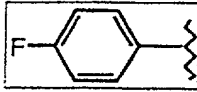
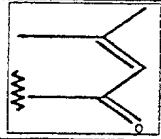
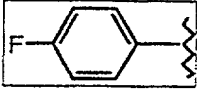
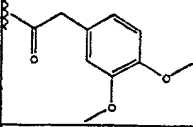
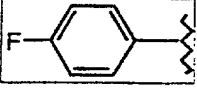
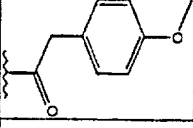
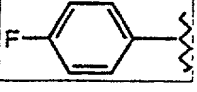
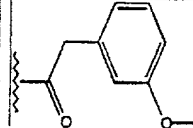
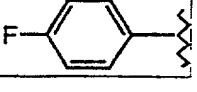
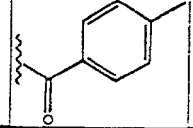
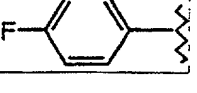
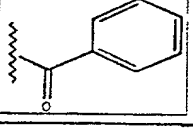
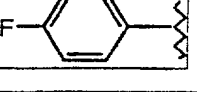
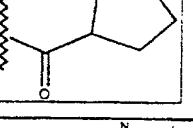
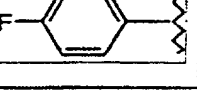
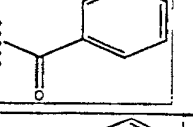
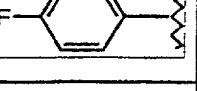
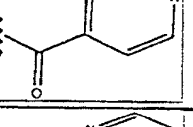

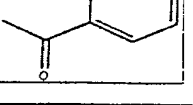
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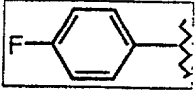
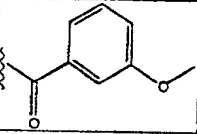
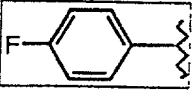
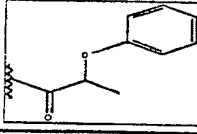
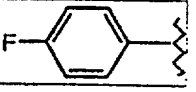
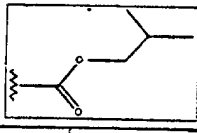
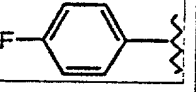
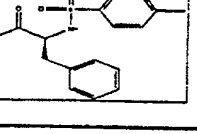
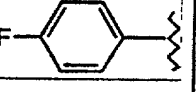
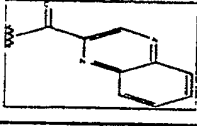


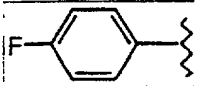
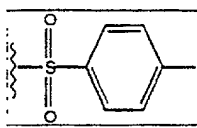
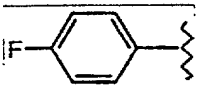
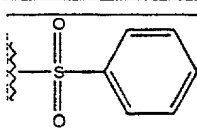
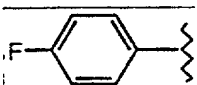
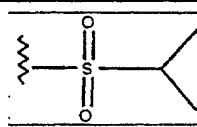
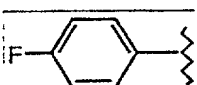
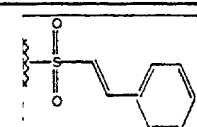
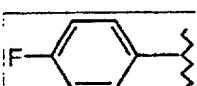
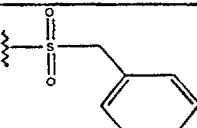
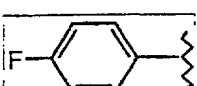
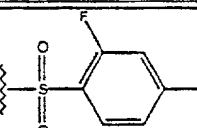
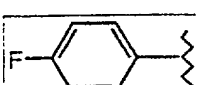
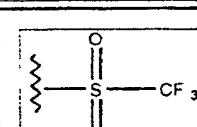
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0353			71	382	383
B-0354			35	512	513
B-0355			37	352	353
B-0356			57	404	405
B-0357			88	366	367
B-0358			88	410	411
B-0359			100	324	325

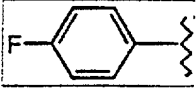
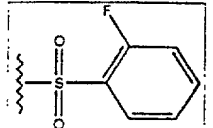
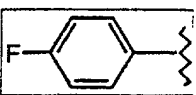
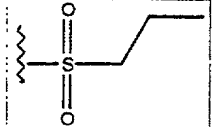
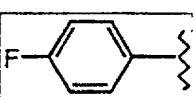
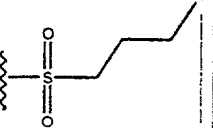
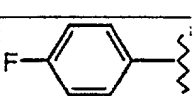
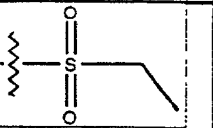
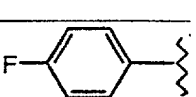
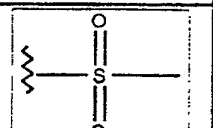
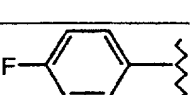
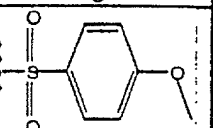
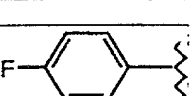
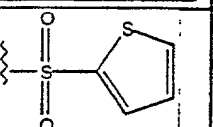
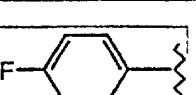
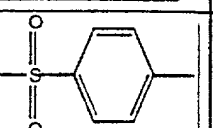
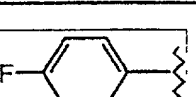
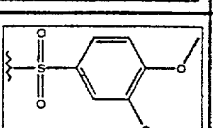
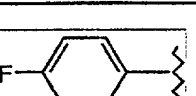
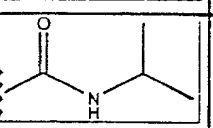
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0360			56	364	365
B-0361			70	350	351
B-0362			100	464	465
B-0363			73	512	513
B-0364			88	377	378
B-0365			70	396	397
B-0366			100	354	355
B-0367			71	416	417
B-0368			86	454	455
B-0369			40	440	441

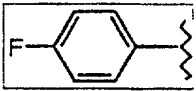
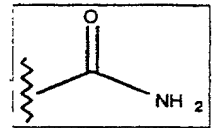
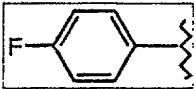
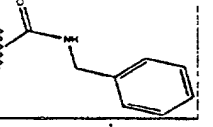
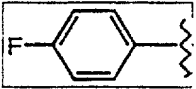
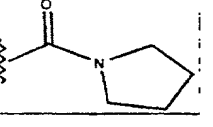
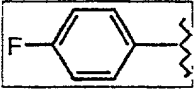
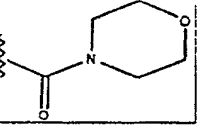
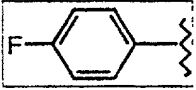
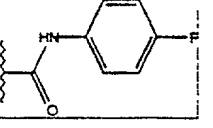
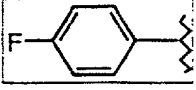
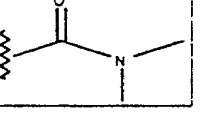
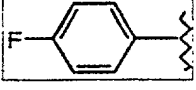
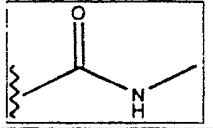
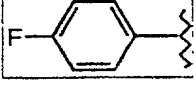
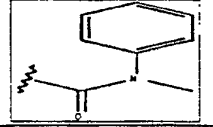
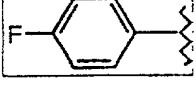
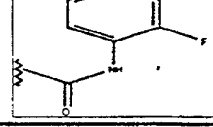
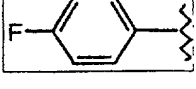
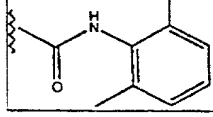



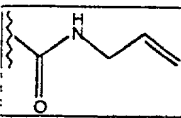

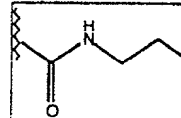
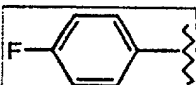
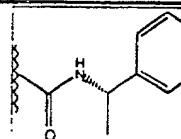
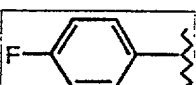
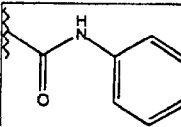
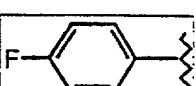
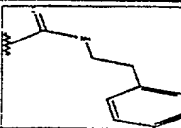
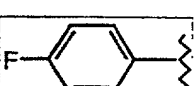
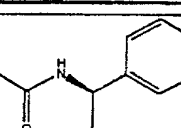
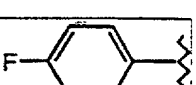
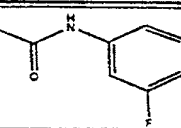
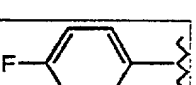
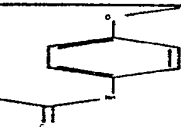
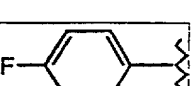
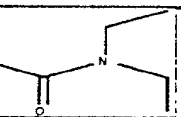
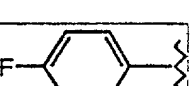
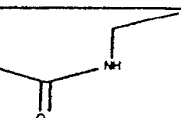
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0370			94	364	365
B-0371			88	460	461
B-0372			69	430	431
B-0373			100	430	431
B-0374			75	400	401
B-0375			74	386	387
B-0376			53	378	379
B-0377			71	387	388
B-0378			69	387	388
B-0379			66	387	388

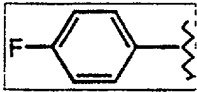
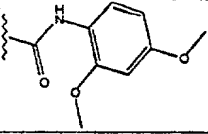
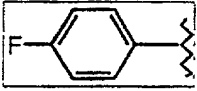
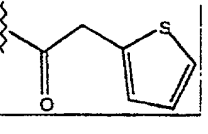
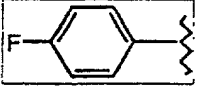
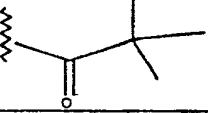
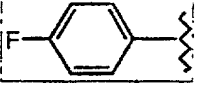
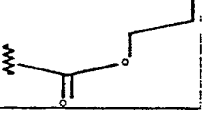
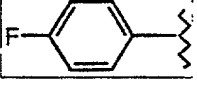
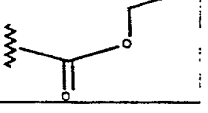
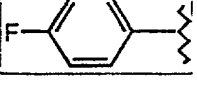
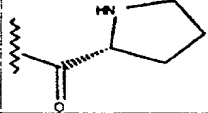
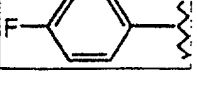
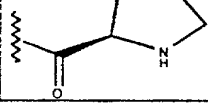
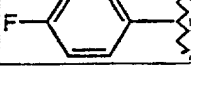
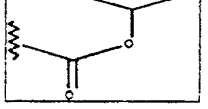
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0380			85	416	417
B-0381			93	430	431
B-0382			84	382	383
B-0383			74	583	584
B-0384			63	438	439

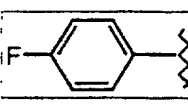
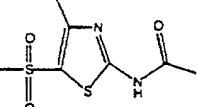
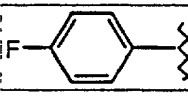
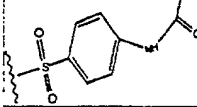
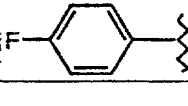
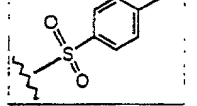
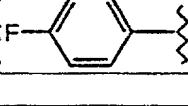
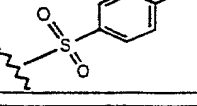
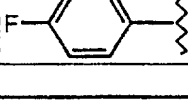
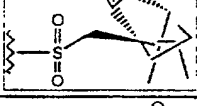
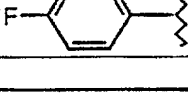


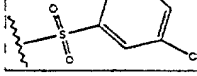
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0385			83	440	441
B-0386			99	422	423
B-0387			47	388	389
B-0388			100	448	449
B-0389			71	436	437
B-0390			100	458	459
B-0391			45	414	415

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0392			100	440	441
B-0393			75	388	389
B-0394			92	402	403
B-0395			87	374	375
B-0396			86	360	361
B-0397			81	452	453
B-0398			88	428	429
B-0399			99	436	437
B-0400			82	482	483
B-0401			94	367	368

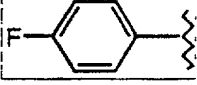
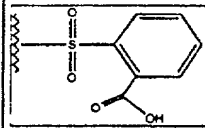
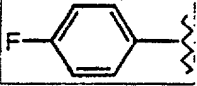
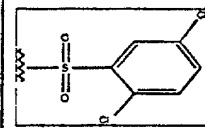
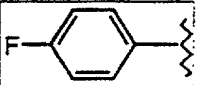
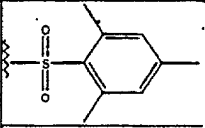
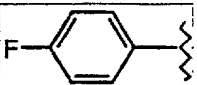
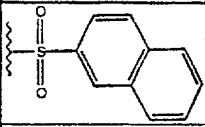
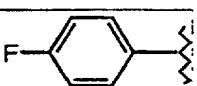
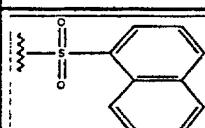
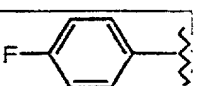
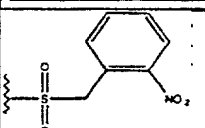
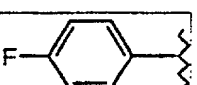
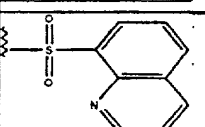
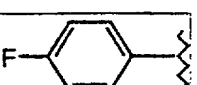
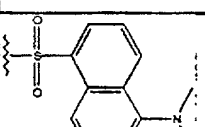
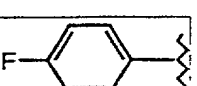
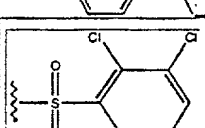
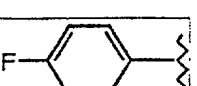
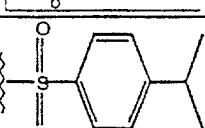
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0402			73	325	326
B-0403			91	415	416
B-0404			41	379	380
B-0405			88	395	396
B-0406			100	419	420
B-0407			52	353	354
B-0408			83	339	340
B-0409			74	415	416
B-0410			100	419	420
B-0411			94	429	430

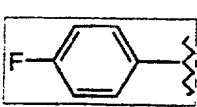
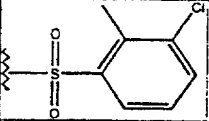
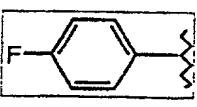
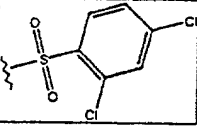
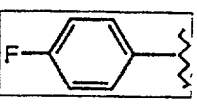
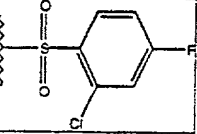
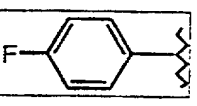
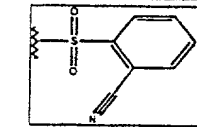
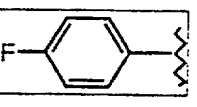
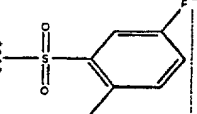
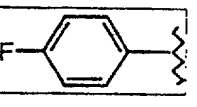
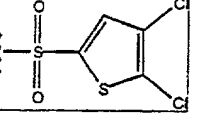
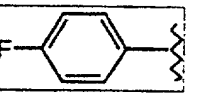
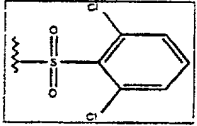
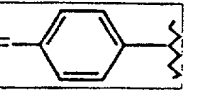
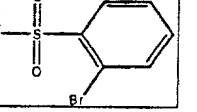
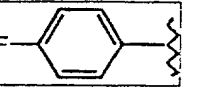
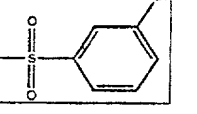
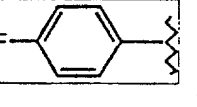
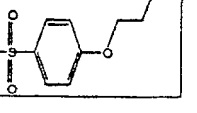
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0412			91	365	366
B-0413			79	367	368
B-0414			85	429	430
B-0415			82	401	402
B-0416			93	429	430
B-0417			97	429	430
B-0418			100	419	420
B-0419			100	431	432
B-0420			36	381	382
B-0421			96	353	354

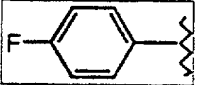
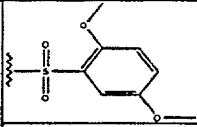
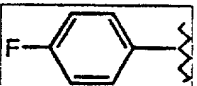
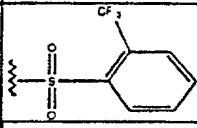
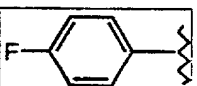
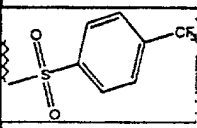
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0422			100	461	462
B-0423			100	406	407
B-0424			76	366	367
B-0425			21	368	369
B-0426			100	354	355
B-0427			100	379	380
B-0428			100	379	380
B-0429			86	368	369

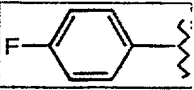
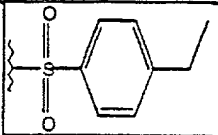
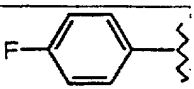
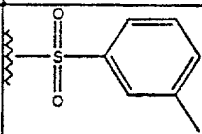
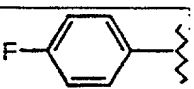
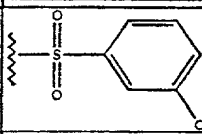
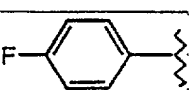
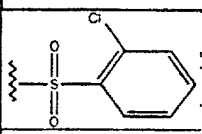
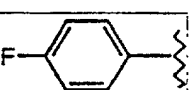
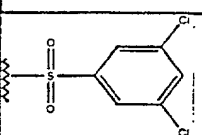
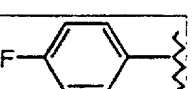
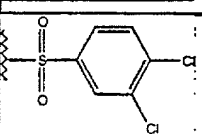
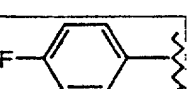
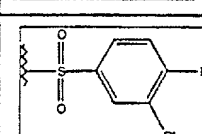
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0430			51	500	501
B-0431			76	479	480
B-0432			90	500	501
B-0433			96	456	457
B-0434			75	496	497
B-0435			52	496	497
B-0436			73	506	

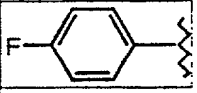
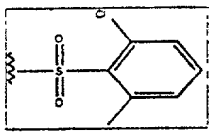
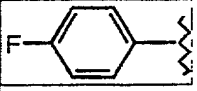
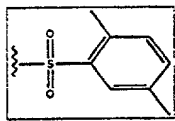
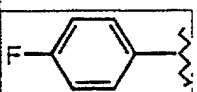
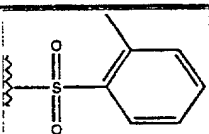
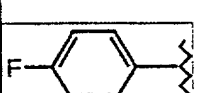
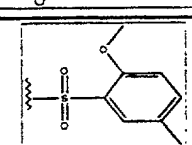
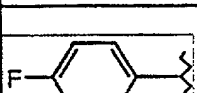
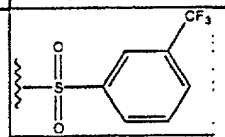

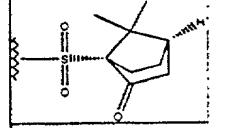

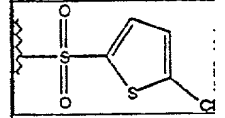

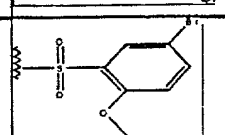
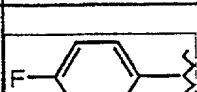
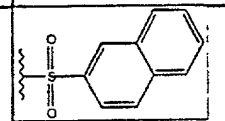
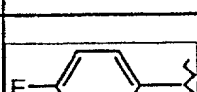
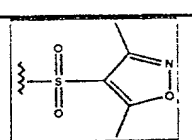


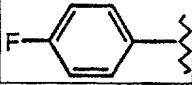
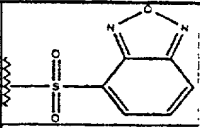
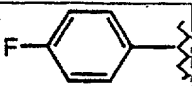
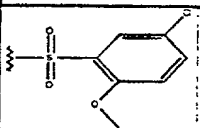
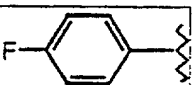
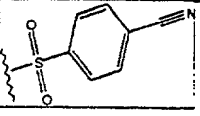
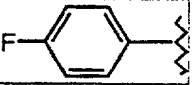
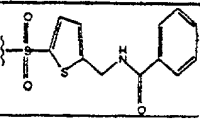
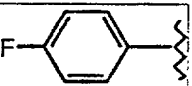
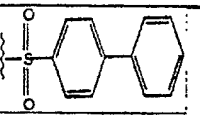
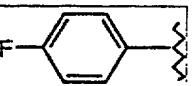
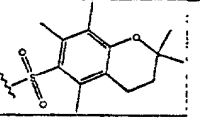
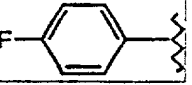
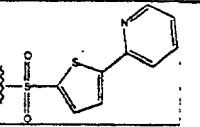
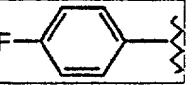
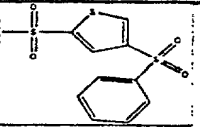
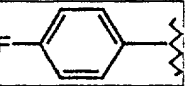
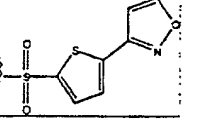
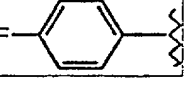
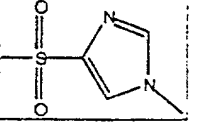
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0437			19	466	
B-0438			100	490	491
B-0439			67	464	465
B-0440			96	472	473
B-0441			87	472	473
B-0442			72	481	482
B-0443			66	473	474
B-0444			80	515	516
B-0445			94	490	491
B-0446			84	464	465

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0447			89	470	471
B-0448			100	490	491
B-0449			100	474	475
B-0450			100	447	448
B-0451			100	454	455
B-0452			95	496	497
B-0453			100	490	491
B-0454			100	500	501
B-0455			96	500	501
B-0456			89	494	495

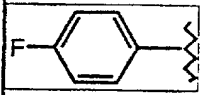
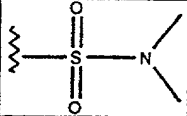
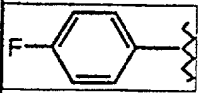
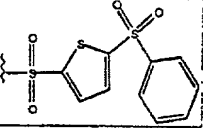
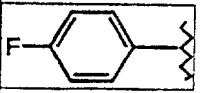
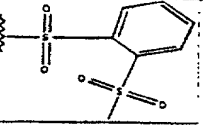
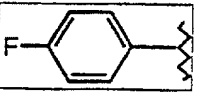
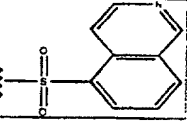
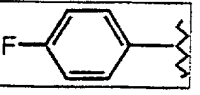
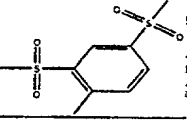
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0457			93	482	483
B-0458			100	490	491
B-0459			100	490	491

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0460			93	450	451
B-0461			84	452	453
B-0462			96	456	457
B-0463			66	456	457
B-0464			69	490	491
B-0465			86	490	491
B-0466			78	474	475

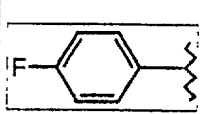
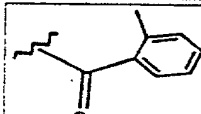
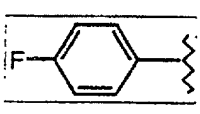
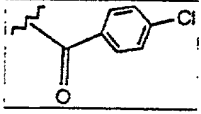
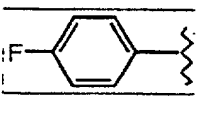
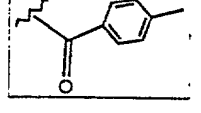
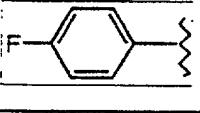
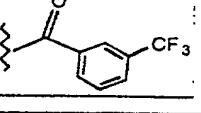
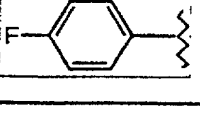
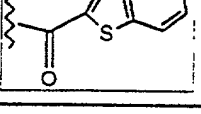
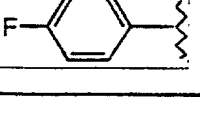
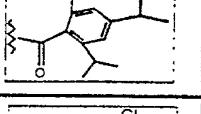
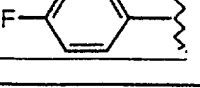
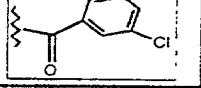
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0467			78	470	471
B-0468			91	450	451
B-0469			85	436	437
B-0470			99	466	467
B-0471			100	490	491
B-0472			37	482	483
B-0473			92	462	463
B-0474			99	530	532
B-0475			55	472	473
B-0476			89	441	442

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0477			79	464	465
B-0478			92	486	487
B-0479			97	447	448
B-0480			75	561	562
B-0481			74	498	499
B-0482			57	548	549
B-0483			83	505	506
B-0484			100	568	569
B-0485			100	495	496
B-0486			100	426	427

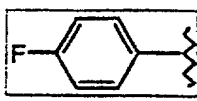
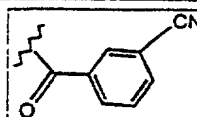
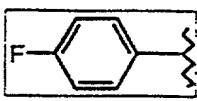
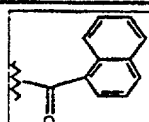
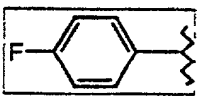
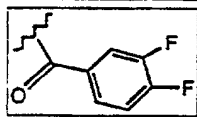
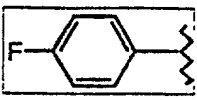
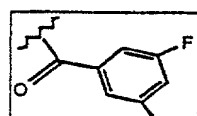
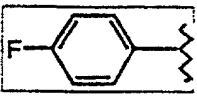
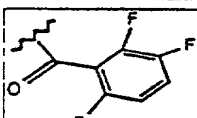
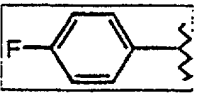
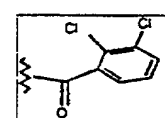
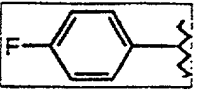
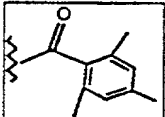
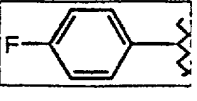
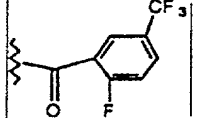
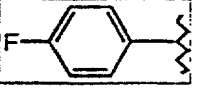
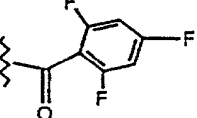
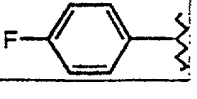
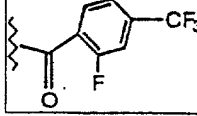
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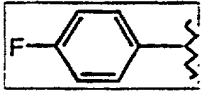
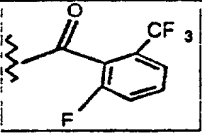
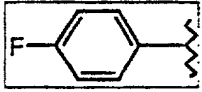
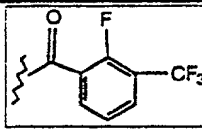
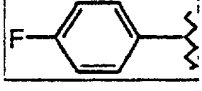
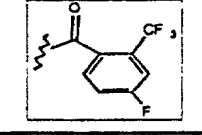
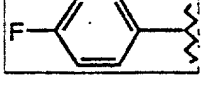
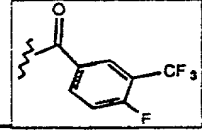
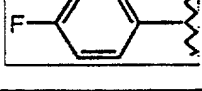
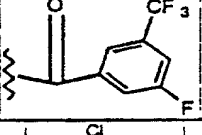
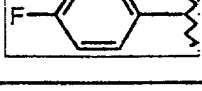
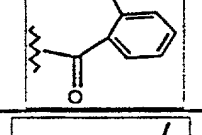
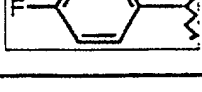
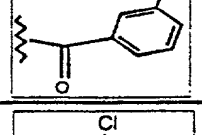

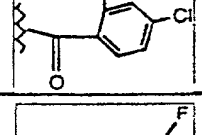
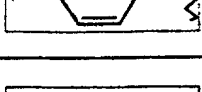
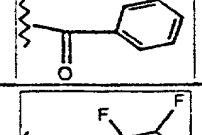
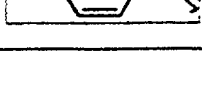
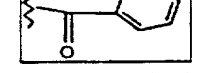
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0487			32	389	390
B-0488			100	568	569
B-0489			91	500	501
B-0490			40	473	474
B-0491			73	514	515

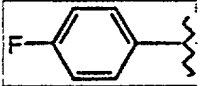
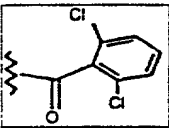
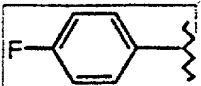
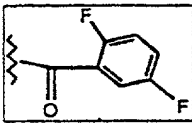
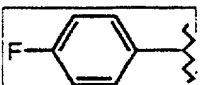
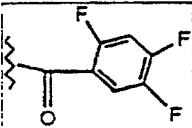
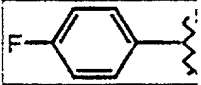
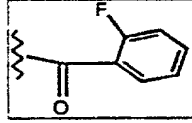
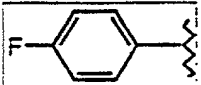
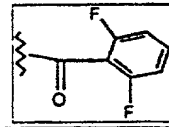
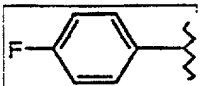
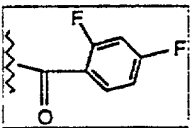
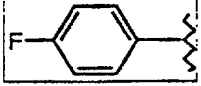
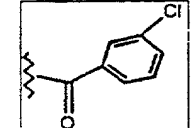
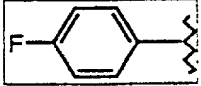
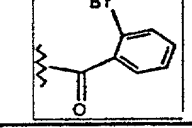
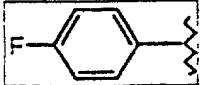
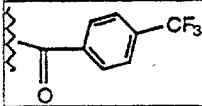
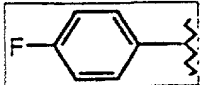
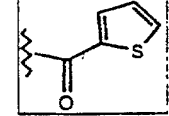
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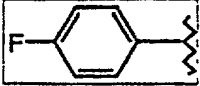
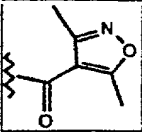
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0492			89	400	401
B-0493			100	420	421
B-0494			100	400	401
B-0495			100	454	455
B-0496			100	442	443
B-0497			50	512	513
B-0498			100	454	455

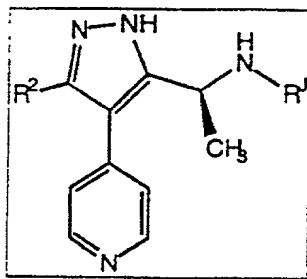


Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0499			98	411	412
B-0500			100	436	437
B-0501			100	422	423
B-0502			100	422	423
B-0503			92	440	441
B-0504			67	454	455
B-0505			68	428	429
B-0506			98	472	473
B-0507			82	440	441
B-0508			99	472	473

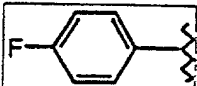
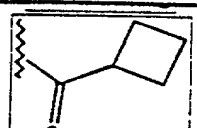
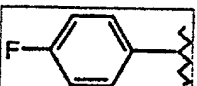
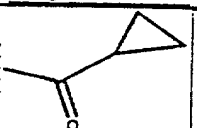
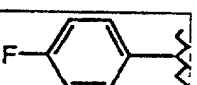
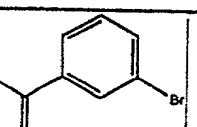
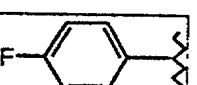
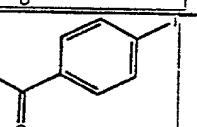
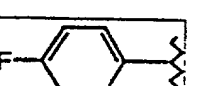
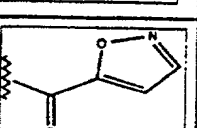
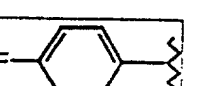
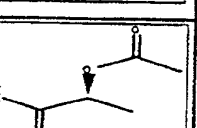
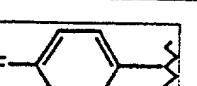
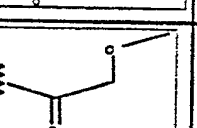
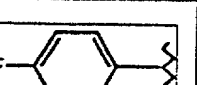
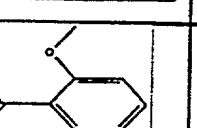
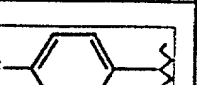
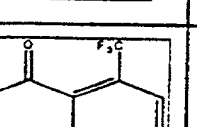
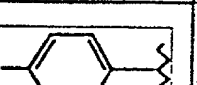
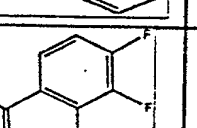
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0509			100	472	473
B-0510			96	472	473
B-0511			100	472	473
B-0512			100	472	473
B-0513			100	472	473
B-0514			100	420	421
B-0515			100	400	401
B-0516			100	454	455
B-0517			100	404	405
B-0518			99	422	423

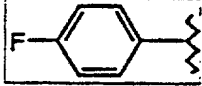
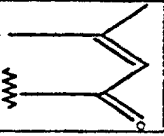
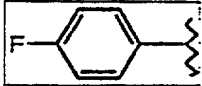
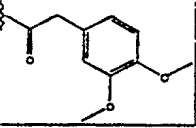
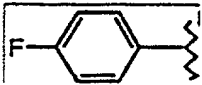
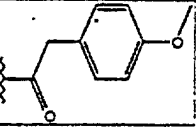
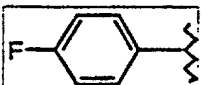
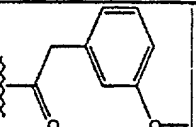
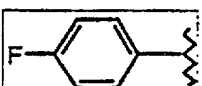
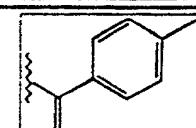
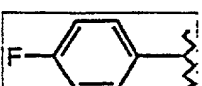
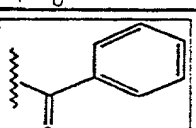
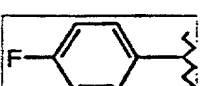
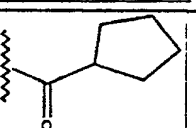
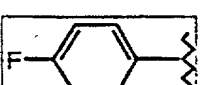
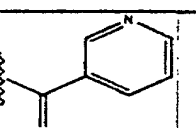
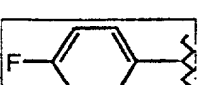
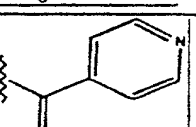
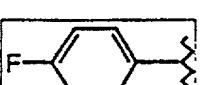
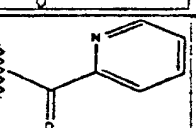
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0519			100	454	455
B-0520			98	422	423
B-0521			99	440	441
B-0522			88	404	405
B-0523			100	422	423
B-0524			100	422	423
B-0525			100	420	421
B-0526			100	464	465
B-0527			100	454	455
B-0528			100	392	393

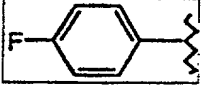
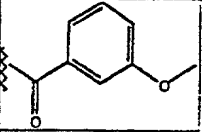
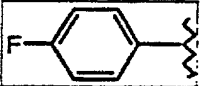
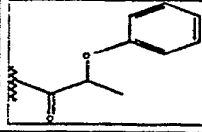
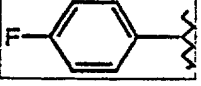
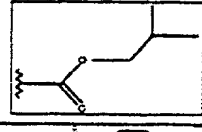
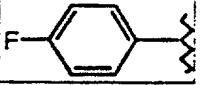
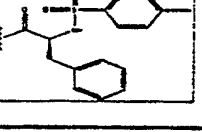
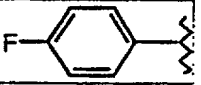
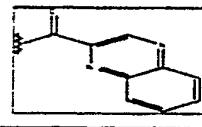
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0529			94	405	406



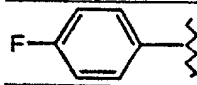
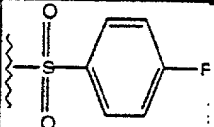
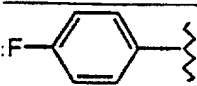
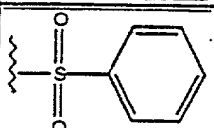
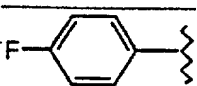
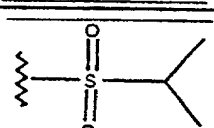
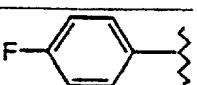
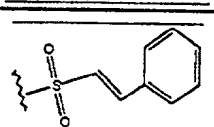
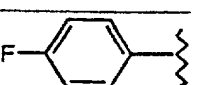

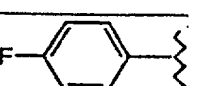
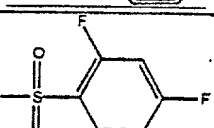
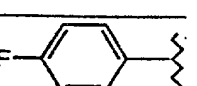
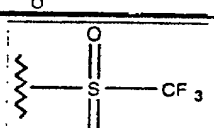
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0530			67	382	383
B-0531			66	512	513
B-0532			37	352	353
B-0533			56	404	405
B-0534			100	366	367
B-0535			100	410	411
B-0536			41	324	325


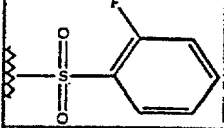
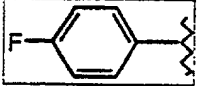
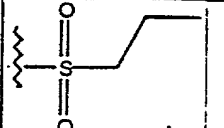
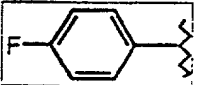
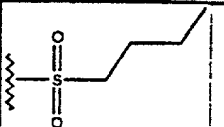
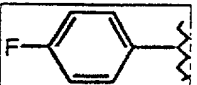
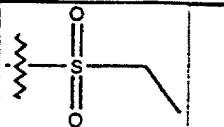
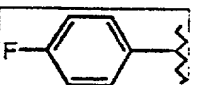
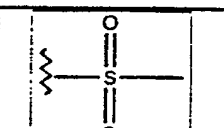
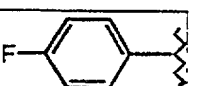
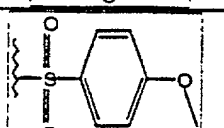
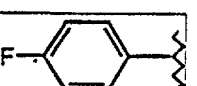
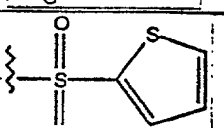
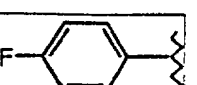
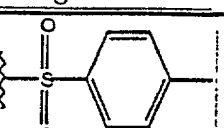
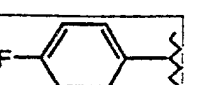
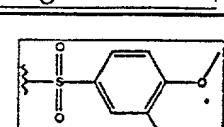
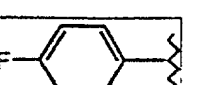
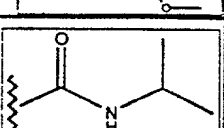
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0537			100	364	365
B-0538			29	350	351
B-0539			70	464	465
B-0540			50	512	513
B-0541			61	377	378
B-0542			61	396	397
B-0543			59	354	355
B-0544			45	416	417
B-0545			100	454	455
B-0546			44	440	441

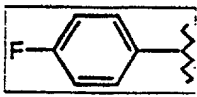
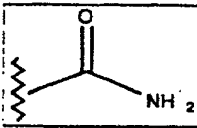
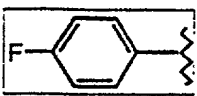

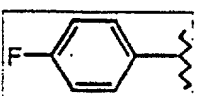
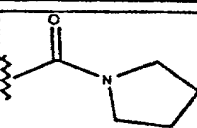
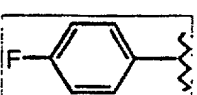
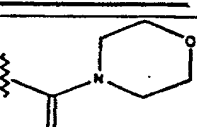
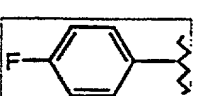
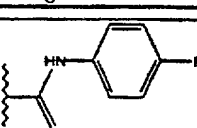
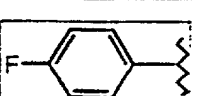
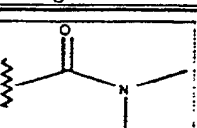
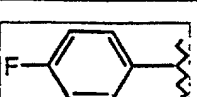
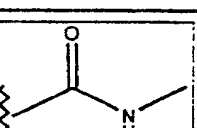
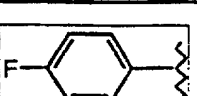

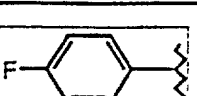
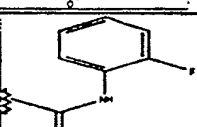
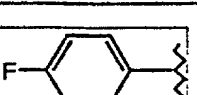
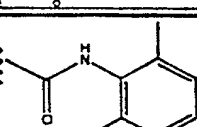
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0547			64	364	365
B-0548			89	460	461
B-0549			100	430	431
B-0550			100	430	431
B-0551			81	400	401
B-0552			38	386	387
B-0553			31	378	379
B-0554			100	387	388
B-0555			66	387	388
B-0556			32	387	388

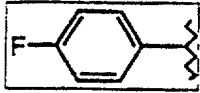
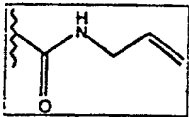
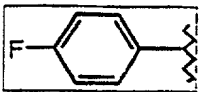
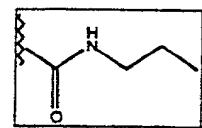
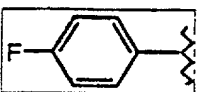
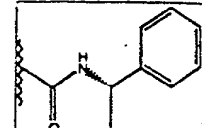
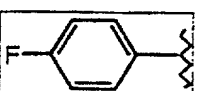
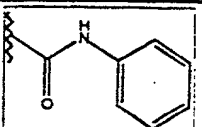
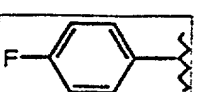

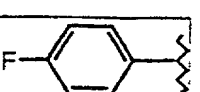
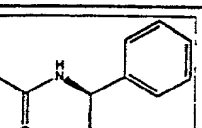
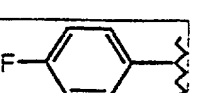
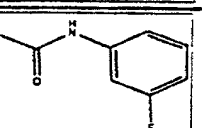
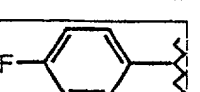
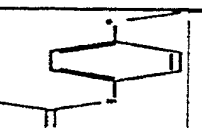
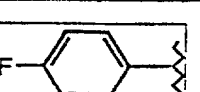
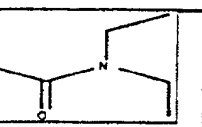
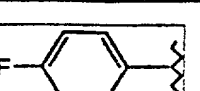
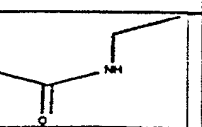
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0557			70	416	417
B-0558			57	430	431
B-0559			74	382	383
B-0560			36	583	584
B-0561			51	438	439

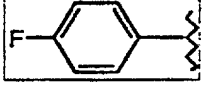
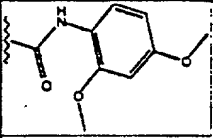
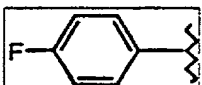
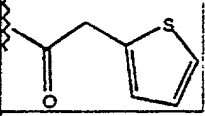
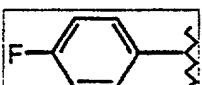
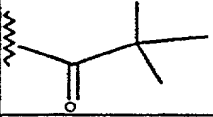
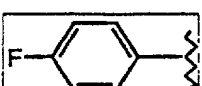
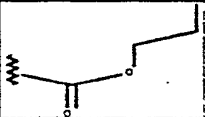
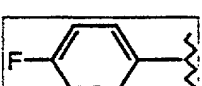
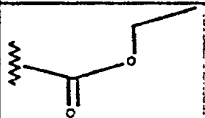
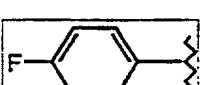
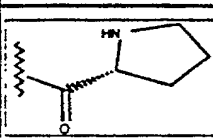
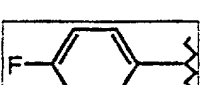
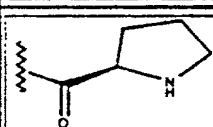
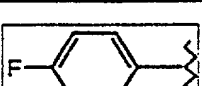
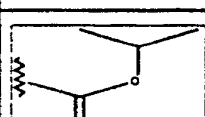


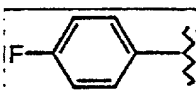
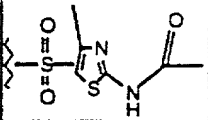
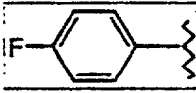
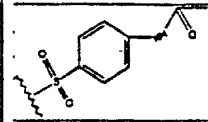
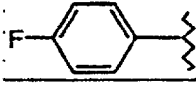
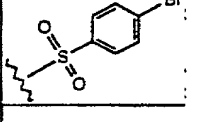
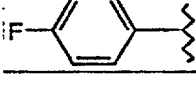
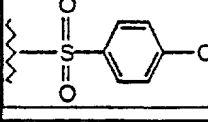
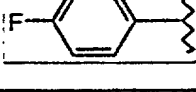
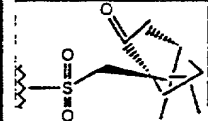
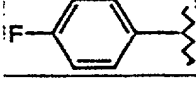
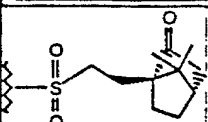
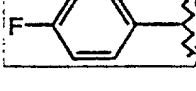
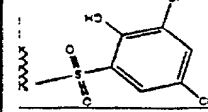
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0562			88	440	441
B-0563			68	422	423
B-0564			47	388	389
B-0565			100	448	449
B-0566			76	436	437
B-0567			99	458	459
B-0568			45	414	415

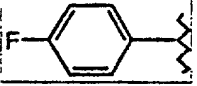
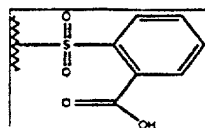
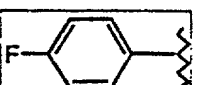
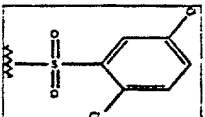
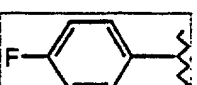
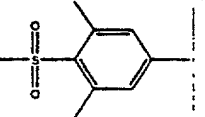
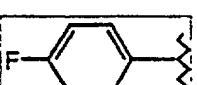
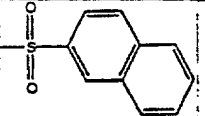
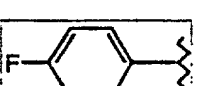
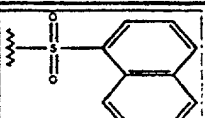
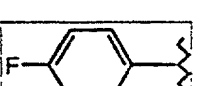
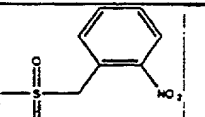
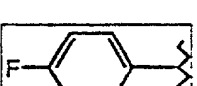
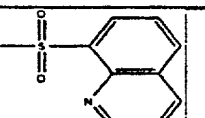
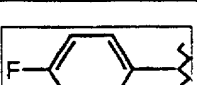
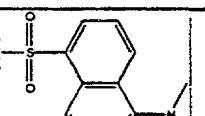

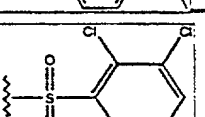
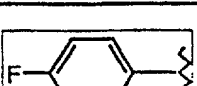
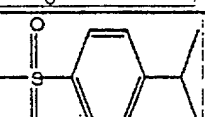
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0569			88	440	441
B-0570			61	388	389
B-0571			58	402	403
B-0572			75	374	375
B-0573			72	360	361
B-0574			97	452	453
B-0575			71	428	429
B-0576			88	436	437
B-0577			72	482	483
B-0578			89	367	368

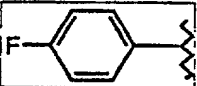
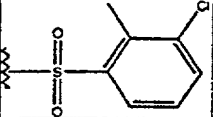
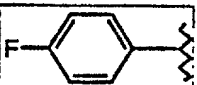
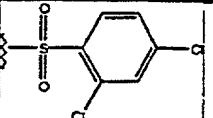
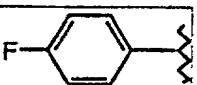
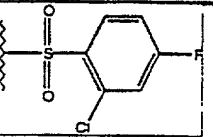
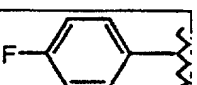
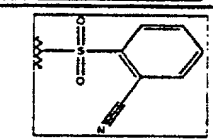
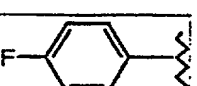
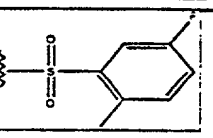
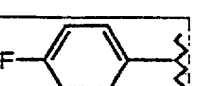
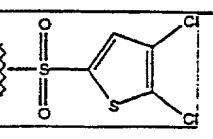
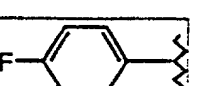
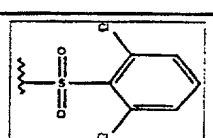
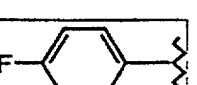
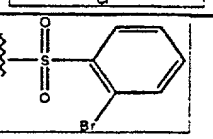
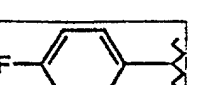
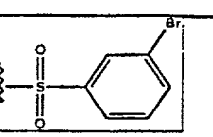
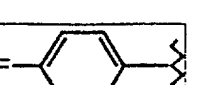
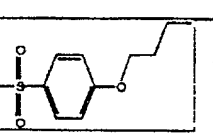
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0579			100	325	326
B-0580			75	415	416
B-0581			44	379	380
B-0582			75	395	396
B-0583			80	419	420
B-0584			57	353	354
B-0585			83	339	340
B-0586			71	415	416
B-0587			100	419	420
B-0588			94	429	430

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0589			78	365	366
B-0590			82	367	368
B-0591			72	429	430
B-0592			82	401	402
B-0593			88	429	430
B-0594			100	429	430
B-0595			99	419	420
B-0596			93	431	432
B-0597			40	381	382
B-0598			93	353	354

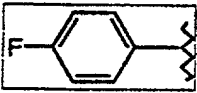
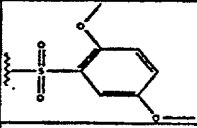
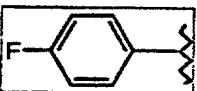
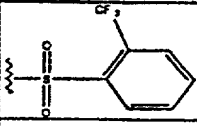
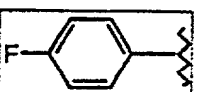
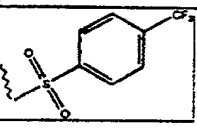
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0599			100	461	462
B-0600			98	406	407
B-0601			66	366	367
B-0602			25	368	369
B-0603			90	354	355
B-0604			86	379	380
B-0605			87	379	380
B-0606			72	368	369

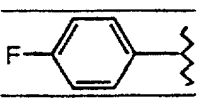
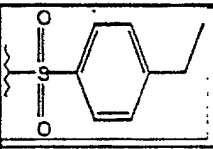
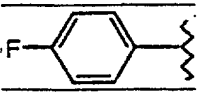
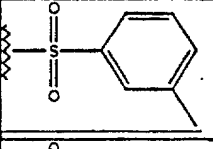
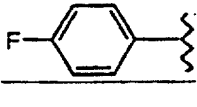
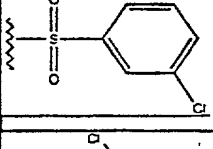
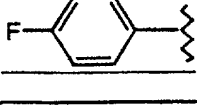
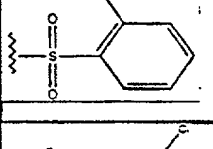
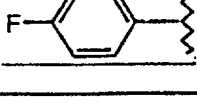
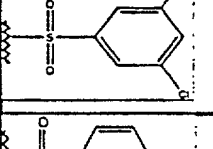
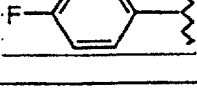
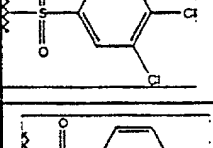

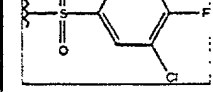
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0607			34	500	501
B-0608			100	479	480
B-0609			82	500	501
B-0610			100	456	457
B-0611			76	496	497
B-0612			69	496	497
B-0613			61	506	

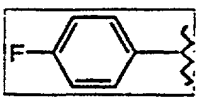
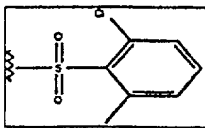
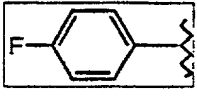
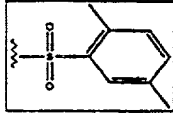
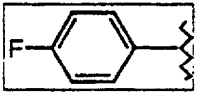
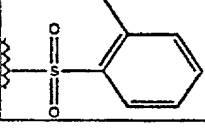
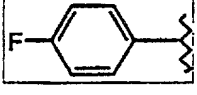
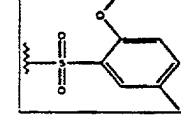
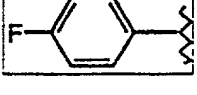
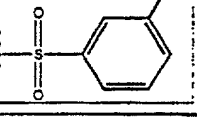
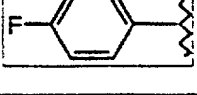
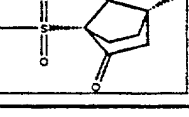
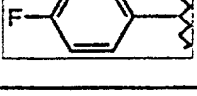
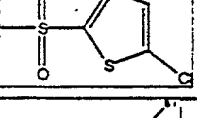
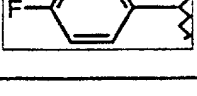
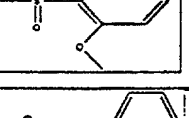

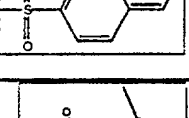


Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0614			18	466	
B-0615			100	490	491
B-0616			77	464	465
B-0617			93	472	473
B-0618			84	472	473
B-0619			71	481	482
B-0620			89	473	474
B-0621			68	515	516
B-0622			70	490	491
B-0623			92	464	465

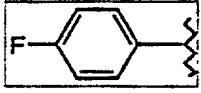
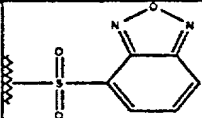
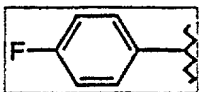
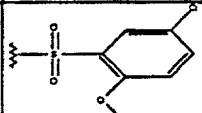
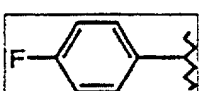
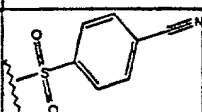
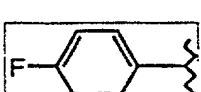
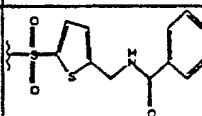
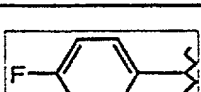
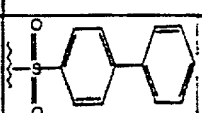
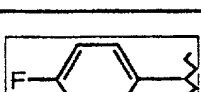
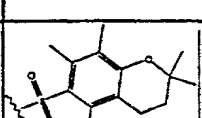
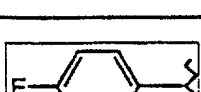
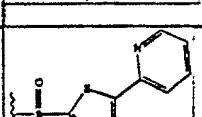

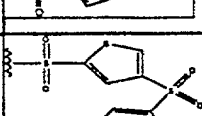

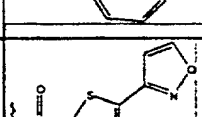

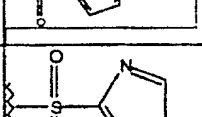
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0624			98	470	471
B-0625			96	490	491
B-0626			100	474	475
B-0627			100	447	448
B-0628			64	454	455
B-0629			100	496	497
B-0630			85	490	491
B-0631			75	500	501
B-0632			83	500	501
B-0633			58	494	495

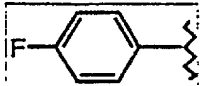
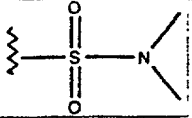
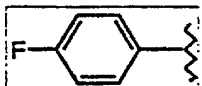
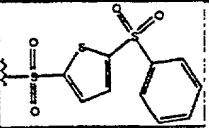
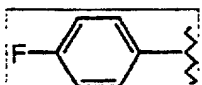

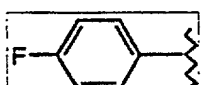
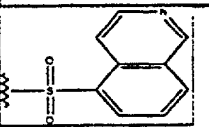
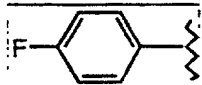
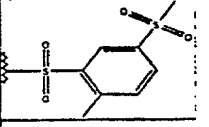


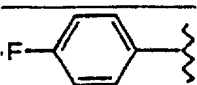
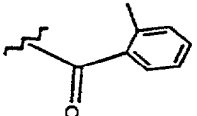
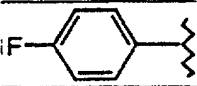
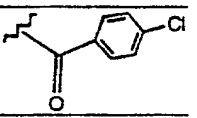
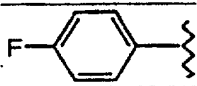
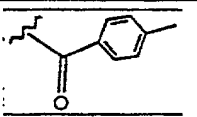
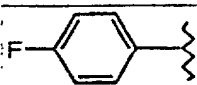
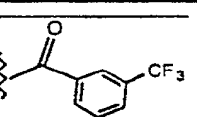
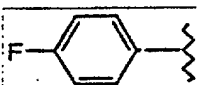
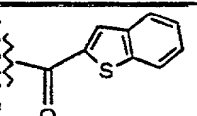
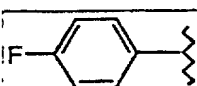
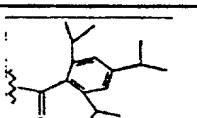
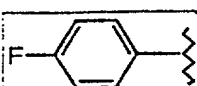
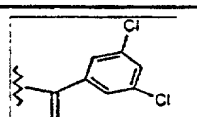
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0634			63	482	483
B-0635			95	490	491
B-0636			100	490	491

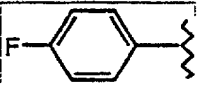
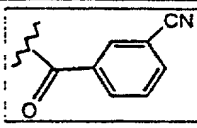
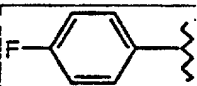
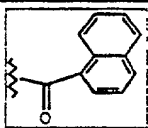
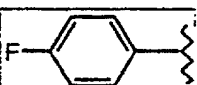
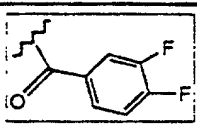
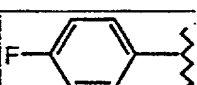
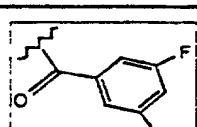
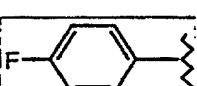
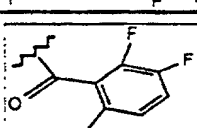
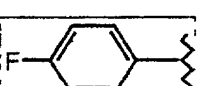
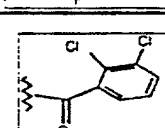
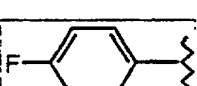
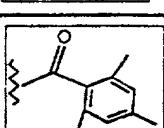
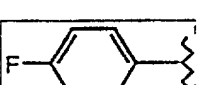
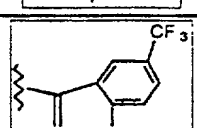
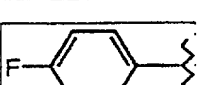
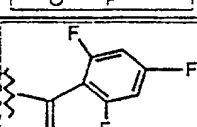
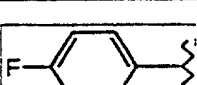
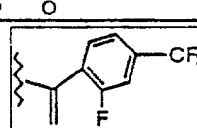
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0637			91	450	451
B-0638			96	436	437
B-0639			100	456	457
B-0640			100	456	457
B-0641			88	490	491
B-0642			99	490	491
B-0643			92	474	475

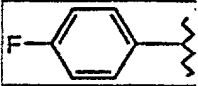
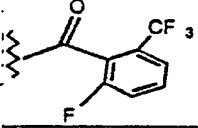
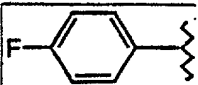
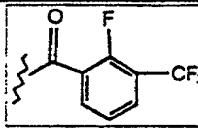
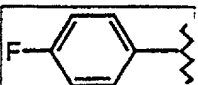
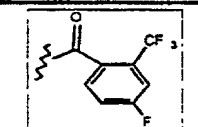
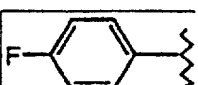
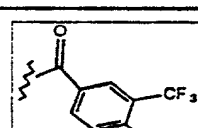
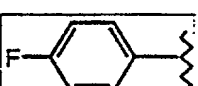
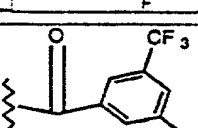
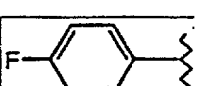
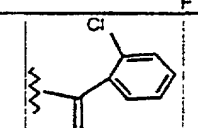
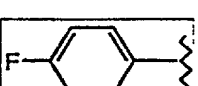
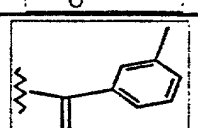
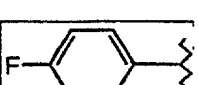
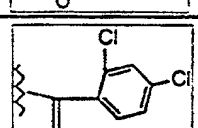
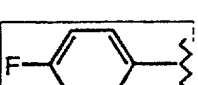
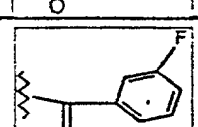
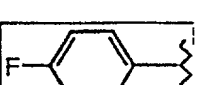
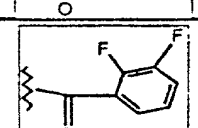
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0644			100	470	471
B-0645			92	450	451
B-0646			100	436	437
B-0647			90	466	467
B-0648			94	490	491
B-0649			57	482	
B-0650			82	462	463
B-0651			100	530	531
B-0652			53	472	
B-0653			84	441	442

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0654			92	464	465
B-0655			100	486	487
B-0656			98	447	448
B-0657			85	561	562
B-0658			92	498	499
B-0659			46	548	549
B-0660			80	505	506
B-0661			100	568	569
B-0662			98	495	496
B-0663			74	426	427

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0664			30	389	390
B-0665			100	568	569
B-0666			93	500	501
B-0667			54	473	474
B-0668			66	514	515

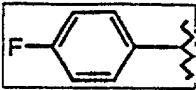
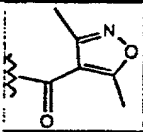
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0669			65	400	401
B-0670			45	420	421
B-0671			43	400	401
B-0672			45	454	455
B-0673			41	442	443
B-0674			16	512	513
B-0675			39	454	455

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0676			34	411	412
B-0677			46	436	437
B-0678			37	422	423
B-0679			34	422	423
B-0680			60	440	441
B-0681			31	454	455
B-0682			37	428	429
B-0683			46	472	473
B-0684			50	440	441
B-0685			44	472	473

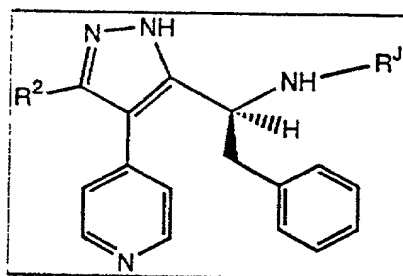
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0686			66	472	473
B-0687			57	472	473
B-0688			52	472	473
B-0689			42	472	473
B-0690			34	472	473
B-0691			52	420	421
B-0692			41	400	401
B-0693			56	454	455
B-0694			38	404	405
B-0695			43	422	423



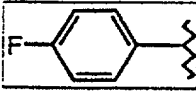
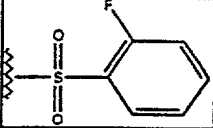
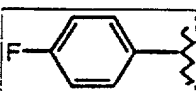
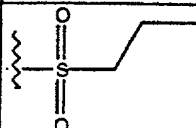
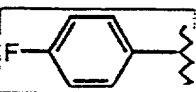
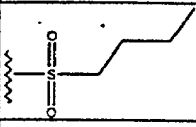
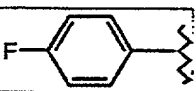
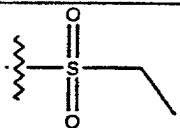
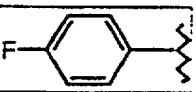
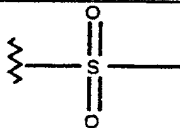
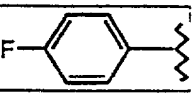
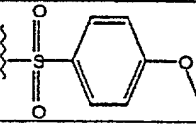
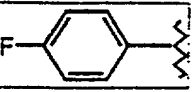
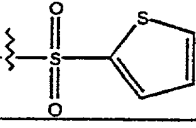
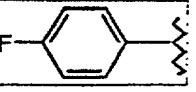
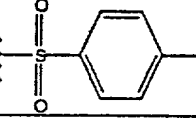
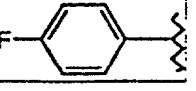
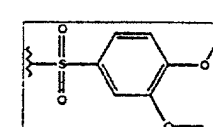
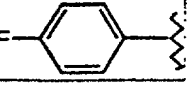
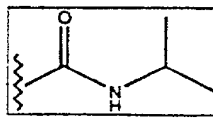


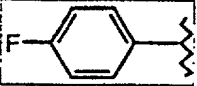
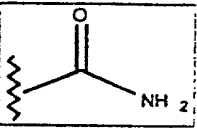
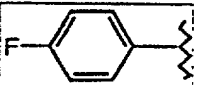
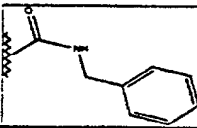
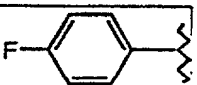
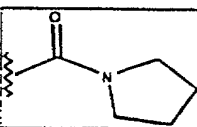
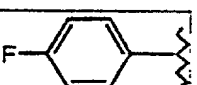
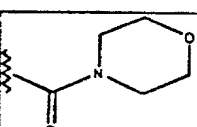
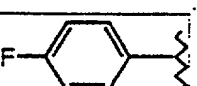
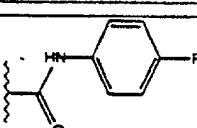
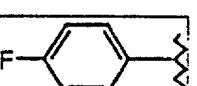
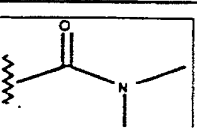
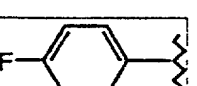
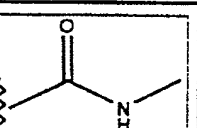
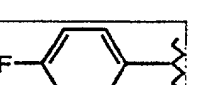

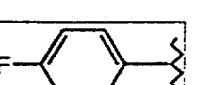
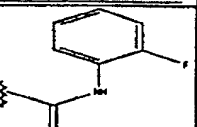
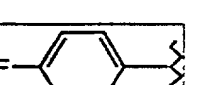
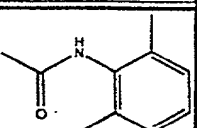
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0706			35	405	406

1002480-10001  
1002480-10001

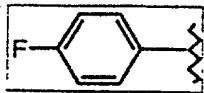
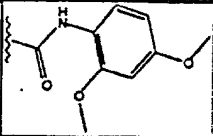
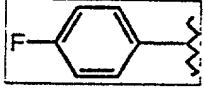
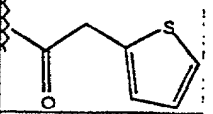
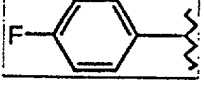
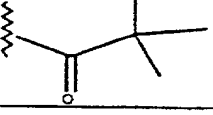
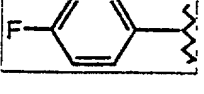
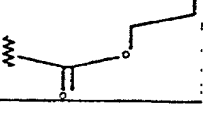
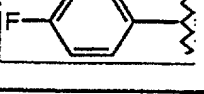
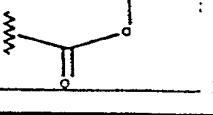
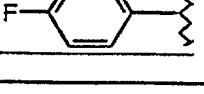
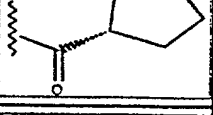
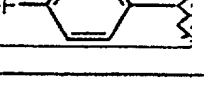
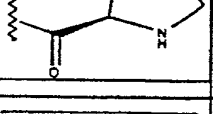




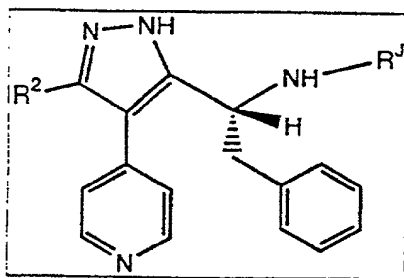
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0707			76	516	517
B-0708			61	498	499
B-0709			37	464	465
B-0710			76	524	525
B-0711			75	512	513
B-0712			91	534	535
B-0713			42	490	491

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0714			87	516	517
B-0715			60	464	465
B-0716			59	478	479
B-0717			61	450	451
B-0718			65	436	437
B-0719			84	528	529
B-0720			69	504	505
B-0721			63	512	513
B-0722			88	558	559
B-0723			68	443	444

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0724			75	401	402
B-0725			83	491	492
B-0726			24	455	456
B-0727			67	471	472
B-0728			89	495	496
B-0729			38	429	430
B-0730			76	415	416
B-0731			60	491	492
B-0732			86	495	496
B-0733			81	505	506

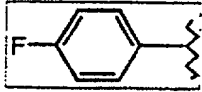
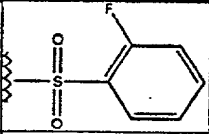
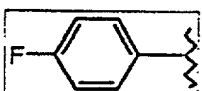
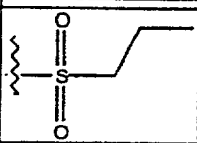
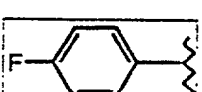
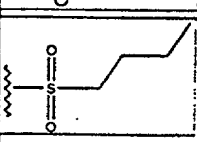
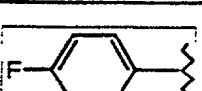
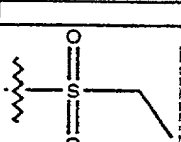
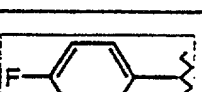
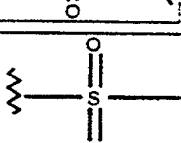
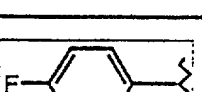
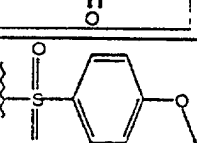

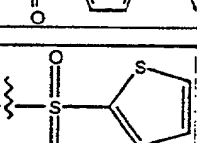

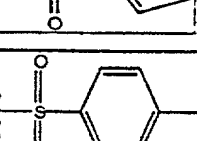

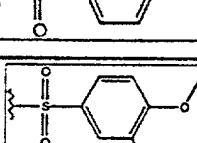

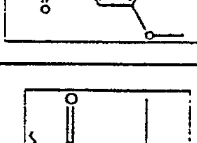


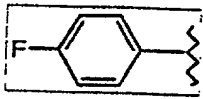
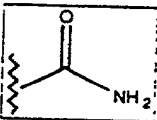
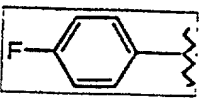
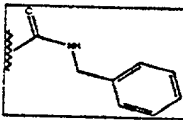
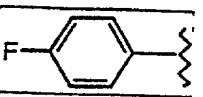
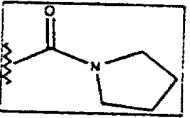
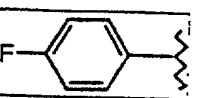
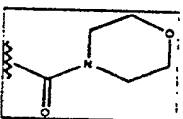
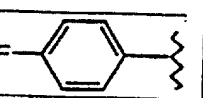
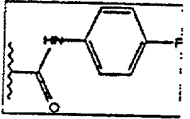
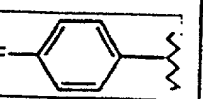
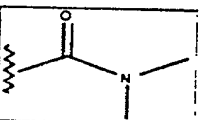
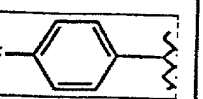
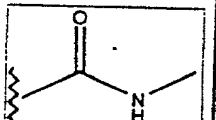
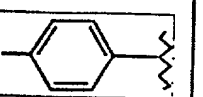
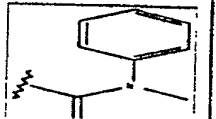
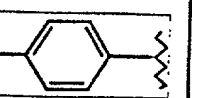
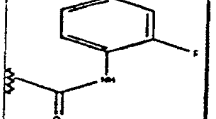
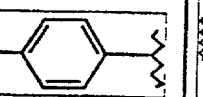
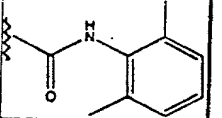
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0744			86	537	538
B-0745			82	482	483
B-0746			74	442	443
B-0747			83	444	445
B-0748			94	430	431
B-0749			100	455	456
B-0750			100	455	456
B-0751			48	444	445

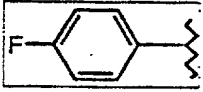
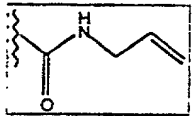
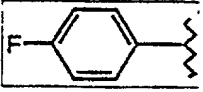
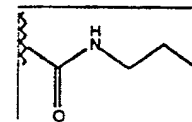
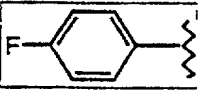
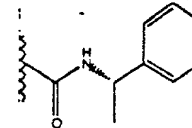
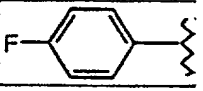
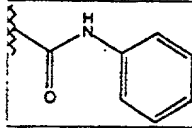
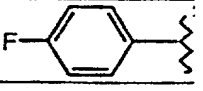
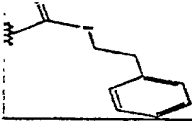
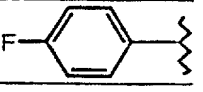
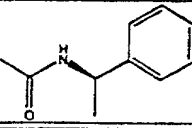
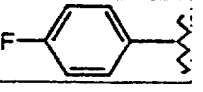
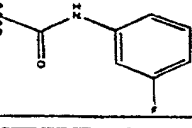
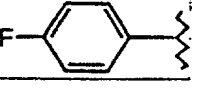
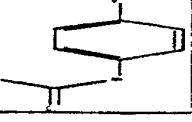
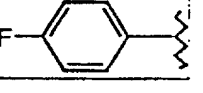
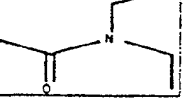
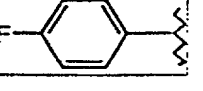
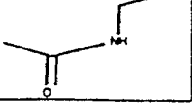


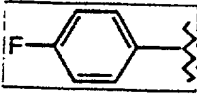
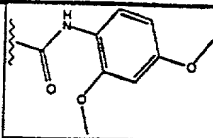
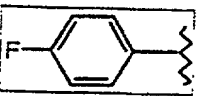
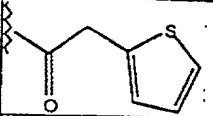
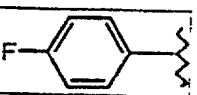
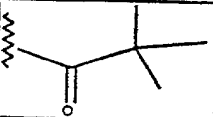
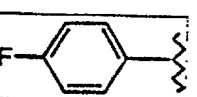

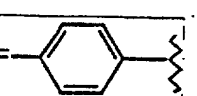
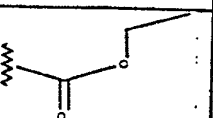
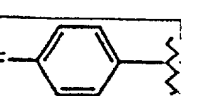
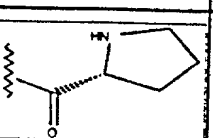
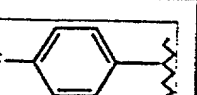
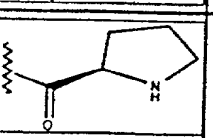
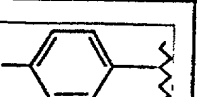
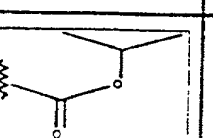
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0752			84	516	517
B-0753			67	498	499
B-0754			31	464	465
B-0755			85	524	525
B-0756			77	512	513
B-0757			57	534	535
B-0758			36	490	491

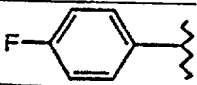
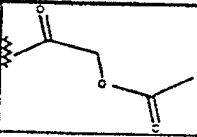
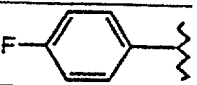
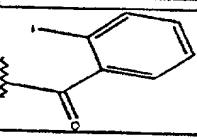
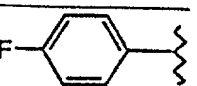
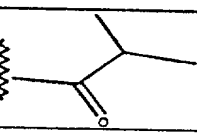
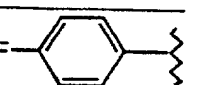
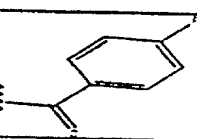
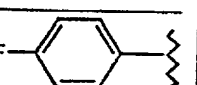
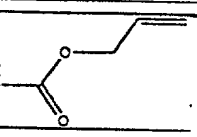
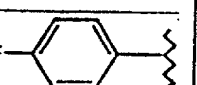
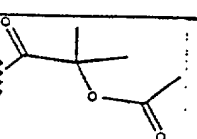
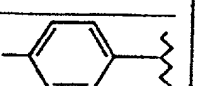
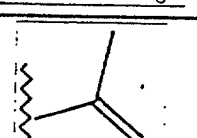


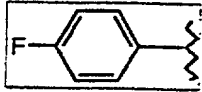
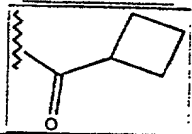
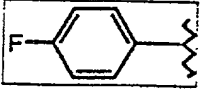
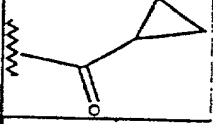
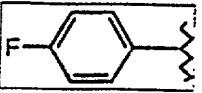
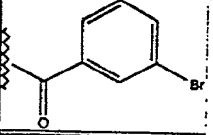
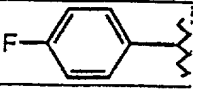
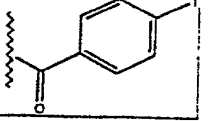
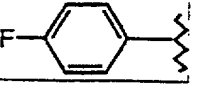
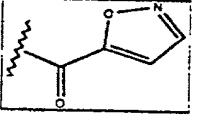
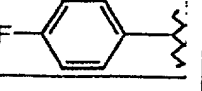
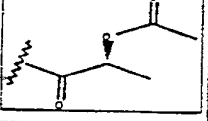
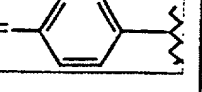
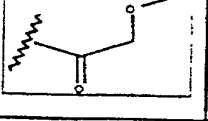
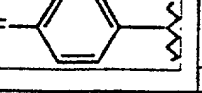
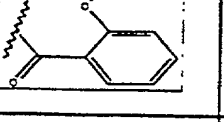
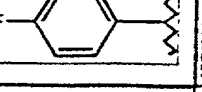
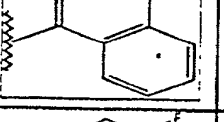
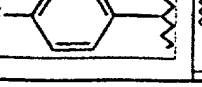
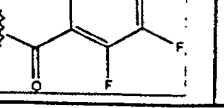
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0759			79	516	517
B-0760			53	464	465
B-0761			50	478	479
B-0762			60	450	451
B-0763			75	436	437
B-0764			43	528	529
B-0765			75	504	505
B-0766			67	512	513
B-0767			43	558	559
B-0768			78	443	444


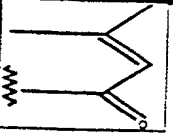
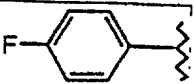
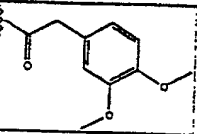
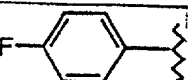
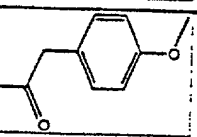
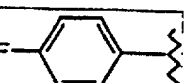
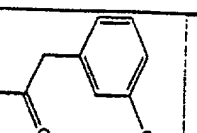
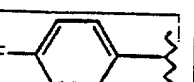
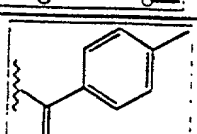
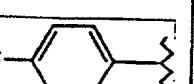
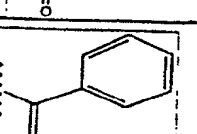
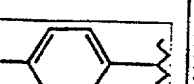
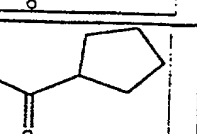
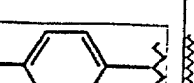
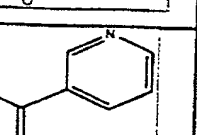
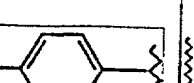
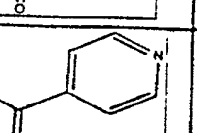
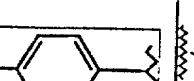
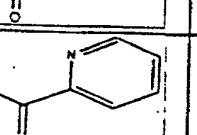
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0769			76	401	402
B-0770			57	491	492
B-0771			14	455	456
B-0772			72	471	472
B-0773			100	495	496
B-0774			41	429	430
B-0775			91	415	416
B-0776			64	491	492
B-0777			90	495	496
B-0778			19	505	506

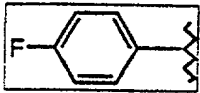
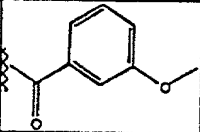
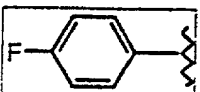
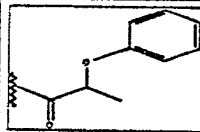
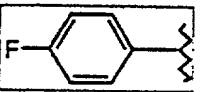
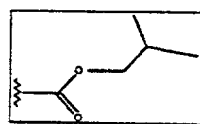
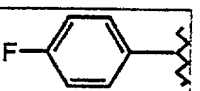
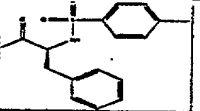
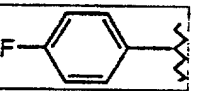
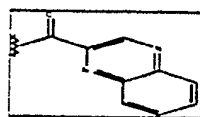
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0779			79	441	442
B-0780			40	443	444
B-0781			93	505	506
B-0782			57	477	478
B-0783			99	505	506
B-0784			100	505	506
B-0785			92	495	496
B-0786			91	507	508
B-0787			15	457	458
B-0788			48	429	430

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0789			91	537	538
B-0790			93	482	483
B-0791			76	442	443
B-0792			96	444	445
B-0793			54	430	431
B-0794			100	455	456
B-0795			100	455	456
B-0796			94	444	445

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0797			90	458	459
B-0798			90	588	589
B-0799			82	428	429
B-0800			92	480	481
B-0801			82	442	443
B-0802			95	486	487
B-0803			89	400	401

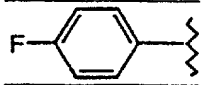
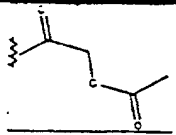
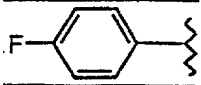
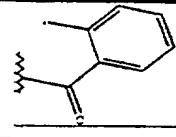
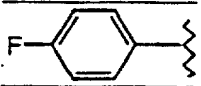
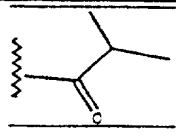
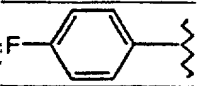
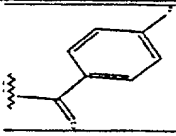
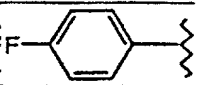
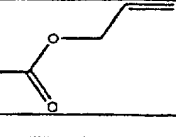
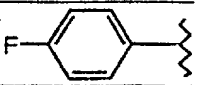
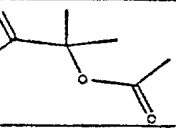
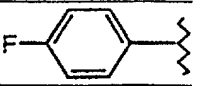
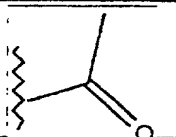
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0804			87	440	441
B-0805			100	426	427
B-0806			99	540	541
B-0807			96	588	589
B-0808			82	453	454
B-0809			92	472	473
B-0810			98	430	431
B-0811			88	492	493
B-0812			81	530	531
B-0813			98	516	517

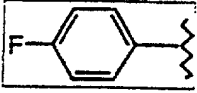
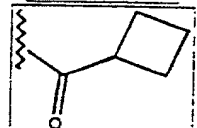
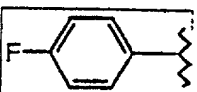
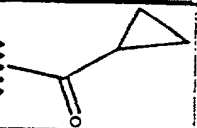
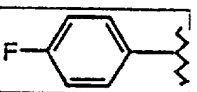
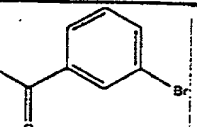
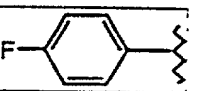
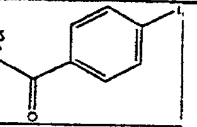
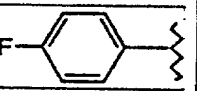
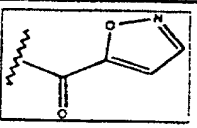
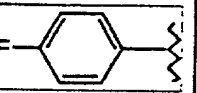
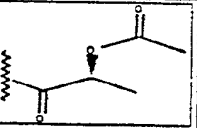
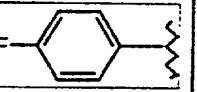
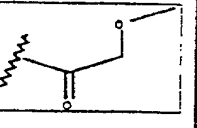
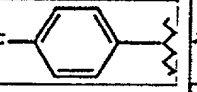
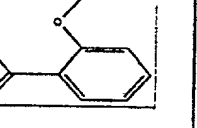
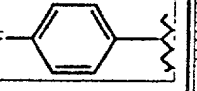
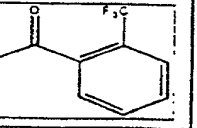
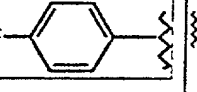
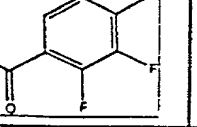
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0814			100	440	441
B-0815			100	536	537
B-0816			99	506	507
B-0817			98	506	507
B-0818			86	476	477
B-0819			90	462	463
B-0820			91	454	455
B-0821			69	463	464
B-0822			79	463	464
B-0823			79	463	464

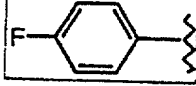
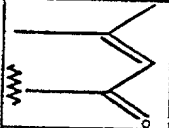
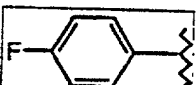
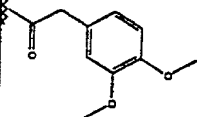
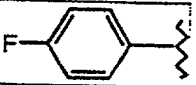
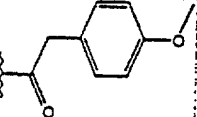
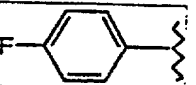
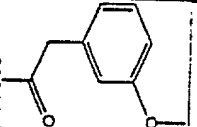

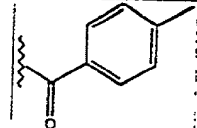
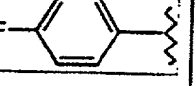
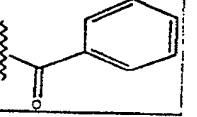
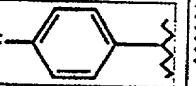
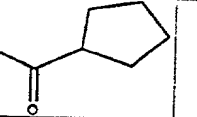
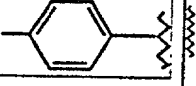
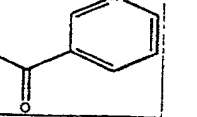
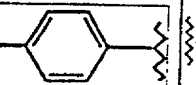
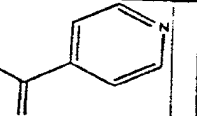
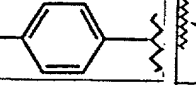
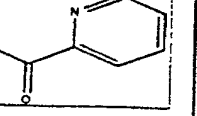
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0824			82	492	493
B-0825			100	506	507
B-0826			97	458	459
B-0827			100	659	660
B-0828			97	514	515

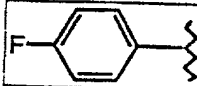
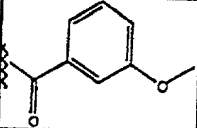
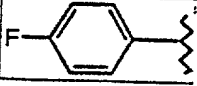
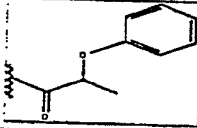
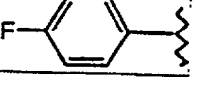
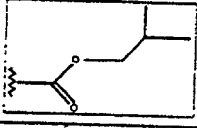
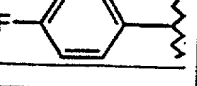
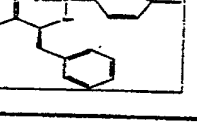
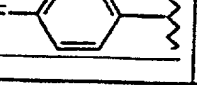

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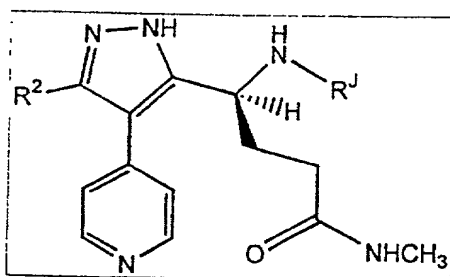


Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0829			63	458	459
B-830			70	588	589
B-0831			100	428	429
B-0832			81	480	481
B-0833			73	442	443
B-0834			79	486	487
B-0835			5	400	401

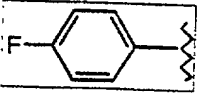
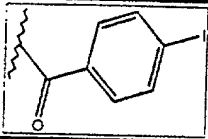
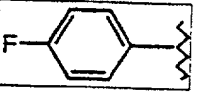
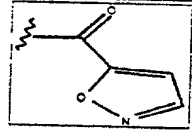
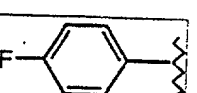
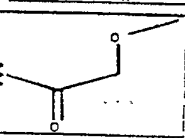
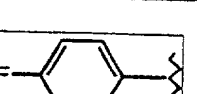
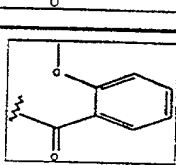

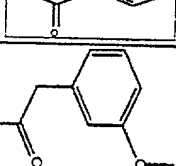

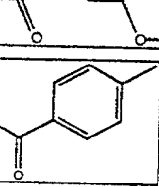
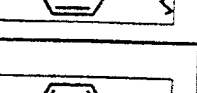
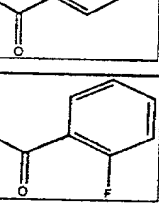
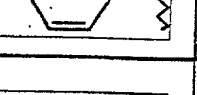
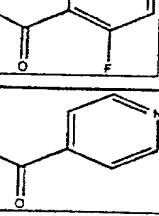
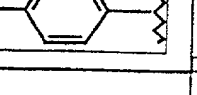
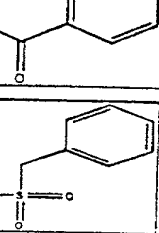
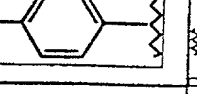
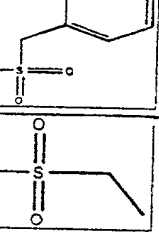
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0836			28	440	441
B-0837			81	426	427
B-0838			84	540	541
B-0839			80	588	589
B-0840			71	453	454
B-0841			55	472	473
B-0842			71	430	431
B-0843			68	492	493
B-0844			61	530	531
B-0845			84	516	517

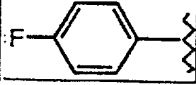
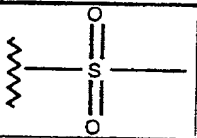
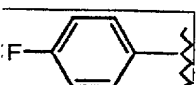
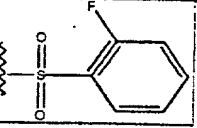
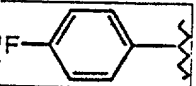
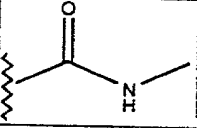
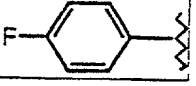
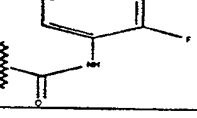
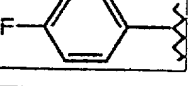
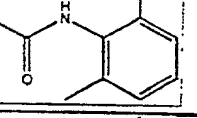
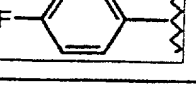
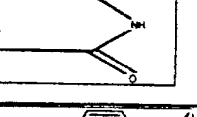
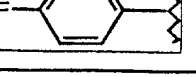
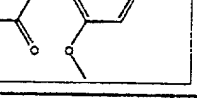
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0846			87	440	441
B-0847			86	536	537
B-0848			79	506	507
B-0849			81	506	507
B-0850			69	476	477
B-0851			83	462	463
B-0852			77	454	455
B-0853			87	463	464
B-0854			73	463	464
B-0855			92	463	464

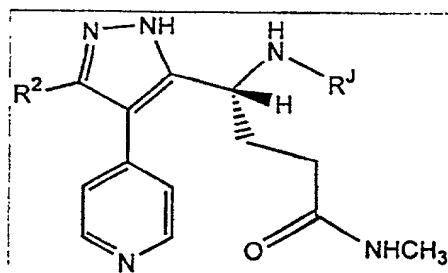
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0856			75	492	493
B-0857			86	506	507
B-0858			84	458	459
B-0859			80	659	660
B-0860			94	514	515



Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0861			84	583	584
B-0862			96	475	476
B-0863			69	423	424
B-0864			86	437	438
B-0865			62	395	-
B-0866			81	421	422
B-0867			100	535	536

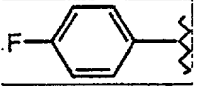
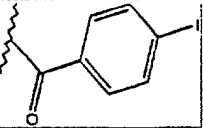
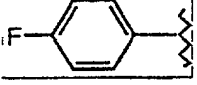
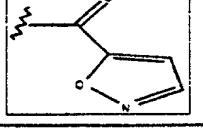
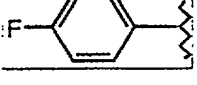
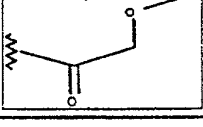
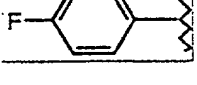
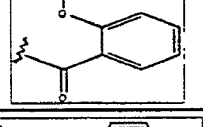
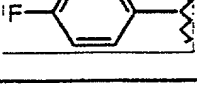
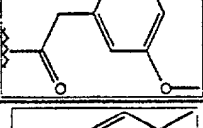

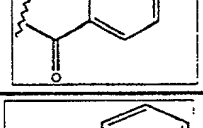

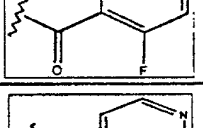
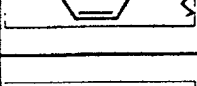
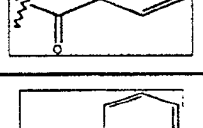
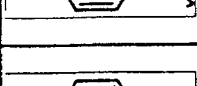
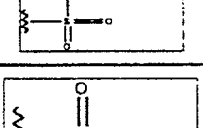
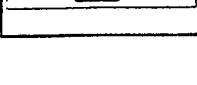
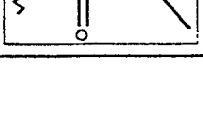
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0868			89	583	584
B-0869			100	448	449
B-0870			100	425	426
B-0871			100	487	488
B-0872			78	501	502
B-0873			78	471	472
B-0874			92	475	476
B-0875			37	458	459
B-0876			69	507	508
B-0877			70	445	446

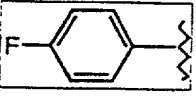
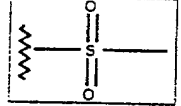
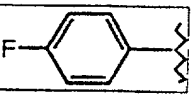
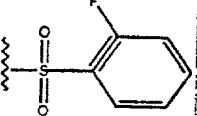
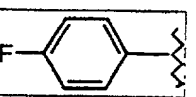
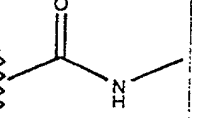
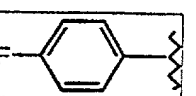
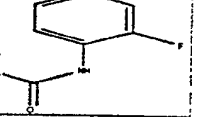
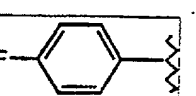
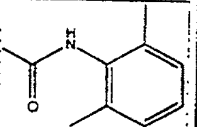
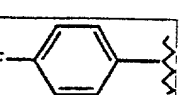
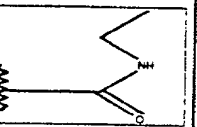
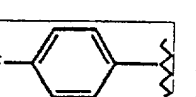
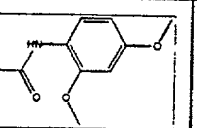
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0878			91	431	432
B-0879			92	511	512
B-0880			89	410	411
B-0881			84	490	491
B-0882			85	500	501
B-0883			85	424	425
B-0884			86	532	533

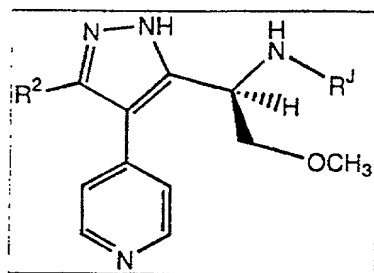


Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>j</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0885			51	583	-
B-0886			97	475	-
B-0887			29	423	424
B-0888			82	437	438
B-0889			93	395	396
B-0890			91	421	422
B-0891			43	535	536

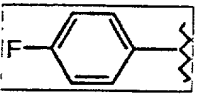
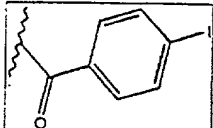
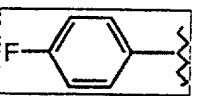
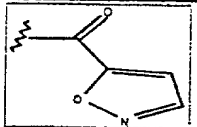
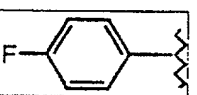
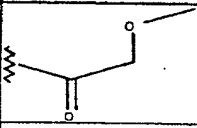
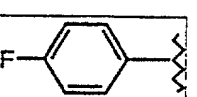
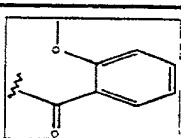
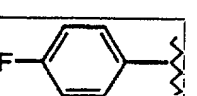
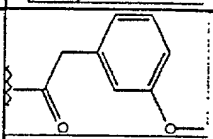
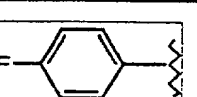
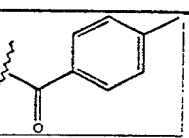
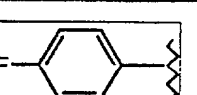
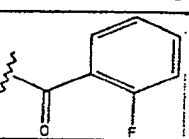
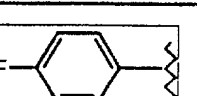
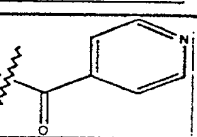
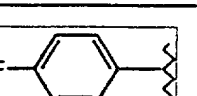
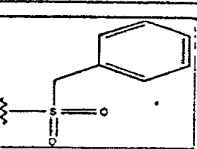
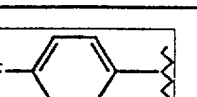
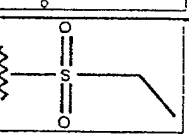


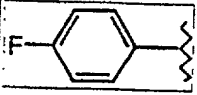
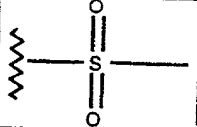
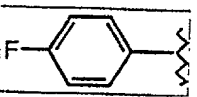
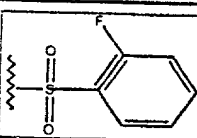
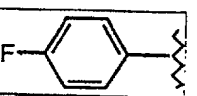
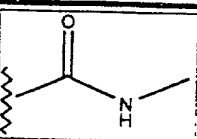
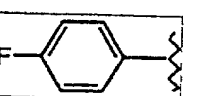
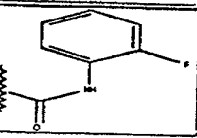
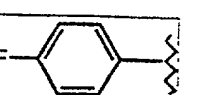
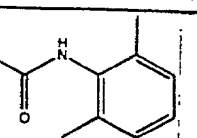
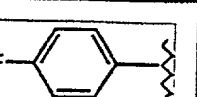
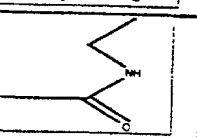
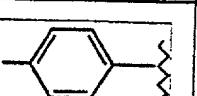
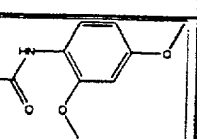
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0892			62	583	584
B-0893			95	448	449
B-0894			100	425	426
B-0895			76	487	488
B-0896			62	501	502
B-0897			80	471	472
B-0898			79	475	476
B-0899			70	458	459
B-0900			62	507	508
B-0901			43	445	446

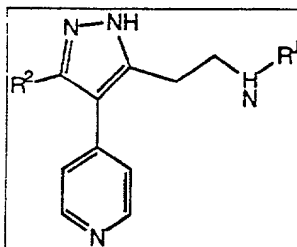
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0902			93	431	432
B-0903			100	511	512
B-0904			95	410	411
B-0905			89	490	491
B-0906			69	500	501
B-0907			28	424	425
B-0908			64	532	533



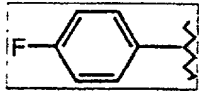
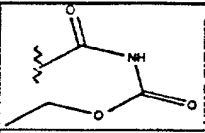
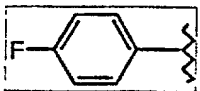
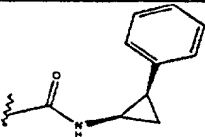
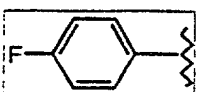
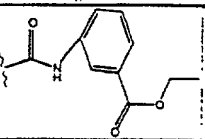
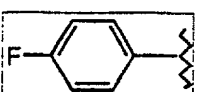
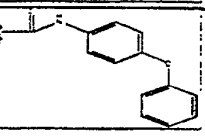
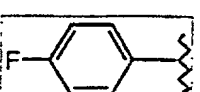
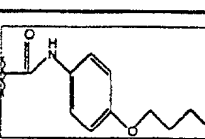
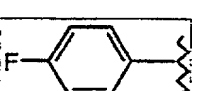
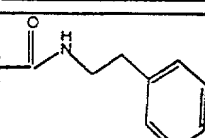
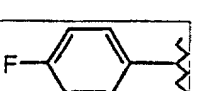
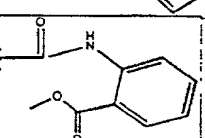
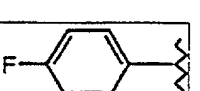
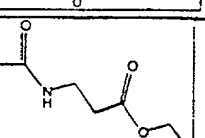
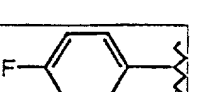
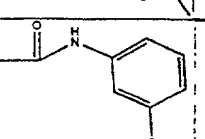
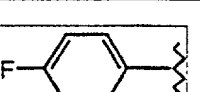
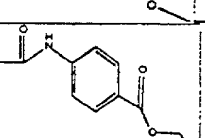
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0909			83	542	543
B-0910			80	434	435
B-0911			91	382	383
B-0912			100	396	397
B-0913			94	354	355
B-0914			95	380	381
B-0915			98	494	495

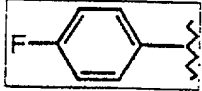
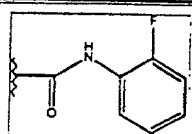
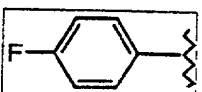
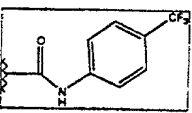
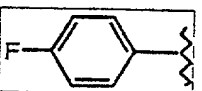
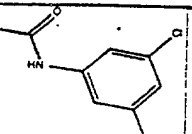
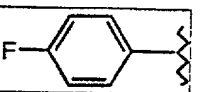
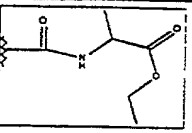
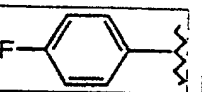
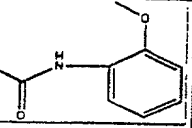
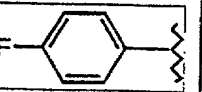
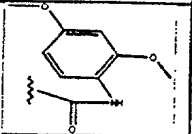
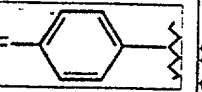
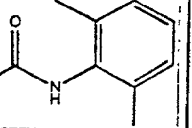
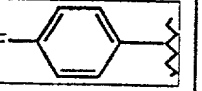
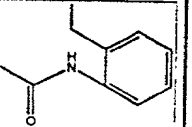
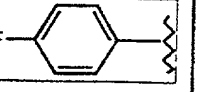
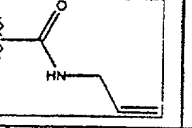
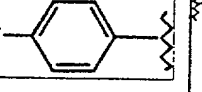
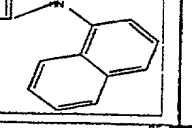
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0916			84	542	543
B-0917			79	407	408
B-0918			89	384	385
B-0919			91	446	447
B-0920			99	460	461
B-0921			84	430	431
B-0922			81	434	435
B-0923			76	417	418
B-0924			70	466	467
B-0925			64	404	405

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0926			47	390	391
B-0927			89	470	471
B-0928			53	369	370
B-0929			100	449	450
B-0930			14	459	460
B-0931			41	383	384
B-0932			94	491	492

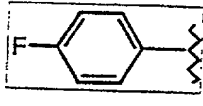
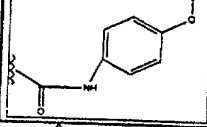
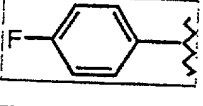
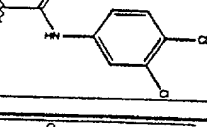
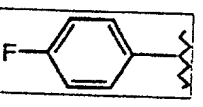
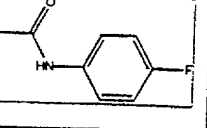
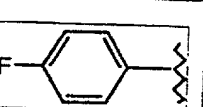
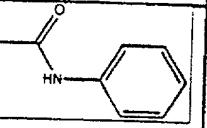
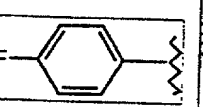
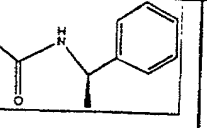
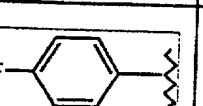
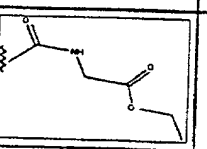
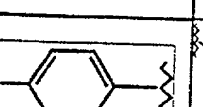
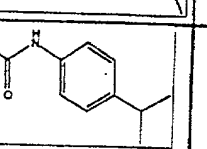
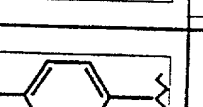
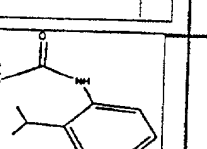
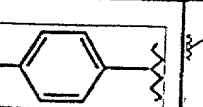
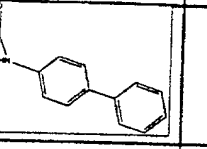
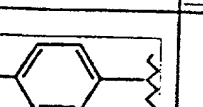
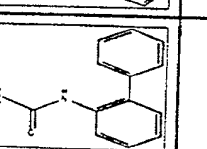



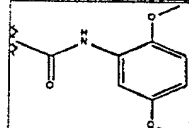
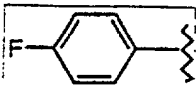
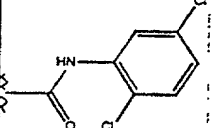
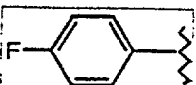
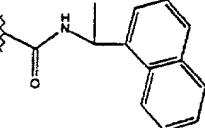
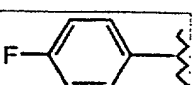
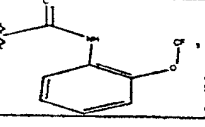
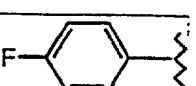
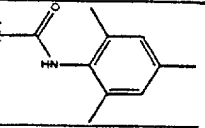
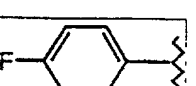
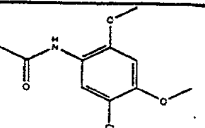
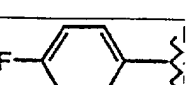
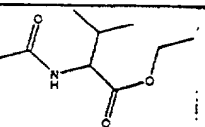
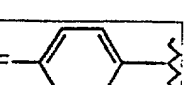
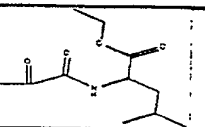
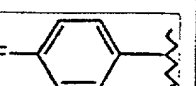
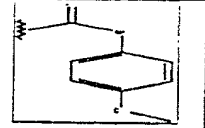
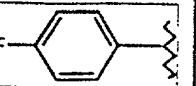
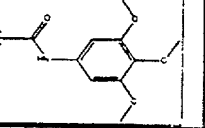
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0933			48	447	448
B-0934			44	429	430
B-0935			33	485	486
B-0936			30	479	-
B-0937			68	367	368
B-0938			72	479	480
B-0939			76	415	416

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0940			36	397	398
B-0941			41	441	442
B-0942			27	473	474
B-0943			55	493	494
B-0944			53	473	474
B-0945			82	429	430
B-0946			100	459	460
B-0947			60	425	426
B-0948			100	431	432
B-0949			98	473	474

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0950			64	419	420
B-0951			100	469	470
B-0952			61	469	470
B-0953			67	425	426
B-0954			62	431	432
B-0955			39	461	462
B-0956			66	429	430
B-0957			93	429	430
B-0958			86	365	366
B-0959			73	451	452

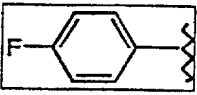
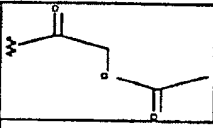
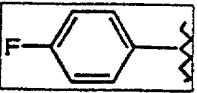
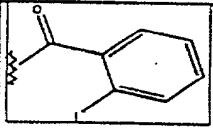
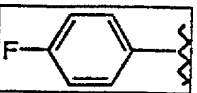
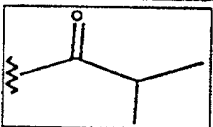
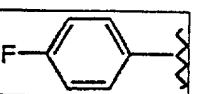
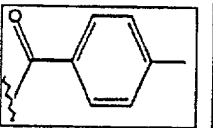
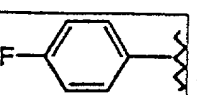
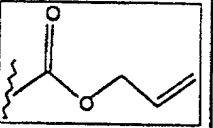
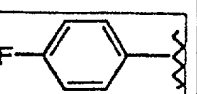
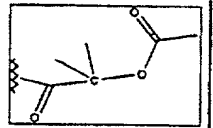
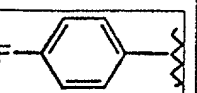
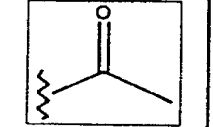


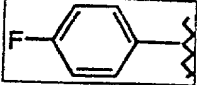
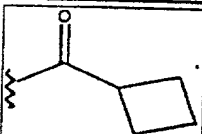
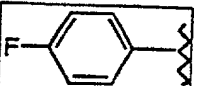
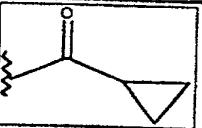
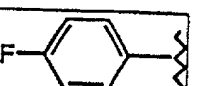
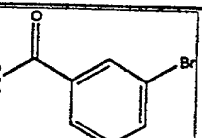
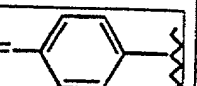
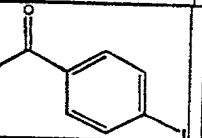
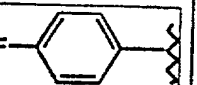
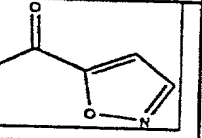
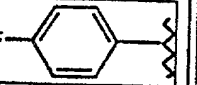
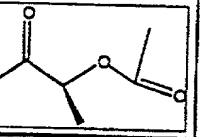
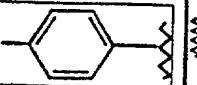
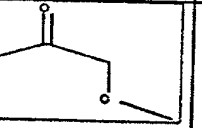
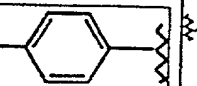
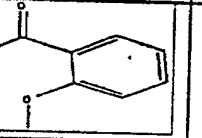
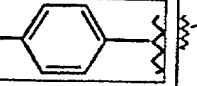
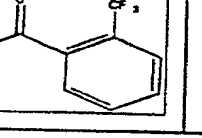
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0960			98	485	486
B-0961			100	469	470
B-0962			100	419	420
B-0963			83	401	402
B-0964			38	429	430
B-0965			90	411	412
B-0966			76	443	444
B-0967			100	443	444
B-0968			100	477	478
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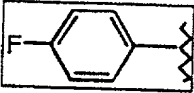
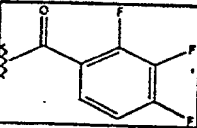
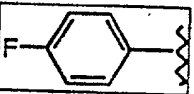
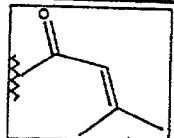
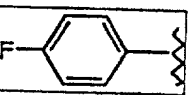
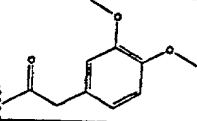
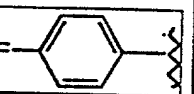
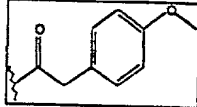
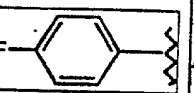
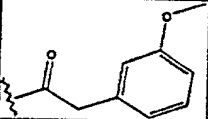
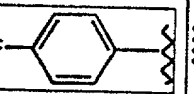
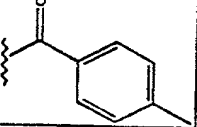
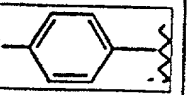
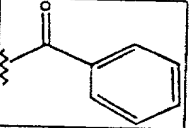
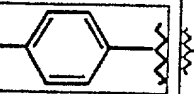
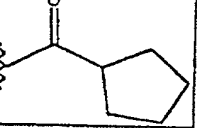
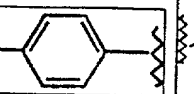
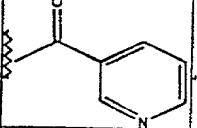
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0970			38	461	462
B-0971			95	469	470
B-0972			98	479	480
B-0973			96	485	486
B-0974			74	443	444
B-0975			100	495	496
B-0976			70	453	454
B-0977			100	467	468
B-0978			91	431	432
B-0979			54	491	492

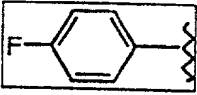
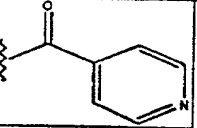
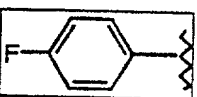
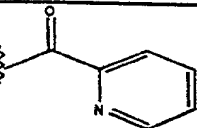
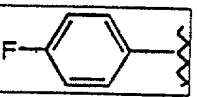
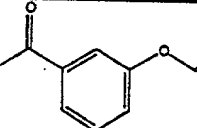
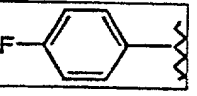
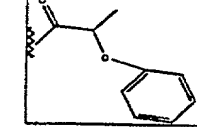
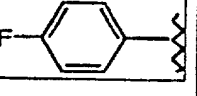
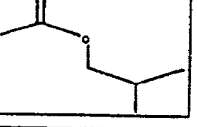
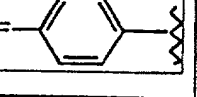
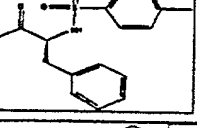
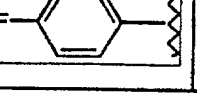
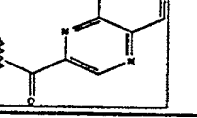
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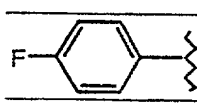
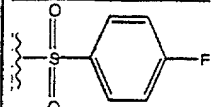
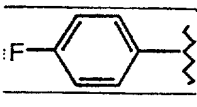
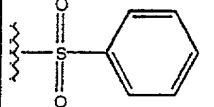
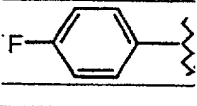
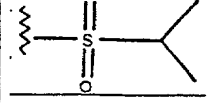
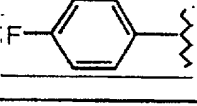
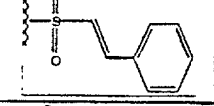
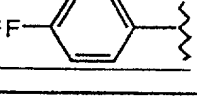
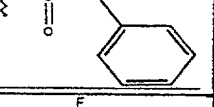
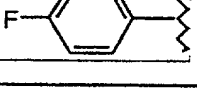
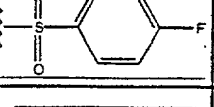

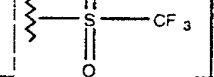
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0981			78	382	383
B-0982			82	512	513
B-0983			94	352	353
B-0984			81	404	405
B-0985			84	366	367
B-0986			80	410	411
B-0987			85	324	325

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0988			91	364	365
B-0989			88	350	351
B-0990			68	464	465
B-0991			86	512	513
B-0992			79	377	378
B-0993			81	396	397
B-0994			100	354	355
B-0995			75	416	417
B-0996			65	454	455

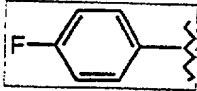
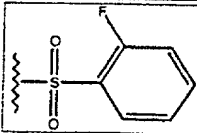
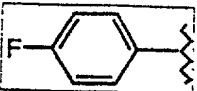
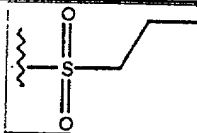
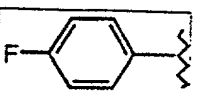
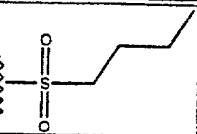
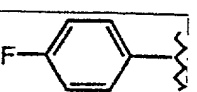
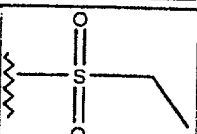
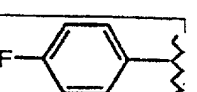
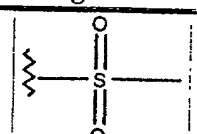
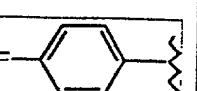
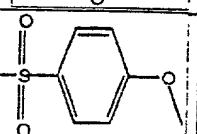
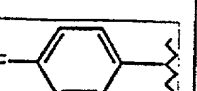
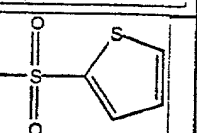
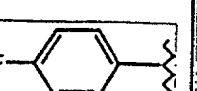
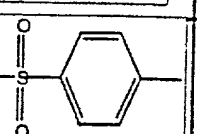
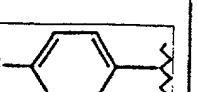
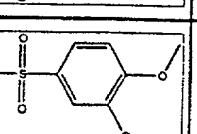
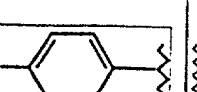
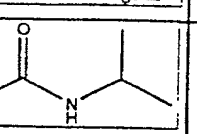
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-0997			64	440	441
B-0998			81	364	365
B-0999			79	460	461
B-1000			84	430	431
B-1001			78	430	431
B-1002			85	400	401
B-1003			83	386	387
B-1004			87	378	379
B-1005			57	387	388

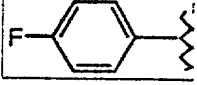
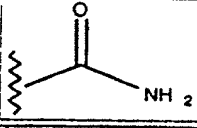
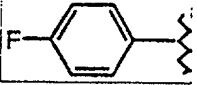
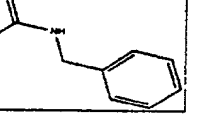
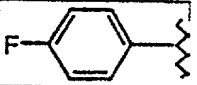
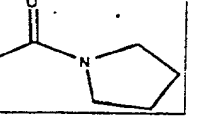
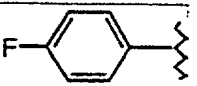
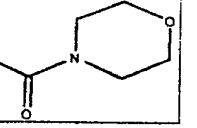
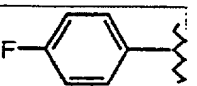
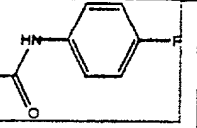
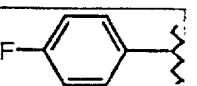
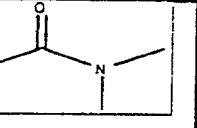
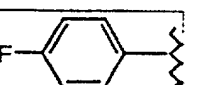
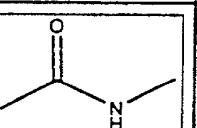
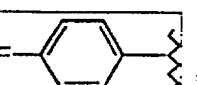
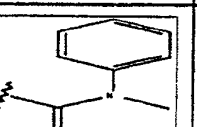
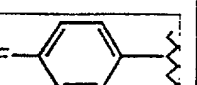
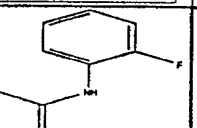
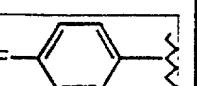
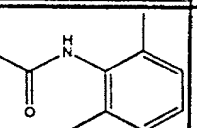
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1006			80	387	388
B-1007			54	387	388
B-1008			64	416	417
B-1009			81	430	431
B-1010			81	382	383
B-1011			66	583	584
B-1012			69	438	439


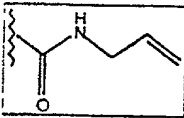
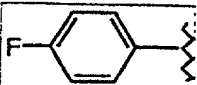
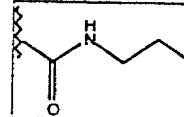
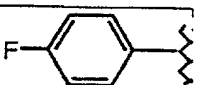
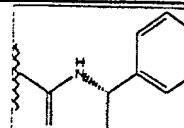
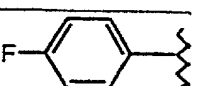
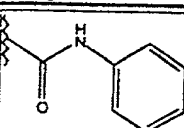
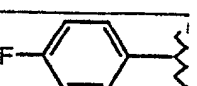
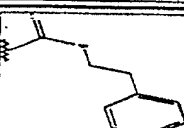
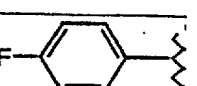
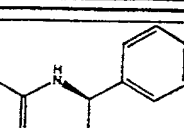
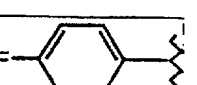
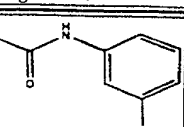
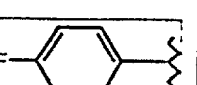
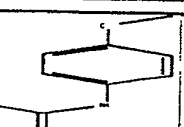
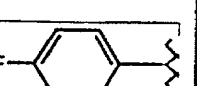
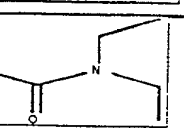
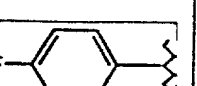
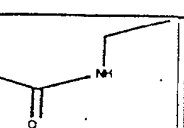
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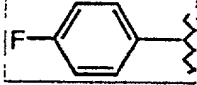
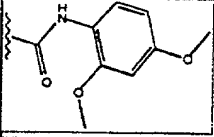
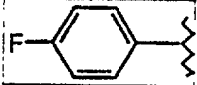
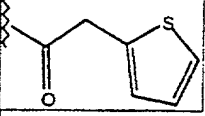
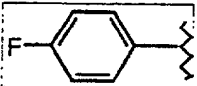
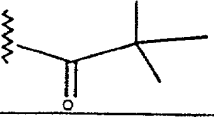
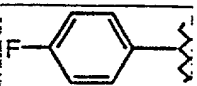
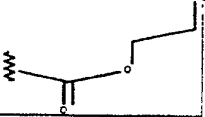
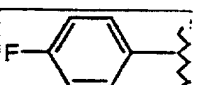
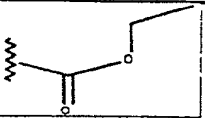
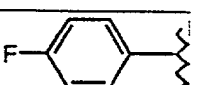
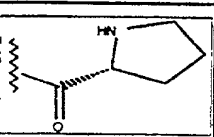
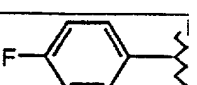
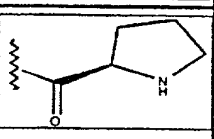
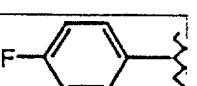
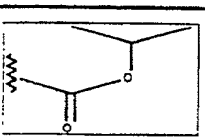
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1013			53	440	441
B-1014			61	422	423
B-1015			47	388	389
B-1016			74	448	449
B-1017			63	436	437
B-1018			82	458	459
B-1019			41	414	415

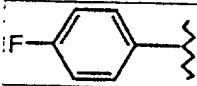
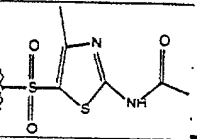
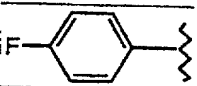
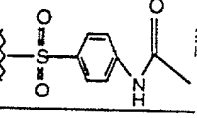
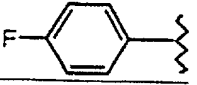
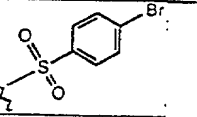
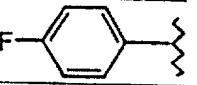
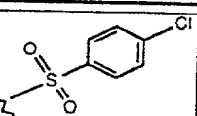
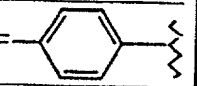
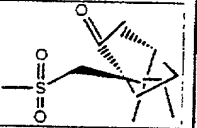
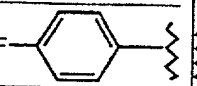
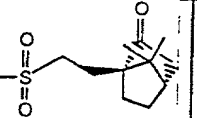
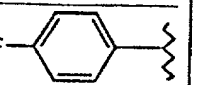
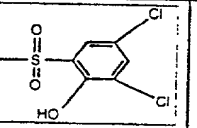


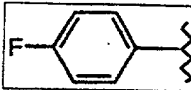
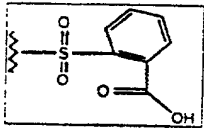
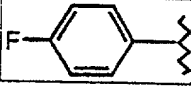
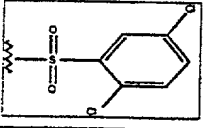
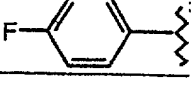
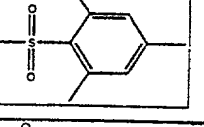
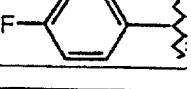
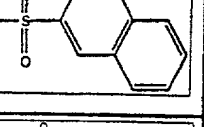
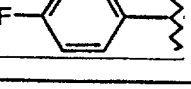
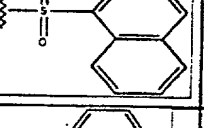
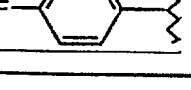
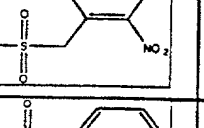

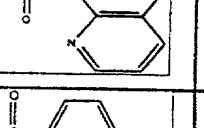

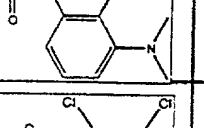
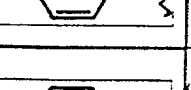
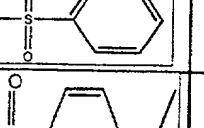
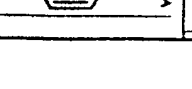
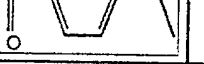
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1020			100	440	441
B-1021			100	388	389
B-1022			74	402	403
B-1023			76	374	375
B-1024			73	360	361
B-1025			100	452	453
B-1026			95	428	429
B-1027			98	436	437
B-1028			100	482	483
B-1029			98	367	368

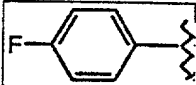
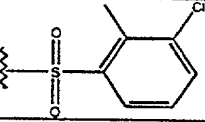
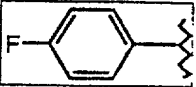
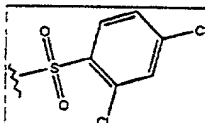
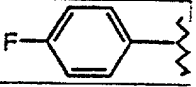
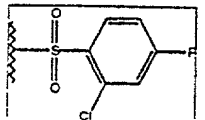
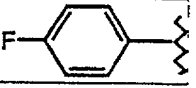
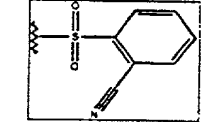
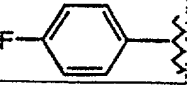
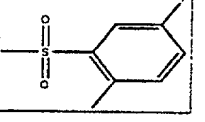
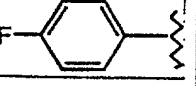
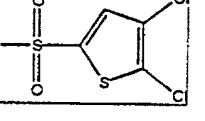
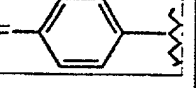
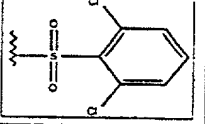
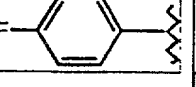
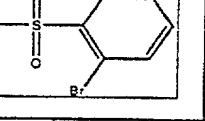
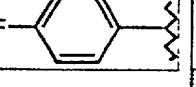
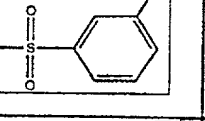
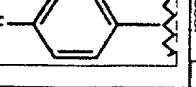
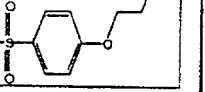
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1030			88	325	326
B-1031			97	415	416
B-1032			64	379	380
B-1033			83	395	396
B-1034			67	419	420
B-1035			73	353	354
B-1036			79	339	340
B-1037			78	415	416
B-1038			100	419	420
B-1039			95	429	430

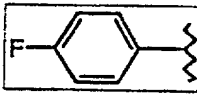
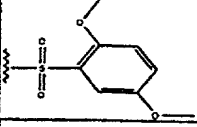
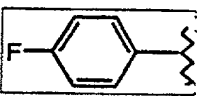
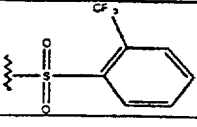
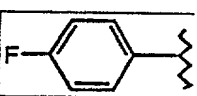
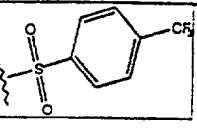
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1040			91	365	366
B-1041			88	367	368
B-1042			78	429	430
B-1043			79	401	402
B-1044			93	429	430
B-1045			100	429	430
B-1046			94	419	420
B-1047			100	431	432
B-1048			58	381	382
B-1049			97	353	354

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1050			100	461	462
B-1051			88	406	407
B-1052			82	366	367
B-1053			21	368	
B-1054			98	354	355
B-1055			100	379	380
B-1056			85	379	380
B-1057			30	368	369

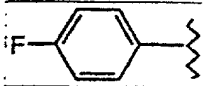
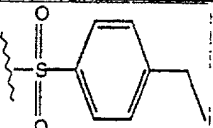
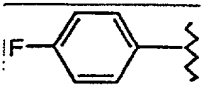
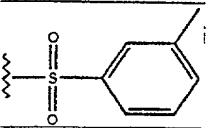
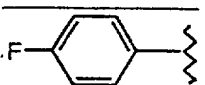
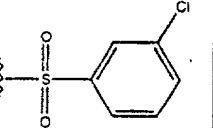
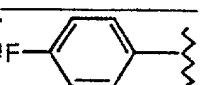
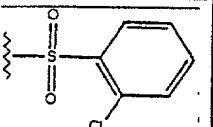
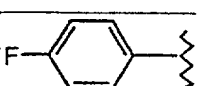
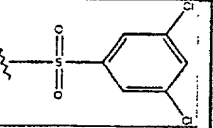
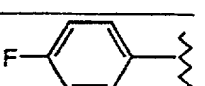
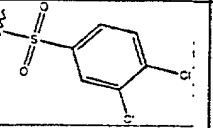
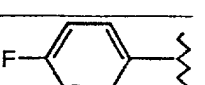
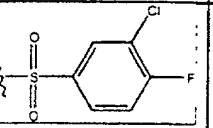
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1058			35	500	501
B-1059			77	479	480
B-1060			37	500	501
B-1061			86	456	457
B-1062			58	496	497
B-1063			59	496	497
B-1064			58	506	-

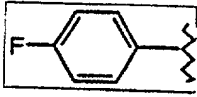
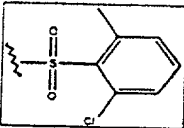
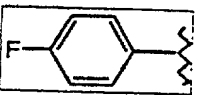
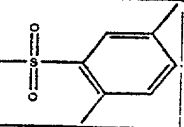
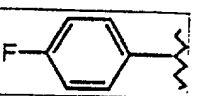
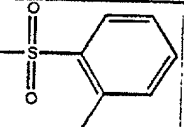
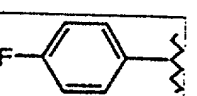
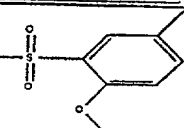
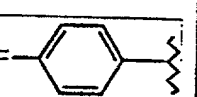
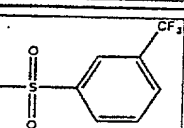
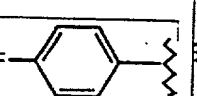
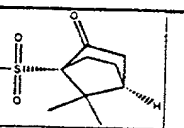
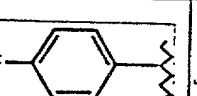
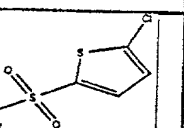
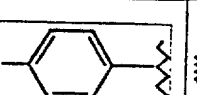
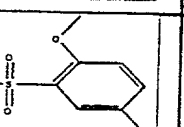
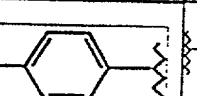
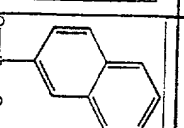
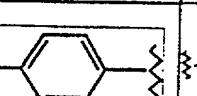
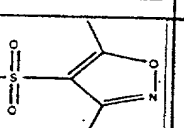
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1065			24	466	-
B-1066			100	490	491
B-1067			74	464	465
B-1068			79	472	473
B-1069			97	472	473
B-1070			54	481	482
B-1071			67	473	474
B-1072			35	515	516
B-1073			100	490	491
B-1074			100	464	465

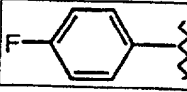
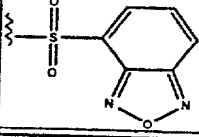
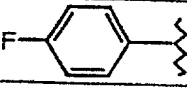
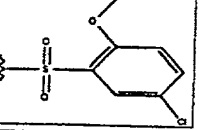
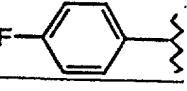
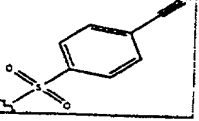
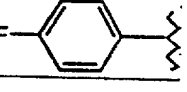
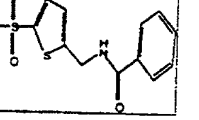
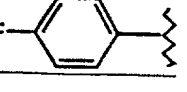
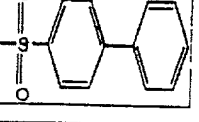
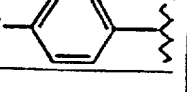
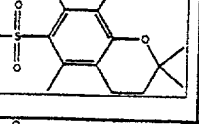
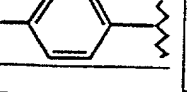
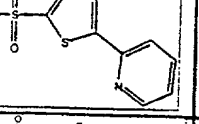
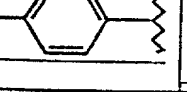
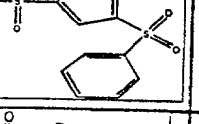
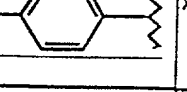
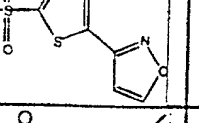
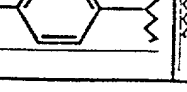
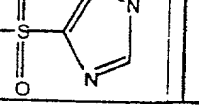
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1075			100	470	471
B-1076			93	490	491
B-1077			100	474	475
B-1078			80	447	448
B-1079			85	454	455
B-1080			100	496	497
B-1081			100	490	491
B-1082			100	500	501
B-1083			93	500	501
B-1084			81	494	495

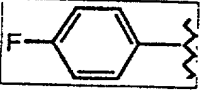
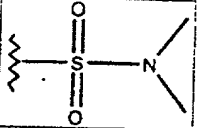
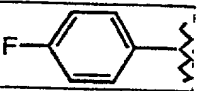
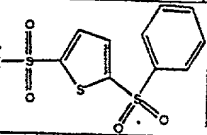
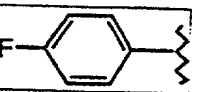
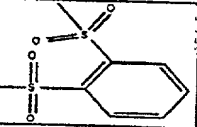
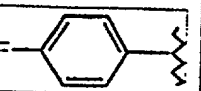
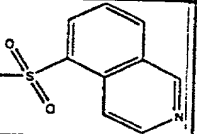
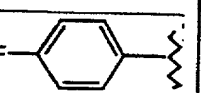
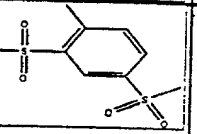
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1085			93	482	483
B-1086			92	490	491
B-1087			100	490	491



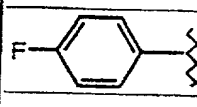
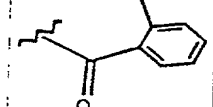
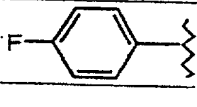
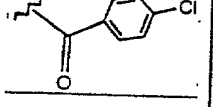
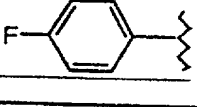
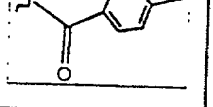
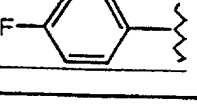
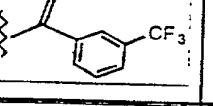
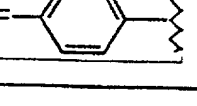
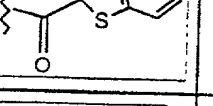
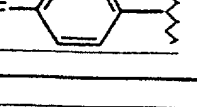
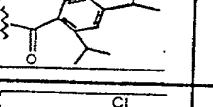

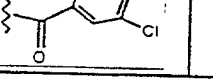
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1088			97	450	451
B-1089			100	436	437
B-1090			100	456	457
B-1091			100	456	457
B-1092			96	490	491
B-1093			100	490	491
B-1094			100	474	475

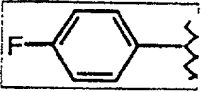
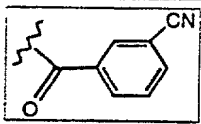
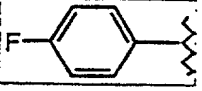
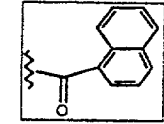
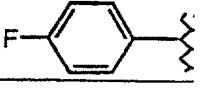
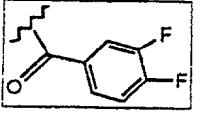
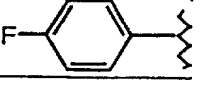
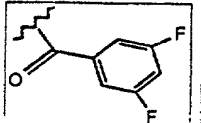
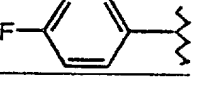
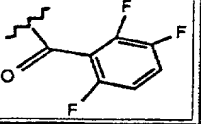
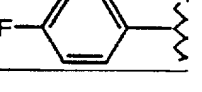
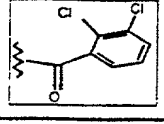
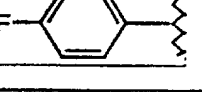
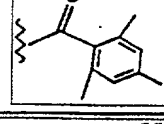
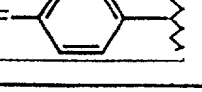
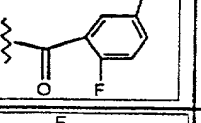
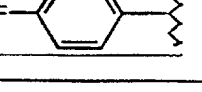
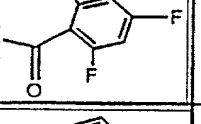
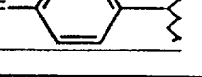
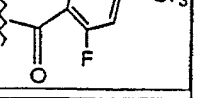
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1095			81	470	471
B-1096			77	450	451
B-1097			100	436	437
B-1098			93	466	467
B-1099			100	490	491
B-1100			47	482	-
B-1101			64	462	463
B-1102			98	530	531
B-1103			65	472	-
B-1104			88	441	442

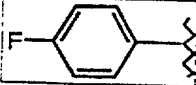
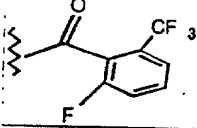
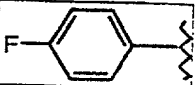
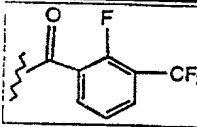
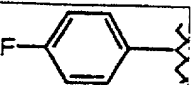
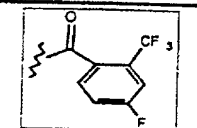
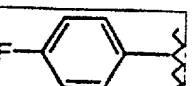
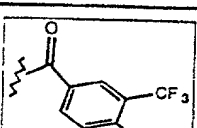
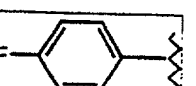
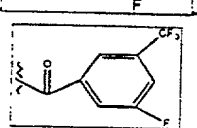
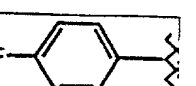
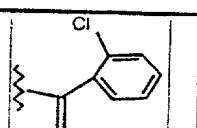
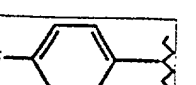
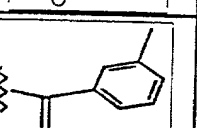
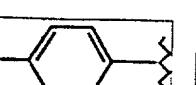
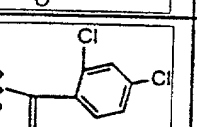
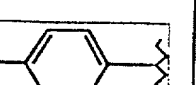
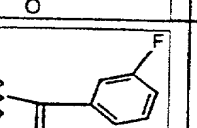
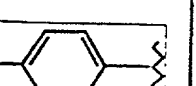
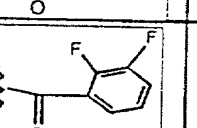
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1105			100	464	465
B-1106			91	486	487
B-1107			96	447	448
B-1108			55	561	562
B-1109			100	498	499
B-1110			73	548	549
B-1111			94	505	506
B-1112			100	568	569
B-1113			100	495	496
B-1114			73	426	427

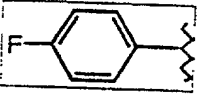
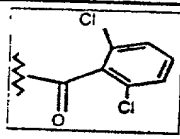
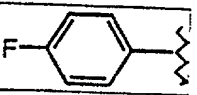
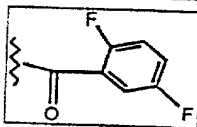
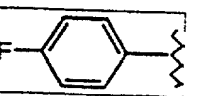
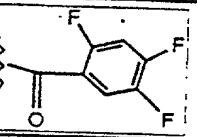
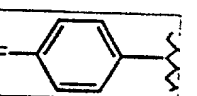
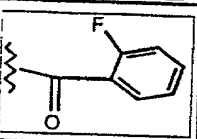
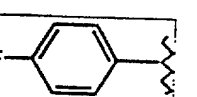
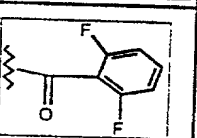
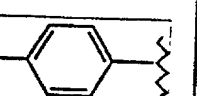
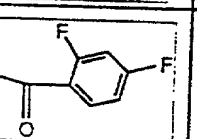
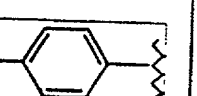
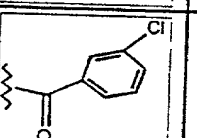
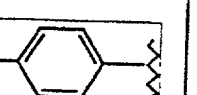
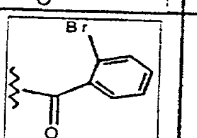
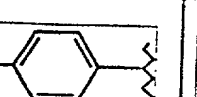
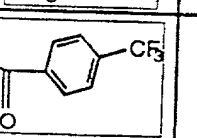
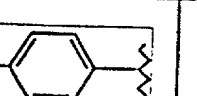
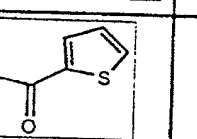
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1115			30	389	390
B-1116			100	568	569
B-1117			83	500	501
B-1118			55	473	-
B-1119			70	514	515

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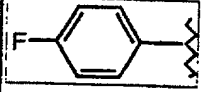
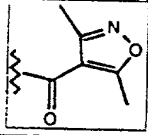
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1120			84	400	401
B-1121			86	420	421
B-1122			90	400	401
B-1123			100	454	455
B-1124			91	442	443
B-1125			50	512	513
B-1126			85	454	455

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1127			93	411	412
B-1128			87	436	437
B-1129			78	422	423
B-1130			96	422	423
B-1131			84	440	441
B-1132			77	454	455
B-1133			62	428	429
B-1134			91	472	473
B-1135			85	440	441
B-1136			82	472	473

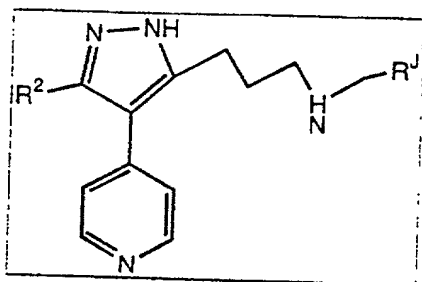
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1137			95	472	473
B-1138			100	472	473
B-1139			100	472	473
B-1140			92	472	473
B-1141			100	472	473
B-1142			88	420	421
B-1143			90	400	401
B-1144			87	454	455
B-1145			93	404	405
B-1146			90	422	423

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1147			100	454	455
B-1148			87	422	423
B-1149			87	440	441
B-1150			90	404	405
B-1151			82	422	423
B-1152			85	422	423
B-1153			90	420	421
B-1154			78	464	465
B-1155			79	454	455
B-1156			95	392	393

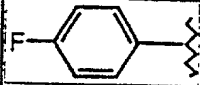
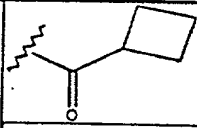
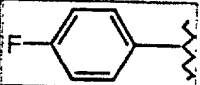
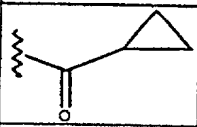
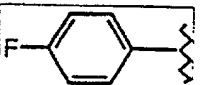
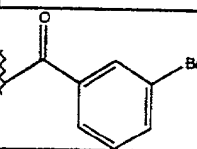
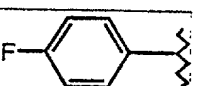
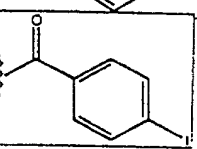
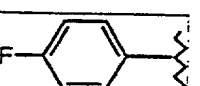
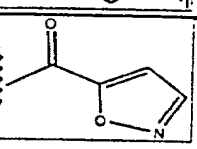
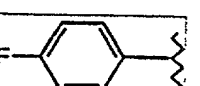
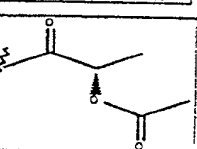
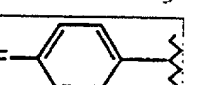
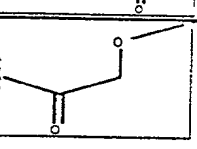
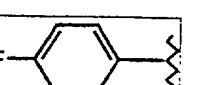
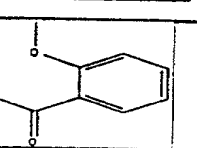
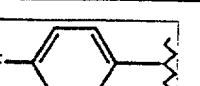
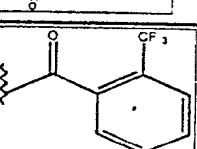
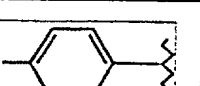
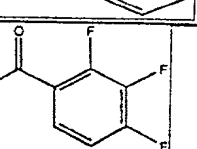


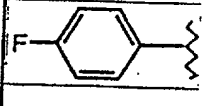
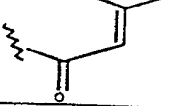
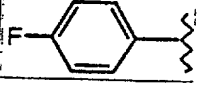
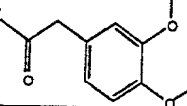
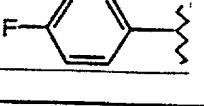
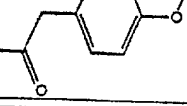
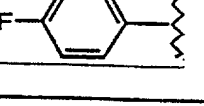
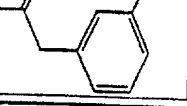
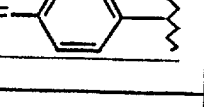
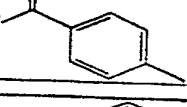
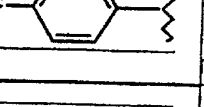
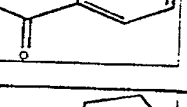


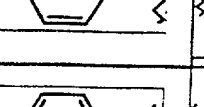
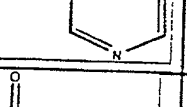
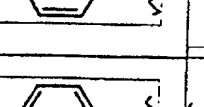
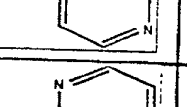
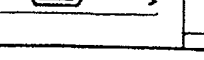
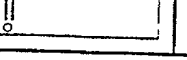
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1157			81	405	406

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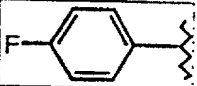
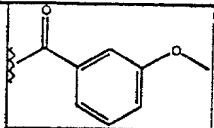
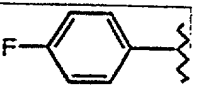
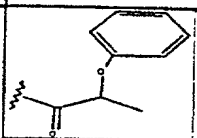
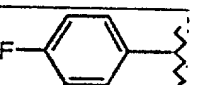
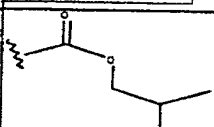
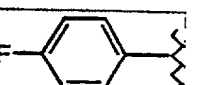
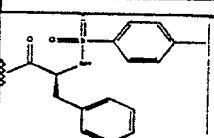
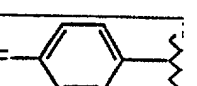
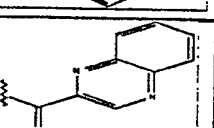


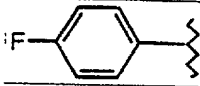
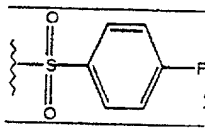
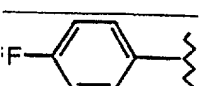
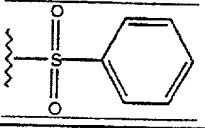
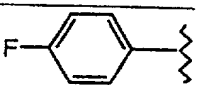
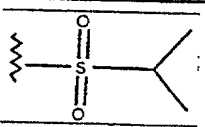
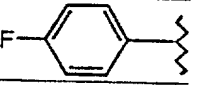
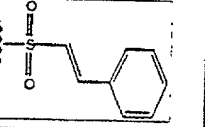
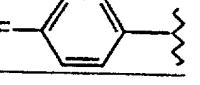
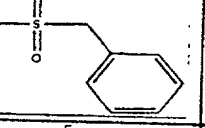
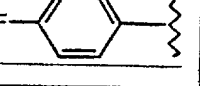
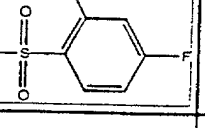
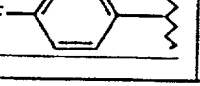
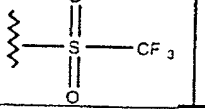
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1158			54	396	397
B-1159			42	526	527
B-1160			27	366	367
B-1161			58	418	419
B-1162			62	380	381
B-1163			58	424	425
B-1164			67	338	339

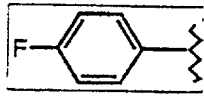
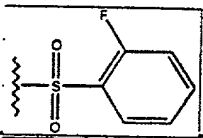
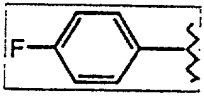
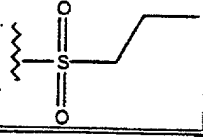
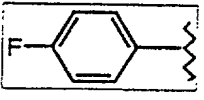
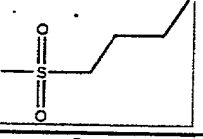
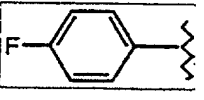
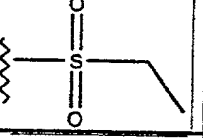
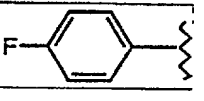
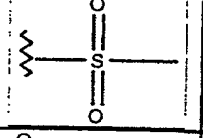
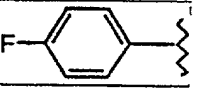
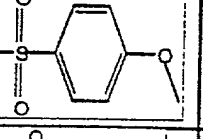
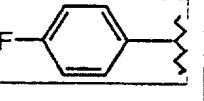
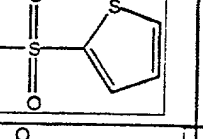
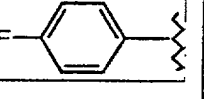
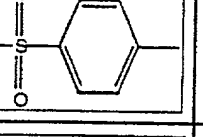
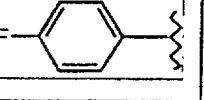
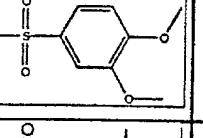
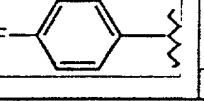
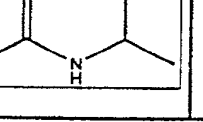
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1165			66	378	379
B-1166			65	364	365
B-1167			64	478	479
B-1168			76	526	527
B-1169			70	391	392
B-1170			76	410	411
B-1171			82	368	369
B-1172			73	430	431
B-1173			74	468	469
B-1174			83	454	455

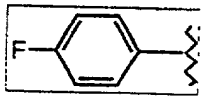
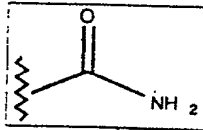
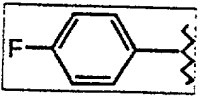
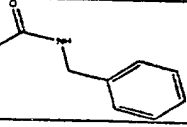
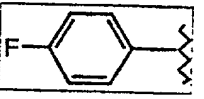
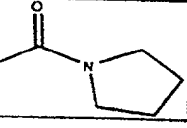
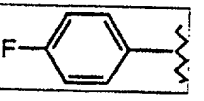
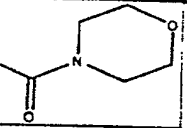
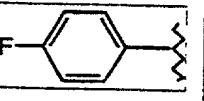
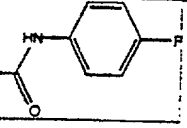
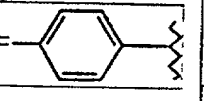
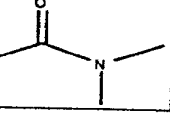
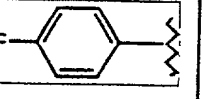
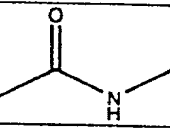
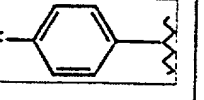
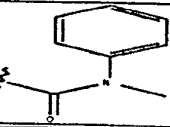
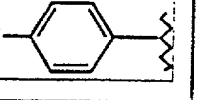
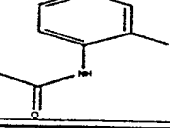
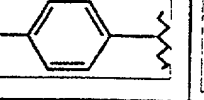
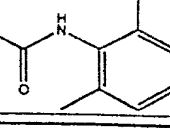
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1175			76	378	379
B-1176			96	474	475
B-1177			94	444	445
B-1178			90	444	445
B-1179			57	414	415
B-1180			75	400	401
B-1181			66	392	393
B-1182			74	401	402
B-1183			62	401	402
B-1184			51	401	402

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Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1185			90	430	431
B-1186			86	444	445
B-1187			74	396	397
B-1188			76	597	598
B-1189			60	452	453

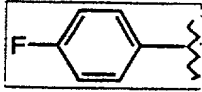
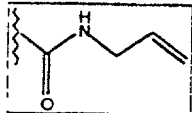
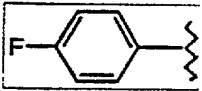
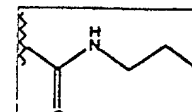
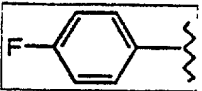
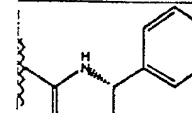
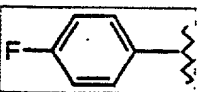
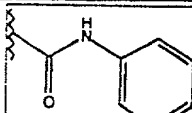
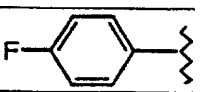

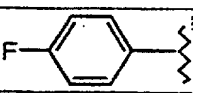
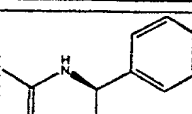
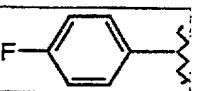
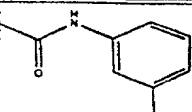
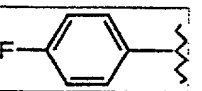

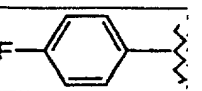
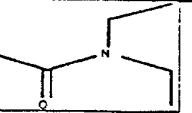
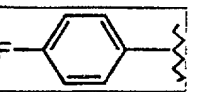
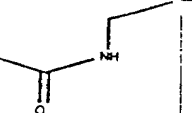
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1190			44	454	455
B-1191			47	436	437
B-1192			50	402	403
B-1193			62	462	463
B-1194			49	450	451
B-1195			61	472	473
B-1196			52	428	429

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1197			54	454	455
B-1198			44	402	403
B-1199			67	416	417
B-1200			45	388	389
B-1201			52	374	375
B-1202			100	466	467
B-1203			91	442	443
B-1204			100	450	451
B-1205			83	496	497
B-1206			97	381	382

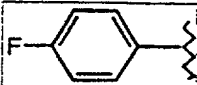
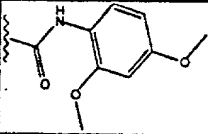
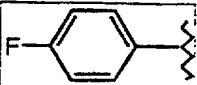
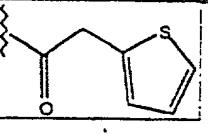
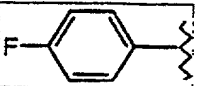
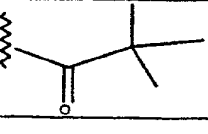
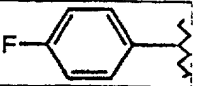
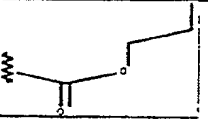
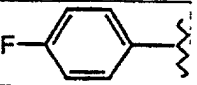
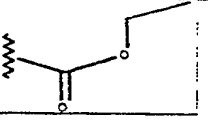
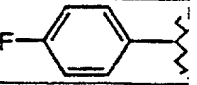
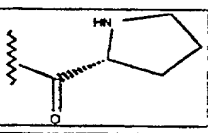
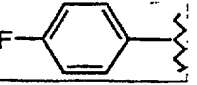
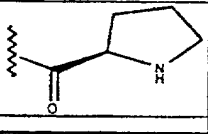
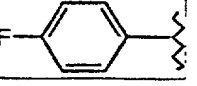
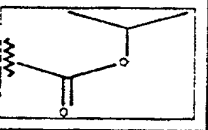
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1207			100	339	340
B-1208			90	429	430
B-1209			69	393	394
B-1210			35	409	410
B-1211			100	433	434
B-1212			83	367	368
B-1213			78	353	354
B-1214			68	429	430
B-1215			65	433	434
B-1216			91	443	444

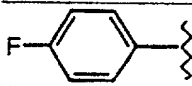
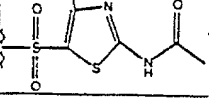
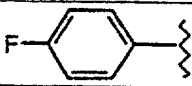
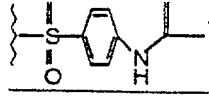
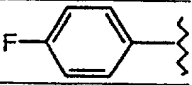
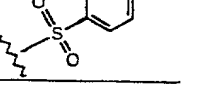
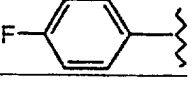
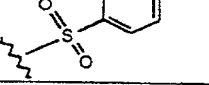
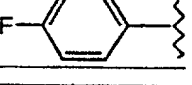

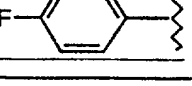


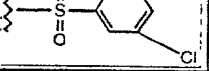
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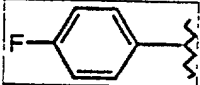
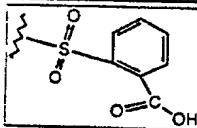
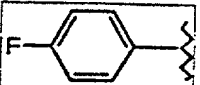
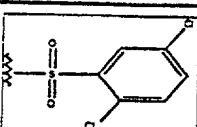
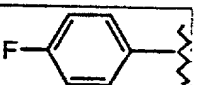
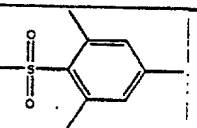
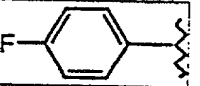
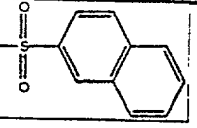
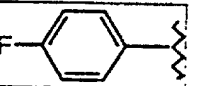
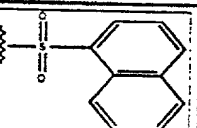
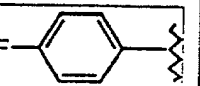
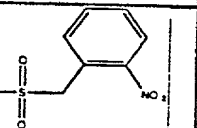
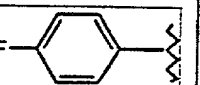
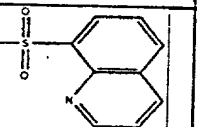
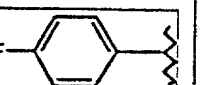
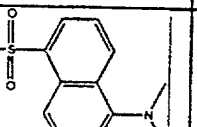
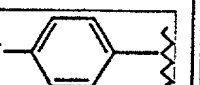
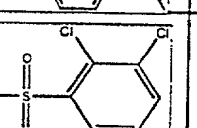
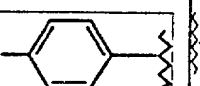
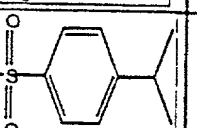


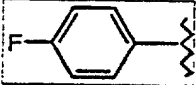
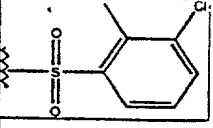
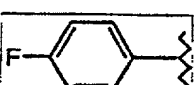
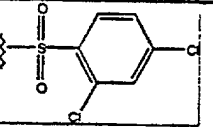
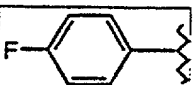
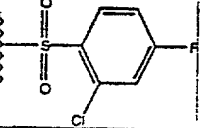
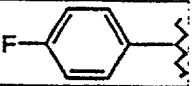
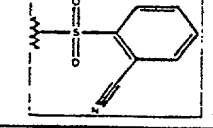
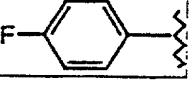
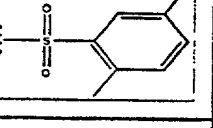
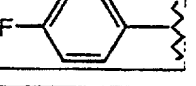
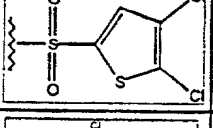
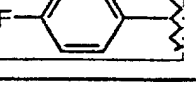
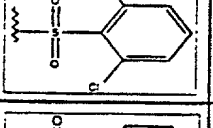
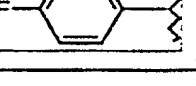
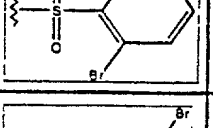

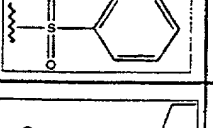
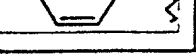
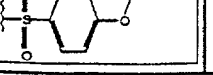
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1217			99	379	380
B-1218			92	381	382
B-1219			74	443	444
B-1220			67	415	416
B-1221			14	443	444
B-1222			19	443	444
B-1223			71	433	434
B-1224			100	445	446
B-1225			75	395	396
B-1226			58	367	368

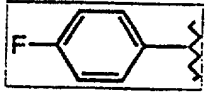
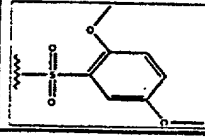
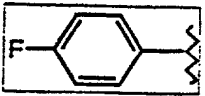
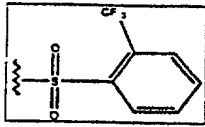
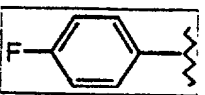
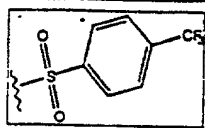
1004180-10304

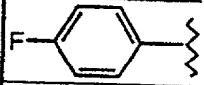
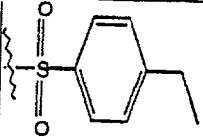
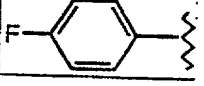
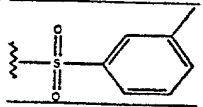

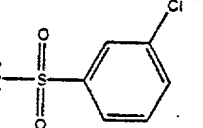
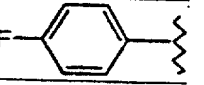
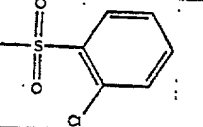
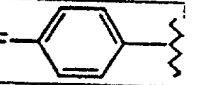
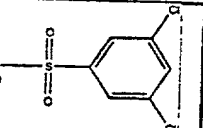
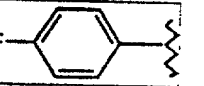
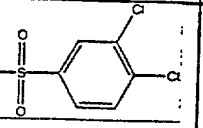
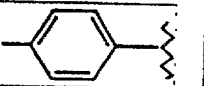
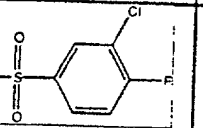
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1227			98	475	476
B-1228			71	420	421
B-1229			85	380	381
B-1230			10	382	-
B-1231			66	368	369
B-1232			100	393	394
B-1233			96	393	394
B-1234			66	382	383

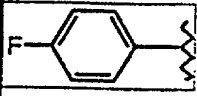
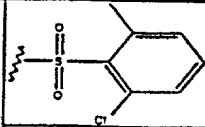
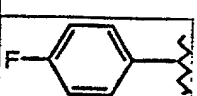
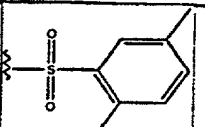
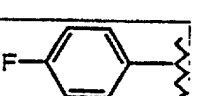
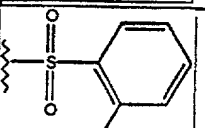
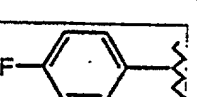
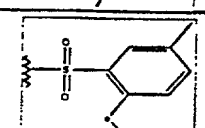
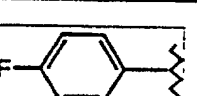
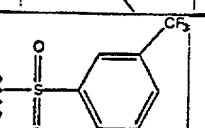
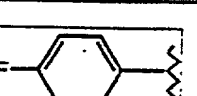
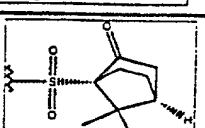
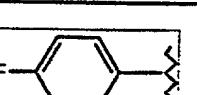
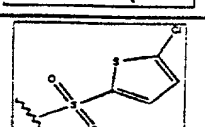
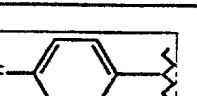
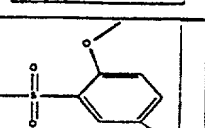
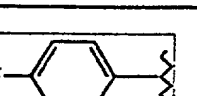
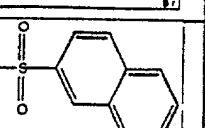
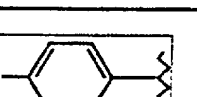
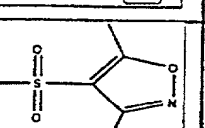
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1235			50	514	515
B-1236			100	493	494
B-1237			91	514	515
B-1238			100	470	471
B-1239			71	510	511
B-1240			27	510	511
B-1241			73	520	

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1242			26	480	481
B-1243			100	504	
B-1244			52	478	479
B-1245			100	486	487
B-1246			56	486	487
B-1247			43	495	496
B-1248			61	487	488
B-1249			32	529	530
B-1250			56	504	505
B-1251			58	478	479

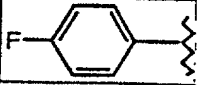
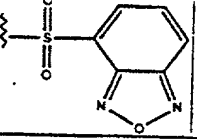
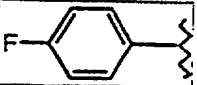
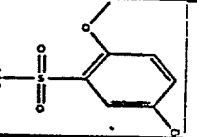
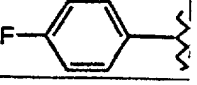
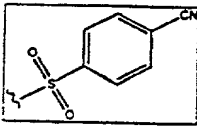
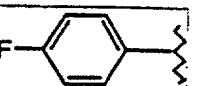
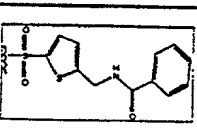
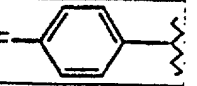
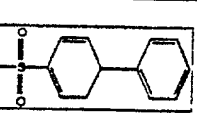
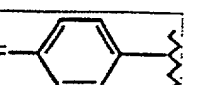
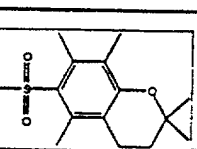
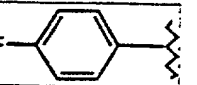
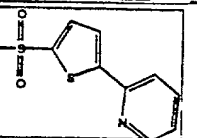
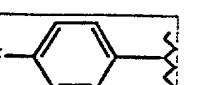
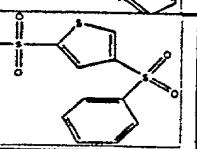
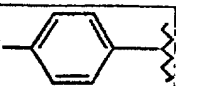
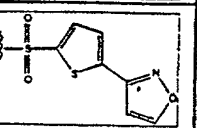
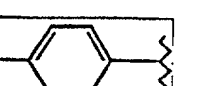
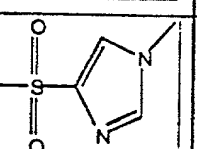
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1252			98	484	485
B-1253			59	504	505
B-1254			100	488	489
B-1255			96	461	
B-1256			79	468	469
B-1257			63	510	511
B-1258			100	504	505
B-1259			95	514	515
B-1260			92	514	515
B-1261			98	508	509

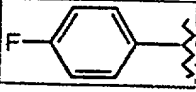
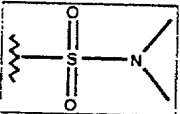
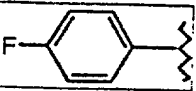
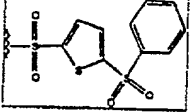
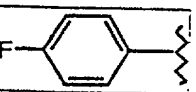
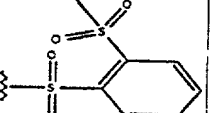
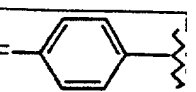
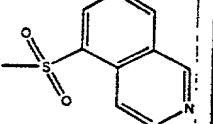
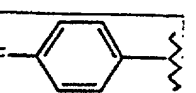
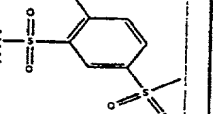
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1262			97	496	497
B-1263			100	504	505
B-1264			100	504	505

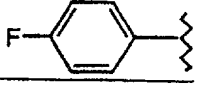
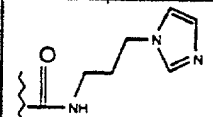
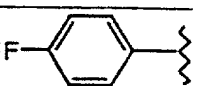
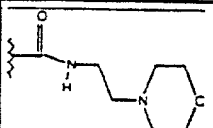
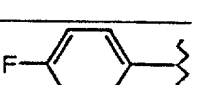
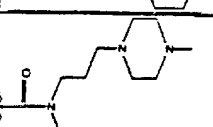
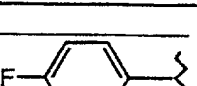
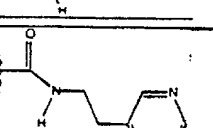

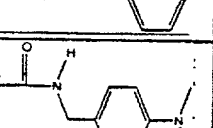

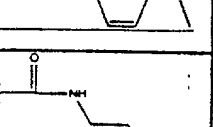
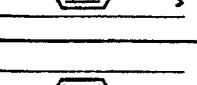
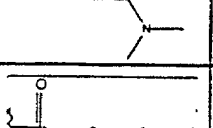
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1265			100	464	465
B-1266			79	466	451
B-1267			100	470	471
B-1268			87	470	471
B-1269			100	504	505
B-1270			100	504	505
B-1271			56	488	489

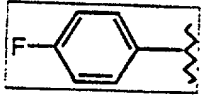
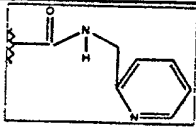
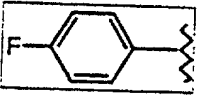
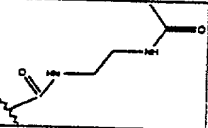
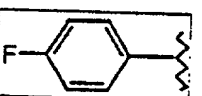
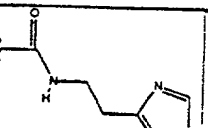
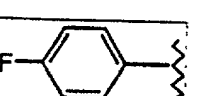
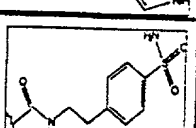
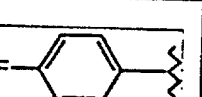
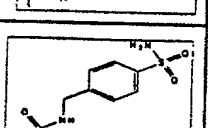
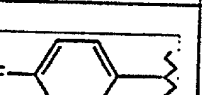
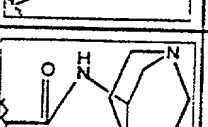
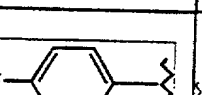
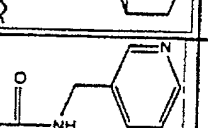
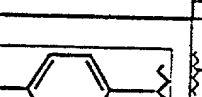
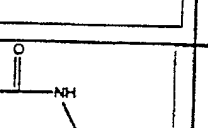

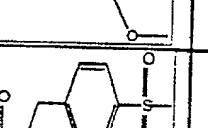

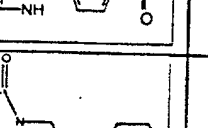
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1272			98	484	485
B-1273			90	464	465
B-1274			87	450	451
B-1275			94	480	481
B-1276			100	504	505
B-1277			60	496	511
B-1278			68	476	477
B-1279			100	544	545
B-1280			68	486	-
B-1281			98	455	456

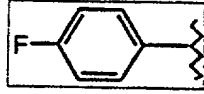
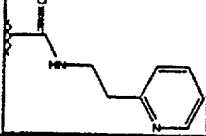
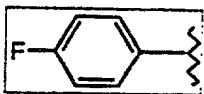

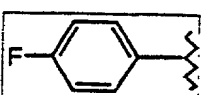
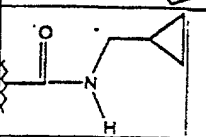
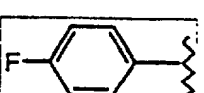
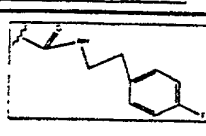
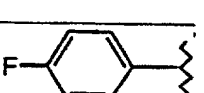
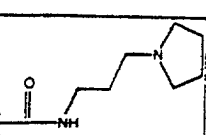
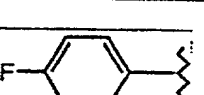
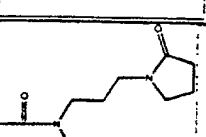
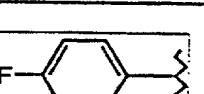
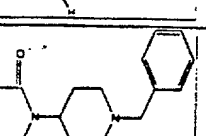


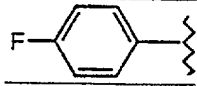
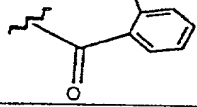
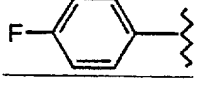
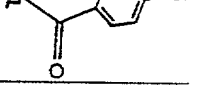
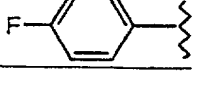
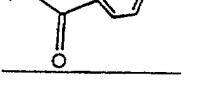
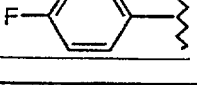
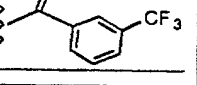
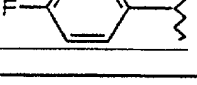
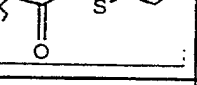
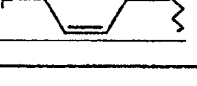
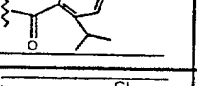
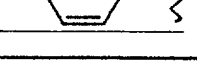

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1282			100	478	479
B-1283			58	500	501
B-1284			58	461	462
B-1285			65	575	576
B-1286			87	512	513
B-1287			79	562	563
B-1288			100	519	520
B-1289			77	582	583
B-1290			100	509	510
B-1291			91	440	441

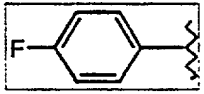
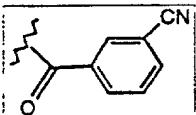
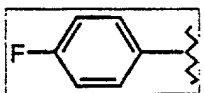
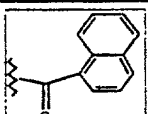
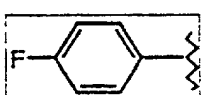
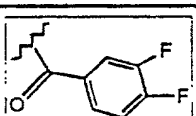
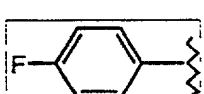
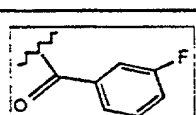
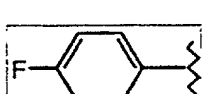
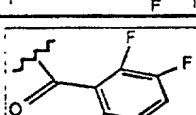
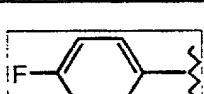
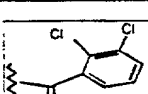
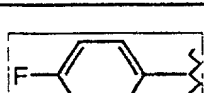
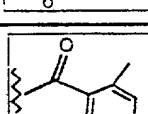
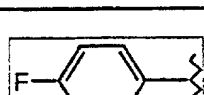
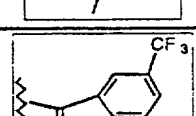
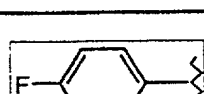
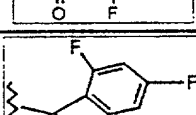
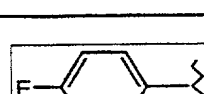
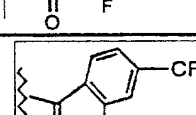
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1292			35	403	404
B-1293			73	582	583
B-1294			49	514	515
B-1295			48	487	-
B-1296			76	528	529

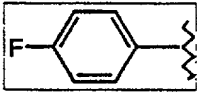
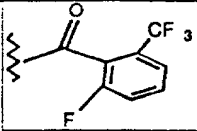
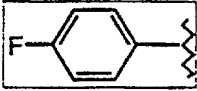
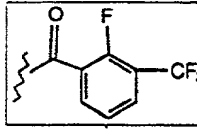
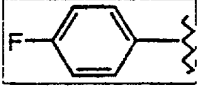
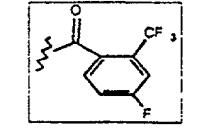
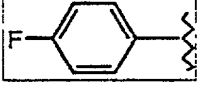
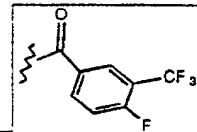
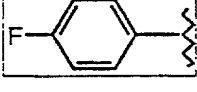
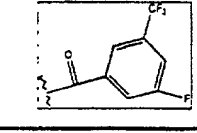
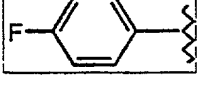
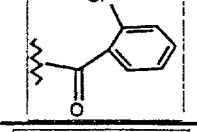
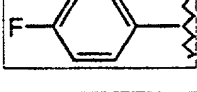
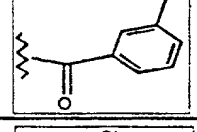
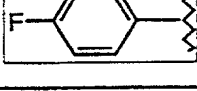
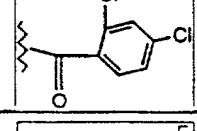
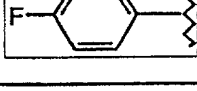
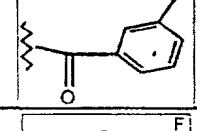

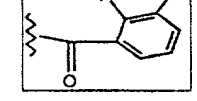
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1297			62	447	448
B-1298			66	452	453
B-1299			65	479	431
B-1300			71	444	445
B-1301			100	472	473
B-1302			75	410	411
B-1303			74	424	425

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1304			11	430	431
B-1305			2	424	-
B-1306			30	433	434
B-1307			100	522	523
B-1308			100	508	509
B-1309			100	448	449
B-1310			26	430	431
B-1311			45	397	398
B-1312			14	507	508
B-1313			67	450	451

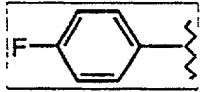
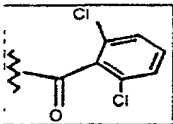
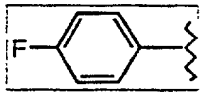
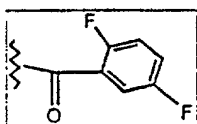
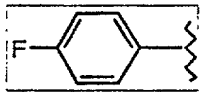
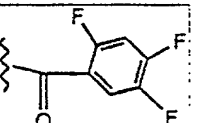
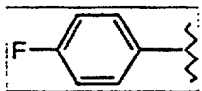
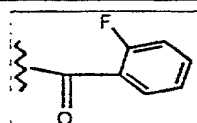
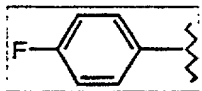
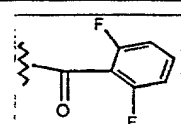
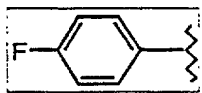
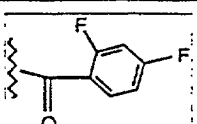
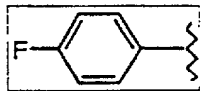
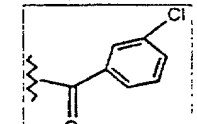
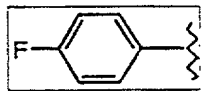
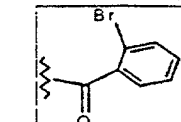
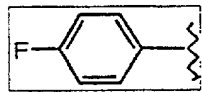
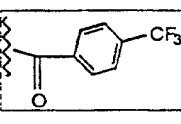
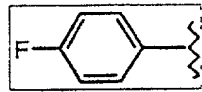
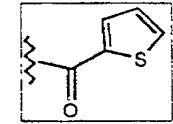
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1314			69	444	445
B-1315			57	450	451
B-1316			75	393	394
B-1317			100	461	462
B-1318			31	450	451
B-1319			23	464	465
B-1320			59	512	513

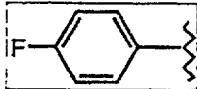
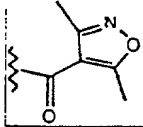
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1321			63	414	415
B-1322			45	434	435
B-1323			53	414	415
B-1324			32	468	469
B-1325			45	456	457
B-1326			50	526	527
B-1327			55	468	469

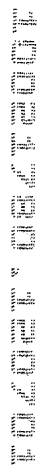
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1328			29	425	426
B-1329			67	450	451
B-1330			59	436	437
B-1331			45	436	437
B-1332			81	454	455
B-1333			23	468	469
B-1334			53	442	443
B-1335			81	486	487
B-1336			69	454	455
B-1337			67	486	487

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1338			39	486	487
B-1339			61	486	487
B-1340			49	486	487
B-1341			55	486	487
B-1342			51	486	487
B-1343			72	434	435
B-1344			52	414	415
B-1345			43	468	469
B-1346			40	418	419
B-1347			67	436	437

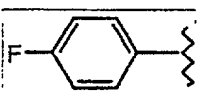
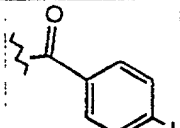
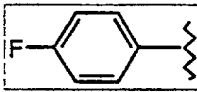
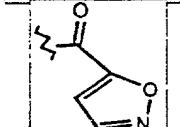
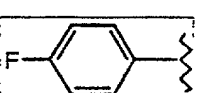
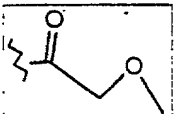
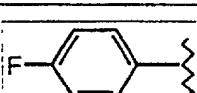
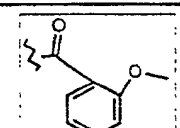

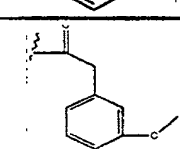
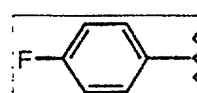
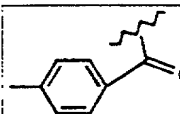
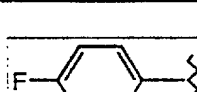
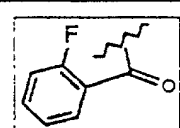
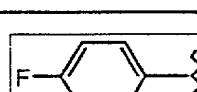
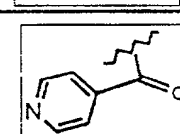
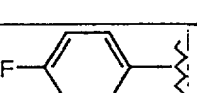
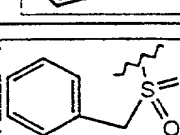
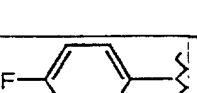
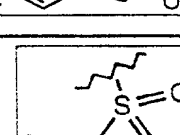


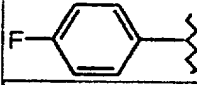
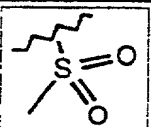
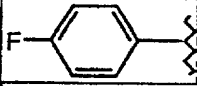
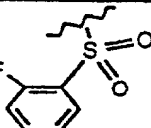

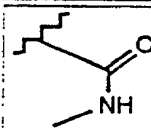
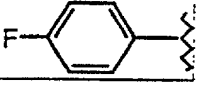
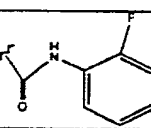
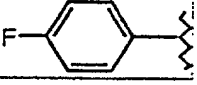
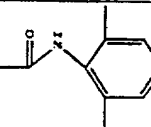
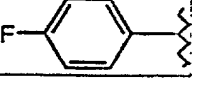
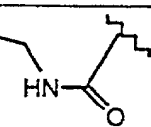
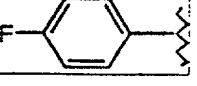
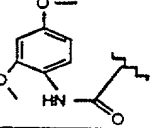
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1348			39	468	469
B-1349			68	436	437
B-1350			73	454	455
B-1351			54	418	419
B-1352			77	436	437
B-1353			66	436	437
B-1354			58	434	435
B-1355			77	478	479
B-1356			50	468	469
B-1357			36	406	407

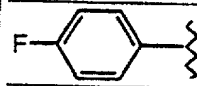
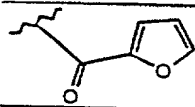
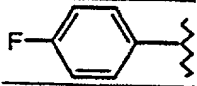
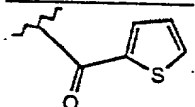
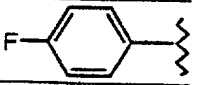
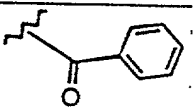
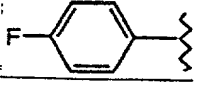
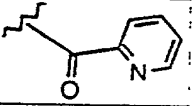
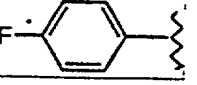
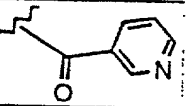
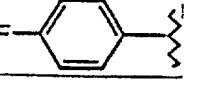
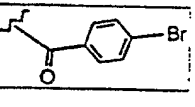
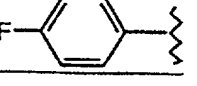
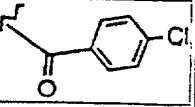
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1358			39	419	420

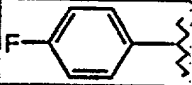
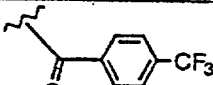
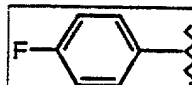
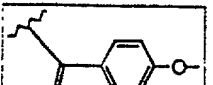
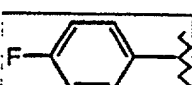
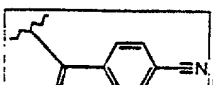
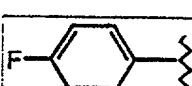

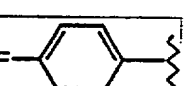

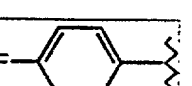

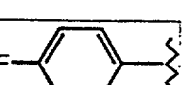

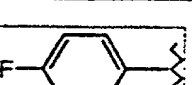
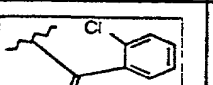
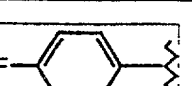
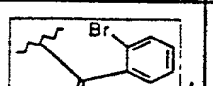
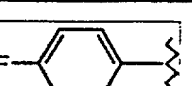
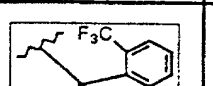


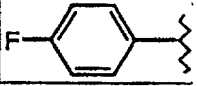
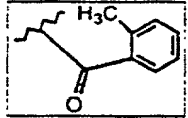
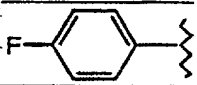
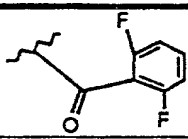
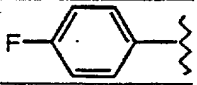
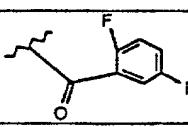
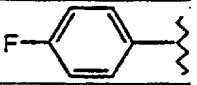
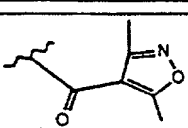
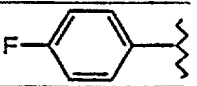
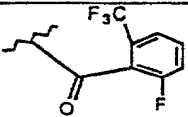
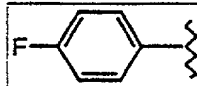
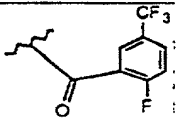
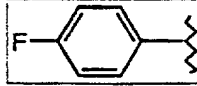
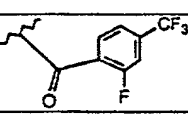
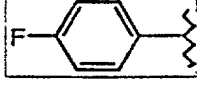
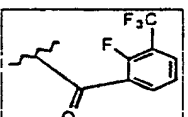
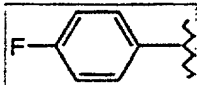
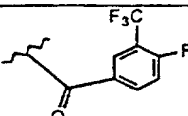
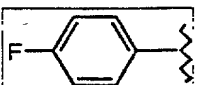
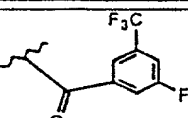
Variable	Mean	SD	Min	Max
Age	34.5	10.5	20	55
Gender	0.5	0.5	0	1
Marital status	0.5	0.5	0	1
Education	12.5	1.5	10	15
Income	1500	500	500	3000
Health status	0.5	0.5	0	1
Smoking status	0.5	0.5	0	1
Alcohol consumption	0.5	0.5	0	1
Exercise frequency	0.5	0.5	0	1
Stress level	0.5	0.5	0	1
Sleep quality	0.5	0.5	0	1
Work satisfaction	0.5	0.5	0	1
Life satisfaction	0.5	0.5	0	1
Overall health	0.5	0.5	0	1
Physical health	0.5	0.5	0	1
Mental health	0.5	0.5	0	1
Social health	0.5	0.5	0	1
Emotional health	0.5	0.5	0	1
Behavioral health	0.5	0.5	0	1
Environmental health	0.5	0.5	0	1
Occupational health	0.5	0.5	0	1
Financial health	0.5	0.5	0	1
Family health	0.5	0.5	0	1
Community health	0.5	0.5	0	1
National health	0.5	0.5	0	1
Global health	0.5	0.5	0	1

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1366			100	552	553
B-1367			100	417	418
B-1368			86	394	395
B-1369			100	456	457
B-1370			100	470	471
B-1371			77	440	441
B-1372			100	444	445
B-1373			42	427	428
B-1374			60	476	477
B-1375			94	414	415

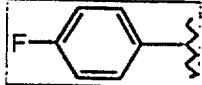
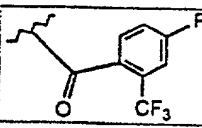
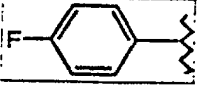
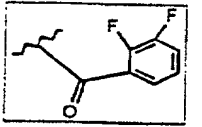

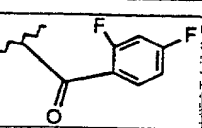
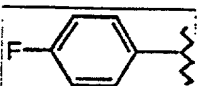
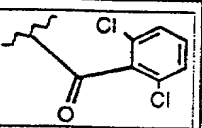
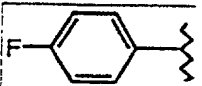
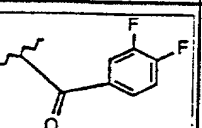
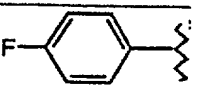
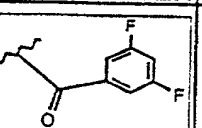
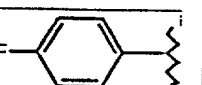
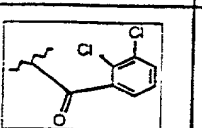
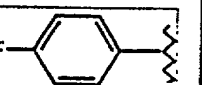
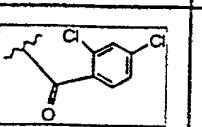
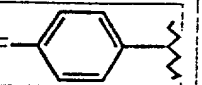
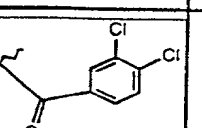
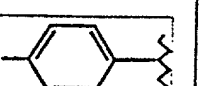
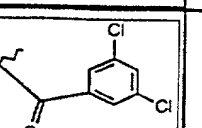
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1376			87	400	401
B-1377			100	480	481
B-1378			95	379	380
B-1379			93	459	460
B-1380			89	469	470
B-1381			84	393	394
B-1382			85	501	502

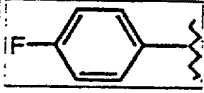
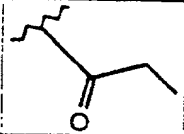
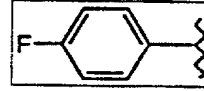
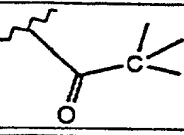
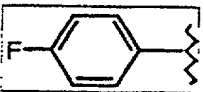
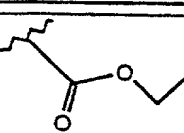
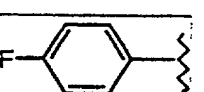
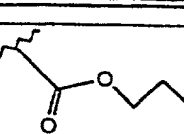
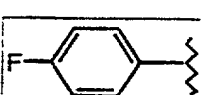
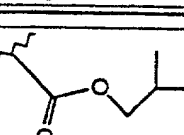
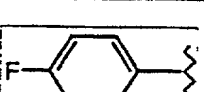
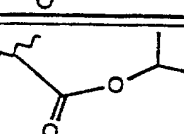
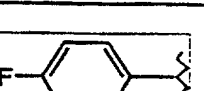
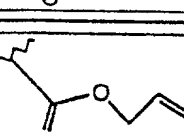
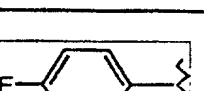
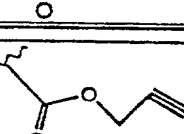

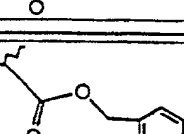

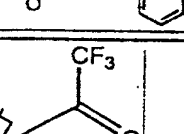
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1383			46	416	417
B-1384			56	432	433
B-1385			59	426	427
B-1386			50	427	428
B-1387			12	427	428
B-1388			66	504	505
B-1389			48	460	461


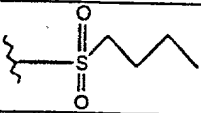
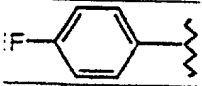
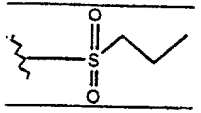
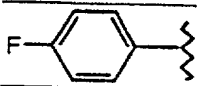
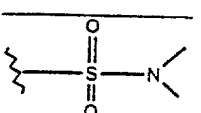
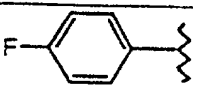
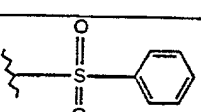
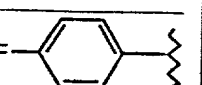
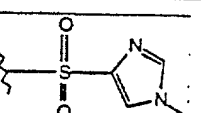
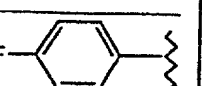
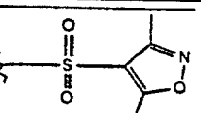
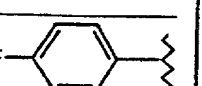
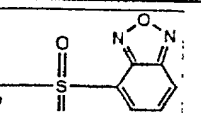
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1390			44	494	495
B-1391			50	456	457
B-1392			47	451	452
B-1393			44	444	445
B-1394			52	460	461
B-1395			77	440	441
B-1396			58	451	452
B-1397			64	460	461
B-1398			65	504	505
B-1399			50	494	495

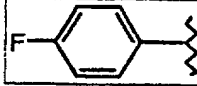
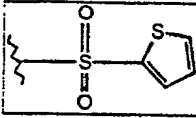
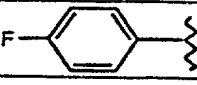
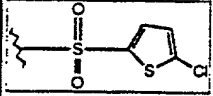
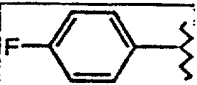
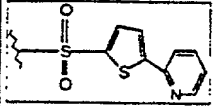
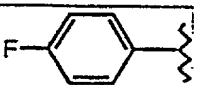
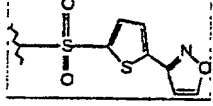
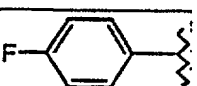
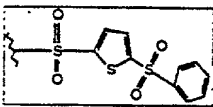
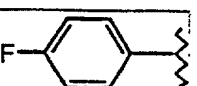
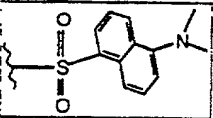
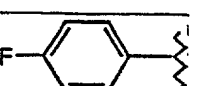
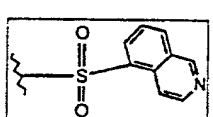
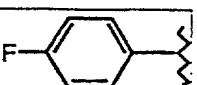
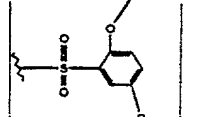
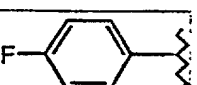
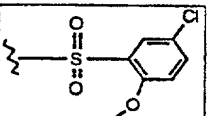
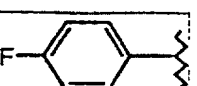
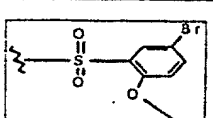
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1400			74	440	441
B-1401			76	462	463
B-1402			65	462	463
B-1403			64	445	446
B-1404			70	512	513
B-1405			57	512	513
B-1406			73	512	513
B-1407			80	512	513
B-1408			2	512	513
B-1409			62	512	513

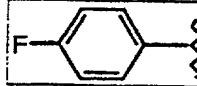
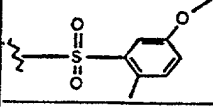
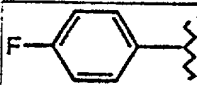
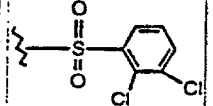
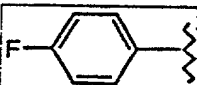
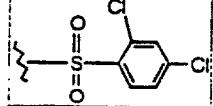

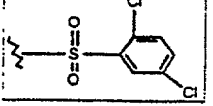
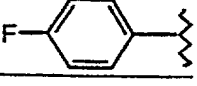
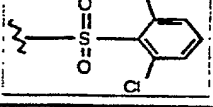
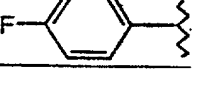
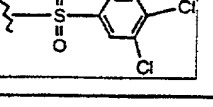

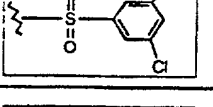
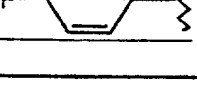
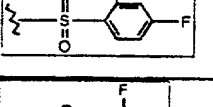

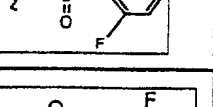




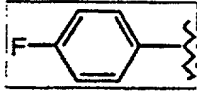
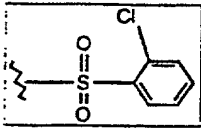
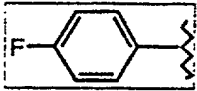
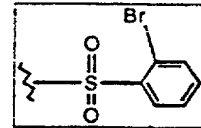
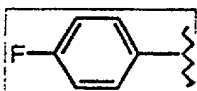
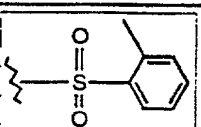
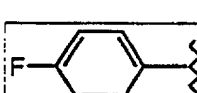
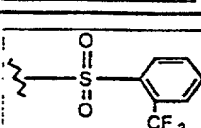
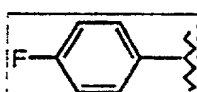
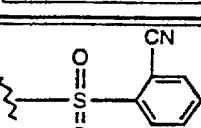
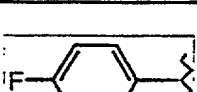
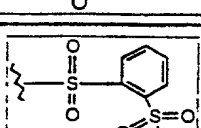
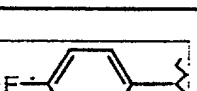
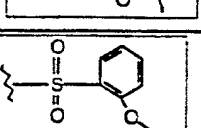

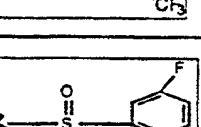

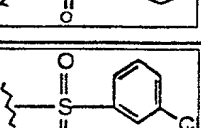

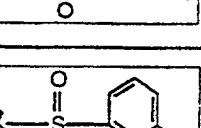
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1410			42	512	513
B-1411			19	462	463
B-1412			74	462	463
B-1413			75	494	495
B-1414			68	462	463
B-1415			48	462	463
B-1416			48	494	495
B-1417			57	494	495
B-1418			49	494	495
B-1419			39	494	495

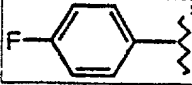
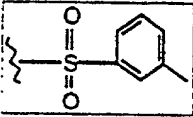
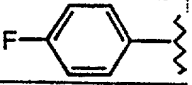
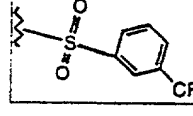
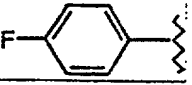
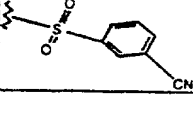
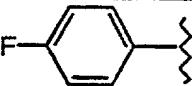
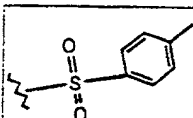
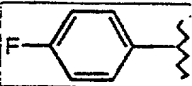
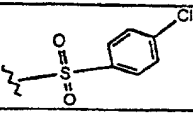
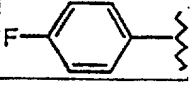
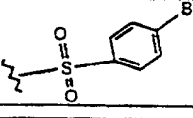
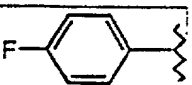
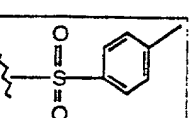
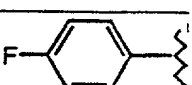
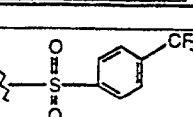
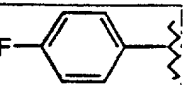
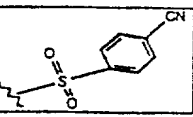
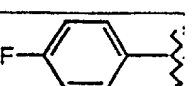
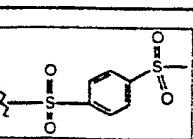
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1420			72	378	379
B-1421			74	406	407
B-1422			68	394	395
B-1423			57	408	409
B-1424			77	422	423
B-1425			26	408	409
B-1426			41	406	407
B-1427			37	404	405
B-1428			60	456	457
B-1429			2	418	419

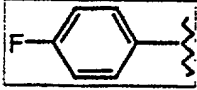
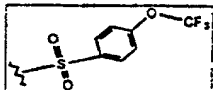
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1430			61	442	443
B-1431			64	428	429
B-1432			71	429	430
B-1433			74	462	463
B-1434			88	466	467
B-1435			75	481	482
B-1436			71	504	505

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1437			63	468	469
B-1438			78	502	503
B-1439			70	545	546
B-1440			62	535	536
B-1441			82	608	
B-1442			79	555	556
B-1443			28	513	514
B-1444			75	522	523
B-1445			74	526	527
B-1446			70	570	571


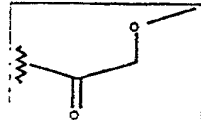

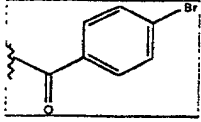

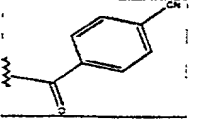

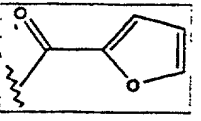

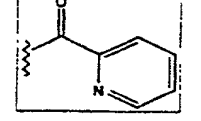
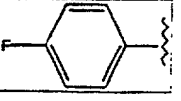
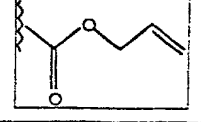
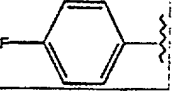
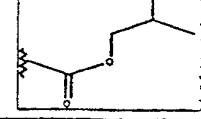
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1447			73	506	507
B-1448			76	530	531
B-1449			82	530	531
B-1450			83	530	531
B-1451			74	530	531
B-1452			76	530	531
B-1453			73	530	531
B-1454			81	498	499
B-1455			83	498	499
B-1456			78	498	499


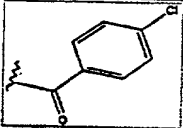

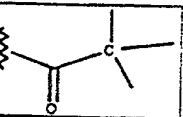
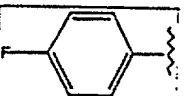
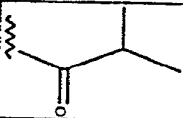
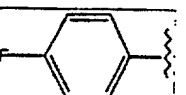
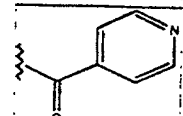
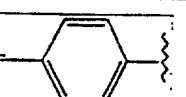
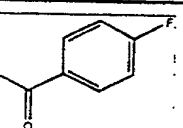
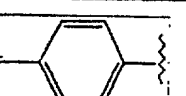
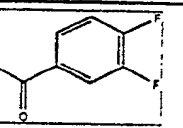
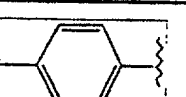
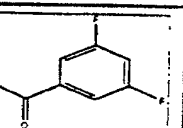
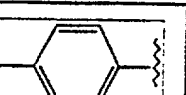
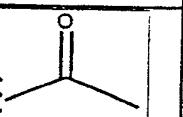
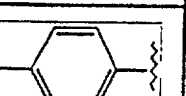
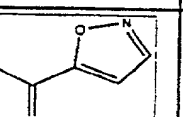
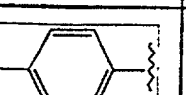
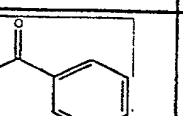
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1457			74	496	497
B-1458			82	540	541
B-1459			80	476	477
B-1460			78	530	531
B-1461			82	487	488
B-1462			71	540	541
B-1463			78	546	547
B-1464			83	480	481
B-1465			84	496	497
B-1466			80	540	541

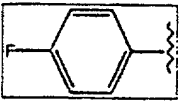
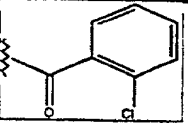
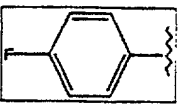
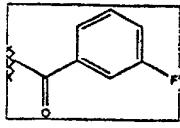
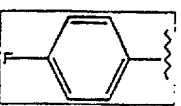
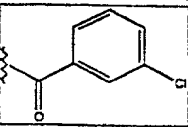
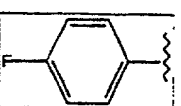
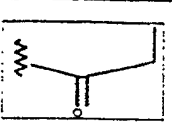
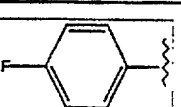
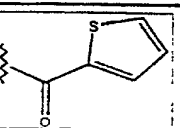
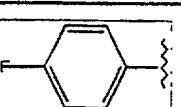
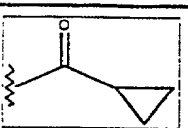
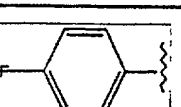
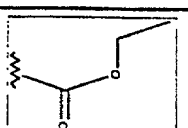
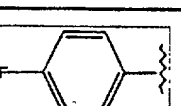
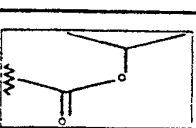
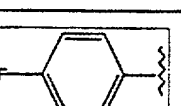
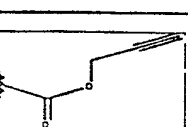
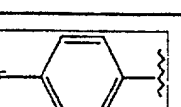
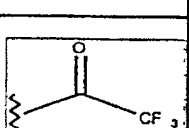
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1467			79	476	477
B-1468			79	530	531
B-1469			75	487	488
B-1470			80	480	481
B-1471			74	496	497
B-1472			75	540	541
B-1473			77	476	477
B-1474			81	530	531
B-1475			70	487	488
B-1476			54	540	541


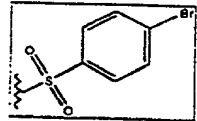

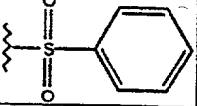

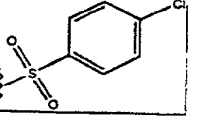
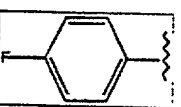
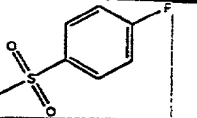
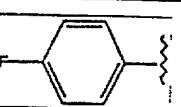
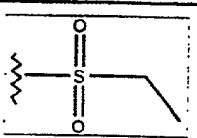
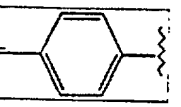
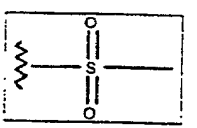
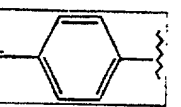
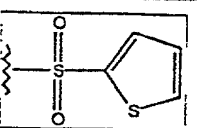
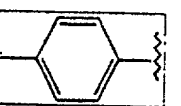
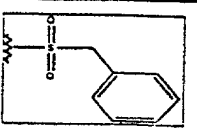
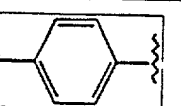
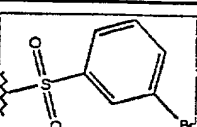
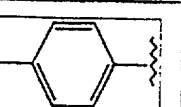
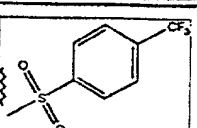
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1477			79	546	547


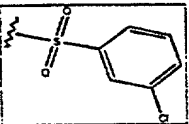

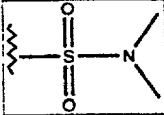
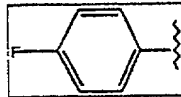
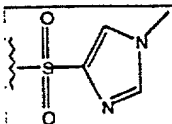

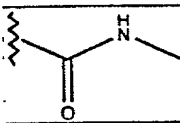

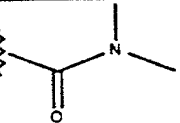
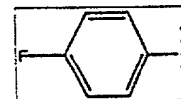
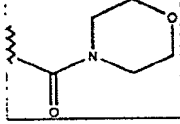

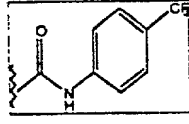

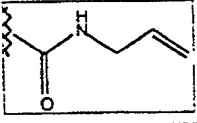
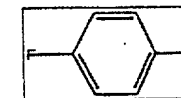
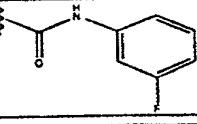
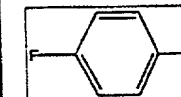
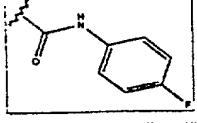


Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1478			87	394	395
B-1479			41	504	505
B-1480			87	451	452
B-1481			18	416	417
B-1482			77	427	428
B-1483			74	406	407
B-1484			82	422	423

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1485			85	460	461
B-1486			64	406	407
B-1487			71	392	393
B-1488			82	427	428
B-1489			87	444	445
B-1490			81	462	463
B-1491			87	462	463
B-1492			69	364	365
B-1493			53	417	418
B-1494			17	426	427


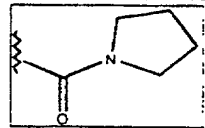
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1495			79	460	461
B-1496			80	444	445
B-1497			82	460	461
B-1498			72	378	379
B-1499			70	432	433
B-1500			68	390	391
B-1501			63	394	395
B-1502			78	408	409
B-1503			55	404	405
B-1504			39	418	419

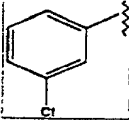
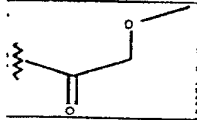
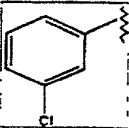
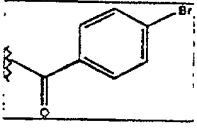
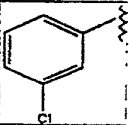
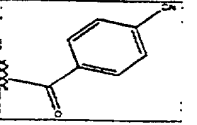
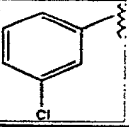
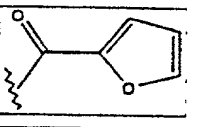
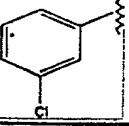
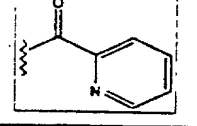
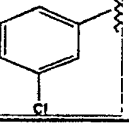
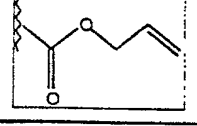
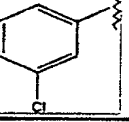
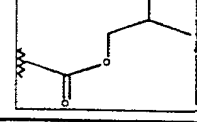
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1505			69	540	541
B-1506			69	462	463
B-1507			70	496	497
B-1508			65	480	481
B-1509			56	414	415
B-1510			62	400	401
B-1511			30	468	469
B-1512			50	476	477
B-1513			44	540	541
B-1514			42	530	531

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1515			68	496	497
B-1516			27	429	430
B-1517			92	466	467
B-1518			33	379	380
B-1519			50	393	394
B-1520			82	435	436
B-1521			86	509	510
B-1522			12	405	406
B-1523			59	459	460
B-1524			81	459	460

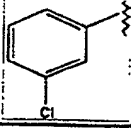
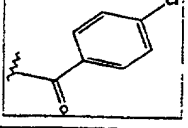
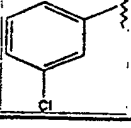
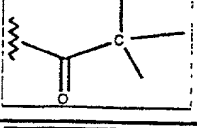
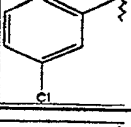
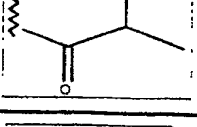
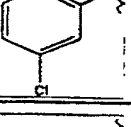
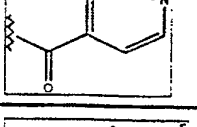

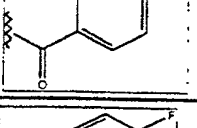
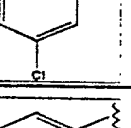
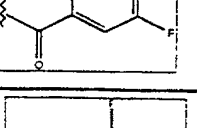
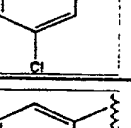
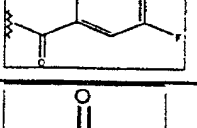
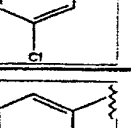
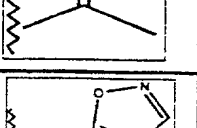
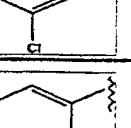
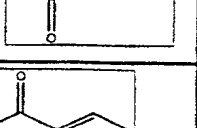
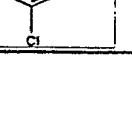

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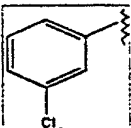
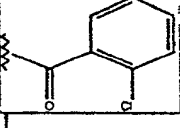
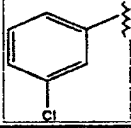
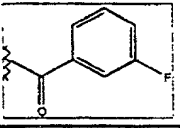
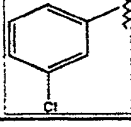
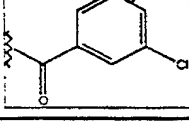
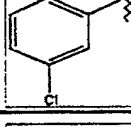
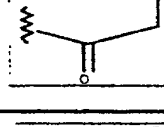
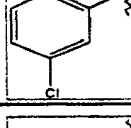
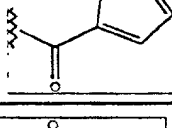
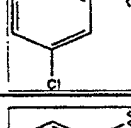
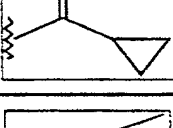
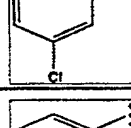
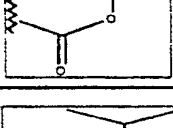
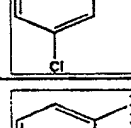
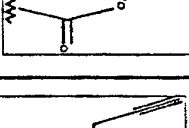
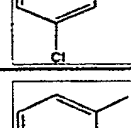
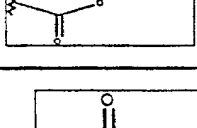
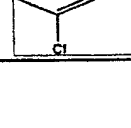
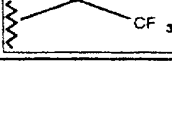
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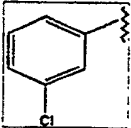
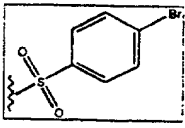
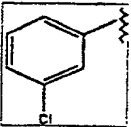
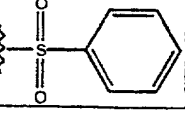
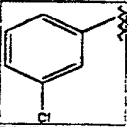
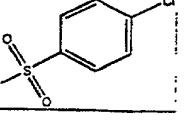
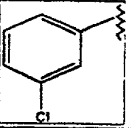
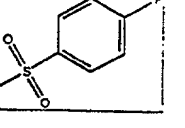
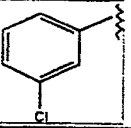
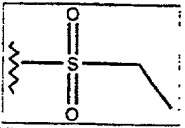
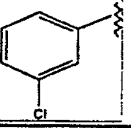
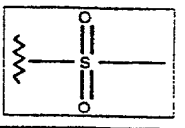
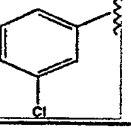
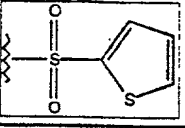
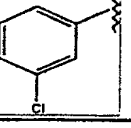
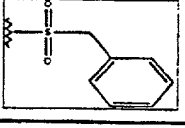
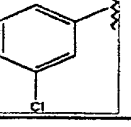
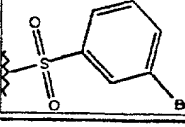
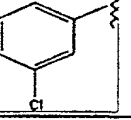
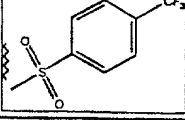
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1525			57	419	420

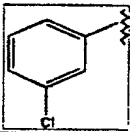
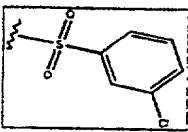
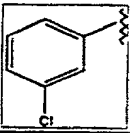
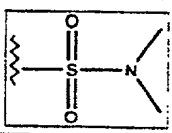
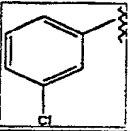
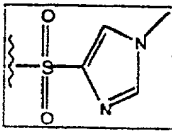
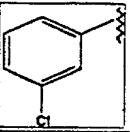
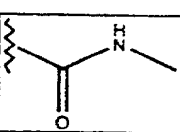
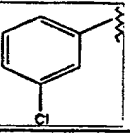
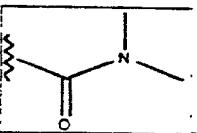
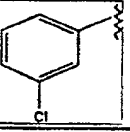
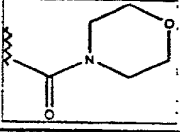
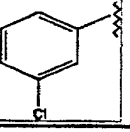
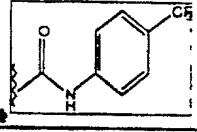
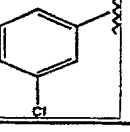
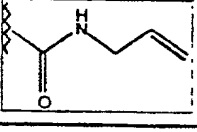
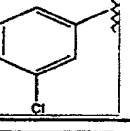
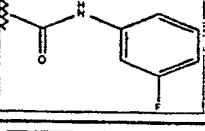
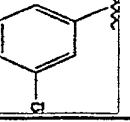
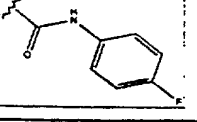
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1526			73	410	411
B-1527			66	520	521
B-1528			91	467	468
B-1529			73	432	433
B-1530			91	443	444
B-1531			74	422	423
B-1532			68	438	439

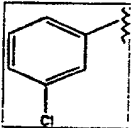
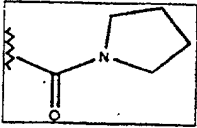


Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1533			84	476	477
B-1534			72	422	423
B-1535			78	408	409
B-1536			77	443	444
B-1537			86	460	461
B-1538			74	478	479
B-1539			85	478	479
B-1540			71	380	381
B-1541			71	433	434
B-1542			89	442	443

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1543			82	476	477
B-1544			76	460	461
B-1545			77	476	477
B-1546			76	394	395
B-1547			58	448	449
B-1548			83	406	407
B-1549			67	410	411
B-1550			37	424	425
B-1551			55	420	421
B-1552			23	434	435

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1553			83	556	557
B-1554			84	478	479
B-1555			93	512	513
B-1556			83	496	497
B-1557			62	430	431
B-1558			45	416	417
B-1559			67	484	485
B-1560			16	492	493
B-1561			84	556	557
B-1562			74	546	547

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1563			72	512	513
B-1564			57	445	446
B-1565			64	482	483
B-1566			71	395	396
B-1567			54	409	410
B-1568			76	451	452
B-1569			70	525	526
B-1570			79	421	422
B-1571			60	475	476
B-1572			77	475	476

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>	%Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec	Observed Mass Spec (M+H)
B-1573			65	435	436

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Proton NMR data for selected members from Examples B-0001 through B-1573 are shown in the following table.

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40061380-160701

Plate ID	<sup>1</sup> H NMR(solvent), d ppm
B-0120	(DMF-d7) d 8.53(bd, J = 4.99Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.24(m, 11H), 4.41(s, 2H), 4.31(br, 2H)
B-0224	(DMF-d7) d 8.56(bd, J = 4.98Hz, 2H), 7.78-7.69(m, 4H), 7.39-7.19(m, 6H), 4.23(br, 2H)
B-0235	(DMF-d7) d 8.47(br, 2H), 7.91-7.75(m, 3H), 7.57-7.53(m, 1H), 7.38-7.34(m, 2H), 7.21-7.13(m, 4H), 4.20(br, 2H)
B-0244	(CDCl3/CD3OD) d 8.38(d, J = 5.38 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.32(m, 9H), 7.04-6.95(m, 4H), 6.86-6.80(m, 2H), 4.52(q, J = 6.96 Hz, 1H), 1.40(d, J = 6.88 Hz, 3H)
B-0256	(DMF-d7) d 8.45(bd, J = 2.85, 2H), 7.87(br s, 4H), 7.76-7.75(m, 2H), 7.53-7.33(m, 5H), 7.18-7.13(br, 4H)
B-0426	(DMF-d7), 1.32(br, 3H), 1.67(br, 3H), 4.17(br, 2H), 5.12(br, 1H), 7.50(m, 6H), 8.77(m, 2H), 13.54(br, 1H).
B-0438	(DMSO), 1.14(t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 4.54(m, 1H), 6.99(br, 2H), 7.21(br, 4H), 7.45(s, 1H), 7.61(q, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.52(d, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H).
B-0466	(DMF-d7), 1.61(brd, J = 30.6 Hz, 3H), 4.61 (br, 1H), 7.25(m, 6H), 7.65(m, 3H), 8.59(br, 2H), 13.34(brd, J = 34.8 Hz, 1H).
B-0473	(CD3OD), 1.53(d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.59(q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.88(d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), 7.09(m, 3H), 7.15(dd, J = 4.4, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 7.26(m, 2H), 8.46(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H).
B-0477	(DMF), 1.80(br, 3H), 2.35(s, 1H), 4.98(br, 1H), 7.38(m, 6H), 7.85(m, 2H), 8.45(br, 1H), 8.75(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H).
B-0479	(Methanol-d4), 1.57(d, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H), 4.74(br, 1H), 7.23(m, 4H), 7.60(m, 2H), 7.81(m, 4H), 8.67(br, 2H).
B-0487	(DMF), 1.78(s, 3H), 2.76(br, 6H), 4.85(br, 1H), 7.42(br, 2H), 7.54(br, 2H), 7.66(br, 3H), 8.82(s, 2H).
B-0566	(CD3OD), 1.38(d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.15(br, 2H), 4.50(br, 1H), 7.04(br, 2H), 7.18(br, 2H), 7.30(m, 7H), 8.45(m, 2H).
B-0569	(CD3OD), 1.56(br, 3H), 4.66(q, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.17(m, 8H), 7.56(m, 2H), 8.47(s, 2H).
B-0574	(Methanol-d4), 1.49(br, 3H), 3.86(br, 3H), 4.60(br, 1H), 6.92(br, 2H), 7.19(br, 2H), 7.31(br, 2H), 7.76(m, 4H), 8.60(br, 2H).
B-0639	(DMF-d7), 1.58(brd, J = 30.0 Hz, 3H), 4.62(br, 1H), 7.25(m, 6H), 7.60(m, 4H), 8.59(br, 2H), 13.30(brd, J = 12.3 Hz).
B-0643	7.18(m, 2H), 7.32(dd, J = 6.0, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.70(dd, J = 9.0, 5.8Hz, 1H), 8.43(dd, J = 4.8, 3.2 Hz, 2H).
B-0650	(CD3OD), 1.58(br, 3H), 4.62(q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93(br, 1H), 7.17(m, 5H), 7.31(br, 2H), 8.51(br, 2H).
B-0656	(CDCl3/CD3OD) d 8.48 (d, J = 5.30 Hz, 2H), 7.72-7.59(m, 4H), 7.14-7.10(m, 2H), 7.03-6.97(m, 4H), 4.60(q, J = 7.57Hz, 1H), 1.43(d, J = 7.26Hz, 3H)
B-0663	(CD3OD), 1.52(d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 3.75(s, 3H), 7.21(m, 2H), 7.42(m, 2H), 7.57(s, 1H), 7.76(s, 1H), 7.98(br, 2H), 8.76(br, 2H).
B-1165	Hz, 2H), 3.06(m, 1H), 3.43(q, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 7.02(m, 2H), 7.14(m, 2H), 7.41(m, 2H), 8.59(d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H).
B-1169	= 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04(t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.14(m, 2H), 7.36(m, 2H), 8.39(d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.60(m, 2H).
B-1171	6.83(br, 1H), 7.02(t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.15(d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.40(m, 2H), 8.59(d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H).

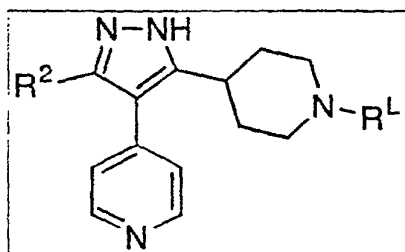
Plate ID	<sup>1</sup> H NMR(solvent), d ppm
B-1179	(CDCl <sub>3</sub> ), 1.94(br, 2H), 2.53(s, 3H), 2.85(t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.65(br, 2H), 6.15(br, 1H), 7.04(m, 3H), 7.22(m, 3H), 7.41(br, 4H), 8.60(br, 2H).
B-1183	(CDCl <sub>3</sub> ), 2.00(br, 2H), 2.85(br, 2H), 3.64(br, 2H), 7.03(br, 3H), 7.17(br, 2H), 7.36(br, 2H), 7.66(br, 2H), 8.60(br, 2H), 8.77(br, 2H).
B-1194	(DMSO), 1.76(br, 2H), 2.66(br, 2H), 2.91(br, 2H), 4.30(s, 2H), 7.18(br, 5H), 7.35(m, 6H), 8.54(d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H).
B-1200	(DMSO), 1.17(br, 3H), 1.76(br, 2H), 2.71(br, 2H), 2.97(br, 4H), 7.18(br, 4H), 7.36(br, 2H), 8.54(br, 2H).
B-1206	(DMSO), 1.03(s, 6H), 1.68(br, 2H), 2.63(br, 2H), 3.00(br, 2H), 3.65(br, 1H), 5.69(m, 2H), 7.16(br, 4H), 7.35(br, 2H), 8.54(br, 2H).
B-1216	(DMSO), 1.75(m, 2H), 2.14(s, 6H), 2.66(br, 2H), 3.10(br, 2H), 7.04(br, 3H), 7.18(br, 4H), 7.35(m, 2H), 7.47(br, 1H), 8.54(d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H).
B-1226	(DMF), 1.25(br, 3H), 2.01(br, 2H), 3.35(br, 4H), 6.20(s, 1H), 6.30(s, 1H), 7.42(br, 4H), 7.65(br, 2H), 8.77(s, 2H).
B-1360	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ), 1.80(br, 4H), 2.82(br, 1H), 2.94(br, 1H), 3.10(br, 1H), 3.60(br, 1H), 4.54(br, 1H), 7.18(m, 4H), 7.30(m, 4H), 7.46(m, 2H), 8.54(br, 2H).
B-1361	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ), 0.99(br, 6H), 1.73(br, 4H), 2.89(br, 2H), 3.03(m, 1H), 4.04(br, 2H), 4.44(m, 1H), 7.18(m, 4H), 7.30(m, 2H), 8.57(d, J = 4.64 Hz, 2H).
B-1363	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ), 1.78(br, 4H), 2.01(s, 3H), 2.89(br, 1H), 3.05(br, 1H), 3.34(br, 1H), 3.85(br, 1H), 4.48(br, 1H), 7.12(br, 2H), 7.21(br, 2H), 7.30(br, 2H), 8.69(br, 2H).
B-1364	(CDCl <sub>3</sub> ), 0.78(dd, J = 3.0, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 1.00(s, 2H), 1.78(m, 1H), 1.86(b, 4H), 2.64(m, 1H), 2.99(m, 1H), 3.16(m, 1H), 4.33(br, 1H), 4.70(br, 1H), 6.99(m, 2H), 7.14(s, 2H), 7.29(m, 2H), 8.64(s, 2H).
B-1368	(CDCl <sub>3</sub> ), 1.89(s, 4H), 2.65(m, 1H), 2.96(m, 1H), 3.06(m, 1H), 3.43(s, 3H), 3.93(d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.09(d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 4.18(d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 4.68(d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 7.60(m, 2H), 7.12(s, 2H), 7.26(m, 2H), 8.63(s, 2H).



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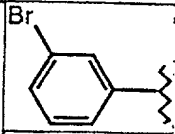
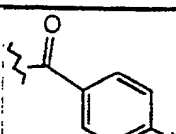
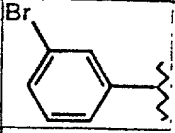
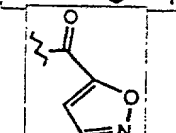
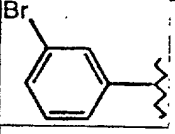
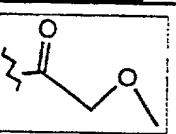
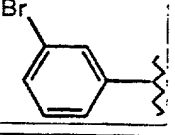
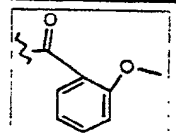
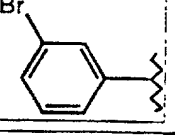
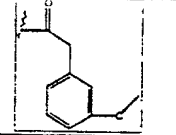
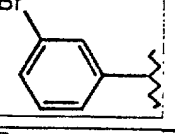
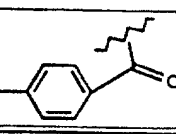
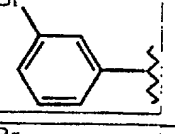
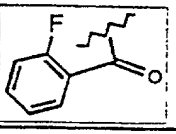
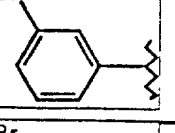
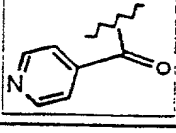
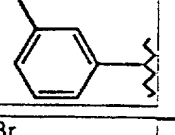
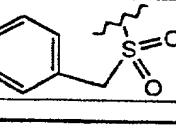
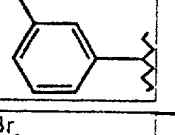
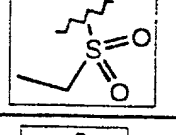
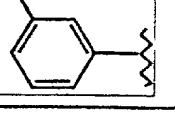
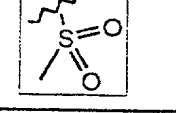
Examples B-1574 through B-1597 are prepared from Scaffold C-27

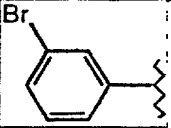
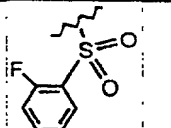
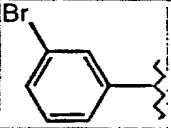
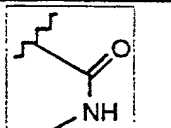
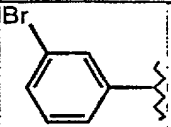
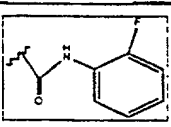
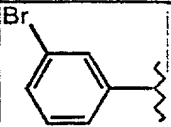
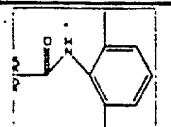
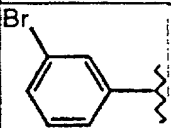
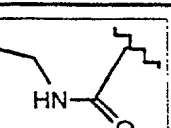
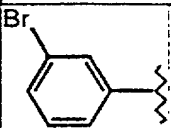
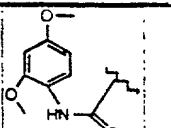
Example#

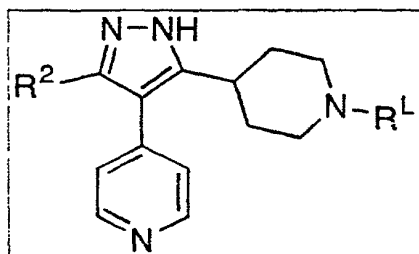
R²

R¹

B-1574					
B-1575					
B-1576					
B-1577					
B-1578					
B-1579					
B-1580					

B-1581					
B-1582					
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B-1591					

B-1592					
B-1593					
B-1594					
B-1595					
B-1596					
B-1597					



Examples B-1598 through B-1621 are prepared from Scaffold C-28

Example#

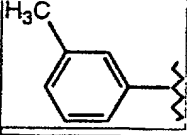
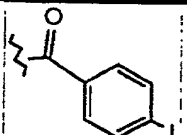
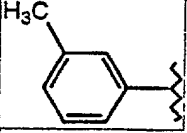
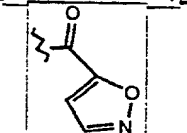
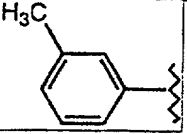
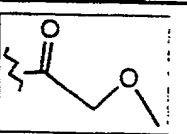
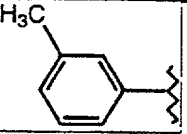
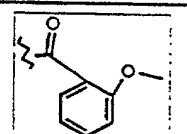
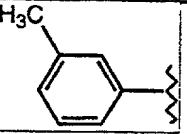
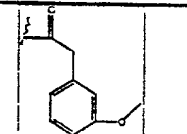
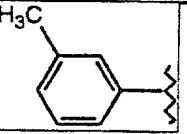
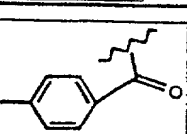
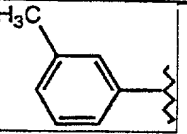
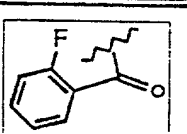
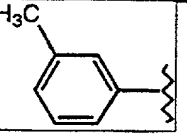
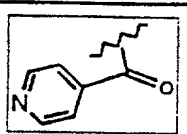
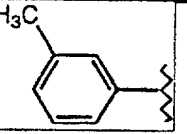
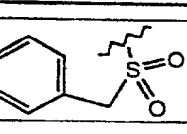
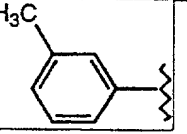
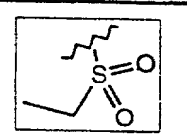
R²

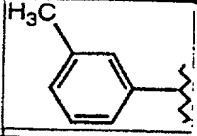
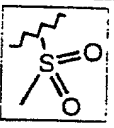
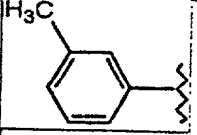
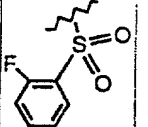
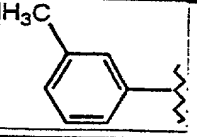
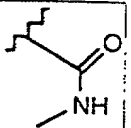
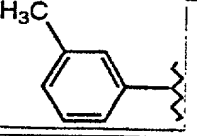
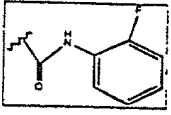
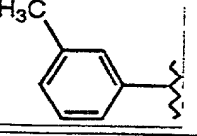
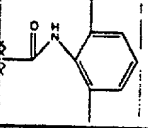
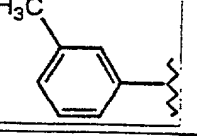
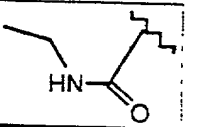
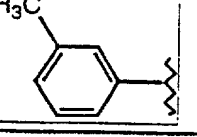
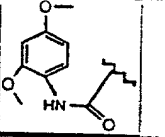
R¹

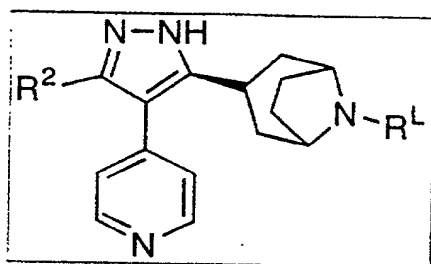
B-1598					
B-1599					
B-1600					
B-1601					
B-1602					
B-1603					
B-1604					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

B-1605					
B-1606					
B-1607					
B-1608					
B-1609					
B-1610					
B-1611					
B-1612					
B-1613					
B-1614					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-1615					
B-1616					
B-1617					
B-1618					
B-1619					
B-1620					
B-1621					



Examples B-1622 through B-1645 are prepared from Scaffold C-38

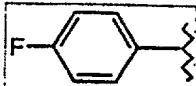
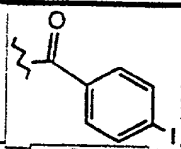

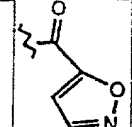
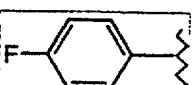
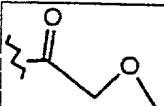
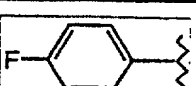
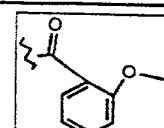
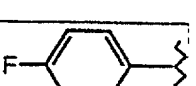
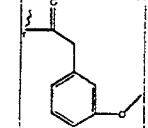
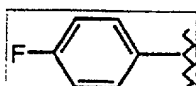
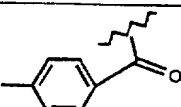
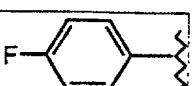
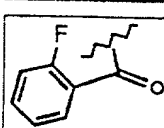
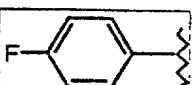
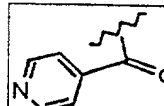
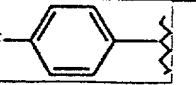
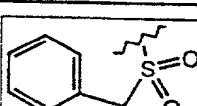
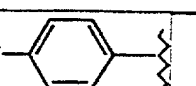
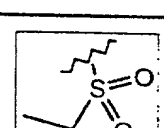
Example#

R²

R¹

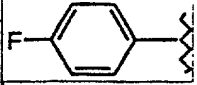
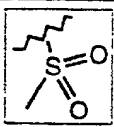

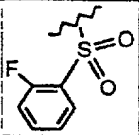
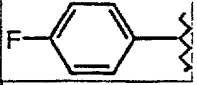
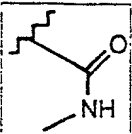
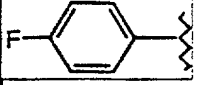
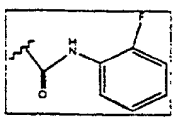
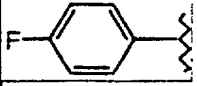
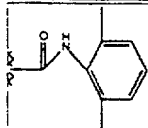
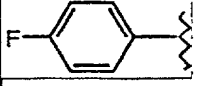
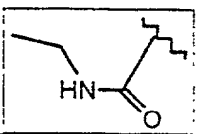
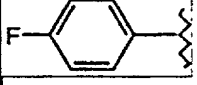
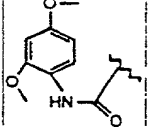
B-1622					
B-1623					
B-1624					
B-1625					
B-1626					
B-1627					
B-1628					

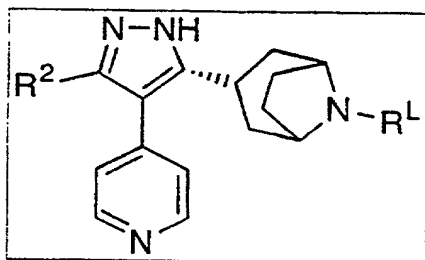


Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-1629					
B-1630					
B-1631					
B-1632					
B-1633					
B-1634					
B-1635					
B-1636					
B-1637					
B-1638					

Example#

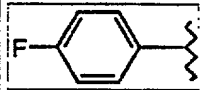
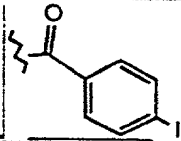
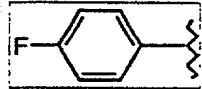
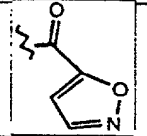
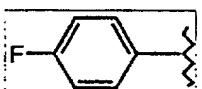
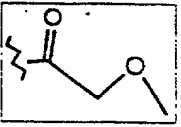
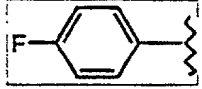
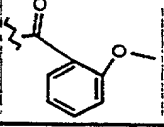
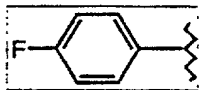
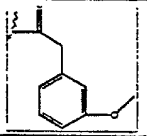
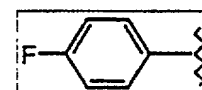
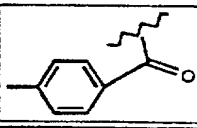
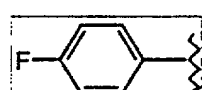
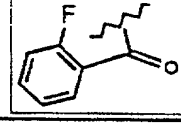
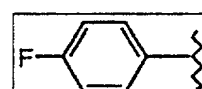
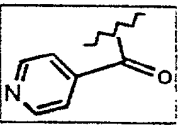
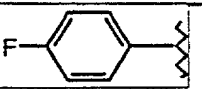
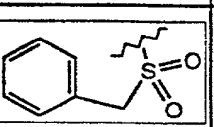
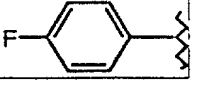
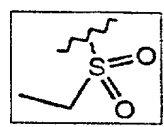
 $R^2$  $R^L$ 

B-1639					
B-1640					
B-1641					
B-1642					
B-1643					
B-1644					
B-1645					



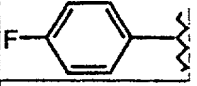
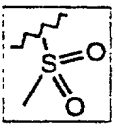
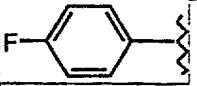
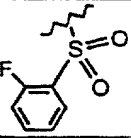
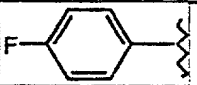
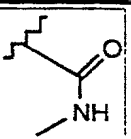
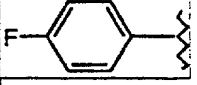
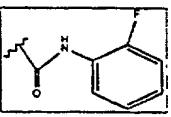
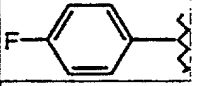
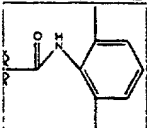
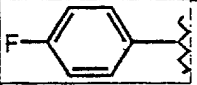
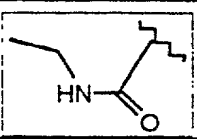
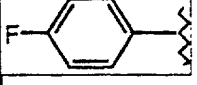
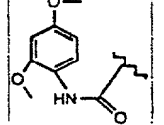
Examples B-1646 through B-1669 are prepared from Scaffold C-39

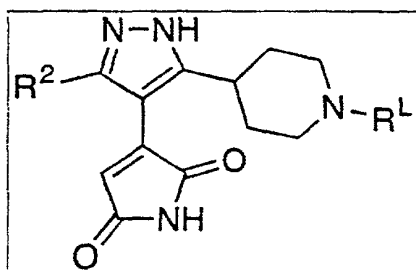
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-1646					
B-1647					
B-1648					
B-1649					
B-1650					
B-1651					
B-1652					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1653					
B-1654					
B-1655					
B-1656					
B-1657					
B-1658					
B-1659					
B-1660					
B-1661					
B-1662					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

B-1663					
B-1664					
B-1665					
B-1666					
B-1667					
B-1668					
B-1669					



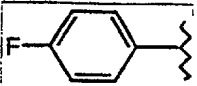
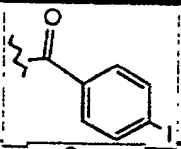
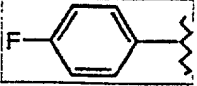
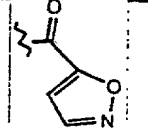
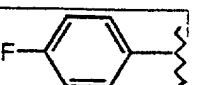
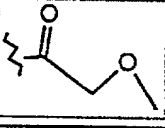
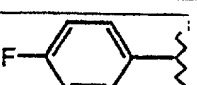
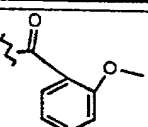
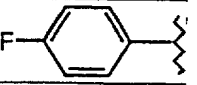
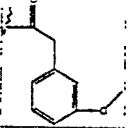
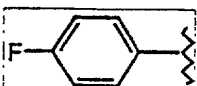
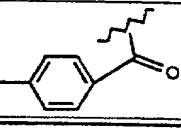
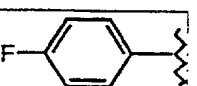
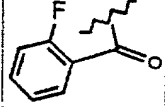
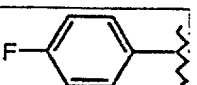
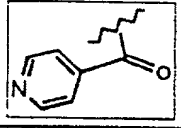
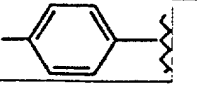
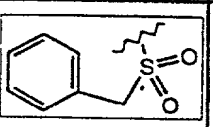
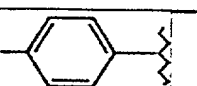
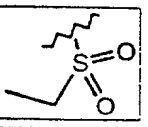
Examples B-1670 through B-1693 are prepared from Scaffold C-65

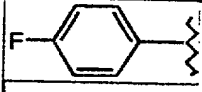
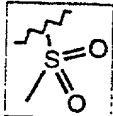
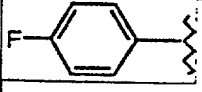
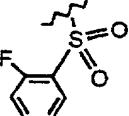
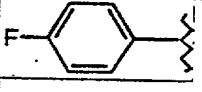
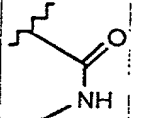
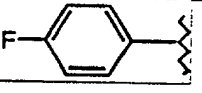
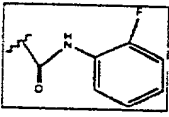
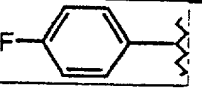
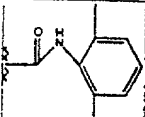
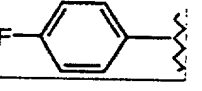
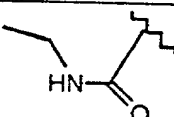
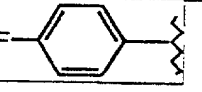
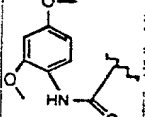
Example#

R<sup>2</sup>

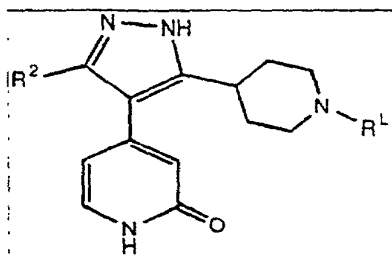
R<sup>4</sup>

B-1670					
B-1671					
B-1672					
B-1673					
B-1674					
B-1675					
B-1676					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-1677					
B-1678					
B-1679					
B-1680					
B-1681					
B-1682					
B-1683					
B-1684					
B-1685					
B-1686					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-1687					
B-1688					
B-1689					
B-1690					
B-1691					
B-1692					
B-1693					



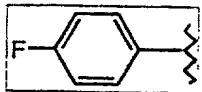
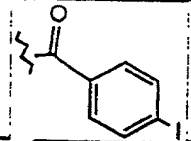
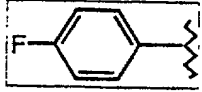
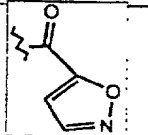
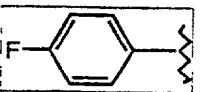
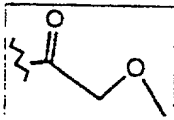
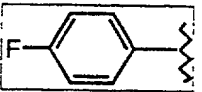
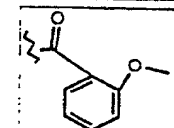
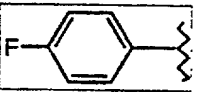
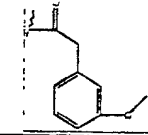
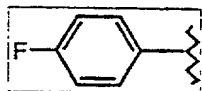
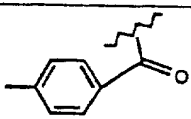
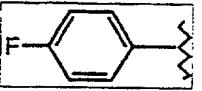
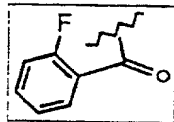
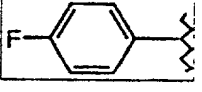
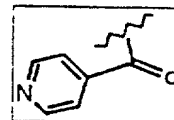
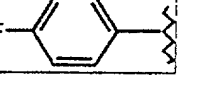
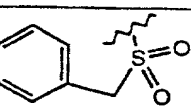
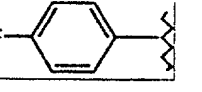
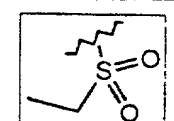


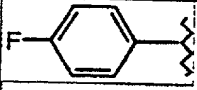
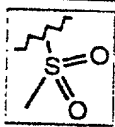
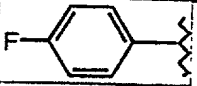
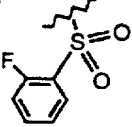
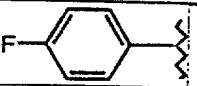
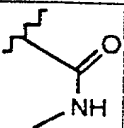
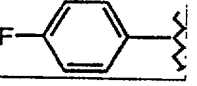
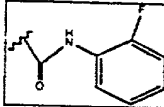
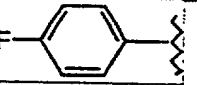
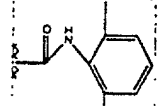
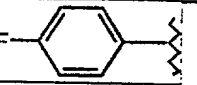
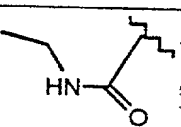
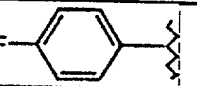
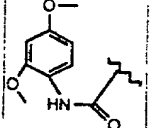
Examples B-1694 through B-1717 are prepared from Scaffold C-66

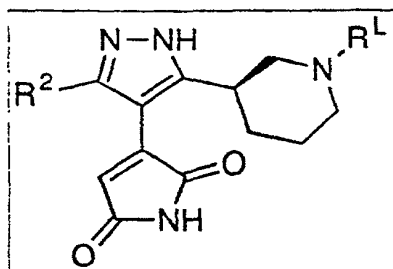
Example#	$R^2$	$R^1$			
B-1694					
B-1695					
B-1696					
B-1697					
B-1698					
B-1699					
B-1700					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^L$ 

B-1701					
B-1702					
B-1703					
B-1704					
B-1705					
B-1706					
B-1707					
B-1708					
B-1709					
B-1710					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1711					
B-1712					
B-1713					
B-1714					
B-1715					
B-1716					
B-1717					

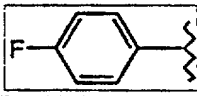
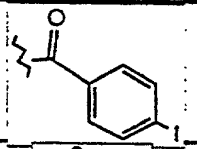
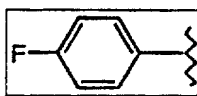
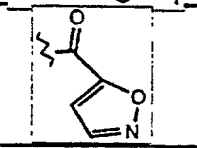
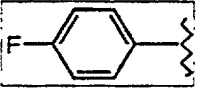
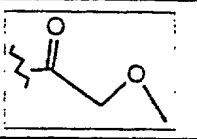
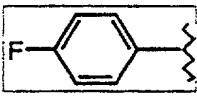
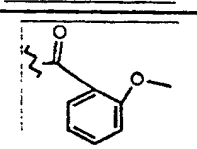
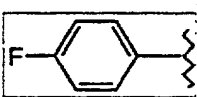
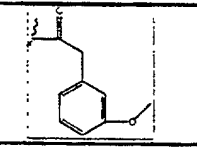
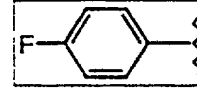
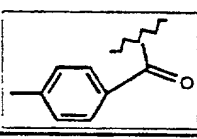
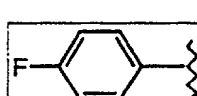
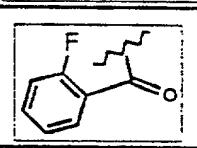
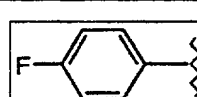
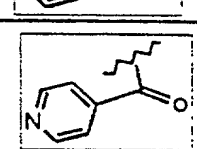
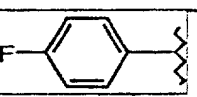
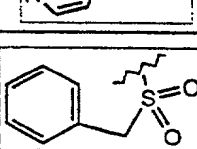
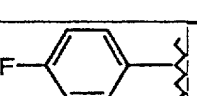
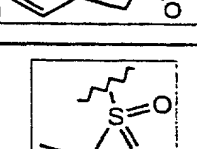


Examples B-1718 through B-1741 are prepared from Scaffold C-69

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1718					
B-1719					
B-1720					
B-1721					
B-1722					
B-1723					
B-1724					

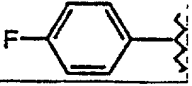
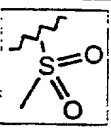
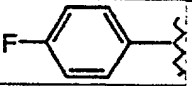
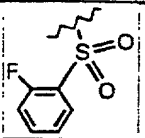
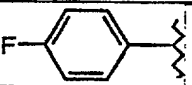
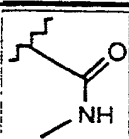
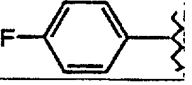
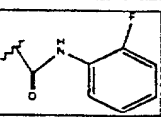
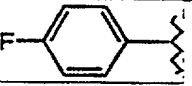
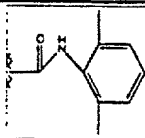

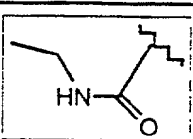
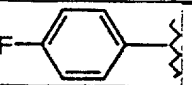
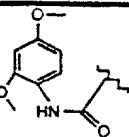
Example#

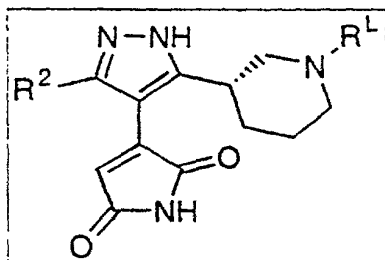
 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

B-1725					
B-1726					
B-1727					
B-1728					
B-1729					
B-1730					
B-1731					
B-1732					
B-1733					
B-1734					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

B-1735					
B-1736					
B-1737					
B-1738					
B-1739					
B-1740					
B-1741					



Examples B-1742 through B-1765 are prepared from Scaffold C-70

Example#

R²

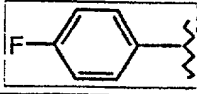
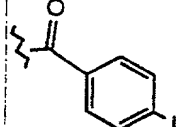
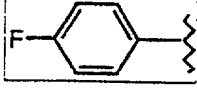
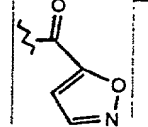
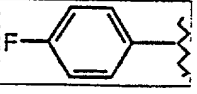
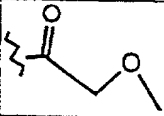
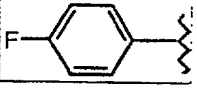
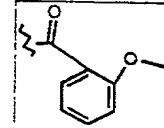
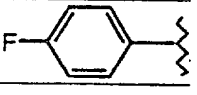
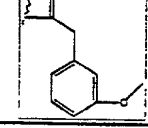
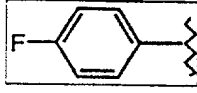
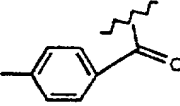
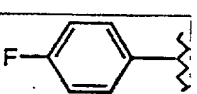
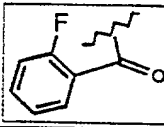
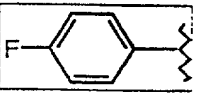
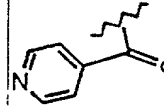
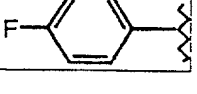
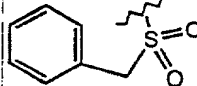
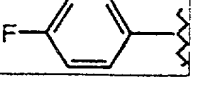
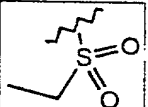
R¹

B-1742					
B-1743					
B-1744					
B-1745					
B-1746					
B-1747					
B-1748					

10024780 120701

Example#

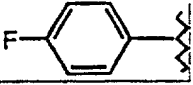
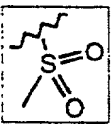
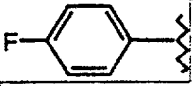
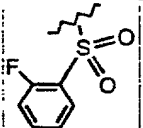
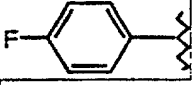
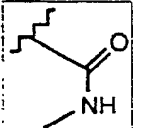
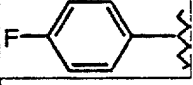
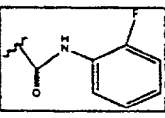
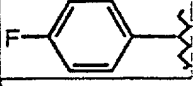
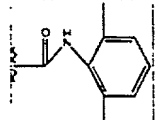
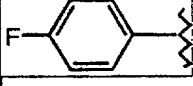
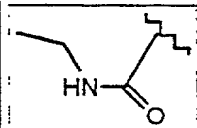
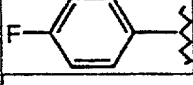
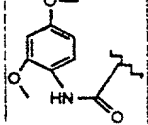
 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

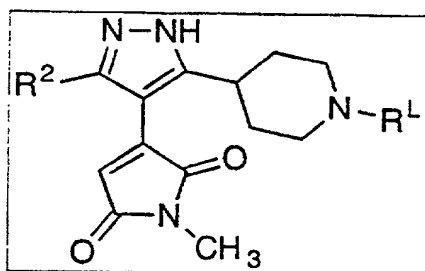
B-1749					
B-1750					
B-1751					
B-1752					
B-1753					
B-1754					
B-1755					
B-1756					
B-1757					
B-1758					



Example#

 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

B-1759					
B-1760					
B-1761					
B-1762					
B-1763					
B-1764					
B-1765					

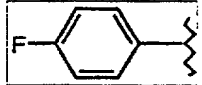
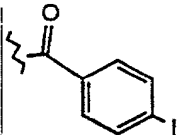

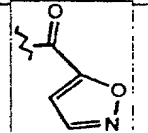
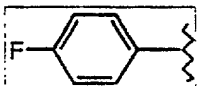
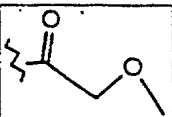
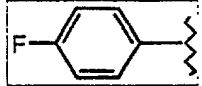
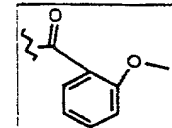
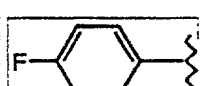
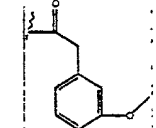
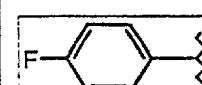
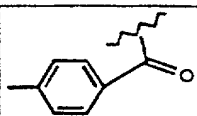
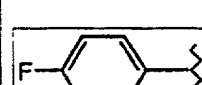
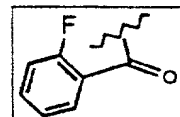
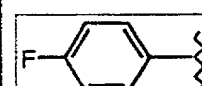
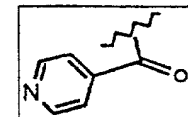
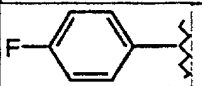
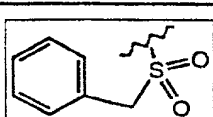
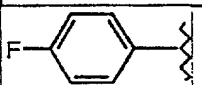
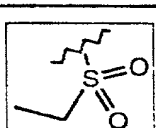


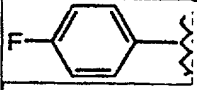
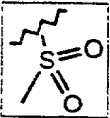
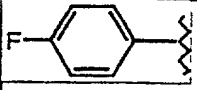
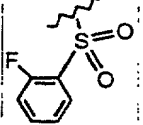
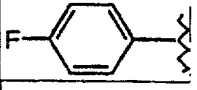
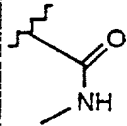
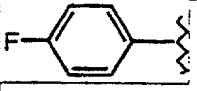
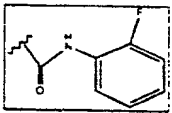
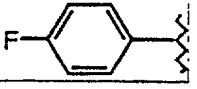
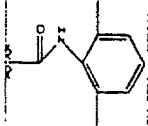
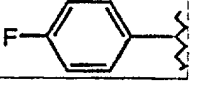
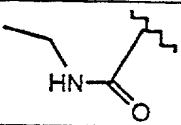
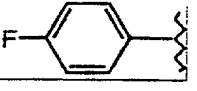
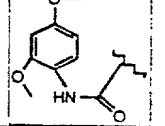
Examples B-1766 through B-1789 are prepared from Scaffold C-71

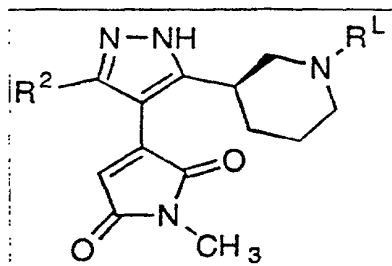
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1766					
B-1767					
B-1768					
B-1769					
B-1770					
B-1771					
B-1772					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^L$ 

B-1773					
B-1774					
B-1775					
B-1776					
B-1777					
B-1778					
B-1779					
B-1780					
B-1781					
B-1782					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1783					
B-1784					
B-1785					
B-1786					
B-1787					
B-1788					
B-1789					

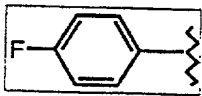
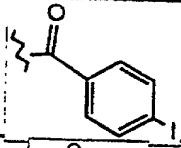
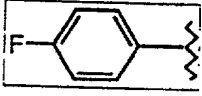
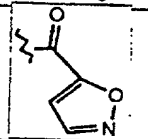
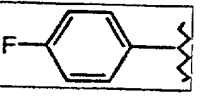
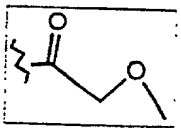
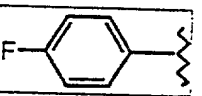
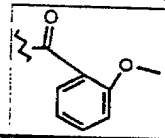
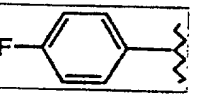
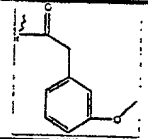
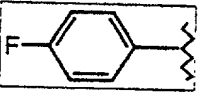
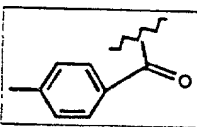
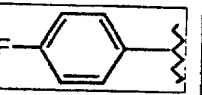
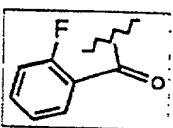
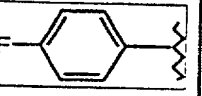
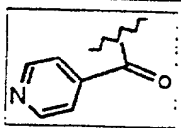
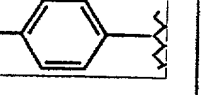
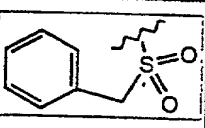
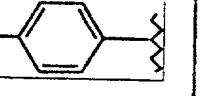
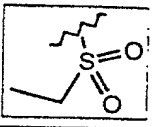


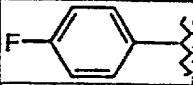
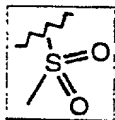
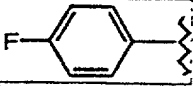
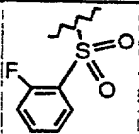
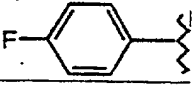
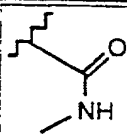
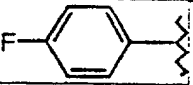
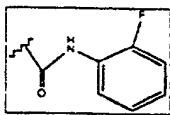
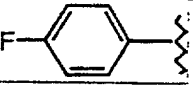
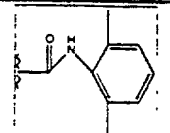
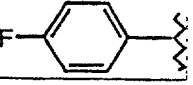
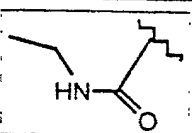
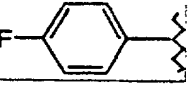
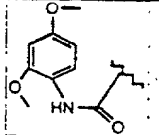
Examples B-1790 through B-1813 are prepared from Scaffold C-72

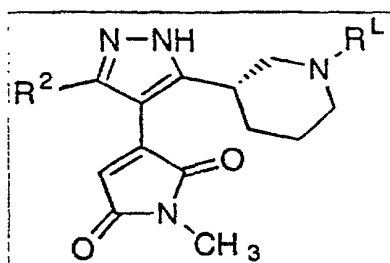
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1790					
B-1791					
B-1792					
B-1793					
B-1794					
B-1795					
B-1796					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^L$ 

B-1797					
B-1798					
B-1799					
B-1800					
B-1801					
B-1802					
B-1803					
B-1804					
B-1805					
B-1806					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1807					
B-1808					
B-1809					
B-1810					
B-1811					
B-1812					
B-1813					



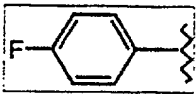
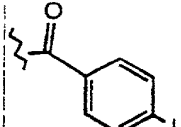
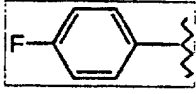
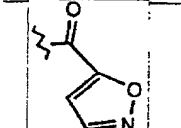
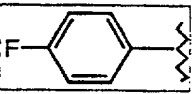
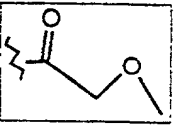
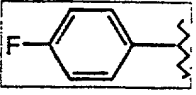
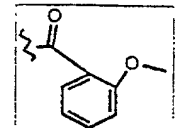
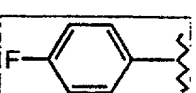
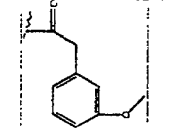
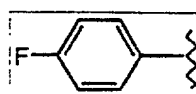
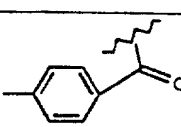
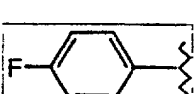
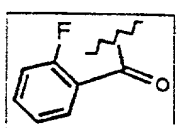
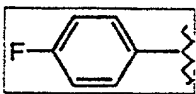
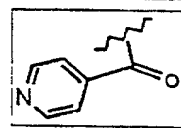
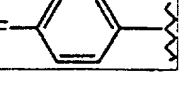
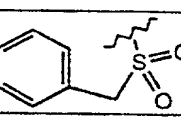
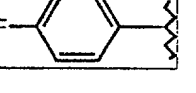
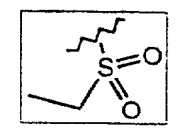
Examples B-1814 through B-1837 are prepared from Scaffold C-73

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-1814					
B-1815					
B-1816					
B-1817					
B-1818					
B-1819					
B-1820					



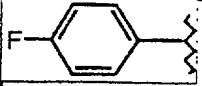
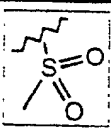
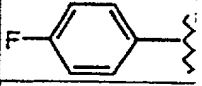
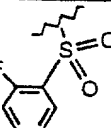
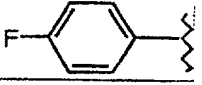
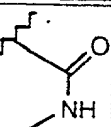
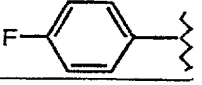
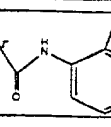
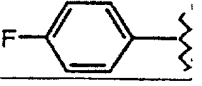
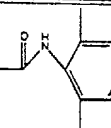

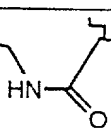
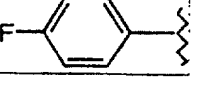
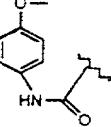
Example#

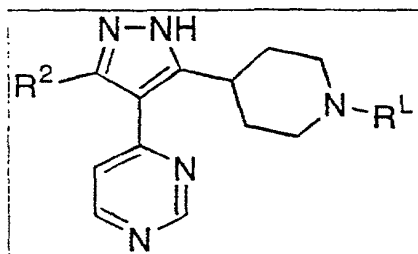
 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

B-1821					
B-1822					
B-1823					
B-1824					
B-1825					
B-1826					
B-1827					
B-1828					
B-1829					
B-1830					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

B-1831					
B-1832					
B-1833					
B-1834					
B-1835					
B-1836					
B-1837					



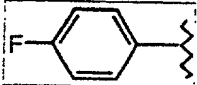
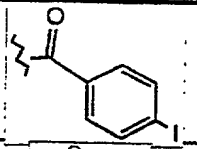

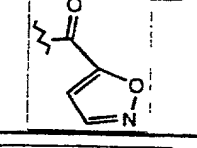
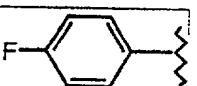
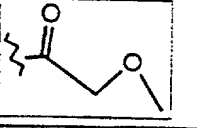
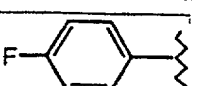
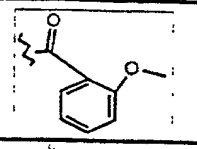
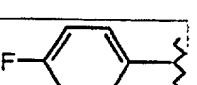
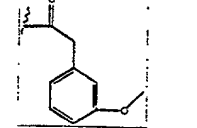
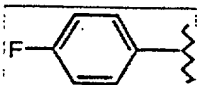
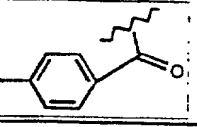
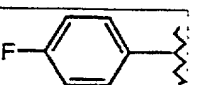
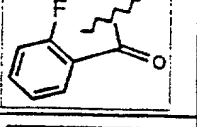
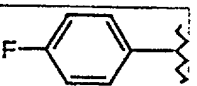
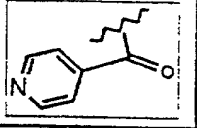
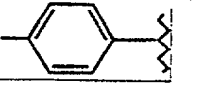
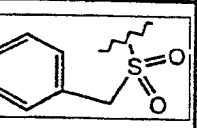
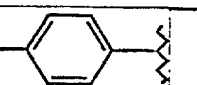
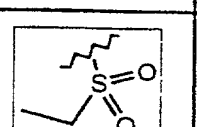
Examples B-1838 through B-1861 are prepared from Scaffold C-33

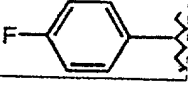
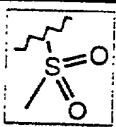
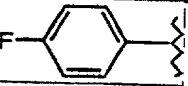
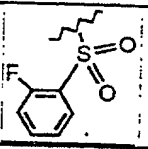
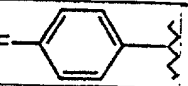
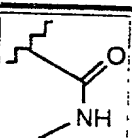
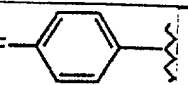
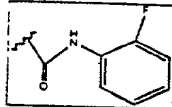
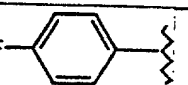
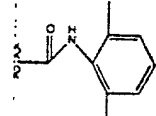
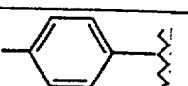
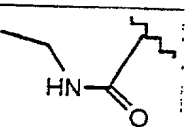
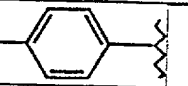
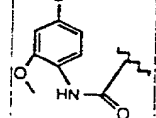
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-1838					
B-1839					
B-1840					
B-1841					
B-1842					
B-1843					
B-1844					

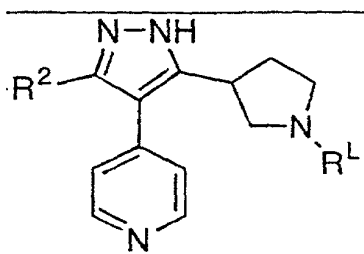
1003490-10704

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^L$ 

B-1845					
B-1846					
B-1847					
B-1848					
B-1849					
B-1850					
B-1851					
B-1852					
B-1853					
B-1854					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1855					
B-1856					
B-1857					
B-1858					
B-1859					
B-1860					
B-1861					

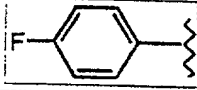
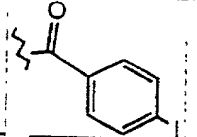
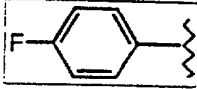
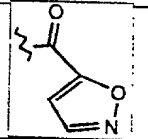
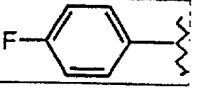
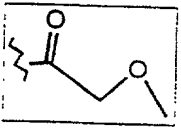
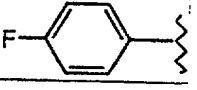
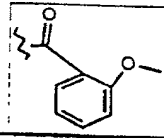
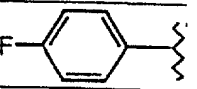
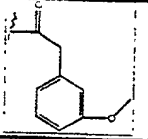
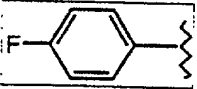
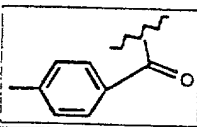
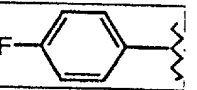
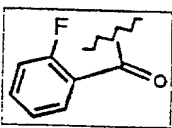
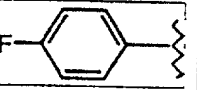
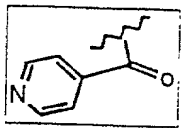
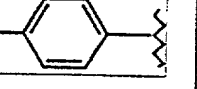
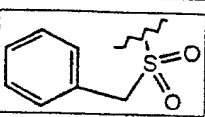
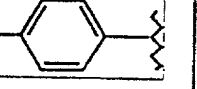
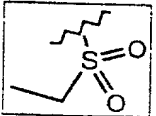


Examples B-1862 through B-1885 are prepared from Scaffold C-45

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>			
B-1862					
B-1863					
B-1864					
B-1865					
B-1866					
B-1867					
B-1868					

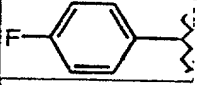
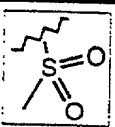
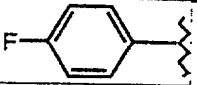
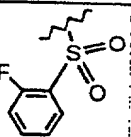
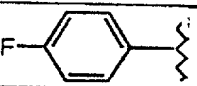
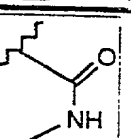
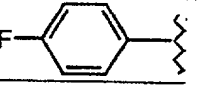
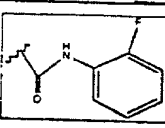
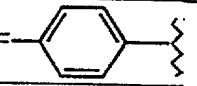
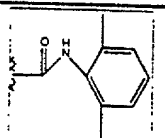
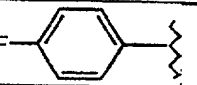
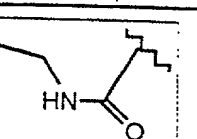
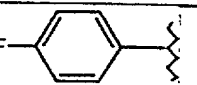
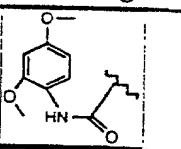
Example#

 $R^2$  $R^L$ 

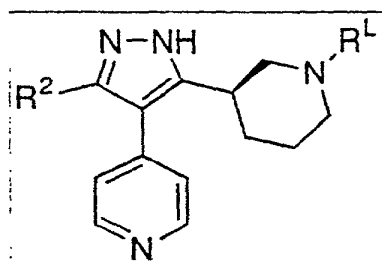
B-1869					
B-1870					
B-1871					
B-1872					
B-1873					
B-1874					
B-1875					
B-1876					
B-1877					
B-1878					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^L$ 

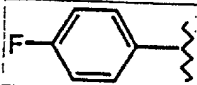
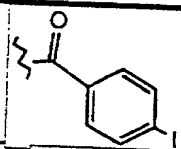
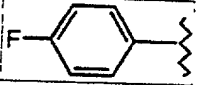
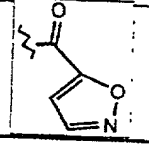
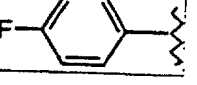
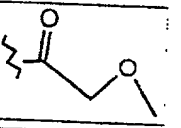
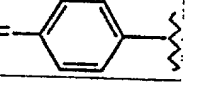
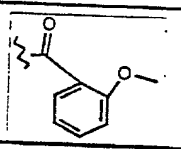
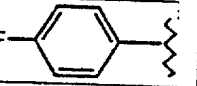
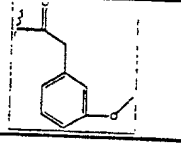
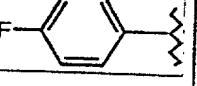
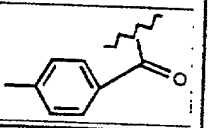
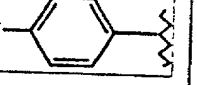
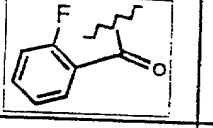
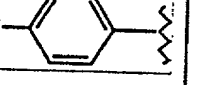
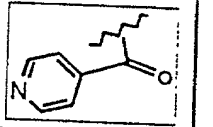
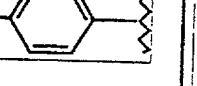
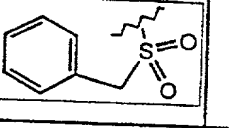
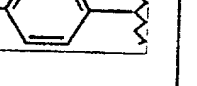
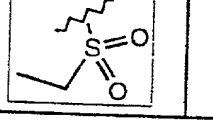
B-1879					
B-1880					
B-1881					
B-1882					
B-1883					
B-1884					
B-1885					





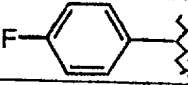
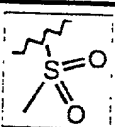
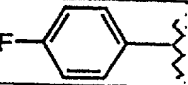
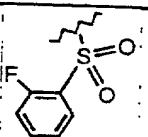
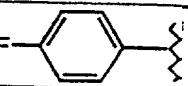
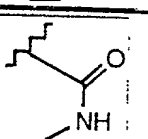
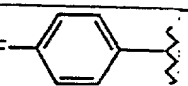
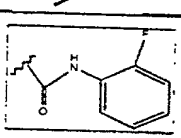
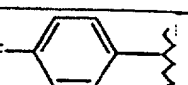
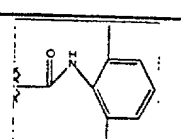
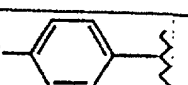
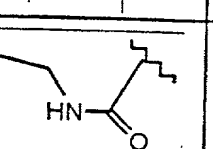
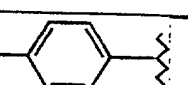
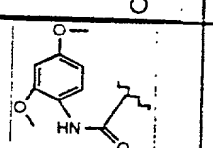
Examples B-1886 through B-1909 prepared from Scaffold C-42

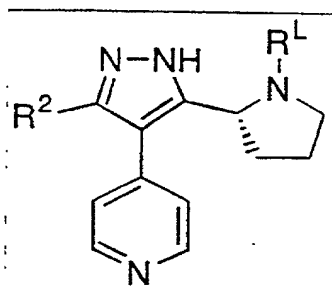
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1886					
B-1887					
B-1888					
B-1889					
B-1890					
B-1891					
B-1892					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1893					
B-1894					
B-1895					
B-1896					
B-1897					
B-1898					
B-1899					
B-1900					
B-1901					
B-1902					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^L$ 

B-1903					
B-1904					
B-1905					
B-1906					
B-1907					
B-1908					
B-1909					

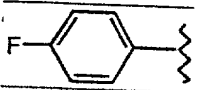
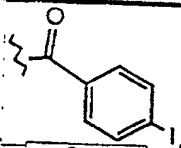
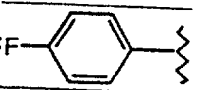
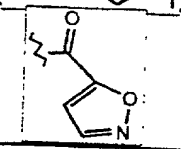
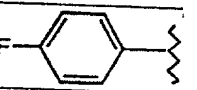
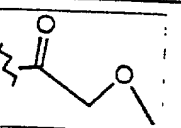
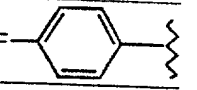
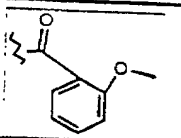
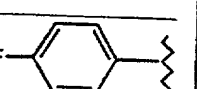
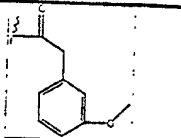
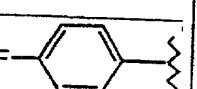
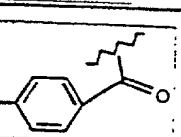
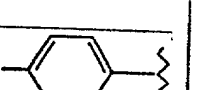
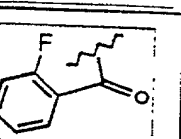
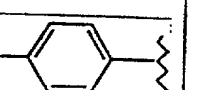
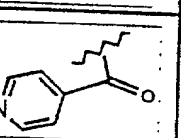
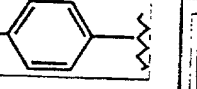
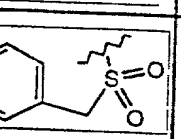
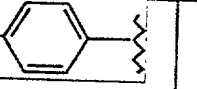
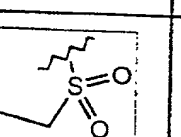


Examples B-1910 through B-1933 are prepared from Scaffold C-44

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1910					
B-1911					
B-1912					
B-1913					
B-1914					
B-1915					
B-1916					

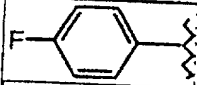
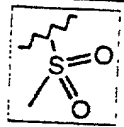
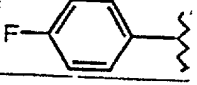
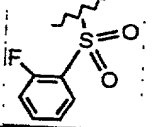

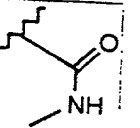
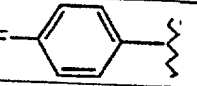
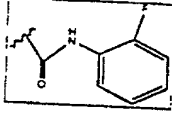
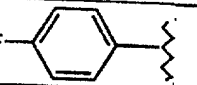
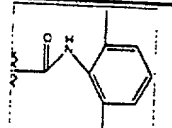
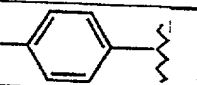
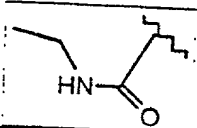
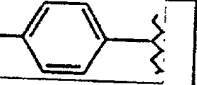
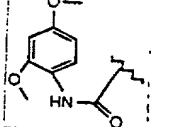
Example#

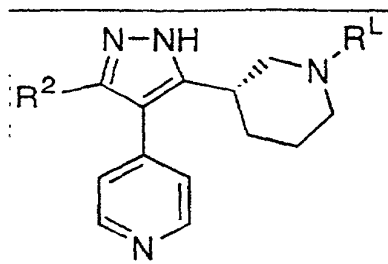
 $R^2$  $R^L$ 

B-1917					
B-1918					
B-1919					
B-1920					
B-1921					
B-1922					
B-1923					
B-1924					
B-1925					
B-1926					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

B-1927					
B-1928					
B-1929					
B-1930					
B-1931					
B-1932					
B-1933					



Examples B-1934 through B-1957 are prepared from Scaffold C-41

Example#

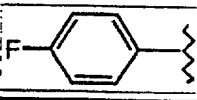
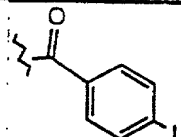
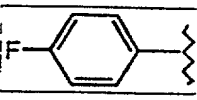
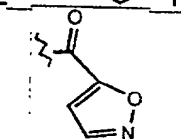
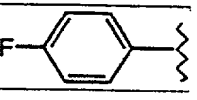
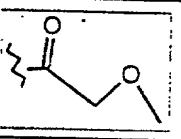
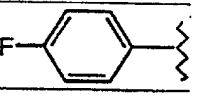
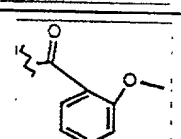
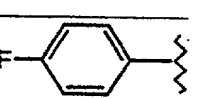
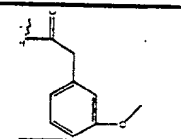
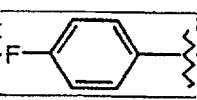
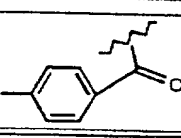
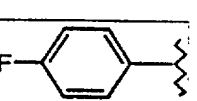
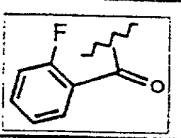
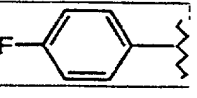
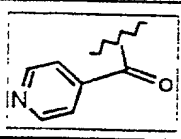
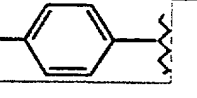
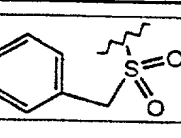
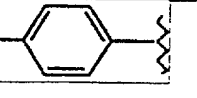
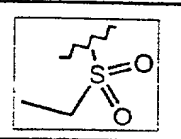
R²

R¹

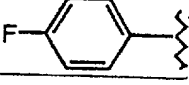
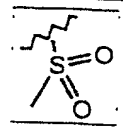
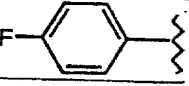
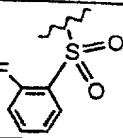
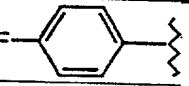
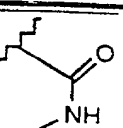
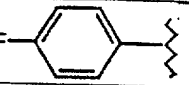
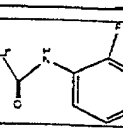
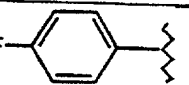
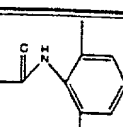
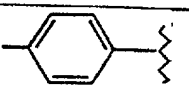
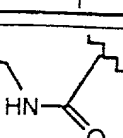
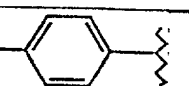
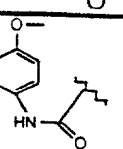
B-1934					
B-1935					
B-1936					
B-1937					
B-1938					
B-1939					
B-1940					

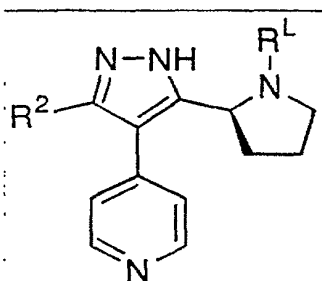
Example#

 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

B-1941					
B-1942					
B-1943					
B-1944					
B-1945					
B-1946					
B-1947					
B-1948					
B-1949					
B-1950					



Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1951					
B-1952					
B-1953					
B-1954					
B-1955					
B-1956					
B-1957					


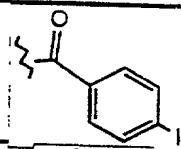

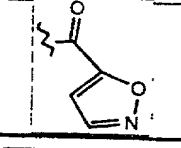
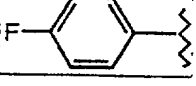
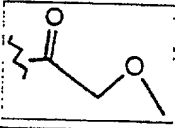
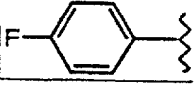
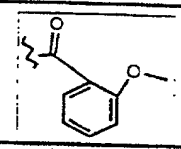
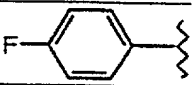
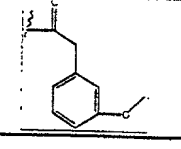
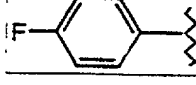
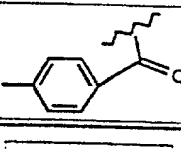
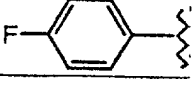
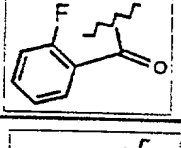
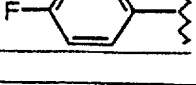
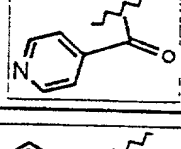
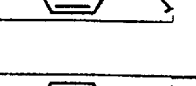
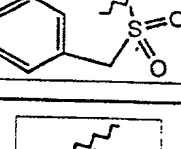
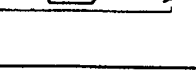
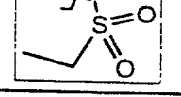


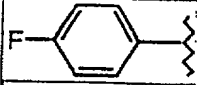
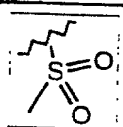
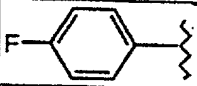
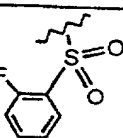
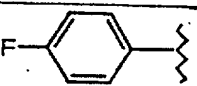
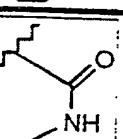
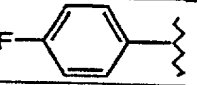
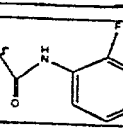
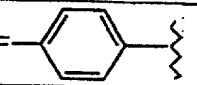
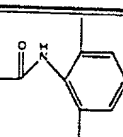
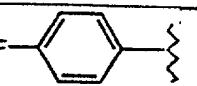
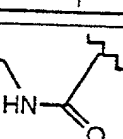
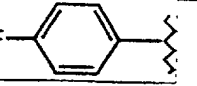
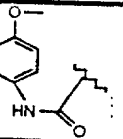
Examples B-1958 through B-1981 are prepared from Scaffold C-43

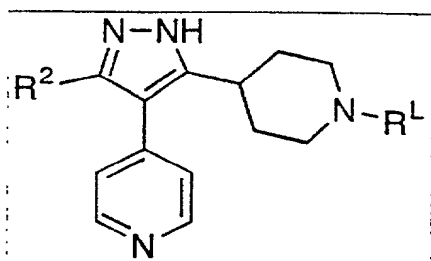
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-1958					
B-1959					
B-1960					
B-1961					
B-1962					
B-1963					
B-1964					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^L$ 

B-1965					
B-1966					
B-1967					
B-1968					
B-1969					
B-1970					
B-1971					
B-1972					
B-1973					
B-1974					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1975					
B-1976					
B-1977					
B-1978					
B-1979					
B-1980					
B-1981					



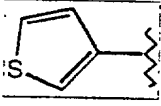
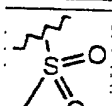
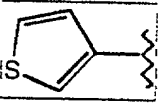
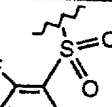
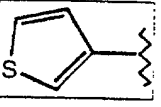
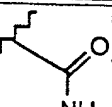
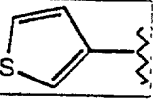
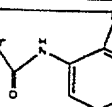
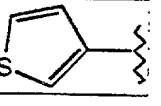
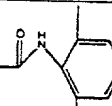
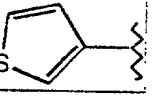
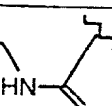
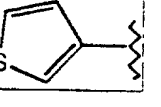
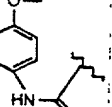
Examples B-1982 through B-2005 are prepared from Scaffold C-30

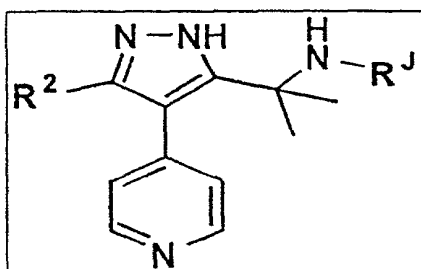
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1982					
B-1983					
B-1984					
B-1985					
B-1986					
B-1987					
B-1988					

Example#

 $R^2$  $R^L$ 

B-1989					
B-1990					
B-1991					
B-1992					
B-1993					
B-1994					
B-1995					
B-1996					
B-1997					
B-1998					

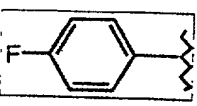
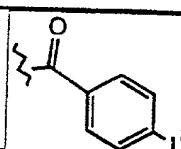
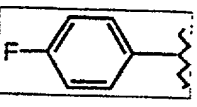
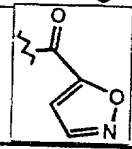
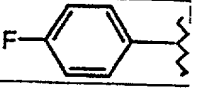
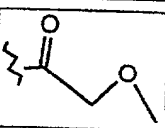
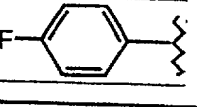
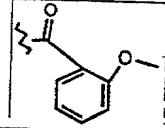
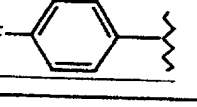
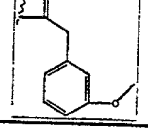
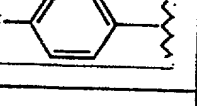
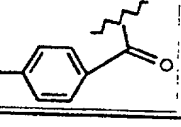
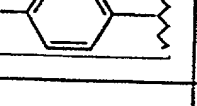
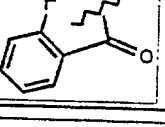
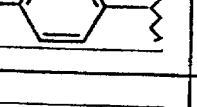
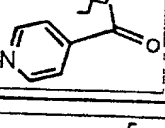

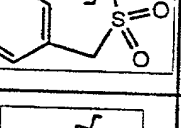
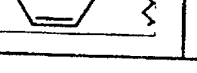
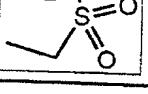
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>L</sup>			
B-1999					
B-2000					
B-2001					
B-2002					
B-2003					
B-2004					
B-2005					

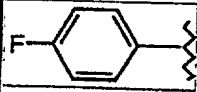
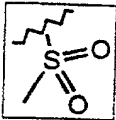
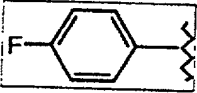
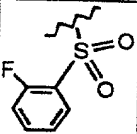
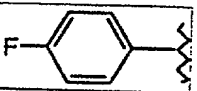
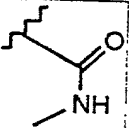
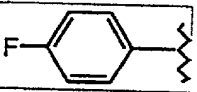
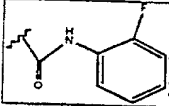
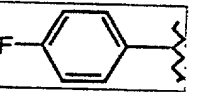
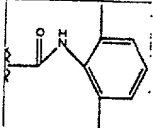
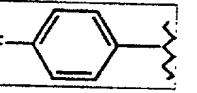
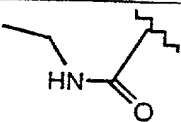
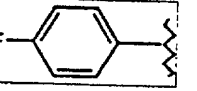
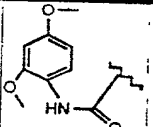


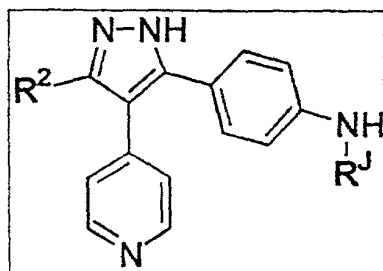
Examples B-2006 through B-2029 are prepared from Scaffold C-60

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2006					
B-2007					
B-2008					
B-2009					
B-2010					
B-2011					
B-2012					



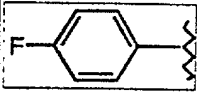
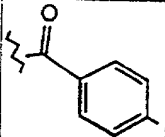
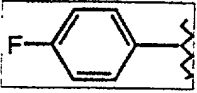
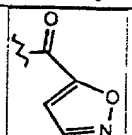
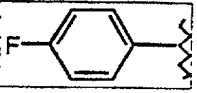
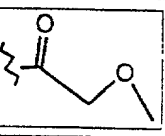
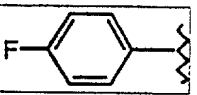
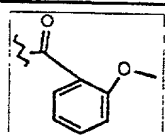
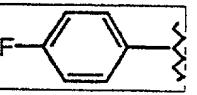
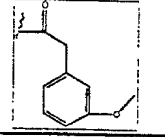
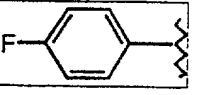
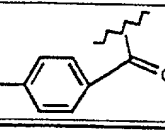
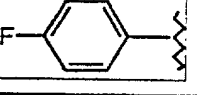
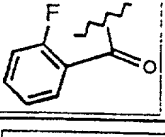
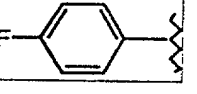
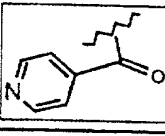
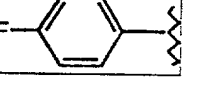
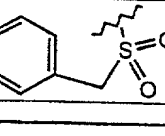
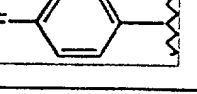
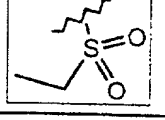
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2013					
B-2014					
B-2015					
B-2016					
B-2017					
B-2018					
B-2019					
B-2020					
B-2021					
B-2022					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2023					
B-2024					
B-2025					
B-2026					
B-2027					
B-2028					
B-2029					



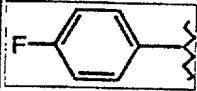
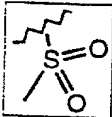
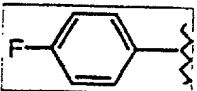
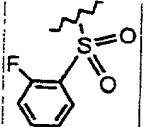
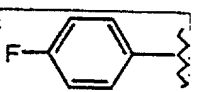
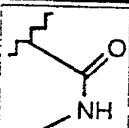
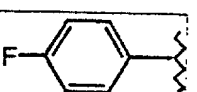
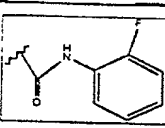
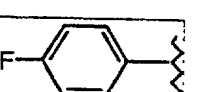
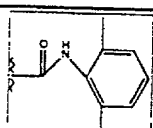
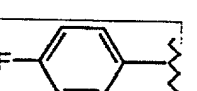
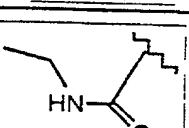
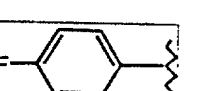
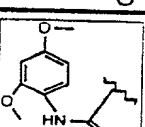
Examples B-2030 through B-2053 are prepared from Scaffold C-36

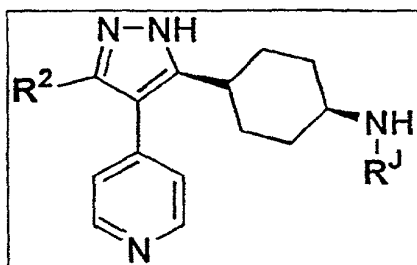
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2030					
B-2031					
B-2032					
B-2033					
B-2034					
B-2035					
B-2036					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2037					
B-2038					
B-2039					
B-2040					
B-2041					
B-2042					
B-2043					
B-2044					
B-2045					
B-2046					

Example#

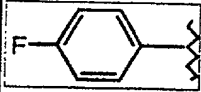
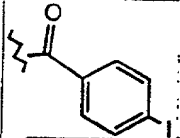
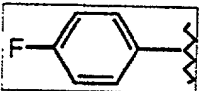
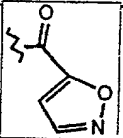
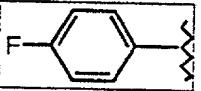
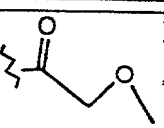
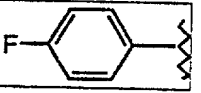
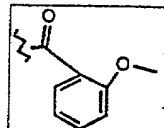
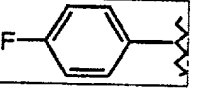
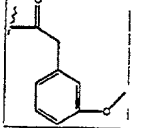
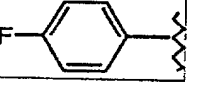
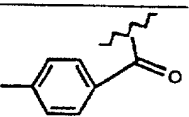
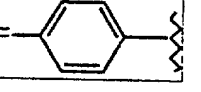
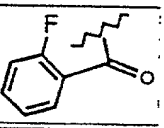
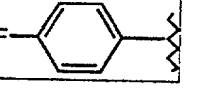
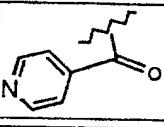
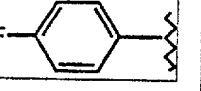
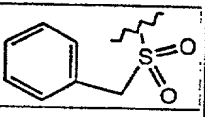
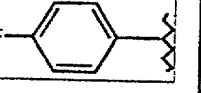
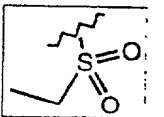
 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

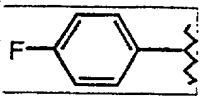
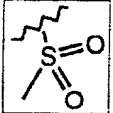
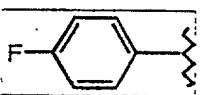
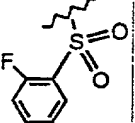
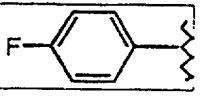
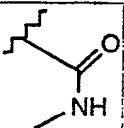
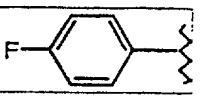
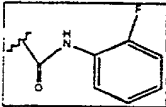
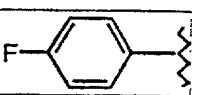
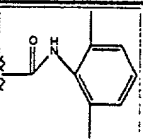
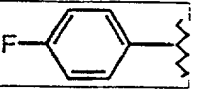
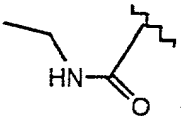
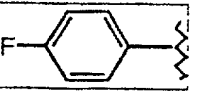
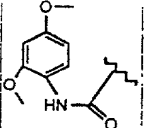
B-2047					
B-2048					
B-2049					
B-2050					
B-2051					
B-2052					
B-2053					



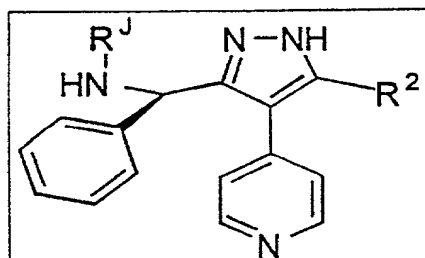
Examples B-2054 through B-2077 are prepared from Scaffold C-34

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2054					
B-2055					
B-2056					
B-2057					
B-2058					
B-2059					
B-2060					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2061					
B-2062					
B-2063					
B-2064					
B-2065					
B-2066					
B-2067					
B-2068					
B-2069					
B-2070					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2071					
B-2072					
B-2073					
B-2074					
B-2075					
B-2076					
B-2077					





Examples B-2078 through B-2101 are prepared from Scaffold C-57

Example#

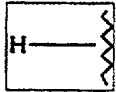
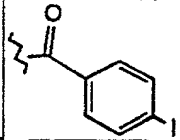
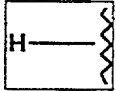
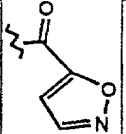
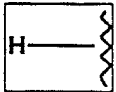
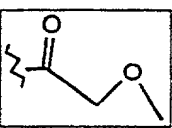
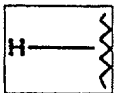
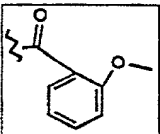
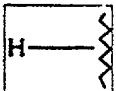
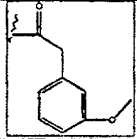
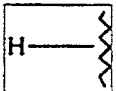
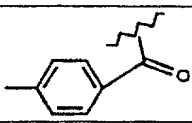
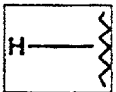
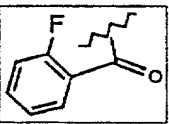
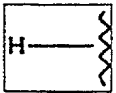
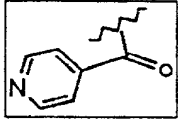
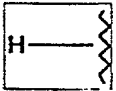
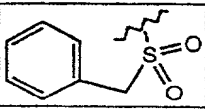
R<sup>2</sup>

R<sup>J</sup>

B-2078					
B-2079					
B-2080					
B-2081					
B-2082					
B-2083					
B-2084					

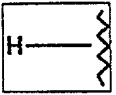
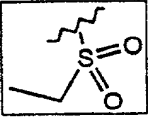
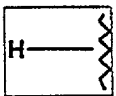
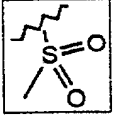
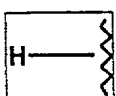
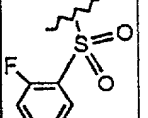
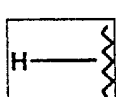
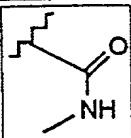
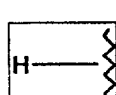
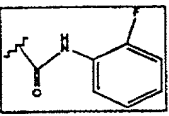
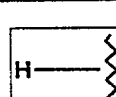
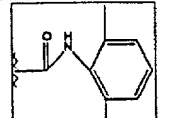
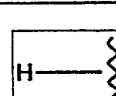
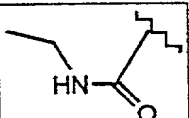
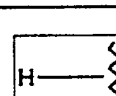
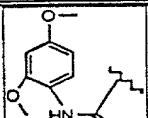
Example#

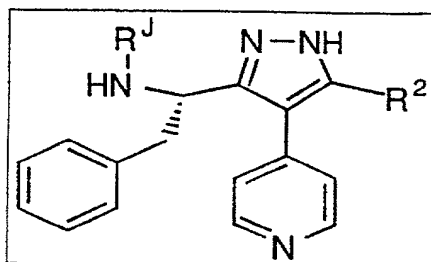
 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

B-2085					
B-2086					
B-2087					
B-2088					
B-2089					
B-2090					
B-2091					
B-2092					
B-2093					

Example#

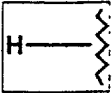
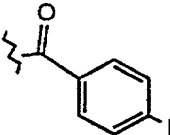
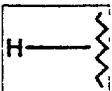
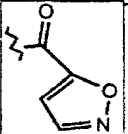
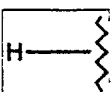
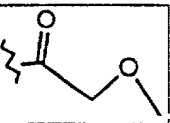
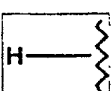
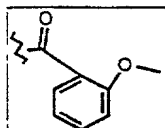
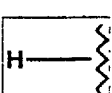
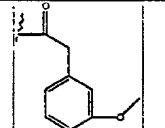
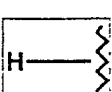
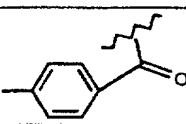
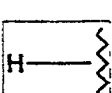
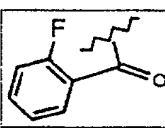
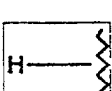
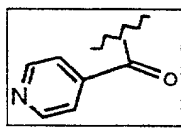
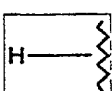
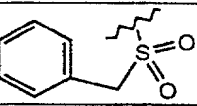
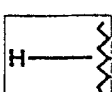
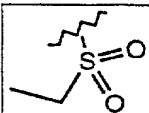
 $R^2$  $R^1$ 

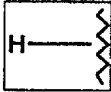
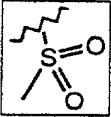
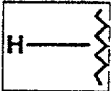
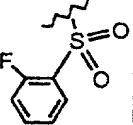
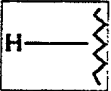
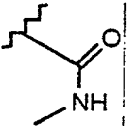
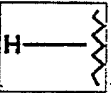
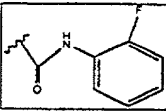
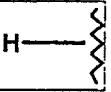
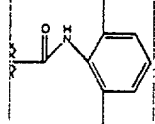
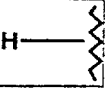
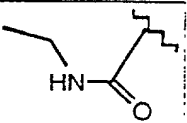
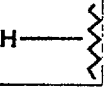
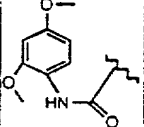
B-2094					
B-2095					
B-2096					
B-2097					
B-2098					
B-2099					
B-2100					
B-2101					

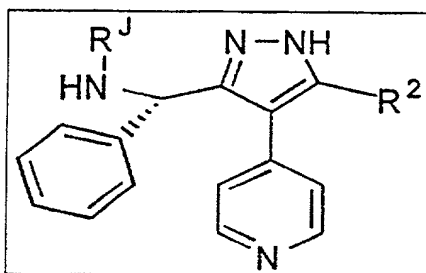


Examples B-2102 through B-2125 are prepared from Scaffold C-52

Example#	R²	R¹			
B-2102					
B-2103					
B-2104					
B-2105					
B-2106					
B-2107					
B-2108					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2109					
B-2110					
B-2111					
B-2112					
B-2113					
B-2114					
B-2115					
B-2116					
B-2117					
B-2118					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2119					
B-2120					
B-2121					
B-2122					
B-2123					
B-2124					
B-2125					

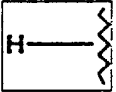
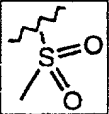
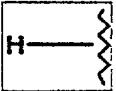
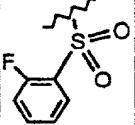
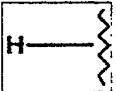
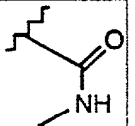
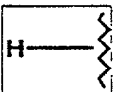
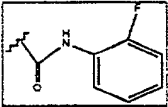
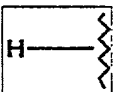
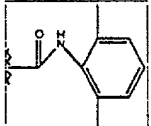
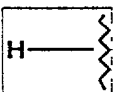
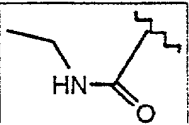
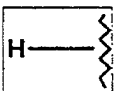
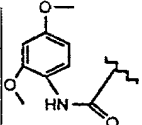


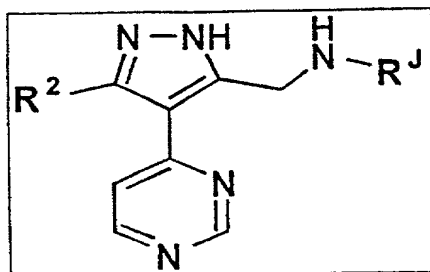
Examples B-2126 through B-2149 are prepared from Scaffold C-56

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2126					
B-2127					
B-2128					
B-2129					
B-2130					
B-2131					
B-2132					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2133					
B-2134					
B-2135					
B-2136					
B-2137					
B-2138					
B-2139					
B-2140					
B-2141					
B-2142					

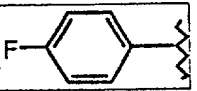
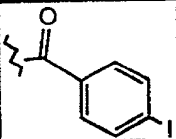
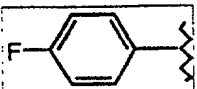
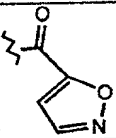
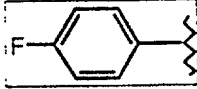
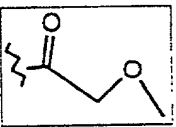
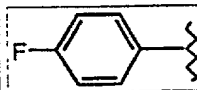
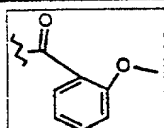
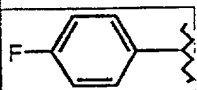
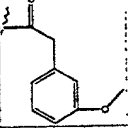
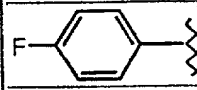
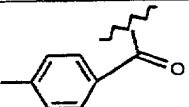
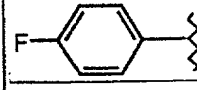
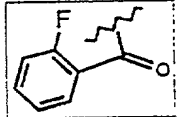
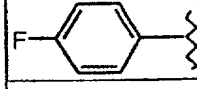
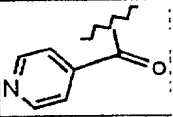
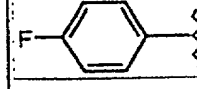
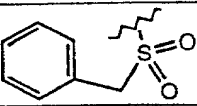
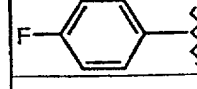
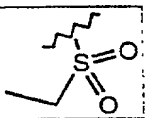


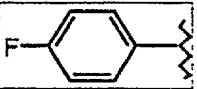
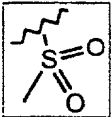
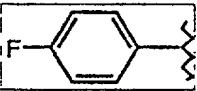
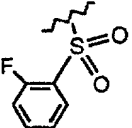
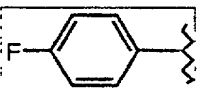
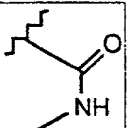
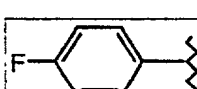
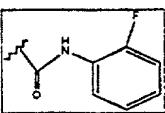
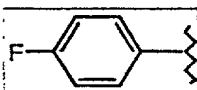
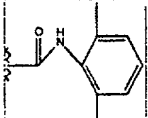
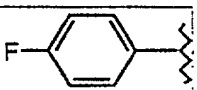
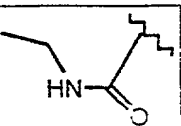
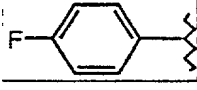
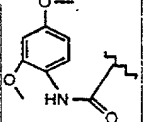
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2143					
B-2144					
B-2145					
B-2146					
B-2147					
B-2148					
B-2149					

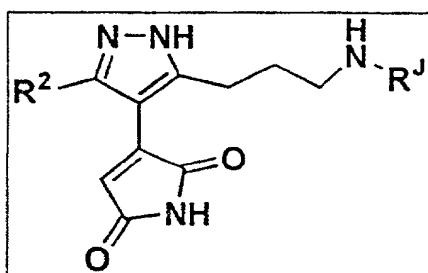


Examples B-2150 through B-2173 are prepared from Scaffold C-32

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2150					
B-2151					
B-2152					
B-2153					
B-2154					
B-2155					
B-2156					

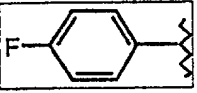
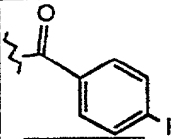
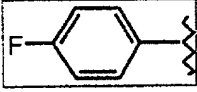
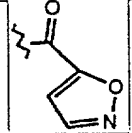
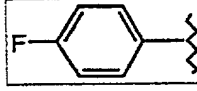
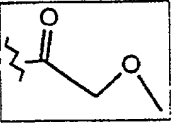
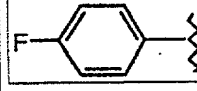
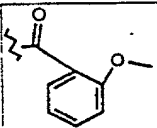
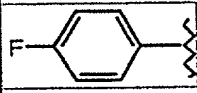
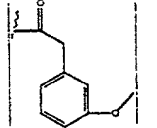
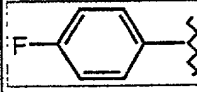
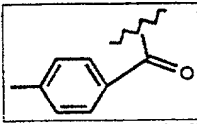
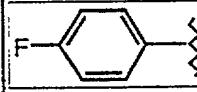
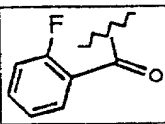
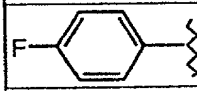
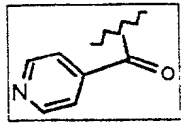
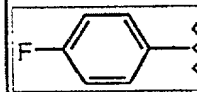
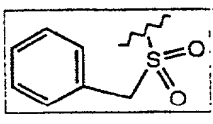
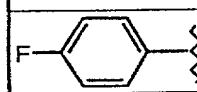
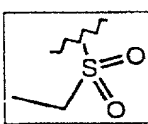
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2157					
B-2158					
B-2159					
B-2160					
B-2161					
B-2162					
B-2163					
B-2164					
B-2165					
B-2166					

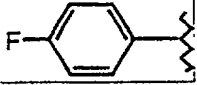
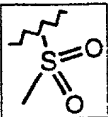
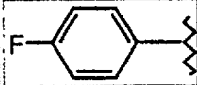
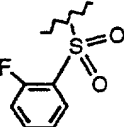
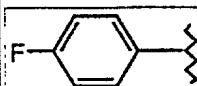
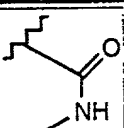
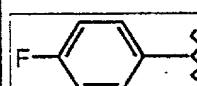
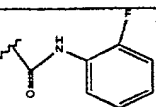
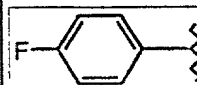
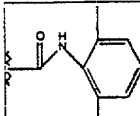
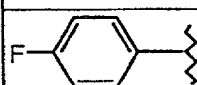
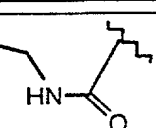
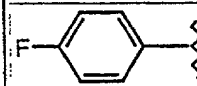
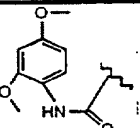
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2167					
B-2168					
B-2169					
B-2170					
B-2171					
B-2172					
B-2173					

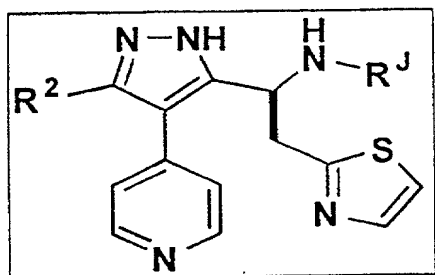


Examples 2174 through B-2197 are prepared from Scaffold C-64

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2174					
B-2175					
B-2176					
B-2177					
B-2178					
B-2179					
B-2180					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2181					
B-2182					
B-2183					
B-2184					
B-2185					
B-2186					
B-2187					
B-2188					
B-2189					
B-2190					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2191					
B-2192					
B-2193					
B-2194					
B-2195					
B-2196					
B-2197					

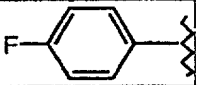
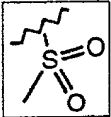
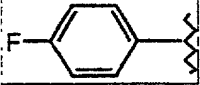
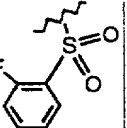
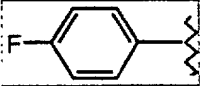
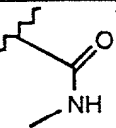
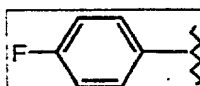
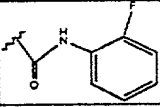

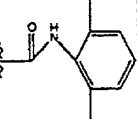
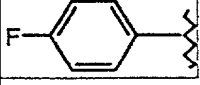
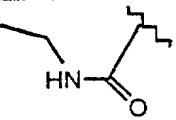
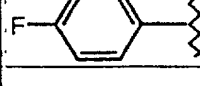
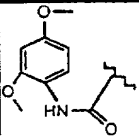


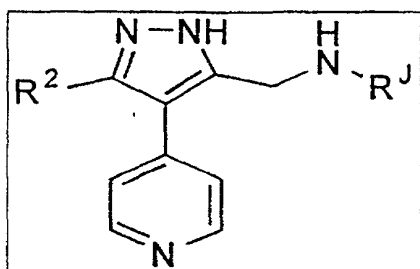
Examples B-2198 through B-2221 re prepared from Scaffold C-22

Example#	$\text{R}^2$	$\text{R}^J$			
B-2198					
B-2199					
B-2200					
B-2201					
B-2202					
B-2203					
B-2204					





Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2215					
B-2216					
B-2217					
B-2218					
B-2219					
B-2220					
B-2221					



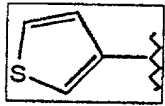
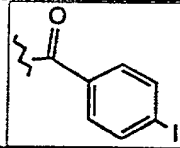
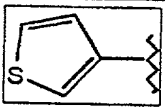
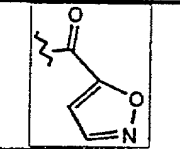
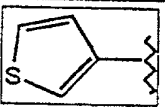
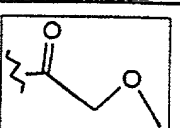
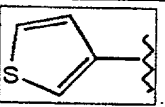
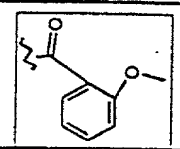
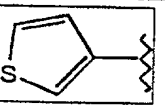
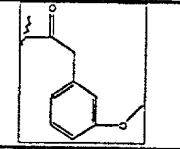
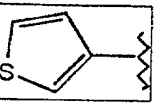
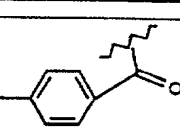
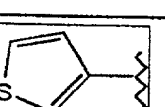
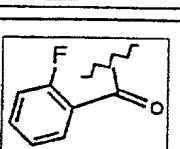
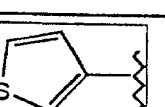
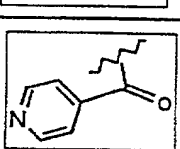
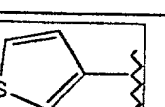
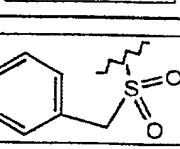
Examples B-2222 through B-2245 are prepared from Scaffold C-29

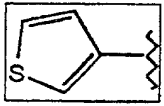
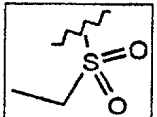
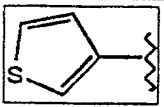
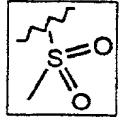
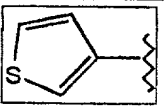
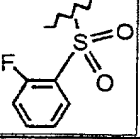
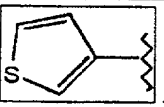
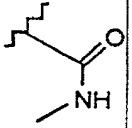
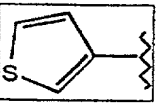
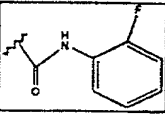
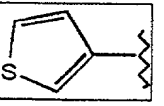
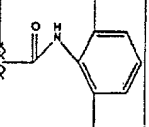
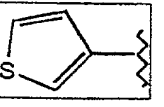
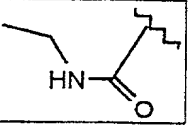
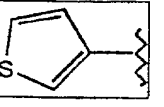
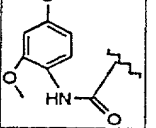
Example#

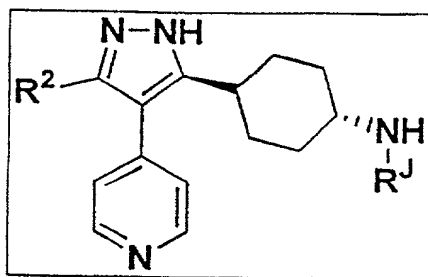
R²

R¹

B-2222					
B-2223					
B-2224					
B-2225					
B-2226					
B-2227					
B-2228					

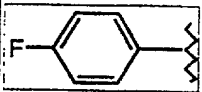
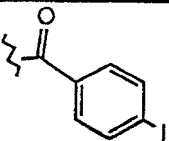
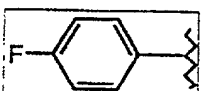
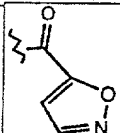
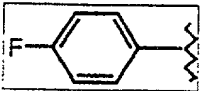
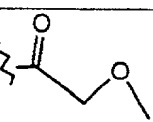
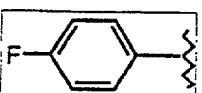
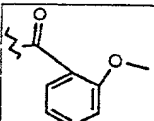
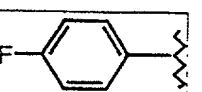
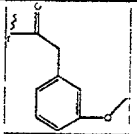
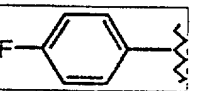
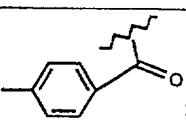
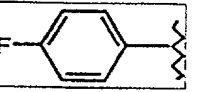
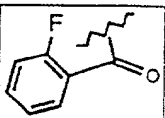
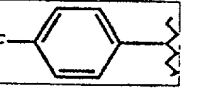
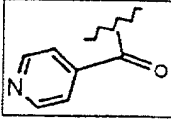
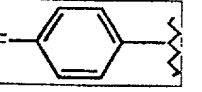
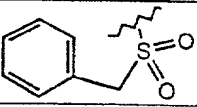
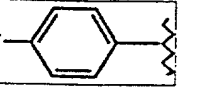
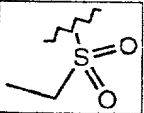
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2229					
B-2230					
B-2231					
B-2232					
B-2233					
B-2234					
B-2235					
B-2236					
B-2237					

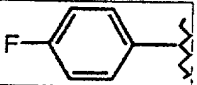
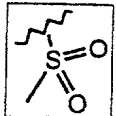
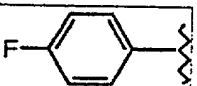
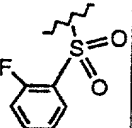
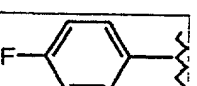
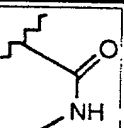
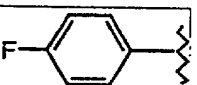
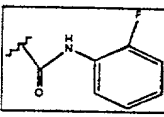
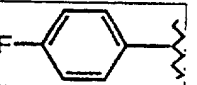
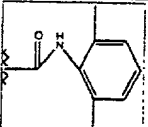
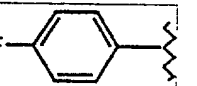
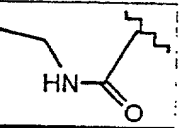
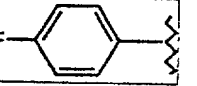
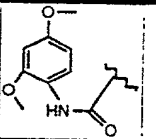
Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2238					
B-2239					
B-2240					
B-2241					
B-2242					
B-2243					
B-2244					
B-2245					



Examples B-2246 through B-2269 are prepared from Scaffold C-35

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2246					
B-2247					
B-2248					
B-2249					
B-2250					
B-2251					
B-2252					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>			
B-2253					
B-2254					
B-2255					
B-2256					
B-2257					
B-2258					
B-2259					
B-2260					
B-2261					
B-2262					

Example#	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>J</sup>			
B-2263					
B-2264					
B-2265					
B-2266					
B-2267					
B-2268					
B-2269					



5

10

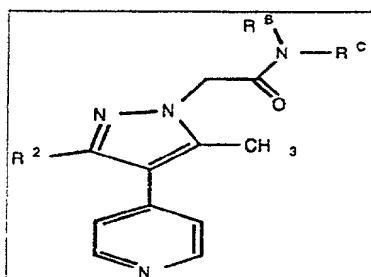
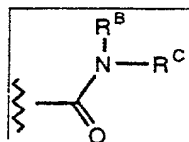
**Examples B-2270 through B-2317**

15

In a parallel array reaction block containing 48 fritted vessels, each reaction vessel was charged with 250 mg of polymer bound carbodiimide **B48** (1.0 mmol/g resin) and a solution of the acid-containing scaffold **C-49** in dimethylformamide (0.1 M, 500 uL). To each slurry was added a solution of pyridine in dichloromethane (0.2 M, 1000 uL) followed by a solution of a unique amine **B47** (0.2 M, 375 uL) in dimethylformamide. The reaction mixtures were agitated on a Labline benchtop orbital shaker at 250 RPM for 16-20 h at ambient temperature. The reaction mixtures were filtered into conical vials and the polymer was washed with 1.5 mL of dimethylformamide and 2.0 mL of dichloromethane. The filtrates were evaporated to dryness in a Savant apparatus and dimethylformamide (350 uL) was added to each conical vial to dissolve the residue. A solution of tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (1.0 M, 150 uL) in

dimethylformamide was added to the reconstituted conical vials and the mixture incubated for 2 hours at ambient temperature. Polyamine polymer B33 (4.0 meq N/g resin, 250 mg) and 1.0 mL dichloromethane was then added to the reaction mixture in each conical vial. After agitating the reaction mixtures for 16 h at 250 RPM on an orbital shaker at ambient temperature, the mixtures were filtered through a polypropylene syringe tube fitted with a porous frit. The polymers were washed twice with dimethylformamide (1.0 mL each) and the filtrates and washings collected in conical vials. The filtrates were evaporated to dryness and weighed to afford the desired amide products B-2270 through B-2317 as oils or solids. The analytical data and yields for the products prepared in this manner are listed below.

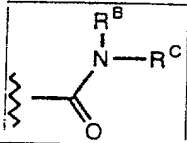
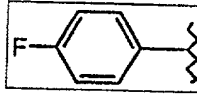
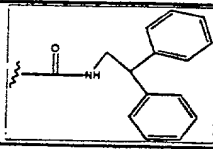
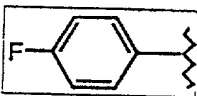
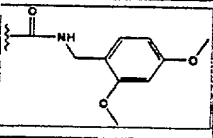
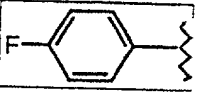
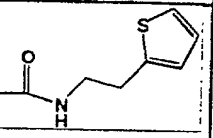
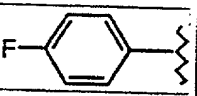
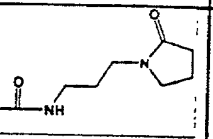
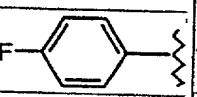
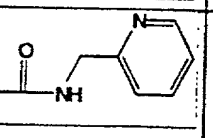
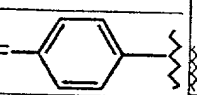
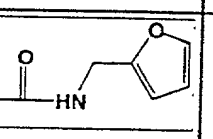
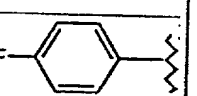
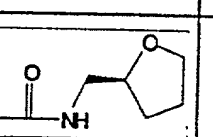
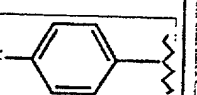
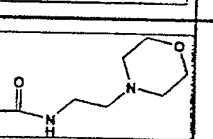
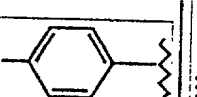
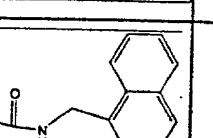
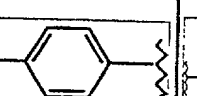
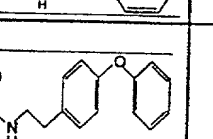
10024380-130701

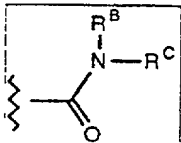
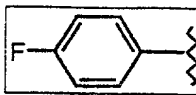
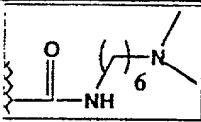
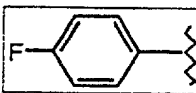
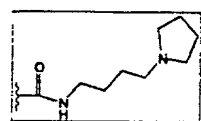
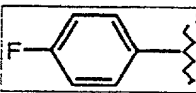
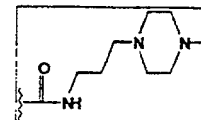
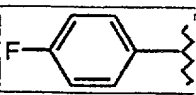
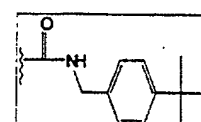
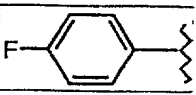
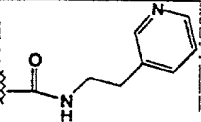
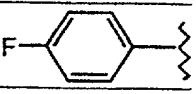
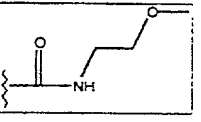
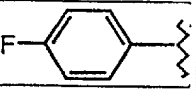
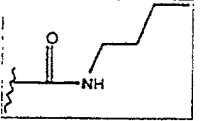
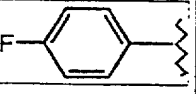
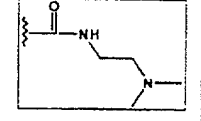
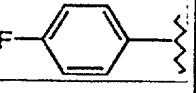
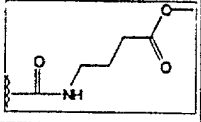
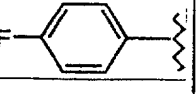
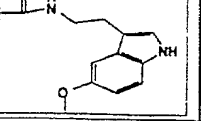
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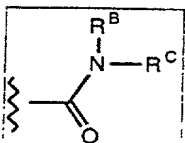
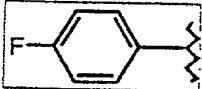
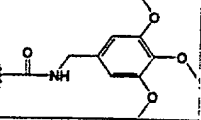
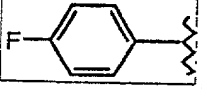
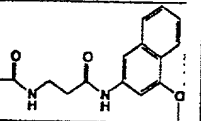
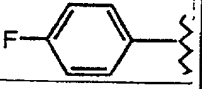
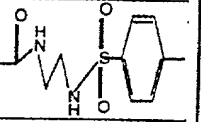
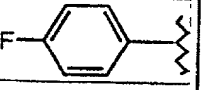
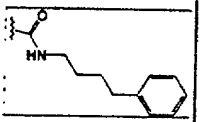
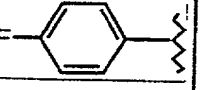
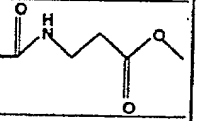
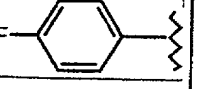
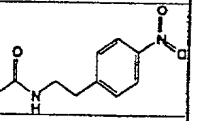
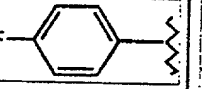
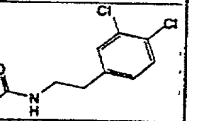
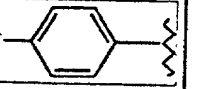
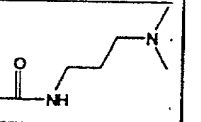
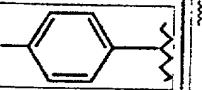
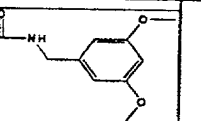
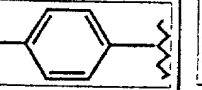
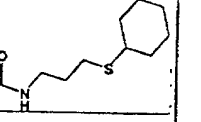
Yield

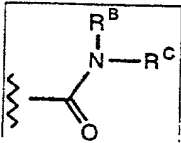

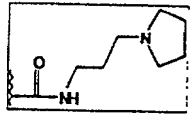
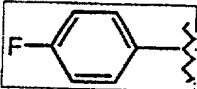
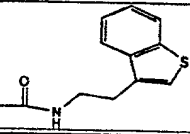
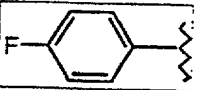
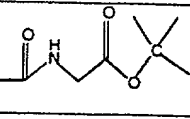
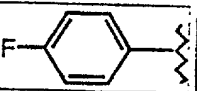
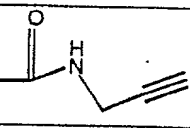
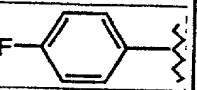
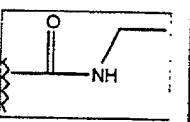
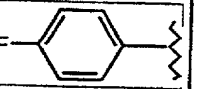
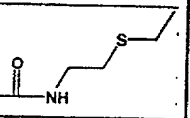
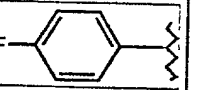
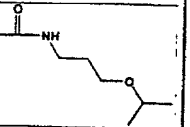
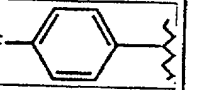
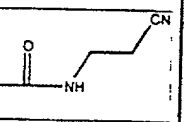
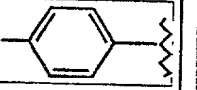
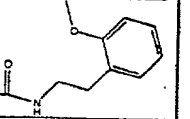
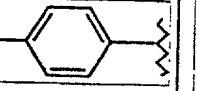
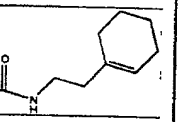
Calcd. Mass  
Spec.Observed  
Mass Spec  
M+H

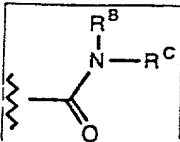
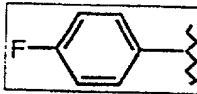
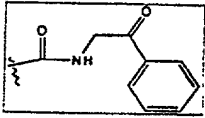
B-2270			12	352	353
B-2271			39	432	433
B-2272			26	400	-
B-2273			14	396	397
B-2274			30	434	435
B-2275			43	443	-
B-2276			35	364	365

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2277			33	490	-
B-2278			53	460	461
B-2279			10	420	-
B-2280			7	435	436
B-2281			18	401	402
B-2282			22	390	413 <sup>a</sup> <sup>a</sup> M+Na
B-2283			10	394	417 <sup>a</sup> <sup>a</sup> M+Na
B-2284			7	423	-
B-2285			23	450	-
B-2286			4	506	-

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2287			5	437	438
B-2288			8	435	436
B-2289			4	450	451
B-2290			9	456	457
B-2291			9	415	416
B-2292			5	368	369
B-2293			5	366	367
B-2294			5	381	382
B-2295			16	410	411
B-2296			4	483	-

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2297			7	490	-
B-2298			4	537	-
B-2299			4	507	508
B-2300			7	442	-
B-2301			20	396	397
B-2302			30	459	-
B-2303			6	482	
B-2304			5	395	396
B-2305			10	460	-
B-2306			11	466	467

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2307			5	421	422
B-2308			26	470	-
B-2309			24	424	425
B-2310			9	348	-
B-2311			21	338	339
B-2312			28	398	399
B-2313			6	410	-
B-2314			15	363	364
B-2315			11	444	-
B-2316			11	418	-

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2317			36	428	-



5

10

By analogy to the procedure identified above for the preparation of Examples B-2270 through B-2317, the following examples B-2318 through B-2461 were prepared.

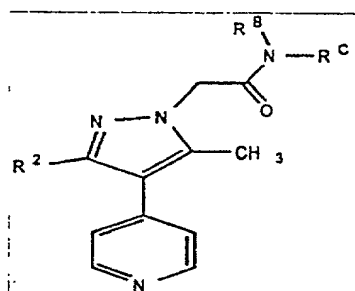
15

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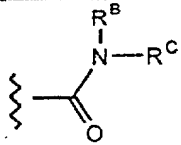
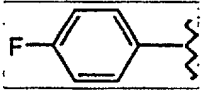
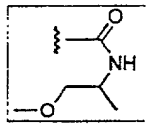
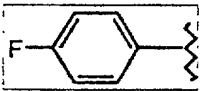
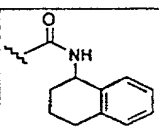
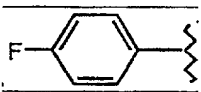
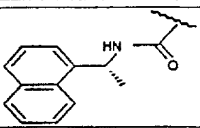
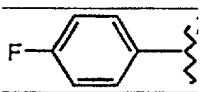
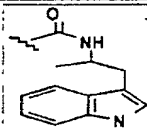
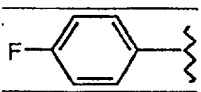
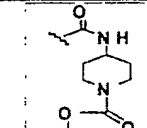
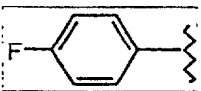
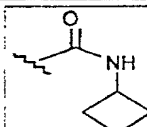
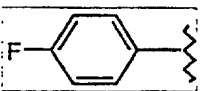
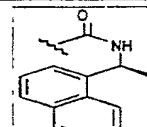
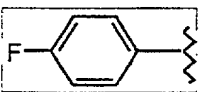
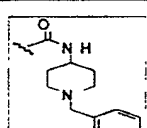
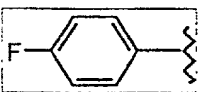
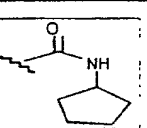
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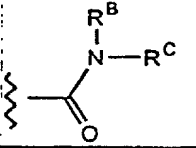
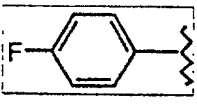
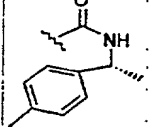
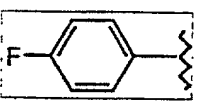
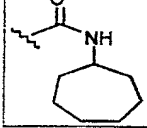
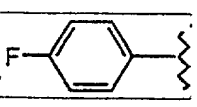
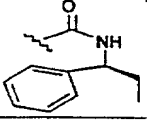
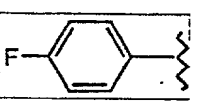
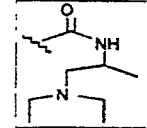
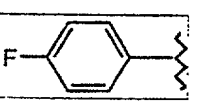
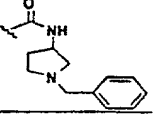
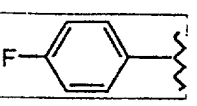
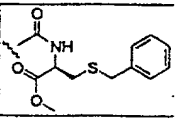
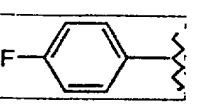
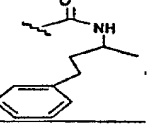
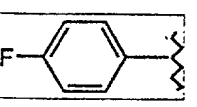
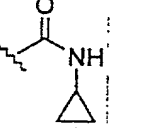
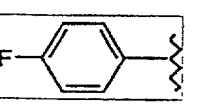
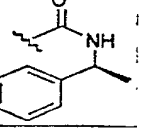
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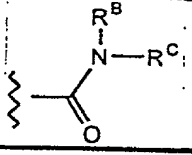
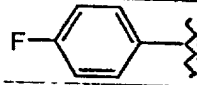
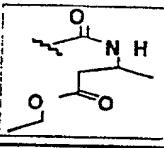
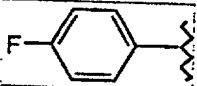
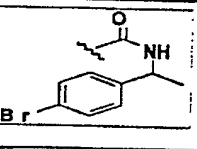
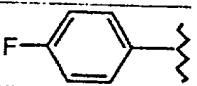
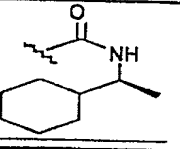
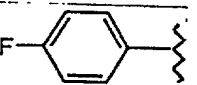
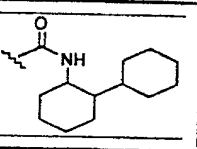
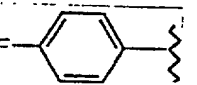
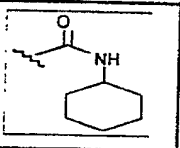
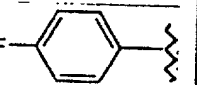
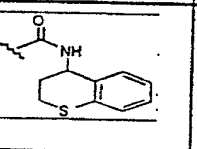
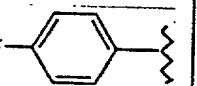
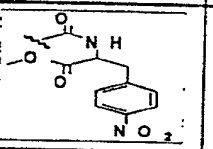
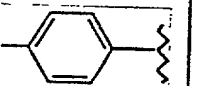
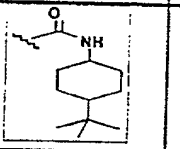
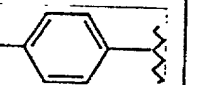
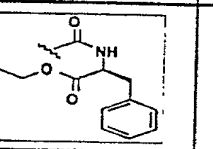
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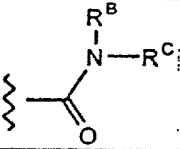
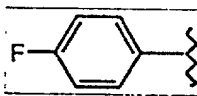
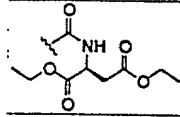
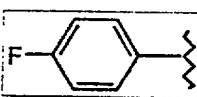
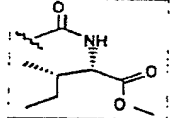
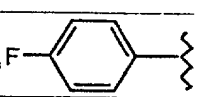
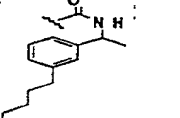
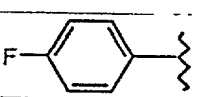
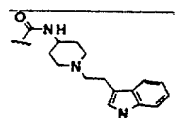
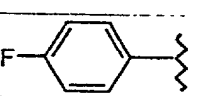
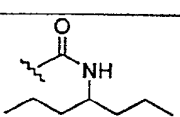
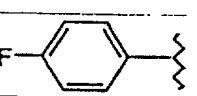
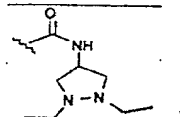
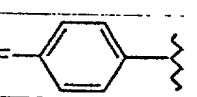
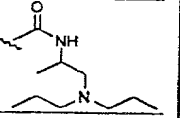
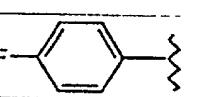
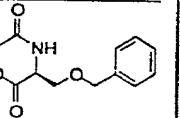
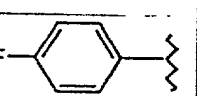
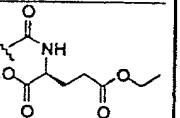


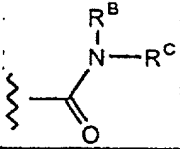
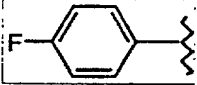
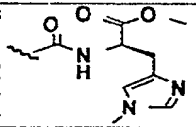
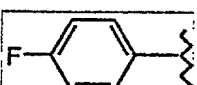
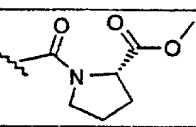
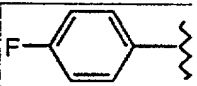
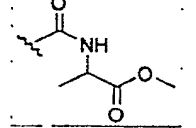
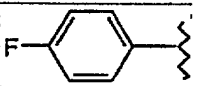
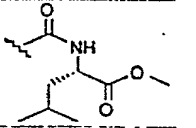
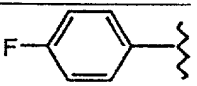
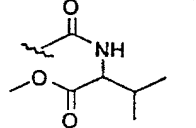
	R <sup>2</sup>		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2318			23	426	427
B-2319			23	394	-
B-2320			50	490	491
B-2321			49	426	427
B-2322			40	366	367
B-2323			68	410	411
B-2324			57	456	457

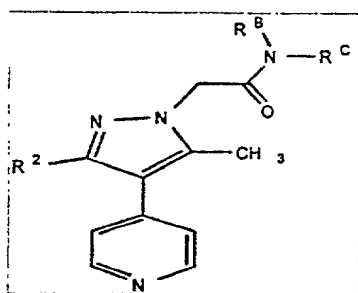
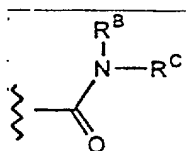
	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2325			41	382	383
B-2326			71	440	441
B-2327			36	464	465
B-2328			32	467	468
B-2329			34	465	466
B-2330			26	364	365
B-2331			38	464	465
B-2332			33	483	484
B-2333			36	378	379

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2334			44	428	429
B-2335			27	406	407
B-2336			41	428	429
B-2337			27	423	424
B-2338			33	469	470
B-2339			52	518	519
B-2340			64	442	443
B-2341			41	350	351
B-2342			34	414	415

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2343			29	424	425
B-2344			33	492	493
B-2345			30	420	421
B-2346			35	474	475
B-2347			34	392	393
B-2348			51	458	459
B-2349			73	517	518
B-2350			22	448	449
B-2351			64	486	487

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2352			41	482	483
B-2353			57	438	439
B-2354			63	484	485
B-2355			28	536	537
B-2356			29	408	409
B-2357			41	436	437
B-2358			41	451	452
B-2359			57	502	503
B-2360			46	496	497

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2361			13	476	477
B-2362			46	493	494
B-2363			57	396	397
B-2364			61	438	439
B-2365			72	424	425

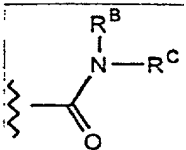
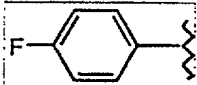
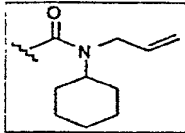
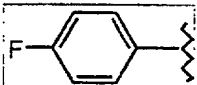
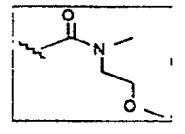
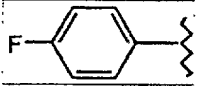
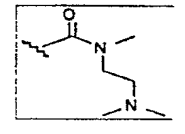
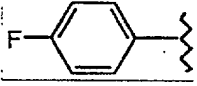
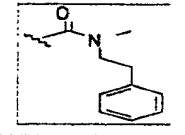
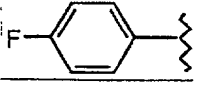
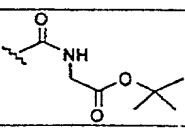
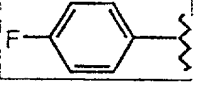
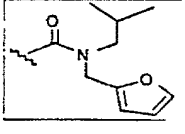
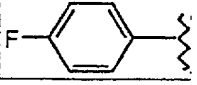
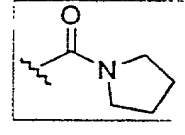
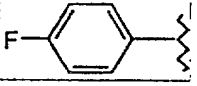
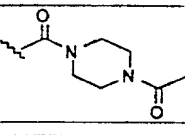
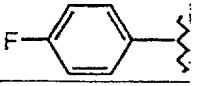
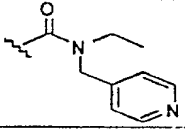
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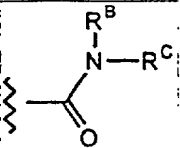
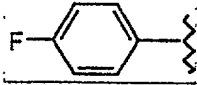
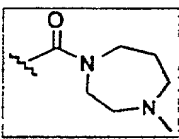

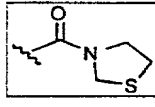
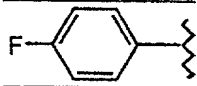
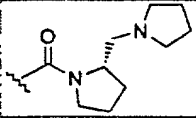
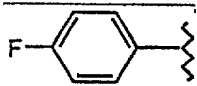
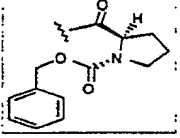
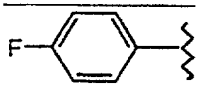
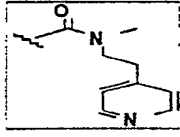
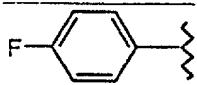
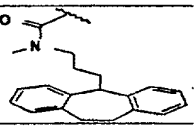
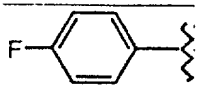
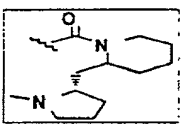
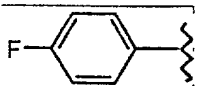
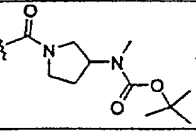
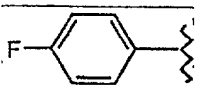
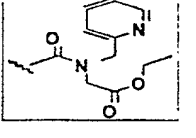
Yield

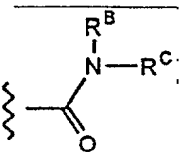
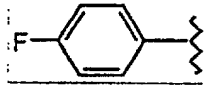
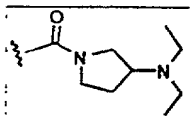

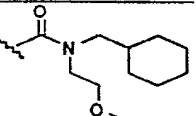
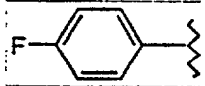
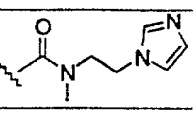
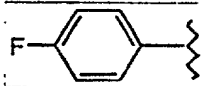
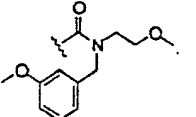
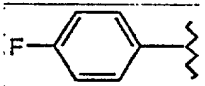
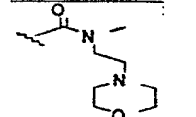
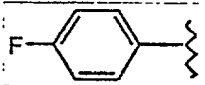
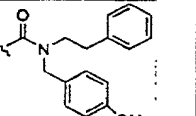
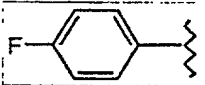
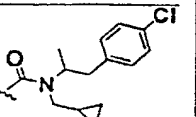
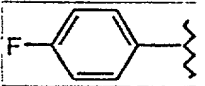
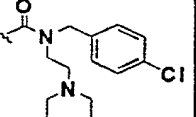
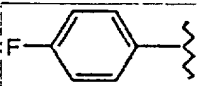
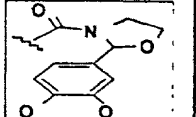
Calcd. Mass  
Spec.Observed  
Mass Spec  
M+H

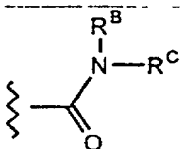

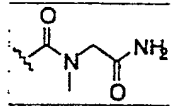
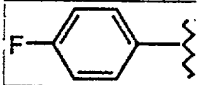
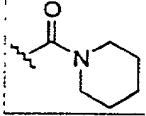
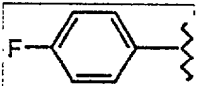
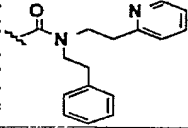
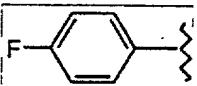
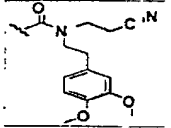
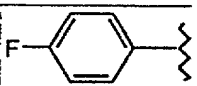
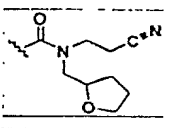
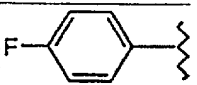
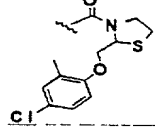
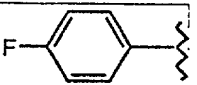
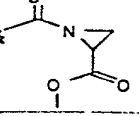
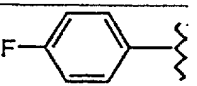
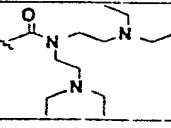
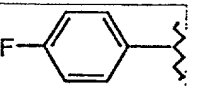
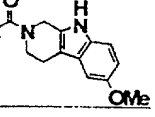
B-2366			34	380	381
B-2367			52	480	481
B-2368			35	407	407
B-2369			31	435	436
B-2370			33	414	415
B-2371			28	366	367
B-2372			37	422	423

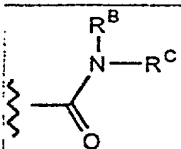
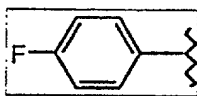
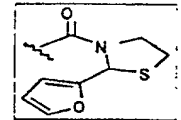
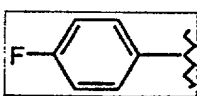
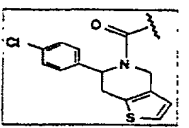
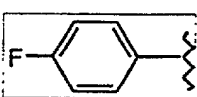
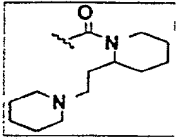
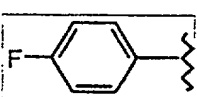
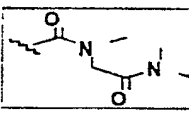
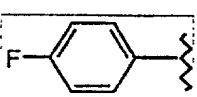
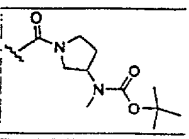


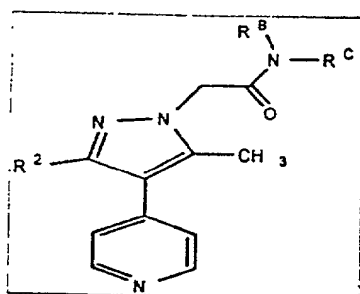
	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2373			50	432	433
B-2374			29	382	383
B-2375			35	395	396
B-2376			36	428	429
B-2377			68	438	439
B-2378			55	446	447
B-2379			33	364	365
B-2380			51	421	422
B-2381			52	429	430

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2382			48	407	408
B-2383			53	382	383
B-2384			38	447	448
B-2385			59	498	450
B-2386			45	429	430
B-2387			74	558	-
B-2388			53	475	-
B-2389			33	493	494
B-2390			53	487	488

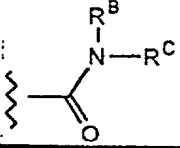
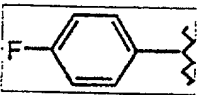
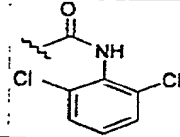
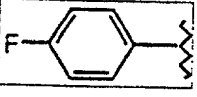
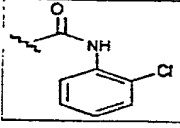
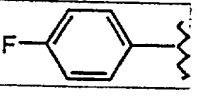
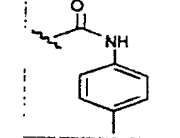
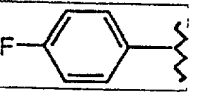
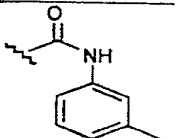
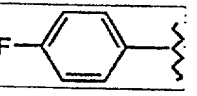
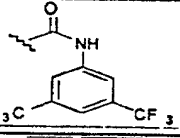
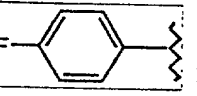
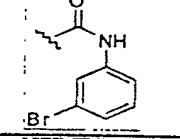
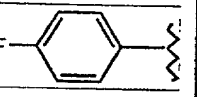
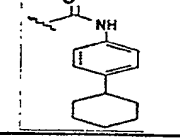
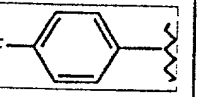
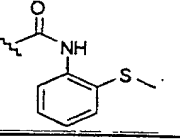
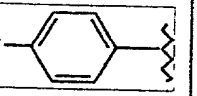
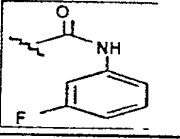
	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2391			30	435	436
B-2392			57	464	465
B-2393			50	418	419
B-2394			65	488	489
B-2395			59	437	438
B-2396			34	534	535
B-2397			32	516	517
B-2398			81	533	534
B-2399			55	502	-

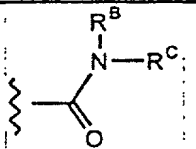
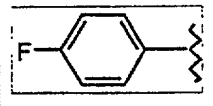
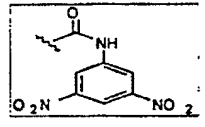
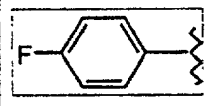
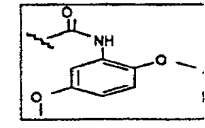
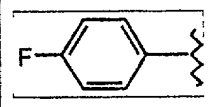
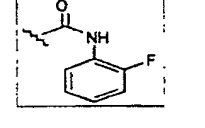
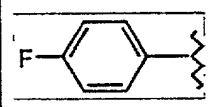
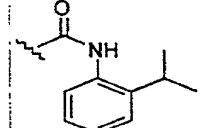
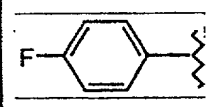
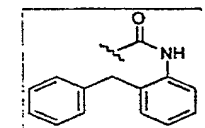
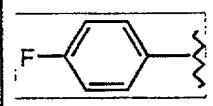
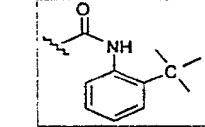
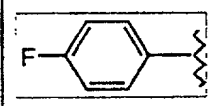
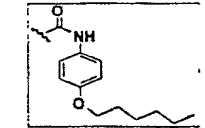
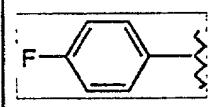
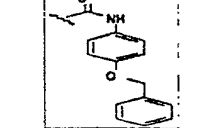
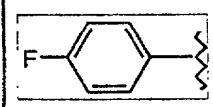
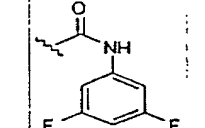
	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2400			34	381	382
B-2401			32	378	379
B-2402			71	519	520
B-2403			68	527	528
B-2404			62	447	448
B-2405			71	536	537
B-2406			47	394	395
B-2407			65	508	509
B-2408			34	495	496

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2409			47	448	449
B-2410			73	542	543
B-2411			81	489	490
B-2412			54	409	410
B-2413			37	493	494

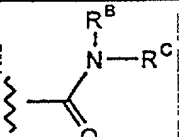
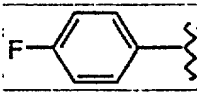
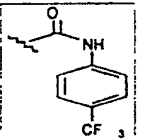
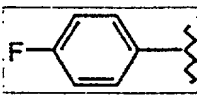
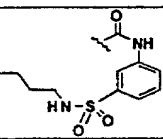
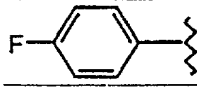
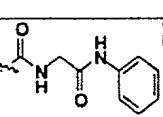
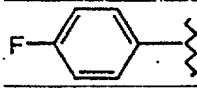
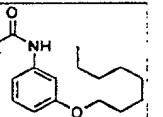
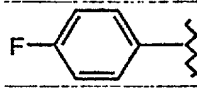
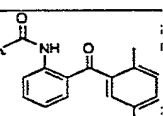
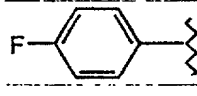
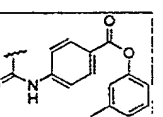
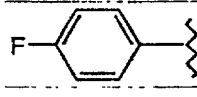
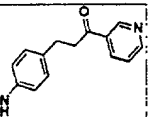
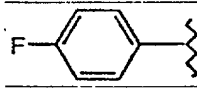
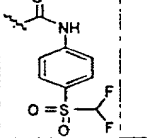
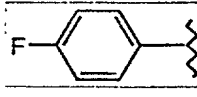
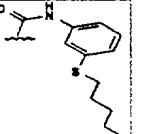


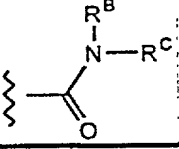
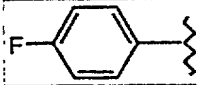
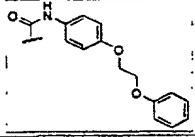
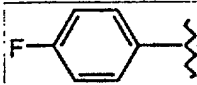
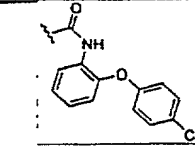
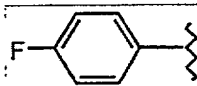
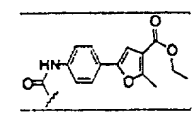
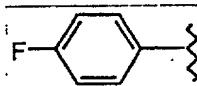
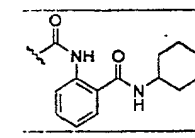
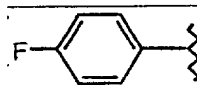
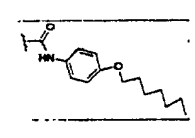
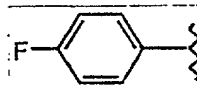
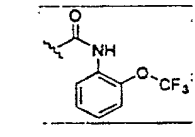
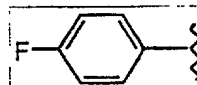
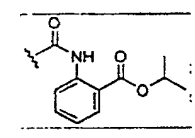
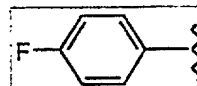
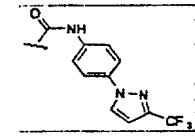
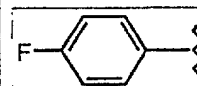
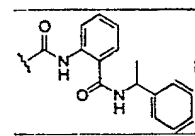
	R <sup>2</sup>		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2414			14	473	474
B-2415			19	421	422
B-2416			13	386	387
B-2417			29	414	415
B-2418			6	420	421
B-2419			10	454	-
B-2420			5	442	443

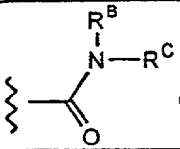
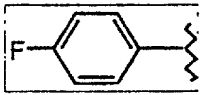
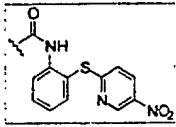
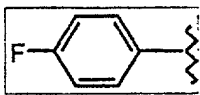
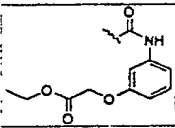
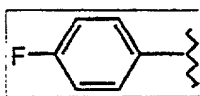
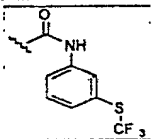
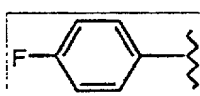
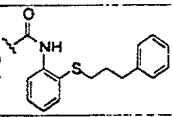
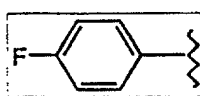
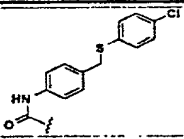
	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2421			28	454	455
B-2422			47	420	421
B-2423			53	400	401
B-2424			15	400	401
B-2425			18	522	523
B-2426			38	464	465
B-2427			26	468	469
B-2428			22	432	433
B-2429			41	404	405

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2430			15	476	477
B-2431			6	446	447
B-2432			37	404	405
B-2433			8	428	429
B-2434			13	476	477
B-2435			23	442	443
B-2436			5	486	487
B-2437			4	492	493
B-2438			58	422	423



	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2439			12	454	455
B-2440			8	521	522
B-2441			6	443	444
B-2442			37	514	515
B-2443			15	518	-
B-2444			52	520	-
B-2445			33	517	518
B-2446			70	500	501
B-2447			56	488	489

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2448			51	522	523
B-2449			19	512	513
B-2450			16	538	539
B-2451			71	511	512
B-2452			71	500	501
B-2453			61	470	-
B-2454			15	472	473
B-2455			39	520	-
B-2456			51	533	534

	$R^2$		Yield	Calcd. Mass Spec.	Observed Mass Spec M+H
B-2457			55	540	-
B-2458			22	488	489
B-2459			8	486	487
B-2460			13	534	535
B-2461			13	542	-

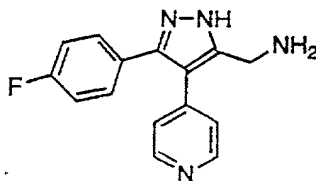
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## Example C-1

15

## 5-AMINOMETHYL-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



20        1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-pyridyl)-1-ethanone.        4-  
picoline (40 g, 0.43 mol) was added to a LiHMDS solution  
(0.45 mol, 450 mL of a 1.0 M solution in THF) over 30  
minutes at room temperature (a slight exotherm was  
observed) The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h.  
25 This solution was added to ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate (75.8  
g, 0.45 mol, neat) over 1 h. The mixture was stirred  
overnight (16 h). Water (200 mL) was added and the  
mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2x200 mL). The organic  
layer was washed with brine (1x200 mL) and dried over

Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The organic layer was filtered and the solvent was removed to leave oily solid. Hexane was added to the oil and the resulting solid was filtered and washed with hexane (cold). A yellow solid was isolated (50 g, 54%):

5 <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.58 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 8.02 (dd, J = 5.5, 8.0, 2H), 7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 4.23 (s, 2H); <sup>19</sup>F NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ -104.38 (m); LC/MS, t<sub>r</sub> = 2.14 minutes (5 to 95% acetonitrile/water over 15 minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at 50°C), M+H = 216; High Resolution MS Calcd for

10 C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>2</sub>F (M+H): 216.0825. Found: 216.0830 (Δ mmu = 0.5).

**N-benzyloxycarbonyl-5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole.** A 3L round bottom flask

15 fitted with a mechanical stirrer, N<sub>2</sub> inlet and an addition funnel was charged with 557 mL (0.56 mol) of 1 M t-BuOK in THF and 53 mL (0.56 mol) of t-BuOH. The ketone, 1 (60 g, 0.28 mol) was dissolved in 600 mL of THF and added to the stirred mixture at room temperature. A yellow

20 precipitate formed and the mixture was stirred for 1 h. N-benzyloxycarbonyl-glycinyi N-hydroxysuccinimide (128.6 g, 0.42 mol) was dissolved in 600 mL of THF and added dropwise at r.t. over 1h. The mixture was stirred for another 5 minutes and 150 mL of water was added. the pH

25 was adjusted to 6.7 with 70 mL of AcOH. Hydrazine monohydrate (41 mL in 100 mL of water) was added via an addition funnel. The mixture was stirred for 1 h and was diluted with 500 mL of water and 500 mL of ethyl acetate. The biphasic mixture was transferred to a sep funnel and

30 the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3x300 mL). The organic layer was

dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ), filtered and evaporated to leave 157 g of a crude reddish oil.

The oil was suspended in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  and filtered to remove any insoluble material (DCU, hydrazone of the monoketone). The solution was split into two portions and each portion was chromatographed (Biotage 75L, 3%  $\text{EtOH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  then 6%  $\text{EtOH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ). The appropriate fractions were concentrated (some contamination from the monoketone and the hydrazone) from each portion to leave a yellow solid. The solid was suspended in ethyl acetate and heated to boiling for 10 minutes. The solution was allowed to cool to R.T. overnight. The precipitate was filtered to give 30 g of a white solid (27% yield of 2):  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{DMF}-d_7$ )  $\delta$  13.36 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d,  $J = 5.8$  Hz, 2H), 7.16-7.52 (m, 11H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.48 (d,  $J = 5.4$  Hz, 2H);  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR ( $\text{DMF}-d_7$ )  $\delta$  -114.9 (m), -116.8 (m) (split fluorine signal is due to the pyrazole tautomers); LC/MS,  $t_r = 3.52$  minutes (5 to 95% acetonitrile/water over 15 minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at  $50^\circ\text{C}$ ),  $M+H = 403$ ; High Resolution MS Calcd for  $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2\text{F}$  ( $M+H$ ): 403.1570. Found: 403.1581 ( $\Delta$  mmu = 1.1).

#### 5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)

**pyrazole.** To a 1L Parr bottle was added 7 g (17.4 mmol) of 2 and 180 mL of MeOH and 90 mL of THF to give a clear solution. The bottle was purged with nitrogen and 1.5 g of 10% Pd/C (wet Degussa type E101) was added. The Parr bottle was pressured to 40 psi ( $\text{H}_2$ ) and was agitated. Hydrogen uptake was 5 psi after 5 h. The bottle was repressured to 42 psi and was agitated overnight. The bottle was purged with  $\text{N}_2$  and was filtered through Celite. The Celite was washed with MeOH (3x50 mL) and

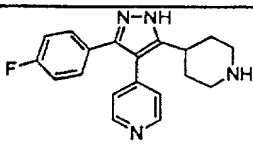
the filtrate was concentrated to give 4.5 g of an off-white solid (94%).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  8.52 (d,  $J$  = 4.63 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (dd,  $J$  = 5.64, 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.16-7.30 (m, 4H), 3.79 (s, 2H);  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  -114.56 (m); LC/MS,  $t_r$  = 1.21 minutes (5 to 95% acetonitrile/water over 15 minutes at 1 mL/min, at 254 nm at 50°C),  $M+H$  = 269 m/z; High Resolution MS Calcd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_4\text{F}$  ( $M+H$ ): 269.1202. Found: 269.1229 ( $\Delta$  mmu = 2.7).

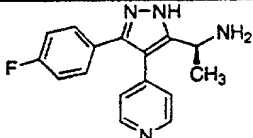
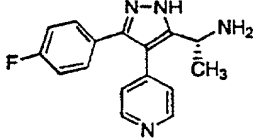
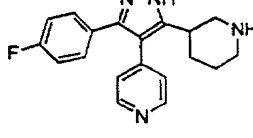
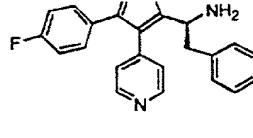
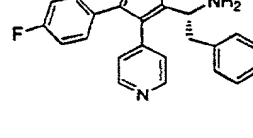
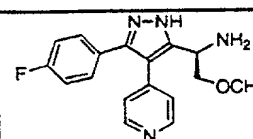
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The following pyridylpyrazoles (C-2 through C-21, Table C-1) were prepared according to the experimental procedure described above for example C-1.

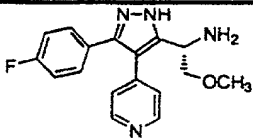
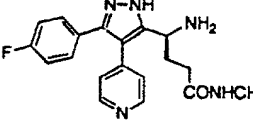
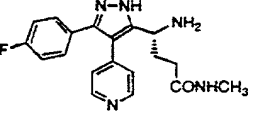
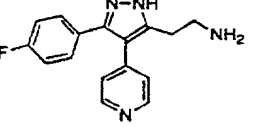
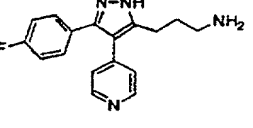
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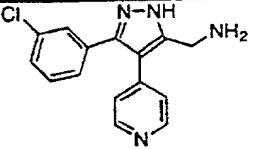
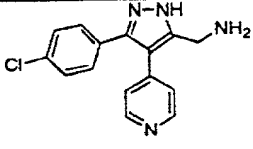
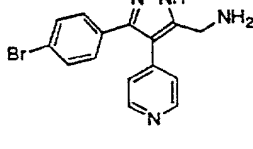
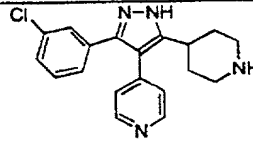
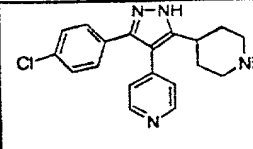
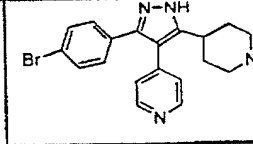
Table C-1.

Example No.	Structure	MW, $M + H$ Calculated Found	$^1\text{H}$ NMR (solvent), ppm
C-2		323.1672 323.1670	(DMF- $d_7$ ): 8.77 (t, $J$ = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.44 (t, $J$ = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 3.22 (bd, 2H), 3.01 (septet, $J$ = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 2.74 (m, 2H), 1.95 (m, 4H)

C-3		282.127 (M) 282.1245 (M, EI)	(DMF-d <sub>7</sub> ): 8.77 (br s, 2H), 7.64-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.50 (br s, 2H), 7.38-7.34 (m, 2H), 4.40-4.37 (m, 1H), 1.56 (br s, 3H)
C-4		282.127 (M) 282.1147 (M, EI)	(DMF-d <sub>7</sub> ): 8.77 (br s, 2H), 7.64-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.50 (br s, 2H), 7.38-7.35 (m, 2H), 4.40-4.37 (m, 1H), 1.57 (br s, 3H)
C-5		323.1672 323.1687	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 8.56 (br, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.18 (m, 4H), 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.71 (m, 2H) 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.40 (m, 2H)
C-6		359 359	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 8.46 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.13 (m, 7H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 4H), 4.06 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.98-2.95 (m, 2H)
C-7		359 359	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 8.46 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.12 (m, 5H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 4H), 4.06 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.98-2.94 (m, 2H)
C-8		313.1465 313.1492	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 13.83 (bs, 1H), 8.61 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 8.33 (bs, 1H), 7.33 (m, 6H), 4.44 (m, 1H), 3.63 (m, 2H), 3.27 (s, 3H)



C-9		313.1465 313.1457	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 8.55 (dd, J = 1.5, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.26 (dd, J = 1.6, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.22-7.16 (m, 2H), 4.06 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.20 (s, 3H)
C-10		354 354	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 13.03 (bs, 1H), 8.50 (dd, J=1.6, 2.7 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (bq, J=4.3 Hz, 1H), 7.3 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 3.77 (t, J= 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (d, J=4.5 Hz, 3H), 1.97 (t, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.85 (dt, J=7.3, 7.1 Hz, 2H)
C-11		354 354	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 13.03 (bs, 1H), 8.50 (dd, J=1.6, 2.7 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (bq, J=4.3 Hz, 1H), 7.3 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.21 (m, 4H), 3.77 (t, J= 6.3 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (d, J=4.5 Hz, 3H), 1.97 (t, J= 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.85 (dt, J=7.3, 7.1 Hz, 2H)
C-12		283.1359 283.1363	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 8.53 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.17 (m, 4H), 2.83 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H)
C-13		297.1515 297.1515	(DMSO-d <sub>6</sub> ): 8.53 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (dd, J = 5.8, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.18

			(dd, $J = 5.8, 9.8$ Hz, 4H), 2.68 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.52 (m, 2H), 1.64 (m, 2H)
C-14		284.0829 284.0806	( $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ ): 8.74 (br, 2H), 7.77 (br, 2H), 7.45-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.30-7.40 (m, 1H), 4.43 (s, 2H)
C-15		285 285	(DMSO- $d_6$ ): 8.53 (br, 2H), 7.56 (br, 2H), 7.26 (m, 4H), 3.75 (br, 2H)
C-16		329, 331 329, 331	(DMSO- $d_6$ ): 8.53 (d, $J =$ 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, $J =$ 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, $J =$ 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, $J =$ 4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (bs, 2H)
C-17		339 339	(DMSO- $d_6$ ): 8.53 (t, $J =$ 4.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (m, 3H), 7.19 (t, $J = 4.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.23 (m, 2H), 2.88, (m, 3H), 1.92, (m, 3H), 1.70 (m, 1H)
C-18		339 339	(DMSO- $d_6$ ): 8.57 (d, $J =$ 4.6 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, $J =$ 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, $J =$ 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, $J =$ 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.18 (bd, 2H), 2.88 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 1.82 (br, 4H)
C-19		383, 385 383, 385	(DMSO- $d_6$ ): 8.56 (br, 2H), 7.52 (br, 2H), 7.14-7.29 (m, 4H), 2.99 (br, 2H),

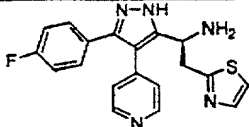
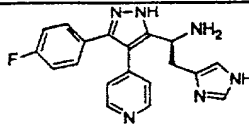
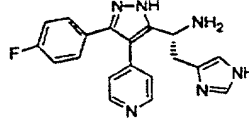
			2.71 (br, 1H), 2.51 (br, 2H), 1.68 (br, 4H)
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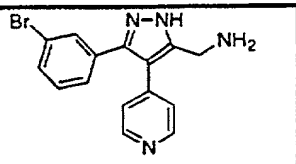
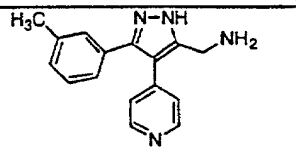
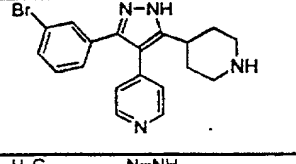
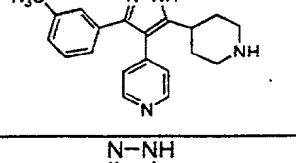
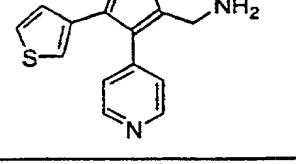
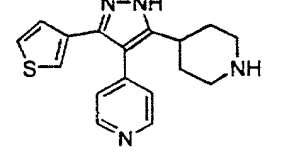
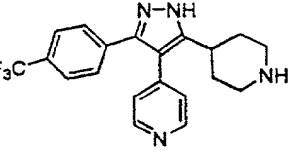
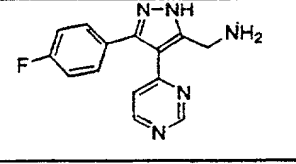
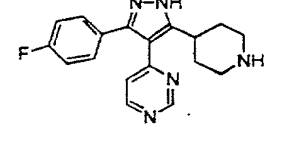
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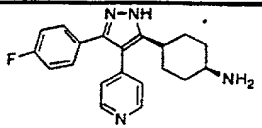
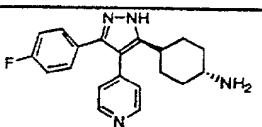
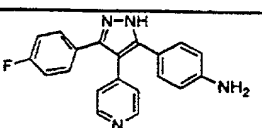
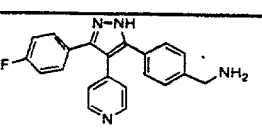
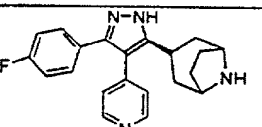
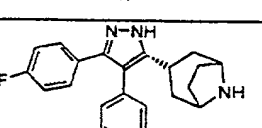
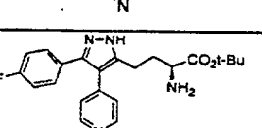
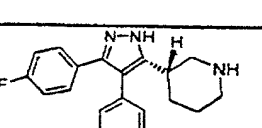
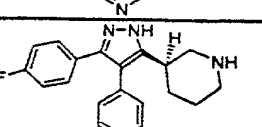
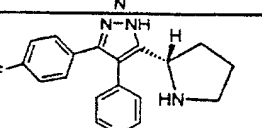
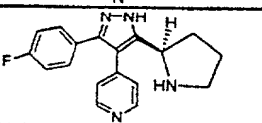
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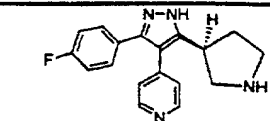
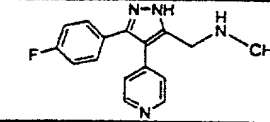
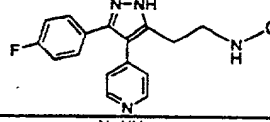
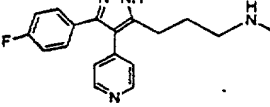
The following pyridylpyrazoles (C-22 through C-40, Table C-2) are prepared utilizing the general schemes C-1 and C-2 and the experimental procedure described for example C-1 above.

Table C-2

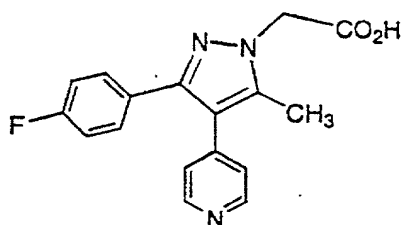
Cmpd. No.	Structure
C-22	
C-23	
C-24	

C-25	 <chem>NCC1=CN=NN=C1C2=CC=CC=C2Br</chem>
C-26	 <chem>NCC1=CN=NN=C1C2=CC=C(C)C=C2</chem>
C-27	 <chem>C1CCNCC1C2=CC=CC=C2Br</chem>
C-28	 <chem>C1CCNCC1C2=CC=C(C)C=C2</chem>
C-29	 <chem>NCC1=CN=NN=C1C2=CC=CC=C2S</chem>
C-30	 <chem>C1CCNCC1C2=CC=CC=C2S</chem>
C-31	 <chem>C1CCNCC1C2=CC=CC=C2C(F)(F)F</chem>
C-32	 <chem>NCC1=CN=NN=C1C2=CC=C(F)C=C2</chem>
C-33	 <chem>C1CCNCC1C2=CC=C(F)C=C2</chem>

C-34	
C-35	
C-36	
C-37	
C-38	
C-39	
C-40	
C-41	
C-42	
C-43	
C-44	

C-45	
C-46	
C-47	
C-48	

### Example C-49



### Step A

The pyrazole (2.60 g, 10.3 mmol) from **example C-4** was suspended in 52 mL of dichloroethane and 52 mL of 2.5 M

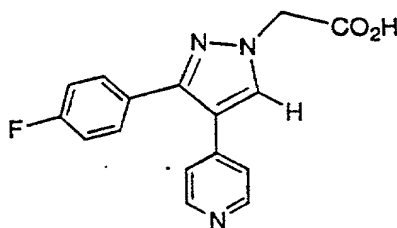
NaOH. Tetrabutylammonium hydroxide (0.5 mL of a 1 M aqueous solution) was added to the stirred mixture. To this mixture was added t-butyl bromoacetate (2.10 g, 10.8 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. The mixture was poured onto 200 mL of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  and 200 mL of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with water (1x100 mL) and brine (1x100 mL). The organic layer was dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  and was filtered. The solvent was removed to leave an off-white solid. This solid was triturated with hexane and the resulting solid isolated by filtration. The solid was washed with hexane to leave 3.4 g of a white solid (90%).

#### Step B

The alkylated pyrazole (3.7 g, 10.1 mmol) from Step A was treated with 57 mL of 4 N HCL in dioxane. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in THF. The solution was treated with propylene oxide (10.3 mmol) and was stirred for 1h at room temperature. The solvent was removed to leave an oil. The residual solvent was chased with several portions of EtOH. The resulting solid was triturated with  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  and the title compound Example C-49 was isolated by filtration to afford 3.0 g of an off-white solid (95%). Mass spec: M+H calcd: 312; found 312.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{DMSO-d}_6$ ): 8.81 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J =

5.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.23 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H).

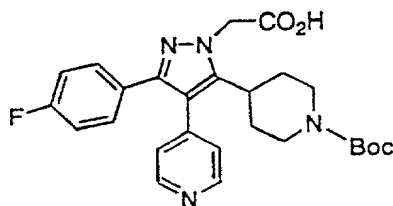
5

**Example C-50**

According to the procedure described above in Example C-49, Example C-50 was also prepared starting from 4-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-yl]pyridine. Mass spec: M+H calcd: 298; found 298. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>): 8.75 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 8.68 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (dd, J = 5.4, 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.16 (s, 2H).

**Example C-51**

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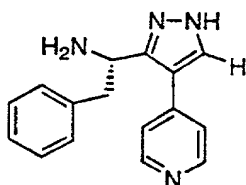


Starting with the N-Boc-piperidinyl analog of Example C-2, Example C-51 is also prepared according to the methods described in Scheme C-1.



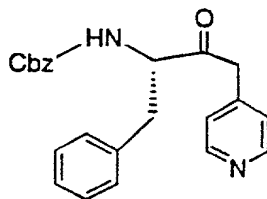
## Example C-52

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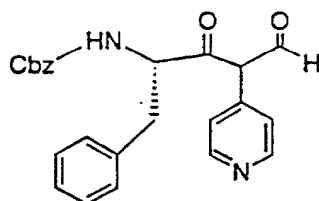
Step A: Picoline is treated with a base chosen from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH in an organic solvent such as THF, ether, t-BuOH or dioxane from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. The picoline solution is then added to a solution of N-Cbz-(L)-phenylalaninyl N-hydroxysuccinimide. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the temperature may range from -20 °C to 120 °C. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the pyridyl monoketone is isolated as a crude solid which could be purified by crystallization and/or chromatography.

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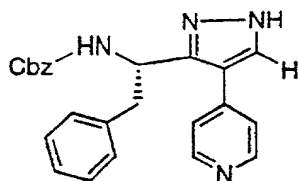


25 Step B: A solution of the pyridyl monoketone in ether, THF, tBuOH, or dioxane is added to a base chosen from but

not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, tBuOK, or NaH contained in hexane, THF, ether, dioxane, or tBuOH from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 10 minutes to 3 hours. Formyl acetic anhydride is then added as a solution in THF, ether, or dioxane to the monoketone anion while the temperature is maintained between -50 °C and 50 °C. The resulting mixture is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time from 5 minutes to several hours. The resulting pyridyl diketone intermediate is utilized without purification in Step C.

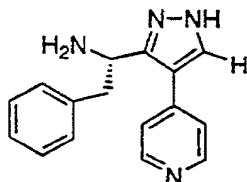


Step C: The solution containing the pyridyl diketone is quenched with water and the pH is adjusted to between 4 and 8 utilizing an inorganic or organic acid chosen from HOAc, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, HCl, or HNO<sub>3</sub>. The temperature during this step is maintained between -20 °C and room temperature. Hydrazine or hydrazine hydrate is then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C for a period of 30 minutes to several hours. The mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The N-Cbz-protected pyridyl pyrazole is obtained as a crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.



## 5 Step: D

The CBZ protecting group is cleaved using hydrogen gas under pressure and Pd-C in an alcohol solvent, affording scaffold C-52 after filtration and concentration.

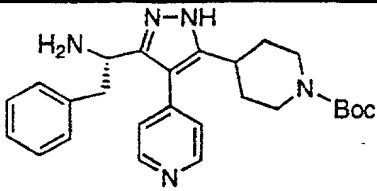
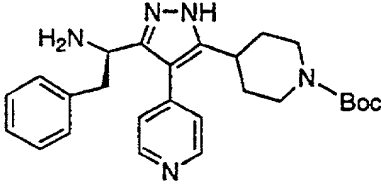
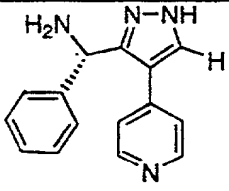
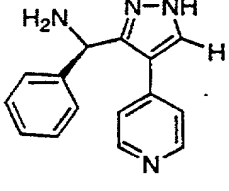
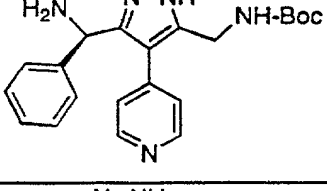
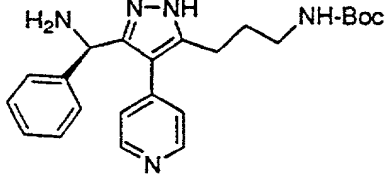


10

- 15 The following compounds C-53 through C-59 in Table C-3 are prepared according to the general procedure described above for the preparation of C-52.

Table C-3

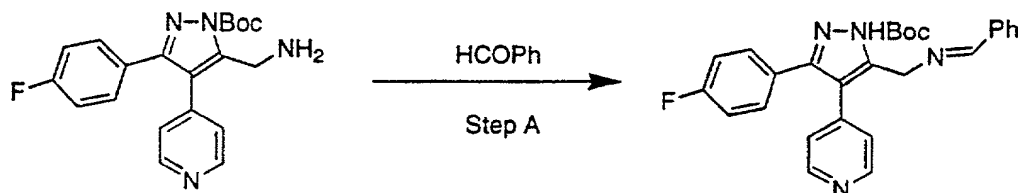
Example No.	Structure
C-53	

C-54	
C-55	
C-56	
C-57	
C-58	
C-59	

**Example C-60****5 Step A:**

A Boc protected pyridylpyrazole is treated with benzaldehyde in methylene chloride at room temperature in

5



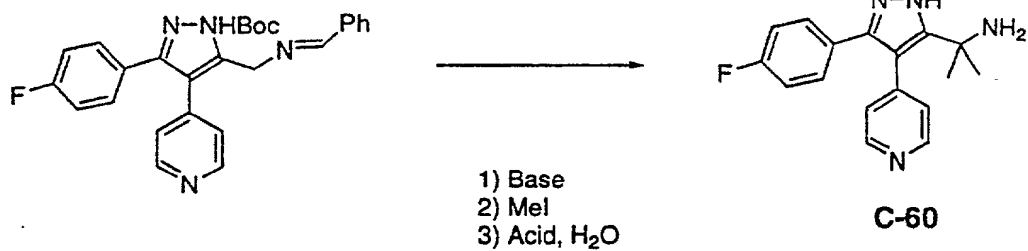
## 10

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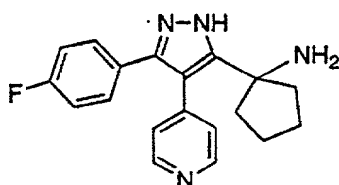
911

Step B



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### Example C-61

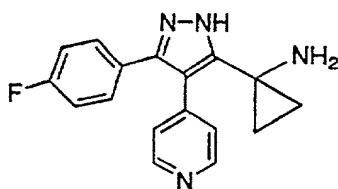


10 Example C-61 is prepared according to the method described in example C-60, substituting 1,4-dibromobutane for methyl iodide.

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### Example C-62



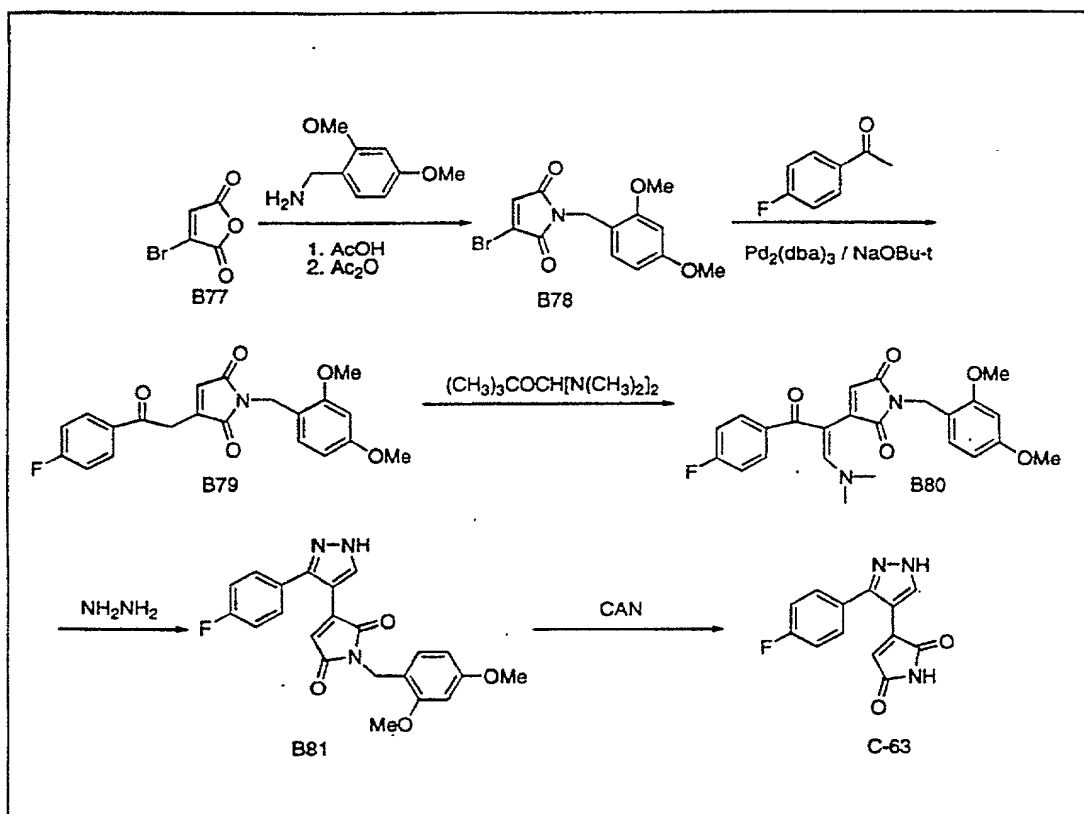
Example C-62 is prepared according to the method described in example C-60, substituting 1,3-dibromoethane for methyl iodide.

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#### Example C-63

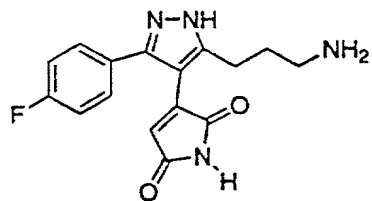
The synthesis of compound C-63 starts with the condensation reaction of bromomaleic anhydride B77 with 2, 4-dimethoxybenzylamine in acetic acid and acetic anhydride. The maleimide B78 is then treated with 4'-fluoroacetophenone in the presence of catalytic amount  $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$  and sodium t-butoxide to form the fluoroacetophenone substituted maleimide B79. B79 is then treated with *tert*-butoxybis(dimethylamino)methane to yield the  $\alpha$ -ketoenamine B80. The  $\alpha$ -ketoenamine B80 is condensed with hydrazine to form the N-protected maleimide pyrazole B81. The 2,4-dimethoxybenzyl group is cleaved with ceric ammonium nitrate (CAN) to give the title compound C-63.

400430-1000



## Example C-64

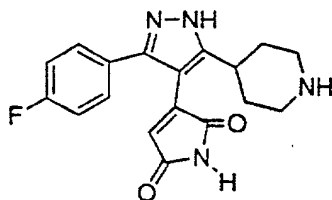
5



Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7,  
 10 Example 64 is prepared.

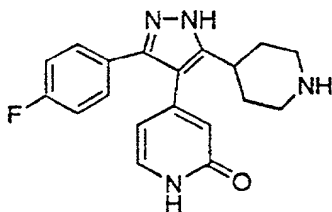


## Example C-65



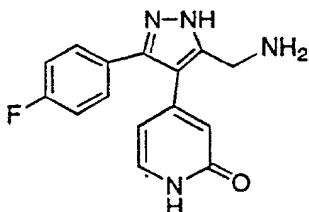
Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 65 is prepared.

## Example C-66



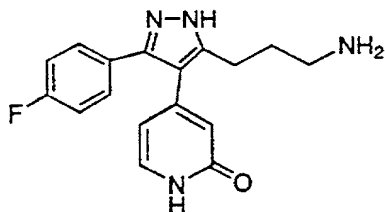
Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example C-66 is synthesized, substituting N-2,4-dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for B78.

## Example C-67

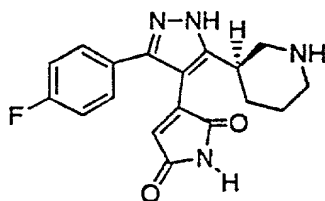


Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7,  
Example C-67 is synthesized, substituting N-2,4-  
10 dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for **B78**, and substituting  
N-Boc-glycyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for **B82**.

## Example C-68



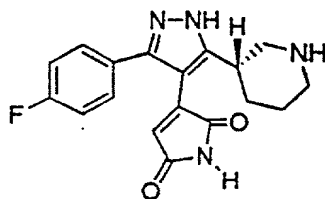
Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7,  
20 Example C-68 is synthesized, substituting N-2,4-  
dimethoxybenzyl-4-bromopyridone for **B78**.

**Example C-69**

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Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 69 is prepared, substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

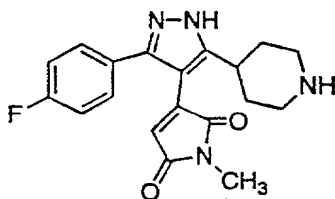
10

**Example C-70**

15 Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 70 is prepared, substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

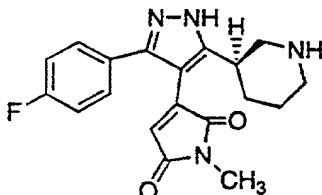
**Example C-71**

20



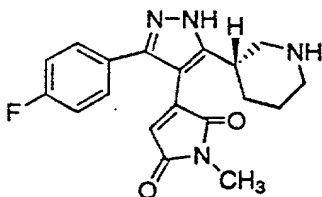
Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 71 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3-bromomaleimide for B78.

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**Example C-72**

10 Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 72 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3-bromomaleimide for B78, and substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

15

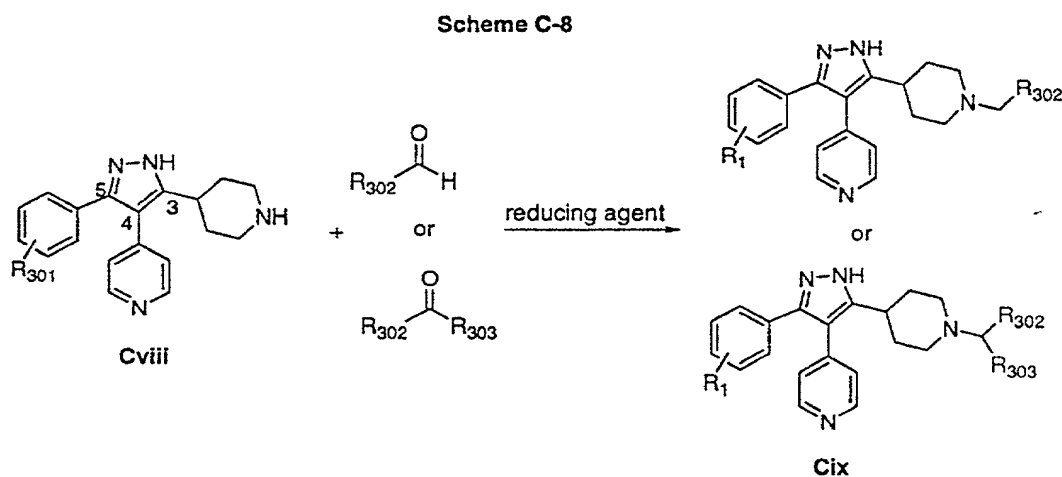
**Example C-73**

20 Using the method described in Schemes C-6 and C-7, Example 73 is prepared, substituting N-methyl-3-bromomaleimide for B78 and substituting N-Boc-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for B83.

25

## General Synthetic Procedures

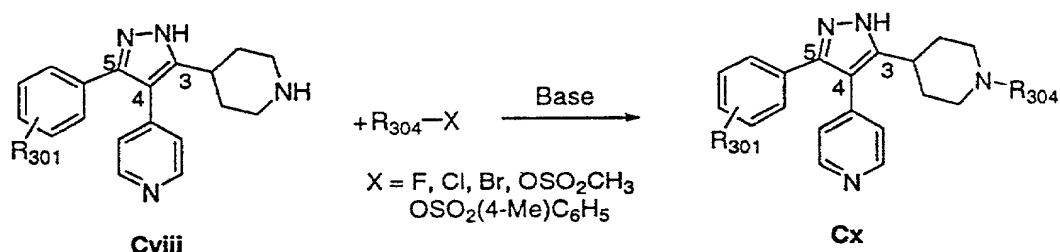
Scheme C-8 illustrates a general method that can be used for the introduction of various groups on an unsubstituted nitrogen atom that is present as part of pyrazole (Cviii) with appropriately substituted aldehydes ( $R_{302}CHO$ ) or ketones ( $R_{302}COR_{303}$ ) in the presence of a reducing agent such as sodium cyanoborohydride or sodium triacetoxyborohydride affords the desired products (Cix). Typical conditions for the reductive alkylation include the use of an alcoholic solvent at temperatures ranging from 20 °C to 80 °C. In Scheme C-8,  $R_{302}$  and  $R_{303}$  are selected from but not limited to alkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl.



Scheme C-9 illustrates another method for introduction of substituents on the unsubstituted nitrogen atom present as part of the C-3 position of the pyrazole (Cviii). Treatment of the pyrazole (Cviii) with

a suitable alkylating agent ( $R_{304}X$ ) such as an alkyl chloride, alkyl bromide, alkyl iodide or with an alkyl methanesulfonate or alkyl p-toluenesulfonate in the presence of a suitable base affords the desired alkylated pyrazoles (**Cx**). Examples of suitable bases include diisopropylethylamine, triethylamine, N-methylmorpholine, potassium carbonate and potassium bicarbonate.

Scheme C-9

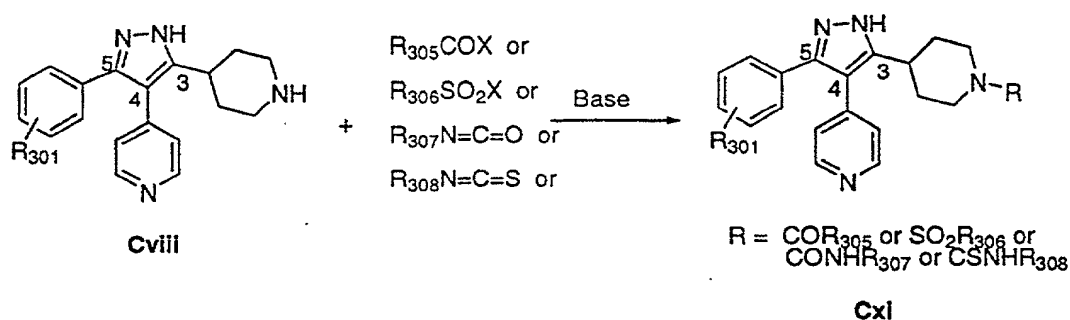


Typical conditions for the alkylation include reaction with the suitable base in a polar aprotic solvent such as acetonitrile, dimethylformamide, dimethylacetamide or dimethyl sulfoxide at temperatures ranging from 20 °C to 150 °C. Typical  $R_{304}$  substituents are selected from but are not limited to alkyl, substituted benzyl, heteroaromatic, substituted heteroalkyl and substituted heteroarylalkyl groups.

Compounds containing acyl, sulfonyl or ureidyl groups at the nitrogen atom can be prepared as shown in Scheme C-10. Treatment of the pyrazole **Cviii** with a suitable acylating agent in the presence of a base such as N-methylmorpholine, triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine or dimethylamino pyridine in an

organic solvent such as dichloromethane, dichloroethane or dimethylformamide at temperatures ranging from 20 °C to 120 °C affords the desired acylated pyrazoles (**Cxi**). Suitable acylating agents include acid halides, activated esters of acids such as the N-hydroxysuccinimide esters, p-nitrophenyl esters, pentafluorophenyl esters, sulfonyl halides, isocyanates, and isothiocyanates.

Scheme C-10



A general synthesis of 2-substituted pyrimidinylpyrazole compounds of type **Cxv** is shown in Scheme C-11.

#### Step A:

4-Methyl-2-methylmercaptopyrimidine is treated with a base selected from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, t-BuOK, NaH in an organic solvent such as THF, ether, t-BuOH, dioxane from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 30 minutes to 5 hours. The resulting 4-methyl anion is then added to a solution of an appropriate ester **B88**. The reaction is allowed to stir from 30 minutes to 48 hours during which time the

temperature may range from 0 °C to 100 °C. The reaction mixture is then poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. After drying and removal of solvent the desired monoketone **B89** is isolated as a crude solid which can be recrystallized or purified by chromatography.

Step B:

Monoketone **B89** is treated with a base selected from but not limited to n-BuLi, LDA, LiHMDS, t-BuOK, NaH, K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> or Cs<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> in an organic solvent such as THF, ether, t-BuOH, dioxane, toluene or DMF from -78 °C to 50 °C for a period of time from 30 minutes to 5 hours. A solution of an appropriately activated ester of a carboxylic acid  $\text{CbzNR}^{\text{H}}-(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CR}^{\text{F}}(\text{R}^{\text{G}})-\text{COOH}$  or  $\text{BocNR}^{\text{H}}-(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CR}^{\text{F}}(\text{R}^{\text{G}})-\text{COOH}$ , preferably but not limited to the N-hydroxysuccinimide ester **B90** is then added to the monoketone anion while maintaining the temperature between 0 °C to 100 °C. The reaction is allowed to stir at the specified temperature for a period of time ranging from 30 minutes to 48 hours. The resulting pyrimidine diketone intermediate **B91** is utilized without further purification in Step C.

Step C:

The solution or suspension containing the diketone intermediate **B91** is quenched with water and the pH adjusted to between 4 and 8 using an acid chosen from AcOH, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, HCl or HNO<sub>3</sub>, while maintaining the temperature between 0 °C to 40 °C. Hydrazine or hydrazine monohydrate is then added to the mixture while maintaining the temperature between 0 °C to 40 °C. The mixture is stirred



for a period of 30 minutes to 16 hours maintaining the temperature between 20 °C to 50 °C, poured into water and extracted with an organic solvent. The pyrimidinyl pyrazole **CxiiBoc** or **CxiiCbz** is obtained as crude solid which is purified by chromatography or crystallization.

#### Step D:

The 2-methylmercapto group in the pyrimidinyl pyrazole (**CxiiBoc** or **CxiiCbz**) is oxidized to the 2-methylsulfone (where  $n = 2$ ) or the 2-methylsulfoxide (where  $n = 1$ ) using either Oxone or m-chloroperbenzoic acid as an oxidizing agent in a suitable solvent at temperatures ranging from 25 °C to 100 °C. Solvents of choice for the oxidation include dichloromethane, acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran or hydroalcoholic mixtures. The 2-methylsulfone ( $n = 2$ ) or the 2-methylsulfoxide ( $n = 1$ ) (**CxiiiBoc** or **CxiiiCbz**) is purified by crystallization or chromatography.

#### Step E:

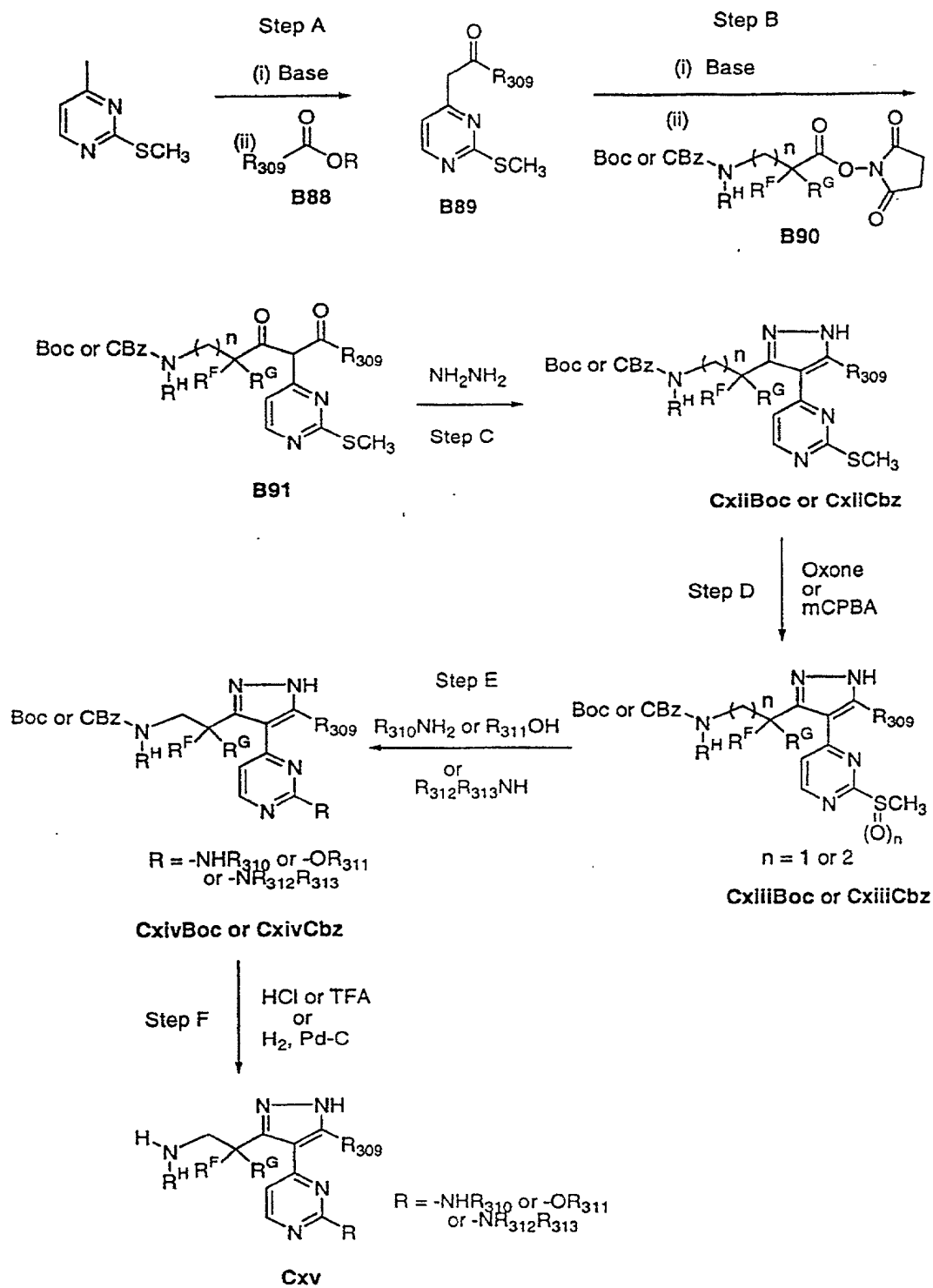
The 2-methylsulfone/2-methylsulfoxide group in **CxiiiBoc** or **CxiiiCbz** is conveniently displaced with various amines or alkoxides at temperatures ranging from 20 °C to 200 °C in solvents that include but are not limited to dimethylformamide, acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran and dioxane. The alkoxides can be generated from their alcohols by treatment with a base selected from but not limited to sodium hydride, lithium hexamethyldisilazide, potassium tertiary-butoxide in solvents such as tetrahydrofuran, dimethylformamide and

dioxane at temperatures ranging from 0 °C to 100 °C. The resulting 2-amino or 2-oxo derivatives (**CxivBoc** or **CxivCbz**) are purified by either chromatography or crystallization.

Step F:

The carbamate protecting groups from **CxivBoc** or **CxivCbz** are removed to afford the desired compounds **Cxv** containing either a free primary amine ( $R^H$  is hydrogen) or a free secondary amine ( $R^H$  is not equal to hydrogen). The Boc protecting groups are cleaved utilizing either trifluoroacetic acid in methylene chloride or hydrochloric acid in dioxane at room temperature for several hours. The Cbz protecting groups are cleaved using hydrogen gas at atmospheric or higher pressures and a catalyst (palladium on charcoal) in an alcoholic solvent. The resulting amines **Cxv** are then crystallized or purified by chromatography.

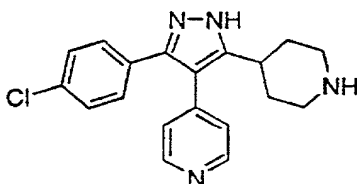
## SCHEME C-11



The following examples contain detailed descriptions of the methods of preparation of compounds that form part of the invention. These descriptions are presented for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a restriction on the scope of the invention. All compounds showed NMR spectra consistent with their assigned structures.

#### Example C-74

#### 5-(4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

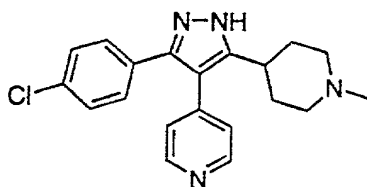


By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-isonipecotyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyll *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as the hydrochloride salt: <sup>1</sup>HNMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO) δ 8.57 (d, *J* = 4.83 Hz, 2 H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.26 Hz, 2 H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.26 Hz, 2 H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 4.63 Hz, 2 H), 3.18 (bd, *J* =

12.08 Hz, 2 H), 2.88 (m, 1 H), 2.76 (m, 2 H), 1.82 (bs, 4 H). MS (M+H): 339 (base peak).

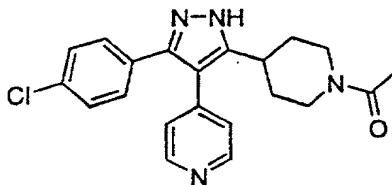
### Example C-75

#### 5-(N-METHYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



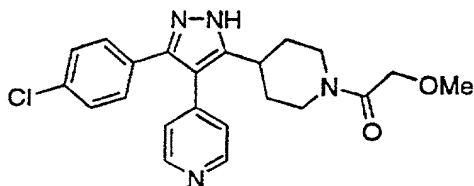
To a solution of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) (25 g, 61 mmol) in 140 mL of formic acid (96%) was added 50 g of formaldehyde (37%). The solution was stirred at 75 °C for 48 h and was cooled to room temperature. The excess formic acid was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in 100 mL of water. The solution was added to concentrated  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}/\text{H}_2\text{O}$  and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (1 x 250 mL) and was dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ . The solution was filtered and concentrated to leave a white solid. The solid was triturated with ether and was filtered to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 353 (base peak).

## Example C-76

5-(N-ACETYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)  
PYRAZOLE

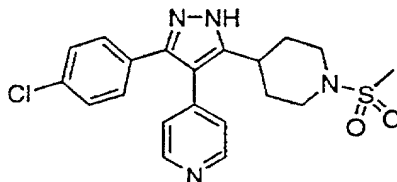
To a stirred suspension of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) (1 g, 2.4 mmol) in 24 mL of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , was added 4-dimethylamino pyridine (0.88 g, 7.2 mmol) and acetyl chloride (0.21 g, 2.6 mmol). The solution was stirred for 3 h and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was treated with saturated  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  (20 mL) and the suspension was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 30 mL). The combined extracts were washed with brine (1 x 50 mL), dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , filtered and concentrated to leave a solid. The solid was triturated with ether and was filtered to leave the title compound: MS (M+H): 381 (base peak).

## Example C-77

5-(*N*-METHOXYACETYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting methoxy acetyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared:  $^1\text{H}$ NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  8.75 (d,  $J$  = 6.72 Hz, 2 H), 7.70 (d,  $J$  = 6.72 Hz, 2 H), 7.38 (d,  $J$  = 8.60 Hz, 2 H), 7.29 (dd,  $J$  = 6.72, 1.88 Hz, 2 H), 4.40 (d,  $J$  = 11.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.05 (m, 2 H), 3.70 (d,  $J$  = 12.70 Hz, 1 H), 3.25 (s, 3 H), 3.0 (m, 2 H), 2.55 (m, 1 H), 1.7 (m, 4 H). MS ( $M+H$ ): 411 (base peak).

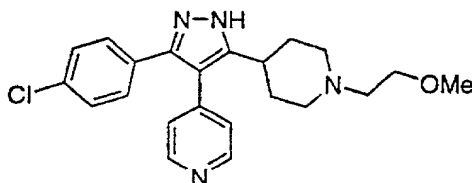
## Example C-78

5-(*N*-METHYLSULFONYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting methylsulfonyl chloride (2.0 equivalents) for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: <sup>1</sup>HNMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 8.70 (d, J = 6.72 Hz, 2 H), 7.72 (d, J = 6.72 Hz, 2 H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.66 Hz, 2 H), 7.30 (dd, J = 6.72, 1.88 Hz, 2 H), 3.58 (bd, J = 11.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.87 (m, 1 H), 2.82 (s, 3 H), 2.72 (m, 2 H), 1.85 (m, 4 H). MS (M+H): 417 (base peak).

#### Example C-79

#### 5-[N-METHOXYETHYL-4-PIPERIDYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



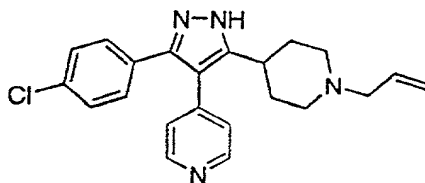
To a stirred suspension of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) (500 mg, 1.2 mmol) in 12 mL of DMF was added Hunig's base (790 mg, 6.1 mmol) and 2-bromoethyl methyl ether (850 mg, 6.1 mmol). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 5 days. The solution was poured onto 2.5 N NaOH and was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 100 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water (3 x 100 mL) and brine (1 x 100 mL). The organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and was filtered. The



solvent was removed under reduced pressure to leave a solid. The solid was triturated and filtered to leave the title compound: <sup>1</sup>HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.63 (d, *J* = 4.23 Hz, 2 H), 7.28 (m, 4 H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 4.43 Hz, 2 H), 3.57 (t, *J* = 5.24 Hz, 2 H), 3.38 (s, 3 H), 3.14 (bd, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 2 H), 2.79 (m, 1 H), 2.68 (t, *J* = 5.04, 2 H), 2.08 (m, 4 H), 1.92 (m, 2 H). MS (M+H): 397 (base peak).

#### Example C-80

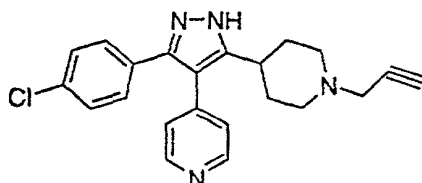
#### 5-(*N*-ALLYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of example C-79 and substituting allyl bromide for 2-bromoethyl methyl ether the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 379 (base peak)

## Example C-81

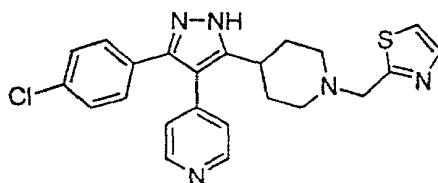
5-(N-PROPARGYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-  
CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of example C-79 and substituting propargyl bromide for 2-bromoethyl methyl ether the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 377 (base peak)

## Example C-82

5-[N-(2-METHYLTHIAZOLYL)-4-PIPERIDYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-  
CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

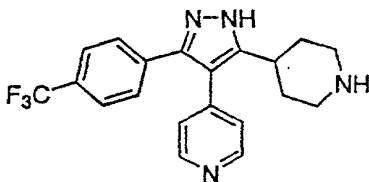


To a suspension of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) in 12 mL of MeOH was added trimethyl orthoformate (2.6 g,

24.4 mmol) and 2-thiazolecarboxaldehyde (1.4 g, 12.2 mmol). The suspension was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. To this mixture was added NaCNBH<sub>3</sub> (1.5 g, 24.4 mmol) and the resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 7 days. The mixture was poured onto 2.5 N NaOH and was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). The combined extracts were washed with brine (1 x 100 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to leave a solid. This solid was triturated with ether and filtered to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 436 (base peak).

#### Example C-83

#### 5-(4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

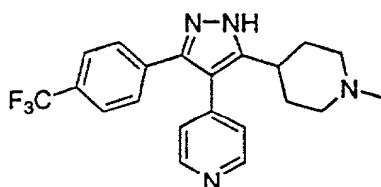


By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-isonipecotyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glyciny l *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate

was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as its hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 373 (base peak).

#### Example C-84

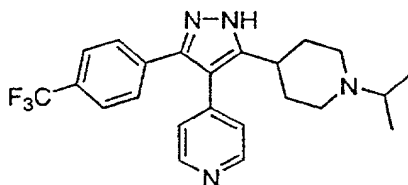
5-(N-METHYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-83) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 387 (base peak).

#### Example C-85

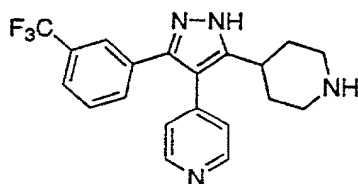
5-[N-(2-PROPYL)-4-PIPERIDYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE



To a solution of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] pyrazole (Example C-83) (300 mg, 0.7 mmol) in 50 mL of acetone was added 1 mL of AcOH and  $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$  (15 g, 70.8 mmol). The mixture was warmed to reflux and was stirred for 5 days. The reaction mixture was poured onto 100 mL of 2.5 N NaOH and was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). The extracts were combined and washed with brine (1 x 100 mL). The organic phase was dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , filtered, and concentrated to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 415 (base peak).

#### Example C-86

#### 5-(4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

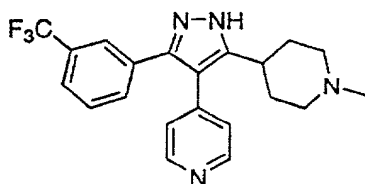


By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-isonipecotyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyll *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the

title compound as its hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 373 (base peak).the pyrazole C-3 substituent (Cviii). Treatment of the

### Example C-87

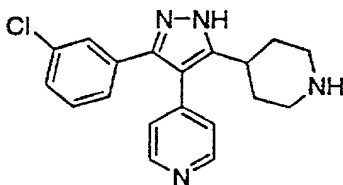
5-(*N*-METHYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-86) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 387 (base peak).

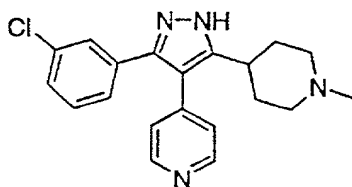
## Example C-88

5-(4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-3-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-isonipecotyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyll *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 339 (base peak).

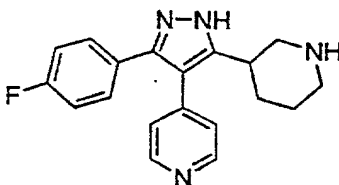
## Example C-89

5-(*N*-METHYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(3-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-88) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 353 (base peak).

#### Example C-90

5-(3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

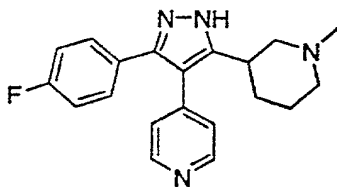


By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-nipecotyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glyciny *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as its hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 323 (base peak).



## Example C-91

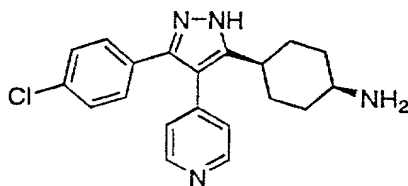
5-(*N*-METHYL-3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)  
PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-90) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 337 (base peak).

## Example C-92

5-*cis*-(4-AMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-  
CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

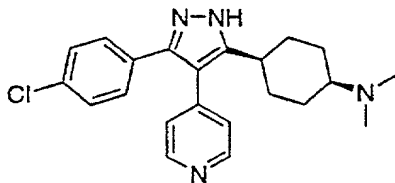


By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-

fluorobenzoate and *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-*cis*-4-aminocyclohexanoyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glyciny l *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: <sup>1</sup>HNMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO) δ 8.56 (d, *J* = 6.04 Hz, 2 H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.66 Hz, 2 H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.46 Hz, 2 H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 5.84 Hz, 2 H), 3.05 (m, 1 H), 2.62 (m, 1 H), 1.99 (m, 2 H), 1.53 (m, 6 H). MS (M+H): 353 (base peak).

#### Example C-93

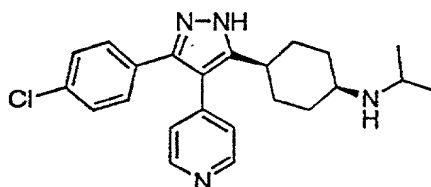
**5-*cis*-(4-*N,N*-DIMETHYLAMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE**



By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-*cis*-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 381 (base peak).

## Example C-94

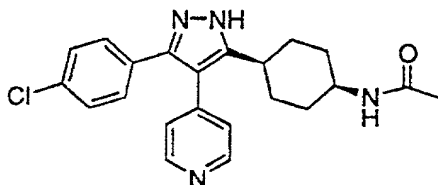
5-[*cis*-4-*N*-(2-PROPYL)AMINOCYCLOHEXYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



To a slurry of 5-*cis*-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) (1.0 g, 2.8 mmol, 1.0 eq) in methylene chloride (28 mL) was added acetone (0.5 mL), acetic acid (0.5 mL) and solid sodium triacetoxyborohydride. The slurry was stirred for 5 h and the volatiles were removed. The residue was partitioned between 2.5 M NaOH (25 mL) and ethyl acetate (25 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 25 mL). The combined organic layer was washed with brine (50 mL), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. The residue was triturated with ether to yield the title compound as a white powder: <sup>1</sup>HNMR (d<sub>6</sub>-DMSO) δ 8.56 (d, *J* = 5.84 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.26 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.66 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 5.64 Hz, 2H), 2.95 (m, 2H), 2.72 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.55 (m, 4H), 1.07 (d, *J* = 5.64 Hz, 6H). MS (M+H): 395 (base peak).

## Example C-95

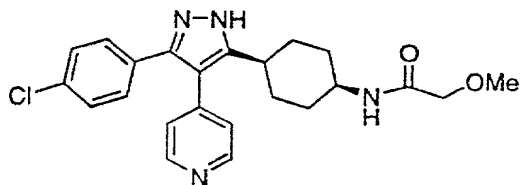
5-*cis*-[4-*N*-(ACETYL)AMINOCYCLOHEXYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-*cis*-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 395 (base peak).

## Example C-96

5-*cis*-[4-*N*-(METHOXYACETYL)AMINOCYCLOHEXYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

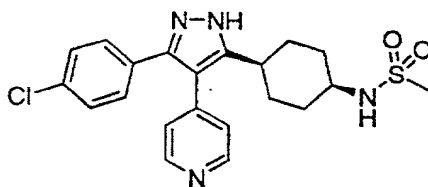


By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-*cis*-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-

(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) and methoxy acetyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 425 (base peak).

#### Example C-97

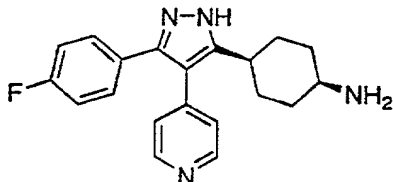
**5-*cis*-[4-N-(METHYLSULFONYL)AMINOCYCLOHEXYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE**



By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-*cis*-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) and methylsulfonyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 431 (base peak).

## Example C-98

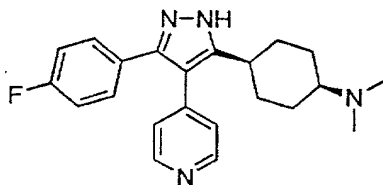
5-*cis*-(4-AMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-  
FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-*cis*-4-aminocyclohexanoyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyll *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 337 (base peak).

## Example C-99

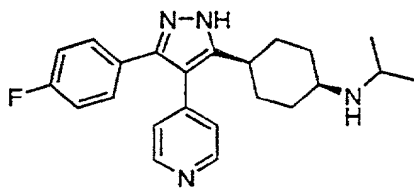
5-(*cis*-4-*N,N*-DIMETHYLAMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-  
FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-*cis*-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-98) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 365 (base peak).

#### Example C-100

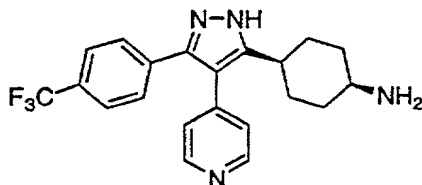
5-*cis*-[4-*N*-(2-PROPYL)AMINOCYCLOHEXYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-94 and substituting *cis*-5-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-98) for 5-(*cis*-4-*n*-(2-propyl)aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-92) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 379 (base peak).

## Example C-101

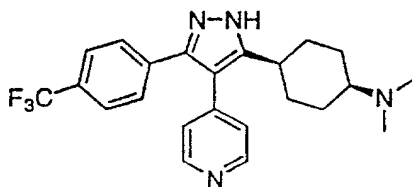
5-*cis*-(4-AMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-*cis*-4-aminocyclohexanoyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyll *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 387 (base peak).

## Example C-102

5-*cis*-(4-*N,N*-DIMETHYLAMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE

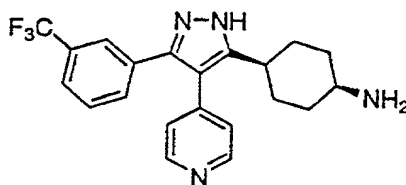




By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-*cis*-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] pyrazole (Example C-101) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 415 (base peak).

### Example C-103

5-*cis*-(4-AMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-*cis*-4-aminocyclohexanoyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyll *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 387 (base peak).

## Example C-104

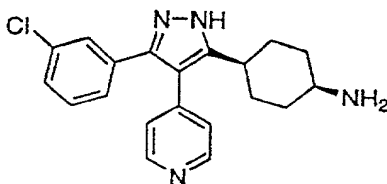
5-*cis*-(4-*N,N*-DIMETHYLAMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL] PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-*cis*-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl) pyrazole (Example C-103) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 415 (base peak).

## Example C-105

5-*cis*-(4-AMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

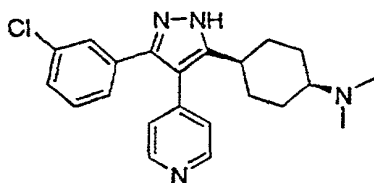


By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-3-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-

fluorobenzoate and *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-*cis*-4-aminocyclohexanoyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glycinyll *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 353 (base peak).

#### Example C-106

**5-*cis*-(4-*N,N*-DIMETHYLAMINOCYCLOHEXYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE**



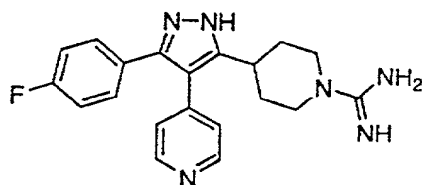
By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-*cis*-(4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(3-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-105) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 381 (base peak).

## Example C-107

5-(*N*-ACETIMIDO-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-  
FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

To a suspension of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-2) (0.11 g, 0.35 mmol) in 2 mL EtOH was added ethyl acetamidate hydrochloride (0.065 g, 0.53 mmol) and the mixture was refluxed for 30 minutes. The solution was left at 5-10 °C for 16 h and filtered to obtain the title compound as a white solid: MS (M+H): 364 (base peak).

## Example C-108

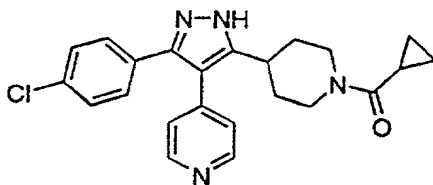
5-(*N*-CARBOXAMIDINO-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-  
FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

To a stirred suspension of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (C-2) (1.5 g, 4.7

mmol) in 47 mL of DMF was added Hunig's base (0.60 g, 4.7 mmol) and pyrazole carboxamide hydrochloride (0.68 g, 4.7 mmol). The slurry was allowed to stir at room temperature for 4 days. The reaction mixture was poured onto 300 mL of ether. The resulting precipitate was filtered to leave the title compound as the hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 365 (base peak).

#### Example C-109

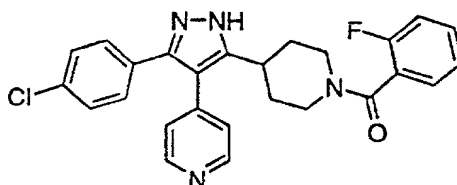
5-(N-CYCLOPROPANOYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting cyclopropanoyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 407 (base peak).

## Example C-110

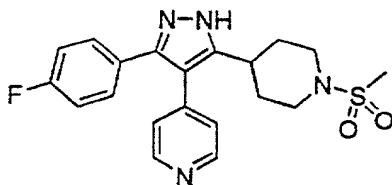
5-[N-(2-FLUORO)BENZOYL-4-PIPERIDYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 2-fluorobenzoyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 461 (base peak).

## Example C-111

5-(N-METHYLSULFONYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

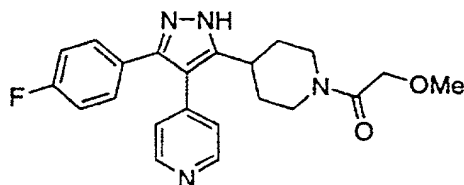


By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-2) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-74)

and methylsulfonyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 401 (base peak).

### Example C-112

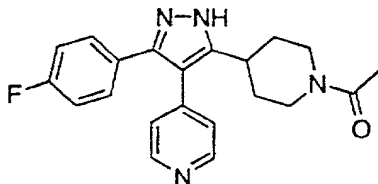
#### 5-(*N*-METHOXYACETYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-2) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-74) and methoxy acetyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 395 (base peak).

### Example C-113

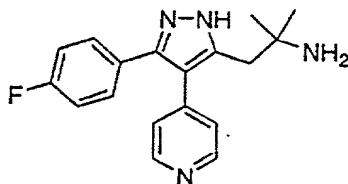
#### 5-(*N*-ACETYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole Example (C-2) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole Example (C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 365 (base peak).

#### Example C-114

5-[2-(1,1-DIMETHYL)AMINOETHYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

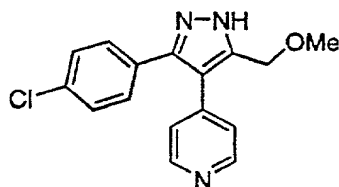


By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-2-amino-2,2-dimethylpropanoyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glyciny *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as the hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 327 (base peak).



## Example C-115

5-(METHOXYMETHYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)  
PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and 2-methoxyacetyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benyloxycarbonyl-glyciny *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 300 (base peak).

## Example C-116

5-(4-AMINOBENZYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)  
PYRAZOLE

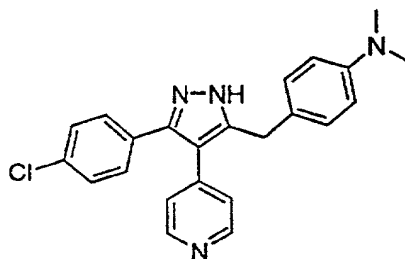


By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-4-aminophenyl

acetyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benzyloxycarbonyl-glyciny1 *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 *N* HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as the hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 361 (base peak).

#### Example C-117

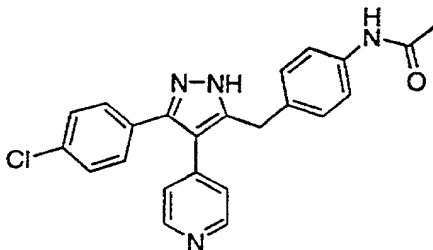
5-[4-(*N,N*-DIMETHYL)AMINO BENZYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(4-aminobenzyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-116) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 389 (base peak).

## Example C-118

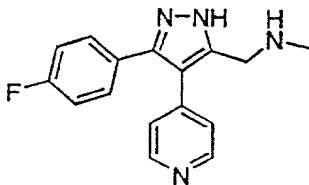
5-[4-(*N*-ACETYL)AMINO BENZYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-  
CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(4-aminobenzyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-116) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 403 (base peak).

## Example C-119

5-(*N*-METHYLAMINOMETHYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)  
PYRAZOLE



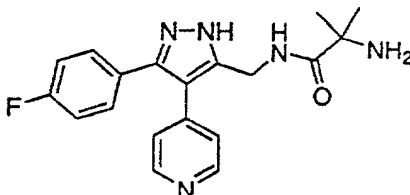
5-(*N*-formylaminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole. To a suspension of 5-aminomethyl-

4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-1) (8.04 g, 30 mmol) in 120 mL dichloromethane was added p-nitrophenylformate (6.01 g, 36 mmol) as a solid. The suspension was stirred for 24 h at room temperature and the solvents removed under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with ether and filtered to obtain the desired 5-(N-formylaminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole derivative as a white solid: MS (M+H): 297 (base peak).

5-(N-methylaminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole. To a suspension of 5-(N-formylaminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (8.74 g, 29.5 mmol) in 90 mL anhydrous tetrahydrofuran was added a 1.0 M solution of borane in tetrahydrofuran (90 mL, 90 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. 1 N aqueous hydrochloric acid (100 mL) was then added to this mixture and the solution was refluxed for 5 hours and cooled to room temperature. The solution was extracted with ether (2 x 250 mL) and the pH of the aqueous layer adjusted to 9 by addition of concentrated ammonium hydroxide. The aqueous layers (pH ~ 9) were then extracted with ethyl acetate (4 x 150 mL). The organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with acetonitrile and filtered to obtain the title compound as a white solid: MS (M+H): 283 (base peak).

## Example C-120

5-[*N*-(2-AMINO-2,2-DIMETHYLACETYL)AMINOMETHYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



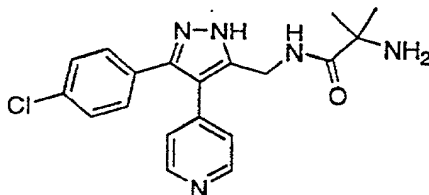
5-(*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole. To a solution of 5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-1) (0.27 g, 1 mmol) in anhydrous dimethylformamide (4 mL) was added *N*-tert-butoxycarbonyl aminoisobutyric acid *N*-hydroxysuccinimide ester (0.33 g, 1.1 mmol) and the mixture stirred at 40 °C for 24 h. The resulting solution was evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (30 mL) and washed with a saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate (2 x 20 mL) and brine (20 mL). The organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to dryness to afford 5-(*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole as a white solid.

5-(*N*-(2-amino-2,2-dimethylacetyl)aminomethyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole. To a solution of the above compound in acetonitrile (2 mL) was added 1 mL of a 4.0 M solution of hydrochloric acid in dioxane. The

reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. The suspension was evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was stirred in acetonitrile (5 mL), filtered and dried in a vacuum dessicator to afford the title compound as a hydrochloride salt: MS (M+H): 354 (base peak).

#### Example C-121

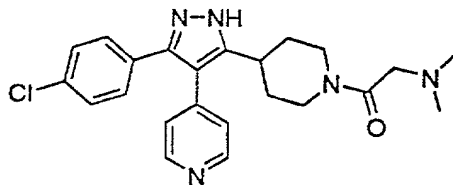
5-[N-(2-AMINO-2,2-DIMETHYLACETYL)AMINOMETHYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-120 and substituting 5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-15) for 5-aminomethyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-1) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 370 (base peak).

## Example C-122

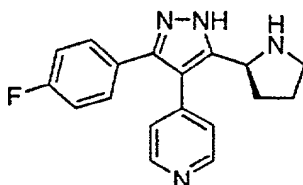
## 5-[4-N-(2-DIMETHYLAMINOACETYL)PIPERIDYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



To a solution of N,N-dimethylglycine hydrochloride (0.28 g, 2 mmol) in dimethylformamide (4 mL) was added hydroxybenzotriazole (0.27 g, 2 mmol), N,N-diisopropylethyl amine (0.7 mL, 4 mmol) and polymer supported ethyl carbodimide (Example B-49) (1 g, 2.39 mmol). To this solution after 30 minutes at room temperature was added 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74), 0.41 g, 1 mmol). The suspension was agitated on a labtop orbital shaker for 24 h. The suspension was filtered, washed with dimethylformamide (2 x 5 mL) and the filtrates evaporated under high pressure. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (30 mL), washed with a saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate (50 mL) and brine (50 mL). The organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated under high vacuum to afford the title compound as a white solid: MS (M+H): 424 (base peak).

## Example C-123

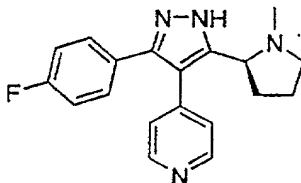
(S)-5-(2-PYROLIDINYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)  
PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (S)-N-t-butoxycarbonyl-prolinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benzyloxycarbonyl-glyciny N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 309 (base peak).

## Example C-124

(S)-5-(N-METHYL-2-PYROLIDINYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-  
FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE





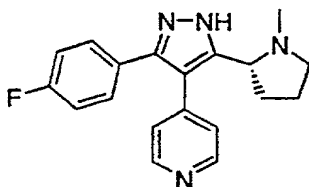
### Example C-125

Nc1ccccc1C2=C(C(=N2)C3=CC=CC=C3F)C4=CC=CC=N4

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (R)-N-t-butoxycarbonyl-prolinyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benzyloxycarbonyl-glyciny N-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 309 (base peak).

## Example C-126

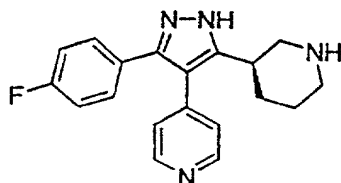
(R)-5-(N-METHYL-2-PYROLIDINYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-  
FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting (R)-5-(2-pyrrolidinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-125) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 323 (base peak).

## Example C-127

(R)-5-(3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)  
PYRAZOLE

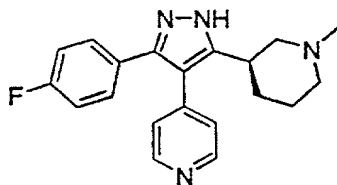


By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (R)-N-t-butoxycarbonyl-nipecotyl N-hydroxysuccinimide for N-benzyloxycarbonyl-glycyl N-

hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared as the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 323 (base peak).

#### Example C-128

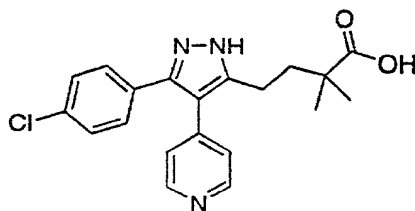
(*R*)-5-(*N*-METHYL-3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting (*R*)-5-(3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-125) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 337 (base peak).

## Example C-129

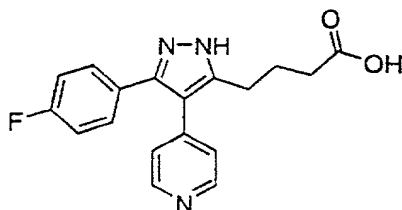
2,2-DIMETHYL-4-[4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)  
PYRAZOLYL] BUTYRIC ACID



By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate and 2,2-dimethyl glutaric anhydride for *N*-benzyloxycarbonyl-glycinyll *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 370 (base peak).

## Example C-130

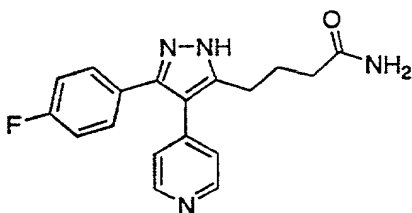
4-[4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLYL] BUTYRIC  
ACID



By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting glutaric anhydride for *N*-benzyloxycarbonyl-glycinyll *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 326 (base peak).

## Example C-131

## 4-[4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLYL] BUTYRAMIDE



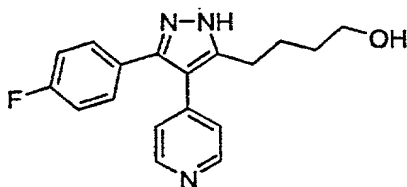
Methyl 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyrate. To a solution of 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyric acid (Example C-130) (40 g, 123 mmol) in 650 mL of MeOH was added 20 mL of concentrated  $H_2SO_4$ . The solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The solution was concentrated and diluted with 200 mL of water. The solution was cooled with an ice/water bath and to the solution was added 150 mL of saturated  $NaHCO_3$ . The solution was neutralized further with 50% NaOH to pH 7. The resulting slurry was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (3 x 250 mL). The combined extracts were washed with water (1 x 300 mL) and saturated  $NaHCO_3$  (1 x 500 mL). The organic phase was dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ , filtered and concentrated to afford methyl 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyrate: MS (M+H): 340 (base peak).

4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyramide. A solution of methyl 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyrate (39 g, 120 mmol) in 600 mL of MeOH was saturated with  $NH_3$ . The solution was

periodically treated with additional  $\text{NH}_3$  over a 24 h period. The solution was degassed with a stream of nitrogen and the solution was concentrated to leave a yellow solid. The solid was slurried in ether and filtered to leave the title compound: MS (M+H): 325 (base peak).

#### Example C-132

#### 5-[4-(1-HYDROXY)BUTYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



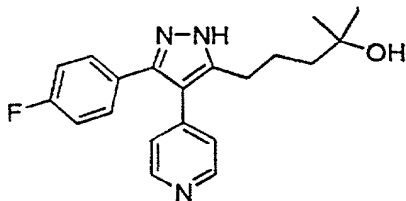
A stirred suspension of 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrazolyl) butyric acid (Example C-130) (2 g, 6.15 mmol) in 100 ml of anhydrous ether was cooled to 0 °C under nitrogen. Lithium aluminum hydride (467 mg, 12.3 mmol) was added to this suspension slowly. After the addition was complete, the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The reaction was quenched slowly with 1N  $\text{KHSO}_4$  (80 ml). The mixture was transferred to a separatory funnel and the aqueous layer was removed. The aqueous layer was then made basic with  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  (pH 8). The aqueous solution was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). The combined ethyl acetate extracts were washed with water (1 x 100

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mL), dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , filtered and concentrated to give the title compound: MS (M+H): 312 (base peak).

### Example C-133

#### 5-[4-(1,1-DIMETHYL-1-HYDROXY)BUTYL]-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE

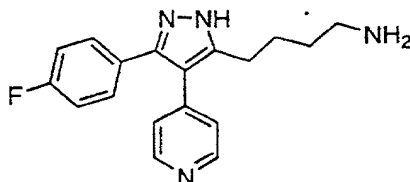


A solution of 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyric acid (Example C-130) (200 mg, 0.615 mmol) in 50 ml of MeOH was treated with 10 ml of 4 N HCl/dioxane. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 hours and evaporated to dryness. To this residue was added 15 ml of 1N methyl magnesium bromide in butyl ether and 5 ml of anhydrous THF. The reaction was heated to reflux under nitrogen for 64 h.

The reaction was quenched with 20 ml of saturated ammonium chloride. This mixture was transferred to a separatory funnel and was extracted with 100 ml ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). The combined ethyl acetate extracts were washed with water (1 x 100 mL), dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , filtered and concentrated to afford a crude oil. The crude oil was subjected to column chromatography by using 3.5 % MeOH/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , followed by 6 % MeOH/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , to give the title compound: MS (M+H): 340 (base peak).

## Example C-134

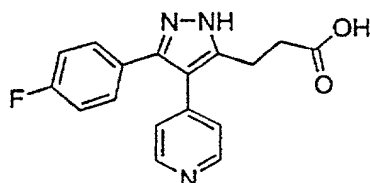
5-(4-(1-AMINO)BUTYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)  
PYRAZOLE



To a suspension of 4-(4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazolyl) butyramide (Example C-131) (2 g, 6.2 mmol) in 100 ml of anhydrous ether was added lithium aluminum hydride (467 mg, 12.3 mmol). After the addition was complete, the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for additional 2 h. The reaction was quenched with 20 mL of ethyl acetate and was poured onto 100 mL of 2.5 N NaOH. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 mL). The combined extracts were washed with brine (1 x 100 mL), dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to afford the title compound: MS (M+H): 311 (base peak).

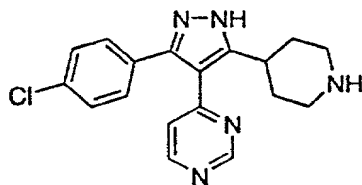


## Example C-135

4-(4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLYL) PROPIONIC  
ACID

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting succinic anhydride for *N*-benzyloxycarbonyl-glycinyll *N*-hydroxysuccinimide the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 312 (base peak).

## Example C-136

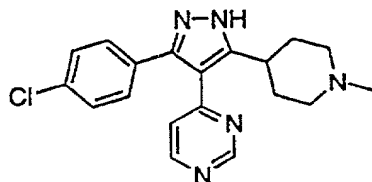
5-(4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIMIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)  
PYRAZOLE

By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting methyl-4-chlorobenzoate for ethyl-4-fluorobenzoate, *N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl-isonipecotyl *N*-hydroxysuccinimide for *N*-benzyloxycarbonyl-glycinyll *N*-hydroxysuccinimide and 4-methylpyrimidine for 4-picoline

the title compound was prepared as the N-t-butoxycarbonyl protected compound. The deprotection of the N-t-butoxycarbonyl intermediate was accomplished with 4 N HCl in dioxane to afford the title compound as the hydrochloride salt:  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  9.2 (s, 1 H), 8.48 (d,  $J = 5.19$  Hz, 1 H), 7.31 (m, 4 H), 6.94 (d,  $J = 4.79$  Hz, 1 H), 3.69 (m, 3 H), 3.12 (m, 2 H), 2.3 (m, 3 H), 1.24 (m, 2 H). MS (M+H): 340 (base peak).

#### Example C-137

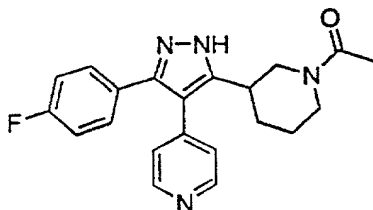
#### 5-(N-METHYL-4-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIMIDYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-75 and substituting 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-136) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride (Example C-74) the title compound was prepared:  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  9.2 (d,  $J = 1.2$  Hz, 1 H), 8.48 (d,  $J = 5.59$  Hz, 1 H), 7.31 (m, 4 H), 6.95 (dd,  $J = 1.2$ , 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.39 (m, 1 H), 3.03 (d,  $J = 11.6$  Hz, 2 H), 2.38 (s, 3 H), 2.06 (m, 4 H), 1.24 (m, 2 H). MS (M+H): 354 (base peak).

## Example C-138

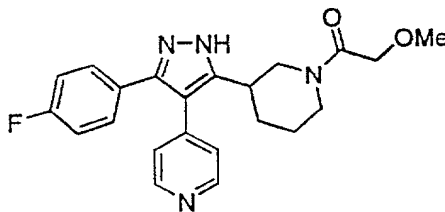
5-(*N*-ACETYL-3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)  
PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (C-90) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (C-74) the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 365 (base peak).

## Example C-139

5-(*N*-METHOXYACETYL-3-PIPERIDYL)-4-(4-PYRIDYL)-3-(4-  
FLUOROPHENYL) PYRAZOLE



By following the method of Example C-76 and substituting 5-(3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl) pyrazole (C-90) for 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (C-74) and methoxy

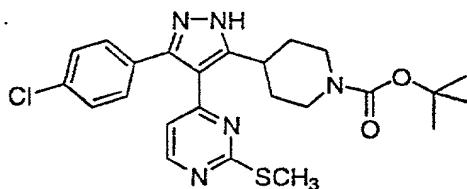
973

acetyl chloride for acetyl chloride the title compound was prepared: MS (M+H): 395 (base peak).

Additional compounds of the present invention which could be prepared using one or more of the reaction schemes set forth in this application include, but are not limited to, the following:

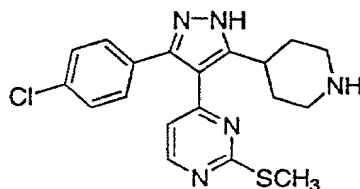
Example C-140

5-(4-N-t-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-thiomethyl)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



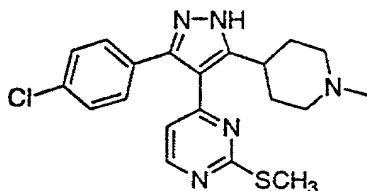
Example C-141

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-thiomethyl)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



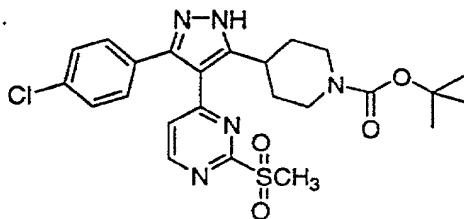
## Example C-142

5-(4-*N*-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-thiomethyl)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



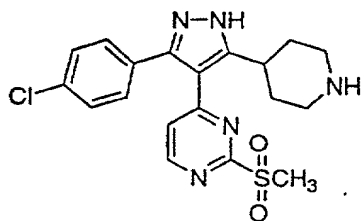
## Example C-143

5-(4-*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methanesulfonyl)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



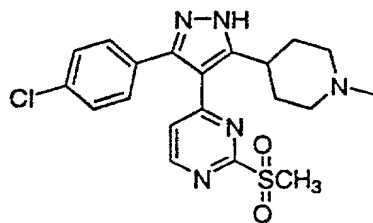
## Example C-144

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methanesulfonyl)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



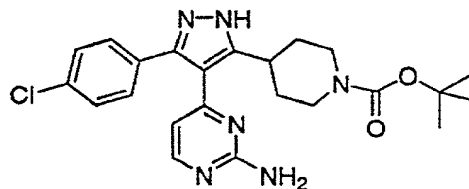
## Example C-145

5-(4-*N*-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methanesulfonyl)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



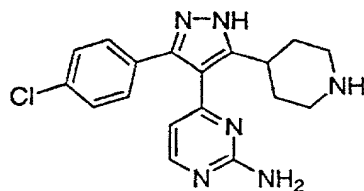
## Example C-146

5-(4-*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-amino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



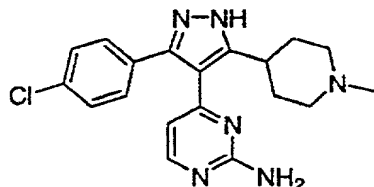
## Example C-147

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-amino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



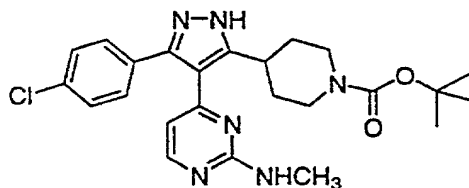
## Example C-148

5-(4-*N*-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-amino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



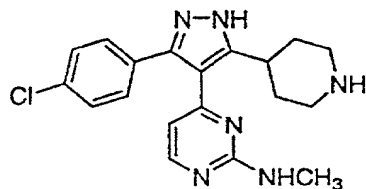
## Example C-149

5-(4-*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



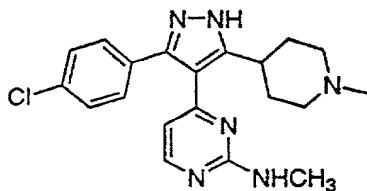
## Example C-150

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



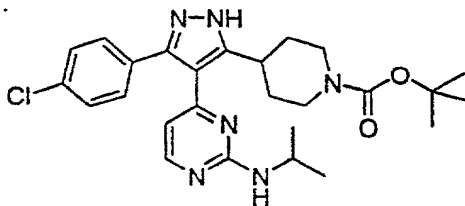
## Example C-151

5-(4-*N*-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



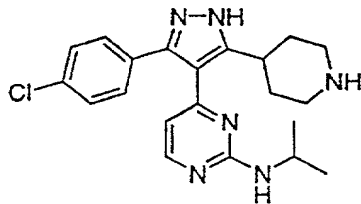
## Example C-152

5-(4-*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



## Example C-153

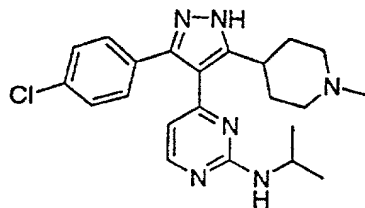
5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole





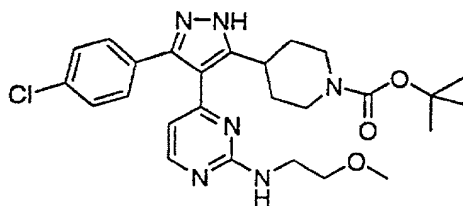
## Example C-154

5-(4-*N*-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropylamino)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



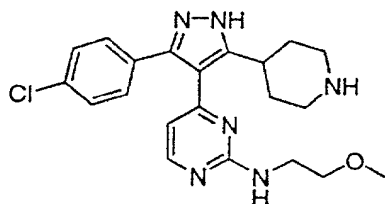
## Example C-155

5-(4-*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-(2-methoxyethylamino))pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



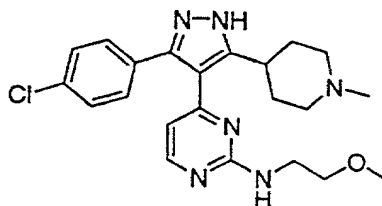
## Example C-156

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-(2-methoxyethylamino))pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



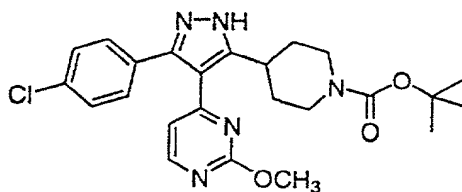
## Example C-157

5-(4-*N*-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-(2-methoxyethylamino))pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



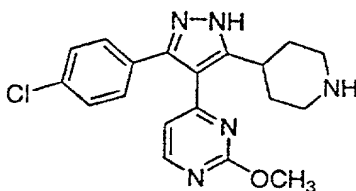
## Example C-158

5-(4-*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



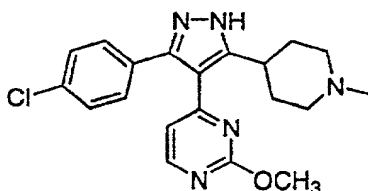
## Example C-159

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



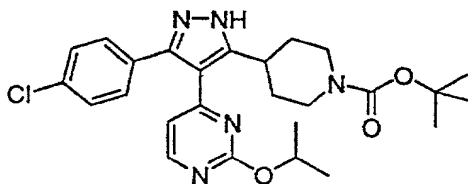
## Example C-160

5-(4-N-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-methoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



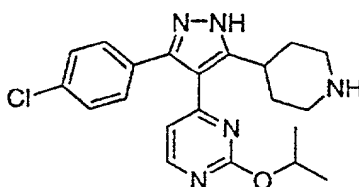
## Example C-161

5-(4-N-t-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



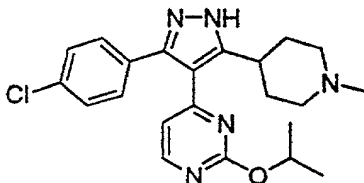
## Example C-162

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



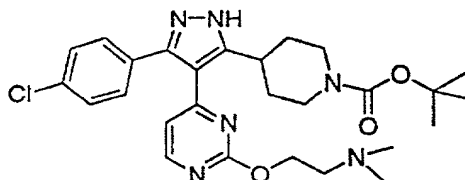
## Example C-163

5-(4-*N*-methylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-isopropoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



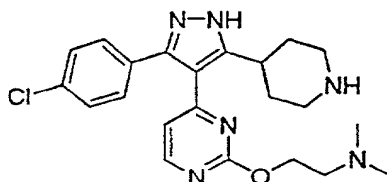
## Example C-164

5-(4-*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylpiperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-(2-*N,N*-dimethylamino)ethoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



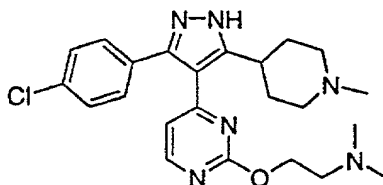
## Example C-165

5-(4-piperidinyl)-4-[4-(2-(2-*N,N*-dimethylamino)ethoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



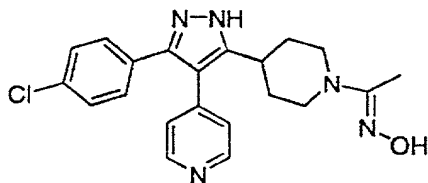
## Example C-166

5-(4-*N*-methylpiperidiny1)-4-[4-(2-(2-*N,N*-dimethylamino)ethoxy)pyrimidinyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



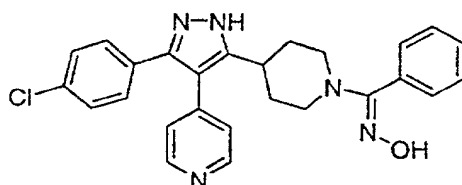
## Example C-167

5-(*N*-acetylhydroxylimido-4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



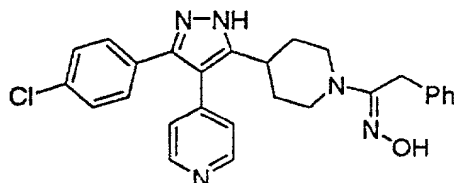
## Example C-168

5-(*N*-benzylhydroxylimido-4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



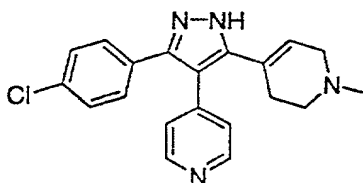
## Example C-169

5-(*N*-phenylacethydroxylimido-4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-  
3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



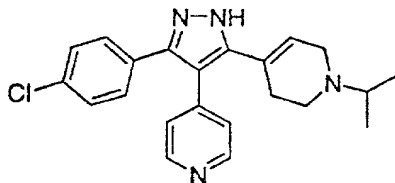
## Example C-170

5-[*N*-methyl-4-(3,4-dehydro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-  
chlorophenyl)pyrazole



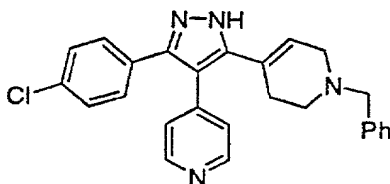
## Example C-171

5-[*N*-isopropyl-4-(3,4-dehydro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-  
chlorophenyl)pyrazole



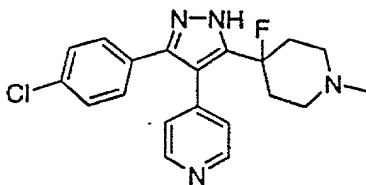
## Example C-172

5-[*N*-benzyl-4-(3,4-dehydro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



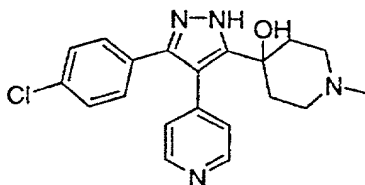
## Example C-173

5-[*N*-methyl-4-(4-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



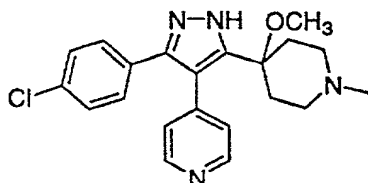
## Example C-174

5-[*N*-methyl-4-(4-hydroxy)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



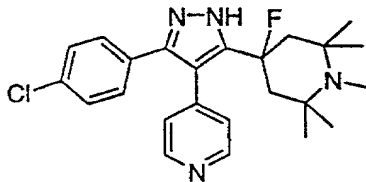
## Example C-175

5-[*N*-methyl-4-(4-methoxy)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



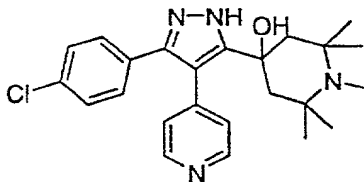
## Example C-176

5-[*N*-methyl-4-(2,5-tetramethyl-4-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



## Example C-177

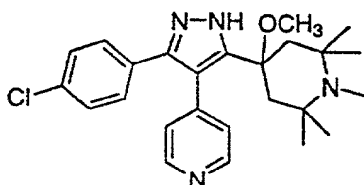
5-[*N*-methyl-4-(2,5-tetramethyl-4-hydroxy)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole





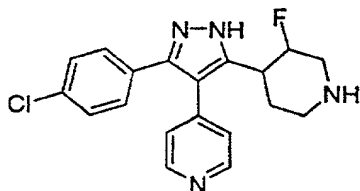
## Example C-178

5-[*N*-methyl-4-(2,5-tetramethyl-4-methoxy)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



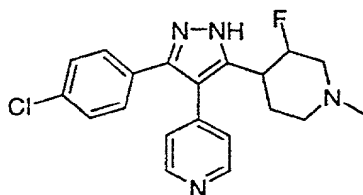
## Example C-179

5-[4-(3-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



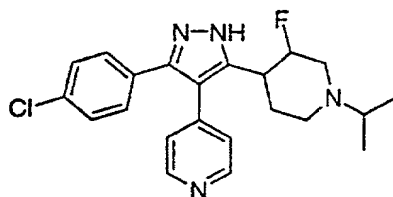
## Example C-180

5-[4-(*N*-methyl-3-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



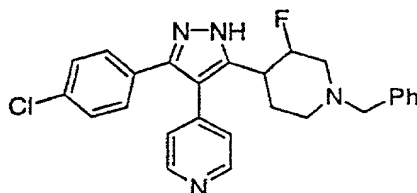
## Example C-181

5-[4-(*N*-isopropyl-3-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



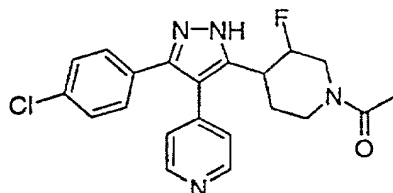
## Example C-182

5-[4-(*N*-benzyl-3-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



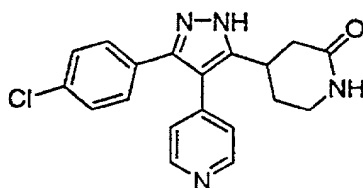
## Example C-183

5-[4-(*N*-acetyl-3-fluoro)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



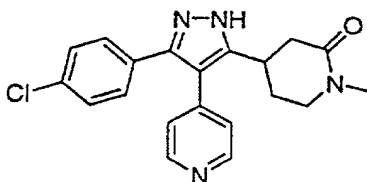
## Example C-184

5-[4-(2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



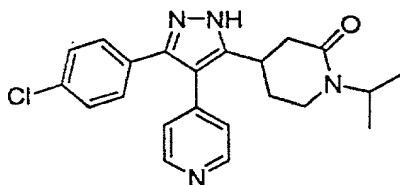
## Example C-185

5-[4-(N-methyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



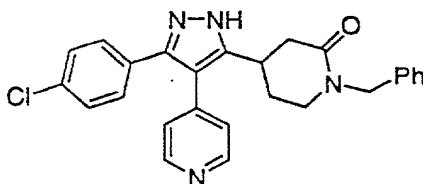
## Example C-186

5-[4-(*N*-isopropyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



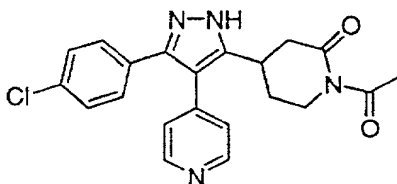
## Example C-187

5-[4-(*N*-benzyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



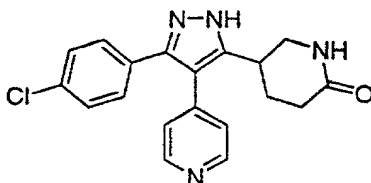
## Example C-188

5-[4-(*N*-acetyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



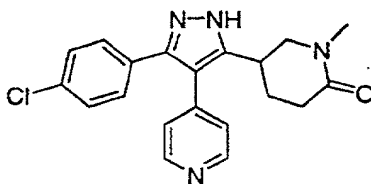
## Example C-189

5-[5-(2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



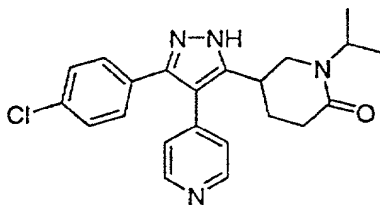
## Example C-190

5-[5-(*N*-methyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



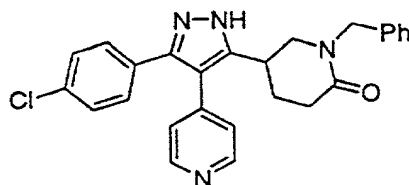
## Example C-191

5-[5-(*N*-isopropyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



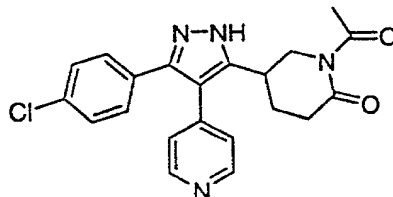
## Example C-192

5-[5-(*N*-benzyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



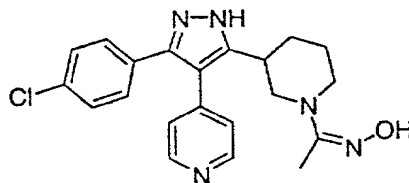
## Example C-193

5-[5-(*N*-acetyl-2-oxo)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



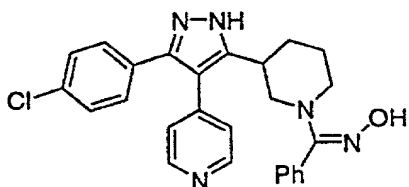
## Example C-194

5-(*N*-acethydroxylimido-3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



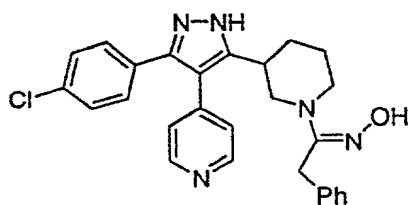
## Example C-195

5-(*N*-benzhydroxylimido-3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



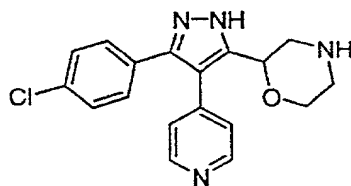
## Example C-196

5-(*N*-phenacethydroxylimido-3-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



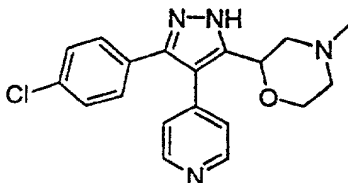
## Example C-197

5-(2-morpholinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



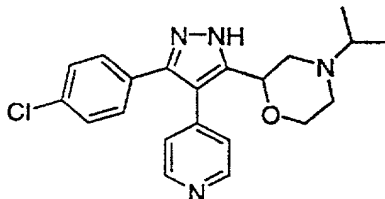
## Example C-198

5-(*N*-methyl-2-morpholinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



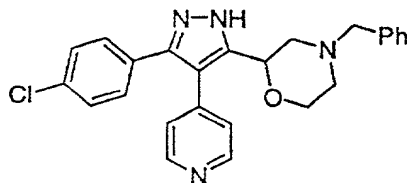
## Example C-199

5-(*N*-isopropyl-2-morpholinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



## Example C-200

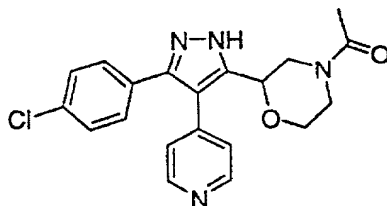
5-(*N*-benzyl-2-morpholinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole





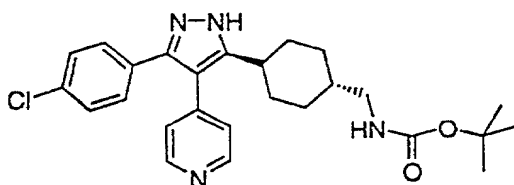
## Example C-201

5-(*N*-acetyl-2-morpholinyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



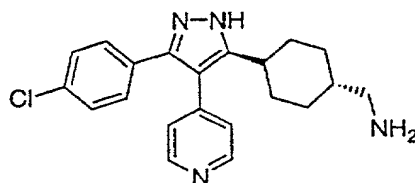
## Example C-202

5-[*trans*-4-(*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylamino)methylcyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



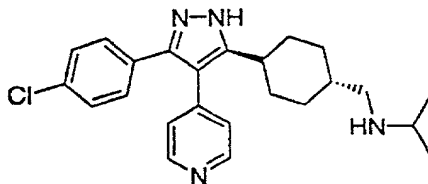
## Example C-203

5-(*trans*-4-aminomethylcyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



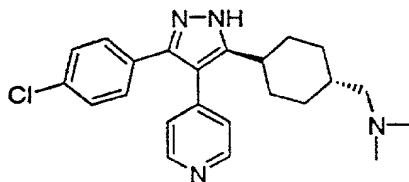
## Example C-204

5-[trans-4-(*N*-isopropylamino)methylcyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



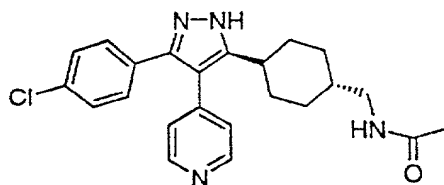
## Example C-205

5-[trans-4-(*N,N*-dimethylamino)methylcyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



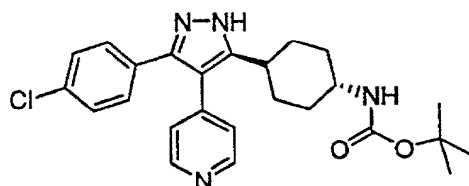
## Example C-206

5-[trans-4-(*N*-acetylamino)methylcyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



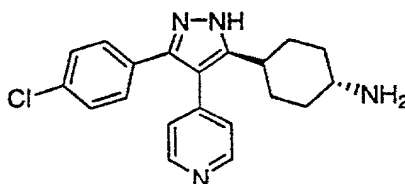
## Example C-207

5-[*trans*-4-(*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylamino)cyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



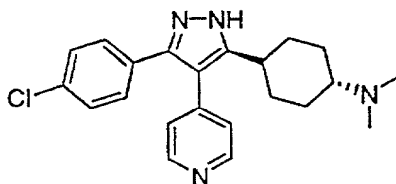
## Example C-208

5-(*trans*-4-aminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



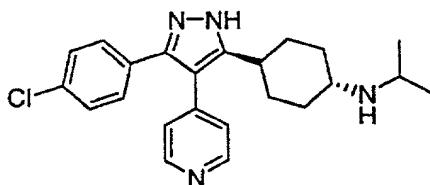
## Example C-209

5-[*trans*-4-(*N,N*-dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



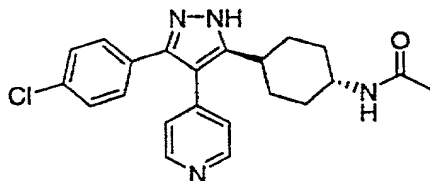
## Example C-210

5-[*trans*-4-(*N*-isopropylamino)cyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



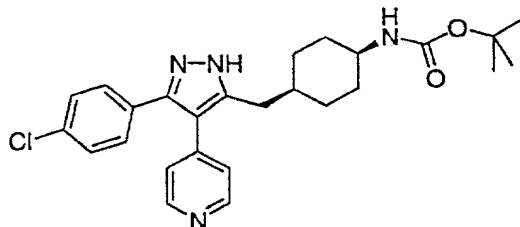
## Example C-211

5-[*trans*-4-(*N*-acetylamino)cyclohexyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



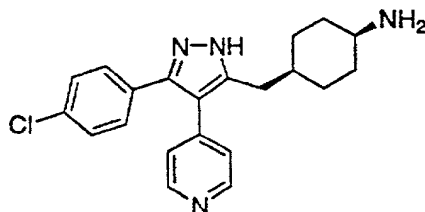
## Example C-212

5-[*cis*-4-(*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl)methylaminocyclohexyl)]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



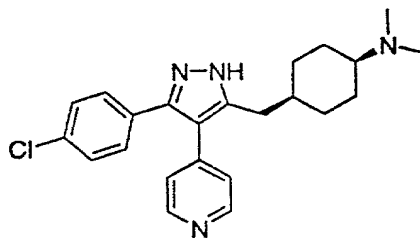
## Example C-213

5-(*cis*-4-methylaminocyclohexyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



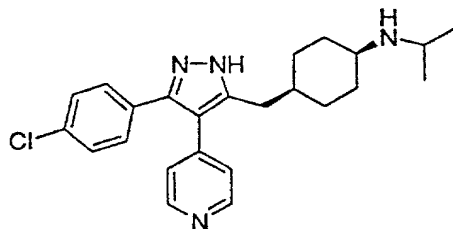
## Example C-214

5-[*cis*-4-(*N,N*-dimethyl)methylaminocyclohexyl)]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



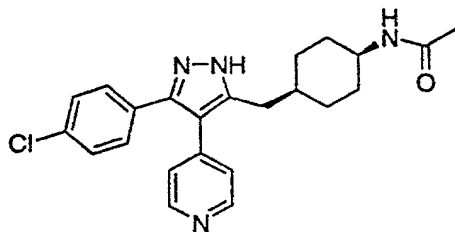
## Example C-215

5-[*cis*-4-(*N*-isopropyl)methylaminocyclohexyl)]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



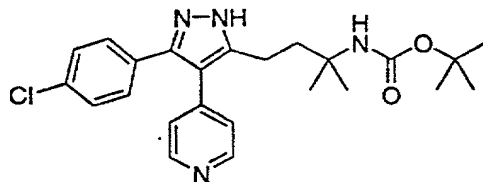
## Example C-216

5-[*cis*-4-(*N*-acetyl)methylaminocyclohexyl)]-4-(4-pyridyl)-  
3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



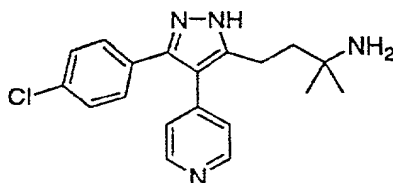
## Example C-217

5-[3-(1,1-dimethyl-1-(*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonylamino)propyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



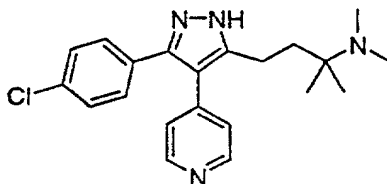
## Example C-218

5-[3-(1,1-dimethyl-1-amino)propyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



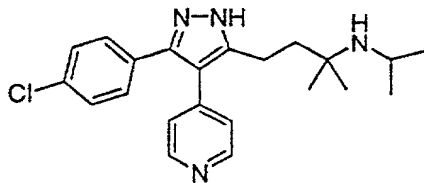
## Example C-219

5-[3-(1,1-dimethyl-1-(*N,N*-dimethylamino)propyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



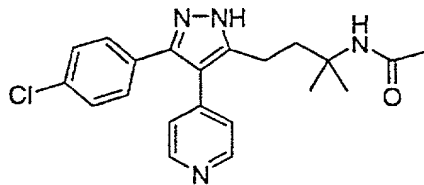
## Example C-220

5-[3-(1,1-dimethyl-1-(*N*-isopropylamino)propyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



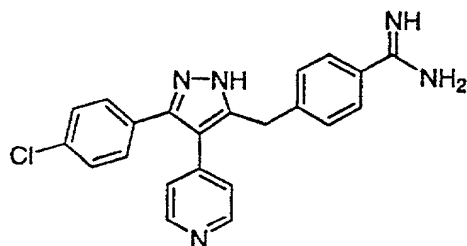
## Example C-221

5-[3-(1,1-dimethyl-1-(*N*-acetylamino)propyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



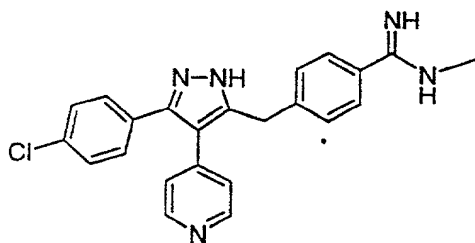
## Example C-222

5-[4-(1-carboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



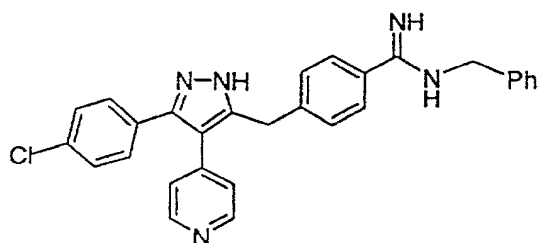
## Example C-223

5-[4-(1-N-methylcarboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



## Example C-224

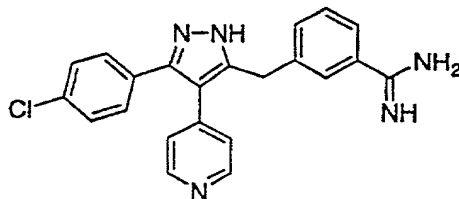
5-[4-(1-N-benzylcarboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole





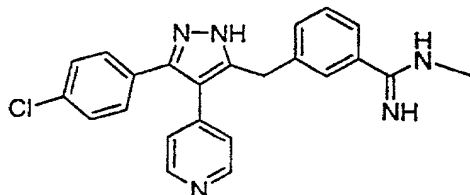
## Example C-225

5-[3-(1-carboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



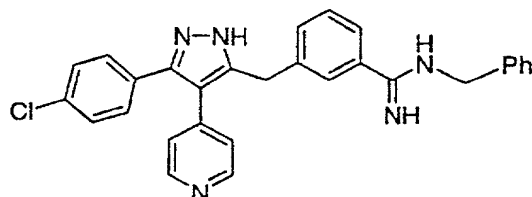
## Example C-226

5-[3-(1-N-methylcarboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



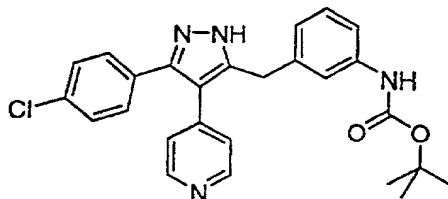
## Example C-227

5-[3-(1-N-benzylcarboxamidino)benzyl-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



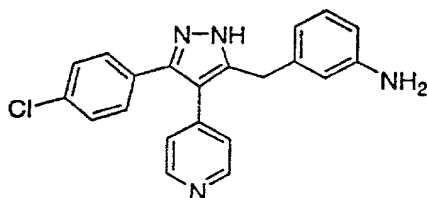
## Example C-228

5-[3-(*N*-*t*-butoxycarbonyl)aminobenzyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



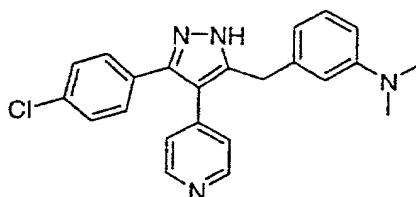
## Example C-229

5-(3-aminobenzyl)-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



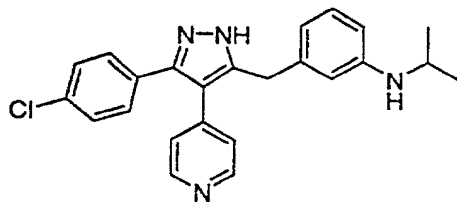
## Example C-230

5-[3-(*N,N*-dimethylamino)benzyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



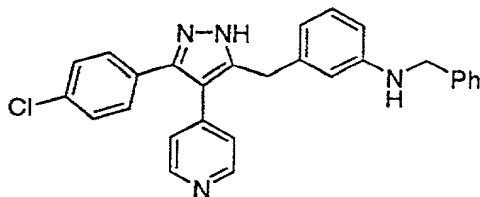
## Example C-231

5-[3-(*N*-isopropylamino)benzyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



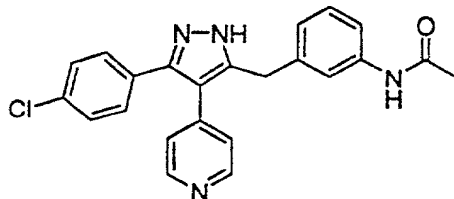
## Example C-232

5-[3-(*N*-benzylamino)benzyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



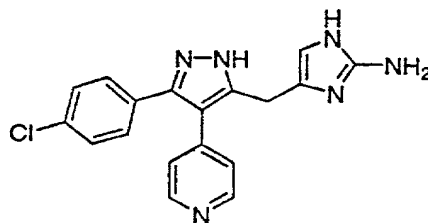
## Example C-233

5-[3-(*N*-acetylamino)benzyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



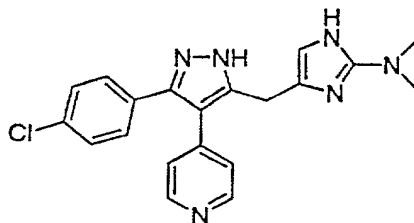
## Example C-234

5-[4-(2-amino)methylimidazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



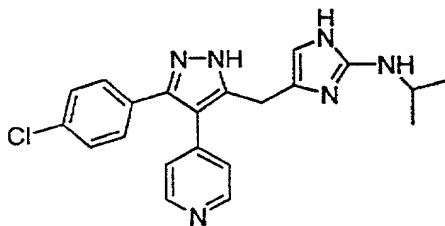
## Example C-235

5-[4-(2-*N,N*-dimethylamino)methylimidazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



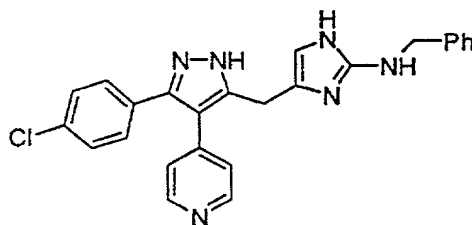
## Example C-236

5-[4-(2-*N*-isopropylamino)methylimidazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-  
3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



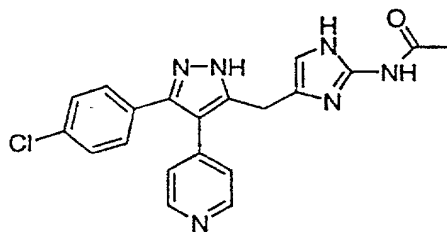
## Example C-237

5-[4-(2-*N*-benzylamino)methylimidazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(  
(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



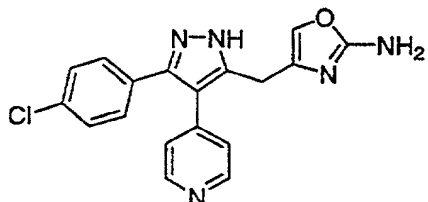
## Example C-238

5-[4-(2-*N*-acetylamino)methylimidazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(  
(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



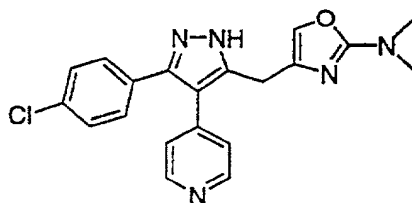
## Example C-239

5-[4-(2-amino)methyloxazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



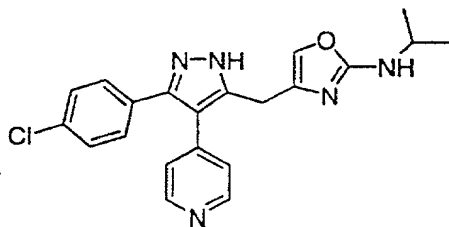
## Example C-240

5-[4-(2-*N,N*-dimethylamino)methyloxazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



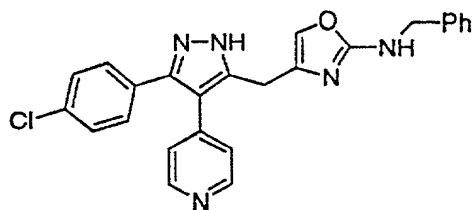
## Example C-241

5-[4-(2-*N*-isopropylamino)methyloxazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



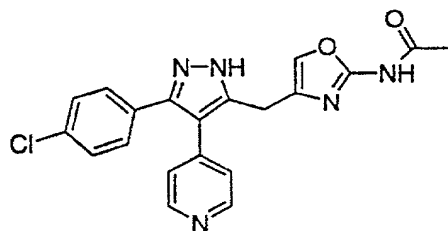
## Example C-242

5-[4-(2-*N*-benzylamino)methyloxazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



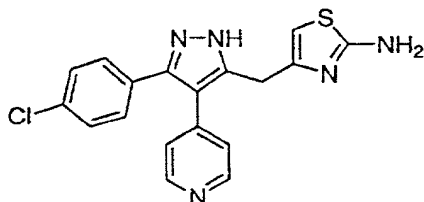
## Example C-243

5-[4-(2-*N*-acetylamino)methyloxazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



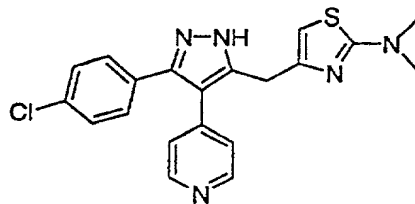
## Example C-244

5-[4-(2-amino)methylthiazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



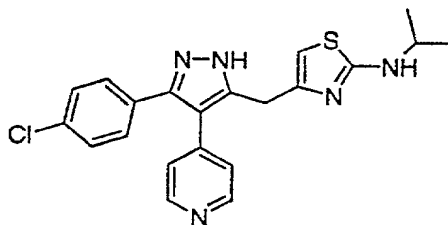
## Example C-245

5-[4-(2-*N,N*-dimethylamino)methylthiazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-  
3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



## Example C-246

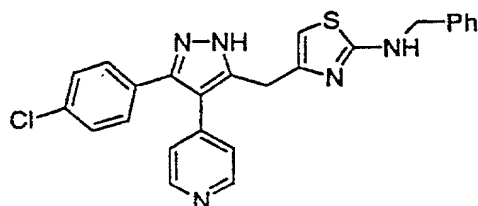
5-[4-(2-*N*-isopropylamino)methylthiazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-  
3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole





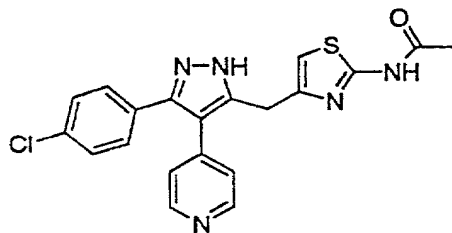
## Example C-247

5-[4-(2-*N*-benzylamino)methylthiazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



## Example C-248

5-[4-(2-*N*-acetylamino)methylthiazolyl]-4-(4-pyridyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



Biological data from compounds of Examples B-0001 through B-1573 and of Examples B-2270 through B-2462 are shown in the following tables.

*In vitro* P38-alpha kinase inhibitory data are shown in the column identified as:

**"P38 alpha kinase IC<sub>50</sub>, uM or % inhib @ conc. (uM)"**

10

*In vitro* whole cell assay for measuring the ability of the compounds to inhibit TNF production in human U937 cells stimulated with LPS are shown in the column identified as:

15

**"U937 Cell IC<sub>50</sub>, uM or % inhib @ conc., (uM)"**

*In vivo* assessment of the ability of the compounds to inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF release in the mouse is shown in the column identified as:

20

**"Mouse LPS Model, % TNF inhib @ dose @ predose time"**

wherein in the dose is milligram per kilogram (mpk) administered by oral gavage and the predose time indicates the number of hours before LPS challenge when the compound is administered.

25

*In vivo* assessment of the ability of the compounds to inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF release in the rat is shown in the column identified as:

30

**"Rat LPS Model, % TNF inhib @ dose @ predose time"**

wherein in the dose is milligram per kilogram (mpk) administered by oral gavage and the predose time

indicates the number of hours before LPS challenge when the compound is administered.

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0001	53.0%@1.0uM	40.0% @1.0uM		
B-0002	71.0%@1.0uM	28.0%@10.0uM		
B-0003	70.0%@1.0uM	76.0% 10.0uM		
B-0004	80.0%@1.0uM	4.61uM		
B-0005	95.0%@1.0uM	2.97uM		
B-0006	82.0%@1.0uM	80%@10.0uM		
B-0007	74.0%@1.0uM	85.0%@10.0uM		
B-0008	42.0%@1.0uM	65.0%@10.0uM		
B-0009	0.04 uM	0.72uM		
B-0010	0.52 uM	0.65uM		
B-0011	0.03 uM	4.47uM		
B-0012	30.0%@1.0uM	44.0% @1.0uM		
B-0013	70.0%@1.0uM	84.0%@10.0uM		
B-0014	79.0%@1.0uM	80.0%@10.0uM		
B-0015	82.0%@1.0uM	80.0%@10.0uM		
B-0016	94.0%@1.0uM	3.98uM		
B-0017	56.0%@1.0uM	79.0%@10.0uM		
B-0018	60.0%@1.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-0019	84.0%@1.0uM	100.0%@10.0uM		
B-0020	73.0%@1.0uM	81.0%@10.0uM		
B-0021	68.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM		
B-0022	69.0%@1.0uM	44.0@1.0uM		
B-0023	90.0%@1.0uM	77.0%@10.0uM		
B-0024	94.0%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0025	89.0%@1.0uM	79.0%@10.0uM		
B-0026	96.0%@1.0uM	3.27uM		
B-0027	94.0%@1.0uM	11.0uM		
B-0028	69.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM		
B-0029	91.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@10.0uM		
B-0030	92.0%@1.0uM	75.0%@10.0uM		
B-0031	94.0%@1.0uM	100.0%@10.0uM		
B-0032	94.0%@1.0uM	78.0%@10.0uM		
B-0033	97.0%@1.0uM	10.0uM		
B-0034	95.0%@1.0uM	10.0uM		
B-0035	94.0%@1.0uM	10.0uM		
B-0036	92.0%@1.0uM	8.24uM		
B-0037	91.0%@1.0uM	86.0%@10.0uM		
B-0038	71.0%@1.0uM	84.0%@10.0uM		
B-0039	89.0%@1.0uM	72.0%@10.0uM		
B-0040	93.0%@1.0uM	2.3uM		
B-0041	65.0%@1.0uM	66.0%@10.0uM		
B-0042	94.0%@1.0uM	2.76uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0043	0.22 uM	0.54uM		
B-0044	0.14 uM	0.19uM		
B-0045	94.0%@1.0uM	1.01uM		
B-0046	96.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0047	94.0%@1.0uM	74.0%@10.0uM		
B-0048	94.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@10.0uM		
B-0049	88%@1.0uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0050	73%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0051	3.3uM	2.15uM	47%@100mpk@-6h	79%@3mpk@-4h
B-0052	92%@1.0uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-0053	95%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0054	90%@1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0055	93%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0056	96%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0057	96%@1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0058	79%@1.0uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0059	83%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0060	73%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0061	62%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0062	94%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0063	96%@1.0uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0064	90%@1.0uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0065	83%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0066	94%@1.0uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0067	91%@1.0uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0068	72%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0069	96%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0070	92%@1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0071	86%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0072	77%@1.0uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0073	91%@1.0uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0074	92%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-0075	91%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0076	58%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0077	0.8uM	10.0uM		
B-0078	80%@1.0uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0079	93%@1.0uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0080	73%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0081	92%@1.0uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0082	47%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0083	0.22uM	6.51uM		
B-0084	56%@1.0uM	30.0%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0085	83%@1.0uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0086	91%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0087	0.55uM	2.26uM	38%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0088	96%@1.0uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-0089	0.04uM	3.33uM		
B-0090	98%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0091	96%@1.0uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0092	97%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0093	3.18 uM	1.25uM	30%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0094	96%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0095	98%@1.0uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0096	91%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0097	72.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0098	66.0%@10.0uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0099	43.0% @1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0100	75.0% @1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0101	71.0% @1.0uM	2.11uM		
B-0102	81.0%@1.0uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-0103	71.0%@1.0uM	6.0%@1.0uM		
B-0104	56.0% @1.0uM	2.78uM		
B-0105	78.0%@1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0106	62.0%@1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0107	0.27uM	5.0uM		
B-0108	61.0%@1.0uM	4.85uM		
B-0109	45.0%@1.0uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0110	66.0%@1.0uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0111	57.0%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0112	97.0%@1.0uM	1.12uM		
B-0113	75.0%@1.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0114	45.0%@1.0uM	3.92uM		
B-0115	47.0%@1.0uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0116	73.0%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0117	0.46 uM	1.78 uM	30%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0118	1.18 uM	1.29 uM		
B-0119	89.0%@10.0uM	2.78uM		
B-0120	0.008 uM	0.21 uM	77%@100mpk@-6h	70%@3mpk@-4h
B-0121	79.0%@1.0uM	1.22uM		
B-0122	79.0%@10.0uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0123	59.0%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0124	73.0%@1.0uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-0125	70.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0126	66.0%@1.0uM	1.57uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0127	82.0%@1.0uM	0.96uM		
B-0128	78.0%@1.0uM	1.81uM		
B-0129	51.0%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0130	69.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0131	43.0%@1.0uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0132	76.0%@1.0uM	8.0%@1.0uM		
B-0133	51.0%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-0134	60.0%@1.0uM	2.17uM		
B-0135	78.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0136	77.0%@1.0uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0137	41.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0138	50.0%@1.0uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0139	54.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0140	67%@10.0uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-0141	78.0%@1.0uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-0142	86.0%@1.0uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0143	42.0% @1.0uM	3.63uM		
B-0144	86.0% @1.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0145	54.0% @10.0uM	12.0% @1.0uM		
B-0146	77.0% @10.0uM	28.0% @1.0uM		
B-0147	44.0% @1.0uM	22.0% @1.0uM		
B-0148	51.0% @1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0149	1.15 uM	10.0 uM		
B-0150	27.0% @10.0uM	35.0% @1.0uM		
B-0151	43.0% @1.0uM	30.0% @1.0uM		
B-0152	51.0% @1.0uM	24.0% @1.0uM		
B-0153	57.0% @1.0uM	21.0% @1.0uM		
B-0154	65.0% @10.0uM	14.0% @1.0uM		
B-0155	40.0% @10.0uM	26.0% @1.0uM		
B-0156	42.0% @10.0uM	13.0% @1.0uM		
B-0157	48.0% @10.0uM	9.0% @1.0uM		
B-0158	58.0% @10.0uM	39.0% @1.0uM		
B-0159	54.0% @10.0uM	5.0% @1.0uM		
B-0160	59.0% @10.0uM	26.0% @1.0uM		
B-0161	72.0% @10.0uM	13.0% @1.0uM		
B-0162	23%@1.0uM	2.05 uM		
B-0163	20.0% @10.0uM	10.0% @1.0uM		
B-0164	37.0% @10.0uM	20.0% @1.0uM		
B-0165	70.0% @10.0uM	19.0% @1.0uM		
B-0166	45.0% @10.0uM	37.0% @1.0uM		
B-0167	40.0% @1.0uM	37.0% @1.0uM		
B-0168	44%@1.0uM	2.36 uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0169	43.0% @1.0uM	21.0% @1.0uM		
B-0170	43.0% @1.0uM	30.0% @1.0uM		
B-0171	61.0% @10.0uM	21.0% @1.0uM		
B-0172	16.0% @10.0uM	11.0% @1.0uM		
B-0173	33.0% @10.0uM	48.0% @1.0uM		
B-0174	54.0% @10.0uM	43.0% @1.0uM		
B-0175	41.0% @10.0uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
B-0176	50.0% @1.0uM	30.0% @1.0uM		
B-0177	70.0% @10.0uM	27.0% @1.0uM		
B-0178	12.0% @10.0uM	35.0% @1.0uM		
B-0179	27.0% @10.0uM	37.0% @1.0uM		
B-0180	34.0% @10.0uM	23.0% @1.0uM		
B-0181	5.0% @1.0uM	2.0% @1.0uM		
B-0182	39.0% @10.0uM	40.0% @1.0uM		
B-0183	12.0% @10.0uM	34.0% @1.0uM		
B-0184	66.0% @10.0uM	17.0% @1.0uM		
B-0185	65.0% @10.0uM	25.0% @1.0uM		
B-0186	40.0% @1.0uM	25.0% @1.0uM		
B-0187	4.0% @10.0uM	14.0% @1.0uM		
B-0188	70.0% @10.0uM	35.0% @1.0uM		
B-0189	42.0% @10.0uM	9.0% @1.0uM		
B-0190	59.0% @10.0uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
B-0191	40.0% @1.0uM	29.0% @1.0uM		
B-0192	12.0% @10.0uM	47.0% @1.0uM		
B-0193	0.54 uM	6% @1.0uM		
B-0194	1.31 uM	22% @1.0uM		
B-0195	1.03 uM	55% @1.0uM		
B-0196	2.24 uM	>1.0uM		
B-0197	2.0 uM	14% @1.0uM		
B-0198	1.2 uM	2% @1.0uM		
B-0199	1.34 uM	3% @1.0uM		
B-0200	1.31 uM	16% @1.0uM		
B-0201	0.29 uM	59% @1.0uM		
B-0202	0.55 uM	2.26 uM		
B-0203	0.16 uM	65% @1.0uM		
B-0204	0.21 uM	48% @1.0uM		
B-0205	0.096 uM	54% @1.0uM		
B-0206	5.76 uM	14% @1.0uM		
B-0207	0.12 uM	52% @1.0uM		
B-0208	0.067 uM	>1.0uM		
B-0209	0.29 uM	8% @1.0uM		
B-0210	0.057 uM	67% @1.0uM		



Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0211	0.25 uM	30%@1.0uM		
B-0212	0.12 uM	28%@1.0uM		
B-0213	0.31 uM	39%@1.0uM		
B-0214	0.16 uM	50%@1.0uM		
B-0215	0.11 uM	51%@1.0uM		
B-0216	0.56 uM	>1.0uM		
B-0217	0.55 uM	>1.0uM		
B-0218	0.53 uM	18%@1.0uM		
B-0219	0.91 uM	18%@1.0uM		
B-0220	0.13 uM	40%@1.0uM		
B-0221	2.4 uM	>1.0uM		
B-0222	0.4uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0223	0.2uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0224	<0.1uM	93.0%@1.0uM		
B-0225	0.047uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0226	0.074uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0227	0.045uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0228	0.15uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0229	<0.1uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-0230	0.041uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0231	0.055uM	40.0%1.0uM		
B-0232	0.048uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0233	0.095uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0234	0.11uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0235	1.31uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-0236	0.077uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0237	0.13uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-0238	0.47uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-0239	5.73uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-0240	0.2uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-0241	0.1uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0242	<0.1uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-0243	0.039uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0244	0.02uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-0245	0.13uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0246	<0.1uM	>1.0uM		
B-0247	0.082uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0248	<0.1uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0249	<0.1uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0250	0.28uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0251	0.31uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0252	0.041uM	54.0%@1.0uM		

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Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0253	0.061uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-0254	0.12uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-0255	0.32uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0256	<0.1uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0257	1.71uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0258	0.37uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0259	0.35uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0260	0.56uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0261	0.49uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0262	0.41uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-0263	0.62uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-0264	0.14uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0265	0.92uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0266	0.25uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0267	0.48uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0268	3.39uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0269	9.81uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0270	5.79uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0271	7.55uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0272	1.81uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0273	5.03uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0274	2.68uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0275	2.67uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0276	1.25uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0277	0.68uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0278	1.26uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0279	1.39uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0280	0.86uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0281	7.37uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0282	0.75uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0283	6.66uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0284	0.083uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0285	4.57uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0286	0.33uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-0287	4.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0288	4.46uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0289	0.15uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-0290	0.66uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0291	1.33uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0292	0.22uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0293	0.66uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0294	0.68uM	45.0%@1.0uM		

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Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0295	0.82uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0296	8.03uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0297	0.78uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0298	0.58uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0299	0.87uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0300	0.78uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0301	0.19uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-0302	4.02uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0303	0.22uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-0304	0.56uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0305				
B-0306				
B-0307				
B-0308				
B-0309				
B-0310				
B-0311				
B-0312				
B-0313				
B-0314				
B-0315				
B-0316				
B-0317				
B-0318				
B-0319				
B-0320				
B-0321				
B-0322				
B-0323				
B-0324				
B-0325				
B-0326				
B-0327				
B-0328				
B-0329				
B-0330				
B-0331				
B-0332				
B-0333				
B-0334				
B-0335				
B-0336				

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0337				
B-0338				
B-0339				
B-0340				
B-0341				
B-0342				
B-0343				
B-0344				
B-0345				
B-0346				
B-0347				
B-0348				
B-0349				
B-0350				
B-0351				
B-0352				
B-0353	1.37uM	55%@1.0uM		
B-0354	1.0uM	0.66uM	51%@30mpk@-6h	54%@3mpk@-4h
B-0355	0.75uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0356	0.66uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0357	1.46uM	0.66uM		
B-0358	0.37uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0359	0.45uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0360	1.6uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0361	0.33uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0362	0.52uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0363	4.67uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0364	1.44uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0365	0.96uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0366	0.7uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0367	1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0368	1.0uM	0.64uM	37%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0369	0.16uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-0370	0.65uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0371	0.49uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0372	0.35uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0373	0.45uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0374	1.38uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0375	1.0uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0376	2.99uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0377	1.29uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0378	1.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		

100480 100480 100480

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0379	0.53uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-0380	1.41uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0381	0.22uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0382	0.41uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0383	1.43uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-0384	4.02uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
B-0385	0.057uM	0.9uM	30%@30mpk@-6h	0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0386	0.13uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0387	0.41uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0388	<0.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0389	0.01uM	0.05uM		62%@3mpk@-4h
B-0390	0.089uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-0391	0.86uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0392	0.13uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-0393	0.043uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-0394	0.13uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0395	0.087uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0396	0.097uM	0.44uM		
B-0397	0.17uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0398	0.054uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-0399	0.14uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0400	0.16uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0401	0.46uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0402	0.14uM	1.51uM		
B-0403	1.77uM	2.42uM		
B-0404	0.31uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0405	0.79uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0406	0.54uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-0407	0.76uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0408	0.5uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-0409	0.53uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0410	0.38uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0411	0.62uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-0412	0.24uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0413	0.18uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-0414	2.54uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0415	0.42uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0416	0.32uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0417	0.91uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0418	0.22uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0419	0.85uM	41.0%21.0uM		
B-0420	0.83uM	49.0%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0421	0.46uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-0422	<0.1uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0423	0.18uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0424	0.083uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0425	0.26uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0426	0.055uM	0.74uM		41%@3mpk@-4h
B-0427	0.63uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0428	0.99uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0429	0.27uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0430	0.29uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0431	0.21uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-0432	<0.1uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-0433	<0.1uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0434	0.12uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0435	0.3uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-0436	1.11uM	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-0437	0.58uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-0438	<0.1uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-0439	2.12uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0440	0.66uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0441	0.8uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0442	<0.1uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-0443	2.01uM	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-0444	1.01uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0445	<0.1uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-0446	0.78uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0447	0.19uM	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-0448	0.4uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-0449	0.83uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-0450	0.26uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-0451	0.071uM	83.0%@1.0uM	42%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0452	0.7uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0453	0.47uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0454	0.11uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0455	<0.1uM	95.0%@1.0uM		36%@3mpk%-4h
B-0456	1.81uM	67.0%@1.0uM		
B-0457	0.089uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-0458	0.033uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-0459	0.099uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0460	0.061uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0461	0.025uM	96.0%@1.0uM		
B-0462	<0.1uM	97.0%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0463	0.052uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-0464	<0.1uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-0465	0.084uM	98.0%@1.0uM		
B-0466	<0.1uM	98.0%@1.0uM		0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0467	<0.1uM	77.0%@1.0uM		
B-0468	0.031uM	93.0%@1.0uM		
B-0469	0.056uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0470	0.063uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0471	0.027uM	97.0%@1.0uM		
B-0472	0.19uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0473	0.004uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-0474	0.024uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-0475	0.21uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-0476	0.56uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-0477	1.48uM	96.0%@1.0uM		
B-0478	0.034uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0479	0.031uM	90.0%@1.0uM		15%@3mpk@-4h
B-0480	0.12uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0481	0.014uM	95.0%@1.0uM		56%@3mpk@-4h
B-0482	0.97uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0483	0.57uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0484	0.28uM	62.0%@1.0uM		
B-0485	0.04uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-0486	0.24uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0487	0.11uM	89.0%@1.0uM		54%@3mpk@-4h
B-0488	0.62uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0489	0.3uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0490	0.91uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-0491	0.43uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-0492	0.069uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-0493	0.3uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0494	0.13uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-0495	0.12uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0496	0.83uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
B-0497	0.44uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0498	0.33uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0499	0.39uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0500	0.26uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0501	0.049uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0502	0.065uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0503	0.16uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0504	0.4uM	43.0%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0505	0.28uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0506	0.94uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0507	0.18uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0508	2.0uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0509	0.1uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-0510	0.69uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-0511	0.007uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-0512	1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0513	0.72uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0514	0.14uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0515	0.42uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-0516	0.37uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-0517	0.094uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0518	0.11uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-0519	0.043uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0520	0.4uM	67.0%@1.0uM		
B-0521	1.37uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0522	0.15uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0523	0.19uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-0524	0.4uM	77.0%@1.0uM		
B-0525	0.16uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0526	0.031uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0527	1.09uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0528	0.14uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-0529	0.11uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0530	5.53uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0531	0.5uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0532	0.45uM	1.01uM	41%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0533	1.23uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0534	0.41uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0535	0.44uM	0.87uM		
B-0536	0.46uM	0.15uM		
B-0537	3.44uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0538	1.13uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0539	2.84uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0540	3.62uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0541	3.24uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0542	1.55uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-0543	1.56uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0544	1.12uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0545	1.06uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0546	1.04uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-0547	1.24uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0548	1.77uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0549	2.22uM	22.0%@1.0uM		

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Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0550	2.41uM	14.0%@1.0uM		
B-0551	1.08uM	56.0%@1.0uM		
B-0552	0.13uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0553	1.44uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0554	2.58uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0555	1.87uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0556	0.49uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0557	1.37uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0558	0.85uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0559	0.53uM	49.0%@1.0uM		
B-0560	2.57uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-0561	2.07uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0562	0.22uM	0.3uM		5%@3mpk@-4h
B-0563	0.18uM	0.13uM		
B-0564	0.82uM	58%@1.0uM		
B-0565	0.23uM	0.59uM		
B-0566	<0.1uM	0.17uM		0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0567	0.14uM	0.28uM		
B-0568	1.22uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0569	0.15uM	0.26uM		
B-0570	0.27uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0571	0.38uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-0572	0.27uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0573	0.36uM	1.7uM		
B-0574	0.13uM	0.66uM		37%@3mpk@-4h
B-0575	0.032uM	0.17uM		
B-0576	0.068uM	0.39uM		65%@3mpk@-4h
B-0577	0.091uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-0578	1.88uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0579	0.11uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-0580	2.23uM	0.84uM		
B-0581	0.26uM	2.17uM		
B-0582	1.03uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0583	3.93uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0584	0.66uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0585	0.83uM	79.0%@1.0uM	50%@30mpk@-6h	
B-0586	0.81uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0587	6.84uM	38%@1.0uM		
B-0588	12.8uM	42%@1.0uM		
B-0589	1.71uM	42%@1.0uM		
B-0590	1.57uM	38.0uM		
B-0591	3.59uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0592	1.62uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0593	1.22uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0594	-	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0595	2.42uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0596	20.0uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-0597	1.68uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0598	2.12uM	50.0%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0599	4.16uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0600	0.002uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0601	0.089uM	1.31uM		43%@3mpk%-4h
B-0602	0.97uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-0603	0.09uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-0604	0.3uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-0605	0.18uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0606	0.17uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0607	2.79uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-0608	0.059uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0609	<0.1uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0610	<0.1uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0611	0.65uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-0612	0.16uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-0613	0.17uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0614	0.76uM	70.0%@1.0uM		0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0615	0.08uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-0616	0.38uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0617	0.045uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0618	0.37uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0619	<0.1uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0620	1.59uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0621	0.36uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0622	0.076uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-0623	0.12uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0624	0.085uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0625	0.023uM	88.0%@1.0uM		
B-0626	<0.1uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-0627	0.25uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-0628	0.023uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-0629	0.2uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-0630	0.06uM	77.0%@1.0uM		
B-0631	0.065uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-0632	<0.1uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-0633	0.6uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0634	0.6uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0635	0.15uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-0636	<0.1uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-0637	0.11uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0638	0.25uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-0639	0.051uM	93.0%@1.0uM		50%@3mpk@-4h
B-0640	0.36uM	94.0%@1.0uM		
B-0641	0.58uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0642	0.49uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-0643	0.069uM	85.0%@1.0uM		0%@3mpk@-4h
B-0644	0.058uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-0645	0.58uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0646	0.26uM	94.0%@1.0uM		
B-0647	1.61uM	76.0%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0648	<0.1uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-0649	0.83uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0650	0.006uM	95.0%@1.0uM		8%@3mpk@-4h
B-0651	1.78uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-0652	0.19uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-0653	2.01uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-0654	5.97uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-0655	1.25uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-0656	0.007uM	95.0%@1.0uM		28%@3mpk@-4h
B-0657	0.17uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-0658	1.14uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-0659	2.64uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-0660	0.088uM	92.0%@1.0uM		
B-0661	<0.1uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-0662	<0.1uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-0663	0.88uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-0664	0.39uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-0665	0.47uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-0666	0.17uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0667	0.83uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-0668	0.27uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-0669	0.89uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0670	3.15uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0671	6.38uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0672	6.59uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0673	8.54uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0674	2.81uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-0675	5.42uM	3.0%@1.0uM		
B-0676	2.09uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0677	1.63uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0678	0.38uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-0679	0.062uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0680	0.42uM	67.0%@1.0uM		
B-0681	1.96uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0682	0.76uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0683	13.0uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0684	0.54uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-0685	15.4uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0686	0.42uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-0687	10.1uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-0688	0.66uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-0689	14.6uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0690	27.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0691	0.16uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0692	0.38uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0693	0.39uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0694	0.62uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0695	0.23uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0696	0.085uM	35.0%@1.0uM		

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Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0746	0.01uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0747	1.1uM			
B-0748	1.2uM			
B-0749	4.4uM			
B-0750	0.92uM			
B-0751	1.6uM			
B-0752	0.33uM			
B-0753	0.37uM			
B-0754	0.55uM			
B-0755	2.3uM			
B-0756	0.94uM			
B-0757	0.54uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
B-0758	1.5uM			
B-0759	0.3uM			
B-0760	0.01uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0761	<0.1uM			
B-0762	0.13uM	5.0%@1.0uM		
B-0763	0.015uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-0764	0.67uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-0765	0.3uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0766	0.95uM			
B-0767	0.08uM			
B-0768	1.4uM			
B-0769	12.7uM			
B-0770	2.3uM			
B-0771	0.5uM			
B-0772	0.8uM			
B-0773	14.0uM			
B-0774	1.5uM			
B-0775	0.6uM	>1.0uM		
B-0776	0.9uM	>1.0uM		
B-0777	21.0uM			
B-0778	51.0uM			
B-0779	0.5uM			
B-0780	1.1uM			
B-0781	48.0uM			
B-0782	22.0uM			
B-0783	8.0uM			
B-0784	7.0uM			
B-0785	23.0uM			
B-0786	24.0uM			
B-0787	1.5uM			
B-0788	1.2uM			
B-0789	33.0uM			
B-0790	1.0uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0791	0.3uM	>1.0uM		
B-0792	1.1uM			
B-0793	0.3uM			
B-0794	2.9uM	2.0%@1.0uM		

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Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0795	1.9uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-0796	1.4uM			
B-0797	1.04uM	-		
B-0798	1.73uM	-		
B-0799	-	>1.0uM		
B-0800	1.01uM	>1.0uM		
B-0801	0.67uM	>1.0uM		
B-0802	-	>1.0uM		
B-0803	0.057uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-0804	0.3uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-0805	0.71uM	>1.0uM		
B-0806	3.28uM	>1.0uM		
B-0807	10.8uM	-		
B-0808	3.09uM	>1.0uM		
B-0809	1.22uM	7.0%@1.0uM		
B-0810	1.11uM	>1.0uM		
B-0811	2.79uM	2.0%@1.0uM		
B-0812	2.12uM	>1.0uM		
B-0813	3.02uM	>1.0uM		
B-0814	-	>1.0uM		
B-0815	2.11uM	>1.0uM		
B-0816	3.46uM	>1.0uM		
B-0817	3.07uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0818	4.97uM	>1.0uM		
B-0819	1.08uM	>1.0uM		
B-0820	1.64uM	3.0%@1.0uM		
B-0821	1.44uM	-		
B-0822	1.33uM	-		
B-0823	2.39uM	>1.0uM		
B-0824	3.41uM	-		
B-0825	-	-		
B-0826	1.74uM	-		
B-0827	15.6uM	-		
B-0828	7.9uM	-		
B-0829	0.61uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-0830	0.54uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-0831	0.9uM	>1.0uM		
B-0832	1.49uM	-		
B-0833	0.95uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-0834	1.25uM	-		
B-0835	-	-		
B-0836	1.24uM	-		
B-0837	1.96uM	>1.0uM		
B-0838	3.1uM	-		
B-0839	4.3uM	-		
B-0840	0.63uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-0841	0.32uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0842	0.74uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-0843	0.61uM	>1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0844	0.4uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0845	1.78uM	-		
B-0846	1.8uM	-		
B-0847	0.73uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-0848	1.56uM	-		
B-0849	1.25uM	-		
B-0850	1.81uM	-		
B-0851	0.91uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-0852	1.02uM	-		
B-0853	-	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0854	-	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0855	-	8.0%@1.0uM		
B-0856	-	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-0857	6.25uM	-		
B-0858	2.1uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-0859	39.5uM	-		
B-0860	38.1uM	-		
B-0861	1.32uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-0862	2.15uM	4.0%@1.0uM		
B-0863	0.81uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0864	0.39uM	40.%@1.0uM		
B-0865	0.66uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-0866	1.38uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-0867	0.62uM	>1.0uM		
B-0868	3.28uM	8.0%@1.0uM		
B-0869	4.19uM	>1.0uM		
B-0870	3.13uM	>1.0uM		
B-0871	1.9uM	>1.0uM		
B-0872	3.13uM	3.0%@1.0uM		
B-0873	6.92uM	>1.0uM		
B-0874	1.92uM	>1.0uM		
B-0875	2.13uM	8%@1.0uM		
B-0876	0.89uM	>1.0uM		
B-0877	1.17uM	13.0%@1.0uM		
B-0878	0.65uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-0879	0.87uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-0880	0.15uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-0881	1.36uM	>1.0uM		
B-0882	1.48uM	9%@1.0uM		
B-0883	1.06uM	>1.0uM		
B-0884	1.89uM	-		
B-0885				
B-0886				
B-0887				
B-0888				
B-0889				
B-0890				
B-0891				
B-0892				

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0893				
B-0894				
B-0895				
B-0896				
B-0897				
B-0898				
B-0899				
B-0900				
B-0901				
B-0902				
B-0903				
B-0904				
B-0905				
B-0906				
B-0907				
B-0908				
B-0909				
B-0910				
B-0911				
B-0912				
B-0913				
B-0914				
B-0915				
B-0916				
B-0917				
B-0918				
B-0919				
B-0920				
B-0921				
B-0922				
B-0923				
B-0924				
B-0925				
B-0926				
B-0927				
B-0928				
B-0929				
B-0930				
B-0931				
B-0932				
B-0933	47.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-0934	67.0%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-0935	69.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-0936	69.0%@1.0uM	>1.0uM		
B-0937	64.0%@1.0uM	1.74uM		
B-0938	51.0%@1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-0939	78.0%@1.0uM	14.0%@1.0uM		
B-0940	56.0%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0941	81.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM		



Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0942	82.0% @ 1.0uM	2.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0943	63.0% @ 10.0uM	24.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0944	45.0% @ 1.0uM	27.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0945	96.0% @ 1.0uM	0.93uM		
B-0946	76.0% @ 1.0uM	31.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0947	69.0% @ 1.0uM	34.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0948	68.0% @ 1.0uM	1.81uM		
B-0949	90.0% @ 1.0uM	17.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0950	81.0% @ 1.0uM	0.58uM		
B-0951	82.0% @ 1.0uM	20.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0952	44.0% @ 1.0uM	21.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0953	63.0% @ 1.0uM	25.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0954	62.0% @ 1.0uM	0.52uM		
B-0955	49.0% @ 1.0uM	0.54uM		
B-0956	56.0% @ 1.0uM	1.33uM		
B-0957	79.0% @ 1.0uM	22.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0958	74.0% @ 1.0uM	0.38uM		
B-0959	83.0% @ 1.0uM	39.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0960	48.0% @ 1.0uM	4.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0961	79.0% @ 1.0uM	23.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0962	85.0% @ 1.0uM	2.71uM		
B-0963	76.0% @ 1.0uM	39.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0964	94.0% @ 1.0uM	5.0uM		
B-0965	74.0% @ 1.0uM	1.1uM		
B-0966	50.0% @ 1.0uM	5.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0967	80.0% @ 1.0uM	29.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0968	35.0% @ 1.0uM	26.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0969	63.0% @ 1.0uM	35.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0970	76.0% @ 10.0uM	0.88uM		
B-0971	61.0% @ 1.0uM	39.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0972	85.0% @ 1.0uM	2.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0973	66.0% @ 10.0uM	48.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0974	57.0% @ 1.0uM	47.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0975	82.0% @ 1.0uM	32.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0976	79.0% @ 1.0uM	36.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0977	60.0% @ 1.0uM	26.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0978	59.0% @ 1.0uM	36.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0979	56.0% @ 10.0uM	23.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0980	68.0% @ 1.0uM	31.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0981	62.0% @ 1.0uM	57.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0982	65.0% @ 1.0uM	23.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0983	75.0% @ 1.0uM	0.8uM		
B-0984	60.0% @ 1.0uM	51.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0985	86.0% @ 1.0uM	0.75uM		
B-0986	70.0% @ 1.0uM	71.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0987	78.0% @ 1.0uM	79.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0988	72.0% @ 1.0uM	65.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-0989	85.0% @ 1.0uM	0.85uM		
B-0990	-	26.0% @ 1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-0991	58.0%@1.0uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-0992	77.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-0993	57.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-0994	55.0%@1.0uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-0995	53.0%@1.0uM	14.0%@1.0uM		
B-0996	54.0%@1.0uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-0997	69.0%@1.0uM	22.0%@1.0uM		
B-0998	67.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-0999	61.0%@1.0uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-1000	55.0%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-1001	63.0%@1.0uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-1002	70.0%@1.0uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1003	74.0%@1.0uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1004	79.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-1005	58.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-1006	69.0%@1.0uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1007	52.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-1008	54.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-1009	80.0%@1.0uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-1010	75.0%@1.0uM	1.0uM		
B-1011	72.0%21.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-1012	-	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-1013	85.0%@1.0uM	7.0%@1.0uM		
B-1014	88.0%@1.0uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-1015	77.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-1016	58.0%@1.0uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-1017	96.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1018	88.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-1019	82.0%@1.0uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-1020	87.0%@1.0uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-1021	82.0%@1.0uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-1022	84.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1023	93.0%@1.0uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-1024	89.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1025	61.0%@1.0uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-1026	87.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1027	58.0%@1.0uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-1028	70.0%@1.0uM	17.0%@1.0uM		
B-1029	69.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1030	76.0%@1.0uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-1031	69.0%@1.0uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-1032	76.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1033	86.0%@1.0uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-1034	66.0%@1.0uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-1035	75.0%@1.0uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-1036	68.0%@1.0uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1037	-	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1038	57.0%@1.0uM	0.57uM		
B-1039	-	1.33uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-1040	72.0%@1.0uM	0.38uM		
B-1041	70.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1042	79.0%@1.0uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-1043	64.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1044	94.0%@1.0uM	0.93uM		
B-1045	78.0%@1.0uM	25.0%@1.0uM		
B-1046	72.0%@1.0uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-1047	72.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1048	67.0%@1.0uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-1049	67.0%@1.0uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-1050	-	0.54uM		
B-1051	68.0%@1.0uM	41%@1.0uM		
B-1052	69.0%@1.0uM	66%@1.0uM		
B-1053	78.0%@1.0uM	0.4uM		
B-1054	79.0%@1.0uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-1055	89.0%@1.0uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-1056	89.0%@1.0uM	0.76uM		
B-1057	85.0%@1.0uM	0.72uM		
B-1058	0.66uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-1059	0.18uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-1060	0.11uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1061	0.03uM	19.0%@1.0uM		
B-1062	<0.1uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-1063	0.16uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-1064	0.39uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-1065	0.56uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1066	<0.1uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-1067	1.6uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1068	0.48uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-1069	0.22uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-1070	<0.1uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-1071	<0.1uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1072	0.38uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-1073	<0.1uM	21.0%@1.0uM		
B-1074	0.23uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-1075	0.03uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1076	0.08uM	31.0%@1.0uM		
B-1077	<0.1uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1078	0.26uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1079	<0.1uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1080	0.19uM	28.0%@1.0uM		
B-1081	<0.1uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1082	<0.1uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1083	<0.1uM	23.0%@1.0uM		
B-1084	0.43uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1085	<0.1uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1086	<0.1uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-1087	0.05uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1088	0.73uM	49.0%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-1089	<0.1uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-1090	<0.1uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-1091	<0.1uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1092	0.27uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1093	0.33uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-1094	0.013uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-1095	<0.1uM	70.0%@1.0uM		
B-1096	<0.1uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1097	<0.1uM	44.0%@1.07uM		
B-1098	<0.1uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1099	0.26uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1100	0.22uM	56.0%@1.0uM		
B-1101	0.026uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1102	0.035uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1103	0.094uM	90.0%@1.0uM		
B-1104	0.12uM	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-1105	<0.1uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1106	<0.1uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1107	0.057uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1108	0.22uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1109	0.054uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1110	0.47uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-1111	0.19uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-1112	0.58uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-1113	<0.1uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1114	0.069uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-1115	0.024uM	89.0%@1.0uM		
B-1116	0.41uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1117	0.13uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1118	0.33uM	91.0%@1.0uM		
B-1119	0.35uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1120	0.47uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-1121	3.58uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1122	1.84uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1123	2.93uM	27.0%@1.0uM		
B-1124	1.49uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-1125	0.56uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1126	1.5uM	>1.0uM		
B-1127	0.71uM	7.0%@1.0uM		
B-1128	2.55uM	26.0%@1.0uM		
B-1129	1.07uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-1130	0.5uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1131	0.076uM	34.0%@1.0uM		
B-1132	0.72uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-1133	0.38uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-1134	1.71uM	33.0%@1.0uM		
B-1135	0.23uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1136	1.17uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1137	0.038uM	35.0%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-1138	1.82uM	>1.0uM		
B-1139	0.041uM	29.0%@1.0uM		
B-1140	1.68uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-1141	2.47uM	32.0%@1.0uM		
B-1142	0.11uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1143	0.17uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1144	0.44uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1145	1.07uM	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-1146	0.47uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-1147	0.095uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1148	0.43uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-1149	1.55uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1150	0.47uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1151	0.32uM	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1152	0.73uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1153	2.22uM	52.0%@1.0uM		
B-1154	0.085uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-1155	3.22uM	30.0%@1.0uM		
B-1156	0.27uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-1157	0.26uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-1158	74%@1.0uM	0.68uM	53%@30mpk@-6h	
B-1159	66.0%@1.0uM	1.03uM	60%@30mpk@-6h	
B-1160	79.0%@1.0uM	0.38uM		
B-1161	64.0%21.0uM	0.93uM	40%@30mpk@-6h	45%@3mpk@-4h
B-1162	79.0%@1.0uM	0.59uM	40%@30mpk@-6h	
B-1163	74.0%@1.0uM	0.37uM		
B-1164	-	0.35uM		
B-1165	66.0%@1.0uM	0.99uM		
B-1166	77.0%@1.0uM	0.39uM	50%@30mpk@-6h	50%@3mpk@-4h
B-1167	70.0%@1.0uM	1.06uM		
B-1168	66.0%@1.0uM	0.63uM		
B-1169	80.0%@1.0uM	0.11uM		
B-1170	82.0%@1.0uM	0.57uM		
B-1171	78.0%@1.0uM	0.23uM		
B-1172	68.0%@1.0uM	1.95uM		
B-1173	65.0%@1.0uM	62%@1.0uM		
B-1174	80.0%@1.0uM	0.86uM		
B-1175	72.0%@1.0uM	1.83uM		
B-1176	67.0%@1.0uM	67.0%@1.0uM		
B-1177	70.0%@1.0uM	1.16uM		
B-1178	92.0%@1.0uM	1.61uM		
B-1179	86.0%@1.0uM	0.41uM		
B-1180	78.0%@1.0uM	0.53uM		
B-1181	79.0%@1.0uM	66%@1.0uM		
B-1182	72.0%@1.0uM	0.65uM		
B-1183	77.0%@1.0uM	0.2uM		
B-1184	69.0%@1.0uM	0.63uM		
B-1185	71.0%@1.0uM	0.79uM		
B-1186	83.0%@1.0uM	60%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-1187	76.0%@1.0uM	1.89uM		
B-1188	-	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-1189	68.0%@1.0uM	0.83uM		
B-1190	78.0%@1.0uM	62.0%@1.0uM		
B-1191	74.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1192	84.0%@1.0uM	0.47uM		
B-1193	69.0%@1.0uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-1194	87.0%@1.0uM	0.58uM		
B-1195	52.0%@1.0uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-1196	74.0%@1.0uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1197	77.0%@1.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-1198	92.0%@1.0uM	0.46uM		
B-1199	87.0%@1.0uM	49.0%@1.0uM		
B-1200	95.0%@1.0uM	0.64uM		
B-1201	84.0%@1.0uM	0.51uM		
B-1202	71.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1203	84.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1204	68.0%@1.0uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-1205	74.0%@1.0uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-1206	81.0%@1.0uM	0.34uM		
B-1207	90.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1208	82.0%@1.0uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-1209	86.0%@1.0uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-1210	82.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1211	88.0%@1.0uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-1212	90.0%@1.0uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1213	84.0%@1.0uM	0.62uM		
B-1214	76.0%@1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1215	86.0%@1.0uM	0.23uM		
B-1216	88.0%@1.0uM	0.18uM		
B-1217	87.0%@1.0uM	0.46uM		
B-1218	88.0%@1.0uM	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1219	85.0%@1.0uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1220	81.0%@1.0uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1221	82.0%@1.0uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-1222	65.0%@1.0uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-1223	80.0%@1.0uM	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-1224	82.0%@1.0uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1225	89.0%@1.0uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1226	89.0%@1.0uM	0.18uM		
B-1227	83.0%@1.0uM	0.22uM		
B-1228	90.0%@1.0uM	0.72uM		
B-1229	87.0%@1.0uM	0.65uM		
B-1230	90.0%@1.0uM	0.25uM		
B-1231	94.0%@1.0uM	0.56uM		
B-1232	81.0%@1.0uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1233	85.0%@1.0uM	0.36uM		
B-1234	89.0%@1.0uM	0.49uM		
B-1235	0.04uM	76.0%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-1236	0.1uM	53.0%@1.0uM		
B-1237	0.22uM	39.0%@1.0uM		
B-1238	0.14uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
B-1239	<0.1uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1240	<0.1uM	59.0%@1.0uM		
B-1241	0.04uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1242	0.08uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1243	0.04uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-1244	0.26uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-1245	0.49uM	42.0%@1.0uM		
B-1246	0.27uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1247	<0.1uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1248	<0.1uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1249	0.24uM	60.0%@1.0uM		
B-1250	0.14uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-1251	0.41uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1252	0.17uM	46.0%@1.0uM		
B-1253	0.15uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1254	0.16uM	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1255	12.9uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1256	0.12uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1257	1.48uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-1258	0.07uM	56.0%@1.0uM		
B-1259	<0.1uM	0.48uM		
B-1260	0.11uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1261	0.74uM	44.0%@1.0uM		
B-1262	<0.1uM	63.0%@1.0uM		
B-1263	1.05uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1264	0.32uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-1265	0.43uM	51.0%@1.0uM		
B-1266	<0.1uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-1267	<0.1uM	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1268	<0.1uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-1269	0.46uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1270	0.47uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1271	0.13uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1272	0.014uM	38.0%@1.0uM		
B-1273	<0.1uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-1274	<0.1uM	41.0%@1.0uM		
B-1275	<0.1uM	50.0%@1.0uM		
B-1276	0.062uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-1277	<0.1uM	47.0%@1.0uM		
B-1278	0.12uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1279	<0.1uM	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-1280	0.039uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1281	<0.1uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1282	<0.1uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1283	<0.1uM	64.0%@1.0uM		
B-1284	<0.1uM	75.0%@1.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-1285	0.057uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1286	0.15uM	78.0%@21.0uM		
B-1287	0.25uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-1288	0.15uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1289	0.73uM	35.0%@1.0uM		
B-1290	0.26uM	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1291	0.097uM	55.0%@1.0uM		
B-1292	0.01uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1293	0.31uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1294	0.013uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1295	0.079uM	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1296	0.038uM	48.0%@1.0uM		
B-1297	0.02uM	>1.0uM		
B-1298	0.055uM	20.0%@1.0uM		
B-1299	0.091uM	>1.0uM		
B-1300	0.071uM	18.0%@1.0uM		
B-1301	0.12uM	15.0%@1.0uM		
B-1302	0.023uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-1303	0.08uM	>1.0uM		
B-1304	0.11uM	10.0%@1.0uM		
B-1305	0.64uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-1306	0.11uM	>1.0uM		
B-1307	0.009uM	16.0%@1.0uM		
B-1308	<0.1uM	>1.0uM		
B-1309	0.045uM	>1.0uM		
B-1310	0.12uM	11.0%@1.0uM		
B-1311	0.05uM	57.0%@1.0uM		
B-1312	0.35uM	>1.0uM		
B-1313	0.035uM	37.0%@1.0uM		
B-1314	0.045uM	24.0%@1.0uM		
B-1315	0.055uM	12.0%@1.0uM		
B-1316	0.026uM	36.0%@1.0uM		
B-1317	0.019uM	9.0%@1.0uM		
B-1318	<0.1uM	1.0%@1.0uM		
B-1319	0.24uM	>1.0uM		
B-1320	0.047uM	43.0%@1.0uM		
B-1321	0.47uM	66.0%@1.0uM		
B-1322	0.12uM	87.0%@1.0uM		
B-1323	0.013uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1324	0.16uM	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1325	0.27uM	95.0%@1.0uM		
B-1326	0.092uM	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1327	0.13uM	65.0%@1.0uM		
B-1328	0.032uM	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1329	0.66uM	54.0%@1.0uM		
B-1330	0.053uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1331	0.004uM	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1332	0.007uM	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1333	0.45uM	76.0%@1.0uM		





Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-1381	0.055	0.73uM		
B-1382	<0.1	0.44uM		
B-1383	0.0012	0.15uM		
B-1384	0.57	0.37uM		
B-1385	<0.1	0.11uM		
B-1386	<0.1	0.25uM		
B-1387	<0.1	0.1uM		
B-1388	0.57	1.38uM		
B-1389	0.06	0.57uM		
B-1390	<0.1	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-1391	0.016uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1392	0.059uM	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1393	3.17uM	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1394	0.32uM	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-1395	1.48	61.0%@1.0uM		
B-1396	1.55	73.0%@1.0uM		
B-1397	0.92	85.0%@1.0uM		
B-1398	0.67	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1399	0.14	74.0%@1.0uM		
B-1400	0.024	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1401	0.033	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1402	0.12	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1403	4.54	71%@1.0uM		
B-1404	0.6	70%@1.0uM		
B-1405	0.28	70%@1.0uM		
B-1406	1.39	56.0%@1.0uM		
B-1407	0.4	71.0%@1.0uM		
B-1408	0.27	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-1409	<0.1	72.0%@1.0uM		
B-1410	<0.1	69%@1.0uM		
B-1411	<0.1	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1412	0.097	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1413	0.016	78.0%@1.0uM		
B-1414	0.025	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1415	1.41	79.0%@1.0uM		
B-1416	0.14	81.0%@1.0uM		
B-1417	0.069	69.0%@1.0uM		
B-1418	1.01	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1419	0.3	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1420	<0.1	82.0%@1.0uM		
B-1421	0.014	75.0%@1.0uM		
B-1422	0.58	68.0%@1.0uM		
B-1423	1.58	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1424	0.86	76.0%@1.0uM		
B-1425	0.09	83.0%@1.0uM		
B-1426	0.19	80.0%@1.0uM		
B-1427	<0.1	84.0%@1.0uM		
B-1428	<0.1	86.0%@1.0uM		
B-1429	<0.1	87.0%@1.0uM		

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Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-1430	0.75uM	35.0% @1.0uM		
B-1431	0.36uM	58.0% @1.0uM		
B-1432	0.11uM	51.0% @1.0uM		
B-1433	0.26uM	21.0% @1.0uM		
B-1434	0.19uM	28.0% @1.0uM		
B-1435	1.8uM	45.0% @1.0uM		
B-1436	1.0uM	20.0% @1.0uM		
B-1437	0.3uM	23.0% @1.0uM		
B-1438	2.01uM	27.0% @1.0uM		
B-1439	1.7uM	17.0% @1.0uM		
B-1440	0.87uM	3.0% @1.0uM		
B-1441	1.95uM	66.0% @1.0uM		
B-1442	1.54uM	18.0% @1.0uM		
B-1443	0.014uM	83.0% @1.0uM		
B-1444	0.3uM	24.0% @1.0uM		
B-1445	0.43uM	27.0% @1.0uM		
B-1446	0.77uM	36.0% @1.0uM		
B-1447	0.5uM	34.0% @1.0uM		
B-1448	1.43uM	22.0% @1.0uM		
B-1449	1.61uM	50.0% @1.0uM		
B-1450	2.1uM	49.0% @1.0uM		
B-1451	2.88uM	50% @1.0uM		
B-1452	2.41uM	47.0% @1.0uM		
B-1453	2.53uM	49.0% @1.0uM		
B-1454	1.6uM	12.0% @1.0uM		
B-1455	1.21uM	8.0% @1.0uM		
B-1456	1.29uM	>1.0uM		
B-1457	0.43uM	43.0% @1.0uM		
B-1458	0.95uM	65.0% @1.0uM		
B-1459	0.67uM	46.0% @1.0uM		
B-1460	0.96uM	29.0% @1.0uM		
B-1461	0.4uM	39.0% @1.0uM		
B-1462	0.22uM	50.0% @1.0uM		
B-1463	2.34uM	26.0% @1.0uM		
B-1464	1.18uM	27.0% @1.0uM		
B-1465	3.23uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
B-1466	1.69uM	>1.0uM		
B-1467	1.22uM	1.0% @1.0uM		
B-1468	1.61uM	10.0% @1.0uM		
B-1469	0.37uM	14.0% @1.0uM		
B-1470	0.6uM	28.0% @1.0uM		
B-1471	0.85uM	25.0% @1.0uM		
B-1472	0.93uM	12.0% @1.0uM		
B-1473	1.24uM	14.0% @1.0uM		
B-1474	1.23uM	31.0% @1.0uM		
B-1475	2.1uM	24.0% @1.0uM		
B-1476	0.047uM	42.0% @1.0uM		
B-1477	2.5uM	34.0% @1.0uM		
B-1478				

	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
Example#				
B-1479				

100280-100280

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-2270	0.72uM	31%@10.0uM		
B-2271	0.93uM	38%@10.0uM		
B-2272	0.26uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2273	1.92uM	39.0%@10.0uM		
B-2274	0.26uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2275	2.16uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2276	11.5uM	37.0%@10.0uM		
B-2277	14.9uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2278	0.8uM	51.0%@10.0uM		
B-2279	0.32uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2280	0.4uM	57.0%@10.0uM		
B-2281	0.81uM	60.0%@10.0uM		
B-2282	0.91uM	41.0%@10.0uM		
B-2283	0.04uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2284	4.61uM	62.0%@10.0uM		
B-2285	2.29uM	49.0%@10.0uM		
B-2286	0.017uM	0.78uM	25% @30mpk @-1h	
B-2287	2.56uM	61.0%@10.0uM		
B-2288	6.51uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2289	3.0uM	30.0%@10.0uM		
B-2290	2.37uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2291	0.019uM	41%@10.0uM		
B-2292	8.82uM	57.0%@10.0uM		
B-2293	2.11uM	56.0%@10.0uM		
B-2294	1.68uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2295	1.79uM	56.0%@10.0uM		
B-2296	17.3uM	63.0%@10.0uM		
B-2297	3.59uM	57.0%@10.0uM		
B-2298	0.29uM	4.22uM		
B-2299	1.97uM	62.0%@10.0uM		
B-2300	0.07uM	43.0%@10.0uM		
B-2301	0.18uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2302	1.0uM	58.0%@1.0uM		
B-2303	0.011uM	54.0%@10.0uM		
B-2304	1.41uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2305	0.54uM	60.0%@10.0uM		
B-2306	5.88uM	39.0%@10.0uM		
B-2307	2.29uM	69.0%@10.0uM		
B-2308	0.66uM	56.0%@10.0uM		
B-2309	0.29uM	47.0%@10.0uM		

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Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-2310	0.12uM	1.2uM	50%@30mpk@-6h	
B-2311	7.18uM	60.0%@10.0uM		
B-2312	2.93uM	43.0%@10.0uM		
B-2313	42.3uM	58.0%@10.0uM		
B-2314	11.0uM	66.0%@10.0uM		
B-2315	0.49uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2316	0.46uM	58.0%@10.0uM		
B-2317	1.0uM	60.0%@10.0uM		
B-2318	73.0%@10.0uM	25.0%@10.0uM		
B-2319	75.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@10.0uM		
B-2320	44.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		
B-2321	69.0%@10.0uM	27.0%@10.0uM		
B-2322	76.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@10.0uM		
B-2323	69.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2324	58.0%@10.0uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2325	60.0%@10.0uM	51.0%@10.0uM		
B-2326	76.0%@10.0uM	33.0%@10.0uM		
B-2327	76.0%@10.0uM	23.0%@10.0uM		
B-2328	65.0%@10.0uM	28.0%@10.0uM		
B-2329	72.0%@10.0uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2330	81.0%@10.0uM	37.0%@10.0uM		
B-2331	74.0%@10.0uM	44.0%@10.0uM		
B-2332	70.0%@10.0uM	47.0%@10.0uM		
B-2333	58.0%@10.0uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2334	81.0%@10.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM		
B-2335	82.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2336	48.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		
B-2337	46.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2338	73.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2339	84.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2340	35.0%@10.0uM	12.0%@10.0uM		
B-2341	75.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2342	83.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2343	43.0%@10.0uM	27.0%@10.0uM		
B-2344	71.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2345	64.0%@10.0uM	38.0%@10.0uM		
B-2346	45.0%@10.0uM	48.0%@10.0uM		
B-2347	49.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2348	76.0%@10.0uM	48.0%@10.0uM		
B-2349	75.0%@10.0uM	27.0%@10.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-2350	38.0%@10.0uM	56.0%@10.0uM		
B-2351	77.0%@10.0uM	1.0%@10.0uM		
B-2352	37.0%@10.0uM	19.0%@10.0uM		
B-2353	38.0%@10.0uM	33.0%@10.0uM		
B-2354	65.0%@10.0uM	25.0%@10.0uM		
B-2355	84.0%@10.0uM	50.0%@10.0uM		
B-2356	77.0%@10.0uM	45.0%@10.0uM		
B-2357	47.0%@10.0uM	41.0%@10.0uM		
B-2358	17.0%@10.0uM	52.0%@10.0uM		
B-2359	76.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		
B-2360	45.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2361	19.0%@10.0uM	46.0%@10.0uM		
B-2362	60%@100.0uM	39.0%@10.0uM		
B-2363	44.0%@10.0uM	1.0%@10.0uM		
B-2364	47.0%@10.0uM	4.0%@10.0uM		
B-2365	82.0%@10.0uM	43.0%@10.0uM		
B-2366	70.0%@10.0uM	59.0%@10.0uM		
B-2367	46.0%@10.0uM	40.0%@1.0uM		
B-2368	65.0%@10.0uM	55.0%@10.0uM		
B-2369	32.0%@10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2370	73%@100.0uM	20.0%@10.0uM		
B-2371	54.0%@10.0uM	36.0%@10.0uM		
B-2372	55.0%@100.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2373	50.0%@100.0uM	6%@10.0uM		
B-2374	35.0%@10.0uM	20.0%@10.0uM		
B-2375	62.0%@100.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2376	32.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@10.0uM		
B-2377	34.0%@10.0uM	17.0%@10.0uM		
B-2378	48.0%@10.0uM	61.0%@10.0uM		
B-2379	73.0%@100.0uM	45.0%@1.0uM		
B-2380	81%@100.0uM	53.0%@10.0uM		
B-2381	68%@100.0uM	2.0%@10.0uM		
B-2382	51.0%@10.0uM	24.0%@10.0uM		
B-2383	63.0%@10.0uM	35.0%@10.0uM		
B-2384	49%@100.0uM	10.0%@10.0uM		
B-2385	79.0%@10.0uM	19.0%@10.0uM		
B-2386	38.0%@10.0uM	19.0%@10.0uM		
B-2387	50.0%@100.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2388	42.0%@10.0uM	24.0%@10.0uM		
B-2389	39.0%@10.0uM	29.0%@10.0uM		

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF Inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-2390	34.0% @ 10.0uM	27.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-2391	40.0% @ 10.0uM	59.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2392	63.0% @ 10.0uM	46.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2393	43.0% @ 10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2394	37.0% @ 10.0uM	22.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2395	32.0% @ 10.0uM	28.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2396	75.0% @ 10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2397	83.0% @ 10.0uM	22.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2398	55% @ 100.0uM	10.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2399	69.0% @ 10.0uM	18.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2400	60.0% @ 10.0uM	40.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2401	78.0% @ 10.0uM	44.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2402	43.0% @ 10.0uM	52.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2403	72% @ 100.0uM	52.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2404	58% @ 100.0uM	52.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2405	47% @ 100.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2406	45.0% @ 10.0uM	24.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2407	47% @ 100.0uM	27.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2408	39.0% @ 10.0uM	10.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2409	78.0% @ 10.0uM	26.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2410	33.0% @ 10.0uM	32.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2411	26% @ 100.0uM	13.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2412	40.0% @ 10.0uM	31.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2413	75.0% @ 10.0uM	37.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2414	86.0% @ 10.0uM	38.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2415	94.0% @ 10.0uM	50.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2416	85.0% @ 10.0uM	43.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-2417	83.0% @ 10.0uM	18.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2418	88.0% @ 10.0uM	34.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2419	86.0% @ 10.0uM	66.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2420	70.0% @ 10.0uM	34.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2421	89.0% @ 10.0uM	38.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2422	90.0% @ 10.0uM	17.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2423	85.0% @ 10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2424	86.0% @ 10.0uM	43.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2425	79.0% @ 10.0uM	42.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2426	88.0% @ 10.0uM	53.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2427	87.0% @ 10.0uM	59.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2428	82.0% @ 10.0uM	50.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2429	92.0% @ 10.0uM	32.0% @ 10.0uM		



Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	U937 Cell IC50,uM or % inhib@conc. (uM)	Mouse LPS Model % TNF inhib @ dose @predose time	Rat LPS Model % inhib @dose @predose time
B-2430	90.0% @ 10.0uM	61.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2431	85.0% @ 10.0uM	68.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2432	86.0% @ 10.0uM	40.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2433	94.0% @ 10.0uM	84.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2434	92.0% @ 10.0uM	63.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2435	84.0% @ 10.0uM	4.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2436	80.0% @ 10.0uM	54.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2437	82.0% @ 10.0uM	41.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2438	75.0% @ 10.0uM	40.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2439	81.0% @ 10.0uM	44.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2440	77.0% @ 10.0uM	78.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2441	86.0% @ 10.0uM	46.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2442	86.0% @ 10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2443	84.0% @ 10.0uM	44.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2444	89.0% @ 10.0uM	7.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2445	94.0% @ 10.0uM	15.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2446	90.0% @ 10.0uM	28.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2447	94.0% @ 10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2448	75.0% @ 10.0uM	30.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2449	86.0% @ 10.0uM	42.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2450	87.0% @ 10.0uM	46.0% @ 1.0uM		
B-2451	87.0% @ 10.0uM	45.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2452	89.0% @ 10.0uM	33.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2453	91.0% @ 10.0uM	>10.0uM		
B-2454	88.0% @ 10.0uM	40.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2455	87.0% @ 10.0uM	54.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2456	86.0% @ 10.0uM	53.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2457	90.0% @ 10.0uM	18.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2458	83.0% @ 10.0uM	36.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2459	82.0% @ 10.0uM	81.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2460	80.0% @ 10.0uM	79.0% @ 10.0uM		
B-2461	67.0% @ 10.0uM	59.0% @ 10.0uM		

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Biological data from a number of compounds of Examples C-74 through C-139 are shown in the following tables.

In vitro P38-alpha kinase inhibitory data are shown in the column identified as:

**"P38 alpha kinase IC50,  $\mu$ M"**

In vitro human whole blood assay data for measuring the ability of the compounds to inhibit TNF production in human whole blood stimulated with LPS are shown in the column identified as:

**"Human Whole Blood IC50,  $\mu$ M or %Inhib@conc. ( $\mu$ M)"**

In vivo assessment of the ability of the compounds to inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF release in the rat is shown in the column identified as:

**"Rat LPS Model % Inhibition@dose@predose time"**

wherin the dose is milligram per kilogram (mpk) administered by oral gavage and the predose time indicates the number of hours before LPS challenge when the compound is administered.

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50, $\mu$ M	Human Whole Blood IC50, $\mu$ M or %Inhib@conc. ( $\mu$ M)	Rat LPS Model % Inhibition@ dose@predose time
C-74	0.037	0.56	54%@5mpk@-4h
C-75	0.045	0.4	71%@5mpk@-4h
C-76	0.07	3.24	66%@5mpk@-4h
C-77	0.071	8.2	92%@5mpk@-4h
C-78	0.068	10.5	87%@5mpk@-4h
C-79	0.045	0.52	83%@5mpk@-4h

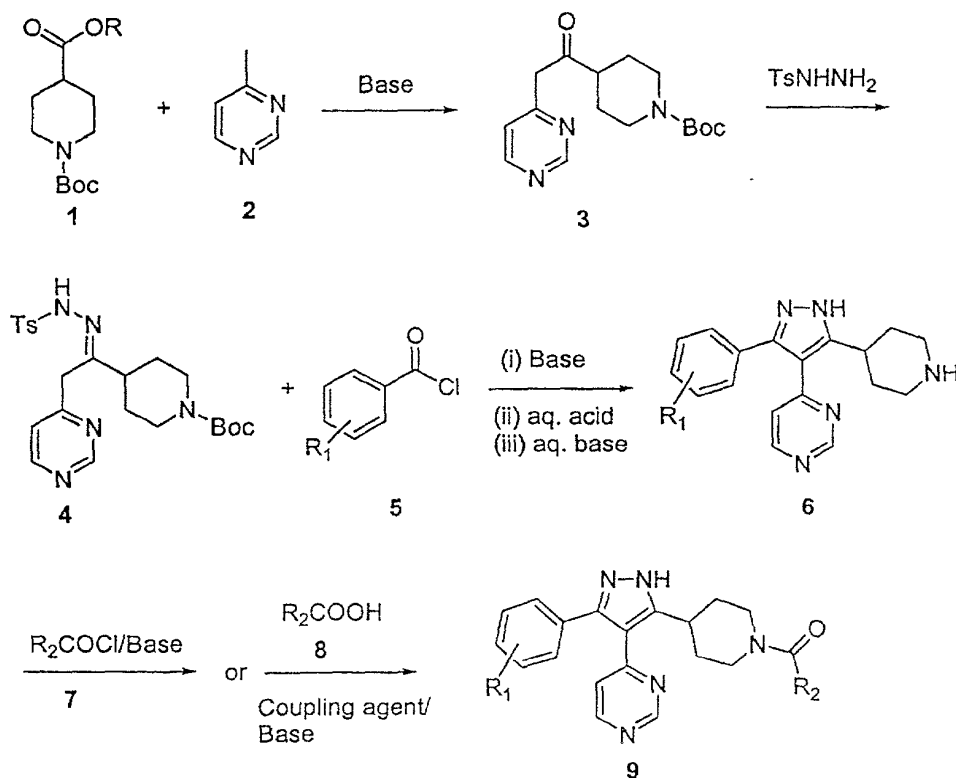
Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50, $\mu\text{M}$	Human Whole Blood IC50, $\mu\text{M}$ or %Inhib@conc. ( $\mu\text{M}$ )	Rat LPS Model % Inhibition@ dose@predose time
C-80	0.008	51% @ 5 $\mu\text{M}$	
C-81	0.037	40% @ 5 $\mu\text{M}$	
C-82	0.15	7.31	
C-83	0.24	1.23	25% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-84	0.048	0.88	22% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-85	0.57	>25	
C-86	0.007	0.19	66% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-87	0.027	0.34	
C-88	0.012	0.3	59% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-89	0.039	0.12	27% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-90	0.037	0.48	
C-91	0.054	2.31	63% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-92	0.024	0.28	66% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-93	0.009	0.38	50% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-94	0.02	0.27	73% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-95	0.13	3.91	32% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-96	0.077	2.1	38% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-97	0.025	3.83	21% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-98	0.016	0.64	78% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-99	0.062	0.38	36% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-100	0.027	0.27	44% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-101	0.083	3.71	52% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-102	0.29	7.56	72% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-105	0.033	0.13	46% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-106	0.026	0.44	23% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-107	0.014	0.38	11% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-108	0.02	0.73	0% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-111	0.21	6.05	39% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-112	0.54	6.36	89% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-113	0.082	2.72	77% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-114	0.11	1.73	39% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-115	0.042	10.2	39% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-116	0.429	0.50	53% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-117	3.42	7.26	71% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-118	0.298	>25	39% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-120	0.7	18.6	26% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-121	0.11	15.3	39% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-122	0.025		55% @ 5mpk @ -4h
C-123	0.67	>25.0	

Example#	P38 alpha kinase IC50, $\mu\text{M}$	Human Whole Blood IC50, $\mu\text{M}$ or %Inhib@conc. ( $\mu\text{M}$ )	Rat LPS Model % Inhibition@ dose@predose time
C-124	0.17	4.56	51%@20mpk@-4h
C-125	7.22	>25.0	
C-126	0.71	>25.0	6%@20mpk@-4h
C-127	0.038	0.27	53%@5mpk@-4h
C-128	0.09	2.22	63%@5mpk@-4h
C-132	0.086	44% @ 5 $\mu\text{M}$	
C-133	0.16	4.54	55%@5mpk@-4h
C-135	6.0		
C-136	0.032		
C-137	0.051		58%@5mpk@-4h
C-138	0.28	0.68	26%@5mpk@-4h
C-139	0.2	3.66	46%@5mpk@-4h

Additional compounds of interest can be prepared as set forth above and as described below in Scheme D-1, wherein the  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  substituents are as defined previously.

5

Scheme D-1



The synthesis begins with the treatment of 4-methylpyrimidine 2 with a base such as LiHMDS, LDA or tBuOK in an organic solvent such as THF or ether which is cooled in an ice bath (0-10 °C). To the resulting 4-methylanion is added a solution of a suitably protected (Boc is shown) ethyl ester of isonipecotic acid 1 in THF or ether. The reaction is allowed to warm to room

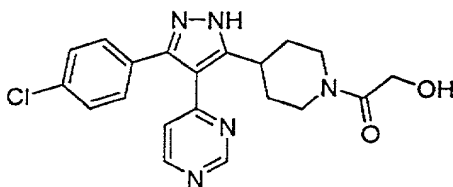
temperature and stirred for a period of 4 hours to 20 hours at which time the desired ketone 3 is isolated after aqueous work up. Condensation of the ketone 3 with tosylhydrazide in toluene or benzene as a solvent at  
5 refluxing temperatures for a period of 1 hour to 5 hours affords the hydrazone 4. The hydrazone 4 is reacted with a suitably substituted benzoyl chloride 5, in the presence of a base such as LiHMDS or LDA or tBuOK or triethylamine at temperatures ranging from 0 °C to 70 °C. The reaction  
10 is stirred for a period of 3-6 hours. Acidic hydrolysis of the protecting groups with an aqueous acid such as HCl or H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and subsequent neutralization with an aqueous base such as NaOH or KOH affords the desired pyrazole 6. Treatment of the pyrazole 6 with an acid chloride 7 in the  
15 presence of base or with an acid 8 under standard peptide coupling conditions (EDC or DCC or PyBrOP with an additive such as HOBT or HATU and base such as N-methylmorpholine or diisopropylethylamine or triethylamine) affords the desired pyrazole amide 9. In most instance the desired  
20 products can be obtained pure by direct trituration with solvents such as methanol, ethyl acetate, acetonitrile or ether and/or recrystallization from suitable solvents.

The following examples contain detailed descriptions of the methods of preparation of these additional  
25 compounds that form part of the invention. These detailed descriptions are presented for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a restriction on the scope of the invention. All compounds showed NMR spectra consistent with their assigned structures.

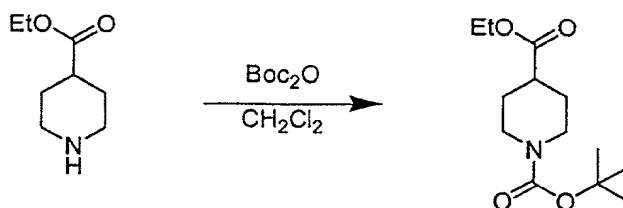
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#### Example D-1

N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



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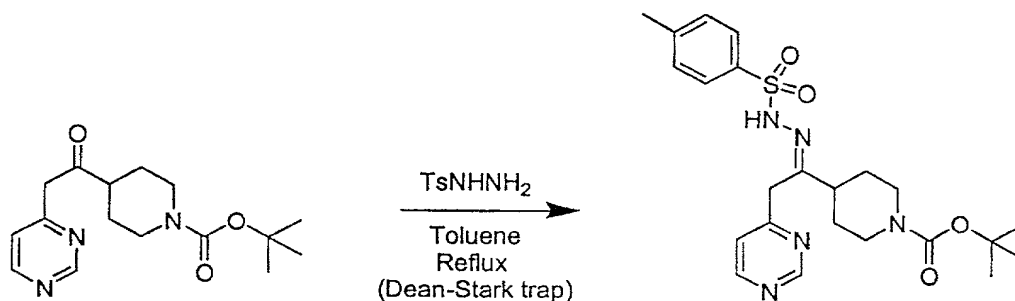


Step 1: A 5 L 4-necked round bottom flask fitted  
 10 with an overhead mechanical stirrer, N<sub>2</sub> inlet and a  
 thermocouple was charged with 600 g (2.75 mol) of di-tert-  
 butyl-dicarbonate and 1.5 L of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The solution was  
 cooled to 0 °C and 428 g (2.73 mol) of ethyl isonipecotate  
 was added dropwise via an addition funnel. The addition  
 15 took 45 minutes and the temperature rose from 0 °C to 17.4  
 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for an additional 2  
 hours at ambient temperature. The solvent was removed *in*  
*vacuo* to afford 725 g of a yellow oil (residual solvent  
 remained).

20



Step 2: A 3 L 3-necked round bottom flask fitted with an overhead mechanical stirrer, a N<sub>2</sub> inlet, an addition funnel and a thermocouple was charged with 1850 mL (1.85 mol) of a 1.0 M solution of LiHMDS in THF. The flask was cooled to 5 °C and 68 mL (0.74 mol) of 4-methylpyrimidine was added (neat) to the stirred solution. To this solution was added 198 g (0.77 mol) of Ethyl-N-t-butylcarboxyl isonipecotate dissolved in 160 mL of THF. The ice bath was removed and the reaction was allowed to stir for 18 hours. The reaction was quenched with 500 mL of saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and was extracted with 500 mL of ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with 500 mL of brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 235 g of a brown oil.



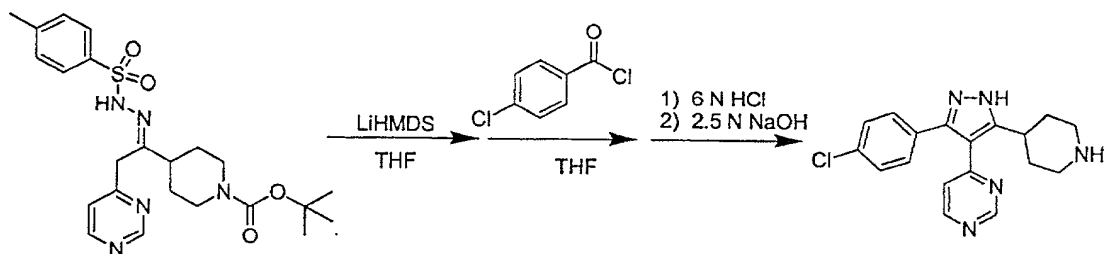
Step 3: A 2 L 3-necked round bottom flask fitted with an overhead mechanical stirrer, a Dean-Stark trap and



a thermocouple was charged with 1.5 L of toluene, 226 g (0.742 mol) of N-t-butylcarbonyl-1-(4-piperidyl)-2-(4-pyrimidyl)-1-ethanone and 138.4 g (0.743 mol) of tosyl hydrazide. The mixture was warmed to reflux. The solution was allowed to reflux for 2 hours and was cooled to ambient temperature. The reaction was allowed to stand overnight. A fine precipitate formed and was removed by filtration. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a brown solid. The solid was suspended in 500 mL of ethyl acetate and the resulting mixture was placed in a sonication bath for 5 hours. The mixture was cooled in an ice bath and was filtered to afford 310 g of a wet solid. The solid was dried in a vacuum oven (40 °C, 5 mm) overnight to afford 248 g of the desired hydrazone (71%).

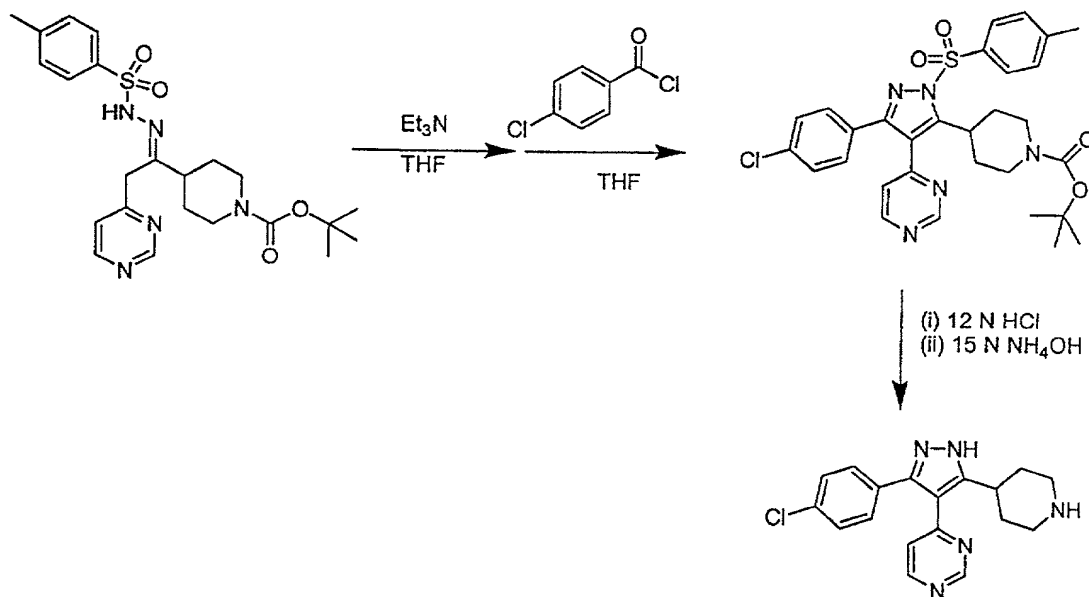
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 9.03 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.72 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (dd, *J* = 5.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 2.71 (t, *J* = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.34 (m, 1H), 1.66 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 2H), 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.38 (m, 2H); MS (*M* + *H*): 474 (base peak).

## Step 4:



**Method A.** A 2 L 3-necked round bottom flask fitted with an overhead mechanical stirrer, a N<sub>2</sub> inlet, an addition funnel and a thermocouple was charged with 400 mL (400 mmol) of a 1.0 M solution of LiHMDS in THF. The solution was cooled to -21.9 °C and a solution of 62 g (131 mmol) of N-t-butylcarbonyl-1-(4-piperidyl)-2-(4-pyrimidyl)-1-ethanone p-toluenesulfonyl hydrazone in 400 mL of THF was added slowly. The temperature never exceeded -11 °C throughout the addition. The solution was re-cooled to -19.6 °C and 23.0 g (131 mmol in 250 mL of THF) of p-chlorobenzoylchloride was added slowly. The temperature never exceeded -13 °C throughout the addition. The cooling bath was removed and the reaction was allowed to warm to ambient temperature. After 3 hours the reaction was quenched with 600 mL of 3 N HCl. The reaction was warmed to reflux and was held at reflux for 2 hours. The reaction was allowed to cool to ambient temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was washed with 1.4 L of Et<sub>2</sub>O and the aqueous phase was neutralized with 1 L of 2.5 N NaOH. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 1000 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with brine (1 x 500 mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 21 g of a yellow solid. The solid was suspended in 500 mL of 2:1 Et<sub>2</sub>O/hexane. After sonication the solid was isolated by filtration to leave a wet solid. The solid was dried in a vacuum oven to afford 13.8 g of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 9.18 (s, 1H), 8.65 (d, J = 5.2, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.5, 2H), 7.37 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d,

$J = 5.2$  Hz, 1H), 3.16 (m, 1H), 3.00 (d,  $J = 11.9$  Hz, 2H), 2.52 (m, 2H), 1.69 (m, 4H); MS ( $M + H$ ): 340 (base peak).

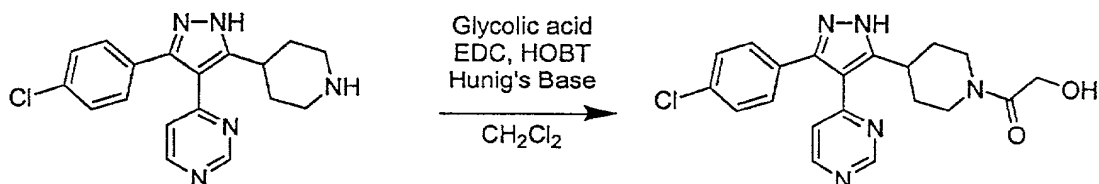


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**Method B:** To a solution of 200 g (423 mmol) of N-t-butylcarbonyl-1-(4-piperidyl)-2-(4-pyrimidyl)-1-ethanone p-toluenesulfonyl hydrazone in 800 mL THF was added 70 mL (500 mmol) of triethylamine in a 3 L three necked flask. The solution was cooled in an ice/salt/water bath to 0-5 °C. To this cold solution was added a solution of 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride (74 g, 423 mmol) in 100 mL THF dropwise, maintaining the temperature below 10 °C. After the addition was complete the ice-bath was removed and replaced with a heating mantle. 4-N, N-dimethylaminopyridine (5 g, 40 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was heated to 50 °C for 15-30 minutes. The reaction mixture was filtered and the residue washed

with THF (100 mL). The combined filtrates were evaporated under reduced pressure to a semisolid.

The semisolid residue was dissolved in 450 mL THF and 180 mL of 12 N HCl was added to this solution rapidly. The reaction mixture was heated to 65 °C for 1.5-2 hours and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic layer was discarded and the aqueous phase was washed twice with 200 mL of THF. The aqueous phase was transferred back to a 2 L flask and cooled to 0-10 °C in an ice bath. The pH of the solution was adjusted to between ~ 9-10 by dropwise addition of 15 N ammonium hydroxide (~ 180 mL). This mixture was transferred back to a separatory funnel and extracted with warm n-butanol (3 X 150 mL). The combined n-butanol phases were evaporated under reduced pressure to dryness. The residue was then stirred with methanol (200 mL), filtered and dried to obtain 129 g (90%) of the desired 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole as a off-white solid. This material was identical in all respects to the material prepared by Method A.



Step 5: A 1 L round bottom flask was charged with 34.2 g (102 mmol) of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole, 500 mL of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and 26.6 mL (153 mmol) of Hunig's base. To this suspension was added 16.5

g (122 mmol) of 1-hydroxybenzotriazole and 8.1 g (106 mmol) of glycolic acid. The addition of glycolic acid was followed by the addition of 23.7 g (122 mmol) of 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride.

5 The reaction was allowed to stir at ambient temperature overnight. The reaction was concentrated *in vacuo* to leave an oily residue. The residue was dissolved in 400 mL of methanol and 50 mL of 2.5 N NaOH. The reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 1 hour.

10 The mixture was acidified to pH 5 with 2 N HCl and was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (6 x 200 mL). The combined organic phases were filtered through phase paper and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to leave a yellow residue. The residue was treated with 75 mL of acetonitrile. A

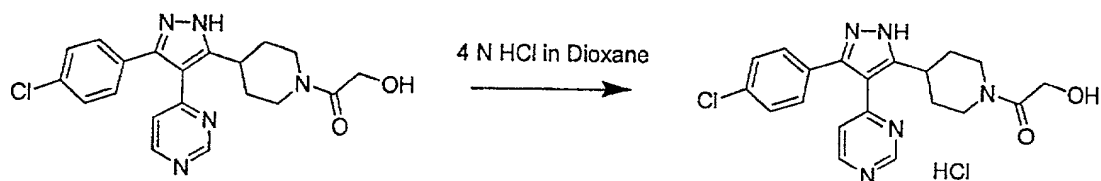
15 precipitate formed. The solid was filtered and washed with additional acetonitrile and Et<sub>2</sub>O to afford 31.4 g of N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 9.20 (s, 1H), 8.67 (d, *J* = 4.8, 1H), 7.40 (m, 4H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 4.0, 1H), 4.53 (m, 2H), 4.13 (s, 2H), 3.77 (m, 1H), 3.05 (t, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.73 (m, 2H); MS (M + H): 398 (base peak).

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#### Example D-2

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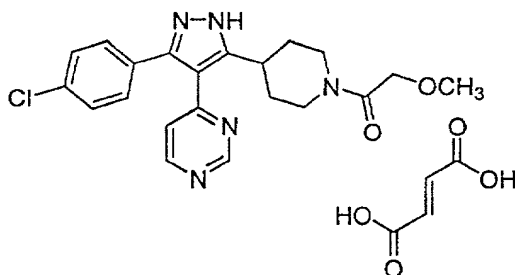
N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole hydrochloride



A 25 mL round bottom flask was charged with 65 mg  
 (0.164 mmol) of N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-  
 pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole and 2.5 mL of  
 dioxane. To this suspension was added 0.082 mL of 4 N HCl  
 in dioxane. The mixture was stirred for 2 hours. The  
 mixture was diluted with 5 mL of Et<sub>2</sub>O and filtered. The  
 solid was dried over solid CaSO<sub>4</sub> under vacuum for 12 h to  
 afford 68 mg of N-(2-hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-  
 pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole hydrochloride. <sup>1</sup>H  
 NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 9.18(s, 1H), 8.63(d, J=5.37 Hz, 1H),  
 7.40(d, J=8.59 Hz, 2H), 7.33(d, J=8.59 Hz, 2H), 7.15(m,  
 1H), 4.40(m, 1H), 4.06(m, 2H), 3.72(m, 1H), 3.33(m, 1H),  
 2.97(m, 1H), 2.62(m, 1H), 1.83(m, 2H), 1.64(m, 2H); MS  
 (M+H): 398

### Example D-3

N-(2-Methoxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-  
 chlorophenyl)pyrazole (fumarate salt)

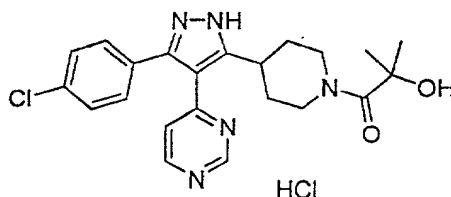


To a suspension of 250 mg (0.74 mmol) of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-1, Step 3) and 180 mg (1.48 mmol) of N,N-dimethylamino pyridine in 20 mL of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ , was added 88 mg (0.81 mmol) of 2-methoxyacetyl chloride. The reaction was stirred for 5 hours. The reaction was quenched with 20 mL of saturated  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$ . The mixture was extracted with n-butyl alcohol and the organic layer was washed with brine. The solvent was removed to afford 72 mg of an oil. This oil was dissolved in 1 mL of warm MeOH. This solution was combined with a warm solution of 1 equivalent of fumaric acid in warm MeOH. The solution was cooled to ambient temperature and the reaction was allowed to stir for 1 hour. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was triturated with  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ . The resulting solid was isolated by filtration to yield 56 mg of an off-white powder.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ ) 13.23 (bs, 1H), 9.19 (d,  $J$  = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.65 (d,  $J$  = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (m, 4H), 7.16 (dd,  $J$  = 5.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (bd,  $J$  = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 4.11 ( $q_{\text{AB}}$ ,  $J$  = 39.0, 13.8 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (bd,  $J$  = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (m, 4H), 3.04 (bt,  $J$  = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (bt,  $J$  = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.77 (m, 4H); MS ( $M + H$ ): 411 (base peak).

## Example D-4

N-(2-Hydroxy-2-methylpropionyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole hydrochloride

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Step 1: To a suspension of 2.05 g (6.1 mmol) of 5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole (Example C-1, Step 3) and 3.7 g (30.5 mmol) of N,N-dimethylamino pyridine in 30 mL of  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  was added 1.06 mL (7.3 mmol) of 2-acetoxy-2-methylpropionyl chloride. The reaction was allowed to stir overnight at ambient temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  and water. The resulting aqueous phase was extracted with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ . The combined organic layers were concentrated in vacuo to leave an oily solid. The residue was treated with  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  and allowed to stand for 15 minutes. The resulting suspension was diluted with Et<sub>2</sub>O and was filtered to afford 2.2 g of a solid. Analysis by LC/MS indicated that the solid was a mixture of the hydroxy derivative and the acetoxy derivative. This solid was carried on to the next step without further purification.

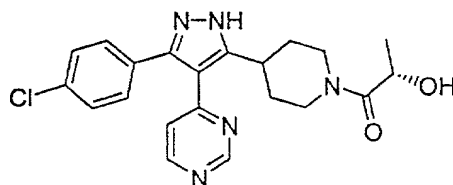
Step 2: A solution of 1 g of the solid from step 1 in 10 mL of MeOH was treated with 500 mg of solid  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$ . The mixture was allowed to stir overnight at ambient



temperature. The suspension was treated with water and the resulting solution was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was filtered through phase separation paper (to remove the residual water) and was concentrated in *vacuo* to leave an oily solid. The solid was dried under vacuum and was treated with CH<sub>3</sub>CN. The suspension was filtered to afford 825 mg of an off-white solid. This solid was suspended in 5 mL of dioxane and 0.5 mL of 4 N HCl in dioxane was added. The suspension was stirred for 1 hour and the suspension was filtered to leave a solid. The solid was washed with Et<sub>2</sub>O and the resulting suspension was filtered to give 900 mg of the title compound. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 9.23 (s, 1H), 8.69 (s, 1H), 7.45 (m, 4H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 4.8 (br m, 4H), 3.85 (m, 2H), 3.38 (m, 1H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.37 (s, 6H); MS (M + H): 426 (base peak).

#### Example D-5

(*S*)-N-(2-Hydroxypropionyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole hydrochloride



By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (*S*)-lactic acid for glycolic acid the title compound was prepared. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 13.15 (s, br, 1H), 9.12 (d, *J*=1.07 Hz, 1H), 8.59 (d, *J*=5.37 Hz, 1H),

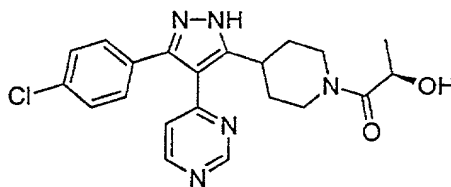
7.39(d,  $J=7.79\text{Hz}$ , 2H), 7.31(d,  $J=8.33$ , 2H), 7.10(dd,  $J=1.34$ , 5.1Hz, 1H), 4.76(m, 1H), 4.41(m, 2H), 3.99(m, 1H), 2.97(m, 1H), 2.45(m, 1H), 1.83(m, 2H), 1.64(m, 2H), 1.15(m, 3H); MS (M+H): 412 (base peak).

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#### Example D-6

(R)-N-(2-Hydroxypropionyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole hydrochloride

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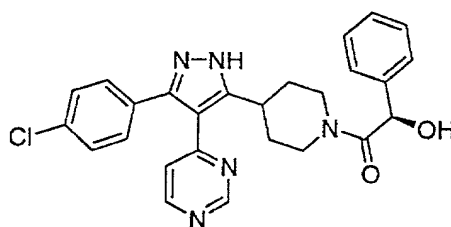
By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (R)-lactic acid for glycolic acid the title compound was prepared.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 9.24(s, 1H), 8.52(d,  $J = 5.0$  Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.36(m, 4H), 6.98(d,  $J = 5.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.72(d,  $J = 10.5$  Hz, 1H), 4.55(br, 1H), 3.88(d,  $J = 13.1$  Hz, 1H), 3.66(br, 1H), 3.19(br, 1H), 2.82(t,  $J = 12.4$  Hz, 1H), 2.10(br, 2H), 1.37(d,  $J = 6.2$  Hz, 3H), 1.81-1.90(m, 2H); MS (M + H): 412 (base peak).

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#### Example D-7

(R)-N-(2-Hydroxy-2-phenylacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

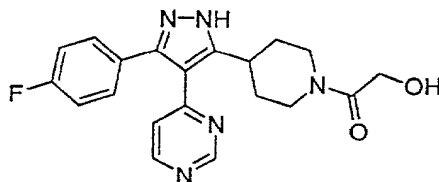
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By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting (R)-phenylacetic acid for glycolic acid the title compound was prepared. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 9.15 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 8.63 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (m, 9H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (d, *J* = 19.5 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (s, 1H), 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.33 (m, 4H), 2.8 (m, 2H), 1.68 (m, 3H); MS (M + H): 474 (base peak).

#### Example D-8

N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrazole



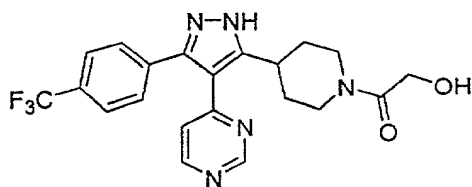
By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting 4-fluorobenzoyl chloride for 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride the title compound was prepared. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMF-d<sub>2</sub>) 13.48 (s, 1H), 9.40 (s, 1H), 8.86 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (br, 2H), 7.42 (bd, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 3H), 4.78 (br, 1H), 4.43 (s, 2H), 4.04 (br, 1H), 3.79 (br, 1H), 3.70 (s, 1H),

3.34 (t,  $J = 12.2$  Hz, 1H), 3.0 (br, 1H), 2.21 (d,  $J = 10.9$  Hz, 2H), 2.08 (br, 1H); MS (M + H): 382 (base peak).

#### Example D-9

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N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)pyrazole



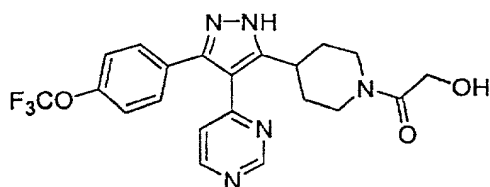
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By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting 4-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride for 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride the title compound was prepared.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (DMF- $d_7$ ) 13.47 (s, 1H), 9.24 (s, 1H), 8.73 (d,  $J =$   
 15 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (bd,  $J = 13.3$  Hz, 4H), 7.34 (d,  $J = 4.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.61 (br, 1H), 4.26 (s, 2H), 3.87 (br, 1H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 3.17 (t,  $J = 12.0$  Hz, 1H), 2.8 (br, 1H), 2.02 (br, 2H), 1.91 (br, 1H); MS (M + H): 432 (base peak).

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#### Example D-10

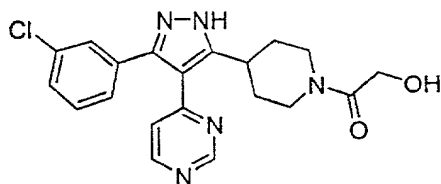
N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl)pyrazole



By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting 4-trifluoromethoxybenzoyl chloride for 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride the title compound was prepared. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMF-d<sub>7</sub>) 13.55(s, 1H), 9.40(s, 1H), 8.88(d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 7.81(d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.64(br, 2H), 7.47(d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.75(br, 1H), 4.42(s, 2H), 4.04(d, J = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 3.69(br, 2H), 3.34(t, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.0(br, 1H), 2.20(d, J = 11.7 Hz, 2H), 2.05(br, 1H); MS (M + H): 448 (base peak).

#### Example D-11

N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidinyl)-3-(3-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting 3-chlorobenzoyl chloride for 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride the title compound was prepared. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMF-d<sub>7</sub>) 13.41(s, 1H), 9.24(s, 1H), 8.73(d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.56(s, 1H), 7.49(br, 2H), 7.41(br, 1H), 7.32(d, J = 4.2

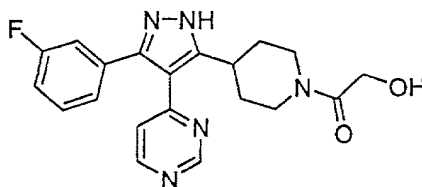
Hz, 1H), 4.60(d,  $J$  = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.25(s, 2H), 3.87(d,  $J$  = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.52(bs, 2H), 3.17(t,  $J$  = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 2.84(d,  $J$  = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 2.03(d,  $J$  = 11.9 Hz, 2H), 1.87(br, 1H); MS ( $M + H$ ): 398 (base peak).

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#### Example D-12

N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(3-fluorophenyl)pyrazole

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By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting 3-fluorobenzoyl chloride for 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride the title compound was prepared.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{DMF-d}_7$ )

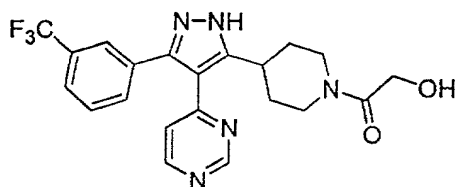
13.38(s, 1H), 9.24(s, 1H), 8.72(d,  $J$  = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.49(dd,  $J$  = 8.0 and 6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.32(m, 4H), 4.60(d,  $J$  = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 4.25(s, 2H), 3.87(d,  $J$  = 13.3 Hz, 1H), 3.55-3.60(m, 1H), 3.52(s, 1H), 3.17(t,  $J$  = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 2.82(d,  $J$  = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 2.03(d,  $J$  = 10.9 Hz, 2H), 1.83-1.96(m, 1H); MS ( $M + H$ ): 382 (base peak).

20

#### Example D-13

N-(2-Hydroxyacetyl)-5-(4-piperidyl)-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)pyrazole

25



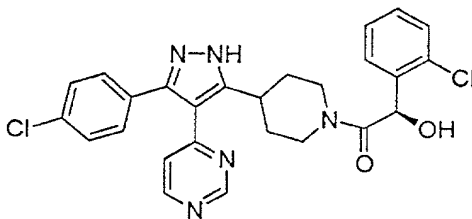
By following the method of Example C-1 and substituting 3-trifluoromethylbenzoyl chloride for 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride the title compound was prepared.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (DMF-d<sub>7</sub>) 13.76(s, 1H), 9.41(s, 1H), 8.91(d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 8.02(s, 1H), 7.95(t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.85(t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.53(d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.78(d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H), 4.45(d, J = 16.3 Hz, 2H), 4.06(d, J = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 3.69(bs, 2H), 3.34(t, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 3.01(d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 2.20(d, J = 11.1 Hz, 2H), 2.12(br, 1H); MS (M + H): 432 (base peak).

The following examples can be prepared in a manner similar to that described above for the synthesis of Examples C1-C13.

#### Example D-14

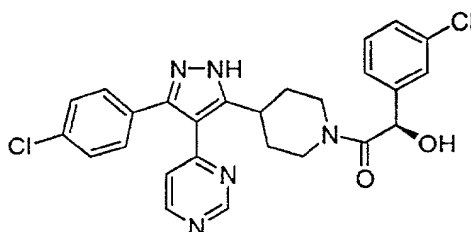
5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-2-(2-chlorophenyl)acetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



## Example D-15

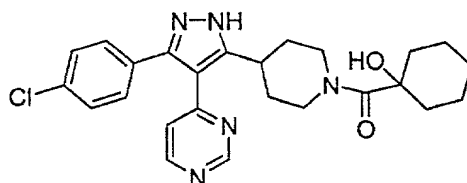
5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxy-2- (3-chlorophenyl) acetyl) piperidyl] -4-  
 (4-pyrimidyl) -3- (4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole

5



## Example D-16

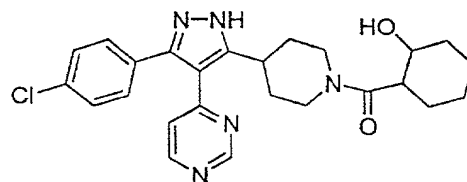
10 5- [4-*N*- (1-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl) piperidyl] -4- (4-  
 pyrimidyl) -3- (4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole



15

## Example D-17

15 5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl) piperidyl] -4- (4-  
 pyrimidyl) -3- (4-chlorophenyl) pyrazole

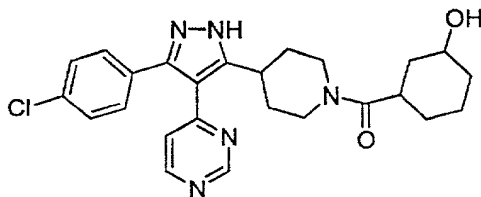


20



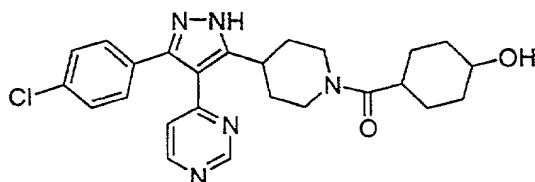
## Example D-18

5- [4-*N*-(3-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-  
pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



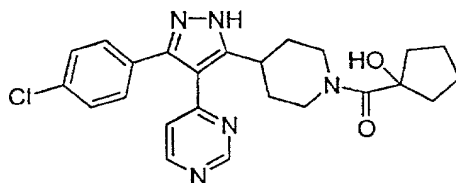
## Example D-19

5- [4-*N*-(4-hydroxy-1-cyclohexylacetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-  
pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



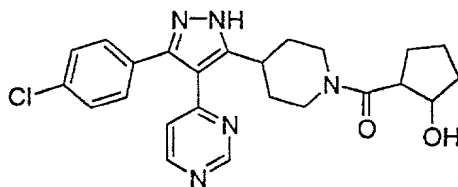
## Example D-20

5- [4-*N*-(1-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-  
pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



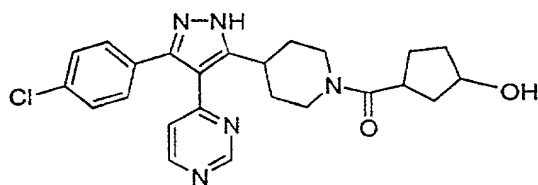
## Example D-21

5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl)piperidyl] -4- (4-pyrimidyl) -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



## Example D-22

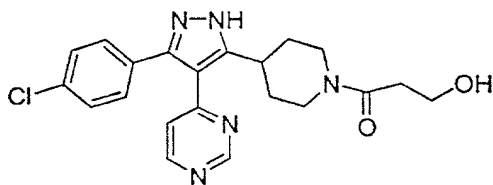
10 5- [4-*N*- (3-hydroxy-1-cyclopentylacetyl)piperidyl] -4- (4-pyrimidyl) -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



15

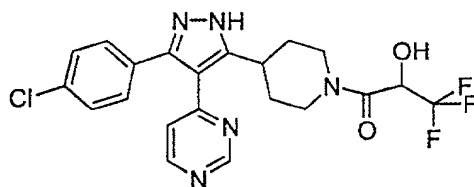
## Example D-23

20 5- [4-*N*- (3-hydroxypropionyl)piperidyl] -4- (4-pyrimidyl) -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



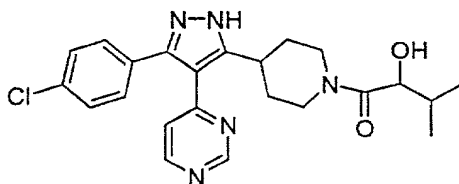
## Example D-24

5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxy-3,3,3-trifluoropropionyl)piperidyl] -4-  
 (4-pyrimidyl) -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



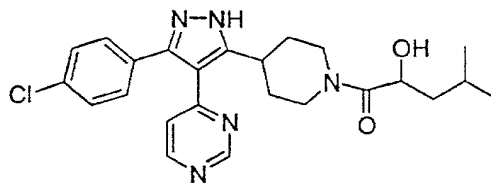
## Example D-25

5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxy-3-methylbutyryl)piperidyl] -4- (4-  
 pyrimidyl) -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



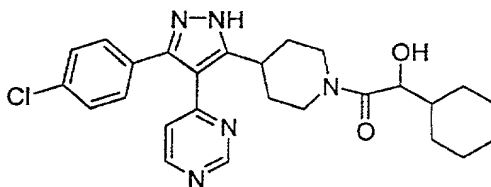
## Example D-26

5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxyisocaproyl)piperidyl] -4- (4-pyrimidyl) -3-  
 (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



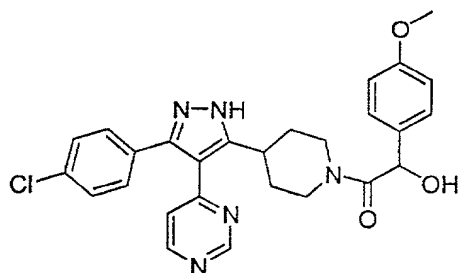
## Example D-27

5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxy-2-cyclohexylacetyl)piperidyl] -4- (4-  
 5 pyrimidyl) -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



## Example D-28

10 5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxy-2- (4-methoxyphenyl) acetyl)piperidyl] -4-  
 (4-pyrimidyl) -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



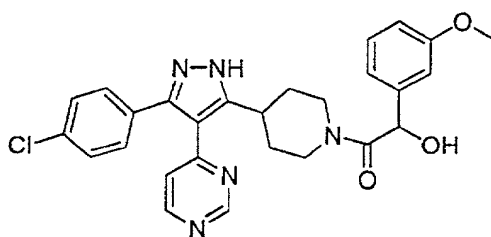
15

## Example D-29

5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxy-2- (3-methoxyphenyl) acetyl)piperidyl] -4-  
 (4-pyrimidyl) -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

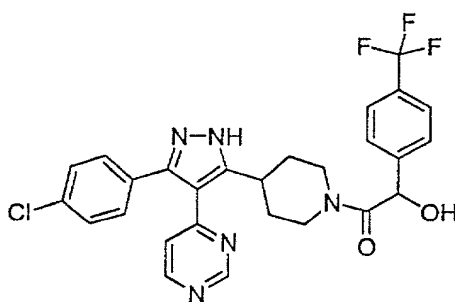
20

1078



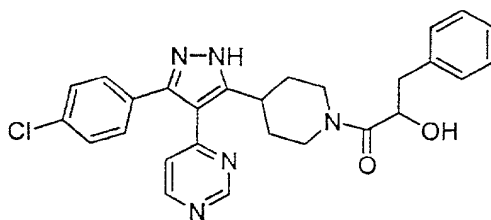
Example D-30

5 5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)acetyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



Example D-31

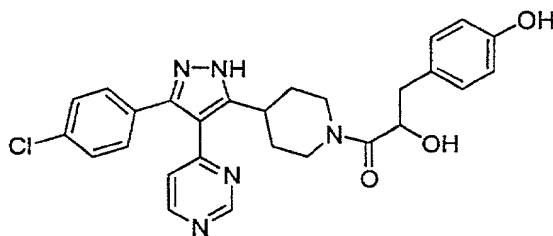
5-[4-N-(2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropionyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



## Example D-32

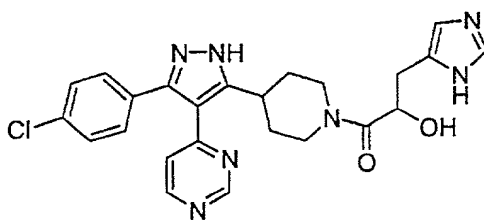
5- [4-*N*-(2-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl)piperidyl]-  
4-(4-pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

5



## Example D-33

10 5- [4-*N*-(2-hydroxy-3-imidazolpropionyl)piperidyl]-4-(4-  
pyrimidyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



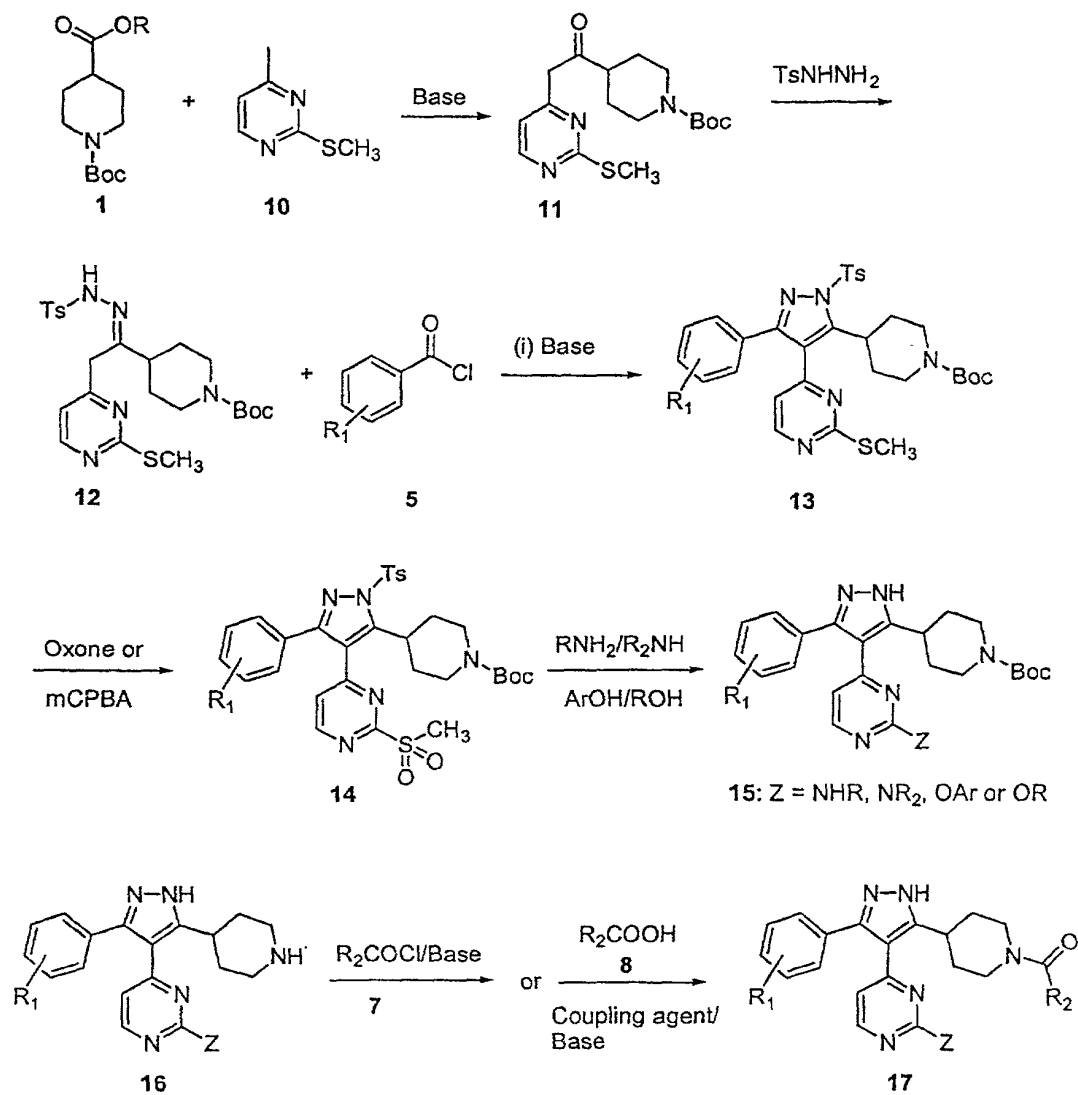
15

The synthesis of 2-substituted pyrimidinyl pyrazoles is shown in Scheme 2. Reaction of 2-methylmercapto-4-methyl pyrimidine 10 with *N*-Boc methyl ester of isonipecotic acid (1) under basic (base selected from  
20 LiHMDS or LDA or *t*BuOK) conditions in an anhydrous solvent such as tetrahydrofuran or ether affords the desired ketone 11. Condensation of the ketone 11 with tosyl hydrazine under refluxing conditions in either toluene or

benzene affords the hydrazone 12. The hydrazone 12 is deprotonated under basic (base selected from LiHMDS or LDA or tBuOK) conditions in an anhydrous solvent such as tetrahydrofuran or ether and the anion is reacted in situ  
5 with a suitably substituted benzoyl chloride 5 to afford, after mild aqueous work up, the desired and fully protected pyrazole 13. Oxidation of the 2-mercaptomethyl group present in 13 with oxidants selected from but not limited to Oxone<sup>®</sup>, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> or mCPBA in solvents such as  
10 dichloromethane, acetonitrile or tetrahydrofuran affords the 2-methanesulfonyl pyrazole 14. The 2-methanesulfonyl group in 14 is conveniently displaced with various amines, aryloxides or alkoxides in solvents such as tetrahydrofuran, dioxane, dimethylformamide or  
15 acetonitrile at temperatures ranging from 20 °C to 200 °C. Under these reaction conditions the tosyl protecting group on the pyrazole is also simultaneously deprotected. Aqueous workup affords the desired tosyl deprotected, 2-alkoxy, or 2-aryloxy or 2-amino substituted pyrazoles 15.  
20 The alkoxides or aryloxides are generated from their respective alcohols or phenols with suitable bases such as LiHMDS, NaH, LDA or tBuOK in solvents such as tetrahydrofuran, dioxane or dimethylformamide. Deprotection of the remaining N-Boc group in 15 is  
25 accomplished with trifluoroacetic acid or hydrochloric acid in solvents such as dichloromethane or dioxane to afford the pyrazole 16. Treatment of the pyrazole 16 with an acid chloride 7 in the presence of base or with an acid 8 under standard peptide coupling conditions (EDC or DCC  
30 or PyBrOP with an additive such as HOBT or HATU and base

such as N-methylmorpholine or diisopropyl ethylamine) affords the desired final products 17.

Scheme D-2





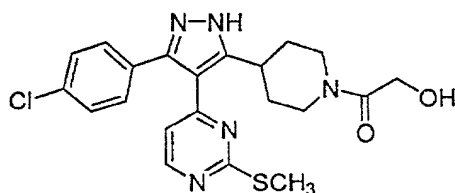
The following 2-substituted pyrimidine compounds can be prepared as set forth above, particularly in a manner similar to that outlined above in Scheme D-2.

5

## Example D-34

5-[4-*N*-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(2-thiomethyl)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

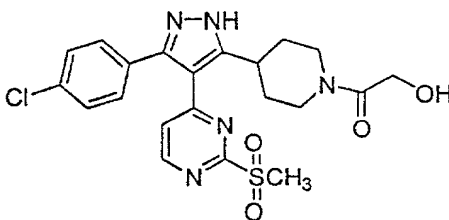
10



## Example D-35

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5-[4-*N*-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(2-methanesulfonyl)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

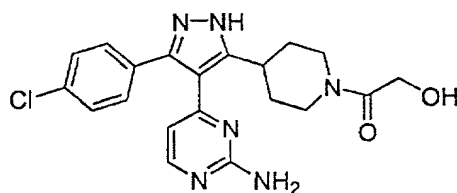


## Example D-36

20

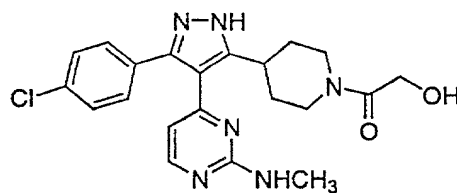
5-[4-*N*-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl]-4-[4-(2-amino)pyrimidyl]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

1083



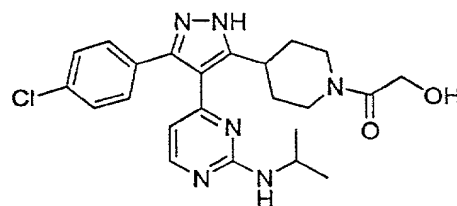
Example D-37

5            5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl] -4- [4- (2-  
methylamino)pyrimidyl] -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



Example D-38

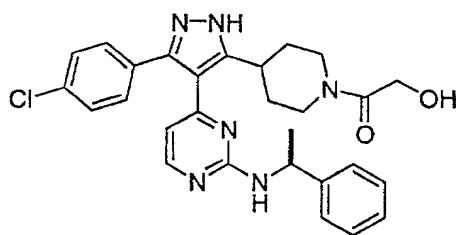
10            5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl] -4- [4- (2-  
isopropylamino)pyrimidyl] -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



Example D-39

15            5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl] -4- [4- (2-*S*-  
20 methylbenzylamino)pyrimidyl] -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

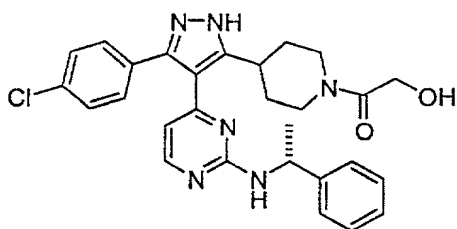
1084



Example D-40

5

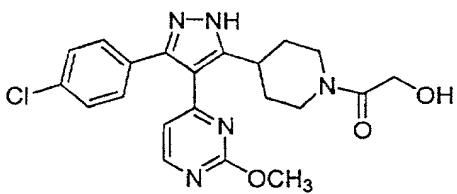
5 - [4-*N*-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl] -4 - [4-(2-*R*-methylbenzylamino)pyrimidyl] -3 - (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



10

Example D-41

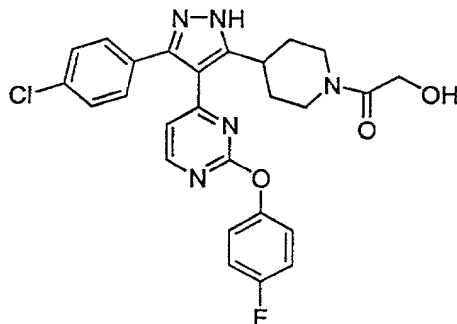
5 - [4-*N*-(2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl] -4 - [4-(2-methoxy)pyrimidyl] -3 - (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole



15

Example D-42

5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl] -4- [4- (p-fluorophenoxy)pyrimidyl] -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

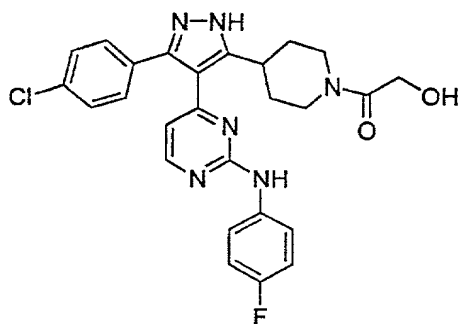


5

#### Example D-43

5- [4-*N*- (2-hydroxyacetyl)piperidyl] -4- [4- (p-fluoroanilino)pyrimidyl] -3- (4-chlorophenyl)pyrazole

10

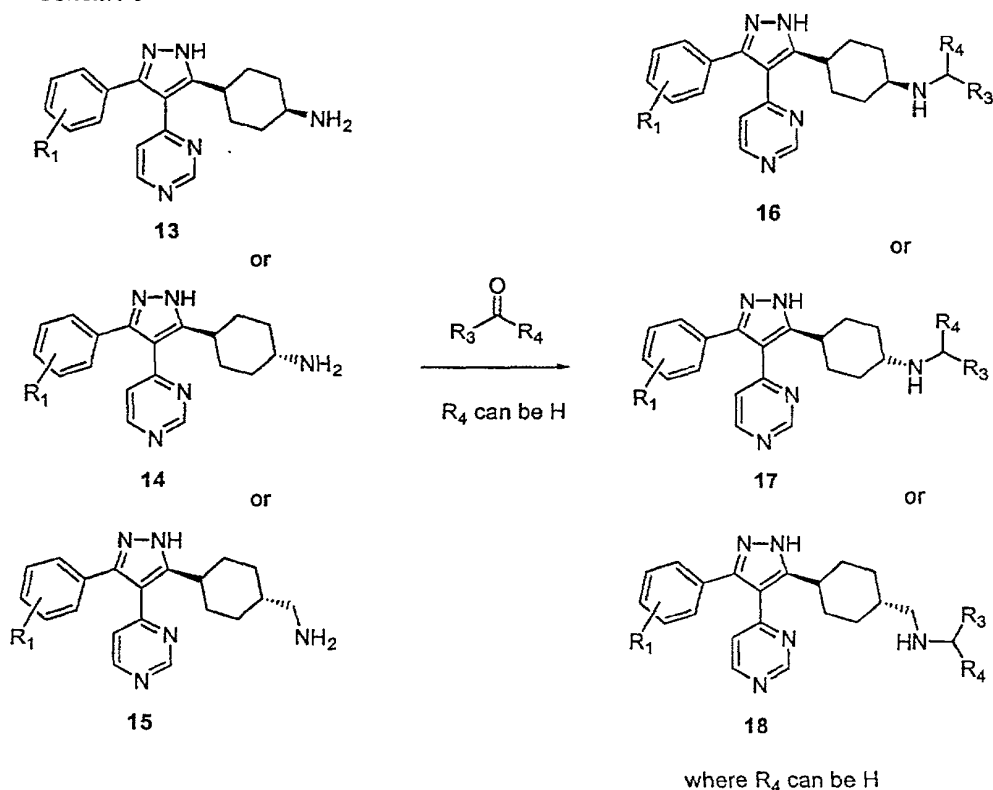


In a manner similar to that outlined above in Scheme D-1, for the synthesis of the piperidine analogs 6, the aminocyclohexane analogs are prepared by substitution of 1 in Scheme D-1 with a suitably protected (Boc is shown) methyl or ethyl ester of *cis*-aminocyclohexane carboxylic acid 10 or *trans*-aminocyclohexane carboxylic acid 11 or *trans*-aminomethylcyclohexane carboxylic acid 12, which

affords the cis-aminocyclohexane **13**, or trans-aminocyclohexane **14** or the trans-aminomethylcyclohexane **15** respectively (Scheme 3). Suitable reductive alkylations on **13**, **14** or **15** with 1-1.5 equivalents of aldehydes or ketones in the presence of a reducing agent like sodium cyanoborohydride or sodium triacetoxyborohydride in solvents such as methanol, ethanol, acetic acid, tetrahydrofuran or dichloromethane lead to the desired mono-alkylated derivatives **16**, **17** or **18** respectively.

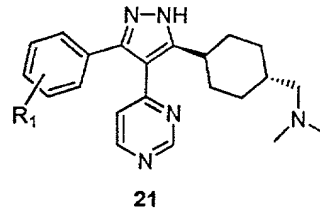
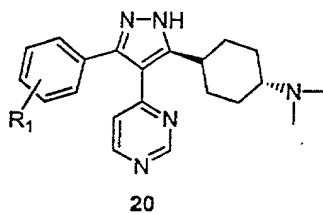
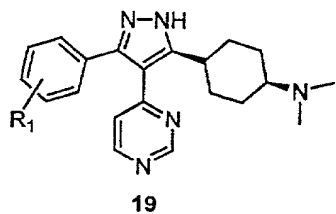
10

Scheme 3



The dimethyl derivatives **19**, **20** or **21** can be prepared by heating a solution of the aminocyclohexanes **13**, **14** or **15**

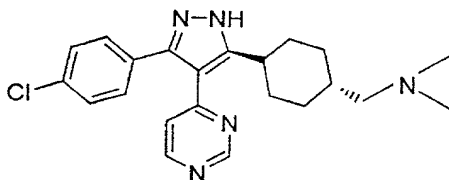
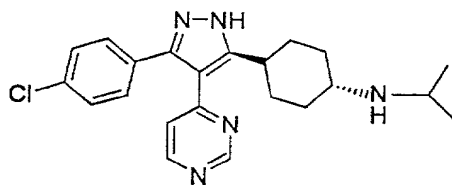
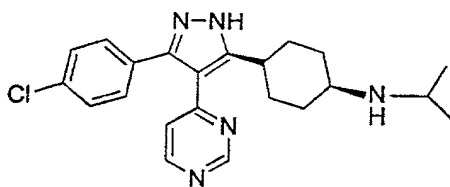
respectively in a mixture of formaldehyde and formic acid at temperatures ranging from 40 °C to 110 °C.



5

An additional group of compounds of interest includes the following:

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Biological data for a number of compounds are shown in the following table. In vitro p38 alpha kinase inhibitory data are shown in the column identified as "p38 alpha  $IC_{50}$  ( $\mu M$ )". In vitro human whole blood assay data for measuring the ability of the compounds to inhibit TNF production in human whole blood stimulated with LPS are shown in the column identified as: "HWB  $IC_{50}$  ( $\mu M$ )". In vivo assessment of the ability of the compounds to inhibit LPS-stimulated TNF-release in the rat is shown in the column identified as: "ratLPS/%Inh@dose(mg/kg)" wherein the dose is in milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) administered by oral gavage, 4 hours before LPS challenge.

Example	p38 alpha $IC_{50}$ ( $\mu M$ )	HWB $IC_{50}$ ( $\mu M$ )	ratLPS/%Inh @1.0 (mg/kg)	ratLPS/%Inh @5.0 (mg/kg)	ratLPS/%Inh @20.0 (mg/kg)
D-1	0.17		83.0		
D-2	0.084	1.79	89.0	95.0	
D-3	0.095	0.46	69.0	88.0	91.0
D-4	0.91	1.55	42.3	83.0	99.0
D-5	0.14	4.09	65.0	78.5	83.0
D-6	0.083	1.33	82.0	96.0	100
D-7	0.44	>25.0		0	
D-8	0.18	1.3	65	85	
D-9	1.63	15.8	5	86	
D-10	3.95	14.8		80	
D-11	0.16	1.5	43	86	
D-12	0.82	7.06	71	91	
D-13	0.33	8.36	53	87	